The Florida Senate

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE ON PRE-K - 12 EDUCATION

Senator Simmons, Chair Senator Young, Vice Chair

MEETING DATE: Thursday, February 16, 2017

TIME: 9:00—10:30 a.m.

PLACE: Pat Thomas Committee Room, 412 Knott Building

MEMBERS: Senator Simmons, Chair; Senator Young, Vice Chair; Senators Broxson, Farmer, Grimsley, Lee,

Montford, and Rouson

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION		
1	Budget Workshop		Discussed		
	Other Related Meeting Documents				



OPPAGA Analysis of the Extra Hour Initiative

A presentation to the Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Pre-K - 12 Education

Mark Baird, Senior Legislative Analyst

February 15, 2017

Overview

Review of Prior OPPAGA Analyses on Low 100 Elementary Schools in Years One and Two of Program

Low 300 School Performance: Increase in Percentage of Students Performing Satisfactorily

Low 300 School Performance: Number of Schools Moving off Low 300 List

Prior OPPAGA Analyses of Low 100 School Outcomes

Changes in the Number of Schools on List and Assessments Used to Rank Schools

 Lowest 100 elementary schools Year 1: 2011-12 participating in 2012-13 based on 2011-12 FCAT 2.0 Reading scores Lowest 100 elementary schools Year 2: 2012-13 participating in 2013-14 based on 2012-13 FCAT 2.0 Reading scores Lowest 300 elementary schools Year 3: 2013-14 participating in 2014-15 based on 2013-14 FCAT 2.0 Reading scores Lowest 300 elementary schools Year 4: 2014-15 participating in 2015-16 remained the same as the previous year¹ Lowest 300 elementary schools Year 5: 2015-16 participating in 2016-17 based on 2015-

List

Year

¹DOE did not want to choose a new 2014-15 list due to FSA replacing the FCAT as the statewide assessment and a required validation study of the FSA.

16 FSA English Language Arts scores

Analysis of the 100 Lowest Performing Schools in First Two Years of Program

Increased the percentage of below-grade-level students who made a year's worth of growth

Year One: 75% (72 of 96) schools

Year Two: 78% (73 of 94) schools

Increased the percentage of students reading at grade level

Year One: 76% (73 of 96) schools

Year Two: 69% (65 of 94) schools

Moved off of the Low 100 list

Year One: 69% (66 of 96) schools

Year Two: 65% (61 of 94) schools

At 19 Schools, Students Performed Statistically Better Than Similar Students in non-Low 100 Schools in Year Two

- ➤ At 19 Extra Hour schools, students performed better than similar students at non-participating schools in Year Two
- ➤ At 13 Extra Hour schools, students performed lower than similar students at non-participating schools in Year Two
- ► These changes were statistically significant

Low 300 School Outcomes

Analysis Results Should Be Interpreted With Caution

- The FSA English Language Arts assesses both reading and writing in grades 4 to 10 and thus is not directly comparable to the FCAT Reading assessment¹
- Florida experienced implementation challenges with the initial year of the FSA English Language Arts (2014-15)

¹ Students in grades 3 to 10 take the reading component of the ELA assessment. Students in grades 4 to 10 also take both the reading and writing components of the ELA assessment; DOE does not publish scores for reading separate from composite scores.

OPPAGA's Analysis Addressed Two Questions

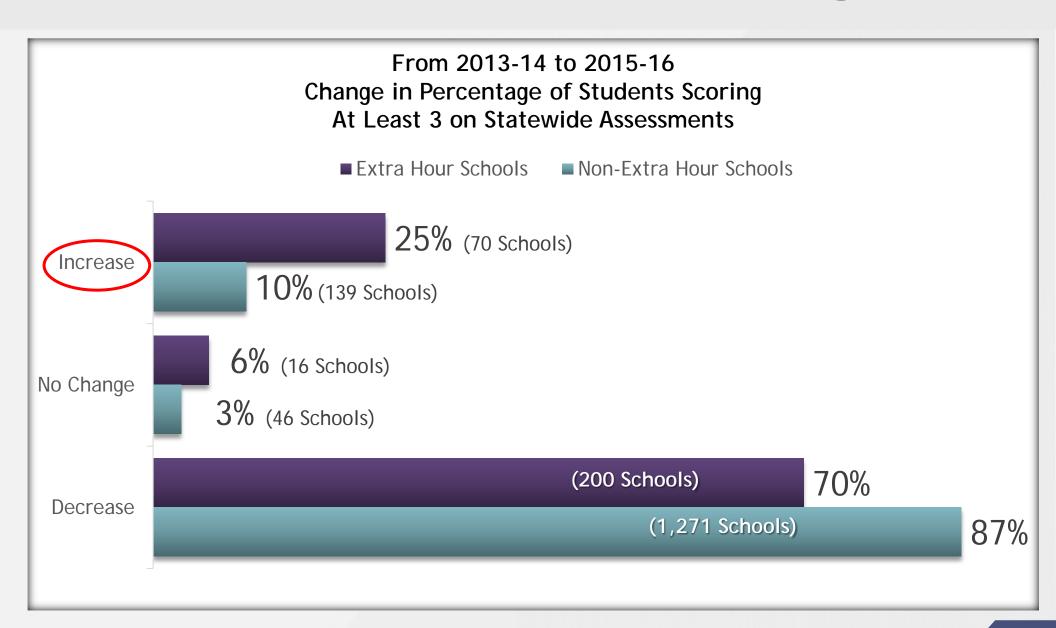
We used school accountability report data published by the Department of Education to address two research questions

How many Extra Hour schools increased the percentage of students performing satisfactory or above on statewide assessments?

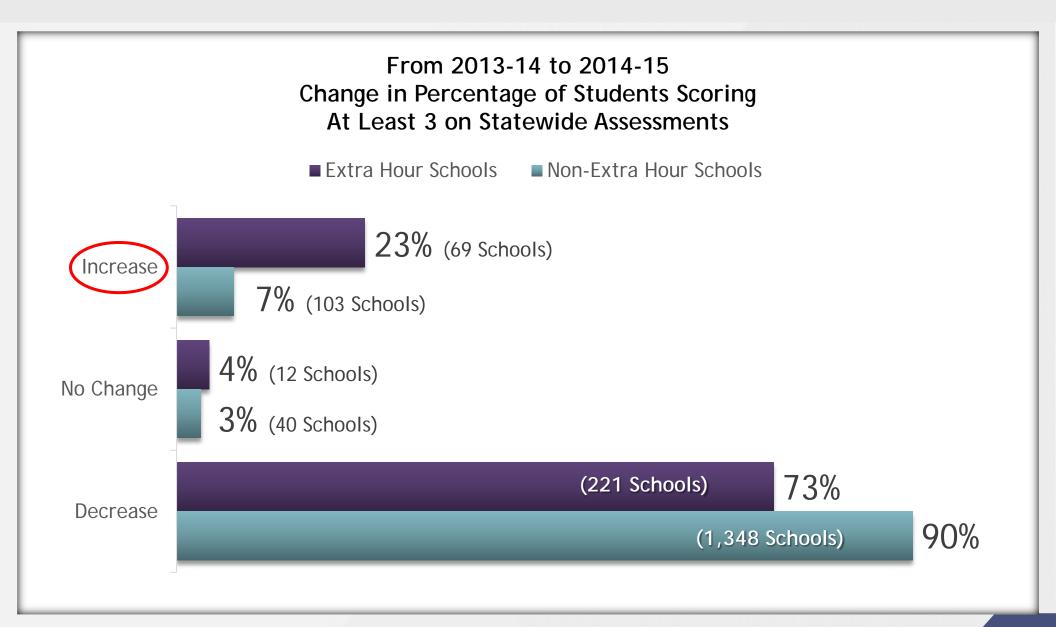
How many Extra Hour schools moved off of the Low 300 List?

How many Extra Hour schools increased the percentage of students performing satisfactory or above on statewide assessments?

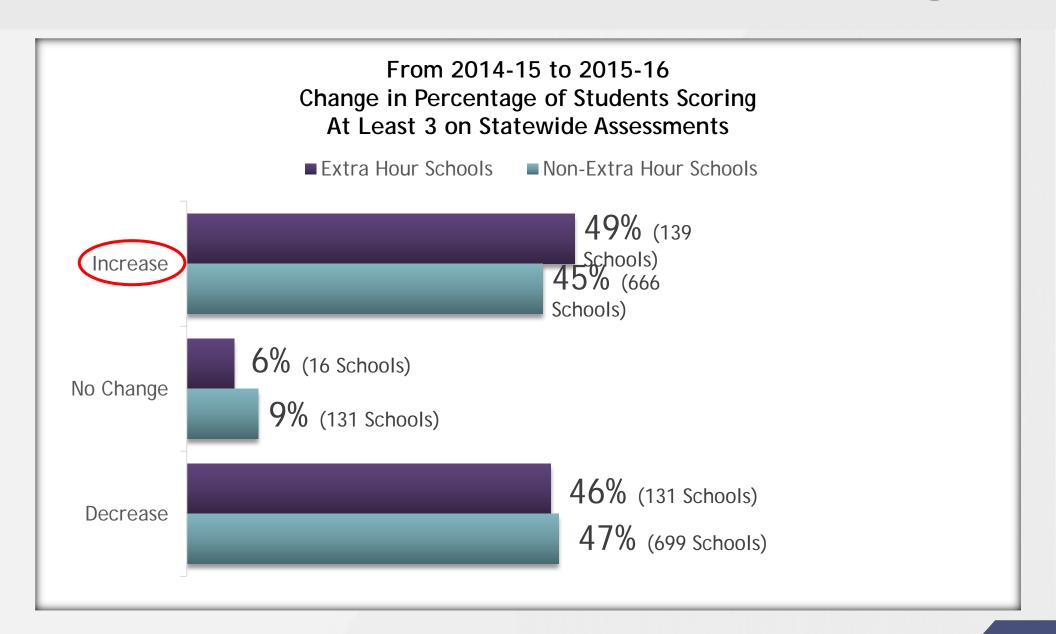
Extra Hour Schools Exceeded the Performance of Other Schools After Two Years in the Program



Extra Hour Schools Exceeded the Performance of Other Schools in Their First Year of the Program

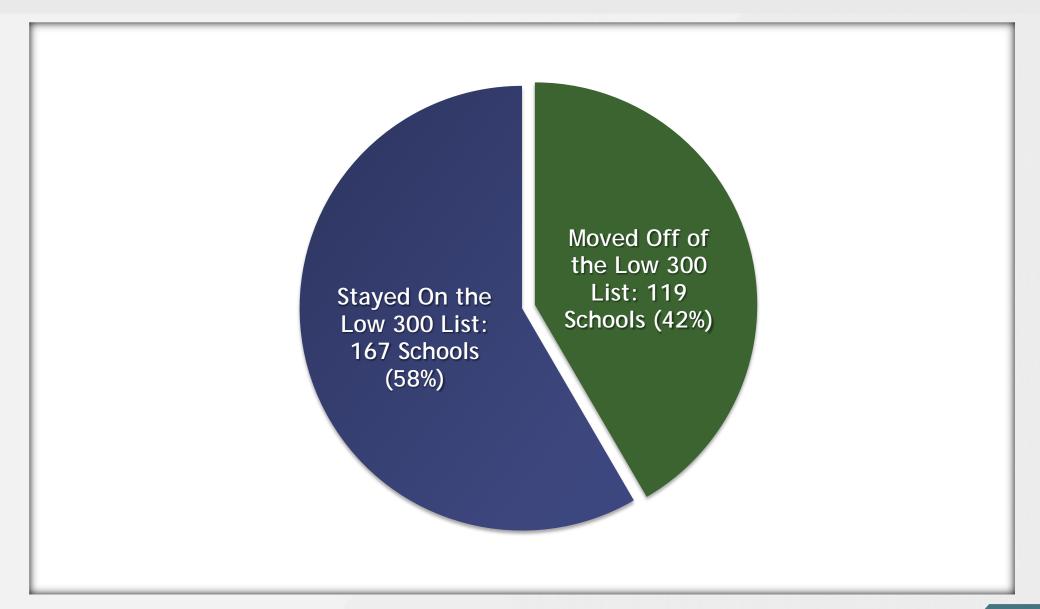


Extra Hour Schools Exceeded the Performance of Other Schools in Their Second Year of the Program



How many Extra Hour schools moved off of the Low 300 List?

119 Extra Hour Schools (42%) Moved Off of the Low 300 List



Contact Information

Mark Baird

Senior Legislative Analyst (850) 717-0527

baird.mark@oppaga.fl.gov

David Summers

Staff Director (850) 717-0555

summers.david@oppaga.fl.gov

THE FLORIDA LEGISLATURE'S
OFFICE OF PROGRAM POLICY ANALYSIS & GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY



OPPAGA Review of Recess Policies and Practices

Senate Appropriations Subcommittee On Pre-K - 12 Education

Tina Young, Legislative Policy Analyst

February 15, 2017

State Requirements

Physical Education (PE)

s. 1003.455, *Florida Statutes*, requires

- 150 minutes of PE each week for elementary grades
- Equivalent of one class period per day of PE for one semester of each year for grades 6-8

Physical education shall consist of physical activities of at least a moderate intensity level

Recess

There are no state requirements for recess



OPPAGA's research focused on recess policies and practices in Florida

Overview

OPPAGA was asked to provide information on current district recess policies and the implementation of recess in schools

1 | School Districts

Surveyed all 67 school districts about their school board-approved recess policies



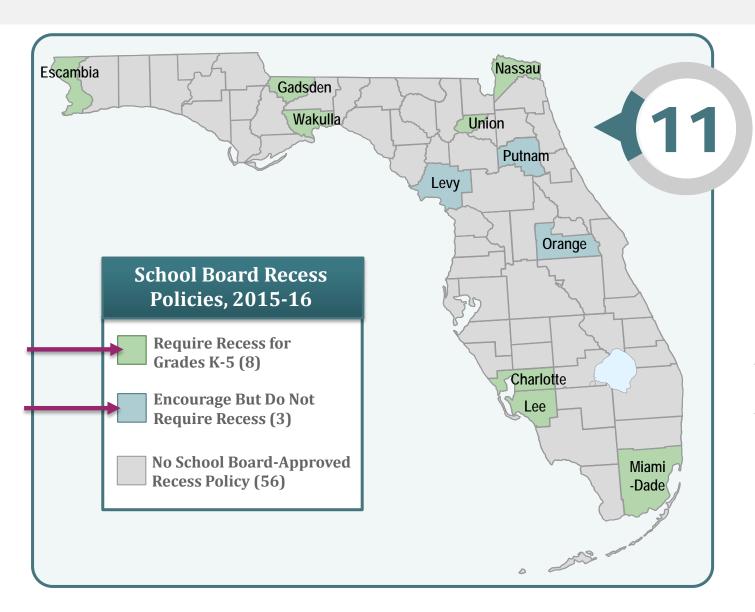
2 Schools

Surveyed all 2,904 public elementary and middle schools (both charter and traditional) about their school recess practices



District Recess Policies

Eleven Districts Reported Having a School Board-Approved Recess Policy in 2015-16

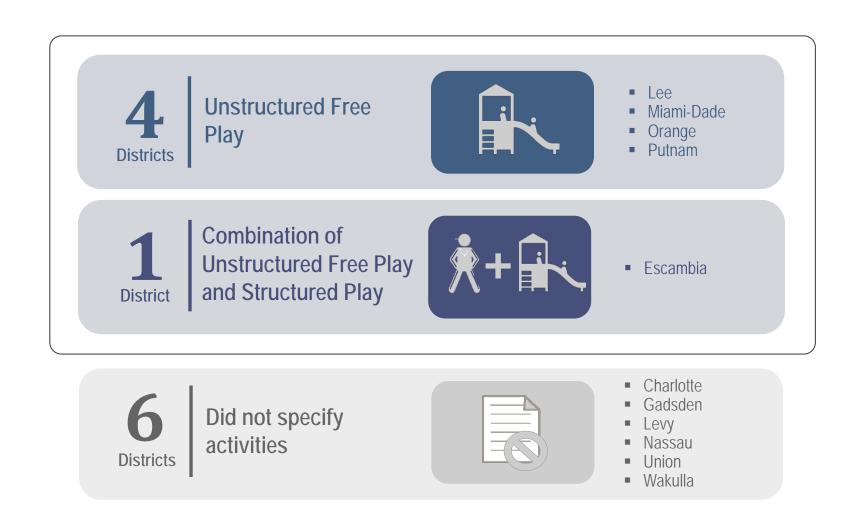


districts had a school board-approved recess policy in 2015-16

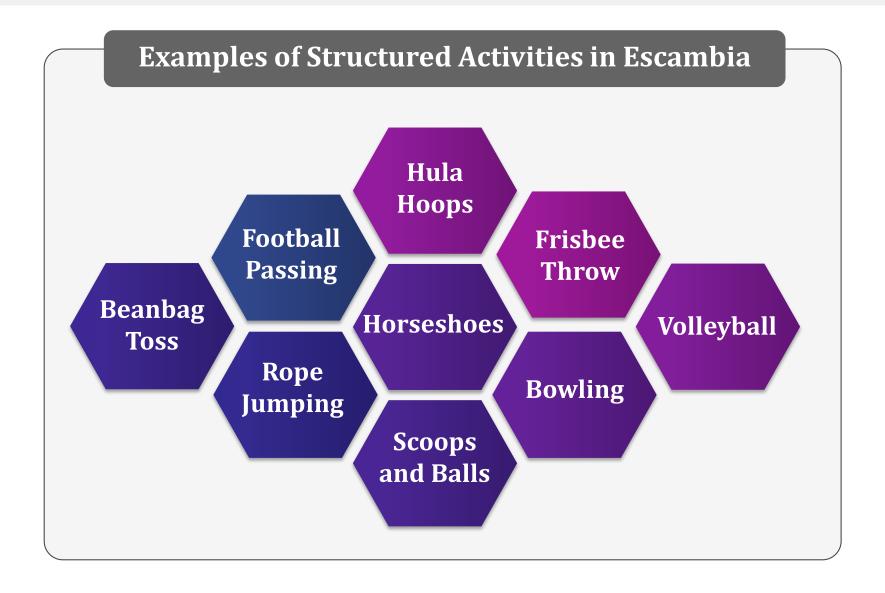
The 11 Recess Policies Were Similar in Grade Levels Addressed

- ✓ All only applied to elementary grades
- ✓ All but one (Orange) did not vary by grade level

Recess Included Unstructured Free Play in Five School Districts' Policies



Structured Activities Often Includes a Wide Range of Games That Children Can Play During Recess



Seven District Policies Specified Daily Recess



5 days per week

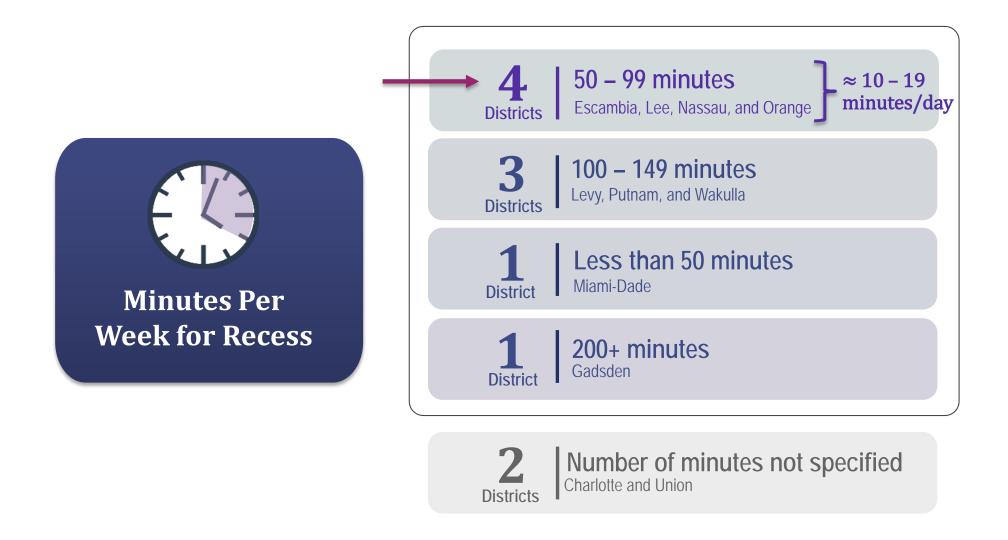
 Charlotte, Escambia, Gadsden, Lee, Levy, Putnam, and Union

 Number of days per week varied

 Miami-Dade and Orange

Number of days per week not specified
Nassau and Wakulla

District Policies Varied in the Amount of Recess Time Per Week

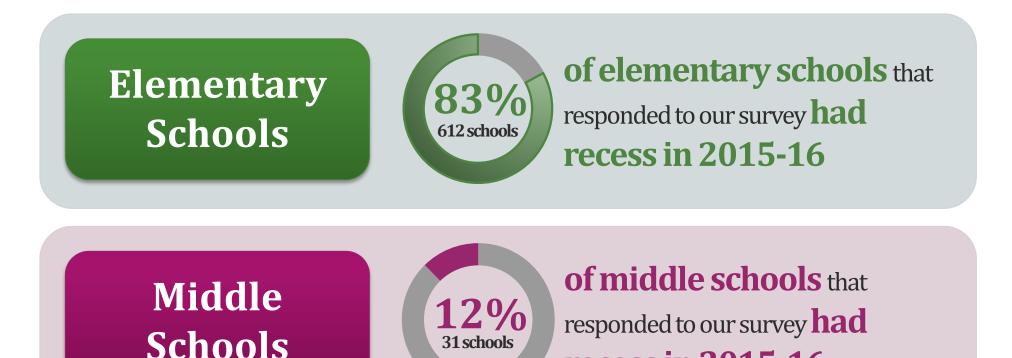


Four Districts Implemented a New Recess Policy for the 2016-17 School Year

District	Required or Optional	Days per Week	Time for Recess	Types of Activities
Manatee	Required	Varies (recess occurs on days when PE is not scheduled)	20 minutes	Not Specified
Osceola	Required	Daily	20 minutes (10 minutes on early-release days)	Not Specified
Polk	Required	K-2: Daily 3-5: Varies	K-2: 15-20 minutes 3-5: 50-80 minutes weekly	Not Specified
Seminole	Required	Daily	20 minutes	Unstructured

School Recess Practices

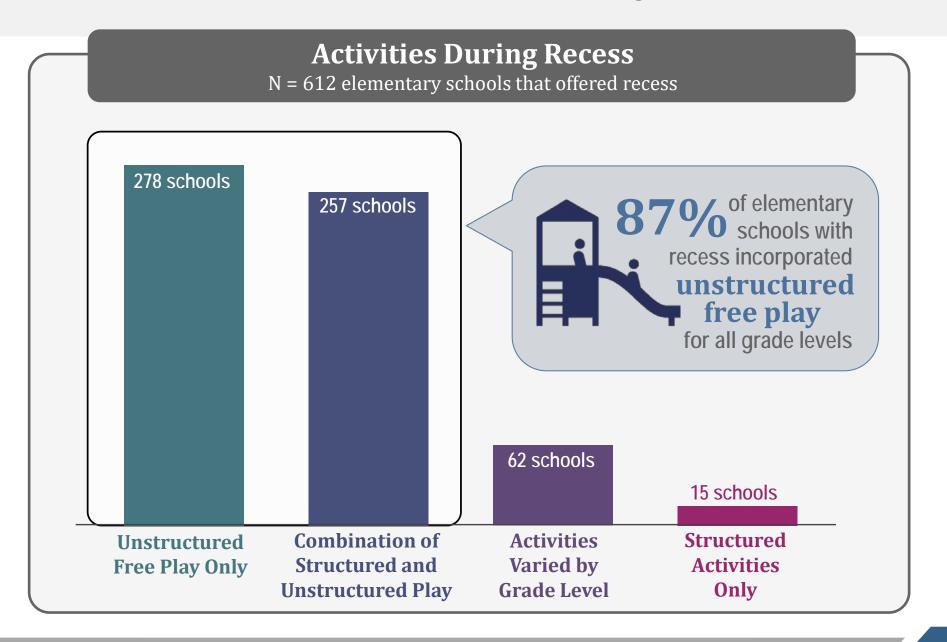
Most Elementary Schools Provided Recess to Students in 2015-16, While Most Middle Schools Did Not



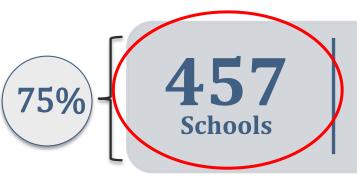
The remainder of our presentation focuses on elementary schools

recess in 2015-16

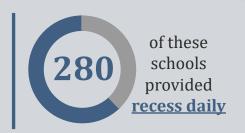
87% of All 612 Elementary Schools With Recess Included Unstructured Free Play



At Most Elementary Schools, the Frequency and Length of Recess Was Consistent for All Grades



The frequency and length of recess was consistent across the school (same practice for all grade levels)



81 Schools

The frequency and length of recess was <u>up to teacher</u> discretion

74 Schools The frequency and length of recess <u>varied across grade</u> levels

N=612 schools

Most of the 457 Elementary Schools Where Recess Was Consistent Across Grade Levels Offered Recess Daily



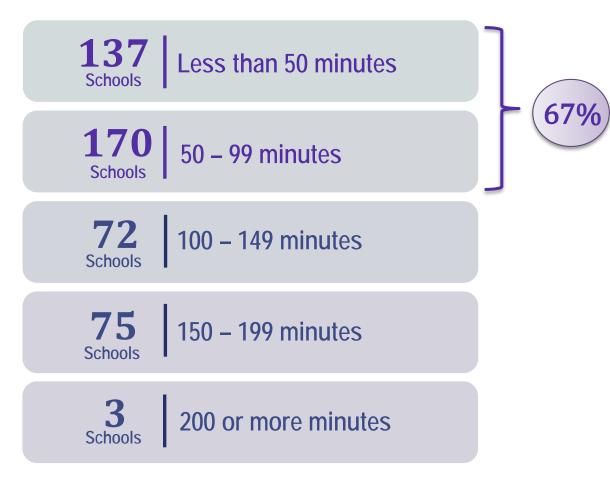
N=457 schools where recess was consistent across grade levels



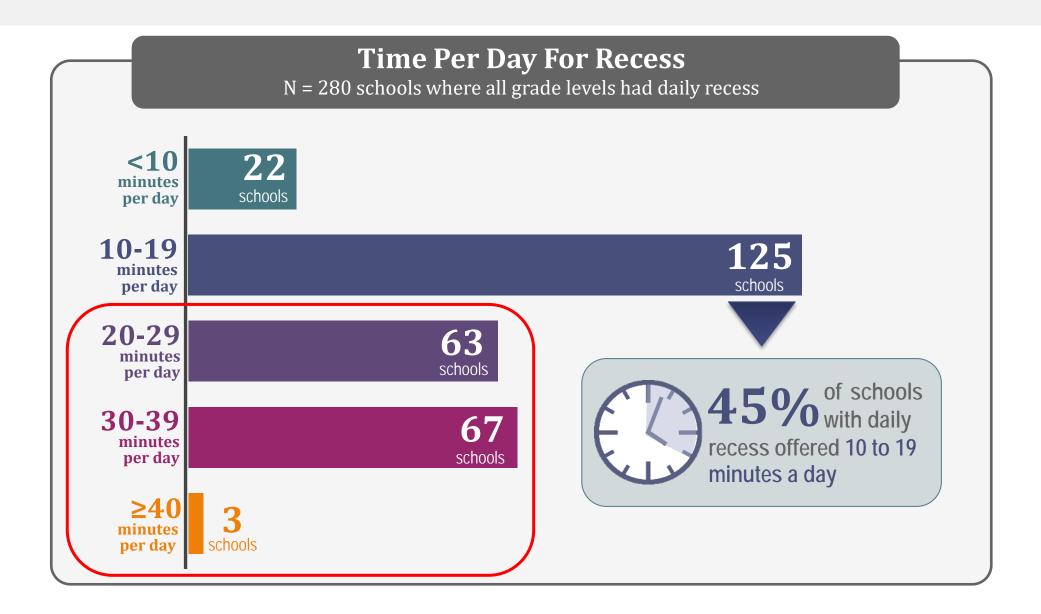
Most of These 457 Schools Provided Less Than 100 Minutes of Weekly Recess Time



N=457 schools where recess was consistent across grade levels



The 280 Schools With Daily Recess Most Frequently Provided 10 to 19 Minutes of Recess per Day



Elementary Schools Without Regularly Scheduled Recess Often Cited a Lack of Time in Their Schedules

Reasons Schools Did Not Provide Recess

Some schools reported that there was not enough time in the day for recess due to time spent on other requirements such as



- ✓ physical education
- ✓ academic instruction
- ✓ special classes like art and music and/or
- ✓ assistance to students who struggle in academic subjects such as reading or math

Summary of Research Results

School Districts

11 of 67 districts had a recess policy in 2015-16; 8 of the districts required recess of all elementary grades and 3 encouraged recess

Schools with Recess

Most elementary schools that responded to our survey provided recess, including elementary schools with no district recess requirement

The Majority of Elementary Schools with Recess

- ✓ Included unstructured free play in recess
- ✓ Offered the same frequency and length of recess to all grade levels, which was most often daily and less than 100 minutes per week

Contact Information

Tina Young

Legislative Policy Analyst, Education Policy Area (850) 717-0501

young.tina@oppaga.fl.gov

David Summers

Staff Director, Education Policy Area (850) 717-0555

summers.david@oppaga.fl.gov

THE FLORIDA LEGISLATURE'S
OFFICE OF PROGRAM POLICY ANALYSIS & GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY

PreK-12 Education Appropriations Subcommittee

Budget Workshop

Budgets within PreK-12 Education

Major Fiscal Policy Decision Points

Early Learning Programs (VPK and School Readiness)

- VPK Workload Funding this is linked to estimating conference results
- Base Student Allocation (BSA) funding level for the VPK program
- Use of nonrecurring federal funds associated with the School Readiness program
- Local Funding Initiatives funding for individual projects

Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP)

- Percentage Increase in Per Student (FTE) funding compared to the prior year;
 the funds per student is linked to estimating conference results for the number of students and ad valorem revenue
- New and/or changes to various categorical funding initiatives (i.e. Digital Classrooms, Extra Hour Initiative,...) within the FEFP
- Required Local Effort Increase

Educational Media and Technology

No major decision points in this area of the budget (typically)

Budgets within Education Major Fiscal Policy Decision Points...Continued

K-12 Non-FEFP Programs

- Best and Brightest Program funding and policy
- Gardiner Scholarship Program funding and policy
- Standard Student Attire Incentive Program funding and policy
- Principal Autonomy Program funding and policy
- Funding for the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind
- Teacher and Principal Training/Awards funding and policy
- Statewide Strategic Initiatives funding (a limited set of initiatives that target specific issues on a statewide basis)
- Local Funding Initiatives funding for individual projects

K-12 Federal Programs

No major decision points in this area of the budget (typically)

State Board of Education

- K-12 assessment funding and policy
- Department of Education IT funding
- Funding for various Department of Education initiatives typically linked to statewide standards and curricula (training and tools for teachers)
- Department of Education Administrative funding

Chair Priorities

VPK BSA Increase

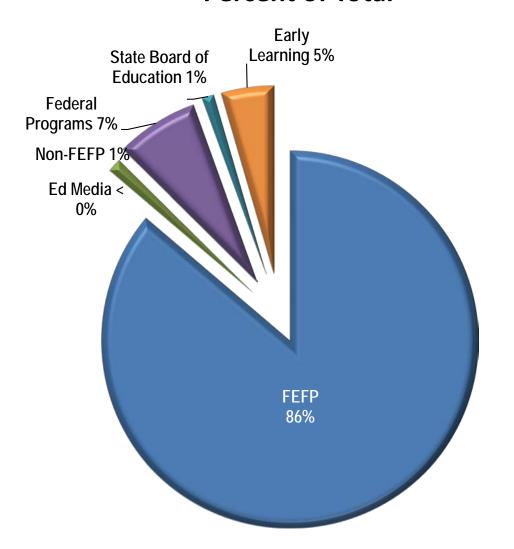
- Modified Extra Hour Initiative
 - Allow schools who improve performance to continue the Extra Hour Initiative after exiting the 300 lowest performing school list
 - Add a summer component
 - Refine the implementation requirements for the program
- Modified Best and Brightest Program
 - Expand the ways that highly effective teachers can qualify for the bonus
 - Add a principal component
- Authorize school districts to increase their discretionary capital improvement millages to 2 mills
- Gardiner Scholarships

Total PreK-12 Education Funds by Budget Entity 2016-17 Appropriations

Includes Local Funds – No PECO

Percent of Total

Total \$

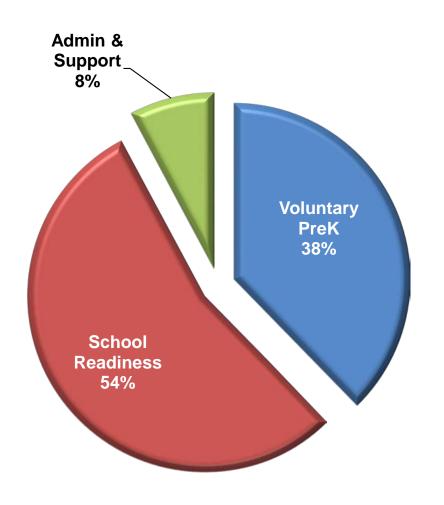


Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP)	\$20,172,946,837
Federal Programs	\$1,656,703,052
Early Learning	\$1,047,596,261
Non-FEFP	\$280,188,545
State Board of Education	\$241,667,470
Ed Media	\$10,820,677
Total	\$23,409,922,842

Early Learning Programs

2016-17 Early Learning Appropriations

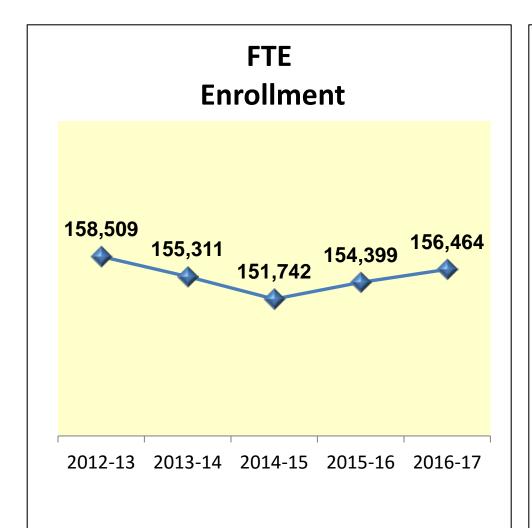
Percent of Total

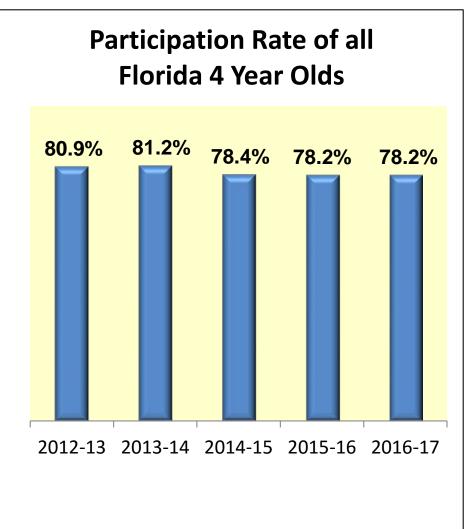


Total \$

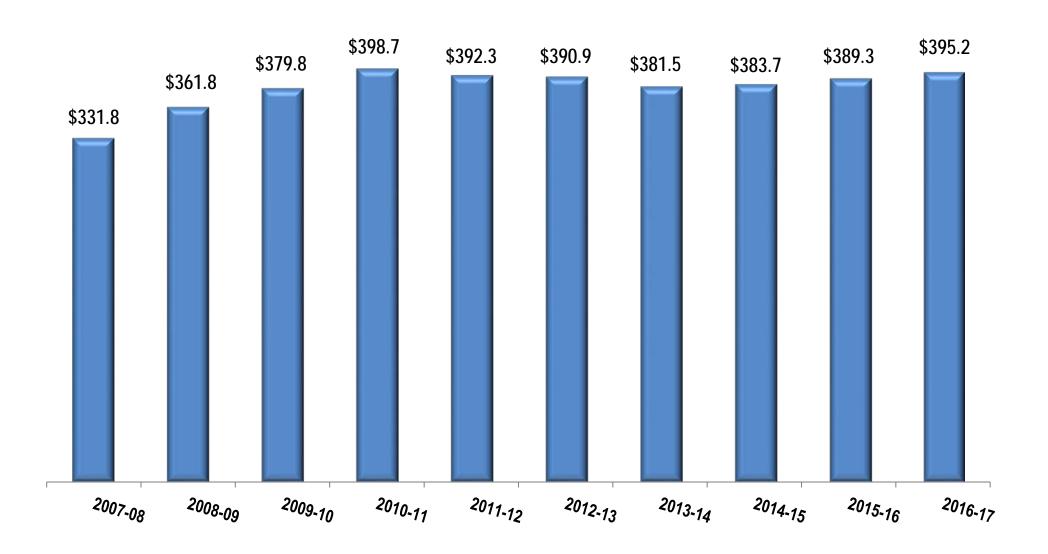
Voluntary Prekindergarten	\$395,180,396
School Readiness	\$570,827,228
Admin/Support	\$81,588,637
Total	\$1,047,596,261

Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program

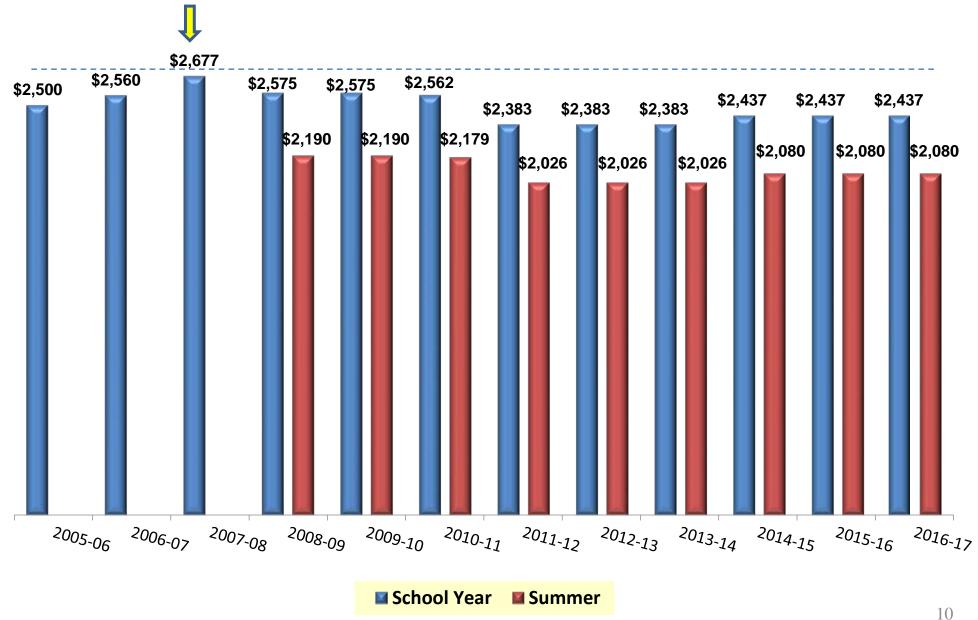




Voluntary Prekindergarten Funding (*Millions*)

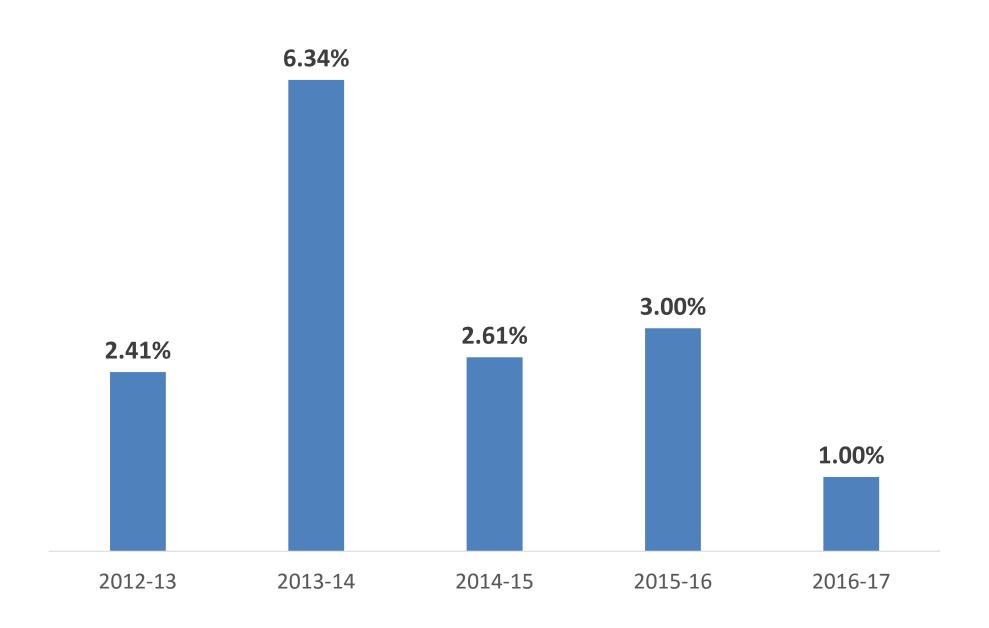


Voluntary Prekindergarten Base Student Allocation History

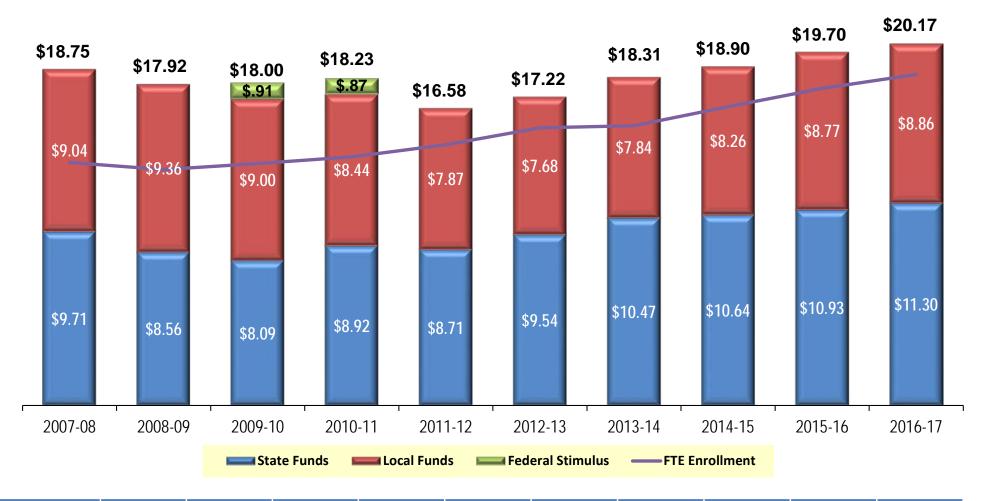


Historical Funding And Student Enrollment Information - Public Schools

Public Schools (FEFP) Funds per FTE Percent Increase (GAA)

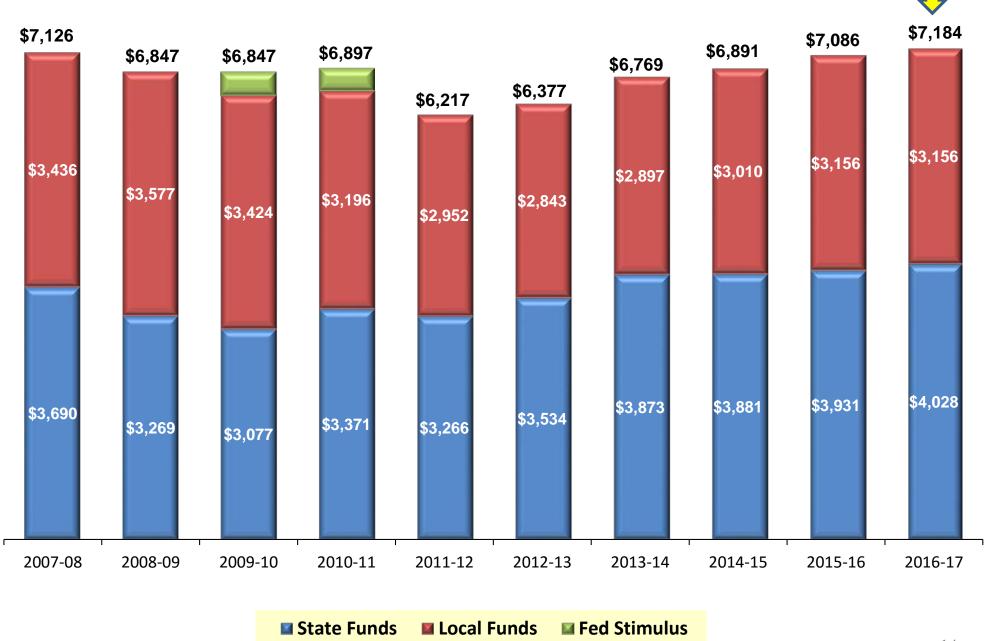


Public Schools Total Funds (FEFP) & FTE Funding (Billions)



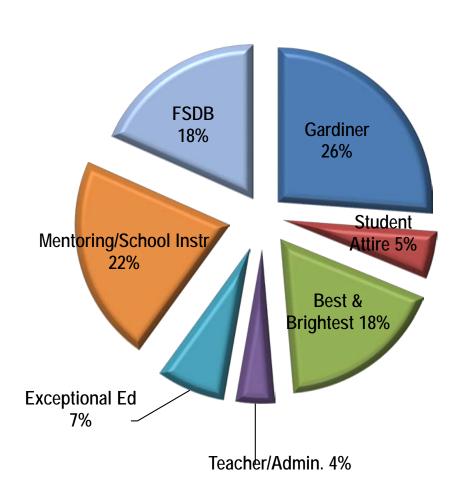
	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
FTE	2,631,277	2,617,372	2,629,327	2,642,511	2,667,058	2,700,982	2,705,148	2,743,239	2,780,133	2,807,962
% Local \$	48.2%	52.2%	50.0%	46.3%	47.5%	44.6%	42.8%	43.7%	44.5%	43.9%
% State \$	51.8%	47.8%	45.0%	48.9%	52.5%	55.4%	57.2%	56.3%	55.5%	56.1%

Public Schools Funds (FEFP) per FTE



Non-FEFP Budget Breakout 2016-17 Appropriations

Percent of Total



Program \$

Gardiner Scholarship Program	\$73,336,000
Mentoring/School & Instructional Enhancements	\$60,845,107
Florida School Deaf & Blind (FSDB)	\$51,383,024
Best & Brightest Teacher Program	\$49,000,000
Exceptional Education	\$20,192,076
Standard Student Attire Incentive Program	\$14,000,000
Other Teacher & Administrator Programs	\$11,432,338
Total	\$280,188,545

Other Budget Process Issues and Considerations

Implementing Bill Provisions

- Statutory changes needed to implement the Senate budget
- The Implementing Bill's duration is for one fiscal year
- Ideally, Implementing Bill provisions should be used for statutory changes that are needed on a temporary or one-year basis
- The Implementing Bill is not specific to a committee, it covers provisions needed for all appropriations subcommittee. There is <u>one</u> Implementing Bill.

Conforming Bills

- Statutory changes needed to implement the Senate budget
- Conforming Bill changes become permanent law
- Conform Bill provisions should be used for statutory changes that are needed on a permanent basis
- Conforming Bills are specific to appropriations subcommittees or the full appropriations committee
- Subcommittees may have multiple conforming bills
- Conforming Bill provisions that change policy (other than technical fiscal policy issues)
 should ideally be heard in the appropriate policy committee

	PreK-12 Education Appropriations 2017-18 Base Budget for Early Learning & NonFEFP				
:	Budget items	2016-17 Appropriation	Deduct Nonrecurring Funds	2017-2018 Base Budget	
-		-1-	-2-	-3-	
	Early Learning				
1	The Fla Developmental Disabilities Council Help Me Grow	2,457,143	(648,186)	1,808,957	1
2	ARC Gateway - Pearl Nelson Child Development Center (Operations)	509,000	(1 2)	509,000	2
3	Little Havana Activities & Nutrition Centers Child Care Program	100,000	(100,000)		3
4	Literacy Jump Start Pilot Project	110,000	(110,000)	-	4
5	School Readiness Teacher Training -Lastinger	3,000,000	(3,000,000)		5
	K-12 Program - Non-FEFP			L DWG-	<u> 26.</u>
6	Learning through Listening	1,141,704	=	1,141,704	6
7	Assistance to Low Performing Schools (AP Professional Development)	4,000,000	-	4,000,000	7
8	Take Stock in Children	6,125,000	40	6,125,000	8
9	Best Buddies	700,000	20	700,000	9
10	Big Brothers, Big Sisters	3,730,248	(750,000)	2,980,248	10
11	Florida Alliance of Boys and Girls Clubs	5,152,768	(1,500,000)	3,652,768	11
12	Prodigy	4,600,000	(3,000,000)	1,600,000	12
13	Teen Trendsetters	300,000	. (5)	300,000	13
14	YMCA State Alliance/YMCA Reads	764,972	<u> </u>	<u>764,972</u>	14
15	Mentoring/Student Assistance Initiatives	15,247,988	(5,250,000)	9,997,988	15
16	College Reach Out Program	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	16
17	Florida State University	450,000	(175)	450,000	17
18	University of Florida Health Science Center at Jacksonville	450,000		450,000	18

	Budget Items	2016-17 Appropriation	Deduct Nonrecurring Funds	2017-2018 Base Budget	
,		-1-	-2-	-3-	
19	University of Florida	450,000		450,000	19
20	University of Miami	450,000		450,000	20
21	University of South Florida	450,000		450,000	21
22	Keiser University	450,000	-	450,000	22
23	Florida Diagnostic and Learning Resources Centers	2,700,000	-	2,700,000	23
24	New World School of the Arts	650,000		650,000	24
25	School District Matching Grants Program	4,500,000	(500,000)	4,000,000	25
26	Educator Professional Liability Insurance	1,200,000	•	1,200,000	26
27	The Florida Best and Brightest Teacher Scholarship Program	49,000,000	(35,050,000)	13,950,000	27
28	Teacher and School Administrator Death Benefits	18,000	-	18,000	28
29	Risk Management Insurance	522,895	_	501,880	29
30	Florida Atlantic University	1,156,776	(100,000)	1,056,776	30
31	Florida State University (College of Medicine)	1,224,008	5	1,224,008	31
32	University of Central Florida	1,721,639		1,721,639	32
33	University of Florida (College of Medicine)	1,177,893	(100,000)	1,077,893	33
34	University of Florida (Jacksonville)	1,072,732	€	1,072,732	34
35	University of Miami (Department of Psychology) incl. \$375,000 for Nova SE Univ	1,802,195	=	1,802,195	35
36	University of South Florida/Florida Mental Health Institute	1,544,757	(100,000)	1,444,757	36
37	Autism Program	9,700,000	(300,000)	9,400,000	37
38	Regional Education Consortium Services	1,445,390	-	1,445,390	38
39	Florida Virtual Curriculum Marketplace/Digital Literacy Program	1,100,000	(1,100,000)	-	39
40	Fla Assn of District School Superintendents Training	500,000	Ş	500,000	40
41	Principal of the Year	29,426	(*)	29,426	41
42	School Related Personnel of the Year	306,182	•	306,182	42
43	Teacher of the Year	718,730	(700,000)	18,730	43

	Budget Items	2016-17	Deduct Nonrecurring	2017-2018 Base	
		Appropriation	Funds	Budget	
		-1-	-2-	-3-	
44	Administrator Professional Development	7,000,000	-2-	7,000,000	44
45	Teacher of the Year Summit	50,000		50,000	45
46	Teach for America	500,000	(500,000)	(2)	46
47	Virtual Professional Development for School Board Members	200,000	(200,000)	-:	47
48	Principal Autonomy Pilot Program	910,000	(700,000)	210,000	48
49	Teacher Professional Development	10,214,338	(2,100,000)	8,114,338	49
50	Gardiner Scholarship Program (SB 672)	73,336,000		73,336,000	50
51	Standard Student Attire Incentive Program (SB 672)	14,000,000		14,000,000	51
52	Advancement Via Individual Determination (AVID)	1,000,000	(300,000)	700,000	52
53	Safe Schools Security Assessments	307,000	(224,000)	83,000	53
54	District Tools - Subject Matter Technical Assistance	309,700		309,700	54
55	Strategic Statewide Initiatives	1,616,700	(524,000)	1,092,700	55
56	Academic Tourney	132,738	=	132,738	56
57	African American Task Force	100,000	*	100,000	57
58	All Pro Dad	500,000	(500,000)	=	58
59	AMI Kids	1,850,000	(750,000)	1,100,000	59
60	Arts for a Complete Education/Florida Alliance for Arts Education	110,952	-	110,952	60
61	Black Male Explorers	164,701	-	164,701	61
62	Boys Choir of Tallahassee	71,000	ž .	71,000	62
63	Brevard Public Schools Aviation and Manufacturing Technology HS Programs	500,000	(500,000)	*	63
64	Earn to Learn Program	201,680	(201,680)	2	64
65	Florida Afterschool Network/Ounce of Prevention Fund of Florida	200,000	(8)	200,000	65
66	Florida Children's Initiatives	600,000	(600,000)		66
67	Florida Holocaust Museum	300,000	V#.	300,000	67

	Budget Items	2016-17	Deduct Nonrecurring	2017-2018 Base	
		Appropriation	Funds	Budget	
		-1-	-2-	-3-	
68	Girl Scouts of Florida	267,635	-2-	267,635	68
69	Holocaust Memorial Miami Beach	230,000	(163,499)	66,501	69
70	Holocaust Task Force	100,000	(103,433)	100,000	70
71	Jobs for Florida's Graduates	1,500,000	(1,500,000)	100,000	71
72	Junior Achievement	500,000	(500,000)		72
73	Knowledge is Power Program (KIPP) Jacksonville	1,224,000	(724,000)	500,000	73
74	Lauren's Kids	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	300,000	74
75	Learning for Life	2,569,813	(650,000)	1,919,813	75
76	Mourning Family Foundation	1,000,000	(1,000,000)		76
77	National Flight Academy	421,495	(421,495)	_	77
78	Pasco Regional STEM School/Tampa Bay Region Aeronautics	750,000	-	750,000	78
79	Project to Advance School Success (PASS)	508,983	£	508,983	79
80	Specialty Children's Hospital Patient Academics Program	100,000	(100,000)	-	80
81	State Science Fair	72,032	=	72,032	81
82	The SEED School of Miami	4,600,000	(426,322)	4,173,678	82
83	Volusia County Schools Manufacturing	185,000	(185,000)	-	83
84	YMCA of Central Florida After School Program	1,500,000	(1,000,000)	500,000	84
85	YMCA Youth in Government	300,000	(200,000)	100,000	85
86	School and Instructional Enhancements	21,560,029	(10,421,996)	11,138,033	86
87	Auditory-Oral Education Grant Funding	750,000	(4)	750,000	87
88	Challenge Grants for the Gifted	60,000		60,000	88
89	Communication/Autism Navigator	1,353,292	(+)	1,353,292	89
90	Family Café	450,000	(100,000)	350,000	90
91	Hernando County Project StarFISH	500,000	(500,000)	~	91
92	Special Olympics	250,000	€	250,000	92
93	Public School FDLRS	577,758	-	577,758	93
94	Instructional Materials for Visually Impaired	379,106	-	379,106	94
95	Service Network for Students with Severe Emotional Behaviors	998,171	(e)	998,171	95

	Budget Items	2016-17 Appropriation	Deduct Nonrecurring Funds	2017-2018 Base Budget	
	Portal to Exceptional Education Resources	-1- <i>806,217</i>	-2-	-3- <i>806,217</i>	96
96	Resource Materials for Deaf/Hard-of-Hearing	191,828		191,828	
97	Very Special Arts		(*)		97
98	very special Arts	334,000		334,000	98
99	Exceptional Education	6,650,372	(600,000)	6,050,372	99
100	Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind	50,188,935	-	50,899,783	100
101	Transfer to DMS - HRS Purchased per Statewide Contract	262,246	- to	250,356	101
101	Academies of Clay County Schools (FCO)	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	_	101
102	Holocaust Memorial (FCO)	100,000	(100,000)	-	102
103	National Flight Academy (FCO)	2,000,000	(500,000)	1,500,000	103
104	Seminole County High Tech Manufacturing (FCO)	500,000	(500,000)	5.45	104
105	Fixed Capital Outlay - Local Governments	3,600,000	(2,100,000)	1,500,000	105
106	K-12 Program - Non-FEFP Total	279,779,597	(57,945,996)	222,511,544	106
M	Educational Media & Technology Services				. 1
107	Capitol Technical Center	224,624		224,624	107
108	Florida Channel Closed Captioning	390,862	-	390,862	108
109	Florida Channel Satellite Transponder Operations	800,000	ie.	800,000	109
110	Florida Channel Statewide Governmental and Cultural Affairs Programming	497,522		497,522	110
111	Florida Channel Year Round Coverage	2,562,588	-	2,562,588	111
112	Florida Public Radio Emergency Network Storm Center	166,270	-	166,270	112
113	Florida PBS Learning Media Content Library	882,000	(882,000)	(2)	113
114	Public Broadcasting - 13 Public Radio Stations	1,300,000	=	1,300,000	114
115	Public Broadcasting - 13 Public Television Stations	3,996,811	Ţ	3,996,811	115
116	Public Broadcasting	10,596,053	(882,000)	9,714,053	116
117	Educational Media & Technology Services Total	10,820,677	(882,000)	9,938,677	117

	Budget Items	2016-17 Appropriation	Deduct Nonrecurring Funds	2017-2018 Base Budget	
118	Grand Total	-1- 296,776,417	-2- (62,686,182)	-3- 234,768,178	118

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

02/15/17 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S	Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic EXTRA HOUR INITIATIVE Name MARK BAIRD	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title SENIOR LEGISLATIVE ANALYST	
Address /// W MADISON ST SUITE 3/2	Phone 850-717-0527
Address // W MADISON ST SUITE 3/2 Street TALLAHASSEE FC 32399-1475 City State Zip	Email BAIRD, MARK @ OBPAGA FL.
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking:	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing OPPA6A	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registe	ered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

2/16/2017				
Meeting Date			Bill Number (if applicat	ole)
Topic Recess			Amendment Barcode (if applica	ıble)
Name Tina Young				
Job Title Legislative Policy Anal	lyst			
Address 111 W. Madison Stree	t, Suite 312		Phone 850-717-0501	
Tallahassee	FL	32399	Email young.tina@oppaga.fl.gov	
City Speaking: For Against	State Information		Speaking: In Support Against nair will read this information into the record.)	
Representing OPPAGA				
Appearing at request of Chair:	✓ Yes No	Lobbyist regist	stered with Legislature: Yes N	No
While it is a Senate tradition to encour meeting. Those who do speak may be			all persons wishing to speak to be heard at the By persons as possible can be heard.	is

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

CourtSmart Tag Report

Room: KN 412 Case No.: Type: Caption: Senate Appropriations Committee on Pre-K - 12 Judge:

Started: 2/16/2017 9:03:11 AM

Ends: 2/16/2017 10:21:36 AM Length: 01:18:26

9:03:16 AM Call to Order Sen. Simmons

9:03:27 AM Roll Call

9:03:31 AM Quorum Present 9:05:41 AM Sen. Simmons

9:06:48 AM TAB 1 A - OPPAGA Presentation on Extra Hour Initiative

9:08:35 AM Mark Baird, Senior Legislative Analyst, OPPAGA

9:10:23 AM Sen. Montford **9:10:45 AM** M. Baird

9:10:45 AM M. Baird **9:14:59 AM** Sen. Simmons

9:16:32 AM Tina Young, Legislative Analyst, OPPAGA

9:22:36 AM Sen. Simmons 9:23:29 AM T. Young 9:23:52 AM Sen. Simmons

9:24:44 AM T. Young

9:25:24 AM Sen. Simmons

9:26:02 AM T. Young

9:26:16 AM Sen. Simmons **9:26:33 AM** T. Young

9:28:38 AM Sen. Montford

9:30:04 AM T. Young **9:30:07 AM** Sen. Montford

9:30:16 AM Sen. Simmons

9:30:27 AM T. Young

9:30:35 AM Sen. Simmons 9:31:46 AM Sen. Montford

9:31:59 AM Sen. Simmons

9:32:02 AM Sen. Broxson **9:33:26 AM** T. Young

9:33:38 AM Sen. Broxson **9:33:59 AM** T. Young

9:34:09 AM Sen. Simmons **9:34:37 AM** Sen. Farmer

9:34:37 AM Sen. Farmer **9:35:19 AM** T. Young

9:35:41 AM Sen. Montford 9:40:32 AM Sen. Simmons

9:42:29 AM TAB 1 B - Overview of Budget Development Process

9:43:06 AM Sen. Simmons

9:45:51 AM TAB 1 C - Discussion of Key Decision Points in Pre K - 12 Budget and Funding Priorities

9:45:52 AM Sen. Simmons 9:59:53 AM Sen. Lee 10:04:41 AM Sen. Simmons

10:04:41 AM Sen. Simmons **10:09:16 AM** Sen. Montford

10:11:32 AM Sen. Farmer **10:15:22 AM** Sen. Montford

10:16:19 AM Sen. Rouson

10:19:05 AM Sen. Grimsley **10:19:28 AM** Sen. Simmons

10:19:34 AM Meeting Adjourned Sen. Grimsley