Florida Senate - 2001

By Senators Horne and Carlton

	6-947-01	See HB
1	A bill to be entitled	
2	An act relating to tax on communications	
3	services; amending s. 202.11, F.S.; revising	
4	and providing definitions; amending s. 202.12,	
5	F.S.; revising provisions relating to	
6	application of the tax; providing for	
7	application of the tax rate to private	
8	communications services and mobile	
9	communications services; providing the initial	
10	method for determining the sales price of	
11	private communications services and a revised	
12	method effective January 1, 2004; relieving	
13	service providers of certain liability;	
14	creating s. 202.155, F.S.; providing special	
15	rules for mobile communications services;	
16	providing duties of home service providers and	
17	the Department of Revenue in determining a	
18	customer's place of primary use and determining	
19	the correct taxing jurisdiction; relieving	
20	service providers of certain liability;	
21	providing requirements with respect to	
22	identifying and separately stating the sales	
23	price of mobile communications services not	
24	subject to the taxes administered under ch.	
25	202, F.S.; amending s. 202.16, F.S.; revising	
26	provisions relating to responsibility for	
27	payment of taxes; amending s. 202.17, F.S.;	
28	removing the registration fee for dealers of	
29	communications services; revising provisions	
30	relating to resale certificates; amending s.	
31	202.18, F.S.; revising provisions relating to	
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CODING:Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

SB 1878

1	distribution of a portion of the proceeds of
1 2	the tax on direct-to-home satellite service to
3	local governments and to distribution of local
4	communications services taxes and adjustment of
5	such distribution; amending s. 202.19, F.S.;
6	revising provisions that authorize the
7	imposition of local communications services
8	taxes and provide for expression of the tax
9	rate, use of revenues, and certain credits;
10	providing the initial method for determining
11	the sales price of private communications
12	services for local communications services
13	taxes and for the discretionary sales surtax
14	under s. 212.055, F.S., which is imposed as a
15	local communications services tax, and
16	providing a revised method effective January 1,
17	2004; relieving service providers of certain
18	liabilities; providing for application of local
19	communications services taxes to mobile
20	communications services; amending s. 202.20,
21	F.S.; revising requirements with respect to
22	adjustment by a local government of its tax
23	rate when tax revenues are less than received
24	from replaced revenue sources; authorizing
25	local governments to increase the tax rate
26	established by the Revenue Estimating
27	Conference and approved by the Legislature to
28	the maximum tax rate so established and
29	approved; amending s. 202.22, F.S., relating to
30	determination of local tax situs for a local
31	communications services tax; revising

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1	requirements relating to use of enhanced zip
2	codes; revising requirements relating to
3	certification or recertification of a database
4	by the department; specifying effect when
5	certain applications for certification are not
б	approved or denied within the required time
7	period; revising provisions relating to a
8	dealer's duty to update a database and to the
9	amount of dealer's credit allowed when an
10	alternative method of assigning service
11	addresses is used; amending s. 202.23, F.S.;
12	providing requirements for refunds when excess
13	communications services tax has been paid;
14	amending s. 202.24, F.S., relating to
15	limitations on local taxes and fees imposed on
16	dealers of communications services; deleting
17	provisions relating to legislative review;
18	amending s. 202.27, F.S.; deleting provisions
19	which allow certain dealers making sales in
20	more than one location to file a single return;
21	amending s. 202.28, F.S.; including persons
22	collecting the gross receipts tax in provisions
23	relating to the dealer's credit; amending s.
24	337.401, F.S.; providing that a municipality or
25	county that elects not to impose permit fees on
26	communications services providers may increase
27	its local tax rate by resolution; requiring
28	notice to the department; authorizing
29	municipalities and counties to change their
30	election regarding imposition of permit fees
31	and providing for adjustment of tax rates;

See HB

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1 providing notice requirements; specifying 2 continued application of s. 166.234, F.S., 3 relating to administration and rights and remedies, to municipal public service taxes on 4 5 telecommunications services imposed prior to б October 1, 2001; providing for payment of 7 franchise fees by cable or telecommunications service providers with respect to services 8 provided prior to October 1, 2001; repealing s. 9 10 58(1) of ch. 2000-260, Laws of Florida, which 11 provides for the June 30, 2001, repeal of those administrative sections of ch. 202, F.S., which 12 13 have taken effect; repealing s. 58(2) of ch. 2000-260, Laws of Florida, which provides for 14 the June 30, 2001, repeal, prior to their 15 October 1, 2001, effective date, of the 16 17 remaining provisions of ch. 202, F.S., which provide for the taxation of the sale of 18 communications services, of other statutory 19 amendments that provide related administrative 20 provisions, of provisions that remove levy of 21 the municipal public service tax on 22 telecommunication services, of provisions that 23 24 provide for a gross receipts tax on 25 communications services to be applied pursuant to ch. 202, F.S., of provisions that remove the 26 27 imposition of tax under ch. 212, F.S., on 28 telecommunication service, of provisions 29 relating to the authority of counties and municipalities to regulate the placement of 30 31 telecommunications facilities in roads and

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1	rights-of-way and to impose permit fees and
2	franchise fees, and of provisions relating to
3	the application of amendments made by ch.
4	2000-260, Laws of Florida; repealing s. 59 of
5	ch. 2000-260, Laws of Florida, which, effective
6	June 30, 2001, amends s. 337.401, F.S.,
7	relating to the authority of counties and
8	municipalities to regulate the placement of
9	telecommunications facilities in roads and
10	rights-of-way and to impose permit fees and
11	franchise fees, to remove amendments made by
12	ch. 2000-260, Laws of Florida, which took
13	effect January 1, 2001; providing effective
14	dates.
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16	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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18	Section 1. Subsections (2), (14), and (16) of section
19	202.11, Florida Statutes, are amended, subsection (18) is
20	added to that section, and, effective August 1, 2002,
21	subsections (8) and (15) are amended and subsections (19),
22	(20), (21), (22), (23), (24), (25), (26), and (27) are added
23	to that section, to read:
24	202.11 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter:
25	(2) "Cable service" means the transmission of video,
26	audio, or other programming service to purchasers, and the
27	purchaser interaction, if any, required for the selection or
28	use of any such programming service, regardless of whether the
29	programming is transmitted over facilities owned or operated
30	by the cable service provider or over facilities owned or
31	operated by one or more other dealers of communications
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1 services. The term includes point-to-point and 2 point-to-multipoint distribution services by which programming 3 is transmitted or broadcast by microwave or other equipment directly to the purchaser's premises, but does not include 4 5 direct-to-home satellite service. The term includes basic, б extended, premium, pay-per-view, digital, and music services. 7 (8) "Mobile communications service" means commercial 8 mobile radio service, as defined in 47 C.F.R. s. 20.3 as in effect on June 1, 1999 any one-way or two-way radio 9 10 communications service, whether identified by the dealer as 11 local, toll, long distance, or otherwise, and which is carried between mobile stations or receivers and land stations, or by 12 13 mobile stations communicating among themselves, and includes, but is not limited to, cellular communications services, 14 15 personal communications services, paging services, specialized mobile radio services, and any other form of mobile one-way or 16 17 two-way communications service. The term does not include air-ground radiotelephone service as defined in 47 C.F.R. s. 18 19 22.99 as in effect on June 1, 1999. (14) "Sales price" means the total amount charged in 20 21 money or other consideration by a dealer for the sale of the right or privilege of using communications services in this 22 state, including any property or other services that are part 23 24 of the sale. The sales price of communications services shall 25 not be reduced by any separately identified components of the charge that constitute expenses of the dealer, including, but 26 27 not limited to, sales taxes on goods or services purchased by the dealer, property taxes, taxes measured by net income, and 28 29 universal-service fund fees. 30 31

1 (a) The sales price of communications services shall 2 also include, whether or not separately stated, charges for 3 any of the following: 4 1. Separately identified components of the charge or 5 expenses of the dealer, including, but not limited to, sales б taxes on goods or services purchased by the dealer, property 7 taxes, taxes measured by net income, and federal universal-service fund fees. 8 9 1.2. The connection, movement, change, or termination 10 of communications services. 11 2.3. The detailed billing of communications services. 3.4. The sale of directory listings in connection with 12 a communications service. 13 4.5. Central office and custom calling features. 14 15 5.6. Voice mail and other messaging service. 16 6.7. Directory assistance. 17 (b) The sales price of communications services does not include charges for any of the following: 18 19 1. Any excise tax, sales tax, or similar tax levied by 20 the United States or any state or local government on the purchase, sale, use, or consumption of any communications 21 service, including, but not limited to, any tax imposed under 22 this chapter or chapter 203 which is permitted or required to 23 24 be added to the sales price of such service, if the tax is 25 stated separately. 2. Any fee or assessment levied by the United States 26 or any state or local government, including, but not limited 27 28 to, regulatory fees and emergency telephone surcharges, which 29 is required to be added to the price of such service if the fee or assessment is separately stated. 30 31

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1 3. Communications services Local telephone service 2 paid for by inserting coins into coin-operated communications 3 devices available to the public. 4 4. The sale or recharge of a prepaid calling 5 arrangement. б 5. The provision of air-to-ground communications 7 services, defined as a radio service provided to purchasers 8 while on board an aircraft. 6. A dealer's internal use of communications services 9 10 in connection with its business of providing communications 11 services. Charges for property or other services that are not 12 7. 13 part of the sale of communications services, if such charges 14 are stated separately from the charges for communications 15 services. (15) "Service address" means: 16 17 (a)(b) Except as otherwise provided in this section In the case of all other communications services, the location of 18 19 the communications equipment from which communications 20 services originate or at which communications services are received by the customer. If the location of such equipment 21 22 cannot be determined as part of the billing process, as in the case of mobile communications services, paging systems, 23 24 maritime systems, third-number and calling-card calls, and 25 similar services, the term means the location determined by the dealer based on the customer's telephone number, the 26 customer's mailing address to which bills are sent by the 27 28 dealer, or another street address provided by the customer. 29 However, such address must be within the licensed service area of the dealer. In the case of a communications service paid 30 31 through a credit or payment mechanism that does not relate to

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1 a service address, such as a bank, travel, debit, or credit card, the service address is the address of the central 2 3 office, as determined by the area code and the first three 4 digits of the seven-digit originating telephone number. 5 (b)(a) In the case of cable services and б direct-to-home satellite services, the location where the 7 customer receives the services in this state. 8 (c) In the case of mobile communications services, the customer's place of primary use. 9 (16) "Substitute communications system" means any 10 11 telephone system, or other system capable of providing communications services, which a person purchases, installs, 12 13 rents, or leases for his or her own use to provide himself or 14 herself with services used as a substitute for any switched service or dedicated facility by which communications services 15 provided by a dealer of communications services provides a 16 17 communication path. "Private communications service" means a 18 (18) 19 communications service that entitles the subscriber or user to exclusive or priority use of a communications channel or group 20 of channels between or among channel termination points, 21 regardless of the manner in which such channel or channels are 22 connected, and includes switching capacity, extension lines, 23 24 stations, and any other associated services which are provided 25 in connection with the use of such channel or channels. "Charges for mobile communications services" 26 (19) 27 means any charge for, or associated with, the provision of 28 mobile communications service, or any charge for, or 29 associated with, a service provided as an adjunct to a 30 communications mobile service, that is billed to a customer by 31 or for the customer's home service provider regardless of

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1 whether individual transmissions originate or terminate within 2 the licensed service area of the home service provider. 3 (20)(a) "Customer" means: The person or entity that contracts with the home 4 1. 5 service provider for mobile communications services; or б 2. If the end user of mobile communications services 7 is not the contracting party, the end user of the mobile 8 communications service. This subparagraph only applies for the 9 purpose of determining the place of primary use. 10 (b) "Customer" does not include: 11 1. A reseller of mobile communications services; or 2. A serving carrier under an agreement to serve the 12 customer outside the home service provider's licensed service 13 14 area. (21) "Designated database provider" means a 15 corporation, association, or other entity representing all of 16 17 the political subdivisions of this state that is: 18 Responsible for providing an electronic database (a) 19 prescribed in s. 119(a) of the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, Pub. L. No. 106-252, if the Department of 20 Revenue does not provide such electronic database; and 21 Approved by the Florida League of Cities and the 22 (b) Florida Association of Counties. 23 (22) "Enhanced zip code" means a United States postal 24 25 zip code of 9 or more digits. 26 "Home service provider" means the (23) 27 facilities-based carrier or reseller with which the customer contracts for the provision of mobile communications services. 28 29 "Licensed service area" means the geographic area (24) 30 in which the home service provider is authorized by law or 31

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1 contract to provide mobile communications service to the 2 customer. 3 (25) "Place of primary use" means the street address 4 representative of where the customer's use of the mobile 5 communications service primarily occurs, which must be: б (a) The residential street address or the primary 7 business street address of the customer; and 8 (b) Within the licensed service area of the home 9 service provider. 10 (26)(a) "Reseller" means a provider who purchases 11 communications services from another communications service provider and then resells, uses as a component part of, or 12 integrates the purchased services into a mobile communications 13 14 service. "Reseller" does not include a serving carrier with 15 (b) which a home service provider arranges for the services to its 16 17 customers outside the home service provider's licensed service 18 area. 19 (27) "Serving carrier" means a facilities-based carrier providing mobile communications service to a customer 20 21 outside a home service provider's or reseller's licensed 22 service area. Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 23 24 202.12, Florida Statutes, is amended, paragraph (d) is added to that subsection, and, effective with respect to bills 25 issued by communications services providers after August 1, 26 27 2002, paragraph (e) is added to that subsection, to read: 202.12 Sales of communications services.--The 28 29 Legislature finds that every person who engages in the business of selling communications services at retail in this 30 31 state is exercising a taxable privilege. It is the intent of 11

1 the Legislature that the tax imposed by chapter 203 be 2 administered as provided in this chapter. 3 (1) For the exercise of such privilege, a tax is 4 levied on each taxable transaction, and the tax is due and 5 payable as follows: б (a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, 7 at the rate calculated pursuant to s. 30, chapter 2000-260, 8 Laws of Florida, applied to the sales price of the communications service, except for direct-to-home satellite 9 10 service, which: 11 1. Originates and terminates in this state, or Originates or terminates in this state and is 12 2. 13 charged to a service address in this state, 14 when sold at retail, computed on each taxable sale for the 15 purpose of remitting the tax due. The gross receipts tax 16 17 imposed by chapter 203 shall be collected on the same taxable 18 transactions and remitted with the tax imposed by this 19 paragraph. If no tax is imposed by this paragraph by reason of 20 s. 202.125(1), the tax imposed by chapter 203 shall nevertheless be collected and remitted in the manner and at 21 the time prescribed for tax collections and remittances under 22 23 this chapter. 24 (d) At the rate computed under paragraph (a) on the 25 sales price of private communications services provided within this state. In determining the sales price of private 26 27 communications services subject to tax, the communications service provider shall be entitled to use any method that 28 29 reasonably allocates the total charges among the states in 30 which channel termination points are located. An allocation 31 method is deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this

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1 paragraph if the communications service provider regularly used such method for Florida tax purposes prior to December 2 3 31, 2000. If a communications service provider uses a reasonable allocation method, such provider shall be held 4 5 harmless from any liability for additional tax, interest, or б penalty based on a different allocation method. The gross 7 receipts tax imposed by chapter 203 shall be collected on the 8 same taxable transactions and remitted with the tax imposed by 9 this paragraph. 10 (e) At the rate set forth in paragraph (a) applied to 11 the sales price of all mobile communications services deemed to be provided to a customer by a home service provider 12 pursuant to s. 117(a) of the Mobile Telecommunications 13 Sourcing Act, Pub. L. No. 106-252, if such customer's service 14 15 address is located within this state. Section 3. Effective January 1, 2004, paragraph (d) of 16 17 subsection (1) of section 202.12, Florida Statutes, as created 18 by this act, is amended to read: 19 202.12 Sales of communications services.--The 20 Legislature finds that every person who engages in the 21 business of selling communications services at retail in this state is exercising a taxable privilege. It is the intent of 22 the Legislature that the tax imposed by chapter 203 be 23 24 administered as provided in this chapter. (1) For the exercise of such privilege, a tax is 25 26 levied on each taxable transaction, and the tax is due and 27 payable as follows: 28 (d) At the rate computed under paragraph (a) on the 29 sales price of private communications services provided within 30 this state, which shall be determined in accordance with the 31 following provisions:-

1	1. Any charge with respect to a channel termination
2	point located within this state;
3	2. Any charge for the use of a channel between two
4	channel termination points located in this state; and
5	3. Where channel termination points are located both
6	within and outside of this state:
7	a. If any segment between two such channel termination
8	points is separately billed, 50 percent of such charge; and
9	b. If any segment of the circuit is not separately
10	billed, an amount equal to the total charge for such circuit
11	multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number
12	of channel termination points within this state and the
13	denominator of which is the total number of channel
14	termination points of the circuit. In determining the sales
15	price of private communications services subject to tax, the
16	communications service provider shall be entitled to use any
17	method that reasonably allocates the total charges among the
18	states in which channel termination points are located. An
19	allocation method is deemed to be reasonable for purposes of
20	this paragraph if the communications service provider
21	regularly used such method for Florida tax purposes prior to
22	December 31, 2000. If a communications service provider uses a
23	reasonable allocation method, such provider shall be held
24	harmless from any liability for additional tax, interest, or
25	penalty based on a different allocation method.
26	
27	The gross receipts tax imposed by chapter 203 shall be
28	collected on the same taxable transactions and remitted with
29	the tax imposed by this paragraph.
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Section 4. Effective with respect to bills issued by
communications services providers after August 1, 2002,
section 202.155, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
202.155 Special rules for mobile communications
services
(1) A home service provider shall be responsible for
obtaining and maintaining the customer's place of primary use.
Subject to subsections (2) and (3), if the home service
provider's reliance on information provided by its customer is
in good faith:
(a) The home service provider shall be entitled to
rely on the applicable residential or business street address
supplied by such customer.
(b) The home service provider shall be held harmless
from liability for any additional taxes imposed by or pursuant
to this chapter or chapter 203 which are based on a different
determination of such customer's place of primary use.
(2) Except as provided in subsection (3), a home
service provider shall be allowed to treat the address used
for tax purposes for any customer under a service contract in
effect on August 1, 2002, as that customer's place of primary
use for the remaining term of such service contract or
agreement, excluding any extension or renewal of such service
contract or agreement.
(3)(a) If the department determines that the address
used by a home service provider as a customer's place of
primary use does not meet the definition of "place of primary
use" provided by s. 202.11, the department shall notify the
customer of this determination and provide the customer an
opportunity to demonstrate that the address satisfies that
definition.

1	(b) If the customer fails to demonstrate that the
2	address meets the definition of such customer's place of
3	primary use, the department shall provide the home service
4	provider with the proper address to be used as the customer's
5	place of primary use, and the home service provider shall
6	begin using the address provided by the department as the
7	customer's place of primary use within 120 days.
8	(4)(a) If the department determines that the
9	assignment of a taxing jurisdiction by a home service provider
10	under s. 202.22 does not reflect the correct taxing
11	jurisdiction to which taxes imposed by or pursuant to this
12	chapter or chapter 203 should be remitted, the department
13	shall notify the home service provider and provide the home
14	service provider an opportunity to demonstrate that the
15	assignment reflects the correct taxing jurisdiction.
16	(b) If the home service provider fails to demonstrate
17	that the assignment reflects the correct taxing jurisdiction
18	to which taxes imposed by or pursuant to this chapter or
19	chapter 203 should be remitted, the department shall provide
20	the home service provider with the proper taxing jurisdiction,
21	and the home service provider shall begin using such taxing
22	jurisdiction within 120 days.
23	(5) All notices to customers and home service
24	providers pursuant to this section, and all procedures for
25	allowing customers and home service providers to demonstrate
26	the correctness of addresses and taxing jurisdictions, shall
27	be accomplished in accordance with rules promulgated by the
28	department.
29	(6)(a) If a mobile communications service is not
30	subject to the taxes administered pursuant to this chapter,
31	and if the sales price of such service is aggregated with and
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not separately stated from the sales price of services subject 1 to tax, then the nontaxable mobile communications service 2 3 shall be treated as being subject to tax unless the home service provider can reasonably identify the sales price of 4 5 the service not subject to tax from its books and records kept б in the regular course of business. 7 If a mobile communications service is not subject (b) 8 to the taxes administered pursuant to this chapter, a customer 9 may not rely upon the nontaxability of such service unless the 10 customer's home service provider separately states the sales 11 price of such nontaxable services or the home service provider elects, after receiving a written request from the customer in 12 the form required by the provider, to provide verifiable data 13 based upon the home service provider's books and records that 14 are kept in the regular course of business that reasonably 15 identifies the sales price of such nontaxable service. 16 17 Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 202.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 19 202.16 Payment.--The taxes imposed or administered 20 under this chapter and chapter 203 shall be collected from all 21 dealers of taxable communications services on the sale at retail in this state of communications services taxable under 22 this chapter and chapter 203. The full amount of the taxes on 23 24 a credit sale, installment sale, or sale made on any kind of 25 deferred payment plan is due at the moment of the transaction in the same manner as a cash sale. 26 27 (1)(a) Except as otherwise provided in ss. 28 202.12(1)(b) and 202.15, the taxes collected under this 29 chapter and chapter 203, including any penalties or interest attributable to the nonpayment of such taxes or for 30 31 noncompliance with this chapter or chapter 203, shall be paid 17

1 by the purchaser of the communications service and shall be 2 collected from such person by the dealer of communications 3 services. Section 6. Subsections (2), (4), and (6) of section 4 5 202.17, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: б 202.17 Registration.--7 (2) A person may not engage in the business of 8 providing communications services without first obtaining a certificate of registration. The failure or refusal to submit 9 10 an application by any person required to register, as required 11 by this section, is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Any person 12 13 who fails or refuses to register shall pay an initial registration fee of \$100 in lieu of the \$5 registration fee 14 prescribed under subsection (4). However, this fee increase 15 may be waived by the department if the failure is due to 16 17 reasonable cause. (4) Each application required by paragraph (3)(a) must 18 19 be accompanied by a registration fee of \$5, to be deposited in 20 the General Revenue Fund, and must set forth: 21 (a) The name under which the person will transact business within this state. 22 23 (b) The street address of his or her principal office 24 or place of business within this state and of the location where records are available for inspection. 25 (c) The name and complete residence address of the 26 27 owner or the names and residence addresses of the partners, if the applicant is a partnership, or of the principal officers, 28 29 if the applicant is a corporation or association. If the applicant is a corporation organized under the laws of another 30 31 state, territory, or country, he or she must also file with 18

1 the application a certified copy of the certificate or license 2 issued by the Department of State showing that the corporation 3 is authorized to transact business in this state. 4 (d) Any other data required by the department. 5 (6) In addition to the certificate of registration, б the department shall provide to each newly registered dealer 7 an initial annual resale certificate that is valid for the 8 remainder of the period of issuance remaining portion of the 9 year. The department shall provide to each active dealer, 10 except persons registered pursuant to s. 202.15, an annual 11 resale certificate. As used in this section, "active dealer" means a person who is registered with the department and who 12 13 is required to file a return at least once during each 14 applicable reporting period. 15 Section 7. Subsection (2) and paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (3) of section 202.18, Florida Statutes, are 16 17 amended to read: 202.18 Allocation and disposition of tax 18 19 proceeds.--The proceeds of the communications services taxes 20 remitted under this chapter shall be treated as follows: (2) The proceeds of the taxes remitted under s. 21 202.12(1)(c) shall be divided as follows: 22 (a) The portion of such proceeds which constitutes 23 24 gross receipts taxes, imposed at the rate prescribed in chapter 203, shall be deposited as provided by law and in 25 accordance with s. 9, Art. XII of the State Constitution. 26 27 The portion of such proceeds which is derived from (b) 28 the rate component specified in s. 202.12(1)(c)1. shall be 29 allocated to the state and distributed pursuant to s. 30 212.20(6), except that the proceeds allocated pursuant to s. 31 212.20(6)(e)3. shall be prorated to the participating counties

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1 in the same proportion as that month's collection of the taxes and fees imposed pursuant to chapter 212 and paragraph (1)(b). 2 3 (c)1. During each calendar year, the remaining portion of such proceeds shall be transferred to the Local Government 4 5 Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund and shall be allocated б in the same proportion as the allocation of total receipts of the half-cent sales tax under s. 218.61 and the emergency 7 8 distribution under s. 218.65 in the prior state fiscal year. However, during calendar year 2001, state fiscal year 9 10 2000-2001 proportions shall be used. 11 The proportion of the proceeds allocated based on 2. the emergency distribution under s. 218.65 shall be 12 distributed pursuant to s. 218.65. 13 3. In each calendar year, the proportion of the 14 proceeds allocated based on the half-cent sales tax under s. 15 218.61 shall be allocated to each county in the same 16 17 proportion as the county's percentage of total sales tax allocation for the prior state fiscal year and distributed 18 19 pursuant to s. 218.62, except that for calendar year 2001, 20 state fiscal year 2000-2001 proportions shall be used. The remaining portion of such proceeds shall be allocated to the 21 22 municipalities and counties in proportion to the allocation of receipts from the half-cent sales tax under s. 218.61 and the 23 24 emergency distribution of such tax under s. 218.65. 4. The department shall distribute the appropriate 25 amount to each municipality and county each month at the same 26 27 time that local communications services taxes are distributed 28 pursuant to subsection (3). 29 (3)(a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the 30 proceeds of each local communications services tax levied by a 31 municipality or county pursuant to s. 202.19(1) or s. 20

1 202.20(1), less the department's costs of administration, 2 shall be transferred to the Local Communications Services Tax 3 Clearing Trust Fund and held there to be distributed to such 4 municipality or county. However, the proceeds of any 5 communications services tax imposed pursuant to s. 202.19(5) 6 shall be deposited and disbursed in accordance with ss. 7 212.054 and 212.055. For purposes of this section, the 8 proceeds of any tax levied by a municipality, county, or school board under s. 202.19(1) or s. 202.20(1)are all funds 9 10 collected and received by the department pursuant to a 11 specific levy authorized by such sections section, including any interest and penalties attributable to the tax levy. 12 13 (c)1. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, proceeds of the taxes levied pursuant to s. 202.19, less 14 amounts deducted for costs of administration in accordance 15 with paragraph (b), shall be distributed monthly to the 16 17 appropriate jurisdictions. The proceeds of taxes imposed pursuant to s. 202.19(5) shall be distributed in the same 18 19 manner as discretionary surtaxes are distributed, in accordance with ss. 212.054 and 212.055. 20 21 2. The department shall make any adjustments to the distributions pursuant to this paragraph which are necessary 22 to reflect the proper amounts due to individual jurisdictions. 23 In the event that the department adjusts amounts due to 24 25 reflect a correction in the situsing of a customer, such adjustment shall be limited to the amount of tax actually 26 27 collected from such customer by the dealer of communication 28 services. 29 Section 8. Subsection (2), paragraph (b) of subsection 30 (3), and subsections (4), (5), (9), and (11) of section 31 202.19, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 21

1 202.19 Authorization to impose local communications 2 services tax. --3 (2) The rate of such tax shall be as follows: 4 (a) For municipalities and charter counties, the rate 5 shall be up to the maximum rate determined for municipalities б and charter counties in accordance with s. 202.20(2). 7 (b) For all other counties, the rate shall be up to 8 the maximum rate determined for other counties in accordance with s. 202.20(2). 9 10 11 The rate imposed by any municipality or county shall be expressed in increments of one-hundredth one-tenth of a 12 13 percent and rounded up to the nearest one-hundredth one-tenth percent. 14 15 (3)(b) The tax authorized under this section includes any 16 17 fee or other consideration to which the municipality or county is otherwise entitled for granting permission to dealers of 18 19 communications services, including, but not limited to, or providers of cable television services, as authorized in 47 20 U.S.C. s. 542, to use or occupy its roads or rights-of-way for 21 the placement, construction, and maintenance of poles, wires, 22 23 and other fixtures used in the provision of communications 24 services. 25 (4)(a)1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the tax imposed by any municipality shall be on all 26 communications services subject to tax under s. 202.12 which: 27 28 a.1. Originate or terminate in this state; and 29 b.2. Are charged to a service address in the municipality. 30 31

1	2. With respect to private communications services,
2	the tax shall be on the sales price of such services provided
3	within the municipality. In determining the sales price of
4	private communications services subject to tax, the
5	communications service provider shall be entitled to use any
6	method that reasonably allocates the total charges among the
7	state and local taxing jurisdictions in which channel
8	termination points are located. An allocation method is deemed
9	to be reasonable for purposes of this subparagraph if the
10	communications service provider regularly used such method for
11	Florida tax purposes prior to December 31, 2000. If a
12	communications service provider uses a reasonable allocation
13	method, such provider shall be held harmless from any
14	liability for additional tax, interest, or penalty based on a
15	different allocation method.
16	(b) 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section,
17	the tax imposed by any county under subsection (1) shall be on
18	all communications services subject to tax under s. 202.12
19	which:
20	<u>a.</u> 1. Originate or terminate in this state; and
21	b.2. Are charged to a service address in the
22	unincorporated area of the county.
23	2. With respect to private communications services,
24	the tax shall be on the sales price of such services provided
25	within the unincorporated area of the county. In determining
26	the amount of charges for private communications services
27	subject to tax, the communications service provider shall be
28	entitled to use any method that reasonably allocates the total
29	charges among the state and local taxing jurisdictions in
30	which channel termination points are located. An allocation
31	method is deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this
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subparagraph if the communications service provider regularly 1 used such method for Florida tax purposes prior to December 2 3 31, 2000. If a communications service provider uses a reasonable allocation method, such provider shall be held 4 5 harmless from any liability for additional tax, interest, or б penalty based on a different allocation method. 7 (5) In addition to the communications services taxes 8 authorized by subsection (1), a discretionary sales surtax 9 that a county or school board has levied under s. 212.055 is 10 imposed as a local communications services tax under this section, and the rate shall be determined in accordance with 11 s. 202.20(5). 12 13 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, 14 each such tax rate shall be applied, in addition to the other tax rates applied under this chapter, to communications 15 services subject to tax under s. 202.12 which: 16 17 1.(a) Originate or terminate in this state; and 2.(b) Are charged to a service address in the county. 18 19 (b) With respect to private communications services, the tax shall be on the sales price of such services provided 20 21 within the county. In determining the sales price of private communications services subject to tax, the communications 22 service provider shall be entitled to use any method that 23 24 reasonably allocates the total charges among the state and 25 local taxing jurisdictions in which channel termination points are located. An allocation method is deemed to be reasonable 26 for purposes of this paragraph if the communications service 27 28 provider regularly used such method for Florida tax purposes 29 prior to December 31, 2000. If a communications service 30 provider uses a reasonable allocation method, such provider 31

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1 shall be held harmless from any liability for additional tax, interest, or penalty based on a different allocation method. 2 3 (9) A municipality or county that imposes a tax under 4 subsection (1) may use The revenues raised by any such tax 5 imposed under subsection (1) or s. 202.20(1) may be used by a б municipality or county for any public purpose, including, but 7 not limited to, pledging such revenues for the repayment of 8 current or future bonded indebtedness. Revenues raised by a 9 tax imposed under subsection (5) shall be used for the same 10 purposes as the underlying discretionary sales surtax imposed 11 by the county or school board under s. 212.055. (11) To the extent that a provider of communications 12 services is required to pay to a local taxing jurisdiction a 13 tax, charge, or other fee under any franchise agreement or 14 ordinance with respect to the services or revenues that are 15 also subject to the tax imposed by this section, such provider 16 17 is entitled to a credit against the amount payable to the state pursuant to this section in the amount of such tax, 18 19 charge, or fee with respect to such services or revenues. The 20 amount of such credit shall be deducted from the amount that 21 such local taxing jurisdiction is entitled to receive under s. 22 202.18(3).Section 9. Effective January 1, 2004, subsections (4) 23 24 and (5) of section 202.19, Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, are amended to read: 25 202.19 Authorization to impose local communications 26 27 services tax.--28 (4)(a)1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, 29 the tax imposed by any municipality shall be on all communications services subject to tax under s. 202.12 which: 30 a. Originate or terminate in this state; and 31 25

1 b. Are charged to a service address in the 2 municipality. 3 With respect to private communications services, 2. the tax shall be on the sales price of such services provided 4 5 within the municipality, which shall be determined in б accordance with the following provisions:-7 a. Any charge with respect to a channel termination 8 point located within such municipality; 9 b. Any charge for the use of a channel between two 10 channel termination points located in such municipality; and 11 c. Where channel termination points are located both within and outside of the municipality: 12 (I) If any segment between two such channel 13 14 termination points is separately billed, 50 percent of such 15 charge; and (II) If any segment of the circuit is not separately 16 17 billed, an amount equal to the total charge for such circuit multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number 18 19 of channel termination points within such municipality and the denominator of which is the total number of channel 20 termination points of the circuit. In determining the sales 21 price of private communications services subject to tax, the 22 communications service provider shall be entitled to use any 23 24 method that reasonably allocates the total charges among the 25 state and local taxing jurisdictions in which channel termination points are located. An allocation method is deemed 26 27 to be reasonable for purposes of this subparagraph if the 28 communications service provider regularly used such method for 29 Florida tax purposes prior to December 31, 2000. If a 30 communications service provider uses a reasonable allocation 31 method, such provider shall be held harmless from any

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liability for additional tax, interest, or penalty based on a 1 2 different allocation method. 3 (b)1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the tax imposed by any county under subsection (1) shall be on 4 5 all communications services subject to tax under s. 202.12 б which: 7 Originate or terminate in this state; and a. 8 Are charged to a service address in the b. unincorporated area of the county. 9 10 2. With respect to private communications services, 11 the tax shall be on the sales price of such services provided within the unincorporated area of the county, which shall be 12 determined in accordance with the following provisions:-13 14 a. Any charge with respect to a channel termination point located within the unincorporated area of such county; 15 b. Any charge for the use of a channel between two 16 channel termination points located in the unincorporated area 17 of such county; and 18 19 c. Where channel termination points are located both 20 within and outside of the unincorporated area of such county: (I) If any segment between two such channel 21 22 termination points is separately billed, 50 percent of such 23 charge; and 24 (II) If any segment of the circuit is not separately 25 billed, an amount equal to the total charge for such circuit multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number 26 27 of channel termination points within the unincorporated area 28 of such county and the denominator of which is the total 29 number of channel termination points of the circuit. In determining the amount of charges for private communications 30 31 services subject to tax, the communications service provider 27

1 shall be entitled to use any method that reasonably allocates 2 the total charges among the state and local taxing 3 jurisdictions in which channel termination points are located. 4 An allocation method is deemed to be reasonable for purposes 5 of this subparagraph if the communications service provider б regularly used such method for Florida tax purposes prior to 7 December 31, 2000. If a communications service provider uses a 8 reasonable allocation method, such provider shall be held 9 harmless from any liability for additional tax, interest, or 10 penalty based on a different allocation method. 11 (5) In addition to the communications services taxes authorized by subsection (1), a discretionary sales surtax 12 13 that a county or school board has levied under s. 212.055 is imposed as a local communications services tax under this 14 section, and the rate shall be determined in accordance with 15 s. 202.20(5). 16 17 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, each such tax rate shall be applied, in addition to the other 18 19 tax rates applied under this chapter, to communications 20 services subject to tax under s. 202.12 which: Originate or terminate in this state; and 21 1. 2. Are charged to a service address in the county. 22 (b) With respect to private communications services, 23 24 the tax shall be on the sales price of such services provided 25 within the county, which shall be determined in accordance with the following provisions:-26 27 1. Any charge with respect to a channel termination 28 point located within such county; 29 Any charge for the use of a channel between two 2. 30 channel termination points located in such county; and 31

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1 3. Where channel termination points are located both 2 within and outside of such county: 3 If any segment between two such channel termination a. points is separately billed, 50 percent of such charge; and 4 5 If any segment of the circuit is not separately b. 6 billed, an amount equal to the total charge for such circuit 7 multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number 8 of channel termination points within such county and the denominator of which is the total number of channel 9 10 termination points of the circuit. In determining the sales 11 price of private communications services subject to tax, the communications service provider shall be entitled to use any 12 method that reasonably allocates the total charges among the 13 state and local taxing jurisdictions in which channel 14 termination points are located. An allocation method is deemed 15 to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph if the 16 17 communications service provider regularly used such method for Florida tax purposes prior to December 31, 2000. If a 18 19 communications service provider uses a reasonable allocation 20 method, such provider shall be held harmless from any 21 liability for additional tax, interest, or penalty based on a different allocation method. 22 Section 10. Effective with respect to bills issued by 23 24 communications services providers after August 1, 2002, subsection (12) is added to section 202.19, Florida Statutes, 25 26 to read: 27 202.19 Authorization to impose local communications 28 services tax.--29 (12) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 30 section, with respect to mobile communications services, the 31 rate of a local communications services tax levied under this 29

1 section shall be applied to the sales price of all mobile communications services deemed to be provided to a customer by 2 3 a home service provider pursuant to s. 117(a) of the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, Pub. L. No. 106-252, if such 4 5 customer's service address is located within the municipality б levying the tax or within the unincorporated area of the 7 county levying the tax, as the case may be. 8 Section 11. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (1) 9 of section 202.20, Florida Statutes, are amended, and, 10 effective upon this act becoming a law, subsection (8) is 11 added to that section, to read: 202.20 Local communications services tax rates.--12 13 (1)The rates computed by the Revenue Estimating 14 (b) 15 Conference shall be presented to the Legislature for review and approval during the 2001 Regular Session. The rates 16 17 approved by the Legislature under this subsection shall be effective in the respective local taxing jurisdictions on 18 19 October 1, 2001, without any action being taken by the 20 governing authority or voters of such local taxing jurisdictions. Each The rate computed and approved pursuant to 21 this subsection shall be reduced on October 1, 2002, by that 22 portion of the rate which was necessary to recoup the 1 month 23 24 of foregone revenues addressed in subparagraph (a)2. 25 (c)1. With respect to any local taxing jurisdiction, if, for the periods ending December 31, 2001; March 31, 2002; 26 27 June 30, 2002; or September 30, 2002, the revenues received by 28 that local government from the local communications services 29 tax imposed under s. 202.19(1) are less than the revenues received from the replaced revenue sources for the 30 31 corresponding 2000-2001 period; plus reasonably anticipated 30

1 growth in such revenues over the preceding 1-year period, 2 based on the average growth of such revenues over the 3 immediately preceding 5-year period; plus an amount representing the revenues from the replaced revenue sources 4 5 for the 1-month period that the local taxing jurisdiction was б required to forego, the governing authority may adjust the 7 rate of the local communications services tax upward to the 8 extent necessary to generate the entire shortfall in revenues 9 within 1 year after the rate adjustment and by an amount 10 necessary to generate the expected amount of revenue on an 11 ongoing basis. 2. If complete data are not available at the time of 12 determining whether the revenues received by a local 13 government from the local communications services tax imposed 14 under s. 202.19(1) are less than the revenues received from 15 the replaced revenue sources for the corresponding 2000-2001 16 period, as set forth in subparagraph 1., the local government 17 18 shall use the best data available for the corresponding 19 2000-2001 period in making such determination. 20 3. The adjustment permitted under subparagraph 1.may 21 be made by emergency ordinance and may be made notwithstanding the maximum rate established under subsection (2) and 22 notwithstanding any schedules or timeframes or any other 23 24 limitations contained in this chapter. The emergency ordinance shall specify an effective date for the adjusted rate, which 25 shall be no less than 60 90 days after the date of adoption of 26 27 the ordinance and shall be effective with respect to taxable 28 services included on bills that are dated on the first day of 29 a month subsequent to the expiration of the 60-day period. At 30 the end of 1 that year following the effective date of such 31 adjusted rate, the local governing authority shall, as soon as

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1 is consistent with s. 202.21, reduce the rate by that portion 2 of the emergency rate which was necessary to recoup the amount 3 of revenues not received prior to the implementation of the 4 emergency rate. (8) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to 5 б the contrary, any municipality or county that has a local 7 communications services tax rate established under paragraphs 8 (1)(a) and (b) which is less than the maximum rate established 9 under paragraphs(2)(a) and (b) may by resolution increase the 10 local communications services tax rate established under 11 paragraphs (1)(a) and (b) up to the maximum rate established under paragraphs (2)(a) and (b), with such increased rate to 12 be effective October 1, 2001. The municipality or county shall 13 14 notify the department of such increased rate by certified mail 15 postmarked on or before July 15, 2001. Section 12. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1), paragraph 16 17 (b) of subsection (2), and paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (3) of section 202.22, Florida Statutes, are 18 19 amended, paragraph (g) is added to subsection (3) of that 20 section, and paragraph (b) of subsection (4) and paragraph (b) 21 of subsection (6) of that section are amended, to read: 202.22 Determination of local tax situs.--22 (1) A dealer of communications services who is 23 24 obligated to collect and remit a local communications services tax imposed under s. 202.19 shall be held harmless from any 25 liability, including tax, interest, and penalties, which would 26 otherwise be due solely as a result of an assignment of a 27 28 service address to an incorrect local taxing jurisdiction, if 29 the dealer of communications services exercises due diligence in applying one or more of the following methods for 30 31

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1 determining the local taxing jurisdiction in which a service 2 address is located: 3 (c)1. Employing enhanced zip codes to assign each 4 street address, address range, post office box, or post office 5 box range in the dealer's service area to a specific local б taxing jurisdiction. 7 2. If an enhanced zip code overlaps boundaries of 8 municipalities or counties, or if an enhanced zip code cannot 9 be assigned to the service address because the service address 10 is in a rural area or a location without postal delivery, the 11 dealer of communications services or its database vendor shall assign the affected service addresses to one specific local 12 13 taxing jurisdiction within such zip code based on a reasonable 14 methodology. A methodology satisfies this subparagraph 15 paragraph if the information used to assign service addresses is obtained by the dealer or its database vendor from: 16 17 a.1. A database provided by the department; b.2. A database certified by the department under 18 19 subsection (3); 20 c.3. Responsible representatives of the relevant local taxing jurisdictions; or 21 22 d.4. The United States Census Bureau or the United States Postal Service. 23 24 (2)25 (b)1. Each local taxing jurisdiction shall furnish to the department all information needed to create and update the 26 electronic database, including changes in service addresses, 27 28 annexations, incorporations, reorganizations, and any other 29 changes in jurisdictional boundaries. The information furnished to the department must specify an effective date, 30 31 which must be the next ensuing January 1 or July 1, and such 33

1 information must be furnished to the department at least 120 2 days prior to the effective date. However, the requirement 3 that counties submit information pursuant to this paragraph 4 shall be subject to appropriation.

5 The department shall update the electronic database 2. б in accordance with the information furnished by local taxing 7 jurisdictions under subparagraph 1. Each update must specify 8 the effective date as the next ensuing January 1 or July 1 and 9 must be posted by the department on a website not less than 90 10 days prior to the effective date. The department shall also 11 furnish the update on magnetic or electronic media to any dealer of communications services or vendor who requests the 12 update on such media. However, the department may collect a 13 fee from the dealer of communications services which does not 14 15 exceed the actual cost of furnishing the update on magnetic or electronic media. 16

Each update must identify the additions, deletions,
 and other changes to the preceding version of the database.
 Each dealer of communications services shall <u>be required to</u>
 collect and remit local communications services taxes imposed
 under this chapter only for those service addresses that are
 contained in the database and for which all of the elements
 required by this subsection are included in the database.

(3) For purposes of this section, a database must be
certified by the department pursuant to rules that implement
the following criteria and procedures:

(b) Upon receipt of an application for certification or recertification of a database, <u>the provisions of s. 120.60</u> <u>shall apply, except that</u> the department shall examine the application and, within 90 days after receipt, notify the applicant of any apparent errors or omissions and request any

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1	additional information, conduct any inspection, or perform any
2	testing determined necessary. The applicant shall designate an
3	individual responsible for providing access to all records,
4	facilities, and processes the department determines are
5	reasonably necessary to review <u>, inspect, or test to</u> and make a
6	determination regarding the application. Such access must be
7	provided within 10 working days after notification.
8	(c) The application must be in the form prescribed by
9	rule and must include the applicant's name, federal employer
10	identification number, mailing address, business address, and
11	any other information required by the department. The
12	application may request that the applicant identify must
13	identify, among other elements required by the department, the
14	applicant's proposal for testing the database.
15	(g) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the
16	contrary, if a dealer submits an application for certification
17	on or before October 1, 2001, and such application is neither
18	approved nor denied within the time period set forth in
19	paragraph (d):
20	1. For purposes of computing the amount of the
21	deduction to which such dealer is entitled under s. 202.28,
22	the dealer shall be deemed to have used a certified database
23	pursuant to paragraph (1)(b), until such time as the
24	application for certification is denied.
25	2. In the event that such application is approved,
26	such approval shall be deemed to have been effective on the
27	date of the application or October 1, 2001, whichever is
28	later.
29	(4)
30	(b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a dealer
31	of communications services is exercising due diligence in 35

1 applying one or more of the methods set forth in subsection 2 (1) if the dealer: 3 1. Expends reasonable resources to accurately and 4 reliably implement such method. However, the employment of 5 enhanced zip codes pursuant to paragraph (1)(c) satisfies the б requirements of this subparagraph; and 7 Maintains adequate internal controls in assigning 2. 8 street addresses, address ranges, post offices boxes, and post 9 office box ranges to taxing jurisdictions. Internal controls 10 are adequate if the dealer of communications services: 11 Maintains and follows procedures to obtain and а. implement periodic and consistent updates to the database at 12 13 least once every 6 months; and Corrects errors in the assignments of service 14 b. addresses to local taxing jurisdictions within 120 days after 15 the dealer discovers such errors. 16 17 (6) (b) Notwithstanding s. 202.28, if a dealer of 18 19 communications services employs a method of assigning service 20 addresses other than as set forth in paragraph (1)(a), paragraph (1)(b), or paragraph (1)(c), the deduction allowed 21 to the dealer of communications services as compensation under 22 s. 202.28 shall be 0.25 percent of that portion of the tax due 23 24 and accounted for and remitted to the department which is 25 attributable to such method of assigning service addresses other than as set forth in paragraph (1)(a), paragraph (1)(b), 26 27 or paragraph (1)(c). Section 13. Subsection (8) is added to section 202.23, 28 29 Florida Statutes, to read: 30 202.23 Procedure on purchaser's request for refund or 31 credit of communications services taxes.--36

1	(8)(a) Subject to the provisions of s. 213.756, if it
2	appears, upon examination of a communications services tax
3	return made under this chapter, or upon proof submitted to the
4	department by the dealer, that an amount of communications
5	services tax has been paid in excess of the amount due, the
6	department may refund the amount of the overpayment to the
7	dealer. The department may refund the overpayment without
8	regard to whether the dealer has filed a written claim for
9	refund; however, the department may require the dealer to file
10	a statement affirming that the dealer made the overpayment.
11	Prior to issuing a refund pursuant to this subsection, the
12	department shall notify the dealer of its intent to issue such
13	refund, the amount of such refund, and the reason for such
14	refund.
15	(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a), a
16	refund of communications services tax shall not be made, and
17	no action for a refund may be brought by a dealer or other
18	person, after the applicable period set forth in s. $215.26(2)$
19	has elapsed.
20	(c) If, after the issuance of a refund by the
21	department pursuant to this subsection, the department
22	determines that the amount of such refund exceeds the amount
23	legally due to the dealer, the provisions of s. 202.35
24	concerning penalties and interest shall not apply if, within
25	60 days of receiving notice of such determination, the dealer
26	reimburses the department the amount of such excess.
27	Section 14. Subsection (2) of section 202.24, Florida
28	Statutes, is amended to read:
29	202.24 Limitations on local taxes and fees imposed on
30	dealers of communications services
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1 (2)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (c), each 2 public body is prohibited from: 3 1. Levying on or collecting from dealers or purchasers of communications services any tax, charge, fee, or other 4 5 imposition on or with respect to the provision or purchase of б communications services. 7 Requiring any dealer of communications services to 2. 8 enter into or extend the term of a franchise or other 9 agreement that requires the payment of a tax, charge, fee, or 10 other imposition. 11 3. Adopting or enforcing any provision of any ordinance or agreement to the extent that such provision 12 13 obligates a dealer of communications services to charge, collect, or pay to the public body a tax, charge, fee, or 14 other imposition. 15 16 17 Each municipality and county retains authority to negotiate all terms and conditions of a cable service franchise allowed 18 19 by federal and state law except those terms and conditions 20 related to franchise fees and the definition of gross revenues or other definitions or methodologies related to the payment 21 or assessment of franchise fees on providers of cable 22 services. 23 24 (b) For purposes of this subsection, a tax, charge, 25 fee, or other imposition includes any amount or in-kind payment of property or services which is required by ordinance 26 or agreement to be paid or furnished to a public body by or 27 28 through a dealer of communications services in its capacity as 29 a dealer of communications services, regardless of whether 30 such amount or in-kind payment of property or services is: 31

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1 1. Designated as a sales tax, excise tax, subscriber 2 charge, franchise fee, user fee, privilege fee, occupancy fee, 3 rental fee, license fee, pole fee, tower fee, base-station 4 fee, or other tax or fee; 5 Measured by the amounts charged or received for 2. б services, regardless of whether such amount is permitted or 7 required to be separately stated on the customer's bill, by 8 the type or amount of equipment or facilities deployed, or by other means; or 9 10 3. Intended as compensation for the use of public 11 roads or rights-of-way, for the right to conduct business, or 12 for other purposes. 13 (c) This subsection does not apply to: 14 1. Local communications services taxes levied under 15 this chapter. 2. Ad valorem taxes levied pursuant to chapter 200. 16 17 Occupational license taxes levied under chapter 3. 18 205. 19 4. "911" service charges levied under chapter 365. 20 Amounts charged for the rental or other use of 5. 21 property owned by a public body which is not in the public 22 rights-of-way to a dealer of communications services for any purpose, including, but not limited to, the placement or 23 24 attachment of equipment used in the provision of 25 communications services. 6. Permit fees of general applicability which are not 26 related to placing or maintaining facilities in or on public 27 28 roads or rights-of-way. 29 7. Permit fees related to placing or maintaining 30 facilities in or on public roads or rights-of-way pursuant to 31 s. 337.401.

1 8. Any in-kind requirements, institutional networks, 2 or contributions for, or in support of, the use or 3 construction of public, educational, or governmental access facilities allowed under federal law and imposed on providers 4 5 of cable service pursuant to any ordinance or agreement. б Nothing in this subparagraph shall prohibit the ability of 7 providers of cable service to recover such expenses as allowed 8 under federal law. This subparagraph shall be reviewed by the 9 Legislature during the 2001 legislative session in conjunction 10 with the study required by this act. 11 9. Special assessments and impact fees. 10. Pole attachment fees that are charged by a local 12 13 government for attachments to utility poles owned by the local 14 government. 15 11. Utility service fees or other similar user fees 16 for utility services. 17 12. Any other generally applicable tax, fee, charge, or imposition authorized by general law on July 1, 2000, which 18 19 is not specifically prohibited by this subsection or included 20 as a replaced revenue source in s. 202.20. Section 15. Subsection (3) of section 202.27, Florida 21 Statutes, is amended to read: 22 202.27 Return filing; rules for self-accrual.--23 24 (3) The department shall accept returns, except those 25 required to be initiated through an electronic data interchange, as timely if postmarked on or before the 20th day 26 of the month; if the 20th day falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or 27 28 federal or state legal holiday, returns are timely if 29 postmarked on the next succeeding workday. Any dealer who makes sales of any nature in two or more locations for which 30 31 returns are required to be filed with the department and who 40

1 maintains records for such locations in a central office or 2 place may, on each reporting date, file one return for all 3 such places of business in lieu of separate returns for each 4 location; however, the return must clearly indicate the 5 amounts collected within each location. Each dealer shall file б a return for each tax period even though no tax is due for 7 such period. 8 Section 16. Subsection (1) of section 202.28, Florida 9 Statutes, is amended to read: 10 202.28 Credit for collecting tax; penalties.--11 (1) Except as otherwise provided in s. 202.22, for the purpose of compensating persons providing communications 12 13 services for the keeping of prescribed records, the filing of 14 timely tax returns, and the proper accounting and remitting of 15 taxes, persons collecting taxes imposed under this chapter and under s. 203.01(1)(a)2.shall be allowed to deduct 0.75 16 17 percent of the amount of the tax due and accounted for and remitted to the department. 18 19 (a) The collection allowance may not be granted, nor may any deduction be permitted, if the required tax return or 20 tax is delinquent at the time of payment. 21 The department may deny the collection allowance 22 (b) if a taxpayer files an incomplete return. 23 24 1. For the purposes of this chapter, a return is 25 incomplete if it is lacking such uniformity, completeness, and arrangement that the physical handling, verification, review 26 of the return, or determination of other taxes and fees 27 28 reported on the return can not be readily accomplished. 29 The department shall adopt rules requiring the 2. 30 information that it considers necessary to ensure that the 31 taxes levied or administered under this chapter are properly 41

1 collected, reviewed, compiled, reported, and enforced, including, but not limited to, rules requiring the reporting 2 3 of the amount of gross sales; the amount of taxable sales; the amount of tax collected or due; the amount of lawful refunds, 4 5 deductions, or credits claimed; the amount claimed as the б dealer's collection allowance; the amount of penalty and 7 interest; and the amount due with the return. 8 (c) The collection allowance and other credits or 9 deductions provided in this chapter shall be applied to the 10 taxes reported for the jurisdiction previously credited with 11 the tax paid. Section 17. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 12 paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 337.401, Florida 13 Statutes, as amended by section 50 of chapter 2000-260, Laws 14 15 of Florida, is amended to read: 337.401 Use of right-of-way for utilities subject to 16 17 regulation; permit; fees.--(3) 18 19 (c)1. It is the intention of the state to treat all 20 providers of communications services that use or occupy 21 municipal or charter county roads or rights-of-way for the provision of communications services in a nondiscriminatory 22 and competitively neutral manner with respect to the payment 23 24 of permit fees. Certain providers of communications services 25 have been granted by general law the authority to offset permit fees against franchise or other fees while other 26 27 providers of communications services have not been granted 28 this authority. In order to treat all providers of 29 communications services in a nondiscriminatory and 30 competitively neutral manner with respect to the payment of 31 permit fees, each municipality and charter county shall make

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1 an election under either sub-subparagraph a. or 2 sub-subparagraph b. and must inform the Department of Revenue 3 of the election by certified mail by July 1, 2001. Such election shall take effect October 1, 2001. 4 5 a.(I) The municipality or charter county may require 6 and collect permit fees from any providers of communications 7 services that use or occupy municipal or county roads or 8 rights-of-way. All fees permitted under this sub-subparagraph 9 must be reasonable and commensurate with the direct and actual 10 cost of the regulatory activity, including issuing and 11 processing permits, plan reviews, physical inspection, and direct administrative costs; must be demonstrable; and must be 12 equitable among users of the roads or rights-of-way. A fee 13 permitted under this sub-subparagraph may not: be offset 14 against the tax imposed under chapter 202; include the costs 15 of roads or rights-of-way acquisition or roads or 16 17 rights-of-way rental; include any general administrative, 18 management, or maintenance costs of the roads or 19 rights-of-way; or be based on a percentage of the value or 20 costs associated with the work to be performed on the roads or rights-of-way. In an action to recover amounts due for a fee 21 not permitted under this sub-subparagraph, the prevailing 22 party may recover court costs and attorney's fees at trial and 23 24 on appeal. In addition to the limitations set forth in this section, a fee levied by a municipality or charter county 25 under this sub-subparagraph may not exceed \$100. However, 26 permit fees may not be imposed with respect to permits that 27 28 may be required for service drop lines not required to be 29 noticed under s. 556.108(5)(b) or for any activity that does not require the physical disturbance of the roads or 30 31

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1 rights-of-way or does not impair access to or full use of the 2 roads or rights-of-way.

(II) To ensure competitive neutrality among providers of communications services, for any municipality or charter county that elects to exercise its authority to require and collect permit fees under this sub-subparagraph, the rate of the local communications services tax imposed by such jurisdiction, as computed under s. 202.20(1) and (2), shall automatically be reduced by a rate of 0.12 percent.

10 b. Alternatively, the municipality or charter county 11 may elect not to require and collect permit fees from any provider of communications services that uses or occupies 12 13 municipal or charter county roads or rights-of-way for the provision of communications services; however, each 14 municipality or charter county that elects to operate under 15 this sub-subparagraph retains all authority to establish rules 16 17 and regulations for providers of communications services to use or occupy roads or rights-of-way as provided in this 18 19 section. If a municipality or charter county elects to operate 20 under this sub-subparagraph, the total rate for the local 21 communications services tax as computed under s. 202.20(1) and (2) for that municipality or charter county may be increased 22 by ordinance or resolution by an amount not to exceed a rate 23 24 of 0.12 percent. If a municipality or charter county elects to 25 increase its rate effective October 1, 2001, the municipality or charter county shall inform the department of such 26 increased rate by certified mail postmarked on or before July 27 28 15, 2001. 29 A municipality or charter county that does not make с. an election as provided for in this subparagraph shall be 30 31

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presumed to have elected to operate under the provisions of
 sub-subparagraph b.

2. Each noncharter county shall make an election under
either sub-subparagraph a. or sub-subparagraph b. and shall
inform the Department of Revenue of the election by certified
mail by July 1, 2001. Such election shall take effect October
1, 2001.

8 The noncharter county may elect to require and a. 9 collect permit fees from any providers of communications 10 services that use or occupy noncharter county roads or 11 rights-of-way. All fees permitted under this sub-subparagraph must be reasonable and commensurate with the direct and actual 12 cost of the regulatory activity, including issuing and 13 processing permits, plan reviews, physical inspection, and 14 direct administrative costs; must be demonstrable; and must be 15 equitable among users of the roads or rights-of-way. A fee 16 17 permitted under this sub-subparagraph may not: be offset 18 against the tax imposed under chapter 202; include the costs 19 of roads or rights-of-way acquisition or roads or 20 rights-of-way rental; include any general administrative, 21 management, or maintenance costs of the roads or rights-of-way; or be based on a percentage of the value or 22 costs associated with the work to be performed on the roads or 23 24 rights-of-way. In an action to recover amounts due for a fee 25 not permitted under this sub-subparagraph, the prevailing party may recover court costs and attorney's fees at trial and 26 27 on appeal. In addition to the limitations set forth in this 28 section, a fee levied by a noncharter county under this 29 sub-subparagraph may not exceed \$100. However, permit fees may not be imposed with respect to permits that may be required 30 31 for service drop lines not required to be noticed under s.

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1 556.108(5)(b) or for any activity that does not require the 2 physical disturbance of the roads or rights-of-way or does not 3 impair access to or full use of the roads or rights-of-way. 4 b. Alternatively, the noncharter county may elect not 5 to require and collect permit fees from any provider of б communications services that uses or occupies noncharter 7 county roads or rights-of-way for the provision of 8 communications services; however, each noncharter county that 9 elects to operate under this sub-subparagraph shall retain all 10 authority to establish rules and regulations for providers of 11 communications services to use or occupy roads or rights-of-way as provided in this section. If a noncharter 12 13 county elects to operate under this sub-subparagraph, the total rate for the local communications services tax as 14 computed under s. 202.20(1) and (2) for that noncharter county 15 may be increased by ordinance or resolution by an amount not 16 17 to exceed a rate of 0.24 percent, to replace the revenue the noncharter county would otherwise have received from permit 18 19 fees for providers of communications services. If a noncharter 20 county elects to increase its rate effective October 1, 2001, the noncharter county shall inform the department of such 21 22 increased rate by certified mail postmarked on or before July 23 15, 2001. 24 с. A noncharter county that does not make an election 25 as provided for in this subparagraph shall be presumed to have elected to operate under the provisions of sub-subparagraph b. 26 27 3. Except as provided in this paragraph, 28 municipalities and counties retain all existing authority to 29 require and collect permit fees from users or occupants of 30 municipal or county roads or rights-of-way and to set 31 appropriate permit fee amounts.

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1 Section 18. Effective October 1, 2001, paragraph (1) is added to subsection (3) of section 337.401, Florida 2 3 Statutes, as amended by section 51 of chapter 2000-260, Laws 4 of Florida, to read: 5 337.401 Use of right-of-way for utilities subject to б regulation; permit; fees.--7 (3) 8 (1) Pursuant to this paragraph, any county or municipality may by ordinance change either its election made 9 on or before July 1, 2001, under paragraph (c) or an election 10 11 previously made under this paragraph. 1.a. If a municipality or charter county changes its 12 election under this paragraph in order to exercise its 13 authority to require and collect permit fees in accordance 14 with this subsection, the rate of the local communications 15 services tax imposed by such jurisdiction as computed under s. 16 17 202.20(1) and (2) shall automatically be reduced by the sum of 0.12 percent plus the percentage, if any, by which such rate 18 19 was increased pursuant to sub-subparagraph (c)1.b. b. If a municipality or charter county changes its 20 21 election under this paragraph in order to discontinue 22 requiring and collecting permit fees, the rate of the local communications services tax imposed by such jurisdiction as 23 24 computed under s. 202.20(1) and (2) may be increased by 25 ordinance by an amount not to exceed 0.24 percent. If a noncharter county changes its election under 26 2. 27 this paragraph in order to exercise its authority to require 28 and collect permit fees in accordance with this subsection, 29 the rate of the local communications services tax imposed by 30 such jurisdiction as computed under s. 202.20(1) and (2) shall 31

1 automatically be reduced by the percentage, if any, by which such rate was increased pursuant to sub-subparagraph (c)2.b. 2 3 3.a. Any change of election pursuant to this paragraph and any tax rate change resulting from such change of election 4 5 shall be subject to the notice requirements of s. 202.21; б however, no such change of election shall become effective 7 prior to January 1, 2003. 8 b. Any county or municipality changing its election under this paragraph in order to exercise its authority to 9 require and collect permit fees shall, in addition to 10 11 complying with the notice requirements under s. 202.21, provide to all dealers providing communications services in 12 such jurisdiction written notice of such change of election by 13 July 1 immediately preceding the January 1 on which such 14 change of election becomes effective. For purposes of this 15 sub-subparagraph, dealers providing communications services in 16 17 such jurisdiction shall include every dealer reporting tax to such jurisdiction pursuant to s. 202.37 on the return required 18 19 under s. 202.27 to be filed on or before the 20th day of May immediately preceding the January 1 on which such change of 20 election becomes effective. 21 Section 19. Notwithstanding any provision of law to 22 the contrary, the provisions of section 166.234, Florida 23 24 Statutes, shall continue to apply with respect to all public service taxes imposed on telecommunications services under 25 section 166.231(9), Florida Statutes, prior to its amendment 26 27 by chapter 2000-260, Laws of Florida. Section 20. Notwithstanding any law or ordinance to 28 29 the contrary, and regardless of the payment schedule contained in any license, franchise, ordinance, or other arrangement, 30 31 all franchise fees required to be paid by cable or

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1	telecommunications service providers with respect to cable or
2	telecommunications services provided prior to October 1, 2001,
3	shall be paid on or before December 31, 2001, unless such
4	franchise fees are required to be paid prior to October 1,
5	2001, under any such license, franchise, ordinance, or other
6	arrangement, in which case such franchise fees shall be paid
7	as provided in such license, franchise, ordinance, or other
8	arrangement.
9	Section 21. Effective upon this act becoming a law,
10	subsections (1) and (2) of section 58 and section 59 of
11	chapter 2000-260, Laws of Florida, are repealed.
12	Section 22. Except as otherwise expressly provided in
13	this act, this act shall take effect October 1, 2001.
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15	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
16	LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY
17	Provides that ch. 202, F.S., the Communications Services
18	Tax Simplification Law, and related statutory changes, shall take effect October 1, 2001. As originally enacted
19	by the 2000 Legislature, these provisions were scheduled to be repealed prior to their effective date. Provides
20	various clarifying and transitional provisions, including provisions relating to disposition of proceeds, local tax
21	rates, determination of local tax situs, and refunds. Provides for application of tax to private communications
22	services and mobile communications services. (See bill for details.)
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