$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$  the Committee on Environmental Preservation; and Senators Dockery and Pruitt

## 592-1831-05

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Oceans and Coastal
3	Resources Conservation and Management Act;
4	creating part IV of ch. 161, F.S., consisting
5	of ss. 161.70, 161.171, 161.72, 161.73, 161.74,
6	161.75, 161.76, 161.77, and 161.78, F.S.;
7	providing definitions; establishing purposes;
8	requiring the state agencies involved in
9	protecting and managing the state's oceans and
10	coastal resources to encourage and support
11	public-private partnerships and programs to
12	preserve those resources; requiring
13	coordination with federal agencies and
14	programs; requiring that the Department of
15	Environmental Protection and the Fish and
16	Wildlife Conservation Commission establish the
17	Florida Oceans and Coastal Science Work Group;
18	establishing conservation and management goals;
19	directing the work group to help develop and
20	implement conservation and management goals;
21	providing for membership of the work group;
22	providing for the Secretary of Environmental
23	Protection and the executive director of the
24	Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission to
25	jointly chair the group; providing
26	responsibilities of the work group; requiring
27	that the department and commission prepare an
28	oceans and coastal resource assessment for use
29	by the work group; providing for contents of
30	the assessment; requiring that the department
31	and commission, in coordination with the work

1 group, prepare a Florida Oceans and Coastal 2 Scientific Research Plan that recommends 3 research priorities; providing for annual 4 updates of the plan; providing for distribution 5 of the plan to the Legislature; creating the 6 Florida Oceans and Coastal Restoration Program; 7 requiring that the department and commission, 8 in coordination with the work group and other 9 appropriate agencies, develop priorities for 10 restoration of the state's oceans and coastal resources; creating the Florida Oceans and 11 12 Coastal Sustainable-Use Program; requiring that 13 the department and commission, in coordination with the work group, water management 14 districts, and other appropriate agencies, 15 develop a management framework to ensure 16 17 sustainable use of the state's oceans and 18 coastal resources; requiring the department and commission to coordinate the activities of the 19 work group, the Florida Oceans and Coastal 20 21 Restoration Program, and the Florida Oceans and 22 Coastal Sustainable-Use Program to ensure that 23 the actions taken are complementary and not duplicative; authorizing rulemaking by the 2.4 Department of Environmental Protection and the 25 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission; 26 27 preserving authority otherwise granted to the 2.8 commission, water management districts, and state agencies; providing an effective date. 29 30 31

1	WHEREAS, the oceans and coastal resources of the United
2	States are of national importance, and
3	WHEREAS, Florida's coastline is the second longest
4	coastline of the 50 states, and
5	WHEREAS, it is Florida's responsibility to be a
6	national leader on oceans and coastal protection, and
7	WHEREAS, Florida's oceans and coastal resources are of
8	tremendous value to the state and provide many public-interest
9	benefits by contributing millions of jobs and billions of
10	dollars to the state's economy, and
11	WHEREAS, Florida's oceans and coastal resources
12	comprise habitats that support endangered and threatened
13	species and extraordinary marine biodiversity, and
14	WHEREAS, Florida's growth and development contribute to
15	the degradation of our oceans and coastal resources by
16	damaging marine habitat, decreasing coastal wetlands, and
17	increasing pressure for access to beaches and boatyards, and
18	WHEREAS, the barrier reef of the Florida Keys, a
19	national treasure as the only barrier reef in the United
20	States, is at risk of ecological collapse due to increasing
21	environmental stressors, and
22	WHEREAS, Florida must work across jurisdictional
23	boundaries and in partnership with other states and nations to
24	protect shared oceans resources, and
25	WHEREAS, the oceans and coastal resources of the state
26	are held in trust for the people of the state and should be
27	protected and managed for the benefit of current and future
28	generations, and
29	WHEREAS, it is imperative for the state, regional, and
30	local governments, academic and environmental communities, and
31	agricultural and fishery interests to commit to working

1	together to manage, rehabilitate, and protect Florida's oceans
2	and coastal resources, NOW, THEREFORE,
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4	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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6	Section 1. Part IV of chapter 161, Florida Statutes,
7	consisting of sections 161.70, 161.71, 161.72, 161.73, 161.74,
8	161.75, 161.76, 161.77, and 161.78, is created to read:
9	PART IV
10	OCEANS AND COASTAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT ACT
11	161.70 Short title This part may be cited as the
12	"Oceans and Coastal Resources Act."
13	161.71 DefinitionsAs used in this part, the term:
14	(a) "Commission" means the Fish and Wildlife
15	Conservation Commission created in s. 9, Art. IV of the State
16	Constitution.
17	(b) "Department" means the Department of Environmental
18	Protection.
19	(c) "Districts" means the five water management
20	districts created in s. 373.069.
21	(d) "Executive director" means the executive director
22	of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission.
23	(e) "Oceans" means those waters from the mean
24	high-water line outward to the state's jurisdictional boundary
25	and those United States waters in which this state has an
26	interest.
27	(f) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Environmental
28	Protection.
29	161.72 Purpose
30	(1) To ensure the existence of our oceans and coastal
31	resources for future generations, Florida's marine

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biodiversity, at the species, natural community, seascape, and 2 regional levels must be protected by restoring, rehabilitating, and maintaining the quality and natural 3 4 function of oceans and coastal resources. The quality of our beaches and seafood must be protected to ensure the public 5 6 health, and we must ensure sufficient public access to beaches 7 and waterways. Additional protections must be provided to 8 highly migratory marine species, such as sea turtles and sea birds. We must increase opportunities to provide natural 9 10 resource-based recreation and encourage responsibility and stewardship through educational opportunities. Oceans and 11 12 coastal research must be prioritized to ensure coordination among researchers and managers, and long-term programs to 13 observe, monitor, and assess oceans and coastal resources must 14 be developed and implemented. 15 (2) The state agencies involved in protecting and 16 17 managing the state's oceans and coastal resources shall 18 encourage and support the development of creative public-private partnerships and programs that help preserve 19 2.0 those resources. The department and the commission may pursue 21 opportunities to leverage funds, to use intergovernmental or 2.2 public-private partnerships to hold workshops or other public 23 meetings to seek input from stakeholders and other businesses, and to create work groups or task forces in order to achieve 2.4 the joint goals established in this part. 2.5 (3) This part must be implemented in coordination with 26 2.7 federal agencies and programs to maximize opportunities for 2.8 the state's receipt of federal funds and the efficient and timely expenditure of public funds, and to manage resources 29

based on ecosystem boundaries.

1	161.73 Conservation and management of oceans and
2	coastal resources; development and implementation of
3	conservation and management qoals; Florida Oceans and Coastal
4	Science Work Group
5	(1) Coordinated management of oceans and coastal
6	resources is critical to the conservation of such resources.
7	The secretary and the executive director shall establish the
8	Florida Oceans and Coastal Science Work Group, a coordinated
9	network of researchers and resource managers from the state
10	and the academic, private, nonprofit, and scientific
11	communities, to assist with the development and implementation
12	of the following conservation and management goals:
13	(a) Improving the management of coasts and watersheds
14	by incorporating a watershed approach to governing coastal and
15	ocean resources. The area-based coastal programs of this state
16	should be consolidated to better integrate and capitalize on
17	the strengths of each program. State programs that encourage
18	inappropriate growth in fragile or hazard-prone areas should
19	be changed in order to reach economically and environmentally
20	sustainable development.
21	(b) Conserving and restoring coastal habitat through
22	the development of regional and local goals, the institution
23	of a program dedicated to coastal and estuarine conservation,
24	better coordination of the state's activities relating to
25	habitat, and improved research, monitoring, and assessment.
26	(c) Improving water quality and ecosystem health
27	through ecosystem-based watershed-management approaches that
28	reduce point and nonpoint sources of pollution and that
29	address atmospheric sources of pollution.
30	(d) Limiting pollution from vessels by strengthening
31	vessel safety and security and increasing compliance with laws

1	governing waste stream discharges, air emissions, or oil
2	releases.
3	(e) Preventing the spread of invasive species by using
4	streamlined programs that identify the major pathways for
5	introduction of nonnative species, provide for prevention as a
6	first line of defense, accelerate detection and response
7	efforts, and improve efforts to control the invasive species
8	already introduced into coastal and oceans waters.
9	(f) Creating a statewide monitoring network to assess
10	the health of oceans and coastal ecosystems and provide
11	accountability for management actions.
12	(q) Reducing marine debris in order to lessen or
13	eliminate serious threats to fishery resources, wildlife, and
14	habitat, as well as human health and safety, through public
15	education and outreach, partnerships with local governments,
16	and enhanced research, monitoring, and source identification.
17	(h) Achieving sustainable fisheries by basing
18	management and research on sound science, strengthening
19	fishery governance, improving fishery enforcement, and moving
20	toward an ecosystem-based management approach that links
21	fisheries management with concerns such as essential fish
22	habitat and the reduction of bycatch.
23	(i) Protecting marine mammals and endangered marine
24	species through coordinating assessment of threats to marine
25	populations, identifying and overcoming gaps in protection,
26	and expanding research and education.
27	(j) Preserving coral reefs and other coral communities
28	by assessing the value of and threats to coral reef
29	communities, managing the state's coral resources, promoting
30	the state's coral reef initiatives, and improving the

31 <u>understanding of coral ecosystems</u>.

1	(k) Achieving sustainable marine aquaculture by
2	addressing the environmental impacts of aquaculture
3	activities, reviewing current regulatory measures, developing
4	a new marine aquaculture framework, if necessary, and
5	promoting statewide improvements and cooperation among
6	agencies.
7	(1) Connecting the oceans and human health by
8	understanding the links between oceans and human health;
9	maximizing the beneficial uses of marine-derived bioproducts
10	through marine biomedical research and product discovery and
11	development; reducing the negative health impacts of marine
12	microorganisms; implementing human health protections related
13	to seafood safety and coastal water quality; and creating
14	public education and outreach programs.
15	(m) Managing offshore energy and other offshore
16	mineral resources in order to develop renewable energy sources
17	and assess environmental issues related to offshore oil, gas,
18	or renewable energy production.
19	(n) Creating a state strategy for increasing
20	scientific knowledge and understanding of our oceans and
21	coastal resources.
22	(o) Enhancing the development of oceans and coastal
23	infrastructure and technology by assessing gaps in the
24	development of such infrastructure and technology, assessing
25	and funding critical needs, and creating virtual marine
26	technology centers to assist in transferring new technologies
27	into operational uses.
28	(p) Implementing a new oceans and coastal policy that
29	acknowledges the cost of taking action, specifies major
30	funding areas, recognizes the important roles of nonfederal
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authorities, and provides dedicated funding for improving 2 oceans and coastal management. (q) Sustaining abundant birdlife and encouraging the 3 4 recreational and economic benefits associated with wildlife 5 observation and photography. 6 (2)(a) The Florida Oceans and Coastal Science Work 7 Group is created within the Department of Environmental 8 Protection, shall consist of 15 members, and shall be jointly chaired by the secretary and the executive director, or their 9 10 designees. The remaining 13 members shall be jointly appointed by the secretary and the executive director and shall include 11 12 one resource manager, one scientist specializing in wetlands 13 or watersheds, one scientist specializing in nearshore waters or estuaries, one scientist specializing in offshore waters or 14 open oceans waters, one scientist specializing in wildlife 15 16 habitat management, one scientist specializing in fishery 17 habitat management, one scientist specializing in pelagic and 18 shorebirds, one scientist specializing in hydrology and aquatic systems, one scientist specializing in biomedical 19 research, one coastal geologist or scientist specializing in 2.0 21 coastal erosion and shoreline dynamics, and three at-large 2.2 members. If the secretary and the executive director are 23 unable to find an appointee meeting the criteria provided in this paragraph, they may select an additional member from any 2.4 of the specialties provided for in this paragraph. Except for 2.5 the secretary or the executive director or their designees, 2.6 2.7 appointments shall be to terms of 4 years each and an 2.8 appointed member may be reappointed for up to two consecutive 29 terms. Members shall serve until their successors are appointed. Vacancies shall be filled in the manner of the 30 31

1	original appointment for the remainder of the term that is
2	vacated.
3	(3) By December 1, 2006, the department and the
4	commission shall prepare a comprehensive oceans and coastal
5	resource assessment that shall be used by the Florida Oceans
6	and Coastal Science Work Group in developing conservation and
7	management goals as required in subsection (1). The resource
8	assessment must include:
9	(a) Patterns of use of oceans and coastal resources;
10	(b) Natural resource features, including, but not
11	limited to, habitat, bathymetry, surficial geology,
12	circulation, and tidal currents;
13	(c) The location of current and proposed oceans and
14	coastal resource infrastructure;
15	(d) Industrial, commercial, and recreational transit
16	patterns; and
17	(e) Socioeconomic trends of the state's oceans and
18	coastal resources and oceans and coastal economy.
19	161.74 Florida Oceans and Coastal Scientific Research
20	Plan By January 1, 2006, the department and the commission,
21	in coordination with the Florida Oceans and Coastal Science
22	Work Group, must complete a Florida Oceans and Coastal
23	Scientific Research Plan. The plan must recommend priorities
24	for scientific research projects and must be submitted to the
25	President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
26	Representatives by January 15, 2006. Thereafter, annual
27	updates to the plan must be submitted to the President of the
28	Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by
29	January 1.
30	161.75 Florida Oceans and Coastal Restoration Program;
31	Florida Oceans and Coastal Sustainable-Use Program

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1	(1) The Florida Oceans and Coastal Restoration Program
2	is created to develop a comprehensive, multifaceted, and
3	integrated approach to restore the state's oceans and coastal
4	resources using the goals established in s. 161.73. By
5	December 1, 2007, the department and the commission, in
6	coordination with the Florida Oceans and Science Work Group,
7	the districts, and other appropriate state or federal
8	agencies, shall jointly develop restoration priorities and
9	strategies to ensure the long-term viability and health of the
10	state's oceans and coastal resources.
11	(2) The Florida Oceans and Coastal Sustainable-Use
12	Program is created to develop a framework in which decisions
13	concerning the sustainable use of the state's oceans and
14	coastal resources can be made in a thoughtful and
15	comprehensive manner. By December 1, 2007, the department and
16	the commission, in coordination with the Florida Oceans and
17	Science Work Group, the districts, and other appropriate state
18	or federal agencies, shall jointly develop a management
19	framework to ensure the sustainable use of the state's oceans
20	and coastal resources.
21	161.76 Coordination of activities The department and
22	the commission shall jointly coordinate the activities of the
23	Florida Oceans and Coastal Science Work Group, the Florida
24	Oceans and Coastal Restoration Program, and the Florida Oceans
25	and Coastal Sustainable-Use Program to ensure that the
26	activities are complementary and not duplicative.
27	161.77 Rulemaking authority The department and the
28	commission may adopt rules, pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and
29	120.54, to administer this part.
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1	161.78 Preservation of authorityThis part does not
2	restrict or limit the authority otherwise granted to the
3	commission, the districts, or other state agencies by law.
4	Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a
5	law.
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7	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
8	Senate Bill 1670
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10	The committee substitute retains the substance of the original bill with changes to the composition of the Florida Oceans and
11	Coastal Science Work Group.
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