## Florida Senate - 2003

By Senator Bennett

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SB 2284

herein promises to insure or obtain insurance for, indemnify, 1 2 or hold harmless the other party to the agreement, contract, 3 or guarantee for liability for damages to persons or property 4 caused in whole or in part by any act, omission, or default of 5 the indemnitee arising from the contract or its performance, б shall be void and unenforceable as against public policy 7 unless the contract contains a monetary limitation on the extent of the indemnification that bears a reasonable 8 9 commercial relationship to the contract and is part of the 10 project specifications or bid documents, if any. 11 Notwithstanding the foregoing, the monetary limitation on the extent of the indemnification provided to the owner of real 12 property by any party in privity of contract with such owner 13 14 shall not be less than \$1 million per occurrence, unless 15 otherwise agreed by the parties. (a) Indemnification provisions in any such agreements, 16 17 contracts, or guarantees may not require that the indemnitor indemnify the indemnitee for damages to persons or property 18 19 caused in whole or in part by any act, omission, or default of a party other than: 20 1.(a) The indemnitor; or 21 22 2.(b) Any of the indemnitor's contractors, subcontractors, sub-subcontractors, materialmen, or agents of 23 24 any tier or their respective employees, as long as the 25 indemnitor also is found to be at fault. ; or (c) The indemnitee or its officers, directors, agents, 26 27 or employees. However, such indemnification shall not include 28 claims of, or damages resulting from, gross negligence, or 29 willful, wanton or intentional misconduct of the indemnitee or its officers, directors, agents or employees, or for statutory 30 31 violation or punitive damages except and to the extent the 2

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statutory violation or punitive damages are caused by or 1 2 result from the acts or omissions of the indemnitor or any of 3 the indemnitor's contractors, subcontractors, 4 sub-subcontractors, materialmen, or agents of any tier or 5 their respective employees. 6 (b) (2) A construction contract for a public agency or 7 in connection with a public agency's project may require a party to that contract to indemnify and hold harmless the 8 other party to the contract, their officers and employees, 9 10 from liabilities, damages, losses and costs, including, but 11 not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees, to the extent caused by the negligence, recklessness, or intentional 12 13 wrongful misconduct of the indemnifying party and persons employed or utilized by the indemnifying party in the 14 performance of the construction contract. 15 (2) If, as part of any agreement or contract for or in 16 17 connection with, or any guarantee of or in connection with, any construction, alteration, repair, or demolition of a 18 19 building, structure, appurtenance, or appliance, including 20 moving and excavating associated with such activities, between the owner of real property, an architect, engineer, general 21 contractor, subcontractor, sub-subcontractor, or materialman 22 or any combination of such persons, a policy of insurance 23 24 extends certain coverage rights to an additional insured for 25 liability arising out of the acts, errors, or omissions of the named insured, such additional insured coverage shall only 26 27 provide liability protection to the additional insured for the 28 imputed or vicarious liability imposed on the additional 29 insured as a direct consequence of the negligent acts or 30 omissions of the named insured. 31

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1	(3) If a subcontractor, sub-subcontractor, or
2	materialman obtains a policy of insurance extending specified
3	coverage rights to an additional insured for liability arising
4	out of the acts, errors, or omissions of the named insured, as
5	required by the general contractor or subcontractor, and a
6	certificate or policy of insurance is supplied to the general
7	contractor or subcontractor prior to the commencement of work,
8	the general contractor or subcontractor shall not use the lack
9	of proper insurance as a reason to withhold payment to the
10	subcontractor, sub-subcontractor, or materialman for work
11	completed. Commencement of work by the subcontractor,
12	sub-subcontractor, or materialman waives the right of the
13	general contractor or the subcontractor to withhold payment
14	for that reason. This right also shall apply to renewal of the
15	certificate as long as the renewal certificate is identical or
16	contains substantially similar terms as set forth in the
17	initial certificate Except as specifically provided in
18	subsection (2), a construction contract for a public agency or
19	in connection with a public agency's project may not require
20	one party to indemnify, defend, or hold harmless the other
21	party, its employees, officers, directors, or agents from any
22	liability, damage, loss, claim, action, or proceeding, and any
23	such contract provision is void as against public policy of
24	this state.
25	(4) This section does not affect any contracts,
26	agreements, or guarantees entered into before the effective
27	date of this section <del>or any renewals thereof</del> .
28	Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a
29	law.
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