${\bf By}$  Senators Latvala, Saunders, Sebesta, Kirkpatrick, Lee and Carlton

19-830A-00

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to campaign financing; amending s. 106.021, F.S.; specifying that certain 3 4 endorsements are not contributions or 5 expenditures for purposes of ch. 106, F.S.; 6 amending s. 106.08, F.S.; prohibiting 7 contributions made during a certain period preceding the first primary election through 8 9 the general election which exceed a specified amount; providing penalties; creating s. 10 106.293, F.S.; requiring the state executive 11 12 committee of each political party to report contributions in excess of a specified amount 13 to the Division of Elections within the 14 Department of State; requiring the division to 15 adopt rules governing such reports; providing 16 17 penalties for failure to timely make reports; providing an effective date. 18 19 20 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 21 22 Section 1. Subsection (3) of section 106.021, Florida 23 Statutes, is amended to read: 24 106.021 Campaign treasurers; deputies; primary and 25 secondary depositories .--26 (3)(a) Except for independent expenditures, no 27 contribution or expenditure, including contributions or 28 expenditures of a candidate or of the candidate's family, shall be directly or indirectly made or received in 29 30 furtherance of the candidacy of any person for nomination or

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

31 election to political office in the state or on behalf of any

political committee except through the duly appointed campaign treasurer of the candidate or political committee.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) However, expenditures may be made directly by any political committee or political party regulated by chapter 103 for obtaining time, space, or services in or by any communications medium for the purpose of jointly endorsing three or more candidates., and Any such expenditure for an endorsement that allocates substantially equal time, space, or service to each candidate, or any such expenditure for an endorsement in a general election which lists all nominees of a political party in the area covered by the broadcast or mailing and no candidate in the endorsement is allocated more than three times as much time or space as any other candidate in the endorsement, is shall not be considered a contribution or expenditure to or on behalf of any such candidates for the purposes of this chapter.

Section 2. Section 106.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.08 Contributions; limitations on.--

(1)(a) Except for political parties, no person, political committee, or committee of continuous existence may, in any election, make contributions in excess of \$500 to any candidate for election to or retention in office or to any political committee supporting or opposing one or more candidates. Candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor on the same ticket are considered a single candidate for the purpose of this section.

(b)1. The contribution limits provided in this subsection do not apply to contributions made by a state or county executive committee of a political party regulated by

 chapter 103 or to amounts contributed by a candidate to his or her own campaign.

- 2. Notwithstanding the limits provided in this subsection, an unemancipated child under the age of 18 years of age may not make a contribution in excess of \$100 to any candidate or to any political committee supporting one or more candidates.
- (c) The contribution limits of this subsection apply to each election. For purposes of this subsection, the first primary, second primary, and general election are separate elections so long as the candidate is not an unopposed candidate as defined in s. 106.011(15). However, for the purpose of contribution limits with respect to candidates for retention as a justice or judge, there is only one election, which is the general election. With respect to candidates in a circuit holding an election for circuit judge or in a county holding an election for county court judge, there are only two elections, which are the first primary election and general election.
- (2)(a) A candidate may not accept contributions from national, state, including any subordinate committee of a national, state, or county committee of a political party, and county executive committees of a political party, which contributions in the aggregate exceed \$50,000, no more than \$25,000 of which may be accepted prior to the 28-day period immediately preceding the date of the general election.
- (b) Polling services, research services, costs for campaign staff, professional consulting services, and telephone calls are not contributions to be counted toward the contribution limits of paragraph (a). Any item not expressly identified in this paragraph as nonallocable is a contribution

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in an amount equal to the fair market value of the item and must be counted as allocable toward the \$50,000 contribution limits of paragraph (a). Nonallocable, in-kind contributions must be reported by the candidate under s. 106.07 and by the political party under s. 106.29.

- (3)(a) Any contribution received by a candidate with opposition in an election or by the campaign treasurer or a deputy campaign treasurer of such a candidate on the day of that election or less than 5 days prior to the day of that election must be returned by him or her to the person or committee contributing it and may not be used or expended by or on behalf of the candidate.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c), any contribution received by a candidate or by the campaign treasurer or a deputy campaign treasurer of a candidate after the date at which the candidate withdraws his or her candidacy, or after the date the candidate is defeated, becomes unopposed, or is elected to office must be returned to the person or committee contributing it and may not be used or expended by or on behalf of the candidate.
- (c) With respect to any campaign for an office in which an independent or minor party candidate has filed as required in s. 99.0955 or s. 99.096, but whose qualification is pending a determination by the Department of State or supervisor of elections as to whether or not the required number of petition signatures was obtained:
- The department or supervisor shall, no later than 3 days after that determination has been made, notify in writing all other candidates for that office of that determination.
- 2. Any contribution received by a candidate or the 31 campaign treasurer or deputy campaign treasurer of a candidate

 after the candidate has been notified in writing by the department or supervisor that he or she has become unopposed as a result of an independent or minor party candidate failing to obtain the required number of petition signatures shall be returned to the person, political committee, or committee of continuous existence contributing it and shall not be used or expended by or on behalf of the candidate.

- (4) Any contribution received by the chair, campaign treasurer, or deputy campaign treasurer of a political committee supporting or opposing a candidate with opposition in an election or supporting or opposing an issue on the ballot in an election on the day of that election or less than 5 days prior to the day of that election may not be obligated or expended by the committee until after the date of the election.
- in the name of another, directly or indirectly, in any election. Candidates, political committees, and political parties may not solicit contributions from or make contributions to any religious, charitable, civic, or other causes or organizations established primarily for the public good. However, it is not a violation of this subsection for a candidate, political committee, or political party executive committee to make gifts of money in lieu of flowers in memory of a deceased person or for a candidate to continue membership in, or make regular donations from personal or business funds to, religious, political party, civic, or charitable groups of which the candidate is a member or to which the candidate has been a regular donor for more than 6 months. A candidate may purchase, with campaign funds, tickets, admission to events,

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or advertisements from religious, civic, political party, or charitable groups.

- (6) A political party may not accept any contribution that which has been specifically designated for the partial or exclusive use of a particular candidate. Any contribution so designated must be returned to the contributor and may not be used or expended by or on behalf of the candidate.
- (7) A person, political committee, or committee of continuous existence may not make contributions that exceed \$5,000 in the aggregate to a state executive committee of a political party regulated under chapter 103, a county executive committee, or a subordinate committee of a political party regulated under chapter 103, or any combination thereof, for the period beginning on the Thursday immediately preceding the first primary election through the general election.
- $(8)\frac{(7)}{(7)}$  (a) Any person who knowingly and willfully makes no more than one contribution in violation of subsection (1), or subsection (5), or subsection (7), or any person who knowingly and willfully fails or refuses to return any contribution as required in subsection (3), commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. If any corporation, partnership, or other business entity or any political party, political committee, or committee of continuous existence is convicted of knowingly and willfully violating any provision punishable under this paragraph, it shall be fined not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$10,000. If it is a domestic entity, it may be ordered dissolved by a court of competent jurisdiction; if it is a foreign or nonresident business entity, its right to do business in this state may be forfeited. Any officer, 31 partner, agent, attorney, or other representative of a

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corporation, partnership, or other business entity or of a political party, political committee, or committee of continuous existence who aids, abets, advises, or participates in a violation of any provision punishable under this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(b) Any person who knowingly and willfully makes two or more contributions in violation of subsection (1), or subsection (5), or subsection (7), or any combination thereof, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. If any corporation, partnership, or other business entity or any political party, political committee, or committee of continuous existence is convicted of knowingly and willfully violating any provision punishable under this paragraph, it shall be fined not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$50,000. If it is a domestic entity, it may be ordered dissolved by a court of competent jurisdiction; if it is a foreign or nonresident business entity, its right to do business in this state may be forfeited. Any officer, partner, agent, attorney, or other representative of a corporation, partnership, or other business entity, or of a political committee, committee of continuous existence, or political party who aids, abets, advises, or participates in a violation of any provision punishable under this paragraph commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(9)<del>(8)</del> Except when otherwise provided in subsection (8)<del>(7)</del>, any person who knowingly and willfully violates any provision of this section shall, in addition to any other 31 penalty prescribed by this chapter, pay to the state a sum

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equal to twice the amount contributed in violation of this chapter. Each campaign treasurer shall pay all amounts contributed in violation of this section to the state for deposit in the General Revenue Fund.

(10)(9) This section does not apply to the transfer of funds between a primary campaign depository and a savings account or certificate of deposit or to any interest earned on such account or certificate.

Section 3. Section 106.293, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

106.293 Electronic reports by political parties; penalties.--

(1) The state executive committee of each political party regulated by chapter 103 shall electronically file with the Division of Elections a report of any contribution it receives in excess of \$5,000. The report must contain the same information as required of a candidate by s. 106.07(4), and must be electronically filed with the division no later than 5 p.m. of the third day after the contribution is received. Upon receipt of the filing, the division shall electronically transmit a confirmation of receipt to the executive committee. If the executive committee is unable to file electronically for any reason, a written report may be timely filed in person with the division. However, if a report due to be filed on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday cannot be electronically filed for technical reasons, it must be filed either electronically or in person with the division by 10 a.m. of the next business day.

(2) The division shall adopt rules providing for electronic filing which must, at a minimum, provide that:

1	(a) The division develop an electronic filing system
2	using the Internet or other on-line technologies; and
3	(b) The system be reasonably secure and provide a
4	method for authenticating the identity of the person
5	submitting the report.
6	(3) Contributions electronically filed under this
7	section must also be included on the written reports submitted
8	by the executive committee under s. 106.29.
9	(4) Any executive committee that fails to timely file
10	a report required by this section is subject to a maximum
11	civil penalty equal to 25 percent of the amount of the
12	contribution that was not timely reported. In determining the
13	amount of the penalty, the Florida Elections Commission must
14	consider any mitigating and aggravating circumstances
15	identified in s. 106.265. This penalty shall substitute for
16	the penalties provided in s. 106.265, shall be deposited into
17	the General Revenue Fund of the state, and if necessary,
18	collected pursuant to s. 106.265(2).
19	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2000.
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22	SENATE SUMMARY
23	Provides that certain endorsements are not contributions
24	or expenditures for purposes of ch. 106, F.S. Prohibits a person, political committee, or committee of continuous existence from making contributions to a political party
25	which exceed \$5,000 in the aggregate during a specified period preceding the first primary election. Provides
26	that a violation of such prohibition by making one contribution is a first-degree misdemeanor and a
27	violation of such prohibition by making two or more
28	contributions is a third-degree felony. Requires that the state executive committee of each political party report
29	contributions in excess of \$5,000 to the Division of Elections within the Department of State. (See bill for
30	details.)
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