

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
Comm: RCS	•	
02/25/2022	•	
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The Committee on Appropriations (Burgess) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Delete lines 224 - 463

4 and insert:

contacts of a patient's whereabouts pursuant to s.

- 119.0712(2)(d). Any facility accepting the patient based on this report must send a copy of the report to the department within 5 working days.
- 3. A physician, a physician assistant, a clinical psychologist, a psychiatric nurse, an advanced practice

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registered nurse registered under s. 464.0123, a mental health counselor, a marriage and family therapist, or a clinical social worker may execute a certificate stating that he or she has examined a person within the preceding 48 hours and finds that the person appears to meet the criteria for involuntary examination and stating the observations upon which that conclusion is based. If other less restrictive means, such as voluntary appearance for outpatient evaluation, are not available, a law enforcement officer shall take into custody the person named in the certificate and deliver him or her to the appropriate, or nearest, facility within the designated receiving system pursuant to s. 394.462 for involuntary examination. The law enforcement officer shall execute a written report detailing the circumstances under which the person was taken into custody. The report must include all emergency contact information for the person that is readily accessible to the law enforcement officer, including information available through electronic databases maintained by the Department of Law Enforcement or by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. Such emergency contact information may be used by a receiving facility only for the purpose of informing listed emergency contacts of a patient's whereabouts pursuant to s. 119.0712(2)(d). The report and certificate shall be made a part of the patient's clinical record. Any facility accepting the patient based on this certificate must send a copy of the certificate to the department within 5 working days. The document may be submitted electronically through existing data systems, if applicable.

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When sending the order, report, or certificate to the department, a facility shall, at a minimum, provide information about which action was taken regarding the patient under paragraph (q), which information shall also be made a part of the patient's clinical record.

- (e) The department shall receive and maintain the copies of ex parte orders, involuntary outpatient services orders issued pursuant to s. 394.4655, involuntary inpatient placement orders issued pursuant to s. 394.467, professional certificates, and law enforcement officers' reports, and reports relating to the transportation of patients. These documents shall be considered part of the clinical record, governed by the provisions of s. 394.4615. These documents shall be used to prepare annual reports analyzing the data obtained from these documents, without information identifying patients, and shall provide copies of reports to the department, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the minority leaders of the Senate and the House of Representatives.
- (f) A patient shall be examined by a physician or a clinical psychologist, or by a psychiatric nurse performing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist at a facility without unnecessary delay to determine if the criteria for involuntary services are met. Emergency treatment may be provided upon the order of a physician if the physician determines that such treatment is necessary for the safety of the patient or others. The patient may not be released by the receiving facility or its contractor without the documented approval of a psychiatrist or a clinical psychologist or, if the receiving facility is owned or operated

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by a hospital, or health system, or nationally accredited community mental health center, the release may also be approved by a psychiatric nurse performing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist, or an attending emergency department physician with experience in the diagnosis and treatment of mental illness after completion of an involuntary examination pursuant to this subsection. A psychiatric nurse may not approve the release of a patient if the involuntary examination was initiated by a psychiatrist unless the release is approved by the initiating psychiatrist. The release may be approved through telehealth.

- (g) The examination period must be for up to 72 hours. For a minor, the examination shall be initiated within 12 hours after the patient's arrival at the facility. Within the examination period or, if the examination period ends on a weekend or holiday, no later than the next working day thereafter, one of the following actions must be taken, based on the individual needs of the patient:
- 1. The patient shall be released, unless he or she is charged with a crime, in which case the patient shall be returned to the custody of a law enforcement officer;
- 2. The patient shall be released, subject to subparagraph 1., for voluntary outpatient treatment;
- 3. The patient, unless he or she is charged with a crime, shall be asked to give express and informed consent to placement as a voluntary patient and, if such consent is given, the patient shall be admitted as a voluntary patient; or
- 4. A petition for involuntary services shall be filed in the circuit court if inpatient treatment is deemed necessary or

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with the criminal county court, as defined in s. 394.4655(1), as applicable. When inpatient treatment is deemed necessary, the least restrictive treatment consistent with the optimum improvement of the patient's condition shall be made available. When a petition is to be filed for involuntary outpatient placement, it shall be filed by one of the petitioners specified in s. 394.4655(4)(a). A petition for involuntary inpatient placement shall be filed by the facility administrator. If a patient's 72-hour examination period ends on a weekend or holiday, and the receiving facility:

- a. Intends to file a petition for involuntary services, such patient may be held at a receiving facility through the next working day thereafter and such petition for involuntary services must be filed no later than such date. If the receiving facility fails to file a petition for involuntary services at the close of the next working day, the patient shall be released from the receiving facility following approval pursuant to paragraph (f).
- b. Does not intend to file a petition for involuntary services, a receiving facility may postpone release of a patient until the next working day thereafter only if a qualified professional documents that adequate discharge planning and procedures in accordance with s. 394.468, and approval pursuant to paragraph (f), are not possible until the next working day.
- (5) UNLAWFUL ACTIVITIES RELATING TO EXAMINATION AND TREATMENT; PENALTIES.-
 - (a) A person may not knowingly and willfully:
- 1. Furnish false information for the purpose of obtaining emergency or other involuntary admission of another;



127 2. Cause or otherwise secure, or conspire with or assist 128 another to cause or secure, any emergency or other involuntary 129 procedure of another person under false pretenses; or 130 3. Cause, or conspire with or assist another to cause, 131 without lawful justification, the denial to any person of any 132 right accorded pursuant to this chapter. 133 (b) A person who violates this subsection commits a 134 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 135 775.082 and by a fine not exceeding \$5,000. 136 Section 6. Section 394.468, Florida Statutes, is amended to 137 read: 138 394.468 Admission and discharge procedures.-139 (1) Admission and discharge procedures and treatment 140 policies of the department are governed solely by this part. 141 Such procedures and policies shall not be subject to control by 142 court procedure rules. The matters within the purview of this 143 part are deemed to be substantive, not procedural. 144 (2) Discharge planning and procedures for any patient's release from a receiving facility or treatment facility must 145 146 include and document consideration of, at a minimum: 147 (a) Follow-up behavioral health appointments; (b) Information on how to obtain prescribed medications; 148 149 and 150 (c) Information pertaining to: 151 1. Available living arrangements; 152 2. Transportation; and 153 3. Recovery support opportunities. Section 7. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) and subsection 154 (5) of section 394.9086, Florida Statutes, are amended, and 155

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paragraphs (d) and (e) are added to subsection (3) of that section, to read:

394.9086 Commission on Mental Health and Substance Abuse.

- (3) MEMBERSHIP; TERM LIMITS; MEETINGS.-
- (c) The commission shall convene no later than September 1, 2021. The commission shall meet quarterly or upon the call of the chair. The commission may shall hold its meetings in person at locations throughout the state or via teleconference or other electronic means.
- (d) Members of the commission are entitled to receive reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses pursuant to s. 112.061.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other law, the commission may request and shall be provided with access to any information or records, including exempt and confidential information or records, which are necessary for the commission to carry out its duties. Information or records obtained by the commission which are otherwise exempt or confidential and exempt shall retain such exempt or confidential and exempt status, and the commission may not disclose such information or records.
- (5) REPORTS.—By January 1, 2023 September 1, 2022, the commission shall submit an interim report to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Governor containing its findings and recommendations on how to best provide and facilitate mental health and substance abuse services in the state. The commission shall submit its final report to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Governor by September 1, 2023.
 - Section 8. Subsection (5) is added to section 397.601,



Florida Statutes, to read:

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397.601 Voluntary admissions.

(5) A service provider must document that, within 24 hours of admission, individuals admitted on a voluntary basis have been provided with the option to authorize the release of information from their clinical record to the individual's health care surrogate or proxy, attorney, representative, or other known emergency contact.

Section 9. Section 397.6772, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

397.6772 Protective custody without consent.-

- (1) If a person in circumstances which justify protective custody as described in s. 397.677 fails or refuses to consent to assistance and a law enforcement officer has determined that a hospital or a licensed detoxification or addictions receiving facility is the most appropriate place for the person, the officer may, after giving due consideration to the expressed wishes of the person:
- (a) Take the person to a hospital or to a licensed detoxification or addictions receiving facility against the person's will but without using unreasonable force. The officer shall use the standard form developed by the department pursuant to s. 397.321 to execute a written report detailing the circumstances under which the person was taken into custody. The report must include all emergency contact information for the person that is readily accessible to the law enforcement officer, including information available through electronic databases maintained by the Department of Law Enforcement or by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. Such



emergency contact information may be used by a hospital or licensed detoxification or addictions receiving facility only for the purpose of informing listed emergency contacts of a patient's whereabouts pursuant to s. 119.0712(2)(d). The written report shall be included in the patient's clinical record; or

(b) In the case of an adult, detain the person for his or her own protection in any municipal or county jail or other appropriate detention facility.

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Such detention is not to be considered an arrest for any purpose, and no entry or other record may be made to indicate that the person has been detained or charged with any crime. The officer in charge of the detention facility must notify the nearest appropriate licensed service provider within the first 8 hours after detention that the person has been detained. It is the duty of the detention facility to arrange, as necessary, for transportation of the person to an appropriate licensed service provider with an available bed. Persons taken into protective custody must be assessed by the attending physician within the 72-hour period and without unnecessary delay, to determine the need for further services.

(2) The law enforcement officer must notify the nearest relative of a minor in protective custody and must be notified by the law enforcement officer, as must notify the nearest relative or other known emergency contact of an adult, unless the adult requests that there be no notification. The law enforcement officer must document such notification, and any attempts at notification, in the written report detailing the circumstances under which the person was taken into custody as



243	required under paragraph (1)(a).
244	Section 10. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section
245	119.0712, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
246	119.0712 Executive branch agency-specific exemptions from
247	inspection or copying of public records
248	(2) DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAY SAFETY AND MOTOR VEHICLES.—
249	(d)1. Emergency contact information contained in a motor
250	vehicle record is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and
251	s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
252	2. Without the express consent of the person to whom such
253	emergency contact information applies, the emergency contact
254	information contained in a motor vehicle record may be released
255	only to:
256	a. Law enforcement agencies for purposes of contacting
257	those listed in the event of an emergency.
258	b. A receiving facility, hospital, or licensed
259	detoxification or addictions receiving facility pursuant to ss.
260	394.463(2)(a) and 397.6772(1)(a) for the sole purpose of
261	informing a patient's emergency contacts of the patient's
262	whereabouts.
263	========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========
264	And the title is amended as follows:
265	Delete lines 3 - 31
266	and insert:
267	amending s. 119.0712, F.S.; authorizing emergency
268	contact information to be released to certain
269	entities; amending s. 394.455, F.S.; defining the term
270	"telehealth"; amending s. 394.459, F.S.; revising the
271	conditions under which a patient's communication with

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persons outside of a receiving facility may be restricted; revising the conditions under which a patient's sealed and unopened incoming or outgoing correspondence may be restricted; revising the conditions under which a patient's contact and visitation with persons outside of a receiving facility may be restricted; revising the frequency with which the restriction on a patient's right to receive visitors must be reviewed; amending s. 394.4599, F.S.; requiring a receiving facility to notify specified emergency contacts of individuals who are being involuntarily held for examination; amending s. 394.4615, F.S.; requiring receiving facilities to document that an option to authorize the release of specified information has been provided, within a specified timeframe, to individuals admitted on a voluntary basis; amending s. 394.463, F.S.; requiring that reports issued by law enforcement officers when delivering a person to a receiving facility contain certain information related to emergency contacts; limiting the use of certain information provided; requiring the Department of Children and Families to receive and maintain reports relating to the transportation of patients; revising a prohibition on releasing a patient without certain documented approval; authorizing receiving