$\ensuremath{\mathbf{By}}$ the Committee on Criminal Justice; and Senators Campbell and Bullard

591-2010-05

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to hazing; providing a popular
3	name; specifying conduct that constitutes
4	hazing at high schools with grades 9-12;
5	creating new offenses of hazing at such a high
6	school; providing a definition; providing for
7	felony and misdemeanor offenses of hazing at
8	such a high school; specifying the elements of
9	each offense; providing criminal penalties;
10	requiring the court to impose a
11	hazing-education course as a condition of
12	sentence in certain circumstances; authorizing
13	the court to impose a condition of drug or
14	alcohol probation in certain circumstances;
15	specifying circumstances that do not constitute
16	a valid defense to a prosecution of hazing at
17	such a high school; creating a rule of
18	construction; amending s. 1006.63, F.S.;
19	revising a definition; providing for felony and
20	misdemeanor offenses of hazing at postsecondary
21	educational institutions; specifying the
22	elements of each offense; providing for
23	criminal penalties; requiring the court to
24	impose a hazing-education course as a condition
25	of sentence in certain circumstances;
26	authorizing the court to impose a condition of
27	drug or alcohol probation in certain
28	circumstances; specifying circumstances that do
29	not constitute a valid defense to a prosecution
30	for the offense of hazing; creating a rule of
31	construction; amending s. 1001.64, F.S., to

1 conform a cross-reference; providing 2 construction with respect to civil causes of action; providing applicability; providing an 3 4 effective date. 5 6 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 7 8 Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Chad Meredith 9 Act." 10 Section 2. Hazing at high schools with grades 9-12 prohibited. --11 12 (1) As used in this section, "hazing" means any action 13 or situation that recklessly or intentionally endangers the mental or physical health or safety of a student at a high 14 school with grades 9 through 12 for purposes, including, but 15 not limited to, initiation or admission into or affiliation 16 with any organization operating under the sanction of a high school with grades 9 through 12. "Hazing" includes, but is not 18 limited to, pressuring or coercing the student into violating 19 state or federal law, any brutality of a physical nature, such 2.0 21 as whipping, beating, branding, exposure to the elements, forced consumption of any food, liquor, drug, or other 22 23 substance, or other forced physical activity that could adversely affect the physical health or safety of the student, 2.4 and also includes any activity that would subject the student 2.5 to extreme mental stress, such as sleep deprivation, forced 2.6 27 exclusion from social contact, forced conduct that could 2.8 result in extreme embarrassment, or other forced activity that could adversely affect the mental health or dignity of the 29 30 student. Hazing does not include customary athletic events or 31

1	other similar contests or competitions or any activity or
2	conduct that furthers a legal and legitimate objective.
3	(2) A person commits hazing, a third-degree felony,
4	punishable as provided in section 775.082 or section 775.083,
5	Florida Statutes, when he or she intentionally or recklessly
6	commits any act of hazing as defined in subsection (1) upon
7	another person who is a member of or an applicant to any type
8	of student organization and the hazing results in serious
9	bodily injury or death of such other person.
10	(3) A person commits hazing, a first-degree
11	misdemeanor, punishable as provided in section 775.082 or
12	section 775.083, Florida Statutes, when he or she
13	intentionally or recklessly commits any act of hazing as
14	defined in subsection (1) upon another person who is a member
15	of or an applicant to any type of student organization and the
16	hazing creates a substantial risk of physical injury or death
17	to such other person.
18	(4) As a condition of any sentence imposed pursuant to
19	subsection (2) or subsection (3), the court shall order the
20	defendant to attend and complete a 4-hour hazing-education
21	course and may also impose a condition of drug or alcohol
22	probation.
23	(5) It is not a defense to a charge of hazing that:
24	(a) Consent of the victim had been obtained;
25	(b) The conduct or activity that resulted in the death
26	or injury of a person was not part of an official
27	organizational event or was not otherwise sanctioned or
28	approved by the organization; or
29	(c) The conduct or activity that resulted in death or
30	injury of the person was not done as a condition of membership
31	to an organization.

2

3 4

5 6

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

14

15 16

18

19

2021

22

23

2425

26

27

2.8

29

30

(6) This section shall not be construed to preclude prosecution for a more general offense resulting from the same criminal transaction or episode.

Section 3. Section 1006.63, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.63 Hazing prohibited.--

(1) As used in this section, "hazing" means any action or situation that recklessly or intentionally endangers the mental or physical health or safety of a student for purposes, including, but not limited to, the purpose of initiation or admission into or affiliation with any organization operating under the sanction of a postsecondary institution. "Hazing" Such term includes, but is not limited to, pressuring or coercing the student into violating state or federal law, any brutality of a physical nature, such as whipping, beating, branding, forced calisthenics, exposure to the elements, forced consumption of any food, liquor, drug, or other substance, or other forced physical activity that which could adversely affect the physical health or safety of the student, and also includes any activity that which would subject the student to extreme mental stress, such as sleep deprivation, forced exclusion from social contact, forced conduct that which could result in extreme embarrassment, or other forced activity that which could adversely affect the mental health or dignity of the student. Hazing does not include customary athletic events or other similar contests or competitions or any activity or conduct that furthers a legal and legitimate objective.

(2) A person commits hazing, a third-degree felony, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, when he or she intentionally or recklessly commits any act of hazing as

1	defined in subsection (1) upon another person who is a member
2	of or an applicant to any type of student organization and the
3	hazing results in serious bodily injury or death of such other
4	person.
5	(3) A person commits hazing, a first-degree
6	misdemeanor, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
7	775.083, when he or she intentionally or recklessly commits
8	any act of hazing as defined in subsection (1) upon another
9	person who is a member of or an applicant to any type of
10	student organization and the hazing creates a substantial risk
11	of physical injury or death to such other person.
12	(4) As a condition of any sentence imposed pursuant to
13	subsection (2) or subsection (3), the court shall order the
14	defendant to attend and complete a 4-hour hazing-education
15	course and may also impose a condition of drug or alcohol
16	probation.
17	(5) It is not a defense to a charge of hazing that:
18	(a) The consent of the victim had been obtained;
19	(b) The conduct or activity that resulted in the death
20	or injury of a person was not part of an official
21	organizational event or was not otherwise sanctioned or
22	approved by the organization; or
23	(c) The conduct or activity that resulted in death or
24	injury of the person was not done as a condition of membership
25	to an organization.
26	(6) This section shall not be construed to preclude
27	prosecution for a more general offense resulting from the same
28	criminal transaction or episode.
29	$\frac{(7)(2)}{(2)}$ Public and nonpublic postsecondary educational
30	institutions whose students receive state student financial

31 assistance must adopt a written antihazing policy and under

2.8

such policy must adopt rules prohibiting students or other persons associated with any student organization from engaging in hazing.

(8)(3) Public and nonpublic postsecondary educational institutions must provide a program for the enforcement of such rules and must adopt appropriate penalties for violations of such rules, to be administered by the person at the institution responsible for the sanctioning of such organizations.

- (a) Such penalties at community colleges and state universities may include the imposition of fines; the withholding of diplomas or transcripts pending compliance with the rules or pending payment of fines; and the imposition of probation, suspension, or dismissal.
- (b) In the case of an organization at a community college or state university that which authorizes hazing in blatant disregard of such rules, penalties may also include rescission of permission for that organization to operate on campus property or to otherwise operate under the sanction of the institution.
- (c) All penalties imposed under the authority of this subsection shall be in addition to any penalty imposed for violation of any of the criminal laws of this state or for violation of any other rule of the institution to which the violator may be subject.
- (9)(4) Rules adopted pursuant hereto shall apply to acts conducted on or off campus whenever such acts are deemed to constitute hazing.
- $\underline{(10)(5)}$ Upon approval of the antihazing policy of a community college or state university and of the rules and penalties adopted pursuant thereto, the institution shall

31

1	provide a copy of such policy, rules, and penalties to each
2	student enrolled in that institution and shall require the
3	inclusion of such policy, rules, and penalties in the bylaws
4	of every organization operating under the sanction of the
5	institution.
6	Section 4. Paragraph (e) of subsection (8) of section
7	1001.64, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
8	1001.64 Community college boards of trustees; powers
9	and duties
10	(8) Each board of trustees has authority for policies
11	related to students, enrollment of students, student records,
12	student activities, financial assistance, and other student
13	services.
14	(e) Each board of trustees must adopt a written
15	antihazing policy, provide a program for the enforcement of
16	such rules, and adopt appropriate penalties for violations of
17	such rules pursuant to the provisions of s. $1006.63\frac{(1)}{(3)}$.
18	Section 5. Nothing in this act shall be construed to
19	constitute grounds for any civil cause of action that is not
20	otherwise provided in law.
21	Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005,
22	and shall apply to offenses committed on or after that date.
23	
24	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN
25	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR <u>Senate Bill 782</u>
26	
27	Language is added to sections 2 and 3 of the bill to establish
28	that this statute may not be construed to prohibit prosecution of a more general offense which results from the same criminal
29	episode as the hazing.
30	