	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS	•	
03/05/2021		
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The Committee on Appropriations (Gruters) recommended the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

3 Delete lines 590 - 1024

and insert:

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Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 212.054, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.054 Discretionary sales surtax; limitations, administration, and collection.-

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(c)1. Any dealer located in a county that does not impose a

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discretionary sales surtax, as well as a marketplace provider located outside of this state which makes or facilitates a substantial number of remote sales or a person located outside this state who is required to report remote sales, but who collects the surtax due to sales of tangible personal property or services delivered to a county imposing a surtax outside the county shall remit monthly the proceeds of the surtax to the department to be deposited into an account in the Discretionary Sales Surtax Clearing Trust Fund which is separate from the county surtax collection accounts. The department shall distribute funds in this account using a distribution factor determined for each county that levies a surtax and multiplied by the amount of funds in the account and available for distribution. The distribution factor for each county equals the product of:

- a. The county's latest official population determined pursuant to s. 186.901;
  - b. The county's rate of surtax; and
- c. The number of months the county has levied a surtax during the most recent distribution period;

divided by the sum of all such products of the counties levying the surtax during the most recent distribution period.

- 2. The department shall compute distribution factors for eligible counties once each quarter and make appropriate quarterly distributions.
- 3. A county that fails to timely provide the information required by this section to the department authorizes the department, by such action, to use the best information

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available to it in distributing surtax revenues to the county. If this information is unavailable to the department, the department may partially or entirely disqualify the county from receiving surtax revenues under this paragraph. A county that fails to provide timely information waives its right to challenge the department's determination of the county's share, if any, of revenues provided under this paragraph.

Section 4. Section 212.0596, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

(Substantial rewording of section. See

- s. 212.0596, F.S., for present text.)
- 212.0596 Taxation of remote sales.-
- (1) As used in this chapter, the term:
- (a) "Remote sale" means a retail sale of tangible personal property ordered by mail, telephone, the Internet, or other means of communication from a person who receives the order outside of this state and transports the property or causes the property to be transported from any jurisdiction, including this state, to a location in this state. For purposes of this paragraph, tangible personal property delivered to a location within this state is presumed to be used, consumed, distributed, or stored to be used or consumed in this state.
- (b) "Substantial number of remote sales" means any number of taxable remote sales in the previous calendar year in which the sum of the sales prices, as defined in s. 212.02(16), exceeded \$100,000.
- (2) Every person making a substantial number of remote sales is a dealer for purposes of this chapter.
  - (3) The department may establish by rule procedures for

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collecting the use tax from unregistered persons who but for their remote purchases would not be required to remit sales or use tax directly to the department. The procedures may provide for waiver of registration, provisions for irregular remittance of tax, elimination of the collection allowance, and nonapplication of local option surtaxes.

(4) A marketplace provider that makes or facilitates a substantial number of remote sales or a person who is required to report remote sales is required to collect surtax when the taxable item of tangible personal property is delivered within a county imposing a surtax as provided in s. 212.054(3)(a).

Section 5. Section 212.05965, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 212.05965 Taxation of marketplace sales.-
- (1) As used in this chapter, the term:
- (a) "Marketplace" means any physical place or electronic medium through which tangible personal property is offered for sale.
- (b) "Marketplace provider" means a person who facilitates a retail sale by a marketplace seller by listing or advertising for sale by the marketplace seller tangible personal property in a marketplace and who directly, or indirectly through agreements or arrangements with third parties, collects payment from the customer and transmits all or part of the payment to the marketplace seller, regardless of whether the marketplace provider receives compensation or other consideration in exchange for its services.
- 1. The term does not include a person who solely provides travel agency services. As used in this subparagraph, the term

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"travel agency services" means arranging, booking, or otherwise facilitating for a commission, fee, or other consideration vacation or travel packages, rental cars, or other travel reservations; tickets for domestic or foreign travel by air, rail, ship, bus, or other mode of transportation; or hotel or other lodging accommodations.

- 2. The term does not include a person who is a delivery network company unless the delivery network company is a registered dealer for purposes of this chapter and the delivery network company notifies all local merchants that sell through the delivery network company's website or mobile application that the delivery network company is subject to the requirements of a marketplace provider under this section. As used in this subparagraph, the term:
- a. "Delivery network company" means a person who maintains a website or mobile application used to facilitate delivery services, the sale of local products, or both.
- b. "Delivery network courier" means a person who provides delivery services through a delivery network company website or mobile application using a personal means of transportation, such as a motor vehicle as defined in s. 320.01(1), bicycle, scooter, or other similar means of transportation; using public transportation; or by walking.
- c. "Delivery services" means the pickup and delivery by a delivery network courier of one or more local products from a local merchant to a customer, which may include the selection, collection, and purchase of the local product in connection with the delivery. The term does not include any delivery requiring more than 75 miles of travel from the local merchant to the



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- d. "Local merchant" means a kitchen, a restaurant, or a third-party merchant, including a grocery store, retail store, convenience store, or business of another type, which is not under common ownership or control of the delivery network company.
- e. "Local product" means any tangible personal property, including food, but excluding freight, mail, or a package to which postage has been affixed.
- 3. The term does not include a payment processor business that is appointed to handle payment transactions from various channels, such as charge cards, credit cards, or debit cards, and whose sole activity with respect to marketplace sales is to handle payment transactions between two parties.
- (c) "Marketplace seller" means a person who has an agreement with a marketplace provider and who makes retail sales of tangible personal property through a marketplace owned, operated, or controlled by the marketplace provider.
- (2) A marketplace provider who has a physical presence in this state or who is making or facilitating through a marketplace a substantial number of remote sales as defined in s. 212.0596(1) is a dealer for purposes of this chapter.
- (3) A marketplace provider shall certify to its marketplace sellers that it will collect and remit the tax imposed under this chapter on taxable retail sales made through the marketplace. Such certification may be included in the agreement between the marketplace provider and the marketplace seller.
- (4) (a) A marketplace seller may not collect and remit the tax under this chapter on a taxable retail sale when the sale is

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made through the marketplace and the marketplace provider certifies, as required under subsection (3), that it will collect and remit such tax. A marketplace seller shall exclude such sales made through the marketplace from the marketplace seller's tax return under s. 212.11.

- (b) 1. A marketplace seller who has a physical presence in this state shall register and shall collect and remit the tax imposed under this chapter on all taxable retail sales made outside of the marketplace.
- 2. A marketplace seller making a substantial number of remote sales as defined in s. 212.0596(1) shall register and shall collect and remit the tax imposed under this chapter on all taxable retail sales made outside of the marketplace. For the purposes of determining whether a marketplace seller made a substantial number of remote sales, the marketplace seller shall consider only those sales made outside of a marketplace.
- (5) (a) A marketplace provider shall allow the department to examine and audit its books and records pursuant to s. 212.13. For retail sales facilitated through a marketplace, the department may not examine or audit the books and records of marketplace sellers, nor may the department assess marketplace sellers except to the extent that the marketplace provider seeks relief under paragraph (b). The department may examine, audit, and assess a marketplace seller for retail sales made outside of a marketplace under paragraph (4)(b). This paragraph does not provide relief to a marketplace seller who is under audit; has been issued a bill, notice, or demand for payment; or is under an administrative or judicial proceeding before July 1, 2021.

(b) The marketplace provider is relieved of liability for

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the tax on the retail sale and the marketplace seller or customer is liable for the tax imposed under this chapter if the marketplace provider demonstrates to the department's satisfaction that the marketplace provider made a reasonable effort to obtain accurate information related to the retail sales facilitated through the marketplace from the marketplace seller, but that the failure to collect and pay the correct amount of tax imposed under this chapter was due to the provision of incorrect or incomplete information to the marketplace provider by the marketplace seller. This paragraph does not apply to a retail sale for which the marketplace provider is the seller if the marketplace provider and the marketplace seller are related parties or if transactions between a marketplace seller and marketplace buyer are not conducted at arm's length.

- (6) For purposes of registration pursuant to s. 212.18, a marketplace is deemed a separate place of business.
- (7) A marketplace provider and a marketplace seller may agree by contract or otherwise that if a marketplace provider pays the tax imposed under this chapter on a retail sale facilitated through a marketplace for a marketplace seller as a result of an audit or otherwise, the marketplace provider has the right to recover such tax and any associated interest and penalties from the marketplace seller.
- (8) This section may not be construed to authorize the state to collect sales tax from both the marketplace provider and the marketplace seller on the same retail sale.
- (9) Chapter 213 applies to the administration of this section to the extent that chapter does not conflict with this



214 section. Section 6. Effective April 1, 2022, subsections (10) and 215 (11) are added to section 212.05965, Florida Statutes, as 216 217 created by this act, to read: 218 212.05965 Taxation of marketplace sales.-219 (10) Notwithstanding any other law, the marketplace 220 provider is also responsible for collecting and remitting any 221 prepaid wireless E911 fee under s. 365.172, waste tire fee under 222 s. 403.718, and lead-acid battery fee under s. 403.7185 at the 223 time of sale for taxable retail sales made through its 224 marketplace. 225 (11) The marketplace provider and the marketplace seller 226 may contractually agree to have the marketplace seller collect 227 and remit all applicable taxes and fees if the marketplace 228 seller: 229 (a) Has annual U.S. gross sales of more than \$1 billion, 230 including the gross sales of any related entities, and in the case of franchised entities, including the combined sales of all 231 232 franchisees of a single franchisor; 233 (b) Provides evidence to the marketplace provider that it 234 is registered under s. 212.18; and 235 (c) Notifies the department in a manner prescribed by the 236 department that the marketplace seller will collect and remit 237 all applicable taxes and fees on its sales through the 238 marketplace and is liable for failure to collect or remit 239 applicable taxes and fees on its sales. 240 Section 7. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) and paragraph 241 (a) of subsection (5) of section 212.06, Florida Statutes, are

amended to read:

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212.06 Sales, storage, use tax; collectible from dealers; "dealer" defined; dealers to collect from purchasers; legislative intent as to scope of tax.-

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- (c) The term "dealer" is further defined to mean every person, as used in this chapter, who sells at retail or who offers for sale at retail, or who has in his or her possession for sale at retail; or for use, consumption, or distribution; or for storage to be used or consumed in this state, tangible personal property as defined herein, including a retailer who transacts a substantial number of remote sales or a person who is a marketplace provider making or facilitating a substantial number of remote sales mail order sale.
- (5) (a) 1. Except as provided in subparagraph 2., it is not the intention of this chapter to levy a tax upon tangible personal property imported, produced, or manufactured in this state for export, provided that tangible personal property may not be considered as being imported, produced, or manufactured for export unless the importer, producer, or manufacturer delivers the same to a licensed exporter for exporting or to a common carrier for shipment outside the state or mails the same by United States mail to a destination outside the state; or, in the case of aircraft being exported under their own power to a destination outside the continental limits of the United States, by submission to the department of a duly signed and validated United States customs declaration, showing the departure of the aircraft from the continental United States; and further with respect to aircraft, the canceled United States registry of said aircraft; or in the case of parts and equipment installed on

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aircraft of foreign registry, by submission to the department of documentation, the extent of which shall be provided by rule, showing the departure of the aircraft from the continental United States; nor is it the intention of this chapter to levy a tax on any sale which the state is prohibited from taxing under the Constitution or laws of the United States. Every retail sale made to a person physically present at the time of sale shall be presumed to have been delivered in this state.

- 2.a. Notwithstanding subparagraph 1., a tax is levied on each sale of tangible personal property to be transported to a cooperating state as defined in sub-subparagraph c., at the rate specified in sub-subparagraph d. However, a Florida dealer will be relieved from the requirements of collecting taxes pursuant to this subparagraph if the Florida dealer obtains from the purchaser an affidavit setting forth the purchaser's name, address, state taxpayer identification number, and a statement that the purchaser is aware of his or her state's use tax laws, is a registered dealer in Florida or another state, or is purchasing the tangible personal property for resale or is otherwise not required to pay the tax on the transaction. The department may, by rule, provide a form to be used for the purposes set forth herein.
- b. For purposes of this subparagraph, "a cooperating state" is one determined by the executive director of the department to cooperate satisfactorily with this state in collecting taxes on remote mail order sales. No state shall be so determined unless it meets all the following minimum requirements:
- (I) It levies and collects taxes on remote mail order sales of property transported from that state to persons in this

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state, as described in s. 212.0596, upon request of the department.

- (II) The tax so collected shall be at the rate specified in s. 212.05, not including any local option or tourist or convention development taxes collected pursuant to s. 125.0104 or this chapter.
- (III) Such state agrees to remit to the department all taxes so collected no later than 30 days from the last day of the calendar quarter following their collection.
- (IV) Such state authorizes the department to audit dealers within its jurisdiction who make remote mail order sales that are the subject of s. 212.0596, or makes arrangements deemed adequate by the department for auditing them with its own personnel.
- (V) Such state agrees to provide to the department records obtained by it from retailers or dealers in such state showing delivery of tangible personal property into this state upon which no sales or use tax has been paid in a manner similar to that provided in sub-subparagraph q.
- c. For purposes of this subparagraph, "sales of tangible personal property to be transported to a cooperating state" means remote mail order sales to a person who is in the cooperating state at the time the order is executed, from a dealer who receives that order in this state.
- d. The tax levied by sub-subparagraph a. shall be at the rate at which such a sale would have been taxed pursuant to the cooperating state's tax laws if consummated in the cooperating state by a dealer and a purchaser, both of whom were physically present in that state at the time of the sale.

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- e. The tax levied by sub-subparagraph a., when collected, shall be held in the State Treasury in trust for the benefit of the cooperating state and shall be paid to it at a time agreed upon between the department, acting for this state, and the cooperating state or the department or agency designated by it to act for it; however, such payment shall in no event be made later than 30 days from the last day of the calendar quarter after the tax was collected. Funds held in trust for the benefit of a cooperating state shall not be subject to the service charges imposed by s. 215.20.
- f. The department is authorized to perform such acts and to provide such cooperation to a cooperating state with reference to the tax levied by sub-subparagraph a. as is required of the cooperating state by sub-subparagraph b.
- g. In furtherance of this act, dealers selling tangible personal property for delivery in another state shall make available to the department, upon request of the department, records of all tangible personal property so sold. Such records shall include a description of the property, the name and address of the purchaser, the name and address of the person to whom the property was sent, the purchase price of the property, information regarding whether sales tax was paid in this state on the purchase price, and such other information as the department may by rule prescribe.

Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 212.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.07 Sales, storage, use tax; tax added to purchase price; dealer not to absorb; liability of purchasers who cannot prove payment of the tax; penalties; general exemptions.-



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(b) A resale must be in strict compliance with s. 212.18 and the rules and regulations adopted thereunder. A dealer who makes a sale for resale that is not in strict compliance with s. 212.18 and the rules and regulations adopted thereunder is liable for and must pay the tax. A dealer who makes a sale for resale shall document the exempt nature of the transaction, as established by rules adopted by the department, by retaining a copy of the purchaser's resale certificate. In lieu of maintaining a copy of the certificate, a dealer may document, before the time of sale, an authorization number provided telephonically or electronically by the department, or by such other means established by rule of the department. The dealer may rely on a resale certificate issued pursuant to s. 212.18(3)(e) s. 212.18(3)(d), valid at the time of receipt from the purchaser, without seeking annual verification of the resale certificate if the dealer makes recurring sales to a purchaser in the normal course of business on a continual basis. For purposes of this paragraph, "recurring sales to a purchaser in the normal course of business" refers to a sale in which the dealer extends credit to the purchaser and records the debt as an account receivable, or in which the dealer sells to a purchaser who has an established cash or C.O.D. account, similar to an open credit account. For purposes of this paragraph, purchases are made from a selling dealer on a continual basis if the selling dealer makes, in the normal course of business, sales to the purchaser at least once in every 12-month period. A dealer may, through the informal protest provided for in s. 213.21 and the rules of the department, provide the department



with evidence of the exempt status of a sale. Consumer certificates of exemption executed by those exempt entities that were registered with the department at the time of sale, resale certificates provided by purchasers who were active dealers at the time of sale, and verification by the department of a purchaser's active dealer status at the time of sale in lieu of a resale certificate shall be accepted by the department when submitted during the protest period, but may not be accepted in any proceeding under chapter 120 or any circuit court action instituted under chapter 72.

Section 9. Paragraphs (f) is added to subsection (4) of section 212.11, Florida Statutes, to read:

212.11 Tax returns and regulations.-

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(f) A marketplace provider that makes or facilitates a substantial number of remote sales or a person who is required to report remote sales shall file returns and pay taxes by electronic means under s. 213.755.

Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 212.12, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 212.12 Dealer's credit for collecting tax; penalties for noncompliance; powers of Department of Revenue in dealing with delinquents; brackets applicable to taxable transactions; records required.-
- (1) (a)  $\frac{1}{1}$ . Notwithstanding any other law and for the purpose of compensating persons granting licenses for and the lessors of real and personal property taxed hereunder, for the purpose of compensating dealers in tangible personal property, for the

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purpose of compensating dealers providing communication services and taxable services, for the purpose of compensating owners of places where admissions are collected, and for the purpose of compensating remitters of any taxes or fees reported on the same documents utilized for the sales and use tax, as compensation for the keeping of prescribed records, filing timely tax returns, and the proper accounting and remitting of taxes by them, such seller, person, lessor, dealer, owner, and remitter (except dealers who make mail order sales) who files the return required pursuant to s. 212.11 only by electronic means and who pays the amount due on such return only by electronic means shall be allowed 2.5 percent of the amount of the tax due, accounted for, and remitted to the department in the form of a deduction. However, if the amount of the tax due and remitted to the department by electronic means for the reporting period exceeds \$1,200, an allowance is not allowed for all amounts in excess of \$1,200. For purposes of this paragraph subparagraph, the term "electronic means" has the same meaning as provided in s. 213.755(2)(c).

2. The executive director of the department is authorized to negotiate a collection allowance, pursuant to rules promulgated by the department, with a dealer who makes mail order sales. The rules of the department shall provide quidelines for establishing the collection allowance based upon the dealer's estimated costs of collecting the tax, the volume and value of the dealer's mail order sales to purchasers in this state, and the administrative and legal costs and likelihood of achieving collection of the tax absent the cooperation of the dealer. However, in no event shall the collection allowance

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negotiated by the executive director exceed 10 percent of the tax remitted for a reporting period.

(5) (a) The department is authorized to audit or inspect the records and accounts of dealers defined herein, including audits or inspections of dealers who make remote mail order sales to the extent permitted by another state, and to correct by credit any overpayment of tax, and, in the event of a deficiency, an assessment shall be made and collected. No administrative finding of fact is necessary prior to the assessment of any tax deficiency.

Section 11. Present paragraphs (c) through (f) of subsection (3) of section 212.18, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (d) through (q), respectively, a new paragraph (c) is added to that subsection, and present paragraph (f) of that subsection is amended, to read:

212.18 Administration of law; registration of dealers; rules.-

(3)

- (c) A marketplace provider that makes or facilitates a substantial number of remote sales or a person who is required to report remote sales must file with the department an application for a certificate of registration electronically.
- (g) (f) As used in this paragraph, the term "exhibitor" means a person who enters into an agreement authorizing the display of tangible personal property or services at a convention or a trade show. The following provisions apply to the registration of exhibitors as dealers under this chapter:
- 1. An exhibitor whose agreement prohibits the sale of tangible personal property or services subject to the tax

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imposed in this chapter is not required to register as a dealer.

- 2. An exhibitor whose agreement provides for the sale at wholesale only of tangible personal property or services subject to the tax imposed by this chapter must obtain a resale certificate from the purchasing dealer but is not required to register as a dealer.
- 3. An exhibitor whose agreement authorizes the retail sale of tangible personal property or services subject to the tax imposed by this chapter must register as a dealer and collect the tax on such sales.
- 4. An exhibitor who makes a remote mail order sale pursuant to s. 212.0596 must register as a dealer.

A person who conducts a convention or a trade show must make his or her exhibitor's agreements available to the department for inspection and copying.

Section 12. Subsection (4) of section 212.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 212.20 Funds collected, disposition; additional powers of department; operational expense; refund of taxes adjudicated unconstitutionally collected.-
- (4) When there has been a final adjudication that any tax pursuant to s. 212.0596 or s. 212.05965 was levied, collected, or both, contrary to the Constitution of the United States or the State Constitution, the department shall, in accordance with rules, determine, based upon claims for refund and other evidence and information, who paid such tax or taxes, and refund to each such person the amount of tax paid. For purposes of this subsection, a "final adjudication" is a decision of a court of

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competent jurisdiction from which no appeal can be taken or from which the official or officials of this state with authority to make such decisions has or have decided not to appeal.

Section 13. Subsection (5) of section 213.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

213.27 Contracts with debt collection agencies and certain vendors.-

(5) The department may, for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of or collecting any taxes due from a person making or facilitating remote sales under s. 212.0596 or s. 212.05965 doing mail order business in this state, contract with any auditing agency doing business within or without this state for the purpose of conducting an audit of such person mail order business; however, such audit agency may not conduct an audit on behalf of the department of any person domiciled in this state, person registered for sales and use tax purposes in this state, or corporation filing a Florida corporate tax return, if any such person or corporation objects to such audit in writing to the department and the auditing agency. The department shall notify the taxpayer by mail at least 30 days before the department assigns the collection of such taxes.

Section 14. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 212.054, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (c) of subsection (2), paragraph (c) of subsection (3), paragraph (c) of subsection (8), and paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of section 212.055, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent; authorization and use of proceeds.-It is the legislative intent

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that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as provided in s. 212.054.

- (2) LOCAL GOVERNMENT INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX.-
- (c) Pursuant to s. 212.054(4), the proceeds of the surtax levied under this subsection shall be distributed to the county and the municipalities within such county in which the surtax was collected, according to:
- 1. An interlocal agreement between the county governing authority and the governing bodies of the municipalities representing a majority of the county's municipal population, which agreement may include a school district with the consent of the county governing authority and the governing bodies of the municipalities representing a majority of the county's municipal population; or
- 2. If there is no interlocal agreement, according to the formula provided in s. 218.62.

Any change in the distribution formula must take effect on the first day of any month that begins at least 60 days after written notification of that change has been made to the



department.

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- (3) SMALL COUNTY SURTAX.-
- (c) Pursuant to s. 212.054(4), the proceeds of the surtax levied under this subsection shall be distributed to the county and the municipalities within the county in which the surtax was collected, according to:
- 1. An interlocal agreement between the county governing authority and the governing bodies of the municipalities representing a majority of the county's municipal population, which agreement may include a school district with the consent of the county governing authority and the governing bodies of the municipalities representing a majority of the county's municipal population; or
- 2. If there is no interlocal agreement, according to the formula provided in s. 218.62.

Any change in the distribution formula shall take effect on the first day of any month that begins at least 60 days after written notification of that change has been made to the department.

- (8) EMERGENCY FIRE RESCUE SERVICES AND FACILITIES SURTAX.-
- (c) Pursuant to s. 212.054(4), the proceeds of the discretionary sales surtax collected under this subsection, less an administrative fee that may be retained by the Department of Revenue, shall be distributed by the department to the county. The county shall distribute the proceeds it receives from the department to each local government entity providing emergency fire rescue services in the county. The surtax proceeds, less an administrative fee not to exceed 2 percent of the surtax

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collected, shall be distributed by the county based on each entity's average annual expenditures for fire control and emergency fire rescue services in the 5 fiscal years preceding the fiscal year in which the surtax takes effect in proportion to the average annual total of the expenditures for such entities in the 5 fiscal years preceding the fiscal year in which the surtax takes effect. The county shall revise the distribution proportions to reflect a change in the service area of an entity receiving a distribution of the surtax proceeds. If an entity declines its share of surtax revenue, such revenue shall be redistributed proportionally to the entities that are participating in the sharing of such revenue based on each participating entity's average annual expenditures for fire control and emergency fire rescue services in the preceding 5 fiscal years in proportion to the average annual total of the expenditures for the participating entities in the preceding 5 fiscal years.

- (9) PENSION LIABILITY SURTAX.-
- (c) Pursuant to s. 212.054(4), the proceeds of the surtax collected under this subsection, less an administrative fee that may be retained by the department, shall be distributed by the department to the local government.

Section 15. This act first applies to remote sales made or facilitated on or after July 1, 2021, by a person who made or facilitated a substantial number of remote sales in calendar year 2020. A marketplace seller shall consider only those sales made outside of a marketplace to determine whether it made a substantial number of remote sales in calendar year 2020. Section 16. (1) A person subject to the requirements of



620 this act to collect and remit the tax under chapter 212, Florida 621 Statutes, on remote sales is relieved of liability for tax, 622 penalty, and interest due on remote sales that occurred before 623 the effective date of this act, provided that the person 624 registers with the department before October 1, 2021. This 625 subsection is also intended to provide relief to a marketplace seller for remote sales made before the effective date of this 626 627 act which were facilitated by a marketplace provider. For a 62.8 marketplace provider with a physical presence in this state, 629 this subsection is intended to provide relief only for sales 630 facilitated by the marketplace provider on behalf of a 631 marketplace seller. This subsection does not apply to a person 632 who is under audit; has been issued a bill, notice, or demand 633 for payment; or is under an administrative or judicial 634 proceeding before July 1, 2021. 635 (2) The department may not use data received from 636 registered marketplace providers or persons making remote sales 637 for the purposes of identifying use tax liabilities occurring 638 before July 1, 2021, from unregistered persons who, but for 639 their purchases from the registered taxpayer, would not be 640 required to remit sales or use tax directly to the department. 641 This subsection does not apply to a person who is under audit; 642 has been issued a bill, notice, or demand for payment; or is 643 under an administrative or judicial proceeding before July 1, 644 2021. 645 646 ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= 647 And the title is amended as follows:

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Delete lines 2 - 57



and insert:

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An act relating to taxes and fees on remote sales; amending s. 212.02, F.S.; expanding the definition of the term "retail sale" to include sales facilitated through a marketplace; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 212.05, F.S.; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 212.054, F.S.; requiring marketplace providers and persons located outside of this state to remit discretionary sales surtax when delivering tangible personal property to a county imposing a surtax; amending s. 212.0596, F.S.; replacing provisions relating to the taxation of mail order sales with provisions relating to the taxation of remote sales; defining the terms "remote sale" and "substantial number of remote sales"; providing that every person making a substantial number of remote sales is a dealer for purposes of the sales and use tax; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt rules for collecting use taxes from unregistered persons; requiring marketplace providers and persons located outside of this state to remit discretionary sales surtax when delivering tangible personal property to a county imposing a surtax; creating s. 212.05965, F.S.; defining terms; providing that certain marketplace providers are dealers for purposes of the sales and use tax; requiring marketplace providers to provide a certain certification to their marketplace sellers; specifying requirements for

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marketplace sellers; requiring marketplace providers to allow the Department of Revenue to examine and audit their books and records; specifying the examination and audit authority of the department; providing that a marketplace seller, rather than the marketplace provider, is liable for sales tax collection and remittance under certain circumstances; authorizing marketplace providers and marketplace sellers to enter into agreements for the recovery of certain taxes, interest, and penalties; providing construction and applicability; amending s. 212.05965, F.S.; requiring marketplace providers to collect and remit certain additional fees at the time of sale; authorizing marketplace providers and marketplace sellers to contractually agree for marketplace sellers to collect applicable taxes and fees; specifying requirements for marketplace sellers who collect such taxes and fees; providing applicability; providing for liability of sellers who fail to collect or remit such taxes and fees; amending s. 212.06, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "dealer"; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending 212.07, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending 212.11, F.S.; requiring a marketplace provider or a person required to report remote sales to file returns and pay taxes electronically; amending s. 212.12, F.S.; deleting the authority of the department's executive director to negotiate a collection allowance with certain dealers; conforming provisions to changes made by the act;

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amending s. 212.18, F.S.; requiring a marketplace provider or a person required to report remote sales to file a registration application electronically; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 212.20, F.S.; providing applicability of requirements for refund of taxes adjudicated unconstitutionally collected to taxes levied or collected pursuant to marketplace provisions; amending s. 213.27, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; reenacting s. 212.055, F.S., relating to discretionary sales surtaxes, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 212.054, F.S., in references thereto; providing applicability; providing relief to certain persons for liability for tax, penalty, and interest due on certain remote sales and owed on certain purchases that occurred before the effective date of the act; providing applicability; prohibiting the department from using data received from marketplace providers or persons making remote sales for certain purposes; providing applicability;