$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$ the Committee on Banking and Insurance; and Senator Alexander

597-1950-05

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to offenses involving
3	insurance; amending s. 400.9935, F.S.;
4	prohibiting a medical or clinic director from
5	referring patients to the clinic under
6	specified circumstances; providing for health
7	care clinics to post signs with information
8	about a reward program for information leading
9	to conviction of certain offenses; providing
10	for inspections of such clinics by employees of
11	the Division of Insurance Fraud; amending s.
12	440.105, F.S.; deleting the provision that a
13	violation of a stop-work order is a misdemeanor
14	of the first degree; increasing penalties for
15	employers unlawfully failing to secure workers'
16	compensation insurance when an employee is
17	injured by or dies from a work-related injury;
18	amending s. 624.15, F.S.; providing criminal
19	penalties for violations of emergency rules or
20	orders of the Department of Financial Services
21	or Office of Insurance Regulation; amending s.
22	624.155, F.S.; revising provisions that
23	authorize a civil cause of action for
24	violations of the requirement for a certificate
25	of authority to act as an insurer; amending s.
26	626.112, F.S.; providing criminal penalties for
27	transacting insurance or engaging in insurance
28	activities without a license; amending s.
29	626.901, F.S.; stating that independently
30	procured coverage constitutes an exception to
31	the prohibition on representing an unauthorized

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entity only when transacted outside the state; amending s. 626.918, F.S.; providing that certain letters of credit issued or confirmed by a qualified United States financial institution may be used to fund a trust established and maintained by an alien insurer for the protection of policyholders in the United States; defining the term "qualified United States financial institution"; amending s. 626.938, F.S.; providing that independently procured coverage must be accomplished outside the state, must be procured through an unauthorized insurer licensed in some other state or country, and is not available for life, health, or workers' compensation insurance; amending s. 626.989, F.S.; allowing insurers, agents, and other licensees, their employees, and self-insured entities contracting or associated with the National Insurance Crime Bureau to report fraudulent insurance acts; authorizing adoption of rules for reporting suspected fraudulent activity; amending s. 817.234, F.S.; providing that it is insurance fraud for a service provider to agree or intend to waive deductibles; providing criminal penalties for scheming to create documentation of a nonexistent motor vehicle accident; amending s. 817.2361, F.S.; providing criminal penalties for creating, marketing, or presenting any false or fraudulent proof of motor vehicle insurance; amending s. 817.50,

F.S.; providing that giving false or fictitious information to a health care provider is not prima facie evidence of intent to defraud when done by a law enforcement officer during an investigation; amending s. 817.505, F.S.; providing criminal penalties for soliciting or receiving compensation or receiving a split-fee arrangement for acceptance or acknowledgement of treatment from a health care provider or health care facility; redefining the term "health care provider or health care facility; amending s. 843.08, F.S.; providing criminal penalties for falsely personating an officer of the Department of Financial Services; providing severability; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (h) is added to subsection (1) of section 400.9935, Florida Statutes, and subsection (13) is added to that section, to read:

400.9935 Clinic responsibilities.--

(1) Each clinic shall appoint a medical director or clinic director who shall agree in writing to accept legal responsibility for the following activities on behalf of the clinic. The medical director or the clinic director shall:

(h) Not engage in the referral of patients to the clinic if the clinic performs magnetic resonance imaging, static radiographs, computed tomography, or positron emission tomography. Referral of patients means the referral of one or more patients of the medical or clinic director or a member of

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

the medical or clinic director's group practice to the clinic 2 for magnetic resonance imaging, static radiographs, computed tomography, or positron emission tomography. A medical or 3 4 clinic director who is found to violate this part commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 5 6 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 7 (13) The clinic shall display a sign in a conspicuous location within the clinic readily visible to all patients 8 indicating that, pursuant to s. 626.9892, the Department of 9 10 Financial Services may pay rewards of up to \$25,000 to persons providing information leading to the arrest and conviction of 11 persons committing crimes investigated by the Division of 12 13 Insurance Fraud arising from violations of s. 440.105, s. 624.15, s. 626.9541, s. 626.989, or s. 817.234. An authorized 14 employee of the Division of Insurance Fraud may make 15 unannounced inspections of a clinic licensed under this part 16 as necessary to determine whether the clinic is in compliance 18 with this subsection. A licensed clinic shall allow full and complete access to the premises to such authorized employee of 19 the division who makes an inspection to determine compliance 2.0 21 with this subsection. 22 Section 2. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 440.105, 23 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 440.105 Prohibited activities; reports; penalties; 2.4 limitations.--2.5 (2) Whoever violates any provision of this subsection 26 27 commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as 2.8 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 29 (a) It shall be unlawful for any employer to 30 knowingly:

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- 1. Coerce or attempt to coerce, as a precondition to employment or otherwise, an employee to obtain a certificate of election of exemption pursuant to s. 440.05.
 - 2. Discharge or refuse to hire an employee or job applicant because the employee or applicant has filed a claim for benefits under this chapter.
 - 3. Discharge, discipline, or take any other adverse personnel action against any employee for disclosing information to the department or any law enforcement agency relating to any violation or suspected violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or rules promulgated hereunder.
 - 4. Violate a stop work order issued by the department pursuant to s. 440.107.
 - (b) It shall be unlawful for any insurance entity to revoke or cancel a workers' compensation insurance policy or membership because an employer has returned an employee to work or hired an employee who has filed a workers' compensation claim.
 - (4) <u>Unless otherwise specifically provided</u>, whoever violates any provision of this subsection commits insurance fraud, punishable as provided in paragraph (f).
 - $\hbox{(a)} \quad \hbox{It shall be unlawful for any employer to} \\ \hbox{knowingly:} \\$
 - 1. Present or cause to be presented any false, fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement to any person as evidence of compliance with s. 440.38.
 - 2. Make a deduction from the pay of any employee entitled to the benefits of this chapter for the purpose of requiring the employee to pay any portion of premium paid by the employer to a carrier or to contribute to a benefit fund or department maintained by such employer for the purpose of

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providing compensation or medical services and supplies as required by this chapter.

- 3. Fail to secure <u>worker's</u> payment of compensation <u>coverage</u> if required to do so by this chapter.
- a. However, if an employer knowingly fails to secure workers' compensation coverage for an employee when required by this chapter and such employee subsequently suffers a work-related injury requiring medical treatment, the employer commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- b. However, if an employer knowingly fails to secure workers' compensation coverage for an employee when required by this chapter and such employee subsequently suffers a work-related death, the employer commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.775.084.
 - (b) It is shall be unlawful for any person:
- 1. To knowingly make, or cause to be made, any false, fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement for the purpose of obtaining or denying any benefit or payment under this chapter.
- 2. To present or cause to be presented any written or oral statement as part of, or in support of, a claim for payment or other benefit pursuant to any provision of this chapter, knowing that such statement contains any false, incomplete, or misleading information concerning any fact or thing material to such claim.
- 3. To prepare or cause to be prepared any written or oral statement that is intended to be presented to any employer, insurance company, or self-insured program in connection with, or in support of, any claim for payment or

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other benefit pursuant to any provision of this chapter, knowing that such statement contains any false, incomplete, or misleading information concerning any fact or thing material to such claim.

- 4. To knowingly assist, conspire with, or urge any person to engage in activity prohibited by this section.
- 5. To knowingly make any false, fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement, or to knowingly omit or conceal material information, required by s. 440.185 or s. 440.381, for the purpose of obtaining workers' compensation coverage or for the purpose of avoiding, delaying, or diminishing the amount of payment of any workers' compensation premiums.
- 6. To knowingly misrepresent or conceal payroll, classification of workers, or information regarding an employer's loss history which would be material to the computation and application of an experience rating modification factor for the purpose of avoiding or diminishing the amount of payment of any workers' compensation premiums.
- 7. To knowingly present or cause to be presented any false, fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement to any person as evidence of compliance with s. 440.38, as evidence of eligibility for a certificate of exemption under s. 440.05.
- 8. To knowingly violate a stop-work order issued by the department pursuant to s. 440.107.
 - 9. To knowingly present or cause to be presented any false, fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement to any person as evidence of identity for the purpose of obtaining employment or filing or supporting a claim for workers' compensation benefits.

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- under chapter 458, osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459, chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460, podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461, optometric physician licensed under chapter 463, or any other practitioner licensed under the laws of this state to knowingly and willfully assist, conspire with, or urge any person to fraudulently violate any of the provisions of this chapter.
- (d) It shall be unlawful for any person or governmental entity licensed under chapter 395 to maintain or operate a hospital in such a manner so that such person or governmental entity knowingly and willfully allows the use of the facilities of such hospital by any person, in a scheme or conspiracy to fraudulently violate any of the provisions of this chapter.
- (e) It shall be unlawful for any attorney or other person, in his or her individual capacity or in his or her capacity as a public or private employee, or any firm, corporation, partnership, or association, to knowingly assist, conspire with, or urge any person to fraudulently violate any of the provisions of this chapter.
- (f) If the monetary value of any violation of this subsection:
- 1. Is less than \$20,000, the offender commits a felony
 of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
 775.083, or s. 775.084.
 - 2. Is \$20,000 or more, but less than \$100,000, the offender commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

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3. Is \$100,000 or more, the offender commits a felony 2 of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 3 Section 3. Section 624.15, Florida Statutes, is 4 amended to read: 5 6 624.15 General penalty.--7 (1) Each willful violation of this code or rule of the 8 department or office as to which a greater penalty is not provided by another provision of this code or rule of the 9 department or office or by other applicable laws of this state 10 is a misdemeanor of the second degree and is, in addition to 11 12 any prescribed applicable denial, suspension, or revocation of 13 certificate of authority, license, or permit, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Each instance of such 14 violation shall be considered a separate offense. 15 (2) Each willful violation of an emergency rule or 16 17 order set forth by the department is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or 18 s, 775.084, in addition to any prescribed applicable denial, 19 suspension, or revocation of a certificate of authority, 2.0 21 license, or permit. Each instance of such violation is a 22 separate offense. 23 Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 624.155, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2.4 624.155 Civil remedy.--25 (2) Any party may bring a civil action against any 26 27 person acting as an unauthorized insurer without a certificate 2.8 of authority if such party is damaged by a violation of s. 624.401 by that person the unauthorized insurer. 29 30 Section 5. Subsection (9) is added to section 626.112,

Florida Statutes, to read:

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- 626.112 License and appointment required; agents, customer representatives, adjusters, insurance agencies, service representatives, managing general agents.--
- (9) Any person who transacts insurance or otherwise engages in insurance activities in this state without a license in violation of this section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 6. Paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section 626.901, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

11 626.901 Representing or aiding unauthorized insurer
12 prohibited.--

- (4) This section does not apply to:
- (d) Independently procured coverage written pursuant to s. 626.938 which is not solicited, marketed, negotiated, or sold within this state.

Section 7. Section 626.918, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

626.918 Eligible surplus lines insurers.--

- (1) A No surplus lines agent may not shall place any coverage with any unauthorized insurer which is not then an eligible surplus lines insurer, except as permitted under subsections (6)(5) and (7)(6).
- (2) An No unauthorized insurer may not shall be or become an eligible surplus lines insurer unless made eligible by the office in accordance with the following conditions:
- (a) Eligibility of the insurer must be requested in writing by the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office;
- 29 (b) The insurer must be currently an authorized
 30 insurer in the state or country of its domicile as to the kind
 31 or kinds of insurance proposed to be so placed and must have

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been such an insurer for not less than the 3 years next preceding or must be the wholly owned subsidiary of such authorized insurer or must be the wholly owned subsidiary of an already eligible surplus lines insurer as to the kind or kinds of insurance proposed for a period of not less than the 3 years next preceding. However, the office may waive the 3-year requirement if the insurer provides a product or service not readily available to the consumers of this state or has operated successfully for a period of at least 1 year next preceding and has capital and surplus of not less than \$25 million;

- (c) Before granting eligibility, the requesting surplus lines agent or the insurer shall furnish the office with a duly authenticated copy of its current annual financial statement in the English language and with all monetary values therein expressed in United States dollars, at an exchange rate (in the case of statements originally made in the currencies of other countries) then-current and shown in the statement, and with such additional information relative to the insurer as the office may request;
- (d)1. The insurer must have and maintain surplus as to policyholders of not less than \$15 million; in addition, an alien insurer must also have and maintain in the United States a trust fund for the protection of all its policyholders in the United States under terms deemed by the office to be reasonably adequate, in an amount not less than \$5.4 million. Any such surplus as to policyholders or trust fund shall be represented by investments consisting of eligible investments for like funds of like domestic insurers under part II of chapter 625 provided, however, that in the case of an alien insurance company, any such surplus as to policyholders may be

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represented by investments permitted by the domestic regulator 2 of such alien insurance company if such investments are substantially similar in terms of quality, liquidity, and 3 security to eligible investments for like funds of like 4 domestic insurers under part II of chapter 625. Clean, 5 irrevocable, unconditional, and evergreen letters of credit issued or confirmed by a qualified United States financial institution, as defined in subsection (3), may be used to fund 8 9 the trust; 10 2. For those surplus lines insurers that were eligible on January 1, 1994, and that maintained their eligibility 11 thereafter, the required surplus as to policyholders shall be: 13 a. On December 31, 1994, and until December 30, 1995, \$2.5 million. 14 b. On December 31, 1995, and until December 30, 1996, 15 \$3.5 million. 16 c. On December 31, 1996, and until December 30, 1997, \$4.5 million. 18 d. On December 31, 1997, and until December 30, 1998, 19 \$5.5 million. 20 21 e. On December 31, 1998, and until December 30, 1999, 22 \$6.5 million. 23 f. On December 31, 1999, and until December 30, 2000, \$8 million. 2.4 g. On December 31, 2000, and until December 30, 2001, 25 \$9.5 million. 26

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h. On December 31, 2001, and until December 30, 2002,

i. On December 31, 2002, and until December 30, 2003,

j. On December 31, 2003, and thereafter, \$15 million.

- 3. The capital and surplus requirements as set forth in subparagraph 2. do not apply in the case of an insurance exchange created by the laws of individual states, where the exchange maintains capital and surplus pursuant to the requirements of that state, or maintains capital and surplus in an amount not less than \$50 million in the aggregate. For an insurance exchange which maintains funds in the amount of at least \$12 million for the protection of all insurance exchange policyholders, each individual syndicate shall maintain minimum capital and surplus in an amount not less than \$3 million. If the insurance exchange does not maintain funds in the amount of at least \$12 million for the protection of all insurance exchange policyholders, each individual syndicate shall meet the minimum capital and surplus requirements set forth in subparagraph 2.;
- 4. A surplus lines insurer which is a member of an insurance holding company that includes a member which is a Florida domestic insurer as set forth in its holding company registration statement, as set forth in s. 628.801 and rules adopted thereunder, may elect to maintain surplus as to policyholders in an amount equal to the requirements of s. 624.408, subject to the requirement that the surplus lines insurer shall at all times be in compliance with the requirements of chapter 625.

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The election shall be submitted to the office and shall be effective upon the office's being satisfied that the requirements of subparagraph 4. have been met. The initial date of election shall be the date of office approval. The election approval application shall be on a form adopted by commission rule. The office may approve an election form

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submitted pursuant to subparagraph 4. only if it was on file with the former Department of Insurance before February 28, 1998;

- (e) The insurer must be of good reputation as to the providing of service to its policyholders and the payment of losses and claims;
- (f) The insurer must be eligible, as for authority to transact insurance in this state, under s. 624.404(3); and
- (g) This subsection does not apply as to unauthorized insurers made eligible under s. 626.917 as to wet marine and aviation risks.
- (3) For purposes of subsection (2) regarding letters of credit, "qualified United States financial institution" means an institution that:
- (a) Is organized or, in the case of a United States office of a foreign banking organization, is licensed under the laws of the United States or any state thereof;
- (b) Is regulated, supervised, and examined by United

 States or state authorities having regulatory authority over

 banks and trust companies; and
- (c) Has been determined by the office or the

 Securities Valuation Office of the National Association of

 Insurance Commissioners to meet such standards of financial

 condition and standing as are considered necessary and

 appropriate to regulate the quality of financial institutions

 whose letters of credit are acceptable to the office.
- (4)(3) The office shall from time to time publish a list of all currently eligible surplus lines insurers and shall mail a copy thereof to each licensed surplus lines agent at his or her office of record with the office.

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(5)(4) This section shall not be deemed to cast upon the office any duty or responsibility to determine the actual financial condition or claims practices of any unauthorized insurer; and the status of eligibility, if granted by the office, shall indicate only that the insurer appears to be sound financially and to have satisfactory claims practices and that the office has no credible evidence to the contrary.

(6)(5) When it appears that any particular insurance risk which is eligible for export, but on which insurance coverage, in whole or in part, is not procurable from the eligible surplus lines insurers, after a search of eligible surplus lines insurers, then the surplus lines agent may file a supplemental signed statement setting forth such facts and advising the office that such part of the risk as shall be unprocurable, as aforesaid, is being placed with named unauthorized insurers, in the amounts and percentages set forth in the statement. Such named unauthorized insurer shall, however, before accepting any risk in this state, deposit with the department cash or securities acceptable to the office and department of the market value of \$50,000 for each individual risk, contract, or certificate, which deposit shall be held by the department for the benefit of Florida policyholders only; and the surplus lines agent shall procure from such unauthorized insurer and file with the office a certified copy of its statement of condition as of the close of the last calendar year. If such statement reveals, including both capital and surplus, net assets of at least that amount required for licensure of a domestic insurer, then the surplus lines agent may proceed to consummate such contract of insurance. Whenever any insurance risk, or any part thereof, is placed with an unauthorized insurer, as

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provided herein, the policy, binder, or cover note shall 2 contain a statement signed by the insured and the agent with the following notation: "The insured is aware that certain 3 insurers participating in this risk have not been approved to 4 transact business in Florida nor have they been declared 5 6 eligible as surplus lines insurers by the Office of Insurance 7 Regulation of Florida. The placing of such insurance by a duly licensed surplus lines agent in Florida shall not be construed 8 as approval of such insurer by the Office of Insurance 9 Regulation of Florida. Consequently, the insured is aware that 10 the insured has severely limited the assistance available 11 12 under the insurance laws of Florida. The insured is further 13 aware that he or she may be charged a reasonable per policy fee, as provided in s. 626.916(4), Florida Statutes, for each 14 policy certified for export." All other provisions of this 15 code shall apply to such placement the same as if such risks 16 17 were placed with an eligible surplus lines insurer. 18

(7)(6) When any particular insurance risk subject to subsection(6)(5) is eligible for placement with an unauthorized insurer and not more than 12.5 percent of the risk is so subject, the office may, at its discretion, permit the agent to obtain from the insured a signed statement as indicated in subsection(6)(5). All other provisions of this code apply to such placement the same as if such risks were placed with an eligible surplus lines insurer.

Section 8. Subsections (1), (2), and (9) of section 626.938, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

626.938 Report and tax of independently procured coverages.--

(1) Every insured who <u>resides</u> in this state <u>and</u> procures or causes to be procured or continues or renews

insurance from another state or country with an unauthorized 2 foreign or alien insurer <u>legitimately licensed in that other</u> jurisdiction, or any self-insurer who resides in this state 3 and so procures or continues excess loss, catastrophe, or 4 other insurance, upon a subject of insurance resident, 5 located, or to be performed within this state, other than 7 insurance procured through a surplus lines agent pursuant to 8 the Surplus Lines Law of this state or exempted from tax under s. 626.932(4), shall, within 30 days after the date such 9 insurance was so procured, continued, or renewed, file a 10 report of the same with the Florida Surplus Lines Service 11 12 Office in writing and upon forms designated by the Florida 13 Surplus Lines Service Office and furnished to such an insured upon request, or in a computer readable format as determined 14 by the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office. The report shall 15 show the name and address of the insured or insureds, the name 16 and address of the insurer, the subject of the insurance, a 18 general description of the coverage, the amount of premium currently charged therefor, and such additional pertinent 19 information as is reasonably requested by the Florida Surplus 20 21 Lines Service Office.

(2) Any insurance in an unauthorized insurer legitimately licensed in another state or country procured through solicitations, negotiations, or an application, in whole or in part occurring or made outside within or from within this state, or for which premiums in whole or in part are remitted directly or indirectly from within this state, shall be deemed to be insurance procured, continued, or renewed in this state within the intent of subsection (1).

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procurement of workers' compensation insurance, apply as to life insurance, or health insurance. Section 9. Subsection (6) of section 626.989, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 626.989 Investigation by department or Division of Insurance Fraud; compliance; immunity; confidential information; reports to division; division investigator's power of arrest.--(6) Any person, other than an insurer, agent, or other person licensed under the code, or an employee thereof, having knowledge or who believes that a fraudulent insurance act or any other act or practice which, upon conviction, constitutes a felony or a misdemeanor under the code, or under s. 817.234, is being or has been committed may send to the Division of Insurance Fraud a report or information pertinent to such knowledge or belief and such additional information relative thereto as the department may request. However, any professional practitioner licensed or regulated by the

(9) This section does not authorize independent

other person licensed under the code, or an employee thereof, having knowledge or who believes that a fraudulent insurance act or any other act or practice which, upon conviction,

Department of Business and Professional Regulation, except as

otherwise provided by law, any medical review committee as

any self-insured entity contracting or associated with the National Insurance Crime Bureau, and any insurer, agent, or

defined in s. 766.101, any private medical review committee,

28 constitutes a felony or a misdemeanor under the code, or under

29 s. 817.234, is being or has been committed shall send to the

30 Division of Insurance Fraud a report or information pertinent

to such knowledge or belief and such additional information

relative thereto as the department may require. The Division of Insurance Fraud shall review such information or reports 2 and select such information or reports as, in its judgment, 3 may require further investigation. It shall then cause an 4 5 independent examination of the facts surrounding such 6 information or report to be made to determine the extent, if 7 any, to which a fraudulent insurance act or any other act or 8 practice which, upon conviction, constitutes a felony or a misdemeanor under the code, or under s. 817.234, is being 9 committed. The Division of Insurance Fraud shall report any 10 alleged violations of law which its investigations disclose to 11 12 the appropriate licensing agency and state attorney or other 13 prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with respect to any such violation, as provided in s. 624.310. If prosecution by 14 the state attorney or other prosecuting agency having 15 jurisdiction with respect to such violation is not begun 16 17 within 60 days of the division's report, the state attorney or 18 other prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with respect to such violation shall inform the division of the reasons for 19 the lack of prosecution. The division may adopt rules that set 20 21 forth requirements for the manner in which suspected 22 fraudulent activity shall be reported to the division through 23 the use of a standard referral form. Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7) and 2.4 subsection (9) of section 817.234, Florida Statutes, are 2.5 amended to read: 26 27 817.234 False and fraudulent insurance claims.--2.8 (7)(a) It shall constitute a material omission and insurance fraud punishable as provided in subsection (11) for 29 any service physician or other provider, other than a 30

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amounts as its usual and customary charge, if such provider has agreed with the <u>insured</u> patient or intends to waive deductibles or copayments, or does not for any other reason intend to collect the total amount of such charge. With respect to a determination as to whether a <u>service physician</u> or other provider has engaged in such general business practice, consideration shall be given to evidence of whether the <u>physician</u> or other provider made a good faith attempt to collect such deductible or copayment. This paragraph does not apply to physicians or other providers who waive deductibles or copayments or reduce their bills as part of a bodily injury settlement or verdict.

(9) A person may not organize, plan, or knowingly participate in an intentional motor vehicle crash or a scheme to create documentation of a motor vehicle crash that did not occur for the purpose of making motor vehicle tort claims or claims for personal injury protection benefits as required by s. 627.736. Any person who violates this subsection commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. A person who is convicted of a violation of this subsection shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 2 years.

Section 11. Section 817.2361, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

817.2361 False or fraudulent <u>proof of</u> motor vehicle insurance card.—Any person who, with intent to deceive any other person, creates, markets, or presents a false or fraudulent <u>proof of</u> motor vehicle insurance card commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 12. Subsection (2) of section 817.50, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 817.50 Fraudulently obtaining goods, services, etc., 3 4 from a health care provider.--5 (2) If any person gives to any health care provider in 6 this state a false or fictitious name or a false or fictitious 7 address or assigns to any health care provider the proceeds of 8 any health maintenance contract or insurance contract, then 9 knowing that such contract is no longer in force, is invalid, or is void for any reason, such action shall be prima facie 10 evidence of the intent of such person to defraud the health 11 12 care provider. However, this subsection does not apply to 13 investigative actions taken by law enforcement officers for law enforcement purposes in the course of their official 14 15 <u>duties.</u> Section 13. Subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of 16 17 subsection (2) of section 817.505, Florida Statutes, are 18 amended to read: 19 817.505 Patient brokering prohibited; exceptions; penalties.--20 21 (1) It is unlawful for any person, including any 22 health care provider or health care facility, to: 23 (a) Offer or pay any commission, bonus, rebate, kickback, or bribe, directly or indirectly, in cash or in 2.4 kind, or engage in any split-fee arrangement, in any form 25 whatsoever, to induce the referral of patients or patronage 26 27 from a health care provider or health care facility; 2.8 (b) Solicit or receive any commission, bonus, rebate, kickback, or bribe, directly or indirectly, in cash or in 29 30 kind, or engage in any split-fee arrangement, in any form

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whatsoever, in return for referring patients or patronage to a health care provider or health care facility; $\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial \mathbf{r}}$

(c) Solicit or receive any commission, bonus, rebate, kickback, or bribe, directly or indirectly, in cash or in kind, or engage in any split-fee arrangement, in any form whatsoever, in return for the acceptance or acknowledgement of treatment from a health care provider or health care facility; or

 $\underline{(d)(c)}$ Aid, abet, advise, or otherwise participate in the conduct prohibited under paragraph (a), or paragraph (c).

- (2) For the purposes of this section, the term:
- (a) "Health care provider or health care facility" means any person or entity licensed, certified, or registered; required to be licensed, certified, or registered; or lawfully exempt from licensure, certification, or registration with the Agency for Health Care Administration; any person or entity that has contracted with the Agency for Health Care Administration to provide goods or services to Medicaid recipients as provided under s. 409.907; a county health department established under part I of chapter 154; any community service provider contracting with the Department of Children and Family Services to furnish alcohol, drug abuse, or mental health services under part IV of chapter 394; any substance abuse service provider licensed under chapter 397; or any federally supported primary care program such as a migrant or community health center authorized under ss. 329 and 330 of the United States Public Health Services Act.

843.08 Falsely personating officer, etc.--A person who 2 falsely assumes or pretends to be a sheriff, officer of the Florida Highway Patrol, officer of the Fish and Wildlife 3 Conservation Commission, officer of the Department of 4 Environmental Protection, officer of the Department of 5 Transportation, officer of the Department of Corrections, 7 officer of the Department of Financial Services, correctional 8 probation officer, deputy sheriff, state attorney or assistant 9 state attorney, statewide prosecutor or assistant statewide prosecutor, state attorney investigator, coroner, police 10 officer, lottery special agent or lottery investigator, 11 12 beverage enforcement agent, or watchman, or any member of the 13 Parole Commission and any administrative aide or supervisor employed by the commission, or any personnel or representative 14 of the Department of Law Enforcement, and takes upon himself 15 or herself to act as such, or to require any other person to 16 17 aid or assist him or her in a matter pertaining to the duty of 18 any such officer, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 19 775.084; however, a person who falsely personates any such 20 21 officer during the course of the commission of a felony 22 commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided 23 in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084; except that if the commission of the felony results in the death or personal 2.4 injury of another human being, the person commits a felony of 25 26 the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 27 775.083, or s. 775.084. 2.8 Section 15. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 29 invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of 30 the act which can be given effect without the invalid

1	provision or application, and to this end the provisions of
2	this act are declared severable.
3	Section 16. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005.
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5	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN
6	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR <u>Senate Bill 2330</u>
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8	clinic director to refer patients to a clinic for specified
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10	Allows alien surplus lines insurers to use irrevocable,
11	unconditional, and evergreen letters of credit issued by a qualified U.S. financial institution to be used to fund the
12	\$5.4 million trust fund which serves to protect all policyholders.
13	Provides that it is a second degree misdemeanor for a person
14	to willfully violate a rule of the Office of Insurance Regulation.
15	Deletes a conflicting criminal penalty under the workers'
16	compensation law that makes a violation of a stop-work order issued by the Department of Financial Services a first-degree
17	misdemeanor because such violation is presently a third-degree felony.
18	Deletes the term "hospitalization" and inserts "medical
19	treatment" to provide that it is a second degree felony for an employer to fail to secure workers' compensation insurance for
20	an employee and such employee subsequently suffers a work-related injury requiring "medical treatment."
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