Tab 1	SB 1	70 by Gr i	imsley; (Ic	lentical to H 01403) Rural Eco	nomic Development Initiative	
543166	Α	S	RCS	AG, Grimsley	Delete L.68 - 76:	01/11 09:49 AM
Tab 2	SB 7	40 by St a	argel; (Sim	ilar to CS/H 00553) Departme	ent of Agriculture and Consumer Serv	ices
273884	А	S	RCS	AG, Stargel	btw L.183 - 184:	01/11 09:50 AM
262082	А	S	RCS	AG, Stargel	Delete L.1638 - 1640:	01/11 09:50 AM
494718	А	S	RCS	AG, Stargel	Delete L.1677:	01/11 09:50 AM
281488	А	S	RCS	AG, Stargel	Delete L.2119:	01/11 09:50 AM
				_		
Tab 3	SB 8	72 by Gr i	i msley ; (Si	milar to H 00645) Young Farn	ners and Ranchers	

The Florida Senate

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

AGRICULTURE Senator Grimsley, Chair Senator Rader, Vice Chair

MEETING DATE:	Thursday, January 11, 2018
TIME:	9:00—11:00 a.m.
PLACE:	301 Senate Office Building

MEMBERS: Senator Grimsley, Chair; Senator Rader, Vice Chair; Senators Baxley, Farmer, Hukill, Mayfield, Powell, Rouson, and Steube

ТАВ	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
1	SB 170 Grimsley (Identical H 1403)	Rural Economic Development Initiative; Revising the duties, responsibilities, and membership of the Rural Economic Development Initiative; deleting a provision limiting the number of rural areas of opportunity that may be designated; deleting a provision listing the economic development incentives for which the Governor may waive criteria requirements or similar provisions, etc. CM 11/06/2017 Favorable AG 01/11/2018 Fav/CS GO RC	Fav/CS Yeas 6 Nays 0
2	SB 740 Stargel (Similar CS/H 553, Compare H 315, CS/S 568)	Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; Transferring authority to issue licenses for oyster harvesting in Apalachicola Bay from the department to the City of Apalachicola; revising permitting requirements and operating standards for water vending machines; revising the circumstances under which liquefied petroleum gas bulk delivery vehicles must be registered with the department; repealing provisions relating to packet vegetable and flower seed; creating the "Government Impostor and Deceptive Advertisements Act", etc.	Fav/CS Yeas 6 Nays 0
		AG 01/11/2018 Fav/CS AEN AP	
3	SB 872 Grimsley (Similar H 645)	Young Farmers and Ranchers; Creating the Florida Young Farmer and Rancher Matching Grant Program within the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; creating the Florida Young Farmer and Rancher Advisory Council within the department; requiring the department to establish a clearinghouse on its website for resources to assist young and beginning farmers and ranchers, etc.	Favorable Yeas 6 Nays 0
		AG 01/11/2018 Favorable AEN AP	

Other Related Meeting Documents

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepa	ared By: The Professional S	Staff of the Commit	tee on Agriculture	
BILL:	CS/SB 170				
INTRODUCER:	Agriculture	Committee and Senator	Grimsley		
SUBJECT:	Rural Econ	omic Development Initi	iative		
DATE:	January 11,	2018 REVISED:			
ANA	LYST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION	
		McKay	СМ	Favorable	
. Little					
. Little . Becker		Becker	AG	Fav/CS	
		v	AG GO	Fav/CS	

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 170 makes the following changes to the Rural Economic Development Initiative (REDI):

- Reduces the number of specified agencies and organizations that are required to designate REDI representatives;
- Clarifies which individuals from specified agencies and organizations must be designated as REDI representatives;
- Provides for the appointment of five additional members from the private sector:
 - Three of the private sector members are to be appointed by the executive director of the Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO), one appointed by the President of the Senate, and one appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives;
- Authorizes the creation of ad hoc committees and provides guidance for the organization of ad hoc committees;
- Modifies the definition and designation criteria for a rural area of opportunity (RAO);
- Updates the annual reporting requirements; and
- Makes conforming changes to address cross-references in numerous sections of the Florida Statutes.

The bill is effective upon becoming law.

II. Present Situation:

Rural Economic Development Initiative

The Florida Legislature established the Rural Economic Development Initiative (REDI) in 1997 to encourage and facilitate the location and expansion of economic development projects of significant scale in rural communities.¹ The REDI is responsible for coordinating and focusing the efforts and resources of state and regional agencies on the problems that affect the fiscal, economic, and community viability of Florida's economically distressed rural communities.² The REDI works with local governments, community-based organizations, and private organizations that have an interest in the growth and development of these communities to find ways to balance environmental and growth management issues with local needs and economic development.³ Other responsibilities include the review and evaluation of the impact of statutes and rules on rural communities, and the facilitation of better access to state resources by promoting direct access and referrals to both state and regional agencies and statewide organizations.⁴

The REDI is administered by the Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO), but is a collaborative effort facilitated by a group of agencies and organizations. Numerous state agencies and organizations are required to participate in the REDI by designating a deputy secretary or higher-level staff person to serve as a REDI representative.⁵ The agencies and organizations that are statutorily required to designate a representative are:

- The Department of Transportation;
- The Department of Environmental Protection;
- The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services;
- The Department of State;
- The Department of Health;
- The Department of Children and Families;
- The Department of Corrections;
- The Department of Education;
- The Department of Juvenile Justice;
- The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission;
- Each water management district;
- Enterprise Florida, Inc. (EFI);
- CareerSource Florida, Inc.;
- VISIT Florida;
- The Florida Regional Planning Council Association;
- The Agency for Health Care Administration; and
- The Institute for Food and Agricultural Sciences (IFAS).⁶

⁶ Id.

¹ Ch. 97-278, Laws of Fla.

² Section 288.0656(3), F.S.

³ Id.

⁴ Sections 288.0656(4) and (5), F.S.

⁵ Section 288.0656(6)(a), F.S.

REDI representatives are required to have comprehensive knowledge of their agency's regulatory and service functions in addition to the state's economic goals, policies, and programs.⁷ The representatives are required to work with the REDI in reviewing, evaluating, and proposing impact mitigation of any statute or rule that may have an adverse effect on rural communities.⁸ Additionally, representatives must inform their agencies and organizations about the REDI and provide assistance to the REDI throughout the agency or organization.⁹

Rural Area of Opportunity

The law governing the REDI program defines a "rural area of opportunity" (RAO) as a rural community¹⁰ or a region comprised of rural communities, designated by the Governor, that have been adversely affected by an extraordinary economic event, a natural disaster, or severe or chronic distress.¹¹ An area may also be classified as a RAO if it presents a unique economic development opportunity of regional impact.¹² A designation of RAO must be agreed upon by the DEO and the local governments included in the RAO.¹³

Based on recommendations of the REDI, the Governor may designate up to three RAOs by executive order.¹⁴ This designation establishes these areas as priority assignments for REDI as well as allows the Governor, acting through REDI, to waive criteria, requirements, or similar provisions of any economic development initiative.¹⁵

Currently, there are three designated RAO areas:

- Northwest RAO: Calhoun, Franklin, Gadsden, Gulf, Holmes, Jackson, Liberty, Wakulla, and Washington counties, and the City of Freeport in Walton County. The name of this area's economic development organization is Opportunity Florida.¹⁶
- South Central RAO: DeSoto, Glades, Hardee, Hendry, Highlands, and Okeechobee counties, and the cities of Pahokee, Belle Glade, and South Bay (Palm Beach County), and Immokalee

⁷ Section 288.0656(6)(b), F.S.

⁸ Section 288.0656(6)(c), F.S.

⁹ Section 288.0656(6)(d), F.S.

¹⁰ Section 288.0656(2)(e), F.S., defines a "Rural community" as a county with a population of 75,000 or fewer; a county with a population of 125,000 or fewer; which is contiguous to a county with a population of 75,000 or fewer; a municipality within such a county; or an unincorporated federal enterprise community or an incorporated rural city with a population of 25,000 or fewer and an employment base focused on traditional agricultural or resource-based industries, located in a county not defined as rural, which has at least three or more of the economic distress factors identified in s. 288.0656(2)(c), F.S., and verified by DEO. For purposes of this paragraph, population is determined in accordance with the most recent official estimate pursuant to the state population census statute located in s. 186.901, F.S. The U.S. Census Bureau defines "rural" as all population, housing, and territory not included within an urban area, and identifies two types of urban areas, Urbanized Areas of 50,000 or more people; and Urban Clusters of at least 2,500 and less than 50,000 people.

¹¹ Section 288.0656(2)(d), F.S.

 $^{^{12}}$ Id.

¹³ Section 288.0656(7)(b), F.S. A designation of RAO is contingent upon the execution of a memorandum of agreement among the Department of Economic Opportunity, the governing body of the county, and the governing bodies of any municipalities included within a RAO.

¹⁴ Section 288.0656(7)(a), F.S.

¹⁵ Id.

¹⁶ For additional information on Opportunity Florida, *see* <u>http://www.floridajobs.org/business-growth-and-partnerships/rural-and-economic-development-initiative/rural-areas-of-opportunity</u> (last viewed Nov. 2, 2017).

(Collier County). The name of this area's economic development organization is Florida's Heartland Regional Economic Development Initiative, Inc.¹⁷

 North Central RAO: Baker, Bradford, Citrus, Columbia, Dixie, Gilchrist, Hamilton, Jefferson, Lafayette, Levy, Madison, Putnam, Suwannee, Taylor, and Union counties. The name of this area's economic development organization is the North Florida Economic Development Partnership.¹⁸

Each RAO, by a REDI recommendation and identification by EFI, may designate catalyst projects, which must be confirmed by the DEO.¹⁹ All agencies and departments of the state are required to use all available tools and resources available to promote the creation and development of each catalyst project and the development of catalyst sites.²⁰ For purposes of the REDI program, a catalyst project is a business relocating or expanding in an RAO and serves as an economic generator of regional significance, and a catalyst site is one or more parcels of land in an RAO that is prioritized for economic development.²¹

Annual Reporting

REDI is required to submit a report to DEO on all REDI activities for the previous fiscal year as a supplement to DEO's annual report required under s. 20.60, F.S.²² This supplementary report must include:

- A status report on all projects currently being coordinated through REDI;
- The number of preferential awards and allowances made pursuant to the REDI program;
- The dollar amount of such awards, and the names of the recipients;
- A description of all waivers of program requirements granted;
- Information as to the economic impact of the projects coordinated by REDI; and
- Recommendations based on the review and evaluation of statutes and rules having an adverse impact on rural communities and proposals to mitigate such adverse impacts.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill provides for the appointment of members from the private sector to the REDI and reduces the number of agencies and organizations that are statutorily required to designate REDI representatives.

The REDI membership is required to consist of the following individuals:

- The executive director of the DEO or their designee, to serve as chair;
- The Secretary of Transportation or their designee;
- The Secretary of Environmental Protection or their designee;

¹⁷ For additional information on Florida's Heartland Regional Economic Development Initiative, Inc., *see* <u>http://flaheartland.com/</u> (last viewed Nov. 2, 2017).

¹⁸ For additional information on the North Florida Economic Development Partnership, *see* <u>http://nflp.org/?/Home</u> (last viewed Nov. 2, 2017).

¹⁹ Section 288.0656(7)(c), F.S.

 $^{^{20}}$ *Id*.

²¹ Section 288.0656(2), F.S.

²² Section 288.0656(8), F.S.

- The Commissioner of Agriculture or their designee;
- The State Surgeon General or their designee;
- The Commissioner of Education or their designee;
- The President of EFI or their designee;
- The chair of the board of directors of CareerSource Florida, Inc., or their designee;
- The chair of the board of the regional economic development organization for each of the RAOs or their designee; and
- Five members from the private sector:
 - Three of the private sector members are to be appointed by the executive director of the DEO, one appointed by the President of the Senate, and one appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

The executive director of the DEO, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives must ensure that the diversity of the state's business community and the state's ethnic, racial, and gender diversity are reflected in their appointments. Such appointments are for 2-year terms, beginning on July 1 and expiring on June 30, with initial appointments beginning in July 2018. The bill provides direction for appointee vacancies and removal.

The bill authorizes the chair of the REDI to create ad hoc committees to address issues or projects relating to RAOs and economically distressed rural communities. While the bill authorizes the chair to request the head of any state agency or organization to serve on an ad hoc committee, the bill requires the chair to consider the following individuals:

- The executive director of FWC or their designee;
- The Secretary of State or their designee;
- The Secretary of Children and Families or their designee;
- The Secretary of Corrections or their designee;
- The Secretary of Juvenile Justice or their designee;
- The Secretary of Health Care Administration or their designee; or
- A board member of the Florida Regional Councils Association or their designee.²³

The bill also:

- Modifies the goals of the REDI to include job creation, community infrastructure, the development and expansion of a skilled workforce, and improved access to healthcare;
- Modifies the definition of "rural area of opportunity" to include a rural community that faces competitive disadvantages including low labor force participation, low education levels, high unemployment, a school district grade of "D" or "F" pursuant to s. 1008.34, F.S., high infant mortality rates, and high rates of diabetes and obesity;
- Requires the REDI to focus its efforts on the challenges of the state's RAOs and economically distressed rural communities, and to work with private organizations that have an interest in the renewed prosperity and competitiveness of these communities;
- Clarifies that the REDI shall undertake outreach and capacity-building efforts in order to improve rural communities' ability to compete in a global economy;
- Removes the limitation on the number of RAOs that may be designated by the Governor;

²³ Under existing law, these organizations and agencies are currently required to designate REDI representatives in addition to VISIT Florida and the IFAS.

- Requires the REDI's annual report to be submitted to the DEO, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by September 1st of each year; and
- Requires the annual report to include an evaluation of organizational progress and a description of the accomplishments of the REDI.

The bill makes conforming changes to address cross-references in ss. 163.3177, 163.3187, 257.193, 288.019, 288.06561, 290.0055, 290.06561, 337.403, 339.2818, 339.2819, 339.63, 479.16, and 627.6699, F.S.

The bill is effective upon becoming law.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

- B. Private Sector Impact:
- C. Government Sector Impact:

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 288.0656, 163.3177, 163.3187, 257.193, 288.019, 288.06561, 290.0055, 290.06561, 337.403, 339.2818, 339.2819, 339.63, 479.16, 627.6699.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Agriculture on January 11, 2018: The committee substitute clarifies that a community must meet one of the criteria to be a rural area of opportunity, not all of them.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2018 Bill No. SB 170

House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate . Comm: RCS . 01/11/2018 . .

The Committee on Agriculture (Grimsley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment

Delete lines 68 - 76

and insert:

1 2 3

4

5

6

7

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9

10

(d) "Rural area of opportunity" means a rural community $_{\tau}$ or a region composed of rural communities, designated by the Governor, which has been adversely affected by an extraordinary economic event <u>or</u> $_{\tau}$ severe or chronic <u>economic</u> distress, <u>or which</u> <u>faces competitive disadvantages</u>, such as low labor force participation, low educational attainment levels, high Florida Senate - 2018 Bill No. SB 170



11	unemployment, school district grades of "D" or "F" calculated
12	pursuant to s. 1008.34, high infant mortality rates, and high
13	diabetes and obesity rates, or which or a natural disaster or

By Senator Grimsley

	26-00117-18 2018170
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Rural Economic Development
3	Initiative; amending s. 288.0656, F.S.; revising
4	legislative intent relating to the Rural Economic
5	Development Initiative; redefining the term "rural
6	area of opportunity"; revising the duties,
7	responsibilities, and membership of the Rural Economic
8	Development Initiative; deleting a provision limiting
9	the number of rural areas of opportunity that may be
10	designated; deleting a provision listing the economic
11	development incentives for which the Governor may
12	waive criteria requirements or similar provisions;
13	deleting a requirement that certain catalyst projects
14	be identified as such by Enterprise Florida, Inc.;
15	revising reporting requirements; amending ss.
16	163.3177, 163.3187, 257.193, 288.019, 288.06561,
17	290.0055, 290.06561, 337.403, 339.2818, 339.2819,
18	339.63, 479.16, and 627.6699, F.S.; conforming cross-
19	references; providing an effective date.
20	
21	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
22	
23	Section 1. Section 288.0656, Florida Statutes, is amended
24	to read:
25	288.0656 Rural Economic Development Initiative
26	(1) (a) Recognizing that rural communities and regions
27	continue to face extraordinary challenges in their efforts to
28	significantly improve residents' quality of life and their local
29	economies, specifically in terms of personal income, education,
I	

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30	infrastructure, access to health care, and job creation.
31	<u>Therefore</u> , average wages, and strong tax bases, it is the intent
32	of the Legislature to encourage and facilitate <u>their achievement</u>
33	of the following goals:
34	(a) Job creation, through the location and expansion of
35	major economic development projects of significant scale in such
36	rural communities.
37	(b) Improved community infrastructure, including, but not
38	limited to, roads, utilities, water and sewer systems, and
39	communications.
40	(c) The development and growth of a skilled workforce.
41	(d) Improved access to health care.
42	<u>(2)</u> The Rural Economic Development Initiative, known as
43	"REDI," is created within the department, and the participation
44	of state and regional agencies in this initiative is authorized.
45	(3) (2) As used in this section, the term:
46	(a) "Catalyst project" means a business locating or
47	expanding in a rural area of opportunity to serve as an economic
48	generator of regional significance for the growth of a regional
49	target industry cluster. The project must provide capital
50	investment on a scale significant enough to affect the entire
51	region and result in the development of high-wage and high-skill
52	jobs.
53	(b) "Catalyst site" means a parcel or parcels of land
54	within a rural area of opportunity that has been prioritized as
55	a geographic site for economic development through partnerships
56	with state, regional, and local organizations. The site must be
57	reviewed by REDI and approved by the department for the purposes
58	of locating a catalyst project.

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59	(c) "Economic distress" means conditions affecting the
60	fiscal and economic viability of a rural community, including
61	such factors as low per capita income, low per capita taxable
62	values, high unemployment, high underemployment, low weekly
63	earned wages compared to the state average, low housing values
64	compared to the state average, high percentages of the
65	population receiving public assistance, high poverty levels
66	compared to the state average, and a lack of year-round stable
67	employment opportunities.
68	(d) "Rural area of opportunity" means a rural community, or
69	a region composed of rural communities, designated by the
70	Governor, which has been adversely affected by an extraordinary
71	economic event, severe or chronic economic distress, and faces
72	competitive disadvantages, such as low labor force
73	participation, low educational attainment levels, high
74	unemployment, school district grades of "D" or "F" calculated
75	pursuant to s. 1008.34, high infant mortality rates, and high
76	diabetes and obesity rates, and which or a natural disaster or
77	that presents a unique economic development opportunity of
78	regional impact.
79	(e) "Rural community" means:
80	1. A county with a population of 75,000 or fewer.
81	2. A county with a population of 125,000 or fewer which is
82	contiguous to a county with a population of 75,000 or fewer.
83	3. A municipality within a county described in subparagraph
84	1. or subparagraph 2.
85	4. An unincorporated federal enterprise community or an
86	incorporated rural city with a population of 25,000 or fewer and
87	an employment base focused on traditional agricultural or

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88 resource-based industries, located in a county not defined as 89 rural, which has at least three or more of the economic distress 90 factors identified in paragraph (c) and verified by the 91 department. 92 For purposes of this paragraph, population shall be determined 93 94 in accordance with the most recent official estimate pursuant to 95 s. 186.901. 96 (4) (3) REDI is shall be responsible for coordinating and 97 focusing the efforts and resources of state and regional 98 agencies on the challenges of the state's rural areas of 99 opportunity and economically distressed rural communities. REDI shall work problems which affect the fiscal, economic, and 100 101 community viability of Florida's economically distressed rural 102 communities, working with local governments, community-based 103 organizations, and private organizations that have an interest 104 in the renewed prosperity and competitiveness growth and 105 development of these communities to find ways to balance 106 environmental and growth management issues with local needs. 107 (5) (4) REDI shall review and evaluate the impact of 108 statutes and rules on rural communities and shall work to 109 minimize any adverse impact and undertake outreach and capacitybuilding efforts to improve the ability of rural communities to 110 111 compete in a global economy. 112 (6) (5) REDI shall facilitate better access to state 113 resources by promoting direct access and referrals to 114 appropriate state and regional agencies and statewide 115 organizations. REDI may undertake outreach, capacity-building, and other advocacy efforts to improve conditions in rural 116

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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117	communities. These activities may include sponsorship of
118	conferences and achievement awards.
119	(7)(a) REDI shall consist of the following members:
120	1. The executive director of the department or his or her
121	designee, who shall serve as chair.
122	2. The Secretary of Transportation or his or her designee.
123	3. The Secretary of Environmental Protection or his or her
124	designee.
125	4. The Commissioner of Agriculture or his or her designee.
126	5. The State Surgeon General or his or her designee.
127	6. The Commissioner of Education or his or her designee.
128	7. The President of Enterprise Florida, Inc., or his or her
129	designee.
130	8. The chair of the board of directors of CareerSource
131	Florida, Inc., or his or her designee.
132	9. The chair of the board of the regional economic
133	development organization for each of the rural areas of
134	opportunity or his or her designee.
135	10. Five members from the private sector, three of whom
136	shall be appointed by the executive director of the department,
137	one of whom shall be appointed by the President of the Senate,
138	and one of whom shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House
139	of Representatives.
140	(b) In making their appointments, the executive director,
141	the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of
142	Representatives shall ensure that the appointments reflect the
143	diversity of Florida's business community and have the necessary
144	skills to assist rural communities and regions in achieving the
145	goals specified in subsection (1).

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146	(c) The executive director, the President of the Senate,
147	and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall consider
148	appointees who reflect the state's racial, ethnic, and gender
149	diversity and who are from rural communities.
150	(d) Each appointed member shall be appointed to a 2-year
151	term.
152	(e) Initial appointments shall be made by July 1, 2018,
153	with members' terms expiring on June 30 of their second year of
154	service.
155	(f) A vacancy shall be filled for the remainder of the
156	unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment.
157	(g) An appointed member may be removed by the appointing
158	officer for cause. Absence of a member from three consecutive
159	meetings results in automatic removal.
160	(h) The chair may request the head of any state agency or
161	organization to serve on an ad hoc committee as needed to
162	address issues or projects relating to rural areas of
163	opportunity and economically distressed rural communities. The
164	chair shall consider requesting the following individuals to
165	serve on an ad hoc committee:
166	1. The executive director of the Fish and Wildlife
167	Conservation Commission or his or her designee.
168	2. The Secretary of State or his or her designee.
169	3. The Secretary of Children and Families or his or her
170	designee.
171	4. The Secretary of Corrections or his or her designee.
172	5. The Secretary of Juvenile Justice or his or her
173	designee.
174	6. The Secretary of Health Care Administration or his or
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1	26-00117-18 2018170
175	her designee.
176	7. A board member of the Florida Regional Councils
177	Association or his or her designee.
178	(6)(a) By August 1 of each year, the head of each of the
179	following agencies and organizations shall designate a deputy
180	secretary or higher-level staff person from within the agency or
181	organization to serve as the REDI representative for the agency
182	or organization:
183	1. The Department of Transportation.
184	2. The Department of Environmental Protection.
185	3. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
186	4. The Department of State.
187	5. The Department of Health.
188	6. The Department of Children and Families.
189	7. The Department of Corrections.
190	8. The Department of Education.
191	9. The Department of Juvenile Justice.
192	10. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission.
193	11. Each water management district.
194	12. Enterprise Florida, Inc.
195	13. CareerSource Florida, Inc.
196	14. VISIT Florida.
197	15. The Florida Regional Planning Council Association.
198	16. The Agency for Health Care Administration.
199	17. The Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences (IFAS).
200	
201	An alternate for each designee shall also be chosen, and the
202	names of the designees and alternates shall be sent to the
203	executive director of the department.

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26-00117-18 2018170 204 (i) (b) Each REDI member who is, or is designated by, a 205 state agency or organization head representative must have 206 comprehensive knowledge of his or her agency's functions, both 207 regulatory and service in nature, and of the state's economic 208 goals, policies, and programs. This person shall be the primary 209 point of contact for his or her agency with REDI on issues and 210 projects relating to rural areas of opportunity and economically 211 distressed rural communities and with regard to expediting project review, shall ensure a prompt effective response to 212 problems arising with regard to rural issues, and shall work 213 214 closely with the other REDI members representatives in the 215 identification of opportunities for preferential awards of 216 program funds and allowances and waiver of program requirements 217 when necessary to encourage and facilitate long-term private capital investment and job creation. Such members shall also 218 219 ensure that each district office or facility of his or her 220 agency or organization is informed about REDI and provide 221 assistance throughout the agency in the implementation of REDI 222 activities. 223 (c) The REDI representatives shall work with REDI in the 224 review and evaluation of statutes and rules for adverse impact 225 on rural communities and the development of alternative 226 proposals to mitigate that impact. 227 (d) Each REDI representative shall be responsible for 228 ensuring that each district office or facility of his or her 229 agency is informed about the Rural Economic Development 230 Initiative and for providing assistance throughout the agency in 231 the implementation of REDI activities. 232 (8) (7) (a) REDI may recommend to the Governor up to three

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26-00117-18 2018170 233 rural areas of opportunity. The Governor, may by executive 234 order, may designate up to three rural areas of opportunity 235 which will establish these areas as priority assignments for 236 REDI, and, acting through REDI, may as well as to allow the 237 Governor, acting through REDI, to waive criteria, requirements, 238 or similar provisions of any economic development incentive. 239 Such incentives shall include, but are not limited to, the 240 Qualified Target Industry Tax Refund Program under s. 288.106, the Quick Response Training Program under s. 288.047, the Quick 241 242 Response Training Program for participants in the welfare 243 transition program under s. 288.047(8), transportation projects 244 under s. 339.2821, the brownfield redevelopment bonus refund under s. 288.107, and the rural job tax credit program under ss. 245 212.098 and 220.1895. 246

247 (b) Designation as a rural area of opportunity under this 248 subsection is shall be contingent upon the execution of a 249 memorandum of agreement among the department; the governing body 250 of the county; and the governing bodies of any municipalities to 251 be included within a rural area of opportunity. Such agreement 252 must shall specify the terms and conditions of the designation, 253 including, but not limited to, the duties and responsibilities 254 of the county and any participating municipalities to take 255 actions designed to facilitate the retention and expansion of 256 existing businesses in the area, as well as the recruitment of 257 new businesses to the area.

(c) Each rural area of opportunity may designate catalyst projects, provided that each catalyst project is specifically recommended by REDI, identified as a catalyst project by Enterprise Florida, Inc., and approved confirmed as a catalyst

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26-00117-18 2018170 262 project by the department. All state agencies and departments 263 shall use all available tools and resources to the extent 264 permissible by law to promote the creation and development of 265 each catalyst project and the development of catalyst sites. 266 (9) (8) Before September 1 of each year, REDI shall submit a 267 report to the department, the Governor, the President of the 268 Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a complete and detailed report, including, but not limited to on 269 270 all REDI activities for the previous fiscal year as a supplement 271 to the department's annual report required under s. 20.60. This 272 supplementary report must include: 273 (a) A description of the operations of status report on all 274 projects currently being coordinated through REDI, the number of 275 preferential awards and allowances made pursuant to this section, the dollar amount of such awards, and the names of the 276 277 recipients, and an evaluation of progress toward achieving 278 organizational goals and specific performance outcomes, as 279 established by the department. 280 (b) A description of the accomplishments of REDI and 281 identification of major trends, initiatives, or developments 282 affecting the performance of a program or activity coordinated 283 through REDI. 284 (c) A description of all waivers of program requirements 285 granted. (d) (c) Information as to the economic impact of the 286 287 projects coordinated by REDI. 288 (e) (d) Recommendations based on the review and evaluation 289 of statutes and rules having an adverse impact on rural communities and proposals to mitigate such adverse impacts. 290

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291	Section 2. Paragraph (e) of subsection (7) of section
292	163.3177, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
293	163.3177 Required and optional elements of comprehensive
294	plan; studies and surveys
295	(7)
296	(e) This subsection does not confer the status of rural
297	area of opportunity, or any of the rights or benefits derived
298	from such status, on any land area not otherwise designated as
299	such pursuant to <u>s. 288.0656(8)</u> s. 288.0656(7) .
300	Section 3. Subsection (3) of section 163.3187, Florida
301	Statutes, is amended to read:
302	163.3187 Process for adoption of small-scale comprehensive
303	plan amendment
304	(3) If the small scale development amendment involves a
305	site within a rural area of opportunity as defined under <u>s.</u>
306	<u>288.0656(3)(d)</u> s. 288.0656(2)(d) for the duration of such
307	designation, the 10-acre limit listed in subsection (1) shall be
308	increased by 100 percent to 20 acres. The local government
309	approving the small scale plan amendment shall certify to the
310	state land planning agency that the plan amendment furthers the
311	economic objectives set forth in the executive order issued
312	under <u>s. 288.0656(8)</u> s. 288.0656(7) , and the property subject to
313	the plan amendment shall undergo public review to ensure that
314	all concurrency requirements and federal, state, and local
315	environmental permit requirements are met.
316	Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 257.193, Florida
317	Statutes, is amended to read:
318	257.193 Community Libraries in Caring Program
319	(2) The purpose of the Community Libraries in Caring
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320	Program is to assist libraries in rural communities, as defined
321	in <u>s. 288.0656(3)</u> s. 288.0656(2) and subject to the provisions
322	of s. 288.06561, to strengthen their collections and services,
323	improve literacy in their communities, and improve the economic
324	viability of their communities.
325	Section 5. Section 288.019, Florida Statutes, is amended to
326	read:
327	288.019 Rural considerations in grant review and evaluation
328	processes.—Notwithstanding any other law, and to the fullest
329	extent possible, the member agencies and organizations of the
330	Rural Economic Development Initiative (REDI) as defined in <u>s.</u>
331	<u>288.0656(7)(a)</u>
332	application evaluation criteria to ensure the fullest access for
333	rural counties as defined in <u>s. 288.0656(3)</u> s. 288.0656(2) to
334	resources available throughout the state.
335	(1) Each REDI agency and organization shall review all
336	evaluation and scoring procedures and develop modifications to
337	those procedures which minimize the impact of a project within a
338	rural area.
339	(2) Evaluation criteria and scoring procedures must provide
340	for an appropriate ranking based on the proportionate impact
341	that projects have on a rural area when compared with similar
342	project impacts on an urban area.
343	(3) Evaluation criteria and scoring procedures must
344	recognize the disparity of available fiscal resources for an
345	equal level of financial support from an urban county and a
346	rural county.
347	(a) The evaluation criteria should weight contribution in
348	proportion to the amount of funding available at the local

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349 level.

(b) In-kind match should be allowed and applied as financial match when a county is experiencing financial distress through elevated unemployment at a rate in excess of the state's average by 5 percentage points or because of the loss of its ad valorem base.

355 (4) For existing programs, the modified evaluation criteria 356 and scoring procedure must be delivered to the department for 357 distribution to the REDI agencies and organizations. The REDI 358 agencies and organizations shall review and make comments. Future rules, programs, evaluation criteria, and scoring 359 360 processes must be brought before a REDI meeting for review, 361 discussion, and recommendation to allow rural counties fuller 362 access to the state's resources.

363 Section 6. Section 288.06561, Florida Statutes, is amended 364 to read:

365 288.06561 Reduction or waiver of financial match 366 requirements.—Notwithstanding any other law, the member agencies 367 and organizations of the Rural Economic Development Initiative 368 (REDI), as defined in <u>s. 288.0656(7)(a)</u> s. 288.0656(6)(a), shall 369 review the financial match requirements for projects in rural 370 areas as defined in <u>s. 288.0656(3)</u> s. 288.0656(2).

371 (1) Each agency and organization shall develop a proposal372 to waive or reduce the match requirement for rural areas.

373 (2) Agencies and organizations shall ensure that all 374 proposals are submitted to the department for review by the REDI 375 agencies.

(3) These proposals shall be delivered to the departmentfor distribution to the REDI agencies and organizations. A

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     meeting of REDI agencies and organizations must be called within
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     30 days after receipt of such proposals for REDI comment and
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     recommendations on each proposal.
381
           (4) Waivers and reductions must be requested by the county
     or community, and such county or community must have three or
382
383
     more of the factors identified in s. 288.0656(3)(c) s.
384
     288.0656(2)(c).
385
           (5) Any other funds available to the project may be used
386
     for financial match of federal programs when there is fiscal
387
     hardship, and the match requirements may not be waived or
388
     reduced.
389
          (6) When match requirements are not reduced or eliminated,
390
     donations of land, though usually not recognized as an in-kind
391
     match, may be permitted.
392
           (7) To the fullest extent possible, agencies and
393
     organizations shall expedite the rule adoption and amendment
394
     process if necessary to incorporate the reduction in match by
395
     rural areas in fiscal distress.
396
           (8) REDI shall include in its annual report an evaluation
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     on the status of changes to rules, number of awards made with
398
     waivers, and recommendations for future changes.
399
          Section 7. Paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section
     290.0055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
400
401
          290.0055 Local nominating procedure.-
402
          (6)
403
           (d)1. The governing body of a jurisdiction which has
404
     nominated an application for an enterprise zone that is at least
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     15 square miles and less than 20 square miles and includes a
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     portion of the state designated as a rural area of opportunity
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26-00117-18 2018170 407 under s. 288.0656(8) s. 288.0656(7) may apply to the department 408 to expand the boundary of the existing enterprise zone by not 409 more than 3 square miles. 410 2. The governing body of a jurisdiction which has nominated 411 an application for an enterprise zone that is at least 20 square 412 miles and includes a portion of the state designated as a rural 413 area of opportunity under s. 288.0656(8) s. 288.0656(7) may 414 apply to the department to expand the boundary of the existing enterprise zone by not more than 5 square miles. 415 416 3. An application to expand the boundary of an enterprise 417 zone under this paragraph must be submitted by December 31, 418 2013. 419 4. Notwithstanding the area limitations specified in 420 subsection (4), the department may approve the request for a 421 boundary amendment if the area continues to satisfy the 422 remaining requirements of this section. 423 5. The department shall establish the initial effective 424 date of an enterprise zone designated under this paragraph. 425 Section 8. Section 290.06561, Florida Statutes, is amended 426 to read: 427 290.06561 Designation of rural enterprise zone as catalyst 428 site.-Notwithstanding s. 290.0065(1), the Department of Economic 429 Opportunity, upon request of the host county, shall designate as 430 a rural enterprise zone any catalyst site as defined in s. 431 288.0656(3) (b) s. 288.0656(2) (b) that was approved before 432 January 1, 2010, and that is not located in an existing rural 433 enterprise zone. The request from the host county must include 434 the legal description of the catalyst site and the name and contact information for the county development authority 435

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436	responsible for managing the catalyst site. The designation
437	shall provide businesses locating within the catalyst site the
438	same eligibility for economic incentives and other benefits of a
439	rural enterprise zone designated under s. 290.0065. The
440	reporting criteria for a catalyst site designated as a rural
441	enterprise zone under this section are the same as for other
442	rural enterprise zones. Host county development authorities may
443	enter into memoranda of agreement, as necessary, to coordinate
444	their efforts to implement this section.
445	Section 9. Paragraph (h) of subsection (1) of section
446	337.403, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
447	337.403 Interference caused by utility; expenses
448	(1) If a utility that is placed upon, under, over, or
449	within the right-of-way limits of any public road or publicly
450	owned rail corridor is found by the authority to be unreasonably
451	interfering in any way with the convenient, safe, or continuous
452	use, or the maintenance, improvement, extension, or expansion,
453	of such public road or publicly owned rail corridor, the utility
454	owner shall, upon 30 days' written notice to the utility or its
455	agent by the authority, initiate the work necessary to alleviate
456	the interference at its own expense except as provided in
457	paragraphs (a)-(j). The work must be completed within such
458	reasonable time as stated in the notice or such time as agreed
459	to by the authority and the utility owner.
460	(h) If a municipally owned utility or county-owned utility

(h) If a municipally owned utility or county-owned utility is located in a rural area of opportunity, as defined in <u>s.</u> $\frac{288.0656(3)}{100} = \frac{288.0656(2)}{100}$, and the department determines that the utility is unable, and will not be able within the next 10 years, to pay for the cost of utility work necessitated by a

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465	department project on the State Highway System, the department
466	may pay, in whole or in part, the cost of such utility work
467	performed by the department or its contractor.
468	Section 10. Subsection (7) of section 339.2818, Florida
469	Statutes, is amended to read:
470	339.2818 Small County Outreach Program
471	(7) Subject to a specific appropriation in addition to
472	funds annually appropriated for projects under this section, a
473	municipality within a rural area of opportunity or a rural area
474	of opportunity community designated under <u>s. 288.0656(8)(a)</u> s.
475	288.0656(7)(a) may compete for the additional project funding
476	using the criteria listed in subsection (4) at up to 100 percent
477	of project costs, excluding capacity improvement projects.
478	Section 11. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section
479	339.2819, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
480	339.2819 Transportation Regional Incentive Program
481	(4)
482	(c) The department shall give priority to projects that:
483	1. Provide connectivity to the Strategic Intermodal System
484	developed under s. 339.64.
485	2. Support economic development and the movement of goods
486	in rural areas of opportunity designated under <u>s. 288.0656(8)</u> s.
487	288.0656(7) .
488	3. Are subject to a local ordinance that establishes
489	corridor management techniques, including access management
490	strategies, right-of-way acquisition and protection measures,
491	appropriate land use strategies, zoning, and setback
492	requirements for adjacent land uses.
493	4. Improve connectivity between military installations and

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494	the Strategic Highway Network or the Strategic Rail Corridor
495	Network.
496	
497	The department shall also consider the extent to which local
498	matching funds are available to be committed to the project.
499	Section 12. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section
500	339.63, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
501	339.63 System facilities designated; additions and
502	deletions
503	(5)
504	(b) A facility designated part of the Strategic Intermodal
505	System pursuant to paragraph (a) that is within the jurisdiction
506	of a local government that maintains a transportation
507	concurrency system shall receive a waiver of transportation
508	concurrency requirements applicable to Strategic Intermodal
509	System facilities in order to accommodate any development at the
510	facility which occurs pursuant to a building permit issued on or
511	before December 31, 2017, but only if such facility is located:
512	1. Within an area designated pursuant to <u>s. 288.0656(8)</u> s.
513	288.0656(7) as a rural area of opportunity;
514	2. Within a rural enterprise zone as defined in s.
515	290.004(5); or
516	3. Within 15 miles of the boundary of a rural area of
517	opportunity or a rural enterprise zone.
518	Section 13. Subsection (16) of section 479.16, Florida
519	Statutes, is amended to read:
520	479.16 Signs for which permits are not requiredThe
521	following signs are exempt from the requirement that a permit
522	for a sign be obtained under this chapter but are required to

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<pre>523 comply with s. 479.11(4)-(8), and subsections (15)-(20) may not 524 be implemented or continued if the Federal Government notifies 525 the department that implementation or continuation will 526 adversely affect the allocation of federal funds to the 527 department: 528 (16) Signs placed by a local tourist-oriented business 529 located within a rural area of opportunity as defined in <u>s.</u> 530 <u>288.0656(3)</u> s. 288.0656(2) which are: 531 (a) Not more than 8 square feet in size or more than 4 feet 532 in height; 533 (b) Located only in rural areas on a facility that does not 534 meet the definition of a limited access facility, as defined in 535 s. 334.03; 536 (c) Located within 2 miles of the business location and at 537 least 500 feet apart; 538 (d) Located only in two directions leading to the business; 539 and 540 (e) Not located within the road right-of-way. 541 542 A business placing such signs must be at least 4 miles from any 543 other business using this exemption and may not participate in 544 any other directional signage program by the department. 545 546 If the exemptions in subsections (15)-(20) are not implemented 547 or continued due to notification from the Federal Government 548 that the allocation of federal funds to the department will be 549 adversely impacted, the department shall provide notice to the 549 adversely impacted.</pre>	1	26-00117-18 2018170
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326adversely affect the allocation of federal funds to the527department:528(16) Signs placed by a local tourist-oriented business529located within a rural area of opportunity as defined in s.530288.0656(3) s. 288.0656(2) which are:531(a) Not more than 8 square feet in size or more than 4 feet532in height;533(b) Located only in rural areas on a facility that does not534meet the definition of a limited access facility, as defined in535s. 334.03;536(c) Located within 2 miles of the business location and at537least 500 feet apart;538(d) Located only in two directions leading to the business;539and540(e) Not located within the road right-of-way.541542542A business placing such signs must be at least 4 miles from any543other business using this exemption and may not participate in544any other directional signage program by the department.545546546If the exemptions in subsections (15)-(20) are not implemented547or continued due to notification from the Federal Government548that the allocation of federal funds to the department will be549adversely impacted, the department shall provide notice to the	524	be implemented or continued if the Federal Government notifies
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537 least 500 feet apart; 538 (d) Located only in two directions leading to the business; 539 and 540 (e) Not located within the road right-of-way. 541 542 A business placing such signs must be at least 4 miles from any 543 other business using this exemption and may not participate in 544 any other directional signage program by the department. 545 546 If the exemptions in subsections (15)-(20) are not implemented 547 or continued due to notification from the Federal Government 548 that the allocation of federal funds to the department will be 549 adversely impacted, the department shall provide notice to the	535	s. 334.03;
 (d) Located only in two directions leading to the business; and (e) Not located within the road right-of-way. (e) Not located within the road right-of-way. A business placing such signs must be at least 4 miles from any other business using this exemption and may not participate in any other directional signage program by the department. If the exemptions in subsections (15)-(20) are not implemented or continued due to notification from the Federal Government that the allocation of federal funds to the department will be adversely impacted, the department shall provide notice to the 	536	(c) Located within 2 miles of the business location and at
and (e) Not located within the road right-of-way. (e) Not located within the road right-of-way. A business placing such signs must be at least 4 miles from any other business using this exemption and may not participate in any other directional signage program by the department. If the exemptions in subsections (15)-(20) are not implemented or continued due to notification from the Federal Government that the allocation of federal funds to the department will be adversely impacted, the department shall provide notice to the	537	least 500 feet apart;
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548 that the allocation of federal funds to the department will be 549 adversely impacted, the department shall provide notice to the	546	If the exemptions in subsections $(15) - (20)$ are not implemented
549 adversely impacted, the department shall provide notice to the	547	or continued due to notification from the Federal Government
	548	that the allocation of federal funds to the department will be
	549	adversely impacted, the department shall provide notice to the
550 sign owner that the sign must be removed within 30 days after	550	sign owner that the sign must be removed within 30 days after
551 receipt of the notice. If the sign is not removed within 30 days	551	receipt of the notice. If the sign is not removed within 30 days

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	26-00117-18 2018170
552	after receipt of the notice by the sign owner, the department
553	may remove the sign, and the costs incurred in connection with
554	the sign removal shall be assessed against and collected from
555	the sign owner.
556	Section 14. Paragraph (d) of subsection (14) of section
557	627.6699, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
558	627.6699 Employee Health Care Access Act
559	(14) SMALL EMPLOYERS ACCESS PROGRAM
560	(d) Eligibility
561	1. Any small employer that is actively engaged in business,
562	has its principal place of business in this state, employs up to
563	25 eligible employees on business days during the preceding
564	calendar year, employs at least 2 employees on the first day of
565	the plan year, and has had no prior coverage for the last 6
566	months may participate.
567	2. Any municipality, county, school district, or hospital
568	employer located in a rural community as defined in <u>s.</u>
569	<u>288.0656(3)</u> s. 288.0656(2) may participate.
570	3. Nursing home employers may participate.
571	4. Each dependent of a person eligible for coverage is also
572	eligible to participate.
573	
574	Any employer participating in the program must do so until the
575	end of the term for which the carrier providing the coverage is
576	obligated to provide such coverage to the program. Coverage for
577	a small employer group that ceases to meet the eligibility
578	requirements of this section may be terminated at the end of the
579	policy period for which the necessary premiums have been paid.
580	Section 15. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(1	ned in the legislation a		,	
	Prep	ared By: Th	e Professional	Staff of the Commit	tee on Agricult	ure	
BILL:	CS/SB 740)					
INTRODUCER:	Agriculture	e Committ	ee and Senato	r Stargel			
SUBJECT:	Departmen	t of Agric	ulture and Co	nsumer Services			
DATE:	January 11	, 2018	REVISED:				
ANAL	YST	STAFF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION	
. Akhavein		Becker	•	AG	Fav/CS		
2.				AEN			
3.				AP			

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Technical Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 740 addresses issues related to agriculture and certain powers and duties of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (department). It:

- Provides that screen enclosed structures used in citrus production for pest exclusion, when consistent with department adopted best management practices, have no separately assessable value for purposes of ad valorem taxation;
- Shifts the issuance of a local oyster harvesting license for Apalachicola Bay from the department to the City of Apalachicola;
- Removes the electronic payment mandate for pesticide registration payments;
- Allows persons who have served as a military firearms-instructor within the last three years of military service to obtain and to maintain a Class "K" firearms instructor license;
- Creates an additional method of recertification for Class "K" firearms instructor licensees;
- Prohibits comingling charitable and noncharitable funds collected through solicitation or sponsor sales and requires organizations to keep detailed records;
- Prohibits ringless direct-to-voicemail solicitation telephone calls under Florida's Do Not Call statute and adds the opportunity for businesses to add their telephone numbers to the DNC list;
- Revises department sampling and analysis requirements for antifreeze;
- Allows for the lawful seizure of "skimming devices" by department inspectors;
- Revises application requirements and fees for brake fluid brands;

- Makes the Commissioner of Agriculture responsible for liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) insurance issues instead of the Governor of Florida;
- Consolidates and reduces the number of LPG categories and expands the license period from one to three years;
- Eliminates the original and renewal LPG fee structure and replaces it with a new revenue neutral fee structure;
- Updates the dollar threshold for required reporting of LPG accidents from \$1,000 to \$3,000;
- Extends the expiration date for seven Weights, Measures, and Standards sections from July 1, 2020 to July 1, 2025;
- Clearly defines the Commissioner of Agriculture's authority to waive fees during emergencies;
- Updates the Florida Seed Law in to response to technological and federal regulatory changes;
- Authorizes the department to cover the cost of the initial Commercial Driver's License (CDL) examination fee for those Florida Forest Service employees whose positions entail operating CDL-requiring equipment;
- Requires the department to expedite the resolution of issues concerning eligibility requirements for a concealed weapon or firearm license and to issue licenses in absence of disqualifying information within 90 days of the receipt of a completed application;
- Permits tax collectors' offices to provide fingerprinting and photographing services to complete online concealed weapon and firearm license applications and allows tax collectors to print duplicate licenses, the distribution of which is contingent upon approval of the department; and
- Creates the "Government Impostor and Deceptive Advertisements Act" to prevent Florida consumers and businesses from being scammed by companies selling free government forms or mimicking government services.

II. Present Situation:

Information for the analysis of SB 740 was provided by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services in a November 15, 2017, analysis.

Citrus Protection Structures

Section 196.461, F.S., Florida's "greenbelt law," allows properties classified as bona fide agricultural operations to be taxed according to the "use" value of the agricultural operation, rather than the development value. Generally, tax assessments for qualifying lands are lower than tax assessments for other uses. For purposes of the income methodology approach to assessment of property used for agricultural purposes, certain structures that are physically attached to the land are considered a part of the average yields per acre and have no separately assessable contributory (taxable) value. These structures include the following:

- Irrigation systems, including pumps and motors;
- Litter containment structures located on producing poultry farms and animal waste nutrient containment structures located on producing dairy farms; and

• Structures or improvements used in horticultural production for frost or freeze protection, which are consistent with the interim measures or best management practices adopted by the department.

Apalachicola Bay Oyster Harvesting Licenses

Florida residents and non-residents seeking to harvest oysters from Apalachicola Bay must purchase an annual Apalachicola Bay Oyster Harvesting License (ABOHL) from the department if commercial quantities are being harvested and they are 18 years old or older. Such licenses are valid from July 1st through June 30th. Individuals applying for the ABOHL between May 17th and June 30th receive the required Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Saltwater Products License in conjunction with the ABOHL without any additional fees. License fees are deposited into the General Inspection Trust Fund and are used by the department to support oyster shell planting activities in Apalachicola Bay.

Pesticide Registration Fees

Currently, payments of all pesticide registration fees are submitted electronically by using the department's website. Some pesticide registrants would prefer to mail checks, which the proposed legislation would allow.

Firearm Licenses

Some veterans acquired firearms instructor training during their service and are allowed to obtain initial licensure as a Florida firearms (Class "K") instructor through relevant credit for military training. However, there is no current avenue for these veterans to renew their license because current law only recognizes current instructor certification from the Florida Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission, from the National Rifle Association (NRA), or from a federal law enforcement agency. These avenues, which are used for both initial and continuing education, are either not available for veterans with this experience, or as in the case of the NRA instructor certification, not logical in that it requires a person to have worked at least three years as an armed security guard.

Solicitation of Funds

Many states require organizations soliciting charitable contributions to have a separate account for their non-charitable funds. Currently, Florida law does not contain an explicit prohibition regarding the comingling of charitable and non-charitable monies, nor does it contain recordkeeping provisions related to delineating between charitable and non-charitable transactions. Therefore, when Attorney General Office prosecutors and/or departmental regulators investigate allegations of misuse of charitably-solicited funds, their job is made many times more challenging by the need to decouple charitable and non-charitable monies in the accounting records under consideration.

Water Vending Machines

Water vending machine applicants must submit forms to the department "in writing," thus prohibiting the use of digital applications. Eliminating the "in writing" requirement would decrease processing time and improve customer service. The department issues serialized permit ID decals to approved vending machine owners. The bill deletes this requirement because the serialized decals are inconsistent with non-serialized decals used in other departmental inspection programs.

Telephone Solicitation

Advances in ringless communication technology allow telemarketers to directly deliver voicemail messages without causing a customer's telephone to ring. A company recently filed a petition with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) requesting that the agency declare such communications exempt from federal Do Not Call (DNC) regulations. After the FCC received more than 80,000 opposing comments, the company withdrew its petition without receiving an FCC ruling on ringless technology. The department believes that ringless communication constitutes a telephonic sales call under the state's DNC statute. In the absence of a federal rule regarding this technological innovation, the department believes adding a state prohibition of ringless voicemails is necessary.

Currently, telemarketers have no recordkeeping requirements. Investigations of one or two complaints often reveal patterns of behavior. However, in the absence of records, it is difficult to establish violations of both the DNC and Telemarketing Acts.

Credit and Debit Card Skimming Devices

Last year, the department identified 340 credit and debit card skimming devices for seizure, in connection with gasoline and oil inspections. When department inspectors locate the devices, they contact the Office of Agriculture Law Enforcement (OALE), or when geographic and staffing issues prevent a response from OALE, local law enforcement is asked to remove the devices. Law enforcement personnel must seize the illegal devices and maintain a proper chain of custody for future legal proceedings. Inspectors often wait at a site for an average of two to three hours per incident because these are non-emergency requests. This takes approximately 680-1,020 staff hours per year. The time spent waiting on a law enforcement response is a drain on personnel resources and prevents inspectors from checking other locations for similar devices.

Petroleum Inspection

The department regularly conducts inspections of the petroleum distribution system and analyzes samples of petroleum products to ensure that Florida consumers are getting the amount they pay for and the quality they expect. Gasoline, alternative fuels, kerosene, diesel, fuel oil, antifreeze products, and brake fluid products are routinely tested and must meet strict standards.

Antifreeze

Currently, there are separate definitions in the statutes for the terms antifreeze coolant, antifreeze, and summer coolant. The bill would remove the unnecessary distinction between coolant types because the differences among these fluids are inconsequential for the purposes of the law.

Samples of all antifreeze brands and products must be submitted to the department's Bureau of Standards laboratory for annual testing prior to registration, even if the products have previously been tested and offered for sale in Florida. As such, applicants are not allowed to rely on certified reports from independent testing laboratories in lieu of departmental testing. Notwithstanding these seemingly stringent requirements, testing oversight is limited under current law because companies are permitted to select their own samples and rarely is random sampling or retesting performed. The bill would also make antifreeze formula requirements consistent with the internal departmental testing specified in the above paragraph. Currently, the department does not have access to an antifreeze manufacturer's formula in order to confirm the independently conducted testing results that would be submitted with an application.

Brake Fluid

Applicants must submit all brake fluid brands and products to the Bureau of Standards' laboratory for testing prior to initial registration. Despite this requirement, there are no assurances that the samples the department tests are the same as the products being offered for sale since the applicant collects and ships samples directly to the laboratory.

Sale of Liquefied Petroleum Gas

The department recently collaborated with the Florida LP Gas Association and other industry leaders to modernize the laws that govern Liquefied Petroleum Gas. This will align the law with current business practices, simplify the registration process and fee structure, and streamline the regulatory structure.

Weights, Measures, and Standards

The department tests, inspects, and regulates the operation of weighting and measuring devices used in commercial transactions. The program is funded through permit fees which have a statutory ceiling. Originally, there was a July 1, 2014, sunset provision, which the Legislature extended until July 1, 2020. Unless the Legislature reenacts this provision, the current permitting fee-structure for weighing and measuring devices will expire in two years. The industries that use measurements in commercial transactions support extending the licenses and the associated fees.

Florida Seed Law

Technological and federal regulatory changes have created the need for Florida to update and reorganize its Seed Law contained in chapter 578, F.S. By modernizing the law, Florida will align itself with the provisions of the Recommended Uniform State Seed Law, the Federal Seed Act, and the Plant Variety Protection Act, as well as the requirements of neighboring states. The proposed changes will promote interstate commerce and regulatory consistency across state lines, which will afford stakeholders a better understanding of Florida's Seed Law. The department believes optimizing regulation and decreasing regulatory compliance costs will allow Florida's seed industry to become more competitive and better equipped to feed Florida's growing population.

Forest Protection

The Florida Forest Service (FFS) has 20 different job classes that require a Class A or B Commercial Driver's License (CDL) as a condition of employment. In any given year, the FFS has approximately 80 new employees (mostly Forest Rangers) that must obtain their Class A or B CDL. The Department of Financial Services' *Reference Guide for State Expenditures* prohibits the use of public funds to pay license or examination fees under Chapter 691-40.002(23), F.A.C. Allowing the department to use public funds to pay for the examination fees would help with employee recruitment and retention in job classifications that are already problematic.

Weapons and Firearms

During the 2014 Legislative Session, a bill was passed authorizing constitutionally-elected tax collectors throughout the state to accept concealed weapon license applications on behalf of the department. Subsequently, during the 2016 Legislative Session, the law was amended again to allow tax collectors to print and to furnish renewal licenses to concealed weapon license holders who submit a complete license renewal application to a tax collector's office, predicated upon approval of the department. As of June 2017, there were 44 tax collectors using the Concealed Weapon Intake System (CWIS) to offer application processing services in 50 office locations throughout the state. The department plans to put the CWIS hardware and software in nine new tax collectors' offices this fiscal year. This program has proved to be very successful because more citizens have used the tax collectors' office service to submit concealed weapon applications than mailed their applications to the department.

Government Impostor and Deceptive Advertisement Act

The department receives numerous complaints from consumers and businesses that have been scammed by companies selling free government forms or mimicking government services. Businesses that sell free government forms or trick businesses into filing unnecessary paperwork have operated in Florida for several years. The U.S. Post Office currently prohibits this type of mailing of federal government forms or program offers, however, currently, the only remedy is to throw away the offending material, which does not protect unsuspecting consumers. The state of Tennessee passed a similar bill in 2017 and several others are expected to propose language in 2018.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 amends s. 193.461, F.S., to provide that screen enclosed structures used in citrus production for pest exclusion, when consistent with department adopted best management practices, have no separately assessable value for purposes of ad valorem taxation.

Section 2 s. 379.361, F.S., to transfer the responsibilities for Apalachicola Bay Oyster Harvesting licensure from the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (department) to the City of Apalachicola, Florida. It also allows annual license fees collected by the city to be used for the Apalachicola Bay oyster shell recycling program.

Section 3 amends s. 487.041, F.S., to eliminate the requirement that payment of any pesticide registration fee must be submitted electronically using the department's Internet website.

Section 4 amends s. 493.6105, F.S., to allow persons who have served as a military firearmsinstructor within the last three years of military service to obtain and to maintain a Class "K" firearms instructor license.

Section 5 amends s. 493.6113, F.S., to create an additional method of recertification for Class "K" firearms instructor licensees. Licensees would also be allowed to submit proof that they have taught at least six 28-hour firearms instruction courses to Class "G" statewide firearms license applicants during the previous triennial licensure period.

Section 6 amends s. 496.415, F.S., to prohibit the comingling of charitable contributions with noncharitable funds in connection with the planning, conduct, or execution of any solicitation or charitable or sponsor sales promotion.

Section 7 amends s. 496.418, F.S., to define noncharitable funds to include any funds that are not used or intended to be used for the operation of a charity or for charitable purposes. It also requires those soliciting charitable funds to keep accurate and separate sets of records to justify charitable expenses.

Section 8 amends s. 500.459, F.S., to eliminate the requirement that water vending machine applicants must submit forms to the department "in writing." This change would permit applications to be submitted electronically.

Section 9 amends s. 501.059, F.S., to revise the term "telephone sales call" in order to keep pace with advances in ringless communication technology used by telemarketers to solicit sales from consumers. It also prohibits a telephone solicitor or other person to call or text a business that does not wish to receive an outbound telephone call or text message.

Section 10 creates s. 501.6175, F.S., to require telemarketers to maintain specified records for two years after a consumer is contacted. A telemarketer must make records available for inspection and copying within 10 days after a department request.

Section 11 amends s. 501.912, F.S., to revise the definition of "antifreeze" to include antifreeze coolant, antifreeze and summer coolant, and summer coolant. This change consolidates separate definitions and removes the unnecessary distinction between coolant types.

Section 12 amends s. 501.913, F.S., to allow applicants (person whose name appears on the label, the manufacturer, or the packager) to choose between a one-year or a two-year permit when registering antifreeze brands and products. It eliminates affidavit requirements when a registered brand is no longer in production or distribution. It also eliminates the requirement that the department independently test the fluids upon application. In lieu of departmental testing, all first time applicants would submit a certified report from an independent testing laboratory, dated within the last six months.

Section 13 amends s. 501.917, F.S., to require the department to perform the analysis of all samples of antifreeze that are collected in the inspection of a business that sells antifreeze. The department's certificate of analysis would be evidence that, if not overcome, would be sufficient evidence to demonstrate that the stated facts are true.

Section 14 amends s. 501.92, F.S., to conform this section's antifreeze formula requirements to the internal departmental testing requirements specified in s. 501.917, F.S.

Section 15 amends s. 525.07, F.S., to allow department inspectors to seize without warrant any credit or debit card skimming device.

Section 16 amends s. 526.51, F.S., to allow a brake fluid business to submit readily available product analysis reports for new products to the department. It allows businesses to register

products for 24 months, creating greater efficiency for the business as well as the department. It also eliminates affidavit requirements when a registered brand and formula combination is no longer in production or distribution.

Section 17 amends s. 526.53, F.S., to require the department to perform the analysis of all samples of brake fluid that are collected in the inspection of a business that sells brake fluid. The department's certificate of analysis would be evidence that, if not overcome, would be sufficient evidence to demonstrate that the stated facts are true.

Section 18 amends s. 527.01, F.S., to update definitions concerning liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) licensee categories so they will more accurately reflect current business practices. It also provides an optional expansion of the license period from one to three years.

Section 19 amends s. 527.02, F.S., to revise the persons subject to liquefied petroleum business licensing provisions. It eliminates the original and renewal LPG license fee structure and replaces it with a new revenue neutral fee structure. It allows a licensee to make information changes for a \$10 fee, removing the requirement for the licensee to apply for a new license and again pay the full license fee. It also deletes pipeline system operator license provisions because they are now regulated by the federal government under 49 CFR 191 and 192.

Section 20 amends s. 527.0201, F.S., to clarify the difference between qualifier and master qualifier registration and licenses pertaining to the sale of liquefied petroleum gas. It increases the requirements to achieve master qualifier status and removes the employer's name from master qualifier certificates issued by the department. It also removes the overly punitive 90-day registration revocation for firms without a master qualifier.

Section 21 amends s. 527.021, F.S., to revise the circumstances under which liquefied petroleum gas bulk delivery vehicles must be registered with the department. The vehicle would be registered at the time it is placed into service or during the licensing application process by the LP gas dealer.

Section 22 amends s. 527.03, F.S., to allow for 12, 24, or 36-month LPG licenses at the discretion of the licensee. It optimizes the application process by eliminating defined application periods.

Section 23 amends s. 527.04, F.S., to make the Commissioner of Agriculture responsible for LPG insurance issues rather than the Governor of Florida.

Section 24 amends s. 527.0605, F.S., to remove the requirement that licensees submit a site plan and a review fee for liquefied petroleum bulk storage container site inspections prior to commencing operations and allows for master qualifier compliance reviews. A final inspection by the department is still required prior to commencing operations.

Section 25 amends s. 527.065, F.S., to update the dollar threshold for required reporting of LPG accidents from \$1,000 to \$3,000.

Section 26 amends s. 527.10, F.S., to conform provisions to changes made by this act.

Section 27 amends s. 527.21, F.S., to conform provisions to changes make by this act.

Section 28 amends s. 527.22, F.S., to streamline the Florida Propane Gas Education, Safety, and Research Council nomination procedures.

Section 29 amends s. 531.67, F.S., to extend the expiration date of seven Weights, Measures, and Standards sections which provide testing, inspections, and regulations for the operation of weighing and measuring devices used in commercial transactions. The date would be extended from July 1, 2020 to July 1, 2025.

Section 30 amends s. 570.07, F.S., to clarify that the Commissioner of Agriculture has the authority during a state of emergency to waive fees for duplicate copies or renewal of permits, licenses, certifications, or other similar types of authorizations.

Section 31 amends s. 573.111, F.S., to eliminate the requirement to post a notice on the public bulletin board in the Mayo Building in Tallahassee, FL, before the issuance, suspension, amendment, or termination of any marketing order covered by chapter 573, F.S., or departmental actions affecting marketing orders. This information would continue to be available on the department's website for individuals to review.

Section 32 amends s. 578.011, F.S., to clarify and update the definitions in chapter 578, F.S., to reflect current technological developments in seed production.

Section 33 creates s. 578.012, F.S., to explicitly provide for state preemption of the authority to regulate seed or matters relating to seed in order to eliminate regulatory duplication. A local government or political subdivision of the state may not enact or enforce any ordinance that regulates seed, including the power to assess any penalties for violations.

Section 34 amends s. 578.08, F.S., to expand the definition of tree seed by deleting the limiting adjective "forest" and by including shrub seed into the types of seed that require registration. It eliminates the need for the department to issue written registration receipts, clarifies registration requirements for seed dealers, and requires registration and the payment of fees when packet seed is placed into commerce.

Section 35 amends s. 578.09, F.S., to revise labeling requirements for agricultural vegetable, flower, tree, and shrub seeds. It also requires seed labels for agricultural seed, including lawn and turf grass seed and mixtures, to label hybrids as hybrids.

Section 36 repeals s. 578.091, F.S., pertaining to forest tree seed. The provisions in this section have been moved to s. 578.09, F.S.

Section 37 amends s. 578.10, F.S., to clarify the release from liability afforded to a person who unknowingly sells seed that is mislabeled. It requires sellers to take reasonable actions to ensure the identity of seed in cases involving criminal penalties for incorrect labels. It exempts seed under development or maintained for research purposes from the provisions of s. 578.09 and 578.13, F.S. because they are not commercially available to consumers or businesses.

Section 38 amends s. 578.11, F.S., to make technical changes and to conform provisions to changes made by this act.

Section 39 amends s. 578.12, F.S., to conform provisions to changes made by this act.

Section 40 amends s. 578.13, F.S., to expand the definition of seed to include shrubs. It specifies that it is unlawful to move, handle, or dispose of seeds or tags under a stop-sale notice or order without permission from the department. It specifies that it is unlawful to represent seed as certified except under specified conditions or to label seed with a variety name under certain conditions.

Section 41 repeals s. 578.14, F.S., relating to packet vegetable and flower seed. The section's registration requirements are moved to s. 578.08(5), F.S.

Section 42 amends s. 578.181, F.S., to clarify when penalties may be imposed. It expands what constitutes obstruction of departmental efforts and clarifies that the pre-penalty warning letter requirement is appropriate for minor seed-related violations while fines and other administrative action may be taken for major seed-related violations.

Section 43 amends s. 578.23, F.S., to reduce the seed record retention periods from three to two years. It adds a one-year seed holding requirement after final disposition and continues to require all such records and samples be made available for departmental inspection.

Section 44 amends s. 578.26, F.S., to change the word "farmer" to the word "buyer." It allows buyers, instead of exclusively farmers, to file complaints with the Seed Investigation and Conciliation Council (SICC) which is given broader authority to recommend settlements beyond cost damages. It requires that any contested seed be planted in the state and that all administrative remedies be exhausted prior to commending any legal action. It also restates that the department is to mail a copy of the SICC's procedures to each party once a complaint has been filed.

Section 45 amends s. 578.27, F.S., to remove alternate membership from the SICC and revise the terms of members of the council. It revises the purpose of the council to assist buyers, instead of exclusively farmers, and seed dealers. It also clarifies language regarding inspections by the SICC of the complainant's farming operations and practices.

Section 46 renumbers s. 578.28, F.S., pertaining to seed in hermetically sealed containers, as s. 578.092, F.S.

Section 47 creates s. 578.29, F.S., to prohibit the presence of "prohibited noxious weed seed," as defined in s. 578.011, F.S., to be present in agricultural, vegetable, flower, tree, or shrub seed offered or exposed for sale in Florida.

Section 48 amends s. 590.02, F.S., to authorize the department to cover the cost of the initial Commercial Driver's License (CDL) examination fee for those Florida Forest Service employees

whose positions entail operating CDL-requiring equipment. It authorizes the department to make rules to accomplish this provision.

Section 49 amends s. 790.06, F.S., to revise department handling of incomplete criminal history information in relation to licensure to carry concealed firearms. It requires the department to expedite the resolution of issues concerning eligibility requirements for a concealed weapon or firearm license and to issue licenses in absence of disqualifying information within 90 days of the receipt of a completed application. It substitutes an oath for a notary requirement on applications to replace a lost or destroyed firearm license.

Section 50 amends s. 790.0625, F.S., to expand services that authorized tax collector offices can provide for applicants of concealed weapon or firearms licenses. It allows tax collectors' offices to print duplicate licenses, the distribution of which is contingent upon approval and confirmation from the department. It permits tax collectors' offices to provide fingerprinting and photographing services to complete online concealed weapon and firearm license applications. It also revises the fees which a tax collector may collect and remit weekly to the department.

Section 51 creates s. 817.417, F.S., to create the "Government Impostor and Deceptive Advertisement Act" to prevent Florida consumers and businesses from being scammed by companies selling free government forms or mimicking government services. It defines terms and specifies department duties and responsibilities. The act would prohibit mailings, emails, or websites that target Floridians without prominent disclaimers stating that the sales materials are not related to any government filing and/or that the information or forms can be obtained free of charge. Businesses would be required to give consumers the website or phone number of the agency that provides the free information or face potential fines.

Section 52 amends s. 489.105, F.S., to conform provisions made by this act.

Section 53 reenacts s. 527.06, F.S., relating to published standards of the National Fire Protection Association.

Section 54 provides that this act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

See Government and Private Sector Impact sections.

B. Private Sector Impact:

The department would pay the fees for Class A and B Commercial Driver's License testing for persons who are newly hired by the Florida Forest Service and employees who are promoted to positions needing such licenses.

C. Government Sector Impact:

	FY 2018-19	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21
REVENUES Recurring: Administration transfer of shellfish aquaculture licenses to the City of Apalachicola	-79,900	-79,900	-79,900
Consolidation of liquefied petroleum gas licenses	-3,000	-3,000	-3,000
Non-Recurring:	0	0	0
Total Revenue Loss:	-82,900	-82,900	-82,900

	FY 2018-19	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21
EXPENDITURES Recurring: Administration transfer of shellfish aquaculture licenses to the City of Apalachicola (offsetting reduction in oyster planting expenditures)	-79,900	-79,900	-79,900
Antifreeze (increase in sample purchasing)	6,000	6,000	6,000
Gasoline and oil inspection (increased shipping costs for skimming devices)	4,800	4,800	4,800
Brake fluid (increase in sample purchasing)	4,370	4,370	4,370
Florida Forest Service –	36,000	36,000	36,000

80 \$300 Class B Commercial Driver's License test fees and 40 \$300 Class A Commercial Driver's License test fees			
Total Increase in Recurring Expenditures:	-28,730	-28,730	-28,730
Non-Recurring:	0	0	0
Total Decrease in Expenditures:	-28,730	-28,730	-28,730
Total FDACS Decrease in Expenditures:	-54,170	-54,170	-54,170

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 193.461, 379.361, 487.041, 493.6105, 493.6113, 496.415, 496.418, 500.459, 501.059, 501.912, 501.913, 501.917, 501.92, 525.07, 526.51, 526.53, 527.01, 527.02, 527.0201, 527.021, 527.03, 527.04, 527.0605, 527.065, 527.10, 527.21, 527.22, 531.67, 570.07, 573.111, 578.011, 578.08, 578.09, 578.10, 578.11, 578.12, 578.13, 578.181, 578.23, 578.26, 578.27, 578.28, 578.092, 590.02, 790.06, 790.0625, and 489.105.

This bill creates the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 501.6175, 578.012, 578.29, and 817.417.

This bill repeals the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 578.091 and 578.14.

The bill reenacts the following section of the Florida Statutes: 527.06(3).

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Agriculture Committee on January 11, 2018:

The committee substitute:

• Provides that screen enclosed structures used in citrus production for pest exclusion, when consistent with department adopted best management practices, have no separately assessable value for purposes of ad valorem taxation;

- Retains the language of current law, which was unintentionally struck, pertaining to labeling requirements of agricultural, vegetable, flower, tree, or shrub seed;
- Requires seed labels for agricultural seed, including lawn and turf grass seed and mixtures, to label hybrids as hybrids; and
- Corrects a cross-reference.
- B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

House

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate . Comm: RCS . 01/11/2018 . . .

The Committee on Agriculture (Stargel) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Between lines 183 and 184

insert:

Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 193.461, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

193.461 Agricultural lands; classification and assessment; mandated eradication or quarantine program.-

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(c)1. For purposes of the income methodology approach to

(6)

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11 assessment of property used for agricultural purposes, 12 irrigation systems, including pumps and motors, which are 13 physically attached to the land are shall be considered a part 14 of the average yields per acre and do not shall have any no separately assessable contributory value. 15 16 2. Litter containment structures located on producing 17 poultry farms and animal waste nutrient containment structures 18 located on producing dairy farms must shall be assessed by the 19 methodology described in subparagraph 1. 20 3. Structures or improvements used in horticultural production for frost or freeze protection and screen enclosed 21 22 structures used in citrus production for pest exclusion, which 23 are consistent with the interim measures or best management 24 practices adopted by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 25 Services pursuant to s. 570.93 or s. 403.067(7)(c), must shall 26 be assessed by the methodology described in subparagraph 1. 27 28 And the title is amended as follows: 29 30 Delete line 3 31 and insert: 32 Consumer Services; amending s. 193.461, F.S.; 33 specifying a methodology for the assessment of certain structures in citrus production; amending s. 379.361, 34 35 F.S.;

House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate . Comm: RCS . 01/11/2018 . .

The Committee on Agriculture (Stargel) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment

Delete lines 1638 - 1640

and insert:

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7 8 written or printed <u>label or tag</u> in the English language, in Century type. All data pertaining to analysis <u>must</u> shall appear on a single label. Language setting forth the requirements for filing

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate House • Comm: RCS . 01/11/2018 • • • The Committee on Agriculture (Stargel) recommended the following: Senate Amendment Delete line 1677 and insert: "mixed" shall be shown conspicuously on the label. Hybrids must be labeled as hybrids.

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LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate House • Comm: RCS • 01/11/2018 • • • The Committee on Agriculture (Stargel) recommended the following: Senate Amendment Delete line 2119 and insert: containers which is provided for in s. 578.092 s. 578.28.

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1 2 3

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By Senator Stargel

	22-00439B-18 2018740
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Department of Agriculture and
3	Consumer Services; amending s. 379.361, F.S.;
4	transferring authority to issue licenses for oyster
5	harvesting in Apalachicola Bay from the department to
6	the City of Apalachicola; revising the disposition and
7	permitted uses of license proceeds; amending s.
8	487.041, F.S.; deleting obsolete provisions; deleting
9	a requirement that all pesticide registration fees be
10	submitted electronically; amending s. 493.6105, F.S.;
11	revising the submission requirements for a Class "K"
12	firearm license application; amending s. 493.6113,
13	F.S.; revising submission requirements for a Class "K"
14	firearm license renewal; amending s. 496.415, F.S.;
15	prohibiting the comingling of funds in connection with
16	the planning, conduct, or execution of any
17	solicitation or charitable or sponsor sales promotion;
18	amending s. 496.418, F.S.; revising recordkeeping and
19	accounting requirements for solicitations of funds;
20	amending s. 500.459, F.S.; revising permitting
21	requirements and operating standards for water vending
22	machines; amending s. 501.059, F.S.; revising the term
23	"telephonic sales call"; prohibiting telephone
24	solicitors from initiating certain contact with
25	businesses who previously communicated that they did
26	not wish to be so contacted; creating s. 501.6175,
27	F.S.; specifying recordkeeping requirements for
28	commercial telephone sellers; amending s. 501.912,
29	F.S.; revising terms; amending s. 501.913, F.S.;

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30	authorizing antifreeze brands to be registered for a
31	specified period; deleting a provision relating to the
32	registration of brands that are no longer in
33	production; specifying a certified report requirement
34	for first-time applications; amending s. 501.917,
35	F.S.; revising department sampling and analysis
36	requirements for antifreeze; specifying that the
37	certificate of analysis is prima facie evidence of the
38	facts stated therein; amending s. 501.92, F.S.;
39	revising when the department may require an antifreeze
40	formula for analysis; amending s. 525.07, F.S.;
41	authorizing the department to seize skimming devices
42	without a warrant; amending s. 526.51, F.S.; revising
43	application requirements and fees for brake fluid
44	brands; deleting a provision relating to the
45	registration of brands that are no longer in
46	production; amending s. 526.53, F.S.; revising
47	department sampling and analysis requirements for
48	brake fluid; specifying that the certificate of
49	analysis is prima facie evidence of the facts stated
50	therein; amending s. 527.01, F.S.; revising terms;
51	amending s. 527.02, F.S.; revising the persons subject
52	to liquefied petroleum business licensing provisions;
53	revising such licensing fees and requirements;
54	revising reporting and fee requirements for certain
55	material changes to license information; deleting a
56	provision authorizing license transfers; amending s.
57	527.0201, F.S.; revising the persons subject to
58	liquefied petroleum qualifier competency examination,

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22-00439B-18 2018740 59 registry, supervisory, and employment requirements; 60 revising the expiration of qualifier registrations; 61 revising the persons subject to master qualifier 62 requirements; revising master qualifier application 63 requirements; deleting provisions specifying that a failure to replace master qualifiers within certain 64 65 periods constitutes grounds for license revocation; deleting a provision relating to facsimile 66 transmission of duplicate licenses; amending s. 67 68 527.021, F.S.; revising the circumstances under which 69 liquefied petroleum gas bulk delivery vehicles must be 70 registered with the department; amending s. 527.03, 71 F.S.; authorizing certain liquefied petroleum gas 72 registrations to be renewed for 2 or 3 years; deleting 73 certain renewal period requirements; amending s. 74 527.04, F.S.; revising the persons required to provide 75 the department with proof of insurance; revising the 76 required payee for a bond in lieu of such insurance; 77 amending s. 527.0605, F.S.; deleting provisions 78 requiring licensees to submit a site plan and review 79 fee for liquefied petroleum bulk storage container 80 locations; amending s. 527.065, F.S.; revising the 81 circumstances under which a liquefied petroleum gas 82 licensee must notify the department of an accident; amending ss. 527.10 and 527.21, F.S.; conforming 83 provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 84 85 527.22, F.S.; deleting an obsolete provision; amending 86 s. 531.67, F.S.; extending the expiration date of 87 certain provisions relating to permits for

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88	commercially operated or tested weights or measures
89	instruments or devices; amending s. 570.07, F.S.;
90	authorizing the department to waive certain fees
91	during a state of emergency; amending s. 573.111,
92	F.S.; revising the required posting location for the
93	issuance of an agricultural commodity marketing order;
94	amending s. 578.011, F.S.; revising and defining
95	terms; creating s. 578.012, F.S.; providing
96	legislative intent; creating a preemption of local law
97	relating to regulation of seed; amending s. 578.08,
98	F.S.; revising application requirements for the
99	registration of seed dealers; conforming provisions to
100	changes made by the act; specifying that a receipt
101	from the department need not be written to constitute
102	a permit; deleting an exception to registration
103	requirements for certain experiment stations;
104	requiring the payment of fees when packet seed is
105	placed into commerce; amending s. 578.09, F.S.;
106	revising labeling requirements for agricultural,
107	vegetable, flower, tree, and shrub seeds; conforming a
108	cross-reference; repealing s. 578.091, F.S., relating
109	to labeling of forest tree seed; amending s. 578.10,
110	F.S.; revising exemptions to seed labeling, sale, and
111	solicitation requirements; amending s. 578.11, F.S.;
112	conforming provisions to changes made by the act;
113	making technical changes; amending s. 578.12, F.S.;
114	conforming provisions to changes made by the act;
115	amending s. 578.13, F.S.; conforming provisions to
116	changes made by the act; specifying that it is

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117	unlawful to move, handle, or dispose of seeds or tags
118	under a stop-sale notice or order without permission
119	from the department; specifying that it is unlawful to
120	represent seed as certified except under specified
121	conditions or to label seed with a variety name under
122	certain conditions; repealing s. 578.14, F.S.,
123	relating to packet vegetable and flower seed; amending
124	s. 578.181, F.S.; revising penalties; amending s.
125	578.23, F.S.; revising recordkeeping requirements
126	relating to seed labeling; amending s. 578.26, F.S.;
127	conforming provisions to changes made by the act;
128	specifying that certain persons may not commence legal
129	proceedings or make certain claims against a seed
130	dealer before certain findings and recommendations are
131	transmitted by the seed investigation and conciliation
132	council to the complainant and dealer; deleting a
133	requirement that the department transmit such findings
134	and recommendations to complainants and dealers;
135	requiring the department to mail a copy of the
136	council's procedures to both parties upon receipt of a
137	complaint; amending s. 578.27, F.S.; removing
138	alternate membership from the seed investigation and
139	conciliation council; revising the terms of members of
140	the council; conforming provisions to changes made by
141	the act; revising the purpose of the council; revising
142	the council's investigatory process; renumbering and
143	amending s. 578.28, F.S.; making a technical change;
144	creating s. 578.29, F.S.; prohibiting certain noxious
145	weed seed from being offered or exposed for sale;

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22-00439B-18 2018740 146 amending s. 590.02, F.S.; authorizing the Florida 147 Forest Service to pay certain employees' initial commercial driver license examination fees; amending 148 149 s. 790.06, F.S.; revising required department handling 150 of incomplete criminal history information in relation 151 to licensure to carry concealed firearms; revising the 152 required furnished statement to obtain a duplicate or 153 substitute concealed weapon or firearm license; 154 amending s. 790.0625, F.S.; revising required tax 155 collector collection and remittance of firearm license 156 fees; revising the fees which a tax collector may 157 retain; authorizing certain tax collectors to print 158 and deliver certain replacement licenses under certain 159 conditions; authorizing certain tax collectors to 160 offer fingerprinting and photographing services to aid 161 license applicants; creating s. 817.417, F.S.; 162 providing a short title; defining terms; specifying 163 department duties and responsibilities relating to 164 government impostor and deceptive advertisements; 165 requiring rulemaking by the department; specifying 166 that it is a violation to disseminate certain 167 misleading or confusing advertisements, to make 168 certain misleading or confusing representations, to 169 use content implying or leading to confusion that such 170 content is from a governmental entity when such is not 171 true, to fail to provide certain disclosures, and to 172 fail to provide certain responses and answers to the 173 department; requiring a person offering documents that 174 are available free of charge or at a lesser price from

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1	22-00439B-18 2018740
175	a governmental entity to provide a certain disclosure;
176	providing penalties; amending s. 489.105, F.S.;
177	conforming provisions to changes made by the act;
178	reenacting s. 527.06(3), F.S., relating to published
179	standards of the National Fire Protection Association;
180	providing an effective date.
181	
182	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
183	
184	Section 1. Paragraphs (b), (d), and (i) of subsection (5)
185	of section 379.361, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
186	379.361 Licenses
187	(5) APALACHICOLA BAY OYSTER HARVESTING LICENSE
188	(b) <u>A</u> No person may not shall harvest oysters from the
189	Apalachicola Bay without a valid Apalachicola Bay oyster
190	harvesting license issued by the <u>City of Apalachicola</u> Department
191	of Agriculture and Consumer Services . This requirement <u>does</u>
192	shall not apply to anyone harvesting noncommercial quantities of
193	oysters in accordance with commission rules, or to any person
194	less than 18 years old.
195	(d) The <u>City of Apalachicola</u> Department of Agriculture and
196	Consumer Services shall collect an annual fee of \$100 from <u>state</u>
197	residents and \$500 from nonresidents for the issuance of an
198	Apalachicola Bay oyster harvesting license. The license year
199	shall begin on July 1 of each year and end on June 30 of the
200	following year. The license shall be valid only for the
201	licensee. Only bona fide residents of <u>the state</u> Florida may
202	obtain a resident license pursuant to this subsection.
203	(i) The proceeds from Apalachicola Bay oyster harvesting

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204	license fees shall be deposited by the City of Apalachicola into
205	<u>a trust account</u> in the General Inspection Trust Fund and, less
206	reasonable administrative costs, <u>must</u> shall be used or
207	distributed by the <u>City of Apalachicola</u> Department of
208	Agriculture and Consumer Services for the following purposes in
209	Apalachicola Bay:
210	1. An Apalachicola Bay oyster shell recycling program
211	Relaying and transplanting live oysters.
212	2. Shell planting to construct or rehabilitate oyster bars.
213	3. Education programs for licensed oyster harvesters on
214	oyster biology, aquaculture, boating and water safety,
215	sanitation, resource conservation, small business management,
216	marketing, and other relevant subjects.
217	4. Research directed toward the enhancement of oyster
218	production in the bay and the water management needs of the bay.
219	Section 2. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (i) of subsection (1)
220	of section 487.041, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
221	487.041 Registration
222	(1)(a) Effective January 1, 2009, Each brand of pesticide,
223	as defined in s. 487.021, which is distributed, sold, or offered
224	for sale, except as provided in this section, within this state
225	or delivered for transportation or transported in intrastate
226	commerce or between points within this state through any point
227	outside this state must be registered in the office of the
228	department, and such registration shall be renewed biennially.
229	Emergency exemptions from registration may be authorized in
230	accordance with the rules of the department. The registrant
231	shall file with the department a statement including:
232	1. The name, business mailing address, and street address
I	

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of the registrant.

233

234

235	3. An ingredient statement and a complete current copy of
236	the labeling accompanying the brand of pesticide, which must
237	conform to the registration, and a statement of all claims to be
238	made for it, including directions for use and a guaranteed
239	analysis showing the names and percentages by weight of each
240	active ingredient, the total percentage of inert ingredients,
241	and the names and percentages by weight of each "added
242	ingredient."
243	(b) Effective January 1, 2009, For the purpose of defraying
244	expenses of the department in connection with carrying out the
245	provisions of this part, each registrant shall pay a biennial
246	registration fee for each registered brand of pesticide. The
247	registration of each brand of pesticide shall cover a designated
248	2-year period beginning on January 1 of each odd-numbered year
249	and expiring on December 31 of the following year.
250	(i) Effective January 1, 2013, all payments of any
251	pesticide registration fees, including late fees, shall be
252	submitted electronically using the department's Internet website
253	for registration of pesticide product brands.
254	Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section
255	493.6105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
256	493.6105 Initial application for license
257	(6) In addition to the requirements under subsection (3),
258	an applicant for a Class "K" license must:
259	(a) Submit one of the following:
260	1. The Florida Criminal Justice Standards and Training
261	Commission Instructor Certificate and written confirmation by

2. The name of the brand of pesticide.

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262
     the commission that the applicant possesses an active firearms
263
     certification.
264
          2. A valid National Rifle Association Private Security
265
     Firearm Instructor Certificate issued not more than 3 years
266
     before the submission of the applicant's Class "K" application.
267
          3. A valid firearms instructor certificate issued by a
268
     federal law enforcement agency issued not more than 3 years
269
     before the submission of the applicant's Class "K" application.
270
          4. A valid DD form 214 issued by the United States
271
     Department of Defense, an acceptable form as specified by the
272
     Department of Veterans' Affairs, or other official military
273
     documentation. Such form or documentation must be issued not
274
     more than 3 years before the submission of the applicant's Class
275
     "K" application, indicating that the applicant has been
276
     honorably discharged and has served as a military firearms
277
     instructor within the last 3 years of service.
278
          Section 4. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section
279
     493.6113, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
280
          493.6113 Renewal application for licensure.-
281
          (3) Each licensee is responsible for renewing his or her
282
     license on or before its expiration by filing with the
283
     department an application for renewal accompanied by payment of
284
     the renewal fee and the fingerprint retention fee to cover the
285
     cost of ongoing retention in the statewide automated biometric
286
     identification system established in s. 943.05(2)(b). Upon the
287
     first renewal of a license issued under this chapter before
288
     January 1, 2017, the licensee shall submit a full set of
289
     fingerprints and fingerprint processing fees to cover the cost
     of entering the fingerprints into the statewide automated
290
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291	biometric identification system pursuant to s. 493.6108(4)(a)
292	and the cost of enrollment in the Federal Bureau of
293	Investigation's national retained print arrest notification
294	program. Subsequent renewals may be completed without submission
295	of a new set of fingerprints.
296	(d) Each Class "K" licensee shall additionally submit:
297	<u>1.</u> One of the certificates specified under s. $493.6105(6)$
298	as proof that he or she remains certified to provide firearms
299	instruction <u>; or</u>
300	2. Proof of having taught no less than six 28-hour firearms
301	instruction courses to Class "G" applicants, as specified in s.
302	493.6105(5), during the previous triennial licensure period.
303	Section 5. Subsection (19) is added to section 496.415,
304	Florida Statutes, to read:
305	496.415 Prohibited acts.—It is unlawful for any person in
306	connection with the planning, conduct, or execution of any
307	solicitation or charitable or sponsor sales promotion to:
308	(19) Commingle charitable contributions with noncharitable
309	funds.
310	Section 6. Section 496.418, Florida Statutes, is amended to
311	read:
312	496.418 Recordkeeping and accounting Records
313	(1) Each charitable organization, sponsor, professional
314	fundraising consultant, and professional solicitor that collects
315	or takes control or possession of contributions made for a
316	charitable purpose must keep records to permit accurate
317	reporting and auditing as required by law, must not commingle
318	contributions with noncharitable funds as specified in s.
319	496.415(19), and must be able to account for the funds. When

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320	expenditures are not properly documented and disclosed by
321	records, there exists a presumption that the charitable
322	organization, sponsor, professional fundraising consultant, or
323	professional solicitor did not properly expend such funds.
324	Noncharitable funds include any funds that are not used or
325	intended to be used for the operation of the charity or for
326	charitable purposes.
327	(2) Each charitable organization, sponsor, professional
328	fundraising consultant, and professional solicitor must keep for
329	a period of at least 3 years true and accurate records as to its
330	activities in this state which are covered by ss. 496.401-
331	496.424. The records must be made available, without subpoena,
332	to the department for inspection and must be furnished no later
333	than 10 working days after requested.
334	Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) and paragraph
335	(i) of subsection (5) of section 500.459, Florida Statutes, are
336	amended to read:
337	500.459 Water vending machines
338	(3) PERMITTING REQUIREMENTS
339	(b) An application for an operating permit must be made in
340	writing to the department on forms provided by the department
341	and must be accompanied by a fee as provided in subsection (4).
342	The application must state the location of each water vending
343	machine, the source of the water to be vended, the treatment the
344	water will receive prior to being vended, and any other
345	information considered necessary by the department.
346	(5) OPERATING STANDARDS
347	(i) The operator shall place on each water vending machine,
348	in a position clearly visible to customers, the following

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349	
350	permit number; the fact that the water is obtained from a public
351	water supply; the method of treatment used; the method of
352	postdisinfection used; and a local or toll-free telephone number
353	that may be called for obtaining further information, reporting
354	problems, or making complaints.
355	Section 8. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) and subsection
356	(5) of section 501.059, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
357	501.059 Telephone solicitation
358	(1) As used in this section, the term:
359	(g) "Telephonic sales call" means a telephone call <u>,</u>
360	ringless direct-to-voicemail delivery, or text message to a
361	consumer for the purpose of soliciting a sale of any consumer
362	goods or services, soliciting an extension of credit for
363	consumer goods or services, or obtaining information that will
364	or may be used for the direct solicitation of a sale of consumer
365	goods or services or an extension of credit for such purposes.
366	(5) A telephone solicitor or other person may not initiate
367	an outbound telephone call or text message to a consumer <u>,</u>
368	business, or donor or potential donor who has previously
369	communicated to the telephone solicitor or other person that he
370	or she does not wish to receive an outbound telephone call or
371	text message:
372	(a) Made by or on behalf of the seller whose goods or
373	services are being offered; or
374	(b) Made on behalf of a charitable organization for which a
375	charitable contribution is being solicited.
376	Section 9. Section 501.6175, Florida Statutes, is created
377	to read:

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378	501.6175 RecordkeepingA commercial telephone seller shall
379	keep all of the following information for 2 years after the date
380	the information first becomes part of the seller's business
381	records:
382	(1) The name and telephone number of each consumer
383	contacted by a telephone sales call.
384	(2) All express requests authorizing the telephone
385	solicitor to contact the consumer.
386	(3) Any script, outline, or presentation the applicant
387	requires or suggests a salesperson use when soliciting; sales
388	information or literature to be provided by the commercial
389	telephone seller to a salesperson; and sales information or
390	literature to be provided by the commercial telephone seller to
391	a consumer in connection with any solicitation.
392	
393	Within 10 days of an oral or written request by the department,
394	including a written request transmitted by electronic mail, a
395	commercial telephone seller must make the records it keeps
396	pursuant to this section available for inspection and copying by
397	the department during the department's normal business hours.
398	This section does not limit the department's ability to inspect
399	and copy material pursuant to any other law.
400	Section 10. Section 501.912, Florida Statutes, is amended
401	to read:
402	501.912 DefinitionsAs used in ss. 501.91-501.923:
403	(1) "Antifreeze" means any substance or preparation <u>,</u>
404	including, but not limited to, antifreeze-coolant, antifreeze
405	and summer coolant, or summer coolant, that is sold,
406	distributed, or intended for use:
I	

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407	(a) As the cooling liquid, or to be added to the cooling
408	liquid, in the cooling system of internal combustion engines of
409	motor vehicles to prevent freezing of the cooling liquid or to
410	lower its freezing point <u>; or</u>
411	(b) To raise the boiling point of water or for the
412	prevention of engine overheating, whether or not the liquid is
413	used as a year-round cooling system fluid.
414	(2) "Antifreeze-coolant," "antifreeze and summer coolant,"
415	or "summer coolant" means any substance as defined in subsection
416	(1) which also is sold, distributed, or intended for raising the
417	boiling point of water or for the prevention of engine
418	overheating whether or not used as a year-round cooling system
419	fluid. Unless otherwise stated, the term "antifreeze" includes
420	"antifreeze," "antifreeze-coolant," "antifreeze and summer
421	coolant," and "summer coolant."
422	(2)(3) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and
423	Consumer Services.
424	(3)(4) "Distribute" means to hold with <u>an</u> intent to sell,
425	offer for sale, sell, barter, or otherwise supply to the
426	consumer.
427	(4) (5) "Package" means a sealed, tamperproof retail
428	package, drum, or other container designed for the sale of
429	antifreeze directly to the consumer or a container from which
430	the antifreeze may be installed directly by the seller into the
431	cooling system <u>. However, this term, but does not include</u>
432	shipping containers containing properly labeled inner
433	containers.
434	(5) (6) "Label" means any display of written, printed, or
435	graphic matter on, or attached to, a package or to the outside
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436	individual container or wrapper of the package.
437	(6)(7) "Labeling" means the labels and any other written,
438	printed, or graphic matter accompanying a package.
439	Section 11. Section 501.913, Florida Statutes, is amended
440	to read:
441	501.913 Registration
442	(1) Each brand of antifreeze to be distributed in this
443	state <u>must</u> shall be registered with the department before
444	distribution. The person whose name appears on the label, the
445	manufacturer, or the packager shall make application annually <u>or</u>
446	biennially to the department on forms provided by the
447	department. The registration certificate <u>expires</u> shall expire 12
448	or 24 months after the date of issue, as indicated on the
449	registration certificate. The registrant assumes, by application
450	to register the brand, full responsibility for the registration,
451	quality, and quantity of the product sold, offered, or exposed
452	for sale in this state. If a registered brand is not in
453	production for distribution in this state and to ensure any
454	remaining product that is still available for sale in the state
455	is properly registered, the registrant must submit a notarized
456	affidavit on company letterhead to the department certifying
457	that:
458	(a) The stated brand is no longer in production;
459	(b) The stated brand will not be distributed in this state;
460	and
461	(c) All existing product of the stated brand will be
462	removed by the registrant from the state within 30 days after
463	expiration of the registration or the registrant will reregister
464	the brand for two subsequent registration periods.
•	

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465	
466	If production resumes, the brand must be reregistered before it
467	is distributed in this state.
468	(2) The completed application shall be accompanied by:
469	(a) Specimens or <u>copies</u> facsimiles of the label for each
470	brand of antifreeze;
471	(b) An application fee of \$200 for a 12-month registration
472	or \$400 for a 24-month registration for each brand <u>of</u>
473	antifreeze; and
474	(c) For first-time applications, a certified report from an
475	independent testing laboratory, dated no more than 6 months
476	before the registration application, providing analysis showing
477	that the antifreeze conforms to minimum standards required for
478	antifreeze by this part or rules of the department and is not
479	adulterated A properly labeled sample of between 1 and 2 gallons
480	for each brand of antifreeze.
481	(3) The department may analyze or inspect the antifreeze to
482	ensure that it:
483	(a) Meets the labeling claims;
484	(b) Conforms to minimum standards required for antifreeze
485	by this <u>part</u> chapter or rules of the department; and
486	(c) Is not adulterated as prescribed for antifreeze by this
487	part chapter.
488	(4)(a) If the registration requirements are met, and, if
489	the antifreeze meets the minimum standards, is not adulterated,
490	and meets the labeling claims, the department shall issue a
491	certificate of registration authorizing the distribution of that
492	antifreeze in the state for the permit <u>period</u> year.
493	(b) If registration requirements are not met, or, if the

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494	antifreeze fails to meet the minimum standards, is adulterated,
495	or fails to meet the labeling claims, the department shall
496	refuse to register the antifreeze.
497	Section 12. Section 501.917, Florida Statutes, is amended
498	to read:
499	501.917 Inspection by department; sampling and analysis
500	The department <u>has</u> shall have the right to have access at
501	reasonable hours to all places and property where antifreeze is
502	stored, distributed, or offered or intended to be offered for
503	sale, including the right to inspect and examine all antifreeze
504	and to take reasonable samples of antifreeze for analysis
505	together with specimens of labeling. <u>Collected samples must be</u>
506	analyzed by the department. The certificate of analysis by the
507	department shall be prima facie evidence of the facts stated
508	therein in any legal proceeding in this state All samples taken
509	shall be properly sealed and sent to a laboratory designated by
510	the department for examination together with all labeling
511	pertaining to such samples. It shall be the duty of said
512	laboratory to examine promptly all samples received in
513	connection with the administration and enforcement of this act.
514	Section 13. Section 501.92, Florida Statutes, is amended to
515	read:
516	501.92 Formula may be required.—The department may, if
517	required for the analysis of antifreeze by the laboratory
518	designated by the department for the purpose of registration,
519	require the applicant to furnish a statement of the formula of
520	such antifreeze, unless the applicant can furnish other
521	satisfactory evidence that such antifreeze is not adulterated or

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misbranded. Such statement need not include inhibitor or other

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523	minor ingredients which total less than 5 percent by weight of
524	the antifreeze; and, if over 5 percent, the composition of the
525	inhibitor and such other ingredients may be given in generic
526	terms.
527	Section 14. Paragraph (e) of subsection (10) of section
528	525.07, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph (f), and
529	a new paragraph (e) is added to that subsection, to read:
530	525.07 Powers and duties of department; inspections;
531	unlawful acts
532	(10)
533	(e) The department may seize without warrant any skimming
534	device, as defined in s. 817.625, for use as evidence.
535	Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 526.51, Florida
536	Statutes, is amended to read:
537	526.51 Registration; renewal and fees; departmental
538	expenses; cancellation or refusal to issue or renew
539	(1)(a) Application for registration of each brand of brake
540	fluid shall be made on forms supplied by the department. The
541	applicant shall give his or her name and address and the brand
542	name of the brake fluid, state that he or she owns the brand
543	name and has complete control over the product sold thereunder
544	in this state, and provide the name and address of the resident
545	agent in this state. If the applicant does not own the brand
546	name but wishes to register the product with the department, a
547	notarized affidavit that gives the applicant full authorization
548	to register the brand name and that is signed by the owner of
549	the brand name must accompany the application for registration.
550	The affidavit must include all affected brand names, the owner's
551	company or corporate name and address, the applicant's company

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552	or corporate name and address, and a statement from the owner
553	authorizing the applicant to register the product with the
554	department. The owner of the brand name shall maintain complete
555	control over each product sold under that brand name in this
556	state.
557	(b) The completed application must be accompanied by the
558	following:
559	1. Specimens or copies of the label for each brand of brake
560	fluid.
561	2. An application fee of \$50 for a 12-month registration or
562	\$100 for a 24-month registration for each brand of brake fluid.
563	3. For All first-time applications for a brand and formula
564	combination <u>,</u> must be accompanied by a certified report from an
565	independent testing laboratory, <u>dated no more than 6 months</u>
566	before the registration application, setting forth the analysis
567	of the brake fluid which shows its quality to be not less than
568	the specifications established by the department for brake
569	fluids. A sample of not less than 24 fluid ounces of brake fluid
570	shall be submitted, in a container with a label printed in the
571	same manner that it will be labeled when sold, and the sample
572	and container shall be analyzed and inspected by the department
573	in order that compliance with the department's specifications
574	and labeling requirements may be verified.
575	
576	Upon approval of the application, the department shall register
577	the brand name of the brake fluid and issue to the applicant a
578	permit authorizing the registrant to sell the brake fluid in
579	this state. The registration certificate <u>expires</u> shall expire 12
580	or 24 months after the date of issue, as indicated on the

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581 <u>registration certificate</u>.

582 (c) (b) Each applicant shall pay a fee of \$100 with each 583 application. A permit may be renewed by application to the 584 department, accompanied by a renewal fee of \$50 for a 12-month 585 registration, or \$100 for a 24-month registration, on or before 586 the expiration of the previously issued permit. To reregister a 587 previously registered brand and formula combination, an 588 applicant must submit a completed application and all materials 589 as required in this section to the department before the 590 expiration of the previously issued permit. A brand and formula 591 combination for which a completed application and all materials 592 required in this section are not received before the expiration 593 of the previously issued permit may not be registered with the 594 department until a completed application and all materials required in this section have been received and approved. If the 595 596 brand and formula combination was previously registered with the 597 department and a fee, application, or materials required in this 598 section are received after the expiration of the previously 599 issued permit, a penalty of \$25 accrues, which shall be added to 600 the fee. Renewals shall be accepted only on brake fluids that 601 have no change in formula, composition, or brand name. Any 602 change in formula, composition, or brand name of a brake fluid 603 constitutes a new product that must be registered in accordance 604 with this part.

605 (c) If a registered brand and formula combination is no 606 longer in production for distribution in this state, in order to 607 ensure that any remaining product still available for sale in 608 this state is properly registered, the registrant must submit a 609 notarized affidavit on company letterhead to the department

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610	certifying that:
611	1. The stated brand and formula combination is no longer in
612	production;
613	2. The stated brand and formula combination will not be
614	distributed in this state; and
615	3. Either all existing product of the stated brand and
616	formula combination will be removed by the registrant from the
617	state within 30 days after the expiration of the registration or
618	that the registrant will reregister the brand and formula
619	combination for 2 subsequent years.
620	
621	If production resumes, the brand and formula combination must be
622	reregistered before it is again distributed in this state.
623	Section 16. Subsection (1) of section 526.53, Florida
624	Statutes, is amended to read:
625	526.53 Enforcement; inspection and analysis, stop-sale and
626	disposition, regulations
627	(1) The department shall enforce the provisions of this
628	part through the department, and may sample, inspect, analyze,
629	and test any brake fluid manufactured, packed, or sold within
630	this state. Collected samples must be analyzed by the
631	department. The certificate of analysis by the department shall
632	be prima facie evidence of the facts stated therein in any legal
633	proceeding in this state. The department has shall have free
634	access during business hours to all premises, buildings,
635	vehicles, cars, or vessels used in the manufacture, packing,
636	storage, sale, or transportation of brake fluid, and may open
637	any box, carton, parcel, or container of brake fluid and take
638	samples for inspection and analysis or for evidence.
1	

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639	Section 17. Section 527.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to
640	read:
641	527.01 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter:
642	(1) "Liquefied petroleum gas" means any material which is
643	composed predominantly of any of the following hydrocarbons, or
644	mixtures of the same: propane, propylene, butanes (normal butane
645	or isobutane), and butylenes.
646	(2) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership,
647	corporation, company, association, organization, or cooperative.
648	(3) " Ultimate Consumer" means the person last purchasing
649	liquefied petroleum gas in its liquid or vapor state for
650	industrial, commercial, or domestic use.
651	(4) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and
652	Consumer Services.
653	(5) "Qualifier" means any person who has passed a
654	competency examination administered by the department and is
655	employed by a licensed <u>category I, category II, or category V</u>
656	business. in one or more of the following classifications:
657	(a) Category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer.
658	(b) Category II liquefied petroleum gas dispenser.
659	(c) LP gas installer.
660	(d) Specialty installer.
661	(e) Requalifier of cylinders.
662	(f) Fabricator, repairer, and tester of vehicles and cargo
663	tanks.
664	(g) Category IV liquefied petroleum gas dispensing unit
665	operator and recreational vehicle servicer.
666	(h) Category V liquefied petroleum gases dealer for
667	industrial uses only.

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(6) "Category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer" means any 668 669 person selling or offering to sell by delivery or at a stationary location any liquefied petroleum gas to the ultimate 670 671 consumer for industrial, commercial, or domestic use; any person 672 leasing or offering to lease, or exchanging or offering to 673 exchange, any apparatus, appliances, and equipment for the use 674 of liquefied petroleum gas; any person installing, servicing, 675 altering, or modifying apparatus, piping, tubing, appliances, and equipment for the use of liquefied petroleum or natural gas; 676 677 any person installing carburetion equipment; or any person 678 requalifying cylinders.

679 (7) "Category II liquefied petroleum gas dispenser" means 680 any person engaging in the business of operating a liquefied 681 petroleum gas dispensing unit for the purpose of serving liquid products to the ultimate consumer for industrial, commercial, or 682 683 domestic use, and selling or offering to sell, or leasing or 684 offering to lease, apparatus, appliances, and equipment for the use of liquefied petroleum gas, including maintaining a cylinder 685 686 storage rack at the licensed business location for the purpose 687 of storing cylinders filled by the licensed business for sale or 688 use at a later date.

(8) "Category III liquefied petroleum gas cylinder exchange operator" means any person operating a storage facility used for the purpose of storing filled propane cylinders of not more than 43.5 pounds propane capacity or 104 pounds water capacity, while awaiting sale to the ultimate consumer, or a facility used for the storage of empty or filled containers which have been offered for exchange.

696

(9) "Category IV dealer in appliances and equipment

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22-00439B-18 2018740 697 liquefied petroleum gas dispenser and recreational vehicle 698 servicer" means any person selling or offering to sell, or 699 leasing or offering to lease, apparatus, appliances, and 700 equipment for the use of liquefied petroleum gas engaging in the 701 business of operating a liquefied petroleum gas dispensing unit 702 for the purpose of serving liquid product to the ultimate 703 consumer for industrial, commercial, or domestic use, and 704 selling or offering to sell, or leasing or offering to lease, 705 apparatus, appliances, and equipment for the use of liquefied 706 petroleum gas, and whose services include the installation, 707 service, or repair of recreational vehicle liquefied petroleum 708 gas appliances and equipment. 709 (10) "Category V LP gas installer" means any person who is engaged in the liquefied petroleum gas business and whose 710 services include the installation, servicing, altering, or 711 712 modifying of apparatus, piping, tubing, tanks, and equipment for the use of liquefied petroleum or natural gas and selling or 713

714 offering to sell, or leasing or offering to lease, apparatus, 715 appliances, and equipment for the use of liquefied petroleum or 716 natural gas.

717 (11) "Category VI miscellaneous operator" means any person 718 who is engaged in operation as a manufacturer of LP gas 719 appliances and equipment; a fabricator, repairer, and tester of 720 vehicles and cargo tanks; a requalifier of LP gas cylinders; or 721 a pipeline system operator Specialty installer" means any person 722 involved in the installation, service, or repair of liquefied 723 petroleum or natural gas appliances and equipment, and selling or offering to sell, or leasing or offering to lease, apparatus, 724 725 appliances, and equipment for the use of liquefied petroleum

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726	gas, whose activities are limited to specific types of
727	appliances and equipment as designated by department rule.
728	(12) "Dealer in appliances and equipment for use of
729	liquefied petroleum gas" means any person selling or offering to
730	sell, or leasing or offering to lease, apparatus, appliances,
731	and equipment for the use of liquefied petroleum gas.
732	(12) (13) "Manufacturer of liquefied petroleum gas
733	appliances and equipment" means any person in this state
734	manufacturing and offering for sale or selling tanks, cylinders,
735	or other containers and necessary appurtenances for use in the
736	storage, transportation, or delivery of such gas to the ultimate
737	consumer, or manufacturing and offering for sale or selling
738	apparatus, appliances, and equipment for the use of liquefied
739	petroleum gas to the ultimate consumer.
740	(13) (14) "Wholesaler" means any person, as defined by
741	subsection (2), selling or offering to sell any liquefied
742	petroleum gas for industrial, commercial, or domestic use to any
743	person except the ultimate consumer.
744	(14) (15) "Requalifier of cylinders" means any person
745	involved in the retesting, repair, qualifying, or requalifying
746	of liquefied petroleum gas tanks or cylinders manufactured under
747	specifications of the United States Department of Transportation
748	or former Interstate Commerce Commission.
749	(15)-(16) "Fabricator, repairer, and tester of vehicles and
750	cargo tanks" means any person involved in the hydrostatic
751	testing, fabrication, repair, or requalifying of any motor
752	vehicles or cargo tanks used for the transportation of liquefied
753	petroleum gases, when such tanks are permanently attached to or
754	forming a part of the motor vehicle.

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756	to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping,
757	or travel use, which has its own propulsion or is mounted on or
758	towed by another motor vehicle.
759	(16) (18) "Pipeline system operator" means any person who
760	owns or operates a liquefied petroleum gas pipeline system that
761	is used to transmit liquefied petroleum gas from a common source
762	to the ultimate customer and that serves 10 or more customers.
763	(19) "Category V liquefied petroleum gases dealer for
764	industrial uses only" means any person engaged in the business
765	of filling, selling, and transporting liquefied petroleum gas
766	containers for use in welding, forklifts, or other industrial
767	applications.
768	<u>(17)(20) "License period</u> year " means the period <u>1 to 3</u>
769	<u>years from the issuance of the license</u> from September 1 through
770	the following August 31, or April 1 through the following March
771	31, depending upon the type of license.
772	Section 18. Section 527.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to
773	read:
774	527.02 License; penalty; fees
775	(1) It is unlawful for any person to engage in this state
776	in the activities defined in s. 527.01(6) through (11) of a
777	pipeline system operator, category I liquefied petroleum gas
778	dealer, category II liquefied petroleum gas dispenser, category
779	III liquefied petroleum gas cylinder exchange operator, category
780	IV liquefied petroleum gas dispenser and recreational vehicle
781	servicer, category V liquefied petroleum gas dealer for
782	industrial uses only, LP gas installer, specialty installer,
783	dealer in liquefied petroleum gas appliances and equipment,
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784 manufacturer of liquefied petroleum gas appliances and 785 equipment, requalifier of cylinders, or fabricator, repairer, 786 and tester of vehicles and cargo tanks without first obtaining 787 from the department a license to engage in one or more of these 788 businesses. The sale of liquefied petroleum gas cylinders with a 789 volume of 10 pounds water capacity or 4.2 pounds liquefied 790 petroleum gas capacity or less is exempt from the requirements 791 of this chapter. It is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, to 792 793 intentionally or willfully engage in any of said activities 794 without first obtaining appropriate licensure from the 795 department.

796 (2) Each business location of a person having multiple 797 locations must shall be separately licensed and must meet the 798 requirements of this section. Such license shall be granted to 799 any applicant determined by the department to be competent, 800 qualified, and trustworthy who files with the department a 801 surety bond, insurance affidavit, or other proof of insurance, 802 as hereinafter specified, and pays for such license the 803 following annual license original application fee for new 804 licenses and annual renewal fees for existing licenses: 805

License Original Application Fee Per Renewal License Category Year Fee 806 Category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer \$400 \$525 \$425

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807			
	Category II liquefied		
	petroleum gas		
	dispenser	<u>\$400</u> 525	375
808			
	Category III		
	liquefied petroleum		
	gas cylinder		
	exchange unit		
	operator	<u>\$65</u> 100	65
809			
	Category IV		
	dealer in appliances		
	and equipment liquefied		
	petroleum		
	gas dispenser and		
	recreational vehicle		
	servicer	<u>\$65</u> 525	400
810			
	Category V <u>LP gas</u>		
	installer liquefied		
	petroleum gases		
	dealer for industrial		
	uses only	<u>\$200</u> 300	200
811			
	Category VI		
	miscellaneous operator		
	LP gas		
	installer	<u>\$200</u> 300	200
I			

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812			
	Specialty		
	installer	300	200
813			
	Dealer in appliances		
	-and equipment		
	for use of liquefied		
	petroleum gas	50	45
814			
	Manufacturer of		
	liquefied petroleum		
	gas appliances and		
	equipment	525	375
815			
	Requalifier of		
	cylinders	525	375
816			
	Fabricator, repairer,		
	and tester of		
	vehicles and		
0.1 5	cargo tanks	525	375
817			
818	(3)(a) An applicant for		
819	application during the last		
820	have the original license fe	_	
821	month period. This provision		
822	applying for an original lic		
823	licensees who held a license		
824	and failed to renew the lice	ense. The department	may refuse to

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22-00439B-18 2018740 825 issue an initial license to an applicant who is under 826 investigation in any jurisdiction for an action that would 827 constitute a violation of this chapter until such time as the 828 investigation is complete. 829 (b) The department shall waive the initial license fee for 830 1 year for an honorably discharged veteran of the United States 831 Armed Forces, the spouse of such a veteran, or a business entity 832 that has a majority ownership held by such a veteran or spouse 833 if the department receives an application, in a format 834 prescribed by the department, within 60 months after the date of 835 the veteran's discharge from any branch of the United States 836 Armed Forces. To qualify for the waiver, a veteran must provide 837 to the department a copy of his or her DD Form 214, as issued by 838 the United States Department of Defense or another acceptable 839 form of identification as specified by the Department of 840 Veterans' Affairs; the spouse of a veteran must provide to the 841 department a copy of the veteran's DD Form 214, as issued by the 842 United States Department of Defense, or another acceptable form 843 of identification as specified by the Department of Veterans' 844 Affairs, and a copy of a valid marriage license or certificate 845 verifying that he or she was lawfully married to the veteran at 846 the time of discharge; or a business entity must provide to the 847 department proof that a veteran or the spouse of a veteran holds 848 a majority ownership in the business, a copy of the veteran's DD Form 214, as issued by the United States Department of Defense, 849 850 or another acceptable form of identification as specified by the 851 Department of Veterans' Affairs, and, if applicable, a copy of a 852 valid marriage license or certificate verifying that the spouse 853 of the veteran was lawfully married to the veteran at the time

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854 of discharge.

855 (4) Any licensee submitting a material change in their 856 information for licensing, before the date for renewal, must 857 submit such change to the department in the manner prescribed by 858 the department, along with a fee in the amount of \$10 Any person 859 applying for a liquefied petroleum gas license as a specialty 860 installer, as defined by s. 527.01(11), shall upon application 861 to the department identify the specific area of work to be 862 performed. Upon completion of all license requirements set forth 863 in this chapter, the department shall issue the applicant a 864 license specifying the scope of work, as identified by the 865 applicant and defined by rule of the department, for which the 866 person is authorized.

(5) The license fee for a pipeline system operator shall be \$100 per system owned or operated by the person, not to exceed \$400 per license year. Such license fee applies only to a pipeline system operator who owns or operates a liquefied petroleum gas pipeline system that is used to transmit liquefied petroleum gas from a common source to the ultimate customer and that serves 10 or more customers.

874 <u>(5)(6)</u> The department shall <u>adopt</u> promulgate rules 875 specifying acts deemed by the department to demonstrate a lack 876 of trustworthiness to engage in activities requiring a license 877 or qualifier identification card under this section.

878 (7) Any license issued by the department may be transferred 879 to any person, firm, or corporation for the remainder of the 880 current license year upon written request to the department by 881 the original licenseholder. Prior to approval of any transfer, 882 all licensing requirements of this chapter must be met by the

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22-00439B-18 2018740 883 transferee. A license transfer fee of \$50 shall be charged for each such transfer. 884 885 Section 19. Section 527.0201, Florida Statutes, is amended 886 to read: 887 527.0201 Qualifiers; master qualifiers; examinations.-888 (1) In addition to the requirements of s. 527.02, any 889 person applying for a license to engage in category I, category 890 II, or category V the activities of a pipeline system operator, 891 category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer, category II liquefied 892 petroleum gas dispenser, category IV liquefied petroleum gas 893 dispenser and recreational vehicle servicer, category V 894 liquefied petroleum gases dealer for industrial uses only, LP 895 gas installer, specialty installer, requalifier of cylinders, or 896 fabricator, repairer, and tester of vehicles and cargo tanks 897 must prove competency by passing a written examination 898 administered by the department or its agent with a grade of 70 899 75 percent or above in each area tested. Each applicant for 900 examination shall submit a \$20 nonrefundable fee. The department 901 shall by rule specify the general areas of competency to be 902 covered by each examination and the relative weight to be 903 assigned in grading each area tested. 904 (2) Application for examination for competency may be made 905 by an individual or by an owner, a partner, or any person 906 employed by the license applicant. Upon successful completion of

907 the competency examination, the department shall <u>register</u> issue 908 a qualifier identification card to the examinee.

909 (a) Qualifier registration automatically expires if
 910 identification cards, except those issued to category I
 911 liquefied petroleum gas dealers and liquefied petroleum gas

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22-00439B-18 2018740 912 installers, shall remain in effect as long as the individual 913 shows to the department proof of active employment in the area 914 of examination and all continuing education requirements are 915 met. Should the individual terminates terminate active 916 employment in the area of examination for a period exceeding 24 917 months, or fails fail to provide documentation of continuing 918 education, the individual's qualifier status shall automatically 919 expire. If the qualifier registration status has expired, the 920 individual must apply for and successfully complete an 921 examination by the department in order to reestablish qualifier 922 status. 923

923 (b) Every business organization <u>in license category I,</u> 924 <u>category II, or category V</u> shall employ at all times a full-time 925 qualifier who has successfully completed an examination in the 926 corresponding category of the license held by the business 927 organization. A person may not act as a qualifier for more than 928 one licensed location.

929 (3) Qualifier registration expires cards issued to category 930 I liquefied petroleum gas dealers and liquefied petroleum gas 931 installers shall expire 3 years after the date of issuance. All 932 category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer qualifiers and 933 liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifiers holding a valid 934 qualifier card upon the effective date of this act shall retain their qualifier status until July 1, 2003, and may sit for the 935 936 master qualifier examination at any time during that time 937 period. All such category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer 938 qualifiers and liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifiers may 939 renew their qualification on or before July 1, 2003, upon 940 application to the department, payment of a \$20 renewal fee, and

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22-00439B-18 2018740 941 documentation of the completion of a minimum of 16 hours of 942 approved continuing education courses, as defined by department 943 rule, during the previous 3-year period. Applications for 944 renewal must be made 30 calendar days before expiration. Persons 945 failing to renew before the expiration date must reapply and 946 take a qualifier competency examination in order to reestablish 947 category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer qualifier and liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifier status. If a 948 949 category I liquefied petroleum gas qualifier or liquefied 950 petroleum qas installer qualifier becomes a master qualifier at 951 any time during the effective date of the qualifier card, the 952 card shall remain in effect until expiration of the master 953 qualifier certification.

954 (4) A qualifier for a business organization involved in 955 installation, repair, maintenance, or service of liquefied 956 petroleum gas appliances, equipment, or systems must actually 957 function in a supervisory capacity of other company employees 958 performing licensed activities installing, repairing, 959 maintaining, or servicing liquefied petroleum gas appliances, 960 equipment, or systems. A separate qualifier shall be required 961 for every 10 such employees. Additional qualifiers are required 962 for those business organizations employing more than 10 963 employees that install, repair, maintain, or service liquefied 964 petroleum gas equipment and systems.

965 (5) In addition to all other licensing requirements, each 966 category I <u>and category V licensee</u> liquefied petroleum gas 967 dealer and liquefied petroleum gas installer must, at the time 968 of application for licensure, identify to the department one 969 master qualifier who is a full-time employee at the licensed

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970	location. This person shall be a manager, owner, or otherwise
971	primarily responsible for overseeing the operations of the
972	licensed location and must provide documentation to the
973	department as provided by rule. The master qualifier requirement
974	shall be in addition to the requirements of subsection (1).
975	(a) In order to apply for certification as a master
976	qualifier, each applicant must <u>have been a registered</u> be a
977	category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer qualifier or liquefied
978	petroleum gas installer qualifier <u>for a minimum of 3 years</u>
979	immediately preceding submission of the application, must be
980	employed by a licensed category I <u>or category V licensee</u>
981	liquefied petroleum gas dealer, liquefied petroleum gas
982	installer, or applicant for such license, must provide
983	documentation of a minimum of 1 year's work experience in the
984	gas industry, and must pass a master qualifier competency
985	examination. Master qualifier examinations shall be based on
986	Florida's laws, rules, and adopted codes governing liquefied
987	petroleum gas safety, general industry safety standards, and
988	administrative procedures. The applicant must successfully pass
989	the examination with a grade of $\underline{70}$ $\overline{75}$ percent or above. Each
990	applicant for master qualifier <u>registration</u> status must submit
991	to the department a nonrefundable \$30 examination fee before the
992	examination.
993	(b) Upon successful completion of the master qualifier

(b) Upon successful completion of the master qualifier
examination, the department shall issue the examinee a
certificate of master qualifier registration status which shall
include the name of the licensed company for which the master
qualifier is employed. A master qualifier may transfer from one
licenseholder to another upon becoming employed by the company

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and the licensed company.

999 and providing a written request to the department. (c) A master qualifier registration <u>expires</u> status shall 1000 1001 expire 3 years after the date of issuance of the certificate and 1002 may be renewed by submission to the department of documentation 1003 of completion of at least 16 hours of approved continuing 1004 education courses during the 3-year period; proof of employment 1005 with a licensed category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer, liquefied petroleum gas installer, or applicant; and a \$30 1006 1007 certificate renewal fee. The department shall define, by rule, approved courses of continuing education. 1008 1009 (d) Each category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer or 1010 liquefied petroleum gas installer licensed as of August 31, 1011 2000, shall identify to the department one current category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer qualifier or liquefied petroleum 1012 1013 gas installer qualifier who will be the designated master 1014 qualifier for the licenscholder. Such individual must provide 1015 proof of employment for 3 years or more within the liquefied petroleum gas industry, and shall, upon approval of the 1016 1017 department, be granted a master gualifier certificate. All other

1018 requirements with regard to master qualifier certificate
1019 expiration, renewal, and continuing education shall apply.
1020 (6) A vacancy in a qualifier or master qualifier position
1021 in a business organization which results from the departure of
1022 the qualifier or master qualifier shall be immediately reported
1023 to the department by the departing qualifier or master qualifier

(a) If a business organization no longer possesses a duly
designated qualifier, as required by this section, its liquefied
petroleum gas licenses shall be suspended by order of the

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1028 department after 20 working days. The license shall remain 1029 suspended until a competent qualifier has been employed, the 1030 order of suspension terminated by the department, and the 1031 license reinstated. A vacancy in the qualifier position for a 1032 period of more than 20 working days shall be deemed to 1033 constitute an immediate threat to the public health, safety, and 1034 welfare. Failure to obtain a replacement qualifier within 60 1035 days after the vacancy occurs shall be grounds for revocation of 1036 licensure or eligibility for licensure.

1037 (b) Any category I or category V licensee liquefied 1038 petroleum gas dealer or LP gas installer who no longer possesses 1039 a master qualifier but currently employs a category I liquefied 1040 petroleum gas dealer or LP gas installer qualifier as required 1041 by this section, has shall have 60 days within which to replace 1042 the master qualifier. If the company fails to replace the master 1043 qualifier within the 60-day time period, the license of the 1044 company shall be suspended by order of the department. The 1045 license shall remain suspended until a competent master 1046 qualifier has been employed, the order of suspension has been terminated by the department, and the license reinstated. 1047 1048 Failure to obtain a replacement master qualifier within 90 days 1049 after the vacancy occurs shall be grounds for revocation of 1050 licensure or eligibility for licensure.

1051 (7) The department may deny, refuse to renew, suspend, or 1052 revoke any qualifier card or master qualifier registration 1053 certificate for any of the following causes:

(a) Violation of any provision of this chapter or any ruleor order of the department;

1056

(b) Falsification of records relating to the qualifier card

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22-00439B-18 2018740 1057 or master qualifier registration certificate; or 1058 (c) Failure to meet any of the renewal requirements. 1059 (8) Any individual having competency qualifications on file 1060 with the department may request the transfer of such 1061 qualifications to any existing licenseholder by making a written 1062 request to the department for such transfer. Any individual 1063 having a competency examination on file with the department may 1064 use such examination for a new license application after making 1065 application in writing to the department. All examinations are 1066 confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). 1067 (9) If a duplicate license, qualifier card, or master 1068 qualifier registration certificate is requested by the licensee, 1069 a fee of \$10 must be received before issuance of the duplicate 1070 license or certificate card. If a facsimile transmission of an 1071 original license is requested, upon completion of the 1072 transmission a fee of \$10 must be received by the department 1073 before the original license may be mailed to the requester. (10) All revenues collected herein shall be deposited in 1074 1075 the General Inspection Trust Fund for the purpose of 1076 administering the provisions of this chapter. 1077 Section 20. Section 527.021, Florida Statutes, is amended 1078 to read: 1079 527.021 Registration of transport vehicles.-1080 (1) Each liquefied petroleum gas bulk delivery vehicle 1081 owned or leased by a liquefied petroleum gas licensee must be 1082 registered with the department as part of the licensing 1083 application or when placed into service annually. 1084 (2) For the purposes of this section, a "liquefied petroleum gas bulk delivery vehicle" means any vehicle that is 1085

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1086	used to transport liquefied petroleum gas on any public street
1087	or highway as liquid cargo in a cargo tank, which tank is
1088	mounted on a conventional truck chassis or is an integral part
1089	of a transporting vehicle in which the tank constitutes, in
1090	whole or in part, the stress member used as a frame and is a
1091	permanent part of the transporting vehicle.
1092	(3) Vehicle registrations shall be submitted by the vehicle
1093	owner or lessee in conjunction with the annual renewal of his or
1094	her liquefied petroleum gas license, but no later than August 31
1095	of each year. A dealer who <u>fails to register a vehicle with the</u>
1096	department does not submit the required vehicle registration by
1097	August 31 of each year is subject to the penalties in s. 527.13.
1098	(4) The department shall issue a decal to be placed on each
1099	vehicle that is inspected by the department and found to be in
1100	compliance with applicable codes.
1101	Section 21. Section 527.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to
1102	read:
1103	527.03 Annual Renewal of license.—All licenses required
1104	under this chapter shall be renewed annually, biennially, or
1105	triennially, as elected by the licensee, subject to the license
1106	fees prescribed in s. 527.02. <u>All renewals must meet the same</u>
1107	requirements and conditions as an annual license for each
1108	licensed year All licenses, except Category III Liquefied
1109	Petroleum Gas Cylinder Exchange Unit Operator licenses and
1110	Dealer in Appliances and Equipment for Use of Liquefied
1111	Petroleum Gas licenses, shall be renewed for the period
1112	beginning September 1 and shall expire on the following August
1113	31 unless sooner suspended, revoked, or otherwise terminated.
1114	Category III Liquefied Petroleum Gas Cylinder Exchange Unit

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22-00439B-18 2018740 1115 Operator licenses and Dealer in Appliances and Equipment for Use 1116 of Liquefied Petroleum Gas licenses shall be renewed for the period beginning April 1 and shall expire on the following March 1117 31 unless sooner suspended, revoked, or otherwise terminated. 1118 1119 Any license allowed to expire will shall become inoperative because of failure to renew. The fee for restoration of a 1120 1121 license is equal to the original license fee and must be paid before the licensee may resume operations. 1122 Section 22. Section 527.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to 1123 1124 read: 1125 527.04 Proof of insurance required.-1126 (1) Before any license is issued, except to a category IV 1127 dealer in appliances and equipment for use of liquefied 1128 petroleum gas or a category III liquefied petroleum gas cylinder 1129 exchange operator, the applicant must deliver to the department 1130 satisfactory evidence that the applicant is covered by a primary 1131 policy of bodily injury liability and property damage liability 1132 insurance that covers the products and operations with respect 1133 to such business and is issued by an insurer authorized to do 1134 business in this state for an amount not less than \$1 million 1135 and that the premium on such insurance is paid. An insurance 1136 certificate, affidavit, or other satisfactory evidence of 1137 acceptable insurance coverage shall be accepted as proof of 1138 insurance. In lieu of an insurance policy, the applicant may 1139 deliver a good and sufficient bond in the amount of \$1 million, payable to the Commissioner of Agriculture Governor of Florida, 1140 1141 with the applicant as principal and a surety company authorized 1142 to do business in this state as surety. The bond must be conditioned upon the applicant's compliance with this chapter 1143

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1144 and the rules of the department with respect to the conduct of 1145 such business and shall indemnify and hold harmless all persons 1146 from loss or damage by reason of the applicant's failure to comply. However, the aggregated liability of the surety may not 1147 1148 exceed \$1 million. If the insurance policy is canceled or 1149 otherwise terminated or the bond becomes insufficient, the 1150 department may require new proof of insurance or a new bond to 1151 be filed, and if the licenseholder fails to comply, the 1152 department shall cancel the license issued and give the 1153 licenseholder written notice that it is unlawful to engage in business without a license. A new bond is not required as long 1154 1155 as the original bond remains sufficient and in force. If the licenseholder's insurance coverage as required by this 1156 1157 subsection is canceled or otherwise terminated, the insurer must 1158 notify the department within 30 days after the cancellation or 1159 termination.

1160 (2) Before any license is issued to a category class III 1161 liquefied petroleum gas cylinder exchange operator, the applicant must deliver to the department satisfactory evidence 1162 1163 that the applicant is covered by a primary policy of bodily 1164 injury liability and property damage liability insurance that 1165 covers the products and operations with respect to the business 1166 and is issued by an insurer authorized to do business in this 1167 state for an amount not less than \$300,000 and that the premium 1168 on the insurance is paid. An insurance certificate, affidavit, or other satisfactory evidence of acceptable insurance coverage 1169 shall be accepted as proof of insurance. In lieu of an insurance 1170 1171 policy, the applicant may deliver a good and sufficient bond in the amount of \$300,000, payable to the Commissioner of 1172

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22-00439B-18 2018740 1173 Agriculture Governor, with the applicant as principal and a 1174 surety company authorized to do business in this state as 1175 surety. The bond must be conditioned upon the applicant's 1176 compliance with this chapter and the rules of the department 1177 with respect to the conduct of such business and must indemnify 1178 and hold harmless all persons from loss or damage by reason of 1179 the applicant's failure to comply. However, the aggregated 1180 liability of the surety may not exceed \$300,000. If the insurance policy is canceled or otherwise terminated or the bond 1181 1182 becomes insufficient, the department may require new proof of 1183 insurance or a new bond to be filed, and if the licenseholder 1184 fails to comply, the department shall cancel the license issued 1185 and give the licenseholder written notice that it is unlawful to 1186 engage in business without a license. A new bond is not required 1187 as long as the original bond remains sufficient and in force. If 1188 the licenseholder's insurance coverage required by this 1189 subsection is canceled or otherwise terminated, the insurer must 1190 notify the department within 30 days after the cancellation or 1191 termination.

(3) Any person having a cause of action on the bond may bring suit against the principal and surety, and a copy of such bond duly certified by the department shall be received in evidence in the courts of this state without further proof. The department shall furnish a certified copy of <u>the</u> such bond upon payment to it of its lawful fee for making and certifying such copy.

1199 Section 23. Section 527.0605, Florida Statutes, is amended 1200 to read:

1201

527.0605 Liquefied petroleum gas bulk storage locations;

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1202	jurisdiction
1203	(1) The provisions of this chapter shall apply to liquefied
1204	petroleum gas bulk storage locations when:
1205	(a) A single container in the bulk storage location has a
1206	capacity of 2,000 gallons or more;
1207	(b) The aggregate container capacity of the bulk storage
1208	location is 4,000 gallons or more; or
1209	(c) A container or containers are installed for the purpose
1210	of serving the public the liquid product.
1211	(2) Prior to the installation of any bulk storage
1212	container, the licensee must submit to the department a site
1213	plan of the facility which shows the proposed location of the
1214	container and must obtain written approval of such location from
1215	the department.
1216	(3) A fee of \$200 shall be assessed for each site plan
1217	reviewed by the division. The review shall include
1218	preconstruction inspection of the proposed site, plan review,
1219	and final inspection of the completed facility.
1220	(2)-(4) No newly installed container may be placed in
1221	operation until it has been inspected and approved by the
1222	department.
1223	Section 24. Subsection (1) of section 527.065, Florida
1224	Statutes, is amended to read:
1225	527.065 Notification of accidents; leak calls
1226	(1) Immediately upon discovery, all liquefied petroleum gas
1227	licensees shall notify the department of any liquefied petroleum
1228	gas-related accident involving a liquefied petroleum gas
1229	licensee or customer account:
1230	(a) Which caused a death or personal injury requiring
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1231	professional medical treatment;
1232	(b) Where uncontrolled ignition of liquefied petroleum gas
1233	resulted in death, personal injury, or property damage exceeding
1234	<u>\$3,000</u> \$1,000 ; or
1235	(c) Which caused estimated damage to property exceeding
1236	<u>\$3,000</u> \$1,000 .
1237	Section 25. Section 527.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to
1238	read:
1239	527.10 Restriction on use of unsafe container or systemNo
1240	liquefied petroleum gas shall be introduced into or removed from
1241	any container or system in this state that has been identified
1242	by the department or its duly authorized inspectors as not
1243	complying with the rules pertaining to such container or system,
1244	until such violations as specified have been satisfactorily
1245	corrected and authorization for continued service or removal
1246	granted by the department. A statement of violations of the
1247	rules that render such a system unsafe for use shall be
1248	furnished in writing by the department to the ultimate consumer
1249	or dealer in liquefied petroleum gas.
1250	Section 26. Subsections (3) and (17) of section 527.21,
1251	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1252	527.21 Definitions relating to Florida Propane Gas
1253	Education, Safety, and Research Act.—As used in ss. 527.20-
1254	527.23, the term:
1255	(3) "Dealer" means a business engaged primarily in selling
1256	propane gas and its appliances and equipment to the ultimate
1257	consumer or to retail propane gas dispensers.
1258	(17) "Wholesaler" or "reseller" means a seller of propane
1259	gas who is not a producer and who does not sell propane gas to

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1260	the ultimate consumer.
1261	Section 27. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
1262	527.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1263	527.22 Florida Propane Gas Education, Safety, and Research
1264	Council established; membership; duties and responsibilities
1265	(2)(a) Within 90 days after the effective date of this act,
1266	the commissioner shall make a call to qualified industry
1267	organizations for nominees to the council. The commissioner
1268	shall appoint members of the council from a list of nominees
1269	submitted by qualified industry organizations. The commissioner
1270	may require such reports or documentation as is necessary to
1271	document the nomination process for members of the council.
1272	Qualified industry organizations, in making nominations, and the
1273	commissioner, in making appointments, shall give due regard to
1274	selecting a council that is representative of the industry and
1275	the geographic regions of the state. Other than the public
1276	member, council members must be full-time employees or owners of
1277	propane gas producers or dealers doing business in this state.
1278	Section 28. Section 531.67, Florida Statutes, is amended to
1279	read:
1280	531.67 Expiration of sectionsSections 531.60, 531.61,
1281	531.62, 531.63, 531.64, 531.65, and 531.66 shall expire July 1,
1282	<u>2025</u> 2020 .
1283	Section 29. Subsection (46) is added to section 570.07,
1284	Florida Statutes, to read:
1285	570.07 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services;
1286	functions, powers, and dutiesThe department shall have and
1287	exercise the following functions, powers, and duties:
1288	(46) During a state of emergency declared pursuant to s.
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1289	252.36, to waive fees by emergency order for duplicate copies or
1290	renewal of permits, licenses, certifications, or other similar
1291	types of authorizations during a period specified by the
1292	commissioner.
1293	Section 30. Section 573.111, Florida Statutes, is amended
1294	to read:
1295	573.111 Notice of effective date of marketing orderBefore
1296	the issuance of any marketing order, or any suspension,
1297	amendment, or termination thereof, a notice <u>must</u> shall be posted
1298	on a public bulletin board to be maintained by the department in
1299	the Division of Marketing and Development of the department in
1300	the Nathan Mayo Building, Tallahassee, Leon County, and a copy
1301	of the notice shall be posted on the department website the same
1302	date that the notice is posted on the bulletin board. A No
1303	marketing order, or any suspension, amendment, or termination
1304	thereof, <u>may not</u> shall become effective until the termination of
1305	a period of 5 days <u>after</u> from the date of posting and
1306	publication.
1307	Section 31. Section 578.011, Florida Statutes, is amended
1308	to read:
1309	578.011 Definitions; Florida Seed LawWhen used in this
1310	chapter, the term:
1311	(1) "Advertisement" means all representations, other than
1312	those on the label, disseminated in any manner or by any means,
1313	relating to seed within the scope of this law.
1314	(2) "Agricultural seed" includes the seed of grass, forage,
1315	cereal and fiber crops, and chufas and any other seed commonly
1316	recognized within the state as agricultural seed, lawn seed, and
1317	combinations of such seed, and may include identified noxious

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1318	weed seed when the department determines that such seed is being
1319	used as agricultural seed or field seed and mixtures of such
1320	seed.
1321	(3) "Blend" means seed consisting of more than one variety
1322	of one kind, each present in excess of 5 percent by weight of
1323	the whole.
1324	(4) "Buyer" means a person who purchases agricultural,
1325	vegetable, flower, tree, or shrub seed in packaging of 1,000
1326	seeds or more by count.
1327	(5) "Brand" means a distinguishing word, name, symbol,
1328	number, or design used to identify seed produced, packaged,
1329	advertised, or offered for sale by a particular person.
1330	(6)(3) "Breeder seed" means a class of certified seed
1331	directly controlled by the originating or sponsoring plant
1332	breeding institution or person, or designee thereof, and is the
1333	source for the production of seed of the other classes of
1334	<u>certified</u> seed that are released directly from the breeder or
1335	experiment station that develops the seed. These seed are one
1336	class above foundation seed.
1337	(7)(4) "Certified seed $_{ au}$ " means a class of seed which is the
1338	progeny of breeder, foundation, or registered seed "registered"
1339	seed," and "foundation seed" mean seed that have been produced
1340	and labeled in accordance with the procedures and in compliance
1341	with the rules and regulations of any agency authorized by the
1342	laws of this state or the laws of another state.
1343	(8) "Certifying agency" means:
1344	(a) An agency authorized under the laws of a state,
1345	territory, or possession of the United States to officially
1346	certify seed and which has standards and procedures approved by

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1347	the United States Secretary of Agriculture to assure the genetic
1348	purity and identity of the seed certified; or
1349	(b) An agency of a foreign country that the United States
1350	Secretary of Agriculture has determined as adhering to
1351	procedures and standards for seed certification comparable to
1352	those adhered to generally by seed certifying agencies under
1353	paragraph (a).
1354	(9) "Coated seed" means seed that has been covered by a
1355	layer of materials that obscures the original shape and size of
1356	the seed and substantially increases the weight of the product.
1357	The addition of biologicals, pesticides, identifying colorants
1358	or dyes, or other active ingredients including polymers may be
1359	included in this process.
1360	(10) (5) "Date of test" means the month and year the
1361	percentage of germination appearing on the label was obtained by
1362	laboratory test.
1363	<u>(11)</u> (6) "Dealer" means any person who sells or offers for
1364	sale any agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree <u>, or</u>
1365	shrub seed for seeding purposes, and includes farmers who sell
1366	cleaned, processed, packaged, and labeled seed.
1367	(12) (7) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture
1368	and Consumer Services or its authorized representative.
1369	(13)(8) "Dormant seed" refers to viable seed, other than
1370	hard seed, which neither germinate nor decay during the
1371	prescribed test period and under the prescribed test conditions.
1372	<u>(14)</u> "Flower seed" includes seed of herbaceous plants
1373	grown for blooms, ornamental foliage, or other ornamental parts,
1374	and commonly known and sold under the name of flower <u>or</u>
1375	wildflower seed in this state.
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1376	(10) "Forest tree seed" includes seed of woody plants
1377	commonly known and sold as forest tree seed.
1378	(15) "Foundation seed" means a class of certified seed
1379	which is the progeny of breeder or other foundation seed and is
1380	produced and handled under procedures established by the
1381	certifying agency, in accordance with this part, for producing
1382	foundation seed, for the purpose of maintaining genetic purity
1383	and identity.
1384	(16) (11) "Germination" means the <u>emergence and development</u>
1385	from the seed embryo of those essential structures which, for
1386	the kind of seed in question, are indicative of the ability to
1387	produce a normal plant under favorable conditions percentage of
1388	seed capable of producing normal seedlings under ordinarily
1389	favorable conditions. Broken seedlings and weak, malformed and
1390	obviously abnormal seedlings shall not be considered to have
1391	germinated.
1392	(17) (12) "Hard seed" means seeds that remain hard at the
1393	end of a prescribed test period because they have not absorbed
1394	water due to an impermeable seed coat the percentage of seed
1395	which because of hardness or impermeability did not absorb
1396	moisture or germinate under prescribed tests but remain hard
1397	during the period prescribed for germination of the kind of seed
1398	concerned.
1399	(18) (13) "Hybrid" means the first generation seed of a
1400	cross produced by controlling the pollination and by combining:
1401	(a) Two or more inbred lines;
1402	(b) One inbred or a single cross with an open-pollinated
1403	variety; or
1404	(c) Two varieties or species, except open-pollinated

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1405	varieties of corn (Zea mays).
1406	
1407	The second generation or subsequent generations from such
1408	crosses <u>may</u> shall not be regarded as hybrids. Hybrid
1409	designations shall be treated as variety names.
1410	(19) (14) "Inert matter" means all matter that is not a full
1411	seed includes broken seed when one-half in size or less; seed of
1412	legumes or crucifers with the seed coats removed; undeveloped
1413	and badly injured weed seed such as sterile dodder which, upon
1414	visual examination, are clearly incapable of growth; empty
1415	glumes of grasses; attached sterile glumes of grasses (which
1416	must be removed from the fertile glumes except in Rhodes grass);
1417	dirt, stone, chaff, nematode, fungus bodies, and any matter
1418	other than seed.
1419	(20) (15) "Kind" means one or more related species or
1420	subspecies which singly or collectively is known by one common
1421	name; e.g., corn, beans, lespedeza.
1422	(21) "Label" means the display or displays of written or
1423	printed material upon or attached to a container of seed.
1424	(22) (16) "Labeling" includes all labels and other written,
1425	printed, or graphic representations, in any form, accompanying
1426	and pertaining to any seed, whether in bulk or in containers,
1427	and includes invoices and other bills of shipment when sold in
1428	bulk.
1429	<u>(23)</u> "Lot of seed " means a definite quantity of seed
1430	identified by a lot number or other <u>mark</u> identification, every
1431	portion or bag of which is uniform within recognized tolerances
1432	for the factors that appear in the labeling, for the factors
1433	which appear in the labeling, within permitted tolerances.

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designated as weed seed.

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1434	
1435	of more than one kind or variety , each present in excess of 5
1436	percent by weight of the whole.
1437	(25) "Mulch" means a protective covering of any suitable
1438	substance placed with seed which acts to retain sufficient
1439	moisture to support seed germination and sustain early seedling
1440	growth and aid in the prevention of the evaporation of soil
1441	moisture, the control of weeds, and the prevention of erosion.
1442	(26) "Noxious weed seed" means seed in one of two classes
1443	of seed:
1444	(a) "Prohibited noxious weed seed" means the seed of weeds
1445	that are highly destructive and difficult to control by good
1446	cultural practices and the use of herbicides.
1447	(b) "Restricted noxious weed seed" means weed seeds that
1448	are objectionable in agricultural crops, lawns, and gardens of
1449	this state and which can be controlled by good agricultural
1450	practices or the use of herbicides.
1451	(27) (19) "Origin" means the state, District of Columbia,
1452	Puerto Rico, or possession of the United States, or the foreign
1453	country where the seed were grown, except for native species,
1454	where the term means the county or collection zone and the state
1455	where the seed were grown for forest tree seed, with respect to
1456	which the term "origin" means the county or state forest service
1457	seed collection zone and the state where the seed were grown.
1458	(28) (20) "Other crop seed" includes all seed of plants
1459	grown in this state as crops, other than the kind or kind and
1460	variety included in the pure seed, when not more than 5 percent
1461	of the whole of a single kind or variety is present, unless

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1463	(29) "Packet seed" means seed prepared for use in home
1464	gardens and household plantings packaged in labeled, sealed
1465	containers of less than 8 ounces and typically sold from seed
1466	racks or displays in retail establishments, via the Internet, or
1467	through mail order.
1468	(30) (21) "Processing" means conditioning, cleaning,
1469	scarifying, or blending to obtain uniform quality and other
1470	operations which would change the purity or germination of the
1471	seed and, therefore, require retesting to determine the quality
1472	of the seed.
1473	(22) "Prohibited noxious weed seed" means the seed and
1474	bulblets of perennial weeds such as not only reproduce by seed
1475	or bulblets, but also spread by underground roots or stems and
1476	which, when established, are highly destructive and difficult to
1477	control in this state by ordinary good cultural practice.
1478	(31) (23) "Pure seed" means the seed, exclusive of inert
1479	matter, of the kind or kind and variety of seed declared on the
1480	label or tag includes all seed of the kind or kind and variety
1481	or strain under consideration, whether shriveled, cracked, or
1482	otherwise injured, and pieces of broken seed larger than one-
1483	half the original size.
1484	(32) (24) "Record" includes the symbol identifying the seed
1485	as to origin, amount, processing, testing, labeling <u>,</u> and
1486	distribution, file sample of the seed, and any other document or
1487	instrument pertaining to the purchase, sale, or handling of
1488	agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree <u>, or shrub</u> seed.
1489	Such information includes seed samples and records of
1490	declarations, labels, purchases, sales, conditioning, bulking,
1491	treatment, handling, storage, analyses, tests, and examinations.

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1492	(33) "Registered seed" means a class of certified seed
1493	which is the progeny of breeder or foundation seed and is
1494	produced and handled under procedures established by the
1495	certifying agency, in accordance with this part, for the purpose
1496	of maintaining genetic purity and identity.
1497	(25) "Restricted noxious weed seed" means the seed of such
1498	weeds as are very objectionable in fields, lawns, or gardens of
1499	this state, but can be controlled by good cultural practice.
1500	Seed of poisonous plants may be included.
1501	(34) "Shrub seed" means seed of a woody plant that is
1502	smaller than a tree and has several main stems arising at or
1503	near the ground.
1504	<u>(35)</u> "Stop-sale" means any written or printed notice or
1505	order issued by the department to the owner or custodian of any
1506	lot of agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree <u>, or shrub</u>
1507	seed in the state, directing the owner or custodian not to sell
1508	or offer for sale seed designated by the order within the state
1509	until the requirements of this law are complied with and a
1510	written release has been issued; except that the seed may be
1511	released to be sold for feed.
1512	(36) (27) "Treated" means that the seed has been given an
1513	application of a material or subjected to a process designed to
1514	control or repel disease organisms, insects, or other pests
1515	attacking seed or seedlings grown therefrom to improve its
1516	planting value or to serve any other purpose.
1517	(37) "Tree seed" means seed of a woody perennial plant
1518	typically having a single stem or trunk growing to a
1519	considerable height and bearing lateral branches at some
1520	distance from the ground.
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1521	<u>(38)</u> "Type" means a group of varieties so nearly
1522	similar that the individual varieties cannot be clearly
1523	differentiated except under special conditions.
1524	<u>(39)</u> "Variety" means a subdivision of a kind <u>which is</u>
1525	distinct in the sense that the variety can be differentiated by
1526	one or more identifiable morphological, physiological, or other
1527	characteristics from all other varieties of public knowledge;
1528	uniform in the sense that the variations in essential and
1529	distinctive characteristics are describable; and stable in the
1530	sense that the variety will remain unchanged in its essential
1531	and distinctive characteristics and its uniformity when
1532	reproduced or reconstituted characterized by growth, plant
1533	fruit, seed, or other characteristics by which it can be
1534	differentiated from other sorts of the same kind; e.g.,
1535	Whatley's Prolific corn, Bountiful beans, Kobe lespedeza.
1536	(40) (30) "Vegetable seed" means the seed of those crops
1537	that which are grown in gardens or on truck farms, and are
1538	generally known and sold under the name of vegetable seed <u>or</u>
1539	herb seed in this state.
1540	(41) <mark>(31)</mark> "Weed seed" includes the seed of all plants
1541	generally recognized as weeds within this state, and includes
1542	prohibited and restricted noxious weed seed, bulblets, and
1543	tubers, and any other vegetative propagules.
1544	Section 32. Section 578.012, Florida Statutes, is created
1545	to read:
1546	578.012 Preemption
1547	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature to eliminate
1548	duplication of regulation of seed. As such, this chapter is
1549	intended as comprehensive and exclusive and occupies the whole
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1550	field of regulation of seed.
1551	(2) The authority to regulate seed or matters relating to
1552	seed in this state is preempted to the state. A local government
1553	or political subdivision of the state may not enact or enforce
1554	an ordinance that regulates seed, including the power to assess
1555	any penalties provided for violation of this chapter.
1556	Section 33. Section 578.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to
1557	read:
1558	578.08 Registrations
1559	(1) Every person, except as provided in subsection (4) and
1560	s. 578.14, before selling, distributing for sale, offering for
1561	sale, exposing for sale, handling for sale, or soliciting orders
1562	for the purchase of any agricultural, vegetable, flower, or
1563	forest tree, or shrub seed or mixture thereof, shall first
1564	register with the department as a seed dealer. The application
1565	for registration must include the name and location of each
1566	place of business at which the seed is sold, distributed for
1567	sale, offered for sale, exposed for sale, or handled for sale.
1568	The application <u>must</u> for registration shall be filed with the
1569	department by using a form prescribed by the department or by
1570	using the department's website and shall be accompanied by an
1571	annual registration fee for each such place of business based on
1572	the gross receipts from the sale of such seed for the last
1573	preceding license year as follows:
1574	(a)1. Receipts of less than \$500, a fee of \$10.
1575	2. Receipts of \$500 or more but less than \$1,000, a fee of
1576	\$25.
1577	3. Receipts of \$1,000 or more but less than \$2,500, a fee
1578	of \$100.

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1579	4. Receipts of \$2,500 or more but less than \$5,000, a fee
1580	of \$200.
1581	5. Receipts of \$5,000 or more but less than \$10,000, a fee
1582	of \$350.
1583	6. Receipts of \$10,000 or more but less than \$20,000, a fee
1584	of \$800.
1585	7. Receipts of \$20,000 or more but less than \$40,000, a fee
1586	of \$1,000.
1587	8. Receipts of \$40,000 or more but less than \$70,000, a fee
1588	of \$1,200.
1589	9. Receipts of \$70,000 or more but less than \$150,000, a
1590	fee of \$1,600.
1591	10. Receipts of \$150,000 or more but less than \$400,000, a
1592	fee of \$2,400.
1593	11. Receipts of \$400,000 or more, a fee of \$4,600.
1594	(b) For places of business not previously in operation, the
1595	fee shall be based on anticipated receipts for the first license
1596	year.
1597	(2) A written receipt from the department of the
1598	registration and payment of the fee shall constitute a
1599	sufficient permit for the dealer to engage in or continue in the
1600	business of selling, distributing for sale, offering or exposing
1601	for sale, handling for sale, or soliciting orders for the
1602	purchase of any agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree <u>,</u>
1603	<u>or shrub</u> seed within the state. However, the department <u>has</u>
1604	shall have authority to suspend or revoke any permit for the
1605	violation of any provision of this law or of any rule adopted
1606	under authority hereof. The registration shall expire on June 30
1607	of the next calendar year and shall be renewed on July 1 of each

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1608	year. If any person subject to the requirements of this section
1609	fails to comply, the department may issue a stop-sale notice or
1610	order which shall prohibit the person from selling or causing to
1611	be sold any agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree <u>, or</u>
1612	shrub seed until the requirements of this section are met.
1613	(3) Every person selling, distributing for sale, offering
1614	for sale, exposing for sale, handling for sale, or soliciting
1615	orders for the purchase of any agricultural, vegetable, flower,
1616	or forest tree, or shrub seed in the state other than as
1617	provided in <u>subsection (4)</u> s. 578.14 , shall be subject to the
1618	requirements of this section; except that agricultural
1619	experiment stations of the State University System shall not be
1620	subject to the requirements of this section.
1621	(4) The provisions of This chapter <u>does</u> shall not apply to
1622	farmers who sell only uncleaned, unprocessed, unpackaged, and
1623	unlabeled seed, but shall apply to farmers who sell cleaned,
1624	processed, packaged, and labeled seed in amounts in excess of
1625	\$10,000 in any one year.
1626	(5) When packet seed is sold, offered for sale, or exposed
1627	for sale, the company who packs seed for retail sale must
1628	register and pay fees as provided under subsection (1).
1629	Section 34. Section 578.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to
1630	read:
1631	578.09 Label requirements for agricultural, vegetable,
1632	flower, tree, or shrub seedsEach container of agricultural,
1633	vegetable, or flower <u>, tree, or shrub</u> seed <u>which is</u> sold, offered
1634	for sale, exposed for sale, or distributed for sale within this
1635	state for sowing or planting purposes <u>must</u> shall bear thereon or
1636	have attached thereto, in a conspicuous place, a $rac{1}{abel}$ or $rac{1}{abels}$

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1637	containing all information required under this section, plainly
1638	written or printed <u>label or tag</u> in the English language , in
1639	Century type. All data pertaining to analysis shall appear on a
1640	single label. Language setting forth the requirements for filing
1641	and serving complaints as described in <u>s. 578.26(1)(c)</u> must s.
1642	578.26(1)(b) shall be included on the analysis label or be
1643	otherwise attached to the package, except for packages
1644	containing less than 1,000 seeds by count.
1645	(1) FOR TREATED SEED.— For all <u>treated</u> agricultural,
1646	vegetable, or flower <u>, tree, or shrub</u> seed treated as defined in
1647	this chapter:
1648	(a) A word or statement indicating that the seed has been
1649	treated or description of process used.
1650	(b) The commonly accepted coined, chemical, or abbreviated
1651	chemical (generic) name of the applied substance or description
1652	of the process used and the words "poison treated" in red
1653	letters, in not less than 1/4-inch type.
1654	(c) If the substance in the amount present with the seed is
1655	harmful to humans or other vertebrate animals, a caution
1656	statement such as "Do not use for food, feed, or oil purposes."
1657	The caution for mercurials, Environmental Protection Agency
1658	Toxicity Category 1 as referenced in 7 C.F.R. 201.31a(c)(2), and
1659	similarly toxic substances shall be designated by a poison
1660	statement or symbol.
1661	(d) Rate of application or statement "Treated at
1662	manufacturer's recommended rate."
1663	(d) (e) If the seed is treated with an inoculant, the date
1664	beyond which the inoculant is not to be considered effective
1665	(date of expiration).

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1666	
1667	A label separate from other labels required by this section or
1668	other law may be used to identify seed treatments as required by
1669	this subsection.
1670	(2) For agricultural seed, including lawn and turf grass
1671	seed and mixtures thereof: AGRICULTURAL SEED
1672	(a) Commonly accepted <u>The</u> name of <u>the</u> kind and variety of
1673	each agricultural seed component <u>present</u> in excess of 5 percent
1674	of the whole, and the percentage by weight of each in the order
1675	of its predominance. Where more than one component is required
1676	to be named, the word <u>``mixed,"</u> ``mixture <u>,</u> " or <u>``blend"</u> the word
1677	"mixed" shall be shown conspicuously on the label.
1678	(b) Lot number or other lot identification.
1679	(c) Net weight or seed count.
1680	(d) Origin, if known <u>. If the origin is</u> ; if unknown, that
1681	fact <u>must</u> shall be stated.
1682	(e) Percentage by weight of all weed seed.
1683	(f) The Name and number <u>of noxious weed seed per pound, if</u>
1684	present per pound of each kind of restricted noxious weed seed.
1685	(g) Percentage by weight of <u>agricultural seed which may be</u>
1686	designated as other crop seed, other than those required to be
1687	named on the label.
1688	(h) Percentage by weight of inert matter.
1689	(i) For each named agricultural seed, including lawn and
1690	turf grass seed:
1691	1. Percentage of germination, exclusive of hard <u>or dormant</u>
1692	seed;
1693	2. Percentage of hard <u>or dormant</u> seed <u>, if</u> when present , if
1694	desired; and
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1695	3. The calendar month and year the test was completed to
1696	determine such percentages, provided that the germination test
1697	must have been completed within the previous 9 months, exclusive
1698	of the calendar month of test.
1699	(j) Name and address of the person who labeled said seed or
1700	who sells, distributes, offers, or exposes said seed for sale
1701	within this state.
1702	
1703	The sum total of the percentages listed pursuant to paragraphs
1704	(a),(e),(g), and (h) must be equal to 100 percent.
1705	(3) For seed that is coated:
1706	(a) Percentage by weight of pure seed with coating material
1707	removed. The percentage of coating material may be included with
1708	the inert matter percentage or may be listed separately.
1709	(b) Percentage of germination. This percentage must be
1710	determined based on an examination of 400 coated units with or
1711	without seed.
1712	
1713	In addition to the requirements of this subsection, labeling of
1714	coated seed must also comply with the requirements of any other
1715	subsection pertaining to that type of seed. FOR VEGETABLE SEED
1716	IN CONTAINERS OF 8 OUNCES OR MORE
1717	(a) Name of kind and variety of seed.
1718	(b) Net weight or seed count.
1719	(c) Lot number or other lot identification.
1720	(d) Percentage of germination.
1721	(e) Calendar month and year the test was completed to
1722	determine such percentages.
1723	(f) Name and address of the person who labeled said seed or
I	

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1724	who sells, distributes, offers or exposes said seed for sale
1725	within this state.
1726	(g) For seed which germinate less than the standard last
1727	established by the department the words "below standard," in not
1728	less than 8-point type, must be printed or written in ink on the
1729	face of the tag, in addition to the other information required.
1730	Provided, that no seed marked "below standard" shall be sold
1731	which falls more than 20 percent below the standard for such
1732	seed which has been established by the department, as authorized
1733	by this law.
1734	(h) The name and number of restricted noxious weed seed per
1735	pound.
1736	(4) For combination mulch, seed, and fertilizer products:
1737	(a) The word "combination" followed, as appropriate, by the
1738	words "mulch - seed - fertilizer" must appear prominently on the
1739	principal display panel of the package.
1740	(b) If the product is an agricultural seed placed in a
1741	germination medium, mat, tape, or other device or is mixed with
1742	mulch or fertilizer, it must also be labeled with all of the
1743	following:
1744	1. Product name.
1745	2. Lot number or other lot identification.
1746	3. Percentage by weight of pure seed of each kind and
1747	variety named which may be less than 5 percent of the whole.
1748	4. Percentage by weight of other crop seed.
1749	5. Percentage by weight of inert matter.
1750	6. Percentage by weight of weed seed.
1751	7. Name and number of noxious weed seeds per pound, if
1752	present.

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1753	8. Percentage of germination, and hard or dormant seed if
1754	appropriate, of each kind or kind and variety named. The
1755	germination test must have been completed within the previous 12
1756	months exclusive of the calendar month of test.
1757	9. The calendar month and year the test was completed to
1758	determine such percentages.
1759	10. Name and address of the person who labeled the seed, or
1760	who sells, offers, or exposes the seed for sale within the
1761	state.
1762	
1763	The sum total of the percentages listed pursuant to
1764	subparagraphs 3., 4., 5., and 6. must be equal to 100 percent.
1765	(5) For vegetable seed in packets as prepared for use in
1766	home gardens or household plantings or vegetable seeds in
1767	preplanted containers, mats, tapes, or other planting devices:
1768	FOR VECETABLE SEED IN CONTAINERS OF LESS THAN 8 OUNCES
1769	(a) Name of kind and variety of seed. <u>Hybrids must be</u>
1770	labeled as hybrids.
1771	(b) Lot number or other lot identification.
1772	(c) Germination test date identified in the following
1773	manner:
1774	1. The calendar month and year the germination test was
1775	completed and the statement "Sell by \ldots (month/year) \ldots ", which
1776	may be no more than 12 months from the date of test, beginning
1777	with the month after the test date;
1778	2. The month and year the germination test was completed,
1779	provided that the germination test must have been completed
1780	within the previous 12 months, exclusive of the calendar month
1781	of test; or

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1782	3. The year for which the seed was packaged for sale as
1783	"Packed for(year)" and the statement "Sell by
1784	(year)" which shall be one year after the seed was
1785	packaged for sale.
1786	<u>(d)</u> Name and address of <u>the</u> person who labeled <u>the</u> seed
1787	or who sells, distributes, offers, or exposes said seed for sale
1788	within this state.
1789	<u>(e)</u> For seed which germinate less than standard last
1790	established by the department, the additional information must
1791	be shown:
1792	1. Percentage of germination, exclusive of hard <u>or dormant</u>
1793	seed.
1794	2. Percentage of hard <u>or dormant</u> seed when present , if
1795	present desired.
1796	3. Calendar month and year the test was completed to
1797	determine such percentages.
1798	3.4. The words "Below Standard" prominently displayed in
1799	not less than 8-point type.
1800	
1801	<u>(f)(d) No seed marked "below standard" may shall be sold</u>
1802	that falls which fall more than 20 percent below the established
1803	standard for such seed. For seeds that do not have an
1804	established standard, the minimum germination standard shall be
1805	50 percent, and no such seed may be sold that is 20 percent
1806	below this standard.
1807	(g) For seed placed in a germination medium, mat, tape, or
1808	other device in such a way as to make it difficult to determine
1809	the quantity of seed without removing the seeds from the medium,
1810	mat, tape or device, a statement to indicate the minimum number

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1811	of seeds in the container.
1812	(6) For vegetable seed in containers, other than packets
1813	prepared for use in home gardens or household plantings, and
1814	other than preplanted containers, mats, tapes, or other planting
1815	devices:
1816	(a) The name of each kind and variety present of any seed
1817	in excess of 5 percent of the total weight in the container, and
1818	the percentage by weight of each type of seed in order of its
1819	predominance. Hybrids must be labeled as hybrids.
1820	(b) Net weight or seed count.
1821	(c) Lot number or other lot identification.
1822	(d) For each named vegetable seed:
1823	1. Percentage germination, exclusive of hard or dormant
1824	seed;
1825	2. Percentage of hard or dormant seed, if present;
1826	3. Listed below the requirements of subparagraphs 1. and
1827	2., the "total germination and hard or dormant seed" may be
1828	stated as such, if desired; and
1829	4. The calendar month and year the test was completed to
1830	determine the percentages specified in subparagraphs 1. and 2.,
1831	provided that the germination test must have been completed
1832	within 9 months, exclusive of the calendar month of test.
1833	(e) Name and address of the person who labeled the seed, or
1834	who sells, offers, or exposes the seed for sale within this
1835	state.
1836	(f) For seed which germinate less than the standard last
1837	established by the department, the words "Below Standard" $\!\!\!\!\!$
1838	prominently displayed.
1839	1. No seed marked "Below Standard" may be sold if the seed
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1840	is more than 20 percent below the established standard for such
1841	seed.
1842	2. For seeds that do not have an established standard, the
1843	minimum germination standard shall be 50 percent, and no such
1844	seed may be sold that is 20 percent below this standard.
1845	(7) (5) For flower seed in packets prepared for use in home
1846	gardens or household plantings or flower seed in preplanted
1847	<u>containers, mats, tapes, or other planting devices: FOR FLOWER</u>
1848	SEED IN PACKETS PREPARED FOR USE IN HOME GARDENS OR HOUSEHOLD
1849	PLANTINGS OR FLOWER SEED IN PREPLANTED CONTAINERS, MATS, TAPES,
1850	OR OTHER PLANTING DEVICES
1851	(a) For all kinds of flower seed:
1852	1. The name of the kind and variety or a statement of type
1853	and performance characteristics as prescribed in the rules and
1854	regulations <u>adopted</u> promulgated under the provisions of this
1855	chapter.
1856	2. Germination test date, identified in the following
1857	manner:
1858	a. The calendar month and year the germination test was
1859	completed and the statement "Sell by \ldots (month/year) \ldots ". The
1860	sell by date must be no more than 12 months from the date of
1861	test, beginning with the month after the test date;
1862	b. The year for which the seed was packed for sale as
1863	"Packed for(year)" and the statement "Sell by
1864	(year)" which shall be for a calendar year; or
1865	c. The calendar month and year the test was completed,
1866	provided that the germination test must have been completed
1867	within the previous 12 months, exclusive of the calendar month
1868	of test.

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1869	2. The calendar month and year the seed was tested or the
1870	year for which the seed was packaged.
1871	3. The name and address of the person who labeled said
1872	seed, or who sells, offers, or exposes said seed for sale within
1873	this state.
1874	(b) For seed of those kinds for which standard testing
1875	procedures are prescribed and which germinate less than the
1876	germination standard last established under the provisions of
1877	this chapter:
1878	1. The percentage of germination exclusive of hard <u>or</u>
1879	dormant seed.
1880	2. Percentage of hard or dormant seed, if present.
1881	<u>3.</u> The words "Below Standard" <u>prominently displayed</u> in not
1882	less than 8-point type.
1883	(c) For seed placed in a germination medium, mat, tape, or
1884	other device in such a way as to make it difficult to determine
1885	the quantity of seed without removing the seed from the medium,
1886	mat, tape, or device, a statement to indicate the minimum number
1887	of seed in the container.
1888	(8) (6) For flower seed in containers other than packets and
1889	other than preplanted containers, mats, tapes, or other planting
1890	devices and not prepared for use in home flower gardens or
1891	household plantings: FOR FLOWER SEED IN CONTAINERS OTHER THAN
1892	PACKETS PREPARED FOR USE IN HOME FLOWER GARDENS OR HOUSEHOLD
1893	PLANTINGS AND OTHER THAN PREPLANTED CONTAINERS, MATS, TAPES, OR
1894	OTHER PLANTING DEVICES
1895	(a) The name of the kind and variety, and for wildflowers,
1896	the genus and species and subspecies, if appropriate or a
1897	statement of type and performance characteristics as prescribed

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1898	in rules and regulations promulgated under the provisions of
1899	this chapter.
1900	(b) Net weight or seed count.
1901	(c) (b) The Lot number or other lot identification.
1902	(d) For flower seed with a pure seed percentage of less
1903	than 90 percent:
1904	1. Percentage, by weight, of each component listed in order
1905	of its predominance.
1906	2. Percentage by weight of weed seed, if present.
1907	3. Percentage by weight of other crop seed.
1908	4. Percentage by weight of inert matter.
1909	(e) For those kinds of seed for which standard testing
1910	procedures are prescribed:
1911	1. Percentage germination exclusive of hard or dormant
1912	seed.
1913	2. Percentage of hard or dormant seed, if present.
1914	3.(c) The calendar month and year that the test was
1915	completed. The germination test must have been completed within
1916	the previous 9 months, exclusive of the calendar month of test.
1917	(f) For those kinds of seed for which standard testing
1918	procedures are not available, the year of production or
1919	<u>collection</u> seed were tested or the year for which the seed were
1920	packaged.
1921	<u>(g)</u> The name and address of the person who labeled said
1922	seed or who sells, offers, or exposes said seed for sale within
1923	this state.
1924	(e) For those kinds of seed for which standard testing
1925	procedures are prescribed:
1926	1. The percentage germination exclusive of hard seed.
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1927	2. The percentage of hard seed, if present.
1928	<u>(h)</u> For those seed s which germinate less than the
1929	standard last established by the department, the words "Below
1930	Standard" prominently displayed in not less than 8-point type
1931	must be printed or written in ink on the face of the tag.
1932	(9) For tree or shrub seed:
1933	(a) Common name of the species of seed and, if appropriate,
1934	subspecies.
1935	(b) The scientific name of the genus, species, and, if
1936	appropriate, subspecies.
1937	(c) Lot number or other lot identification.
1938	(d) Net weight or seed count.
1939	(e) Origin, indicated in the following manner:
1940	1. For seed collected from a predominantly indigenous
1941	stand, the area of collection given by latitude and longitude or
1942	geographic description, or political subdivision, such as state
1943	or county.
1944	2. For seed collected from other than a predominantly
1945	indigenous stand, the area of collection and the origin of the
1946	stand or the statement "Origin not Indigenous".
1947	3. The elevation or the upper and lower limits of
1948	elevations within which the seed was collected.
1949	(f) Purity as a percentage of pure seed by weight.
1950	(g) For those species for which standard germination
1951	testing procedures are prescribed by the department:
1952	1. Percentage germination exclusive of hard or dormant
1953	seed.
1954	2. Percentage of hard or dormant seed, if present.
1955	3. The calendar month and year test was completed, provided

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1956	that the germination test must have been completed within the
1957	previous 12 months, exclusive of the calendar month of test.
1958	(h) In lieu of subparagraphs (g)1., 2., and 3., the seed
1959	may be labeled "Test is in progress; results will be supplied
1960	upon request."
1961	(i) For those species for which standard germination
1962	testing procedures have not been prescribed by the department,
1963	the calendar year in which the seed was collected.
1964	(j) The name and address of the person who labeled the seed
1965	or who sells, offers, or exposes the seed for sale within this
1966	state.
1967	(7) DEPARTMENT TO PRESCRIBE UNIFORM ANALYSIS TAG The
1968	department shall have the authority to prescribe a uniform
1969	analysis tag required by this section.
1970	
1971	The information required by this section to be placed on labels
1972	attached to seed containers may not be modified or denied in the
1973	labeling or on another label attached to the container. However,
1974	labeling of seed supplied under a contractual agreement may be
1975	by invoice accompanying the shipment or by an analysis tag
1976	attached to the invoice if each bag or other container is
1977	clearly identified by a lot number displayed on the bag or other
1978	container. Each bag or container that is not so identified must
1979	carry complete labeling.
1980	Section 35. Section 578.091, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
1981	Section 36. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 578.10,
1982	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1983	578.10 Exemptions
1984	(2) The provisions of ss. 578.09 and 578.13 do not apply
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1985
      to:
1986
           (a) To Seed or grain not intended for sowing or planting
1987
      purposes.
1988
            (b) To Seed stored in storage in, consigned to, or being
1989
      transported to seed cleaning or processing establishments for
1990
      cleaning or processing only. Any labeling or other
1991
      representation which may be made with respect to the unclean
1992
      seed is shall be subject to this law.
1993
           (c) Seed under development or maintained exclusively for
1994
      research purposes.
1995
            (3) If seeds cannot be identified by examination thereof, a
1996
      person is not subject to the criminal penalties of this chapter
1997
      for having sold or offered for sale seeds subject to this
1998
      chapter which were incorrectly labeled or represented as to
1999
      kind, species, and, if appropriate, subspecies, variety, type,
2000
      or origin, elevation, and, if required, year of collection
2001
      unless he or she has failed to obtain an invoice, genuine
2002
      grower's or tree seed collector's declaration, or other labeling
2003
      information and to take such other precautions as may be
2004
      reasonable to ensure the identity of the seeds to be as stated
2005
      by the grower. A genuine grower's declaration of variety must
2006
      affirm that the grower holds records of proof of identity
2007
      concerning parent seed, such as invoice and labels No person
2008
      shall be subject to the criminal penalties of this law for
2009
      having sold, offered, exposed, or distributed for sale in this
2010
      state any agricultural, vegetable, or forest tree seed which
2011
      were incorrectly labeled or represented as to kind and variety
      or origin, which seed cannot be identified by examination
2012
      thereof, unless she or he has failed to obtain an invoice or
2013
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22-00439B-18 2018740 2014 grower's declaration giving kind and variety and origin. 2015 Section 37. Section 578.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to 2016 read: 2017 578.11 Duties, authority, and rules of the department.-2018 (1) The duty of administering this law and enforcing its 2019 provisions and requirements shall be vested in the Department of 2020 Agriculture and Consumer Services, which is hereby authorized to 2021 employ such agents and persons as in its judgment shall be 2022 necessary therefor. It shall be the duty of the department, 2023 which may act through its authorized agents, to sample, inspect, 2024 make analyses of, and test agricultural, vegetable, flower, or 2025 forest tree, or shrub seed transported, sold, offered or exposed 2026 for sale, or distributed within this state for sowing or 2027 planting purposes, at such time and place and to such extent as 2028 it may deem necessary to determine whether said agricultural, 2029 vegetable, flower, or forest tree, or shrub seed are in 2030 compliance with the provisions of this law, and to notify 2031 promptly the person who transported, distributed, sold, offered 2032 or exposed the seed for sale, of any violation. 2033 (2) The department is authorized to:

(a) To Enforce this <u>chapter</u> act and prescribe the methods
of sampling, inspecting, testing, and examining agricultural,
vegetable, flower, or forest tree, or shrub seed.

(b) To Establish standards and tolerances to be followed in the administration of this law, which shall be in general accord with officially prescribed practices in interstate commerce.

2040

(c) To Prescribe uniform labels.

2041 (d) To Adopt prohibited and restricted noxious weed seed 2042 lists.

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2043	(e) To Prescribe limitations for each restricted noxious
2044	weed to be used in enforcement of this <u>chapter</u> act and to add or
2045	subtract therefrom from time to time as the need may arise.
2046	(f) $rac{\pi \Theta}{2}$ Make commercial tests of seed and to fix and collect
2047	charges for such tests.
2048	(g) To List the kinds of flower <u>,</u> and forest tree, and shrub
2049	seed subject to this law.
2050	(h) $rac{\pi \Theta}{2}$ Analyze samples, as requested by a consumer. The
2051	department shall establish, by rule, a fee schedule for
2052	analyzing samples at the request of a consumer. The fees shall
2053	be sufficient to cover the costs to the department for taking
2054	the samples and performing the analysis, not to exceed \$150 per
2055	sample.
2056	(i) ± 0 Adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to
2057	implement the provisions of this <u>chapter</u> act .
2058	(j) To Establish, by rule, requirements governing aircraft
2059	used for the aerial application of seed, including requirements
2060	for recordkeeping, annual aircraft registration, secure storage
2061	when not in use, area-of-application information, and reporting
2062	any sale, lease, purchase, rental, or transfer of such aircraft
2063	to another person.
2064	(3) For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this
2065	law, the department, through its authorized agents, is
2066	authorized to:
2067	(a) $rac{T\Theta}{T\Theta}$ Enter upon any public or private premises, where
2068	agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree <u>, or shrub</u> seed
2069	is sold, offered, exposed, or distributed for sale during
2070	regular business hours, in order to have access to seed subject
2071	to this law and the rules and regulations hereunder.

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22-00439B-18 2018740 2072 (b) To Issue and enforce a stop-sale notice or order to the 2073 owner or custodian of any lot of agricultural, vegetable, 2074 flower, or forest tree, or shrub seed, which the department 2075 finds or has good reason to believe is in violation of any 2076 provisions of this law, which shall prohibit further sale, 2077 barter, exchange, or distribution of such seed until the 2078 department is satisfied that the law has been complied with and 2079 has issued a written release or notice to the owner or custodian 2080 of such seed. After a stop-sale notice or order has been issued 2081 against or attached to any lot of seed and the owner or custodian of such seed has received confirmation that the seed 2082 2083 does not comply with this law, she or he has shall have 15 days 2084 beyond the normal test period within which to comply with the 2085 law and obtain a written release of the seed. The provisions of 2086 This paragraph may shall not be construed as limiting the right 2087 of the department to proceed as authorized by other sections of 2088 this law.

(c) To Establish and maintain a seed laboratory, employ seed analysts and other personnel, and incur such other expenses as may be necessary to comply with these provisions.

2092 Section 38. Section 578.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to 2093 read:

578.12 Stop-sale, stop-use, removal, or hold orders.-When agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree, or shrub seed is being offered or exposed for sale or held in violation of any of the provisions of this chapter, the department, through its authorized representative, may issue and enforce a stop-sale, stop-use, removal, or hold order to the owner or custodian of said seed ordering it to be held at a designated place until the

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2101	law has been complied with and said seed is released in writing
2102	by the department or its authorized representative. If seed is
2103	not brought into compliance with this law it shall be destroyed
2104	within 30 days or disposed of by the department in such a manner
2105	as it shall by regulation prescribe.
2106	Section 39. Section 578.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to
2107	read:
2108	578.13 Prohibitions
2109	(1) It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, distribute
2110	for sale, offer for sale, expose for sale, handle for sale, or
2111	solicit orders for the purchase of any agricultural, vegetable,
2112	flower, or forest tree, or shrub, seed within this state:
2113	(a) Unless the test to determine the percentage of
2114	germination required by s. 578.09 <u>has</u> shall have been completed
2115	within a period of 7 months, exclusive of the calendar month in
2116	which the test was completed, immediately prior to sale,
2117	exposure for sale, offering for sale, or transportation, except
2118	for <u>a</u> germination test for seed in hermetically sealed
2119	containers which is provided for in <u>s. 579.092</u> s. 578.28 .
2120	(b) Not labeled in accordance with the provisions of this
2121	law, or having false or misleading labeling.
2122	(c) Pertaining to which there has been a false or
2123	misleading advertisement.
2124	(d) Containing noxious weed seeds subject to tolerances and
2125	methods of determination prescribed in the rules and regulations
2126	under this law.
2127	(e) Unless a seed license has been obtained in accordance
2128	with the provisions of this law.
2129	(f) Unless such seed conforms to the definition of a `lot
I	

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2130	of seed."
2131	(2) It shall be unlawful for <u>a</u> any person within this state
2132	<u>to</u> :
2133	(a) $rac{\pi \Theta}{2}$ Detach, deface, destroy, or use a second time any
2134	label or tag provided for in this law or in the rules and
2135	regulations made and promulgated hereunder or to alter or
2136	substitute seed in a manner that may defeat the purpose of this
2137	law.
2138	(b) To Disseminate any false or misleading advertisement
2139	concerning agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree <u>,or</u>
2140	shrub seed in any manner or by any means.
2141	(c) $rac{ au o}{ au o}$ Hinder or obstruct in any way any authorized person
2142	in the performance of her or his duties under this law.
2143	(d) To Fail to comply with a stop-sale order or to move,
2144	handle, or dispose of any lot of seed, or tags attached to such
2145	seed, held under a "stop-sale" order, except with express
2146	permission of the department and for the purpose specified by
2147	the department or seizure order.
2148	(e) Label, advertise, or otherwise represent seed subject
2149	to this chapter to be certified seed or any class thereof,
2150	including classes such as "registered seed," "foundation seed,"
2151	"breeder seed" or similar representations, unless:
2152	1. A seed certifying agency determines that such seed
2153	conformed to standards of purity and identify as to the kind,
2154	variety, or species and, if appropriate, subspecies and the seed
2155	certifying agency also determines that tree or shrub seed was
2156	found to be of the origin and elevation claimed, in compliance
2157	with the rules and regulations of such agency pertaining to such
2158	seed; and

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2159	2. The seed bears an official label issued for such seed by
2160	a seed certifying agency certifying that the seed is of a
2161	specified class and specified to the kind, variety, or species
2162	and, if appropriate, subspecies.
2163	(f) Label, by variety name, seed not certified by an
2164	official seed-certifying agency when it is a variety for which a
2165	certificate of plant variety protection under the United States
2166	Plant Variety Protection Act, 7 U.S.C. 2321 et. seq., specifies
2167	sale only as a class of certified seed, except that seed from a
2168	certified lot may be labeled as to variety name when used in a
2169	mixture by, or with the written approval of, the owner of the
2170	variety. To sell, distribute for sale, offer for sale, expose
2171	for sale, handle for sale, or solicit orders for the purchase of
2172	any agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree seed labeled
2173	"certified seed," "registered seed," "foundation seed," "breeder
2174	seed," or similar terms, unless it has been produced and labeled
2175	under seal in compliance with the rules and regulations of any
2176	agency authorized by law.
2177	<u>(g)(f) To Fail to keep a complete record, including a file</u>
2178	sample which shall be retained for 1 year after seed is sold, of
2179	each lot of seed and to make available for inspection such
2180	records to the department or its duly authorized agents.

2181 (h) (g) To Use the name of the Department of Agriculture and 2182 Consumer Services or Florida State Seed Laboratory in connection 2183 with analysis tag, labeling advertisement, or sale of any seed 2184 in any manner whatsoever.

2185 Section 40. <u>Section 578.14</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
2186 Section 41. Subsection (1) of section 578.181, Florida
2187 Statutes, is amended to read:

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2188	578.181 Penalties; administrative fine
2189	(1) The department may enter an order imposing one or more
2190	of the following penalties against a person who violates this
2191	chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter or who impedes,
2192	obstructs, or hinders <u>, or otherwise attempts to prevent</u> the
2193	department from performing its duty in connection with
2194	performing its duties under this chapter:
2195	(a) For a minor violation, issuance of a warning letter.
2196	(b) For violations other than a minor violation:
2197	1. Imposition of an administrative fine in the Class I
2198	category pursuant to s. 570.971 for each occurrence after the
2199	issuance of a warning letter.
2200	2.(c) Revocation or suspension of the registration as a
2201	seed dealer.
2202	Section 42. Section 578.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to
2203	read:
2204	578.23 Dealers' Records to be kept available <u>Each person</u>
2205	who allows his or her name or brand to appear on the label as
2206	handling agricultural, vegetable, flower, tree, or shrub seeds
2207	subject to this chapter must keep, for 2 years, complete records
2208	of each lot of agricultural, vegetable, flower, tree, or shrub
2209	seed handled, and keep for 1 year after final disposition a file
2210	sample of each lot of seed. All such records and samples
2211	pertaining to the shipment or shipments involved must be
2212	accessible for inspection by the department or its authorized
2213	representative during normal business hours Every seed dealer
2214	shall make and keep for a period of 3 years satisfactory records
2215	of all agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree seed
2216	bought or handled to be sold, which records shall at all times

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2217	be made readily available for inspection, examination, or audit
2218	by the department. Such records shall also be maintained by
2219	persons who purchase seed for production of plants for resale.
2220	Section 43. Section 578.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to
2221	read:
2222	578.26 Complaint, investigation, hearings, findings, and
2223	recommendation prerequisite to legal action
2224	(1)(a) When any <u>buyer</u> farmer is damaged by the failure of
2225	agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree <u>, or shrub</u> seed
2226	<u>planted in this state</u> to produce or perform as represented by
2227	the <u>labeling of such</u> label attached to the seed as required by
2228	s. 578.09, as a prerequisite to her or his right to maintain a
2229	legal action against the dealer from whom the seed was
2230	purchased, the <u>buyer must</u> farmer shall make a sworn complaint
2231	against the dealer alleging damages sustained. The complaint
2232	shall be filed with the department, and a copy of the complaint
2233	shall be served by the department on the dealer by certified
2234	mail, within such time as to permit inspection of the property,
2235	crops, plants, or trees referenced in, or related to, the
2236	buyer's complaint by the seed investigation and conciliation
2237	council or its representatives and by the dealer from whom the
2238	seed was purchased.
2239	(b) For types of claims specified in paragraph (a), the
2240	buyer may not commence legal proceedings against the dealer or
2241	assert such a claim as a counterclaim or defense in any action
2242	brought by the dealer until the findings and recommendations of
2243	the seed investigation and conciliation council are transmitted
2244	to the complainant and the dealer.
2245	<u>(c)</u> Language setting forth the requirement for filing

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22-00439B-18 2018740 2246 and serving the complaint shall be legibly typed or printed on 2247 the analysis label or be attached to the package containing the 2248 seed at the time of purchase by the buyer farmer. 2249 (d)(c) A nonrefundable filing fee of \$100 shall be paid to 2250 the department with each complaint filed. However, the 2251 complainant may recover the filing fee cost from the dealer upon 2252 the recommendation of the seed investigation and conciliation 2253 council. 2254 (2) Within 15 days after receipt of a copy of the 2255 complaint, the dealer shall file with the department her or his 2256 answer to the complaint and serve a copy of the answer on the 2257 buyer farmer by certified mail. Upon receipt of the findings and 2258 recommendation of the arbitration council, the department shall 2259 transmit them to the farmer and to the dealer by certified mail. 2260 (3) The department shall refer the complaint and the answer 2261 thereto to the seed investigation and conciliation council 2262 provided in s. 578.27 for investigation, informal hearing, 2263 findings, and recommendation on the matters complained of. 2264 (a) Each party must shall be allowed to present its side of 2265 the dispute at an informal hearing before the seed investigation 2266 and conciliation council. Attorneys may be present at the 2267 hearing to confer with their clients. However, no attorney may 2268 participate directly in the proceeding. 2269 (b) Hearings, including the deliberations of the seed 2270 investigation and conciliation council, must shall be open to the public. 2271 2272 (c) Within 30 days after completion of a hearing, the seed

2272 (c) within 30 days after completion of a hearing, the seed 2273 investigation and conciliation council shall transmit its 2274 findings and recommendations to the department. Upon receipt of

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22-00439B-18 2018740 2275 the findings and recommendation of the seed investigation and 2276 conciliation council, the department shall transmit them to the 2277 buyer farmer and to the dealer by certified mail. 2278 (4) The department shall provide administrative support for 2279 the seed investigation and conciliation council and shall mail a 2280 copy of the council's procedures to each party upon receipt of a 2281 complaint by the department. 2282 Section 44. Subsections (1), (2), and (4) of section 2283 578.27, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2284 578.27 Seed investigation and conciliation council; 2285 composition; purpose; meetings; duties; expenses.-2286 (1) The Commissioner of Agriculture shall appoint a seed 2287 investigation and conciliation council composed of seven members and seven alternate members, one member and one alternate to be 2288 2289 appointed upon the recommendation of each of the following: the 2290 deans of extension and research, Institute of Food and 2291 Agricultural Sciences, University of Florida; president of the 2292 Florida Seed Seedsmen and Garden Supply Association; president 2293 of the Florida Farm Bureau Federation; and the president of the 2294 Florida Fruit and Vegetable Association. The Commissioner of 2295 Agriculture shall appoint a representative and an alternate from 2296 the agriculture industry at large and from the Department of 2297 Agriculture and Consumer Services. Each member shall be 2298 appointed for a term of 4 years or less and shall serve until 2299 his or her successor is appointed Initially, three members and 2300 their alternates shall be appointed for 4-year terms and four 2301 members and their alternates shall be appointed for 2-year terms. Thereafter, members and alternates shall be appointed for 2302 4-year terms. Each alternate member shall serve only in the 2303

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2304 absence of the member for whom she or he is an alternate. A 2305 vacancy shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term 2306 in the same manner as the original appointment. The council 2307 shall annually elect a chair from its membership. It shall be 2308 the duty of the chair to conduct all meetings and deliberations 2309 held by the council and to direct all other activities of the 2310 council. The department representative shall serve as secretary 2311 of the council. It shall be the duty of the secretary to keep 2312 accurate and correct records on all meetings and deliberations 2313 and perform other duties for the council as directed by the 2314 chair.

(2) The purpose of the seed investigation and conciliation council is to assist <u>buyers</u> farmers and agricultural seed dealers in determining the validity of <u>seed</u> complaints made by <u>buyers</u> farmers against dealers and recommend <u>a settlement, when</u> <u>appropriate, cost damages</u> resulting from the alleged failure of the seed to produce <u>or perform</u> as represented by <u>the</u> label <u>of</u> such on the seed package.

(4) (a) When the department refers to the seed investigation and conciliation council any complaint made by a <u>buyer</u> farmer against a dealer, <u>the</u> said council <u>must</u> shall make a full and complete investigation of the matters complained of and at the conclusion of <u>the</u> said investigation <u>must</u> shall report its findings and make its recommendation of cost damages and file same with the department.

(b) In conducting its investigation, the seed investigation and conciliation council or any representative, member, or members thereof <u>are</u> authorized to examine the <u>buyer's property</u>, crops, plants, or trees referenced in or relating to the

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22-00439B-18 2018740 2333 complaint farmer on her or his farming operation of which she or 2334 he complains and the dealer on her or his packaging, labeling, 2335 and selling operation of the seed alleged to be faulty; to grow 2336 to production a representative sample of the alleged faulty seed 2337 through the facilities of the state, under the supervision of 2338 the department when such action is deemed to be necessary; to 2339 hold informal hearings at a time and place directed by the 2340 department or by the chair of the council upon reasonable notice 2341 to the buyer farmer and the dealer.

(c) Any investigation made by less than the whole membership of the council <u>must</u> shall be by authority of a written directive by the department or by the chair, and such investigation <u>must</u> shall be summarized in writing and considered by the council in reporting its findings and making its recommendation.

2348 Section 45. Section 578.28, Florida Statutes, is renumbered 2349 as section 578.092, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

2350 <u>578.092</u> 578.28 Seed in hermetically sealed containers.—The 2351 period of validity of germination tests is extended to the 2352 following periods for seed packaged in hermetically sealed 2353 containers, under conditions and label requirements set forth in 2354 this section:

(1) GERMINATION TESTS.—The germination test for agricultural and vegetable seed <u>must</u> shall have been completed within the following periods, exclusive of the calendar month in which the test was completed, immediately prior to shipment, delivery, transportation, or sale:

(a) In the case of agricultural or vegetable seed shipped,delivered, transported, or sold to a dealer for resale, 18

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2362	months;
2363	(b) In the case of agricultural or vegetable seed for sale
2364	or sold at retail, 24 months.
2365	(2) CONDITIONS OF PACKAGINGThe following conditions are
2366	considered as minimum:
2367	(a) Hermetically sealed packages or containers.—A
2368	container, to be acceptable under the provisions of this
2369	section, shall not allow water vapor penetration through any
2370	wall, including the wall seals, greater than 0.05 gram of water
2371	per 24 hours per 100 square inches of surface at 100 $^\circ { t F.}$ with a
2372	relative humidity on one side of 90 percent and on the other of
2373	0 percent. Water vapor penetration (WVP) is measured by the
2374	standards of the National Institute of Standards and Technology
2375	as: gm H ₂ O/24 hr./100 sq. in./100 °F/90 percent RH V. 0 percent
2376	RH.
2377	(b) Moisture of seed packaged.—The moisture of agricultural
2378	or vegetable seed subject to the provisions of this section
2379	shall be established by rule of the department.
2380	(3) LABELING REQUIREDIn addition to the labeling required
2381	by s. 578.09, seed packaged under the provisions of this section
2382	shall be labeled with the following information:
2383	(a) Seed has been preconditioned as to moisture content.
2384	(b) Container is hermetically sealed.
2385	(c) "Germination test valid until (month, year)" may be
2386	used. (Not to exceed 24 months from date of test).
2387	Section 46. Section 578.29, Florida Statutes, is created to
2388	read:
2389	578.29 Prohibited noxious weed seedSeeds meeting the
2390	definition of prohibited noxious weed seed under s. 578.011, may
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2391	not be present in agricultural, vegetable, flower, tree, or
2392	shrub seed offered or exposed for sale in this state.
2393	Section 47. Subsection (1) of section 590.02, Florida
2394	Statutes, is amended to read:
2395	590.02 Florida Forest Service; powers, authority, and
2396	duties; liability; building structures; Withlacoochee Training
2397	Center
2398	(1) The Florida Forest Service has the following powers,
2399	authority, and duties <u>to</u> :
2400	(a) $\frac{1}{20}$ Enforce the provisions of this chapter;
2401	(b) $ extsf{TO}$ Prevent, detect, and suppress wildfires wherever
2402	they may occur on public or private land in this state and to do
2403	all things necessary in the exercise of such powers, authority,
2404	and duties;
2405	(c) $rac{ au o}{ au o}$ Provide firefighting crews, who shall be under the
2406	control and direction of the Florida Forest Service and its
2407	designated agents;
2408	(d) To Appoint center managers, forest area supervisors,
2409	forestry program administrators, a forest protection bureau
2410	chief, a forest protection assistant bureau chief, a field
2411	operations bureau chief, deputy chiefs of field operations,
2412	district managers, forest operations administrators, senior
2413	forest rangers, investigators, forest rangers, firefighter
2414	rotorcraft pilots, and other employees who may, at the Florida
2415	Forest Service's discretion, be certified as forestry
2416	firefighters pursuant to s. 633.408(8). Other law
2417	notwithstanding, center managers, district managers, forest
2418	protection assistant bureau chief, and deputy chiefs of field
2419	operations <u>have</u> shall have Selected Exempt Service status in the
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2420	state personnel designation;
2421	(e) To Develop a training curriculum for forestry
2422	firefighters which must contain the basic volunteer structural
2423	fire training course approved by the Florida State Fire College
2424	of the Division of State Fire Marshal and a minimum of 250 hours
2425	of wildfire training;
2426	(f) Pay the cost of the initial commercial driver license
2427	examination fee for those employees whose position requires them
2428	to operate equipment requiring a license. This paragraph is
2429	intended to be an authorization to the department to pay such
2430	costs, not an obligation;
2431	(f) To make rules to accomplish the purposes of this
2432	chapter;
2433	(g) $\frac{1}{2}$ Provide fire management services and emergency
2434	response assistance and to set and charge reasonable fees for
2435	performance of those services. Moneys collected from such fees
2436	shall be deposited into the Incidental Trust Fund of the Florida
2437	Forest Service;
2438	(h) $rac{\pi_{\Theta}}{\Phi}$ Require all state, regional, and local government
2439	agencies operating aircraft in the vicinity of an ongoing
2440	wildfire to operate in compliance with the applicable state
2441	Wildfire Aviation Plan; and
2442	(i) To Authorize broadcast burning, prescribed burning,
2443	pile burning, and land clearing debris burning to carry out the
2444	duties of this chapter and the rules adopted thereunder; and
2445	(j) Make rules to accomplish the purposes of this chapter.
2446	Section 48. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) and subsection
2447	(9) of section 790.06, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
2448	790.06 License to carry concealed weapon or firearm
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2449	(6)
2450	(c) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services
2451	shall, within 90 days after the date of receipt of the items
2452	listed in subsection (5):
2453	1. Issue the license; or
2454	2. Deny the application based solely on the ground that the
2455	applicant fails to qualify under the criteria listed in
2456	subsection (2) or subsection (3). If the Department of
2457	Agriculture and Consumer Services denies the application, it
2458	shall notify the applicant in writing, stating the ground for
2459	denial and informing the applicant of any right to a hearing
2460	pursuant to chapter 120.
2461	3. In the event the department receives <u>incomplete</u> criminal
2462	history information <u>or</u> with no final disposition on a crime
2463	which may disqualify the applicant, the Department of
2464	Agriculture and Consumer Services must expedite efforts to
2465	acquire the final disposition or proof of restoration of civil
2466	and firearm rights, or confirmation that clarifying records are
2467	not available from the jurisdiction where the criminal history
2468	originated. Ninety days after the date of receipt of the
2469	completed application, if the department has not acquired final
2470	disposition or proof of restoration of civil and firearm rights,
2471	or confirmation that clarifying records are not available from
2472	the jurisdiction where the criminal history originated, the
2473	department shall issue the license in the absence of
2474	disqualifying information. However, such license must be
2475	immediately suspended and revoked upon receipt of disqualifying
2476	information pursuant to this section time limitation prescribed
2477	by this paragraph may be suspended until receipt of the final

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2478	disposition or proof of restoration of civil and firearm rights.
2479	(9) In the event that a concealed weapon or firearm license
2480	is lost or destroyed, the license shall be automatically
2481	invalid, and the person to whom the same was issued may, upon
2482	payment of \$15 to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer
2483	Services, obtain a duplicate, or substitute thereof, upon
2484	furnishing a notarized statement <u>under oath</u> to the Department of
2485	Agriculture and Consumer Services that such license has been
2486	lost or destroyed.
2487	Section 49. Subsections (5) and (8) of section 790.0625,
2488	Florida Statutes, are amended, and sections (9) and (10) are
2489	added to that section, to read:
2490	790.0625 Appointment of tax collectors to accept
2491	applications for a concealed weapon or firearm license; fees;
2492	penalties
2493	(5) A tax collector appointed under this section <u>shall</u>
2494	collect and remit weekly to the department the license fees
2495	pursuant to s. 790.06 for deposit in the Division of Licensing
2496	<u>Trust Fund and</u> may collect and retain a convenience <u>fees for the</u>
2497	following: fee of \$22 for each new application and \$12 for each
2498	renewal application and shall remit weekly to the department the
2499	license fees pursuant to s. 790.06 for deposit in the Division
2500	of Licensing Trust Fund.
2501	(a) Twenty-two dollars for each new application.
2502	(b) Twelve dollars for each renewal application.
2503	(c) Twelve dollars for each duplicate license issued to
2504	replace a lost or destroyed license.
2505	(d) Six dollars for fingerprinting.
2506	(e) Six dollars for photographing services associated with

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2507	the completion of an application submitted online.
2508	(8) Upon receipt of a completed renewal application, a new
2509	color photograph, and appropriate payment of <u>required</u> fees, a
2510	tax collector authorized to accept renewal applications for
2511	concealed weapon or firearm licenses under this section may,
2512	upon approval and confirmation of license issuance by the
2513	department, print and deliver a concealed weapon or firearm
2514	license to a licensee renewing his or her license at the tax
2515	collector's office.
2516	(9) Upon receipt of a statement under oath to the
2517	department, and the payment of required fees, a tax collector
2518	authorized to accept applications for concealed weapon or
2519	firearm licenses under this section may, upon approval and
2520	confirmation from the department that a license is in good
2521	standing, print and deliver a concealed weapon or firearm
2522	license to a licensee whose license has been lost or destroyed.
2523	(10) Tax collectors authorized to accept applications for
2524	concealed weapon or firearm licenses under this section may
2525	provide fingerprinting and photographing services to aid
2526	concealed weapon and firearm applicants and licensees with
2527	online initial and renewal applications.
2528	Section 50. Section 817.417, Florida Statutes, is created
2529	to read:
2530	817.417 Government Impostor and Deceptive Advertisement
2531	Act
2532	(1) SHORT TITLEThis act may be cited as the "Government
2533	Impostor and Deceptive Advertisements Act."
2534	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section:
2535	(a) "Advertisement" means any representation disseminated

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2536	in any manner or by any means, other than by a label, for the
2537	purpose of inducing, or which is reasonably likely to induce,
2538	directly or indirectly, a purchase.
2539	(b) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and
2540	Consumer Services.
2541	(c) "Governmental entity" means a political subdivision or
2542	agency of any state, possession, or territory of the United
2543	States, or the Federal Government, including, but not limited
2544	to, a board, a department, an office, an agency, a military
2545	veteran entity, or a military or veteran service organization by
2546	whatever name known.
2547	(3) DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIESThe department has the
2548	duty and responsibility to:
2549	(a) Investigate potential violations of this section.
2550	(b) Request and obtain information regarding potential
2551	violations of this section.
2552	(c) Seek compliance with this section.
2553	(d) Enforce this section.
2554	(e) Adopt rules necessary to administer this section.
2555	(4) VIOLATIONSEach occurrence of the following acts or
2556	practices constitute a violation of this section:
2557	(a) Disseminating an advertisement that:
2558	1. Simulates a summons, complaint, jury notice, or other
2559	court, judicial, or administrative process of any kind.
2560	2. Represents, implies, or otherwise engages in an action
2561	that may reasonably cause confusion that the person using or
2562	employing the advertisement is a part of or associated with a
2563	governmental entity, when such is not true.
2564	(b) Representing, implying, or otherwise reasonably causing

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2565	confusion that goods, services, an advertisement, or an offer
2566	was disseminated by or has been approved, authorized, or
2567	endorsed, in whole or in part, by a governmental entity, when
2568	such is not true.
2569	(c) Using or employing language, symbols, logos,
2570	representations, statements, titles, names, seals, emblems,
2571	insignia, trade or brand names, business or control tracking
2572	numbers, website or e-mail addresses, or any other term, symbol,
2573	or other content that represents or implies or otherwise
2574	reasonably causes confusion that goods, services, an
2575	advertisement, or an offer is from a governmental entity, when
2576	such is not true.
2577	(d) Failing to provide the disclosures as required in
2578	subsections (5) or (6).
2579	(e) Failing to timely submit to the department written
2580	responses and answers to its inquiries concerning alleged
2581	practices inconsistent with, or in violation of, this section.
2582	Responses or answers may include, but are not limited to, copies
2583	of customer lists, invoices, receipts, or other business
2584	records.
2585	(5) NOTICE REGARDING DOCUMENT AVAILABILITY
2586	(a) Any person offering documents that are available free
2587	of charge or at a lesser price from a governmental entity must
2588	provide the notice specified in paragraph (b) on advertisements
2589	as follows:
2590	1. For printed or written advertisements, notice must be in
2591	the same font size, color, style, and visibility as primarily
2592	used elsewhere on the page or envelope and displayed as follows:
2593	a. On the outside front of any mailing envelope used in
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2594	disseminating the advertisement.
2595	b. At the top of each printed or written page used in the
2596	advertisement.
2597	2. For electronic advertisements, notice must be in the
2598	same font size, color, style, and visibility as the body text
2599	primarily used in the e-mail or web page and displayed as
2600	follows:
2601	a. At the beginning of each e-mail message, before any
2602	offer or other substantive information.
2603	b. In a prominent location on each web page, such as the
2604	top of each page or immediately following the offer or other
2605	substantive information on the page.
2606	(b) Advertisements specified in paragraph (a) must include
2607	the following disclosure:
2608	
2609	"IMPORTANT NOTICE:
2610	
2611	The documents offered by this advertisement are available to
2612	Florida consumers free of charge or for a lesser price from
2613	(insert name, telephone number, and mailing address of the
2614	applicable governmental entity) You are NOT required to
2615	purchase anything from this company and the company is NOT
2616	affiliated, endorsed, or approved by any governmental entity.
2617	The item offered in this advertisement has NOT been approved or
2618	endorsed by any governmental agency, and this offer is NOT being
2619	made by an agency of the government."
2620	
2621	(6) NOTICE REGARDING CLAIM OF LEGAL COMPLIANCE
2622	(a) Any person disseminating an advertisement that includes

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2623	a form or template to be completed by the consumer with the
2624	claim that such form or template will assist the consumer in
2625	complying with a legal filing or record retention requirement
2626	must provide the notice specified in paragraph (b) on
2627	advertisements as follows:
2628	1. For printed or written advertisements, the notice must
2629	be in the same font size, color, style, and visibility as
2630	primarily used elsewhere on the page or envelope and displayed
2631	as follows:
2632	a. On the outside front of any mailing envelope used in
2633	disseminating the advertisement.
2634	b. At the top of each printed or written page used in the
2635	advertisement.
2636	2. For electronic advertisements, the notice must be in the
2637	same font size, color, style, and visibility as the body text
2638	primarily used in the e-mail or web page and displayed as
2639	follows:
2640	a. At the beginning of each e-mail message, before any
2641	offer or other substantive information.
2642	b. In a prominent location on each web page, such as the
2643	top of each page or immediately following the offer or other
2644	substantive information on the page.
2645	(b) Advertisements specified in paragraph (a) must include
2646	the following disclosure:
2647	
2648	"IMPORTANT NOTICE:
2649	
2650	You are NOT required to purchase anything from this company and
2651	the company is NOT affiliated, endorsed, or approved by any
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governmental entity. The item offered in this advertisement has						
NOT been approved or endorsed by any governmental agency, and						
this offer is NOT being made by an agency of the government."						
(7) PENALTIES.—						
(a) Any person substantially affected by a violation of						
this section may bring an action in a court of proper						
jurisdiction to enforce the provisions of this section. A person						
prevailing in a civil action for a violation of this section						
shall be awarded costs, including reasonable attorney fees, and						
may be awarded punitive damages in addition to actual damages						
proven. This provision is in addition to any other remedies						
prescribed by law.						
(b) The department may bring one or more of the following						
for a violation of this section:						
1. A civil action in circuit court for:						
a. Temporary or permanent injunctive relief to enforce this						
section.						
b. For printed advertisements and e-mail, a fine of up to						
\$1,000 for each separately addressed advertisement or message						
containing content in violation of paragraphs (4)(a)-(d)						
received by or addressed to a state resident.						
c. For websites, a fine of up to \$5,000 for each day a						
website, with content in violation of paragraphs (4)(a)-(d), is						
published and made available to the general public.						
d. For violations of paragraph (4)(e), a fine of up to						
\$5,000 for each violation.						
e. Recovery of restitution and damages on behalf of persons						
substantially affected by a violation of this section.						

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2681	f. The recovery of court costs and reasonable attorney
2682	fees.
2683	2. An action for an administrative fine in the Class III
2684	category pursuant to s. 570.971 for each act or omission which
2685	constitutes a violation under this section.
2686	(c) The department may terminate any investigation or
2687	action upon agreement by the alleged offender to pay a
2688	stipulated fine, make restitution, pay damages to customers, or
2689	satisfy any other relief authorized by this section.
2690	(d) Any person who violates paragraphs (4)(a)-(d) also
2691	commits an unfair and deceptive trade practice in violation of
2692	part II of chapter 501 and is subject to the penalties and
2693	remedies imposed for such violation.
2694	Section 51. Paragraph (m) of subsection (3) of section
2695	489.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2696	489.105 Definitions.—As used in this part:
2697	(3) "Contractor" means the person who is qualified for, and
2698	is only responsible for, the project contracted for and means,
2699	except as exempted in this part, the person who, for
2700	compensation, undertakes to, submits a bid to, or does himself
2701	or herself or by others construct, repair, alter, remodel, add
2702	to, demolish, subtract from, or improve any building or
2703	structure, including related improvements to real estate, for
2704	others or for resale to others; and whose job scope is
2705	substantially similar to the job scope described in one of the
2706	paragraphs of this subsection. For the purposes of regulation
2707	under this part, the term "demolish" applies only to demolition
2708	of steel tanks more than 50 feet in height; towers more than 50
2709	feet in height; other structures more than 50 feet in height;

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22-00439B-18 2018740 2710 and all buildings or residences. Contractors are subdivided into 2711 two divisions, Division I, consisting of those contractors 2712 defined in paragraphs (a)-(c), and Division II, consisting of 2713 those contractors defined in paragraphs (d) - (q): 2714 (m) "Plumbing contractor" means a contractor whose services 2715 are unlimited in the plumbing trade and includes contracting 2716 business consisting of the execution of contracts requiring the 2717 experience, financial means, knowledge, and skill to install, maintain, repair, alter, extend, or, if not prohibited by law, 2718 2719 design plumbing. A plumbing contractor may install, maintain, repair, alter, extend, or, if not prohibited by law, design the 2720 2721 following without obtaining an additional local regulatory 2722 license, certificate, or registration: sanitary drainage or 2723 storm drainage facilities, water and sewer plants and 2724 substations, venting systems, public or private water supply 2725 systems, septic tanks, drainage and supply wells, swimming pool 2726 piping, irrigation systems, and solar heating water systems and 2727 all appurtenances, apparatus, or equipment used in connection 2728 therewith, including boilers and pressure process piping and 2729 including the installation of water, natural gas, liquefied 2730 petroleum gas and related venting, and storm and sanitary sewer 2731 lines. The scope of work of the plumbing contractor also 2732 includes the design, if not prohibited by law, and installation, 2733 maintenance, repair, alteration, or extension of air-piping, vacuum line piping, oxygen line piping, nitrous oxide piping, 2734 2735 and all related medical gas systems; fire line standpipes and 2736 fire sprinklers if authorized by law; ink and chemical lines; 2737 fuel oil and gasoline piping and tank and pump installation, 2738 except bulk storage plants; and pneumatic control piping

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22-00439B-18 2018740 2739 systems, all in a manner that complies with all plans, 2740 specifications, codes, laws, and regulations applicable. The 2741 scope of work of the plumbing contractor applies to private 2742 property and public property, including any excavation work 2743 incidental thereto, and includes the work of the specialty 2744 plumbing contractor. Such contractor shall subcontract, with a 2745 qualified contractor in the field concerned, all other work 2746 incidental to the work but which is specified as being the work 2747 of a trade other than that of a plumbing contractor. This 2748 definition does not limit the scope of work of any specialty 2749 contractor certified pursuant to s. 489.113(6) and does not 2750 require certification or registration under this part as a 2751 category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer, or category V LP gas installer, as defined in s. 527.01, or specialty installer who 2752 2753 is licensed under chapter 527 or an authorized employee of a 2754 public natural gas utility or of a private natural gas utility 2755 regulated by the Public Service Commission when disconnecting 2756 and reconnecting water lines in the servicing or replacement of 2757 an existing water heater. A plumbing contractor may perform 2758 drain cleaning and clearing and install or repair rainwater 2759 catchment systems; however, a mandatory licensing requirement is 2760 not established for the performance of these specific services. 2761 Section 52. Subsection (3) of section 527.06, Florida

2762 Statutes, is reenacted to read:

2763 527.06 Rules.-

(3) Rules in substantial conformity with the published
standards of the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) are
deemed to be in substantial conformity with the generally
accepted standards of safety concerning the same subject matter.

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2768	Secti	on	53.	This	act	shall	take	effect	Julv	1.	2018.		
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The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT (This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prep	ared By: Th	ne Professional	Staff of the Commit	tee on Agriculture	e	
BILL:	SB 872						
INTRODUCER:	Senator Grimsley						
SUBJECT:	Young Far	mers and I	Ranchers				
DATE:	January 10	, 2018	REVISED:				
ANAL	YST	STAF	- DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION	
. Akhavein		Becker	•	AG	Favorable		
2.				AEN			
3.				AP			

I. Summary:

SB 872 establishes the Florida Young Farmer and Rancher Advisory Council within the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (department). Individuals between the ages of 18 and 35 with less than 10 years of farming experience or veterans as defined in s. 1.01, F.S., would be eligible. Each grant award would be between \$5,000 and \$20,000 and a recipient would be eligible for no more than one award per year. Annual grant funding for the program is contingent upon specific annual appropriation by the Legislature.

II. Present Situation:

Currently, there are no grant programs or councils within the department specifically to assist young farmers and ranchers. The department does provide resources through its Agricultural Industry,¹ Grant Opportunity,² and Business Development³ public webpages. At this time, financial resource content is limited to assisting growers with export operations.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 creates s. 570.842, F.S., to create the Florida Young Farmer and Rancher Matching Grant Program. It requires grants to be administered by the department to foster the creation and

¹ Information pertaining to the agricultural industry may be retrieved from <u>http://www.freshfromflorida.com/Agriculture-Industry/Search-by-Industry.</u>

² Information pertaining to grant opportunities can be retrieved from <u>http://www.freshfromflorida.com/Business-</u> <u>Services/Grant-Opportunities.</u>

³ Information pertaining to business development can be retrieved from <u>http://www.freshfromflorida.com/Divisions-Offices/Marketing-and-Development/Agriculture-Industry/Business-Development-Resources/Exporting-Florida-Agricultural-Products.</u>

expansion of agricultural businesses by young farmers and ranchers in Florida. It requires the department to adopt rules regarding the program. To be eligible, grant recipients must be:

- An agricultural producer who is at least 18 years of age but younger than 35 years of age;
- An agricultural producer who is a veteran;
- Have operated a farm or ranch for not more than 10 years;
- Demonstrate, at a minimum, a dollar-for-dollar matching investment for grant money requested; and
- Timely in submitting a grant application.

The bill specifies that each grant award must be between \$5,000 and \$20,000 and no more than one award per year may go to a recipient. Annual grant funding for the program is contingent upon specific annual appropriation by the Legislature.

Section 2 creates s. 570.843, F.S., to create the Florida Young Farmer and Rancher Advisory Council within the department. It specifies the membership and terms of the council and its statutory requirements. It also specifies issues that the council may examine and after provide findings and recommendations to the Commissioner of Agriculture.

Section 3 creates s. 570.844, F.S., authorize the department to establish on its website a clearinghouse for resources available to young and beginning farmers and ranchers. These resources could include local, state, federal, and private sources of grants, loans, and scholarships, as well as general resources on finance and business planning.

Section 4 provides that this act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Indeterminate.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The bill would likely have a minor fiscal impact on the department. Temporary staff may be needed to manage the application and grant award process, but existing staff could handle the administrative policy drafting.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill creates sections 570.842, 570.843, and 570.844 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By Senator Grimsley

	26-00676A-18 2018872
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to young farmers and ranchers;
3	creating s. 570.842, F.S.; creating the Florida Young
4	Farmer and Rancher Matching Grant Program within the
5	Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services;
6	specifying the purpose of the grants; requiring the
7	department to select grant recipients based on certain
8	criteria; requiring the department to adopt rules;
9	specifying minimum grant selection criteria;
10	specifying a grant award minimum and maximum;
11	requiring that no more than one award per year may go
12	to an individual recipient; specifying that grant
13	funding is contingent upon specific appropriation from
14	the Legislature; creating s. 570.843, F.S.; creating
15	the Florida Young Farmer and Rancher Advisory Council
16	within the department; specifying membership of the
17	council; providing for staggered terms; specifying the
18	meetings, powers, duties, procedures, and
19	recordkeeping of the council; specifying that the
20	council may submit findings and recommendations to the
21	Commissioner of Agriculture; specifying the issues the
22	council may examine; creating s. 570.844, F.S.;
23	requiring the department to establish a clearinghouse
24	on its website for resources to assist young and
25	beginning farmers and ranchers; providing an effective
26	date.
27	
28	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
29	
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	26-00676A-18 2018872							
30	Section 1. Section 570.842, Florida Statutes, is created to							
31	read:							
32	570.842 Florida Young Farmer and Rancher Matching Grant							
33	Program							
34	(1) To support the start-up functions associated with new							
35	farming and ranching operations, there is created within the							
36	department the Florida Young Farmer and Rancher Matching Grant							
37	Program.							
38	(a) Grants administered by the department through this							
39	program must be for the purpose of fostering the creation and							
40	expansion of agricultural businesses by young farmers and							
41	ranchers in the state.							
42	(b) The department shall select grant recipients based on							
43	selection criteria developed pursuant to subsection (2).							
44	(2) The department shall adopt rules governing the							
45	operation of the program, an application process, and selection							
46	criteria for grant recipients. At a minimum, in order to be							
47	eligible to receive a grant, a person must:							
48	(a) Be an agricultural producer who is at least 18 years of							
49	age but younger than 35 years of age or be an agricultural							
50	producer who is a veteran as defined by s. 1.01;							
51	(b) Have operated a farm or ranch for not more than 10							
52	years;							
53	(c) Demonstrate, at minimum, a dollar-for-dollar matching							
54	investment for grant money requested; and							
55	(d) Submit, on a form prescribed by the department, a grant							
56	application during the application period established by the							
57	department. The department may designate only one period each							
58	year for accepting applications.							

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	26-00676A-18 2018872
59	(3) Each grant award under the program must be between
60	\$5,000 and \$20,000, with no more than one award being made to an
61	individual grant recipient per grant period.
62	(4) Annual grant funding for this program is contingent
63	upon specific annual appropriation by the Legislature.
64	Section 2. Section 570.843, Florida Statutes, is created to
65	read:
66	570.843 Florida Young Farmer and Rancher Advisory Council
67	(1) There is created within the department the Florida
68	Young Farmer and Rancher Advisory Council, to consist of 12
69	members to be appointed by the commissioner. Initially, six
70	members shall be appointed by the commissioner for a 1-year term
71	and six members for a 2-year term. Thereafter, members shall be
72	appointed for 2-year terms.
73	(2) The meetings, powers, duties, procedures, and
74	recordkeeping of the Florida Young Farmers and Ranchers Advisory
75	Council shall be pursuant to s. 570.232.
76	(3) The council may submit to the commissioner, annually,
77	findings and recommendations for mitigating challenges facing
78	aspiring farmers and ranchers in the early stages of their
79	careers. The council may examine issues that include, but are
80	not limited to, access to land, availability of credit and
81	capital, and access to business skills training.
82	Section 3. Section 570.844, Florida Statutes, is created to
83	read:
84	570.844 Florida Young Farmer and Rancher Resource
85	Clearinghouse.—The department shall establish on its website a
86	clearinghouse for resources available to young and beginning
87	farmers and ranchers, including, but not limited to, local,
·	

Page 3 of 4

	26-00676A-18 2018872
88	state, federal, and private sources of grants, loans, and
89	scholarships, as well as general resources on finance and
90	business planning. The clearinghouse also must include resources
91	available to beginning agricultural producers who are defined as
92	veterans under s. 1.01.
93	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

Page 4 of 4



THE FLORIDA SENATE

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:

Appropriations Subcommittee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development, *Vice Chair* Agpropriations Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services Health Policy Judiciary

SELECT COMMITTEE: Joint Select Committee on Collective Bargaining, Alternating *Chair*

JOINT COMMITTEE: Joint Legislative Budget Commission

SENATOR BOBBY POWELL 30th District

January 4, 2018

Senator Denise Grimsley Chairwomen, Agricultural Committee 335 Knott Building 404 S. Monroe St Tallahassee, FL 32399-1100

Chairwomen Grimsley,

Due to a previous conflict in my district, I will not be able to attend the Agriculture Committee meeting on January 11th. I appreciate your understanding and please let me know if you have any questions or concerns.

Bobby Powell Jr.

REPLY TO: 2715 North Australian Avenue, Suite 105, West Palm Beach, Florida 33407 (561) 650-6880 214 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5030

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

JOE NEGRON President of the Senate ANITERE FLORES President Pro Tempore January 4, 2018 Page 2



THE FLORIDA SENATE

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES: Agriculture, Vice Chair Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services Appropriations Subcommittee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development Governmental Oversight and Accountability Transportation

JOINT COMMITTEE: Joint Administrative Procedures Committee, Alternating Chair

SENATOR KEVIN J. RADER 29th District

December 21, 2017

The Honorable Denise Grimsley 413 Senate Office Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1300

Dear Chairwoman Grimsley:

In accordance with Senate Rule 1.21, I am writing to you to be excused from the Agriculture Committee meeting that will be held on Thursday January 11 2018, at 9:00am due to business matters that need my immediate attention. I sincerely apologize for any inconvenience this may cause.

Thank you for your consideration. Please feel free to contact me at 561-866-4020 if you have any questions.

Sincerely

Verin Roule,

Kevin Rader State Senator District 29

cc: Katherine Becker, Staff Director

REPLY TO:

□ 5301 N. Federal Hwy, Suite 135, Boca Raton, Florida 33487 □ 222 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5029

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

JOE NEGRON President of the Senate ANITERE FLORES President Pro Tempore



THE FLORIDA SENATE

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES: Judiciary, *Chair* Banking and Insurance, *Vice Chair* Agriculture Appropriations Subcommittee on Finance and Tax Appropriations Subcommittee on Pre-K - 12 Education Children, Families, and Elder Affairs Regulated Industries

JOINT COMMITTEE: Joint Committee on Public Counsel Oversight

SENATOR GREG STEUBE 23rd District

January 11, 2018

The Honorable Denise Grimsley Florida Senate 413 Senate Office Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1100

Senator Grimsley,

Please excuse my absence from the Agriculture Committee Meeting scheduled for Thursday, January 11. Due to presenting in another Senate Committee, I was not be able to attend the meeting. My apologies for the inconvenience.

Respectfully yours,

W. Gregory Steube District 23

REPLY TO:

☐ 6230 University Parkway, Suite 202, Sarasota, Florida 34240 (941) 342-9162

□ 326 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5023

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

THE FLC	DRIDA SENATE	TABI
(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator Meeting Date	NCE RECC or or Senate Professional	Staff conducting the meeting)
Topic Roval Econopic Duelopment		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Jim Spratt		
Job Title		
Address Po Box 1001(Phone 850-228-1296
TACCAHASSEE FL	32302	Phone 850-228-1296 Email Jim emegnoliastrate, ics lle.
Speaking: For Against Information	Zip Waive S	peaking: In Support Against
Representing Associated Industrics	of Florens	4
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time neeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remark	Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislature: Yes No

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

1

S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate	7AB 2
APPEARANCE RECO	RD
$\frac{115AN./17}{Meeting Date}$ (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S	Staff conducting the meeting) 740 Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Department bill	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name GRACE Lovett	_
Job Title Dirk of Legislative Affairs	-
Address PL IN The Capital	Phone 850 #617 7700
Tallahassee FL 32399	Email grace. I wette freshfrom
Speaking:	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing FL Dept. of Agriculture + Consum	rer Services
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regist While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

CourtSmart Tag Report

Room: SB 301 Case No.: Caption: Meeting cSenate Committee on Agriculture

Type: Judge:

Started: 1/11/2018 9:02:26 AM Ends: 1/11/2018 9:22:18 AM Length: 00:19:53 9:02:26 AM Meeting Called to order 9:03:14 AM SB 740 by Senator Stargel -- Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 9:03:29 AM Senator Stargel explaining bill 9:06:12 AM Senator Rouson with a question Senator Stargel responding 9:06:34 AM Senator Rouson with a question 9:06:52 AM 9:07:02 AM Senator Stargel responding Senator Hukill with a quesion 9:07:20 AM Senator Stargel responding 9:07:28 AM Senator Mayfield with a question 9:07:47 AM 9:08:25 AM Senator Stargel responding 9:08:50 AM Senator Mayfield with a question Senator Stargel responding 9:09:08 AM 9:09:41 AM Amendment Barcode 273884 by Sen. Stargel 9:10:03 AM Amendment 273884 passes 9:10:13 AM amendment Barcode 262082 by Senator Stargel 9:10:21 AM Amendment Barcode 262082 passes 9:10:32 AM Amendment Barcode 494718 by Senator Stargel 9:10:42 AM Amendment barcode 494718 passes Late filed amendment Barcode 281488 by Senator Stargel 9:10:56 AM 9:11:03 AM Amendment barcode 281488 passes 9:11:09 AM Bill as Amended Grace Lovett, Director of Agriculture and Consumer Services 9:11:33 AM Grace Lovett, Director of Agriculture and Consumer Services 9:14:20 AM 9:14:29 AM Debate on bill 9:14:39 AM Senator Stargel closes on CS/SB 740 CS/SB 740 passes favorably 9:14:55 AM 9:15:06 AM Senator Hukill in Chair 9:15:17 AM SB 170 by Senator Grimsley, Rural Economic Development Initiative 9:15:25 AM Senator Grimsley explaining the bill 9:16:55 AM Amendment barcode 543166 by Senator Grimsley 9:17:03 AM Senator Grimsley explaining amendment Amendment barcode 542166 passes 9:17:30 AM Back on bill as amended 9:17:42 AM Senator Grimsley closing on bill 9:18:07 AM 9:18:10 AM waive close 9:18:25 AM CS/SB 170 passes favorably 9:18:38 AM SB 827 by Senator Grimsley 9:18:46 AM Senator Grimsley explaining bill 9:20:17 AM Senator Grimsley explaining bill 9:20:34 AM Senator Rouson with a question 9:20:40 AM Senator Grimsley responding 9:21:16 AM Senator Baxley with a comment 9:21:26 AM Senator Grimsley waives close 9:21:42 AM SB 872 passes favorably 9:21:51 AM Senator Grimsley back in chair 9:22:01 AM Senator Rouson moves to adjourn 9:22:08 AM Meeting adjourned