Tab 1	SB 76 b	y Huk	ill ; (Identic	al to H 0219) Tax-exempt Ir	ncome	
216386	Α	S	RCS	BI, Hukill	Delete L.33:	10/06 10:35 AM
Tab 2	SB 80 b	y Rich	ter; (Simila	ar to H 0017) Family Trust C	ompanies	

The Florida Senate

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

BANKING AND INSURANCE Senator Benacquisto, Chair Senator Richter, Vice Chair

MEETING DATE: Tuesday, October 6, 2015

TIME: 10:00 a.m.—12:00 noon

PLACE: Toni Jennings Committee Room, 110 Senate Office Building

MEMBERS: Senator Benacquisto, Chair; Senator Richter, Vice Chair; Senators Clemens, Detert, Hukill, Lee,

Margolis, Montford, Negron, Simmons, and Smith

Hukill (Identical H 219) that is exempt from the corporate income tax; increasing the amount of income that is exempt from the franchise tax imposed on banks and savings associations, etc. BI 10/06/2015 Fav/CS FT AP Family Trust Companies; Revising the purposes of the Family Trust Company Act; specifying the applicability of other chapters of the financial institutions codes to family trust companies; revising the requirements for investigations of license applicants by the Office of Financial Regulation; revising the authority of specified family trust companies while acting as fiduciaries to purchase certain bonds and securities, etc.	COMMITTEE ACTION
Pamily Trust Companies; Revising the purposes of the Family Trust Company Act; specifying the applicability of other chapters of the financial institutions codes to family trust companies; revising the requirements for investigations of license applicants by the Office of Financial Regulation; revising the authority of specified family trust companies while acting as fiduciaries to purchase certain bonds and securities, etc.	av/CS Yeas 7 Nays 2
Richter (Similar H 17) the Family Trust Company Act; specifying the applicability of other chapters of the financial institutions codes to family trust companies; revising the requirements for investigations of license applicants by the Office of Financial Regulation; revising the authority of specified family trust companies while acting as fiduciaries to purchase certain bonds and securities, etc.	
DI 10/06/2015 Favorable	avorable Yeas 9 Nays 0
BI 10/06/2015 Favorable JU FP	

S-036 (10/2008) Page 1 of 1

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By:	The Professional Staff of	f the Committee on	Banking and	Insurance			
BILL:	CS/SB 76							
INTRODUCER:	Banking and I	Banking and Insurance Committee and Senator Hukill						
SUBJECT:	Tax-exempt In	ncome						
DATE:	October 6, 20	15 REVISED:						
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION			
. Johnson		Knudson	BI	Fav/CS				
2.	_		FT					
3.			AP					

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Technical Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 76 increases the amount of income that is exempt from the Florida corporate income tax from \$50,000 to \$75,000. The first \$50,000 of a corporation's income that is subject to the tax is exempt from the corporate income tax under current law.

II. Present Situation:

Florida began imposing an income tax of 5 percent on corporations in 1972. In 1984, the tax rate was increased to 5.5 percent. The tax is imposed on a taxpayer's "net income." Net income is determined using the following process:

- 1. **Begin with Federal Taxable Income.** As the starting point for determining how much tax is owed in Florida, taxpayers use their federal taxable income.
- 2. **Make Certain Statutory Adjustments.** These adjustments are known as "additions and subtractions," and they relate to various items that Florida treats differently than the federal government. The income remaining after these adjustments is known as "adjusted federal income."

¹ See ch. 71-984. Laws of Fla.

² The Florida Constitution requires a 3/5 vote of the membership of each house of the Legislature to impose a tax in excess of 5 percent. *See* FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 5. The tax is imposed on "C" corporations and financial institutions (excluding credit unions). In limited circumstances, taxpayer may be subject to an alternative 3.3 percent tax rate.

³ See s. 220.12, F.S.

⁴ See generally s. 220.13, F.S.

BILL: CS/SB 76 Page 2

3. **Apportion and Allocate.** Multistate taxpayers must determine what portion of their adjusted federal income is taxable in Florida – a process generally referred to as "apportionment." The taxpayer first determines what portion of its income is from business operations and what portion of its income is from non-business activities.⁵ Its business income is then "apportioned" among the states where it conducts business and its non-business income "allocated" to the state where the transactions or activities that gave rise to the non-business income occurred.⁷

Florida generally uses a three-factor apportionment formula to determine the amount of a multistate corporation's taxable income that is subject to tax in Florida. The formula compares the taxpayer's total payroll, sales, and property in all states with the taxpayer's payroll, sales, and property in Florida. The result of this calculation is a fraction. Then, a multistate taxpayer's business income is apportioned to Florida based on that fraction.

4. **Subtract the Exemption**. Lastly, Florida grants an exemption for the first \$50,000 of income that would otherwise be taxable in Florida. Accordingly, after apportionment and allocation are applied to determine a taxpayer's income that is taxable in Florida, the taxpayer subtracts \$50,000 before applying the tax rate. The amount of income remaining after subtraction of the \$50,000 exemption is known as "net income" and is the amount subject to the Florida corporate income tax.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill increases the amount of income that is exempt from the Florida corporate income tax from \$50,000 to \$75,000 for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2017.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

The mandate restrictions do not apply because the bill does not require counties and municipalities to spend funds, reduce their ability to raise revenue, or reduce the percentage of a state tax shared with counties and municipalities.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

⁵ Non-business income is certain income that does not arise from transactions and activities in the regular course of business. *See* s. 220.03(1)(r), F.S.

⁶ See generally s. 220.15, F.S.

⁷ See generally s. 220.16, F.S.

BILL: CS/SB 76 Page 3

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

Indeterminate at this time.

B. Private Sector Impact:

This bill will result in a tax reduction for certain corporate income taxpayers.

C. Government Sector Impact:

Indeterminate at this time.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 220.14 and 220.63.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Banking and Insurance on October 6, 2015:

The amendment provides that the act applies to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, rather than January 1, 2016.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

216386

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
10/06/2015	•	
	•	
	•	

The Committee on Banking and Insurance (Hukill) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment

Delete line 33

and insert:

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or after January 1, 2017.

By Senator Hukill

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8-00053-16 201676

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to tax-exempt income; amending s.

220.14, F.S.; increasing the amount of income that is
exempt from the corporate income tax; amending s.

220.63, F.S.; increasing the amount of income that is
exempt from the franchise tax imposed on banks and
savings associations; providing applicability;
providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 220.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.14 Exemption.-

(1) In computing a taxpayer's liability for tax under this code, \$75,000 there shall be exempt from the tax \$50,000 of net income as defined in s. 220.12 is exempt from the tax or such lesser amount as will, without increasing the taxpayer's federal income tax liability, provide the state with an amount under this code which is equal to the maximum federal income tax credit that which may be available from time to time under federal law.

Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 220.63, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

 $220.63\ \mathrm{Franchise}$ tax imposed on banks and savings associations.—

(3) For purposes of this part, the franchise tax base <u>is</u> shall be adjusted federal income, as defined in s. 220.13, apportioned to this state, plus nonbusiness income allocated to

Page 1 of 2

CODING: Words $\underline{\textbf{stricken}}$ are deletions; words $\underline{\textbf{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2016 SB 76

	_ 8-00033-16
30	this state pursuant to s. 220.16, less the deduction allowed in
31	subsection (5) and less $\frac{$75,000}{$50,000}$.
32	Section 3. This act applies to taxable years beginning on
33	or after January 1, 2016.
34	Section 4. This act shall take effect January 1, 2017.

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Page 2 of 2

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

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S-001 (10/14/14)

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Profession	nal Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Tax Exemption	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Melissa Ramba	
Job Title Director Of Government Affairs	
Address 227 S Adam St.	Phone \$50-570-0269
Tallahassee Fr.	Email
City State Zip	
	Speaking: In Support Against Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Retail Federati	0/
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist reg	gistered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as may	t all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this any persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

B&I 110 10am

THE FLORIDA SENATE

Warre

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) **SB 76** 10-6-15 Bill Number (if applicable) Meeting Date Tax-Exempt Income Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Name Brewster Bevis Job Title Senior VP Phone 224-7173 Address 516 N. Adams St Street Email bbevis@aif.com 32301 FL Tallahassee Zip State City Waive Speaking: In Support Against Information Speaking: For (The Chair will read this information into the record.) sociated Industries Representing Lobbvist registered with Legislature: |Yes| Appearing at request of Chair: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

October 6, 2015 Meeting Date				SB 76 Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Jax-exempt income			_	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Carolyn formson				
Job Title Policy Director				
Address 136 S. Bronough.			Phone	
<u>Tallahassee</u> City	<u> </u>	32301 Zip	Email	
Speaking: For Against	Information	, Waive Sp	peaking: ir will read this	In Support Against information into the record.)
Representing Florida Chan	nber of Commerce			
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes No	Lobbyist registe	ered with Le	egislature: Ves No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage meeting. Those who do speak may be as	e public testimony, time ked to limit their remark	may not permit all s so that as many	persons wishi persons as po	ing to speak to be heard at this essible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record f	or this meeting.			S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared E	By: The Pro	fessional Staff o	f the Committee on	Banking and Ins	urance
BILL:	SB 80					
INTRODUCER:	Senator Ri	chter				
SUBJECT:	Family Tru	ıst Compa	nnies			
DATE:	October 6,	2015	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAF	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
1. Billmeier		Knuds	on	BI	Favorable	
2.			_	JU		
3.				FP		

I. Summary:

SB 80 amends the Florida Family Trust Company Act. Chapter 662, F.S., was created in 2014 to allow families to form and operate private or family trust companies that provide trust services similar to those that can be provided by an individual trustee or a financial institution. Family trust companies are owned exclusively by family members and may not provide fiduciary services to the public. These private, family trust companies are generally formed to manage the wealth of high net-worth families in lieu of traditional individual or institutional trustee arrangements for a variety of personal, investment, regulatory, and tax reasons.

Chapter 662, F.S., authorized the creation of three types of family trust companies: licensed family trust companies, foreign family trust companies, and unlicensed family trust companies. This bill amends ch. 662, F.S., to:

- Require all family trust companies in operation on October 1, 2016, to either apply for licensure as a licensed family trust company, register as a family trust company, register as a foreign licensed family trust company, or cease doing business in this state by December 30, 2016.
- Provide that a family trust company registration application must state that trust operations will comply with statutory provisions relating to requirements in organizational documents and relating to minimum capital requirements;
- Require that a registration application for a foreign licensed family trust company must provide proof that the company is in compliance with the family trust company laws and regulations of its principal jurisdiction;
- Require amendments to certificates of formation or certificates of organization to be submitted to the OFR at least 30 days before it is filed or effective;
- Allow family trust companies, licensed family trust companies, and foreign licensed family trust companies to file annual renewal applications within 45 days of the end of each calendar year;

• Create a mechanism for automatic reinstatement of lapsed licenses and registrations by payment of appropriate fees and any fines imposed by the OFR;

- Provide that the office must conduct an examination of a licensed family trust company every 36 months instead of the current 18 months. The bill does not allow an audit to substitute for an examination conducted by the office;
- Remove the requirement that the office conduct examinations of unlicensed family trust companies;
- Require that a court determine there has been a breach of fiduciary duty or trust before the Office of Financial Regulation ("OFR" or "the office") may enter a cease and desist order;
- Require the management of a licensed family trust company to have at least three directors or managers and require that at least one of those directors or managers be a Florida resident;
- Provide that the designated relatives in a licensed family trust company may not have a common ancestor within three generations instead of the current five generations; and
- Make legislative findings that clarify that the OFR is responsible for the regulation, supervision, and examinations of licensed family trust companies but that for unlicensed or foreign family trust companies the role of the OFR is limited to ensuring that services provided by such companies are provided only to family members and not to the general public.

II. Present Situation:

The Family Trust Company

A family trust company provides trust services to a related group of people and cannot provide services to the general public. This includes serving as a trustee of trusts held for the benefit of the family members, as well as providing other fiduciary, investment advisory, wealth management, and administrative services to the family. A family might wish to form a family trust company in order to keep family matters more private than they would be if turned over to an independent trustee, to gain liability protection, to establish its own trust fee structure, and to obtain tax advantages. Traditional trust companies require regulatory oversight, licensing of investment personnel, public disclosure and capitalization requirements considered by practitioners to be overbroad and intrusive for the family trust.

In 2014, the Legislature authorized the creation of family trust companies in Florida. The legislation took effect on October 1, 2015. At least 14 other states currently have statutes governing the organization and operation of family trust companies.

Types of Family Trust Companies

Chapter 662, F.S., creates three types of family trust companies: family trust companies, licensed family trust companies, and foreign licensed family trust companies.³ A "family trust company" is a corporation or limited liability company (LLC) that is exclusively owned by one or more family members, is organized or qualified to do business in Florida, acts or proposes to act as a

¹ Ch. 2014-97, Laws of Fla.

 $^{^{2}}$ Id.

³ Chapter 662, F.S., was created by ch. 2014-97, Laws of Fla.

fiduciary to serve one or more family members, and does not serve as a fiduciary for a person, entity, trust, or estate that is not a family member, except that it may serve as a fiduciary for up to 35 individuals who are not family members if the individuals are current or former employees of the family trust company or one or more trusts, companies, or other entities that are family members.⁴

A "licensed family trust company" means a family trust company that operates in accordance with this chapter and has been issued a license that has not been revoked or suspended by the OFR.⁵

A "foreign licensed family trust company" means a family trust company that is licensed by a state other than Florida, has its principal place of business in a jurisdiction in the United States other than Florida, is operated in accordance with family or private trust company laws of a jurisdiction other than Florida, and is subject to statutory or regulatory mandated supervision by the jurisdiction in which the principal place of business is located.⁶

Powers of a Family Trust Company

Section 662.130, F.S., provides that a family trust company and a licensed family trust company may:

- Act as a sole or co-personal representative, executor, or curator for probate estates being administered in a state or jurisdiction other than Florida.
- Act as an attorney-in-fact or agent under a power of attorney, other than a power of attorney governed by ch. 709, F.S.
- Act within or outside of Florida as sole fiduciary or co-fiduciary and possess, purchase, sell, invest, reinvest, safe-keep, or otherwise manage or administer the real or personal property of eligible individuals and members.
- Exercise the powers of a corporation or LLC incorporated or organized under Florida law, or qualified to transact business as a foreign corporation or LLC under Florida law, which are reasonably necessary to enable it to fully exercise, in accordance with commonly accepted customs and usages, a power conferred by the Florida Family Trust Company Act.
- Delegate duties and powers, including investment functions under s. 518.112, F.S., in accordance with the powers granted to a trustee under ch. 736, F.S., or other applicable law, and retain agents, attorneys, accountants, investment advisers, or other individuals or entities to advise or assist the family trust company, licensed family trust company, or foreign licensed family trust company in the exercise of its powers and duties.
- Perform all acts necessary for exercising these powers.

Capital Requirements

Section 662.124, F.S., provides minimum capital requirements. A family trust company or a licensed family trust company may not be organized with an owners' capital account of less than \$250,000.

⁴ See s. 662.111(12), F.S.

⁵ See s. 662.111(16), F.S.

⁶ See s. 662.111(15), F.S.

Licensed Family Trust Companies

Section 662.121, F.S., requires a company wishing to be licensed as a licensed family trust company to file an application with the OFR. When a company files an application for licensure as a licensed family trust company, s. 662.1215, F.S., requires the OFR to conduct an investigation to confirm that persons who will serve as directors or officers of the corporation or, if the applicant is a LLC, managers or members acting in a managerial capacity, have not:

- Been convicted of, or entered a plea of nolo contendere to, a crime involving fraud, misrepresentation, or moral turpitude.
- Been convicted of, or pled nolo contendere to, a violation of the financial institutions codes or similar state or federal laws.
- Been directors or executive officers of a financial institution licensed or chartered under the financial institutions codes or by the Federal Government or any other state, the District of Columbia, a territory of the United States, or a foreign country, whose license or charter was suspended or revoked within the 10 years preceding the date of the application.
- Had a professional license suspended or revoked within 10 years preceding the application.
- Made a false statement of material fact on the application.

The OFR must also confirm that the name of the proposed company complies with naming requirements, that capital accounts of the proposed company conform to relevant law, that the fidelity bonds and errors and omissions insurance coverage required are issued and effective, and that the articles of incorporation or articles of organization conform to applicable law. If the OFR determines the application does not meet statutory criteria, it must issue a notice of intent to deny the application and offer the applicant an opportunity for an administrative hearing.⁷

Management of Family Trust Companies

Section 662.125, F.S., provides that exclusive authority to manage a licensed family trust company is vested in a board of directors, if a corporation, or a board of directors or managers, if a limited liability company. A licensed family trust company must have at least three directors or managers and at least one director or manager of the company must be a resident of this state.

Renewal of Licensure or Registration

Section 662.128, F.S., requires family trust companies, licensed family trust companies, and foreign licensed family trust companies to file renewal applications with the OFR within 30 days after the end of each calendar year.

Examinations and Investigations by the OFR

Section 662.141, F.S., provides that the office may conduct an examination or investigation of a family trust company, licensed family trust company, or foreign licensed family trust company at any time it deems necessary to determine whether a family trust company, licensed family trust company, or foreign licensed family trust company has violated or is about to violate any provision of ch. 662, F.S., any relevant administrative rules, or any applicable provision of the

⁷ See s. 662.1215(4), F.S.

financial institution codes. Section 662.141(1), F.S., requires the office to conduct an examination of a licensed family trust company, family trust company, and foreign licensed family trust company at least once every 18 months. The office may accept an audit in lieu of conducting an entire examination in certain circumstances.⁸

There is concern among practitioners that the current regulatory scheme in ch. 662, F.S., does not allow licensed family trust companies to qualify for the "bank exemption" with the federal Securities and Exchange Commission. If these companies do not qualify for the "bank exemption," they will be required to register as investment advisers with the federal regulator.

Cease and Desist Authority

Section 662.143, F.S., gives the OFR the power to order a family trust company, licensed family trust company, or foreign licensed family trust company to cease and desist from engaging in specified activities or practices. If the OFR believes there could be a violation, it must give the entity notice of the violation and an opportunity for an administrative hearing. One of the specific practices that the OFR can take action against is if it has reason to believe that a family trust company, licensed family trust company, or foreign licensed family trust company is engaging in or has engaged in an act of commission or omission or a practice that is a breach of trust or of fiduciary duty.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 of this bill amends the legislative findings to clarify that the OFR is responsible for the regulation, supervision, and examinations of licensed family trust companies but that the office's role is limited to ensuring that services provided by unlicensed or foreign family trust companies are provided to family members and not to the general public.

Changes to Licensed Family Trust Companies

Section 5 of the bill amends s. 662.1215, F.S., to include within the OFR initial licensure investigation of an applicant seeking to be recognized as a licensed family trust company, verification that the management of a licensed family trust company complies with s. 662.125, F.S. Section 662.125, F.S., requires a family trust company or licensed family trust company to have at least three directors or managers and requires that at least one of those directors or managers be a Florida resident.

Section 11 of this bill amends s. 662.141, F.S., to provide that the office must conduct an examination of a licensed family trust company every 36 months instead of the current 18 months. The bill does not allow an audit to substitute for an examination conducted by the office.

⁸ See s. 662.141(2), F.S.

⁹ See Real Property, Probate, and Trust Law Section of the Florida Bar White Paper on Proposed Changes to the Florida Family Trust Company Act (on file with Committee on Banking and Insurance Committee staff).
¹⁰ Id

¹¹ See s. 662.143(2), F.S.

Section 12 of this bill amends s. 662.142, F.S., to clarify that a licensed family trust company is entitled to an administrative hearing pursuant to ch. 120, F.S., to contest a license revocation.

Changes to Unlicensed Family Trust Companies

Section 6 of this bill provides that a family trust company registration application must state that its operations will comply with s. 662.123(1), F.S., (relating to requirements in organizational documents) and s. 662.124, F.S., (relating to minimum capital requirements).

Section 11 of this bill removes the requirement that the office conduct examinations of unlicensed family trust companies. The OFR may conduct examinations of such entities at any time it deems necessary to verify compliance with s. 662.131, F.S., (prohibited actions) or s. 662.134, F.S., (unlawful advertising).

Other Provisions of the Bill

Section 2 makes a technical change to the definition of "officer."

Section 3 provides that the financial institutions codes do not apply to family trust companies, licensed family trust companies, or foreign family trust companies unless specifically made applicable by ch. 662, F.S., in order to make ch. 662, F.S., a stand-alone statute for family trust companies. It further provides that this does not limit the office's power to investigate any entity to determine compliance with ch. 662, F.S., or applicable provisions of the financial institutions codes.

Section 4 of this bill provides that the designated relatives in licensed family trust company may not have a common ancestor within three generations instead of the current five generations.

Section 6 of this bill requires that a registration application for a foreign licensed family trust company must provide proof that the company is in compliance with the family trust company laws and regulations of its principal jurisdiction.

Section 7 of this bill requires a foreign licensed family trust company to be in compliance with the laws of its principal jurisdiction in order to operate in Florida. The bill requires all family trust companies in operation on October 1, 2016, to either apply for licensure as a licensed family trust company, register as a family trust company, register as a foreign licensed family trust company, or cease doing business in this state. The application or registration must be filed by December 30, 2016.

Section 8 of this bill requires amendments to certificates of formation or certificates of organization to be submitted to the OFR at least 30 days before they are filed or effective. It removes the requirement that proposed amendments to bylaws or articles of organization be submitted to this OFR.

Section 9 of the bill allows family trust companies, licensed family trust companies, and foreign licensed family trust companies to file annual renewal applications within 45 days of the end of each calendar year. Current law allows 30 days. This bill also requires a family trust company

registration renewal application to certify compliance with capital requirements and statutes relating to organizational documents.

Section 10 of the bill removes references to the term "affiliate" and replaces it with "parent" or "subsidiary company" in s. 662.132, F.S., to prevent confusion with the term "family affiliate" defined in s. 662.111, F.S. It also provides that a family trust company or licensed family trust company may purchase bonds and securities directly from broker-dealers when acting as a fiduciary.

Section 11 of the bill grants rulemaking authority to the Financial Services Commission to establish the requirements necessary to demonstrate conformity with ch. 662, F.S.

Section 13 of this bill allows the OFR to serve a complaint against a family trust company, licensed family trust company, or foreign licensed family trust company if a court has determined that there has been a breach of trust or fiduciary duty.

Section 14 of this bill provides a mechanism to reinstate the license or registration of a family trust company, licensed family trust company, or foreign licensed family trust company that was terminated for failure to timely file an annual renewal. The bill provides that a family trust company may have its license or registration automatically reinstated by submitting the renewal application, renewal fee, late fee, and any fine imposed by the OFR.

Sections 15 and 16 of this bill make technical changes.

Section 17 of this bill repeals s. 662.151(3), F.S. The bill transfers this provision of law to s. 662.1225, F.S.

Section 18 of this bill provides the bill is effective upon becoming law.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

The bill's proponents expect that as a result of this legislation, high net worth families who are not located in Florida may selected Florida as the jurisdiction to establish family trust companies. 12

C. Government Sector Impact:

The OFR anticipates that the revenues from the late fees created by the bill will be \$1,500 to \$3,000 annually after the first year.¹³

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 662.102, 662.111, 662.120, 662.1215, 662.122, 662.1225, 662.123, 662.128, 662.132, 662.141, 662.142, 662.143, 662.144, 662.145, 662.150, and 662.151

This bill creates section 662.113 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

¹² See Real Property, Probate, and Trust Law Section of the Florida Bar White Paper on Proposed Changes to the Florida Family Trust Company Act (on file with the Committee on Banking and Insurance Committee staff).

¹³ See SB 80 2016 Legislative Bill Analysis Office of Financial Regulation.

By Senator Richter

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to family trust companies; amending s. 662.102, F.S.; revising the purposes of the Family Trust Company Act; providing legislative findings; amending s. 662.111, F.S.; redefining the term "officer"; creating s. 662.113, F.S.; specifying the applicability of other chapters of the financial institutions codes to family trust companies; providing that the section does not limit the authority of the Office of Financial Regulation to investigate any entity to ensure that it is not in violation of ch. 662, F.S., or applicable provisions of the financial institutions codes; amending s. 662.120, F.S.; revising the ancestry requirements for designated relatives of a licensed family trust company; amending s. 662.1215, F.S.; revising the requirements for investigations of license applicants by the Office of Financial Regulation; amending s. 662.122, F.S.; revising the requirements for registration of a family trust company and a foreign licensed family trust company; amending s. 662.1225, F.S.; requiring a foreign licensed family trust company to be in compliance with the family trust laws and regulations in its principal jurisdiction; specifying the date upon which family trust companies must be registered or licensed or, if not registered or licensed, cease doing business in this state; amending s. 662.123, F.S.; revising the types of amendments to organizational documents which must have

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23-00058-16 201680 30 prior approval by the office; amending s. 662.128, 31 F.S.; extending the deadline for the filing of, and 32 revising the requirements for, specified license and 33 registration renewal applications; amending s. 34 662.132, F.S.; revising the authority of specified 35 family trust companies while acting as fiduciaries to 36 purchase certain bonds and securities; revising the 37 prohibition against the purchase of certain bonds or 38 securities by specified family trust companies; 39 amending s. 662.141, F.S.; revising the purposes for 40 which the office may examine or investigate a family 41 trust company that is not licensed and a foreign licensed family trust company; providing that the 42 4.3 office may rely upon specified documentation that identifies the qualifications of beneficiaries as 45 permissible recipients of family trust company 46 services; deleting the requirement that the office 47 examine a family trust company that is not licensed 48 and a foreign licensed family trust company; deleting 49 a provision that authorizes the office to accept an 50 audit by a certified public accountant in lieu of an 51 examination by the office; authorizing the Financial 52 Services Commission to adopt rules establishing 53 specified requirements for family trust companies; 54 amending s. 662.142, F.S.; revising the circumstances 55 under which the office may enter an order revoking the 56 license of a licensed family trust company; deleting a 57 provision that authorizes the office to immediately 58 revoke the license of a licensed family trust company

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under certain circumstances; amending s. 662.143,
F.S.; revising the acts that may result in the entry
of a cease and desist order against specified family
trust companies and affiliated parties; amending s.
662.144, F.S.; authorizing a family trust company to
have its terminated registration or revoked license
reinstated under certain circumstances; revising the
timeframe for a family trust company to wind up its
affairs under certain circumstances; requiring the
deposit of certain fees and fines in the Financial
Institutions' Regulatory Trust Fund; amending s.
662.145, F.S.; revising the office's authority to
suspend a family trust company-affiliated party who is
charged with a specified felony or to restrict or

prohibit the participation of such party in certain

making a technical change; amending s. 662.151, F.S.;

financial institutions; amending s. 662.150, F.S.;

conforming a provision to changes made by the act;

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

providing an effective date.

82 read:

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662.102 <u>Purposes; findings Purpose</u>.—The <u>purposes purpose</u> of the Family Trust Company Act <u>are</u> is to establish requirements for licensing family trust companies, to <u>regulate provide</u> regulation of those persons who provide fiduciary services to family members of no more than two families and their related

Section 1. Section 662.102, Florida Statutes, is amended to

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88	interests as a family trust company, and to establish the degree
89	of regulatory oversight required of the Office of Financial
90	Regulation over such companies. The Unlike trust companies
91	formed under chapter 658, there is no public interest to be
92	served by this chapter is to ensure outside of ensuring that
93	fiduciary activities performed by a family trust company are
94	restricted to family members and their related interests and as
95	otherwise provided for in this chapter. Therefore, the
96	Legislature finds that:
97	(1) A family trust company is companies are not \underline{a} financial
98	$\underline{\text{institution}}$ $\underline{\text{institutions}}$ within the meaning of the financial
99	institutions codes., and Licensure of such a company these
00	$\frac{\text{companies}}{\text{companies}}$ pursuant to chapters 658 and 660 $\frac{\text{is}}{\text{should}}$ not $\frac{\text{be}}{\text{companies}}$
01	required as it would not promote the purposes of the codes
02	specified as set forth in s. 655.001.
03	(2) A family trust company may elect to be a licensed
04	family trust company under this chapter if the company desires
05	to be subject to the regulatory oversight of the office, as
06	provided in this chapter, notwithstanding that the company
07	restricts its services to family members.
08	(3) With respect to:
09	(a) A licensed Consequently, the office of Financial
10	Regulation is not responsible for regulating family trust
11	company, the office is responsible for regulating, supervising,
12	and examining the company as provided under this chapter.
13	(b) A family trust company that does not elect to be
14	licensed and a foreign licensed family trust company, companies
15	to ensure their safety and soundness, and the responsibility of

the $\underline{\text{office's role}}$ $\underline{\text{office}}$ is limited to ensuring that fiduciary Page 4 of 21

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services provided by the company such companies are restricted to family members and authorized related interests and not to the general public. The office is not responsible for examining a family trust company or a foreign licensed family trust company regarding the safety or soundness of its operations.

Section 2. Subsection (19) of section 662.111, Florida

Section 2. Subsection (19) of section 662.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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662.111 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term: (19) "Officer" of a family trust company means an

individual, regardless of whether the individual has an official title or receives a salary or other compensation, who may participate in the major policymaking functions of a family trust company, other than as a director. The term does not include an individual who may have an official title and exercise discretion in the performance of duties and functions, but who does not participate in determining the major policies of the family trust company and whose decisions are limited by policy standards established by other officers, regardless of whether the policy standards have been adopted by the board of directors. The chair of the board of directors, the president, the chief officer, the chief financial officer, the senior trust officer, and all executive vice presidents of a family trust company, and all managers if organized as a limited liability company, are presumed to be executive officers unless such officer is excluded, by resolution of the board of directors or members or by the bylaws or operating agreement of the family trust company, other than in the capacity of a director, from participating in major policymaking functions of the family trust company, and such excluded officer does not actually

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146	participate therein.
147	Section 3. Section 662.113, Florida Statutes, is created to
148	read:
149	662.113 Applicability of other chapters of the financial
150	institutions codes.—If a family trust company, licensed family
151	trust company, or foreign licensed family trust company limits
152	its activities to the activities authorized under this chapter,
153	the provisions of other chapters of the financial institutions
154	codes do not apply to the trust company unless otherwise
155	expressly provided in this chapter. This section does not limit
156	the office's authority to investigate any entity to ensure that
157	it is not in violation of this chapter or applicable provisions
158	of the financial institutions codes.
159	Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 662.120, Florida
160	Statutes, is amended to read:
161	662.120 Maximum number of designated relatives
162	(2) A licensed family trust company may $\frac{1}{1}$ have $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ more
163	$rac{ ext{than}}{ ext{two}}$ two designated relatives $rac{ ext{.}_{I}}{ ext{.}_{I}}$ and The designated relatives may
164	not have a common ancestor within $\underline{\text{three}}$ five generations.
165	Section 5. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (2) of
166	section 662.1215, Florida Statutes, to read:
167	662.1215 Investigation of license applicants
168	(2) Upon filing an application for a license to operate as
169	a licensed family trust company, the office shall conduct an
170	investigation to confirm:
171	(e) That the management structure of the proposed company
172	complies with s. 662.125.
173	Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and paragraphs
174	(a) and (c) of subsection (2) of section 662.122, Florida

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Statutes, are amended to read:

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662.122 Registration of a family trust company or a foreign licensed family trust company.—

- (1) A family trust company that is not applying under s. 662.121 to become a licensed family trust company must register with the office before beginning operations in this state. The registration application must:
- (b) State that the family trust company is a family trust company as defined under this chapter and that its operations will comply with ss. 662.1225, 662.123(1), 662.124, 662.125, 662.127, 662.131, and 662.134.
- (2) A foreign licensed family trust company must register with the office before beginning operations in this state.
- (a) The registration application must state that its operations will comply with ss. 662.1225, 662.125, 662.127, 662.131, and 662.134 and that it is currently in compliance with the family trust company laws and regulations of its principal jurisdiction.
- (c) The registration must include a certified copy of a certificate of good standing, or an equivalent document, authenticated by the official having custody of records in the jurisdiction where the foreign licensed family trust company is organized, along with satisfactory proof, as determined by the office, that the company is organized in a manner similar to a family trust company as defined under this chapter and is in compliance with the family trust company laws and regulations of its principal jurisdiction.

Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 662.1225, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (3) is added to that

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204	section, to read:
205	662.1225 Requirements for a family trust company, licensed
206	family trust company, or foreign licensed family trust company.—
207	(2) In order to operate in this state, a foreign licensed
208	family trust company must be in good standing in its principal
209	jurisdiction, must be in compliance with the family trust
210	company laws and regulations of its principal jurisdiction, and
211	<pre>must maintain:</pre>
212	(a) An office physically located in this state where
213	original or true copies of all records and accounts of the
214	foreign licensed family trust company pertaining to its
215	operations in this state may be accessed and made readily
216	available for examination by the office in accordance with this
217	chapter.
218	(b) A registered agent who has an office in this state at
219	the street address of the registered agent.
220	(c) All applicable state and local business licenses,
221	charters, and permits.
222	(d) A deposit account with a state-chartered or national
223	financial institution that has a principal or branch office in
224	this state.
225	(3) A company in operation as of October 1, 2016, which
226	meets the definition of a family trust company, must, on or
227	before December 30, 2016, apply for licensure as a licensed
228	family trust company, register as a family trust company or
229	foreign licensed family trust company, or cease doing business
230	in this state.
231	Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 662.123, Florida
232	Statutes, is amended to read:

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662.123 Organizational documents; use of term "family trust" in name.—

(2) A proposed amendment to the articles of incorporation, articles of organization, certificate of formation, or certificate of organization, bylaws, or articles of organization of a limited liability company, family trust company, or licensed family trust company must be submitted to the office for review at least 30 days before it is filed or effective. An amendment is not considered filed or effective if the office issues a notice of disapproval with respect to the proposed amendment.

Section 9. Subsections (1) through (4) of section 662.128, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

662.128 Annual renewal.-

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- (1) Within $\underline{45}$ 30 days after the end of each calendar year, \underline{a} family trust $\underline{company}$ companies, licensed family trust $\underline{company}$ companies, \underline{or} and foreign licensed family trust $\underline{company}$ companies shall file \underline{its} their annual renewal application with the office.
- (2) The license renewal application filed by a licensed family trust company must include a verified statement \underline{by} an authorized representative of the trust company that:
- (a) The licensed family trust company operated in full compliance with this chapter, chapter 896, or similar state or federal law, or any related rule or regulation. The application must include proof acceptable to the office that the company is a family trust company as defined under this chapter.
- (b) Describes any material changes to its operations, principal place of business, directors, officers, managers,

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262	members acting in a managerial capacity, and designated
263	relatives since the end of the preceding calendar year.
264	(3) The registration renewal application filed by a family
265	trust company must include:
266	(a) A verified statement by an authorized representative
267	$\frac{\text{officer}}{\text{of the } \underline{\text{trust}}}$ company that it is a family trust company
268	as defined under this chapter and that its operations are in
269	compliance with ss. 662.1225, <u>662.123(1)</u> , 662.124, 662.125,
270	$\underline{662.127}$, 662.131, and 662.134, \underline{t} chapter 896, \underline{t} or similar state
271	or federal law $_{\overline{r}}$ or $_{\overline{any}}$ related rule or regulation $_{\underline{\cdot}}$
272	$\underline{\text{(b)}}$, and include The name of $\underline{\text{the company's}}$ its designated
273	relative or relatives, if applicable, and the street address for
274	its principal place of business.
275	(4) The registration renewal application filed by a foreign
276	licensed family trust company must include a verified statement
277	by an authorized representative of the trust company that its
278	operations are in compliance with ss. 662.1225, 662.125,
279	662.131, and 662.134 and in compliance with the family trust
280	company laws and regulations of its principal jurisdiction. It
281	must also provide:
282	(a) The current telephone number and street address of the
283	physical location of its principal place of business in its
284	principal jurisdiction.
285	(b) The current telephone number and street address of the
286	physical location in this state of its principal place of
287	operations where its books and records pertaining to its
288	operations in this state are maintained.
289	(c) The current telephone number and address of the

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physical location of any other offices located in this state.

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 $\mbox{\em (d)}$ The name and current street address in this state of its registered agent.

(e) Documentation satisfactory to the office that the foreign licensed family trust company is in compliance with the family trust company laws and regulations of its principal jurisdiction.

Section 10. Subsections (4) and (7) of section 662.132, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

662.132 Investments.-

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- (4) Notwithstanding any other law, a family trust company or licensed family trust company may, while acting as a fiduciary, purchase directly from underwriters or broker-dealers distributors or in the secondary market:
- (a) Bonds or other securities underwritten or $\underline{\text{brokered}}$ $\underline{\text{distributed}}$ by:
- The family trust company or licensed family trust company;
 - 2. A family affiliate; or
- 3. A syndicate, including the family trust company, licensed family trust company, or family affiliate.
- (b) Securities of an investment company, including a mutual fund, closed-end fund, or unit investment trust, as defined under the federal Investment Company Act of 1940, for which the family trust company or licensed family trust company acts as an advisor, custodian, distributor, manager, registrar, shareholder servicing agent, sponsor, or transfer agent.
- (7) Notwithstanding subsections (1)-(6), a family trust company or licensed family trust company may not, while acting as a fiduciary, purchase a bond or security issued by the

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320	company or its parent, or a subsidiary company an affiliate					
321	thereof or its parent, unless:					
322	(a) The family trust company or licensed family trust					
323	company is expressly authorized to do so by:					
324	1. The terms of the instrument creating the trust;					
325	2. A court order;					
326	3. The written consent of the settlor of the trust for					
327	which the family trust company or licensed family trust company					
328	is serving as trustee; or					
329	4. The written consent of every adult qualified beneficiary					
330	of the trust who, at the time of such purchase, is entitled to					
331	receive income under the trust or who would be entitled to					
332	receive a distribution of principal if the trust were					
333	terminated; and					
334	(b) The purchase of the security is at a fair price and					
335	complies with:					
336	1. The prudent investor rule in s. 518.11 $_{\overline{r}}$ or other prudent					
337	investor or similar rule under other applicable law, unless such					
338	compliance is waived in accordance with s. 518.11 or other					
339	applicable law.					
340	2. The terms of the instrument, judgment, decree, or order					
341	establishing the fiduciary relationship.					
342	Section 11. Section 662.141, Florida Statutes, is amended					
343	to read:					
344	662.141 Examination, investigations, and fees.—The office					
345	may conduct an examination or investigation of a family trust					
346	<pre>company, licensed family trust company, or foreign licensed</pre>					
347	family trust company at any time it deems necessary to determine					
348	whether $\underline{\text{the}}$ a family trust company, licensed family trust					

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company, foreign licensed family trust company, or licensed family trust company-affiliated party thereof person has violated or is about to violate any provision of this chapter, or rules adopted by the commission pursuant to this chapter, or any applicable provision of the financial institutions institution codes, or any rule rules adopted by the commission pursuant to this chapter or the such codes. The office may conduct an examination or investigation of a family trust company or foreign licensed family trust company at any time it deems necessary to determine whether the family trust company or foreign licensed family trust company has engaged in any act prohibited under s. 662.131 or s. 662.134 and, if a family trust company or a foreign licensed family trust company has engaged in such act, to determine whether any applicable provision of the financial institutions codes has been violated.

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- (1) The office may rely upon a certificate of trust, trust summary, or written statement from the trust company which identifies the qualified beneficiaries of any trust or estate for which a family trust company, licensed family trust company, or foreign licensed family trust company serves as a fiduciary and the qualifications of such beneficiaries as permissible recipients of company services.
- (2) The office shall conduct an examination of a licensed family trust company, family trust company, or foreign licensed family trust company at least once every 36 18 months.
- (2) In lieu of an examination by the office, the office may accept an audit of a family trust company, licensed family trust company, or foreign licensed family trust company by a certified public accountant licensed to practice in this state who is

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independent of the company, or other person or entity acceptable to the office. If the office accepts an audit pursuant to this subsection, the office shall conduct the next required examination.

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(3) The office shall examine the books and records of a family trust company or licensed family trust company as necessary to determine whether it is a family trust company or licensed family trust company as defined in this chapter, and is operating in compliance with this chapter ss. 662.1225, 662.125, 662.125, 662.125, 662.125, 662.126, 662.131, and 662.134, as applicable. The office may rely upon a certificate of trust, trust summary, or written statement from the trust company identifying the qualified beneficiaries of any trust or estate for which the family trust company serves as a fiduciary and the qualification of the qualified beneficiaries as permissible recipients of company services. The commission may establish by rule the records to be maintained or requirements necessary to demonstrate conformity with this chapter as a family trust company or licensed family trust company.

(3) (4) The office shall examine the books and records of a foreign licensed family trust company as necessary to determine if it is a foreign licensed trust company as defined in this chapter and is in compliance with ss. 662.1225, 662.125, 662.130(2), 662.131, and 662.134. In connection with an examination of the books and records of the company, the office may rely upon the most recent examination report or review or certification letters or similar documentation issued by the regulatory agency to which the foreign licensed family trust company is subject to supervision. The commission may establish

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by rule the records to be maintained or requirements necessary to demonstrate conformity with this chapter as a foreign licensed family trust company. The office's examination of the books and records of a foreign licensed family trust company is, to the extent practicable, limited to books and records of the operations in this state.

(4) (4) (5) For each examination of the books and records of a family trust company, licensed family trust company, or foreign licensed family trust company as authorized under this chapter, the trust company shall pay a fee for the costs of the examination by the office. As used in this section, the term "costs" means the salary and travel expenses of field staff which are directly attributable to the examination of the trust company and the travel expenses of any supervisory and or support staff required as a result of examination findings. The mailing of payment for costs incurred must be postmarked within 30 days after the receipt of a notice stating that the such costs are due. The office may levy a late payment of up to \$100 per day or part thereof that a payment is overdue, unless waived for good cause. However, if the late payment of costs is intentional, the office may levy an administrative fine of up to \$1,000 per day for each day the payment is overdue.

(5) (6) All fees collected under this section must be deposited into the Financial Institutions' Regulatory Trust Fund pursuant to s. 655.049 for the purpose of administering this chapter.

(6) The commission may establish by rule the records to be maintained or requirements necessary to demonstrate conformity with this chapter as a family trust company, licensed family

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trust company, or foreign licensed family trust company.						
Section 12. Section 662.142, Florida Statutes, is amended						
to read:						
662.142 Revocation of license						
(1) Any of the following acts constitute or conduct						
constitutes grounds for the revocation by the office of the						
license of a licensed family trust company:						
(a) The company is not a family trust company as defined in						
this chapter_+						
(b) A violation of s. 662.1225, s. 662.123(1)(a), s.						
662.125(2), s. 662.126, s. 662.127, s. 662.128, s. 662.130, s.						
662.131, s. 662.134, or s. 662.144 <u>.</u> ;						
(c) A violation of chapter 896, relating to financial						
transactions offenses, or \underline{a} any similar state or federal law or						
any related rule or regulation.÷						
(d) A violation of any rule of the commission $\underline{\cdot} \dot{\tau}$						
(e) A violation of any order of the office. $\dot{ au}$						
(f) A breach of any written agreement with the office $\underline{\cdot} \dot{\tau}$						
(g) A prohibited act or practice under s. 662.131 $_{.\dot{\tau}}$						
(h) A failure to provide information or documents to the						
office upon written request <u>.</u> ; or						
(i) An act of commission or omission that is judicially						
determined to be a breach of trust or $\operatorname{\sf of}$ fiduciary duty $\operatorname{\sf pursuant}$						
to a court of competent jurisdiction.						
(2) If the office finds Upon a finding that a licensed						
family trust company has committed any of the acts $\underline{\text{specified}}$ $\underline{\text{set}}$						
forth in subsection (1) paragraphs (1)(a) (h), the office may						
enter an order suspending the company's license and provide						
notice of its intention to revoke the license and of the						

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23-00058-16 201680__ opportunity for a hearing pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57.

(3) If a hearing is not timely requested pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57 or if a hearing is held and it has been determined that the licensed family trust company has committed any of the acts specified in subsection (1) there has been a commission or omission under paragraph (1)(i), the office may immediately enter an order revoking the company's license. A The licensed family trust company has shall have 90 days to wind up its affairs after license revocation. If after 90 days the company is still in operation, the office may seek an order from the circuit court for the annulment or dissolution of the company.

Section 13. Subsection (1) of section 662.143, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

662.143 Cease and desist authority.-

- (1) The office may issue and serve upon a family trust company, licensed family trust company, or upon a family trust company-affiliated party, a complaint stating charges if the office has reason to believe that such company, family trust company-affiliated party, or individual named therein is engaging in or has engaged in any of the following acts conduct that:
- (b) $\pm s$ A violation of s. 662.1225, s. 662.123(1)(a), s. 662.125(2), s. 662.126, s. 662.127, s. 662.128, s. 662.130, or s. 662.134. \pm
 - (c) Is A violation of any rule of the commission. +

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494	(d) Is A violation of any order of the office. $\dot{\cdot}\dot{\tau}$
495	(e) Is A breach of any written agreement with the office $\dot{\cdot}\dot{\tau}$
496	(f) $\overline{\mbox{Is}}$ A prohibited act or practice pursuant to s.
497	662.131 <u>.</u> +
498	(g) $\overline{\mbox{10}}$ A willful failure to provide information or
499	documents to the office upon written request $\underline{\cdot} \dot{\tau}$
500	(h) $\overline{\text{Is}}$ An act of commission or omission $\underline{\text{that is judicially}}$
501	determined by or a court of competent jurisdiction practice that
502	the office has reason to \underline{be} believe is a breach of trust or \underline{of}
503	fiduciary duty.; or
504	(i) $\pm s$ A violation of chapter 896 or similar state or
505	federal law or any related rule or regulation.
506	Section 14. Section 662.144, Florida Statutes, is amended
507	to read:
508	662.144 Failure to submit required report; fines.—If a
509	family trust company, licensed family trust company, or foreign
510	licensed family trust company fails to submit within the
511	prescribed period its annual renewal or any other report
512	required by this chapter or any rule, the office may impose a
513	fine of up to \$100 for each day that the annual renewal or
514	report is overdue. Failure to provide the annual renewal within
515	60 days after the end of the calendar year shall automatically
516	result in termination of $\underline{\text{the}}$ registration of a family trust
517	company or foreign licensed family trust company or revocation
518	of the license of a licensed family trust company. $\underline{\text{A family}}$
519	trust company may have its registration or license automatically
520	reinstated by submitting to the office, on or before August 31
521	of the calendar year in which the renewal application is due,
522	the company's annual renewal application and fee required under

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s. 662.128, a \$500 late fee, and the amount of any fine imposed by the office under this section. A family The trust company that fails to renew or reinstate its registration or license must shall thereafter have 90 days to wind up its affairs on or before November 30 of the calendar year in which such failure occurs. Fees and fines collected under this section shall be deposited into the Financial Institutions' Regulatory Trust Fund pursuant to s. 655.049 for the purpose of administering this chapter.

Section 15. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 662.145, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

662.145 Grounds for removal.-

- (6) The chief executive officer, or the person holding the equivalent office, of a family trust company or licensed family trust company shall promptly notify the office if he or she has actual knowledge that a family trust company-affiliated party is charged with a felony in a state or federal court.
- (a) If a family trust company-affiliated party is charged with a felony in a state or federal court, or is charged with an offense in a court the courts of a foreign country with which the United States maintains diplomatic relations which involves a violation of law relating to fraud, currency transaction reporting, money laundering, theft, or moral turpitude and the charge is equivalent to a felony charge under state or federal law, the office may enter an emergency order suspending the family trust company-affiliated party or restricting or prohibiting participation by such company affiliated party in the affairs of that particular family trust company or licensed family trust company or any state financial institution,

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 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

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552	subsidiary, or service corporation, upon service of the order					
553	upon the company and the family trust company-affiliated party					
554	so charged.					
555	Section 16. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section					
556	662.150, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:					
557	662.150 Domestication of a foreign family trust company					
558	(1) A foreign family trust company lawfully organized and					
559	currently in good standing with the state regulatory agency in					
560	the jurisdiction where it is organized may become domesticated					
561	in this state by:					
562	(b) Filing an application for a license to begin operations					
563	as a licensed family trust company in accordance with s.					
564	662.121, which must first be approved by the office $\underline{}$ or by					
565	filing the prescribed form with the office to register as a					
566	family trust company to begin operations in accordance with s.					
567	662.122.					
568	Section 17. Subsection (3) of section 662.151, Florida					
569	Statutes, is amended to read:					
570	662.151 Registration of a foreign licensed family trust					
571	company to operate in this state.—A foreign licensed family					
572	trust company lawfully organized and currently in good standing					
573	with the state regulatory agency in the jurisdiction under the					
574	law of which it is organized may qualify to begin operations in					
575	this state by:					
576	(3) A company in operation as of the effective date of this					
577	act that meets the definition of a family trust company shall					
578	have 90 days from the effective date of this act to apply for					
579	licensure as a licensed family trust company, register as a					
580	family trust company or foreign licensed family trust company,					

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or cease doing business in this state.

Section 18. This act shall take effect upon becoming law.

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THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

10/6/15	(Deliver BOTH	(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)				
Meeti	ng Date				SB 80 Bill Number (if applicable)	
Topic Fa	mily Trust Companies					
Name Me	eredith Hinshelwood			-	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)	
Job Title	Deputy Director of Gove	rnmental Relations		•		
-	200 East Gaines Street			Phone <u>85</u>	0-410-9544	
-	Tallahassee	FL	32399	Email ^{Mer}	redith.Hinshelwood@flofr.com	
Speaking:	For Against	State Information	<i>Zip</i> Waive S (The Cha	peaking: ✓ ir will read this	In Support Against sinformation into the record.)	
Repres	senting Office of Finan	cial Regulation			,	
Appearing	at request of Chair:	Yes ✓ No	Lobbyist regist	ered with Le	egislature: Yes No	
While it is a meeting. Th	Senate tradition to encoura ose who do speak may be	age public testimony, tim asked to limit their rema	e may not normit all	norsons wish	ing to an artist of the first	
	s part of the public record				S-001 (10/14/14)	

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD



S_001 (10/14/14)

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) 80 Bill Number (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Name Job Title Phone 999-4100 State Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: X In Support (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Appearing at request of Chair: Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

Duplicate

THE FLORIDA SENATE APPEARANCE RECORD

Warre

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

10/6/15 **SB 80** Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable) Topic Family Trust Companies Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Name Meredith Hinshelwood Job Title Deputy Director of Governmental Relations Address 200 East Gaines Street Phone 850-410-9544 Street Email Meredith.Hinshelwood@flofr.com **Tallahassee** FL 32399 Citv State Zip Speaking: **Against** Information Waive Speaking: In Support (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Office of Financial Regulation Representing Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Appearing at request of Chair: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

CourtSmart Tag Report

Room: EL 110 Case No.: Type: Caption: Senate Banking and Insurance Committee Judge:

Started: 10/6/2015 9:58:22 AM

Ends: 10/6/2015 10:12:32 AM Length: 00:14:11

9:58:21 AM Meeting called to order

9:58:25 AM Roll call.

9:58:47 AM Quorum present.

9:59:05 AM Chairman Benacquisto recognizes Senator Hukill to present SB 76.

9:59:23 AM Senator Hukill presents SB 76.
10:00:30 AM Senator Clemens recognized.
James Knudson recognized.
James Knudson recognized.
Senator Clemens for follow up.
Senator Hukill responds.
Senator Clemens for follow up.

10:02:18 AM Senator Clemens for follow up. **10:02:30 AM** Chairman Benacquisto for clarification.

10:02:49 AM Senator Hukill recognized to present amendment barcode 216386.

10:03:17 AM Amendment adopted.

10:03:21 AM Back on the bil as amended.
10:03:25 AM Speaker cards read into record.
10:03:42 AM Senator Clemens for debate.

10:05:00 AM Senator Clemens speaks to his concerns and reservations regarding the bill.

10:05:24 AM Senator Detert in debate.

10:07:08 AM Senator Montford recognized in debate.

10:08:36 AM Senator Hukill to close on SB 76.

10:09:27 AM Roll call on CS/SB 76. **10:09:41 AM** Bill reported favorably.

10:10:02 AM Senator Richter recognized to present SB 80.

10:11:28 AM Chairman Benacquisto reads appearance cards into the record.

10:11:39 AM No debate. Senator Richter waives close.

10:11:48 AM Roll call on SB 80.
10:11:54 AM Bill reported favorably.
10:12:08 AM Meeting adjourned.