By Senator Clary

4-1562-06

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the tax on intangible
3	personal property; repealing ch. 199, F.S., the
4	"Intangible Personal Property Tax Act";
5	amending ss. 28.35, 72.011, 192.091, 196.199,
6	196.1993, 199.1055, 212.02, 213.015, 213.05,
7	213.053, 213.054, 213.13, 213.27, 215.555,
8	220.1845, 288.039, 288.1045, 288.106, 288.1067,
9	376.30781, 493.6102, 516.031, 627.311, 627.351,
10	650.05, 655.071, 733.702, and 766.105, Florida
11	Statutes, to conform to that repeal; repealing
12	ss. 192.032(5), 192.042(3), 193.114(4),
13	196.015(9), and 341.840(6), F.S., relating to
14	the situs of property for assessment purposes,
15	the date of assessment of property, the
16	preparation of assessment rolls, the filing of
17	intangible tax returns as a factor in
18	determining residency, and a tax exemption for
19	certain leasehold interests of the Florida
20	High-Speed Rail Authority; amending s.
21	192.0105, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference;
22	providing an effective date.
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24	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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26	Section 1. Chapter 199, Florida Statutes, consisting
27	of sections 199.012, 199.023, 199.032, 199.033, 199.042,
28	199.052, 199.057, 199.062, 199.103, 199.1055, 199.106,
29	199.133, 199.135, 199.143, 199.145, 199.155, 199.175, 199.183,
30	199.185, 199.1851, 199.202, 199.212, 199.218, 199.232,
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199.262, 199.272, 199.282, 199.292, and 199.303, Florida
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    Statutes, is repealed.
           Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section
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    28.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
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           28.35 Florida Clerks of Court Operations
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   Corporation. --
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           (1)
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           (c) For the purposes of s. 199.183(1), the corporation
    shall be considered a political subdivision of the state and
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    shall be exempt from the corporate income tax. The corporation
    is not subject to the procurement provisions of chapter 287
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    and policies and decisions of the corporation relating to
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    incurring debt, levying assessments, and the sale, issuance,
    continuation, terms, and claims under corporation policies,
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   and all services relating thereto, are not subject to the
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   provisions of chapter 120.
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           Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section
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    72.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
           72.011 Jurisdiction of circuit courts in specific tax
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   matters; administrative hearings and appeals; time for
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    commencing action; parties; deposits. --
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           (1)(a) A taxpayer may contest the legality of any
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    assessment or denial of refund of tax, fee, surcharge, permit,
    interest, or penalty provided for under s. 125.0104, s.
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    125.0108, chapter 198, chapter 199, chapter 201, chapter 202,
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    chapter 203, chapter 206, chapter 207, chapter 210, chapter
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    211, chapter 212, chapter 213, chapter 220, chapter 221, s.
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    370.07(3), chapter 376, s. 403.717, s. 403.718, s. 403.7185,
    s. 538.09, s. 538.25, chapter 550, chapter 561, chapter 562,
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    chapter 563, chapter 564, chapter 565, chapter 624, or s.
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   681.117 by filing an action in circuit court; or,
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alternatively, the taxpayer may file a petition under the
applicable provisions of chapter 120. However, once an action
has been initiated under s. 120.56, s. 120.565, s. 120.569, s.
120.57, or s. 120.80(14)(b), no action relating to the same
subject matter may be filed by the taxpayer in circuit court,
and judicial review shall be exclusively limited to appellate
review pursuant to s. 120.68; and once an action has been
initiated in circuit court, no action may be brought under
chapter 120.

Section 4. Subsections (5) and (6) of section 192.091, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

192.091 Commissions of property appraisers and tax collectors.--

- (5) Provided, that the provisions of This section does shall not apply to commissions on intangible property taxes or drainage district or drainage subdistrict taxes; and
- appraiser or tax collector in the state is receiving compensation for expenses in conducting his or her office or by way of salary pursuant to any act of the Legislature other than the general law fixing compensation of property appraisers, the such property appraiser or tax collector may file a declaration in writing with the board of county commissioners of his or her county electing to be subject to come under the provisions of this section, and thereupon the such property appraiser or tax collector shall be paid compensation in accordance with this section the provisions hereof, and shall not be entitled to the benefit of the said special or local act. If the such property appraiser or tax collector does not so elect, he or she shall continue to be

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paid such compensation as \underline{is} \underline{may} now \underline{be} provided by law for such \underline{a} property appraiser or tax collector.

Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 196.199, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

196.199 Government property exemption.--

- (2) Property owned by the following governmental units but used by nongovernmental lessees shall only be exempt from taxation under the following conditions:
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), the exemption provided by this subsection does shall not apply to those portions of a leasehold or other interest defined by s. 199.023(1)(d), Florida Statutes, 2005, subject to the provisions of subsection (7). Such leasehold or other interest shall be taxed only as intangible personal property pursuant to chapter 199 if rental payments are due in consideration of such leasehold or other interest. If no rental payments are due pursuant to the agreement creating such leasehold or other interest, the leasehold or other interest shall be taxed as real property. Nothing in This paragraph does not shall be deemed to exempt personal property, buildings, or other real property improvements owned by the lessee from ad valorem taxation.

Section 6. Section 196.1993, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

196.1993 Certain agreements with local governments for use of public 196.1993 Certain agreements with local governments for use of public property; exemption.--Any agreement entered into with a local governmental authority prior to January 1, 1969, for use of public property, under which it was understood and agreed in a written instrument or by special act that no ad valorem real property taxes would be

different meaning:

paid by the licensee or lessee, shall be deemed a license or management agreement for the use or management of public property. Such interest shall be deemed not to convey an 3 interest in the property and shall not be subject to ad 5 valorem real property taxation. Nothing in This section does not shall be deemed to exempt such a licensee from the ad valorem intangible tax and the ad valorem personal property 8 tax. Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 9 199.1055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 10 199.1055 Contaminated site rehabilitation tax 11 12 credit.--(3) ADMINISTRATION; AUDIT AUTHORITY; TAX CREDIT 13 FORFEITURE. --14 (b) In addition to its existing audit and 15 investigation authority relating to chapter chapters 199 and 16 220, the Department of Revenue may perform any additional financial and technical audits and investigations, including 18 examining the accounts, books, or records of the tax credit 19 applicant, which are necessary to verify the site 20 21 rehabilitation costs included in a tax credit return and to ensure compliance with this section. The Department of 23 Environmental Protection shall provide technical assistance, when requested by the Department of Revenue, on any technical 2.4 audits performed under this section. 25 Section 8. Subsection (19) of section 212.02, Florida 26 27 Statutes, is amended to read: 2.8 212.02 Definitions.--The following terms and phrases 29 when used in this chapter have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a 30

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(19) "Tangible personal property" means and includes personal property that which may be seen, weighed, measured, or touched or is in any manner perceptible to the senses, including electric power or energy, boats, motor vehicles and mobile homes as defined in s. 320.01(1) and (2), aircraft as defined in s. 330.27, and all other types of vehicles. The term "tangible personal property" does not include stocks, bonds, notes, insurance, or other obligations or securities; intangible property as defined in s. 717.101(14) intangibles as defined by the intangible tax law of the state; or pari-mutuel tickets sold or issued under the racing laws of the state.

Section 9. Subsections (3), (6), and (11) of section 213.015, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

213.015 Taxpayer rights.--There is created a Florida Taxpayer's Bill of Rights to quarantee that the rights, privacy, and property of Florida taxpayers are adequately safeguarded and protected during tax assessment, collection, and enforcement processes administered under the revenue laws of this state. The Taxpayer's Bill of Rights compiles, in one document, brief but comprehensive statements which explain, in simple, nontechnical terms, the rights and obligations of the Department of Revenue and taxpayers. Section 192.0105 provides additional rights afforded to payors of property taxes and assessments. The rights afforded taxpayers to ensure that their privacy and property are safeguarded and protected during tax assessment and collection are available only insofar as they are implemented in other parts of the Florida Statutes or rules of the Department of Revenue. The rights so guaranteed Florida taxpayers in the Florida Statutes and the departmental rules are:

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(3) The right to be represented or advised by counsel
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    or other qualified representatives at any time in
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   administrative interactions with the department, the right to
   procedural safeguards with respect to recording of interviews
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   during tax determination or collection processes conducted by
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    the department, the right to be treated in a professional
   manner by department personnel, and the right to have audits,
    inspections of records, and interviews conducted at a
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   reasonable time and place except in criminal and internal
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    investigations (see ss. 198.06, <del>199.218,</del> 201.11(1), 203.02,
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    206.14, 211.125(3), 211.33(3), 212.0305(3), 212.12(5)(a),
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    (6)(a), and (13), 212.13(5), 213.05, 213.21(1)(a) and (c), and
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    213.34).
           (6) The right to be informed of impending collection
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    actions which require sale or seizure of property or freezing
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    of assets, except jeopardy assessments, and the right to at
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    least 30 days' notice in which to pay the liability or seek
    further review (see ss. 198.20, <del>199.262,</del> 201.16, 206.075,
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    206.24, 211.125(5), 212.03(5), 212.0305(3)(j), 212.04(7),
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    212.14(1), 213.73(3), 213.731, and 220.739).
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           (11) The right to procedures for requesting
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    cancellation, release, or modification of liens filed by the
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    department and for requesting that any lien which is filed in
    error be so noted on the lien cancellation filed by the
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   department, in public notice, and in notice to any credit
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    agency at the taxpayer's request (see ss. 198.22, 199.262,
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    212.15(4), 213.733, and 220.819).
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           Section 10. Section 213.05, Florida Statutes, is
    amended to read:
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           213.05 Department of Revenue; control and
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   administration of revenue laws. -- The Department of Revenue
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shall have only those responsibilities for ad valorem taxation 2 specified to the department in chapter 192, taxation, general provisions; chapter 193, assessments; chapter 194, 3 administrative and judicial review of property taxes; chapter 4 5 195, property assessment administration and finance; chapter 196, exemption; chapter 197, tax collections, sales, and 7 liens; chapter 199, intangible personal property taxes; and 8 chapter 200, determination of millage. The Department of 9 Revenue shall have the responsibility of regulating, 10 controlling, and administering all revenue laws and performing all duties as provided in s. 125.0104, the Local Option 11 12 Tourist Development Act; s. 125.0108, tourist impact tax; 13 chapter 198, estate taxes; chapter 201, excise tax on documents; chapter 202, communications services tax; chapter 14 203, gross receipts taxes; chapter 206, motor and other fuel 15 taxes; chapter 211, tax on production of oil and gas and 16 severance of solid minerals; chapter 212, tax on sales, use, 18 and other transactions; chapter 220, income tax code; chapter 221, emergency excise tax; ss. 336.021 and 336.025, taxes on 19 motor fuel and special fuel; s. 370.07(3), Apalachicola Bay 20 21 oyster surcharge; s. 376.11, pollutant spill prevention and 22 control; s. 403.718, waste tire fees; s. 403.7185, lead-acid 23 battery fees; s. 538.09, registration of secondhand dealers; s. 538.25, registration of secondary metals recyclers; s. 2.4 624.4621, group self-insurer's fund premium tax; s. 624.5091, 25 26 retaliatory tax; s. 624.475, commercial self-insurance fund 27 premium tax; ss. 624.509-624.511, insurance code: 2.8 administration and general provisions; s. 624.515, State Fire Marshal regulatory assessment; s. 627.357, medical malpractice 29 30 self-insurance premium tax; s. 629.5011, reciprocal insurers 31

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premium tax; and s. 681.117, motor vehicle warranty
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    enforcement.
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           Section 11. Subsections (1) and (4), paragraphs (k)
   and (p) of subsection (7), and paragraph (a) of subsection
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    (14) of section 213.053, Florida Statutes, are amended to
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   read:
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           213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing.--
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           (1)(a) The provisions of This section applies apply to
    s. 125.0104, county government; s. 125.0108, tourist impact
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    tax; chapter 175, municipal firefighters' pension trust funds;
    chapter 185, municipal police officers' retirement trust
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    funds; chapter 198, estate taxes; chapter 199, intangible
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   personal property taxes; chapter 201, excise tax on documents;
    chapter 203, gross receipts taxes; chapter 211, tax on
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    severance and production of minerals; chapter 212, tax on
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    sales, use, and other transactions; chapter 220, income tax
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    code; chapter 221, emergency excise tax; s. 252.372, emergency
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   management, preparedness, and assistance surcharge; s.
    370.07(3), Apalachicola Bay oyster surcharge; chapter 376,
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   pollutant spill prevention and control; s. 403.718, waste tire
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    fees; s. 403.7185, lead-acid battery fees; s. 538.09,
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   registration of secondhand dealers; s. 538.25, registration of
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    secondary metals recyclers; ss. 624.501 and 624.509-624.515,
    insurance code; s. 681.117, motor vehicle warranty
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    enforcement; and s. 896.102, reports of financial transactions
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    in trade or business.
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           (b) The provisions of This section also applies apply
    to chapter 202, the Communications Services Tax Simplification
   Law. This paragraph is subject to the Open Government Sunset
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   Review Act of 1995 in accordance with s. 119.15, and shall
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stand repealed on October 2, 2006, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

- (4) Nothing contained in This section does not shall prevent the department from publishing statistics so classified as to prevent the identification of particular accounts, reports, declarations, or returns or prevent the department from disclosing to the Chief Financial Officer the names and addresses of those taxpayers who have claimed an exemption pursuant to s. 199.185(1)(i) or a deduction pursuant to s. 220.63(5).
- (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the department may provide:
- (k)1. Payment information relative to chapters 199, 201, 212, 220, 221, and 624 to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, or its employees or agents that are identified in writing by the office to the department, in the administration of the tax refund program for qualified defense contractors authorized by s. 288.1045 and the tax refund program for qualified target industry businesses authorized by s. 288.106.
- 2. Information relative to tax credits taken by a business under s. 220.191 and exemptions or tax refunds received by a business under s. 212.08(5)(j) to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, or its employees or agents that are identified in writing by the office to the department, in the administration and evaluation of the capital investment tax credit program authorized in s. 220.191 and the semiconductor, defense, and space tax exemption program authorized in s. 212.08(5)(j).

(p) Information relative to ss. 199.1055, 220.1845, 2 and 376.30781 to the Department of Environmental Protection in the conduct of its official business. 3 4 Disclosure of information under this subsection shall be 5 pursuant to a written agreement between the executive director and the agency. Such agencies, governmental or 8 nongovernmental, shall be bound by the same requirements of confidentiality as the Department of Revenue. Breach of 9 confidentiality is a misdemeanor of the first degree, 10 punishable as provided by s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 11 12 (14)(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 13 section, the department shall, subject to the safeguards specified in paragraph (c), disclose to the Division of 14 Corporations of the Department of State the name, address, 15 federal employer identification number, and duration of tax 16 filings with this state of all corporate or partnership entities which are not on file or have a dissolved status with 18 the Division of Corporations and which have filed tax returns 19 pursuant to either chapter 199 or chapter 220. 20 21 Section 12. Section 213.054, Florida Statutes, is 2.2 amended to read: 23 213.054 Persons claiming tax exemptions or deductions; annual report. -- The Department of Revenue shall be responsible 2.4 for monitoring the utilization of tax exemptions and tax 25 deductions authorized pursuant to chapter 81-179, Laws of 26 27 Florida. On or before September 1 of each year, the department shall report to the Chief Financial Officer the names and addresses of all persons who have claimed an 29 exemption pursuant to s. 199.185(1)(i) or a deduction pursuant 30 to s. 220.63(5). 31

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Section 13. Subsection (2) of section 213.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 213.13 Electronic remittance and distribution of funds collected by clerks of the court.--
- (2) The funds to be remitted electronically by the clerks include proceeds from the taxes imposed by chapter 199, chapter 201, and all other fees, fines, reimbursements, court costs, or other court-related funds that the clerks must remit to the state pursuant to law. At a minimum, these electronic remittance procedures must include:
- (a) The prescribed reporting frequency and time period for the clerks to remit such funds and the prescribed time period in which the department must electronically deposit the funds received to the appropriate state and local funds and accounts;
- (b) The electronic format and type of debit remittance system to be used by the clerks to remit the funds to the department;
- (c) The means of communication used to transmit the required information; and
- $\mbox{(d)}\mbox{ }\mbox{The information that must be submitted with such remittance.}$
- Section 14. Section 213.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 213.27 Contracts with debt collection agencies and certain vendors.--
- (1) The Department of Revenue may, for the purpose of collecting any delinquent taxes due from a taxpayer, including taxes for which a bill or notice has been generated, contract with any debt collection agency or attorney doing business within or without this state for the collection of such

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delinquent taxes, including penalties and interest thereon. 2 The department may also share confidential information pursuant to the contract necessary for the collection of 3 delinquent taxes and taxes for which a billing or notice has 4 been generated. Contracts will be made pursuant to chapter 5 287. The taxpayer must be notified by mail by the department, 7 its employees, or its authorized representative at least 30 8 days prior to commencing any litigation to recover any delinquent taxes. The taxpayer must be notified by mail by the 9 10 department at least 30 days prior to the initial assignment by the department of the taxpayer's account for the collection of 11 12 any taxes by the debt collection agency.

individual or business for the purpose of identifying intangible personal property tax liability. Contracts may provide for the identification of assets subject to the tax on intangible personal property, the determination of value of such property, the requirement for filing a tax return and the collection of taxes due, including applicable penalties and interest thereon. The department may share confidential information pursuant to the contract necessary for the identification of taxable intangible personal property. Contracts shall be made pursuant to chapter 287. The taxpayer must be notified by mail by the department at least 30 days prior to the department assigning identification of intangible personal property to an individual or business.

(2)(3) Any contract may provide, in the discretion of the executive director of the Department of Revenue, the manner in which the compensation for such services will be paid. Under standards established by the department, such compensation shall be added to the amount of the tax and

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collected as a part thereof by the agency or deducted from the amount of tax, penalty, and interest actually collected.

(3)(4) All funds collected under the terms of the contract, less the fees provided in the contract, shall be remitted to the department within 30 days from the date of collection from a taxpayer. Forms to be used for such purpose shall be prescribed by the department.

(4)(5) The department shall require a bond from the debt collection agency in an amount or the individual or business contracted with under subsection (2) not in excess of \$100,000 guaranteeing compliance with the terms of the contract. However, a bond in the amount of \$10,000 is required from a debt collection agency if the agency does not actually collect and remit delinquent funds to the department.

(5)(6) The department may, for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of or collecting any taxes due from a person doing mail order business in this state, contract with any auditing agency doing business within or without this state for the purpose of conducting an audit of such mail order business; however, such audit agency may not conduct an audit on behalf of the department of any person domiciled in this state, person registered for sales and use tax purposes in this state, or corporation filing a Florida corporate tax return, if any such person or corporation objects to such audit in writing to the department and the auditing agency. The department shall notify the taxpayer by mail at least 30 days before the department assigns the collection of such taxes.

(6)(7) Confidential information shared by the department with debt collection or auditing agencies or individuals or businesses with which the department has

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contracted under subsection (2) is exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1), and debt collection or auditing agencies and individuals or businesses with which the department has contracted under subsection (2) shall be bound by the same requirements of confidentiality as the Department of Revenue. Breach of confidentiality is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided by ss. 775.082 and 775.083.

(7)(8)(a) The executive director of the department may enter into contracts with private vendors to develop and implement systems to enhance tax collections where compensation to the vendors is funded through increased tax collections. The amount of compensation paid to a vendor shall be based on a percentage of increased tax collections attributable to the system after all administrative and judicial appeals are exhausted, and the total amount of compensation paid to a vendor shall not exceed the maximum amount stated in the contract.

- (b) A person acting on behalf of the department under a contract authorized by this subsection does not exercise any of the powers of the department, except that the person is an agent of the department for the purposes of developing and implementing a system to enhance tax collection.
- (c) Disclosure of information under this subsection must shall be pursuant to a written agreement between the executive director and the private vendors. The vendors shall be bound by the same requirements of confidentiality as the department. Breach of confidentiality is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- Section 15. Paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 215.555, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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- 215.555 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. --
- 2 (6) REVENUE BONDS.--
 - (d) Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Finance Corporation.--
 - 1. In addition to the findings and declarations in subsection (1), the Legislature also finds and declares that:
 - a. The public benefits corporation created under this paragraph will provide a mechanism necessary for the cost-effective and efficient issuance of bonds. This mechanism will eliminate unnecessary costs in the bond issuance process, thereby increasing the amounts available to pay reimbursement for losses to property sustained as a result of hurricane damage.
 - b. The purpose of such bonds is to fund reimbursements through the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to pay for the costs of construction, reconstruction, repair, restoration, and other costs associated with damage to properties of policyholders of covered policies due to the occurrence of a hurricane.
 - c. The efficacy of the financing mechanism will be enhanced by the corporation's ownership of the assessments, by the insulation of the assessments from possible bankruptcy proceedings, and by covenants of the state with the corporation's bondholders.
 - 2.a. There is created a public benefits corporation, which is an instrumentality of the state, to be known as the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Finance Corporation.
 - b. The corporation shall operate under a five-member board of directors consisting of the Governor or a designee, the Chief Financial Officer or a designee, the Attorney General or a designee, the director of the Division of Bond

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Finance of the State Board of Administration, and the senior employee of the State Board of Administration responsible for operations of the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.

- c. The corporation has all of the powers of corporations under chapter 607 and under chapter 617, subject only to the provisions of this subsection.
- d. The corporation may issue bonds and engage in such other financial transactions as are necessary to provide sufficient funds to achieve the purposes of this section.
- e. The corporation may invest in any of the investments authorized under s. 215.47.
- f. There shall be no liability on the part of, and no cause of action shall arise against, any board members or employees of the corporation for any actions taken by them in the performance of their duties under this paragraph.
- 3.a. In actions under chapter 75 to validate any bonds issued by the corporation, the notice required by s. 75.06 shall be published only in Leon County and in two newspapers of general circulation in the state, and the complaint and order of the court shall be served only on the State Attorney of the Second Judicial Circuit.
- b. The state hereby covenants with holders of bonds of the corporation that the state will not repeal or abrogate the power of the board to direct the Office of Insurance Regulation to levy the assessments and to collect the proceeds of the revenues pledged to the payment of such bonds as long as any such bonds remain outstanding unless adequate provision has been made for the payment of such bonds pursuant to the documents authorizing the issuance of such bonds.
- 4. The bonds of the corporation are not a debt of the state or of any political subdivision, and neither the state

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nor any political subdivision is liable on such bonds. The corporation does not have the power to pledge the credit, the revenues, or the taxing power of the state or of any political subdivision. The credit, revenues, or taxing power of the state or of any political subdivision shall not be deemed to be pledged to the payment of any bonds of the corporation.

- 5.a. The property, revenues, and other assets of the corporation; the transactions and operations of the corporation and the income from such transactions and operations; and all bonds issued under this paragraph and interest on such bonds are exempt from taxation by the state and any political subdivision, including the intangibles tax under chapter 199 and the income tax under chapter 220. This exemption does not apply to any tax imposed by chapter 220 on interest, income, or profits on debt obligations owned by corporations other than the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Finance Corporation.
- b. All bonds of the corporation shall be and constitute legal investments without limitation for all public bodies of this state; for all banks, trust companies, savings banks, savings associations, savings and loan associations, and investment companies; for all administrators, executors, trustees, and other fiduciaries; for all insurance companies and associations and other persons carrying on an insurance business; and for all other persons who are now or may hereafter be authorized to invest in bonds or other obligations of the state and shall be and constitute eligible securities to be deposited as collateral for the security of any state, county, municipal, or other public funds. This sub-subparagraph shall be considered as additional and

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supplemental authority and shall not be limited without specific reference to this sub-subparagraph.

6. The corporation and its corporate existence shall continue until terminated by law; however, no such law shall take effect as long as the corporation has bonds outstanding unless adequate provision has been made for the payment of such bonds pursuant to the documents authorizing the issuance of such bonds. Upon termination of the existence of the corporation, all of its rights and properties in excess of its obligations shall pass to and be vested in the state.

Section 16. Section 220.1845, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.1845 Contaminated site rehabilitation tax credit.--

- (1) AUTHORIZATION FOR TAX CREDIT; LIMITATIONS.--
- (a) A credit in the amount of 35 percent of the costs of voluntary cleanup activity that is integral to site rehabilitation at the following sites is available against any tax due for a taxable year under this chapter:
- A drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site eligible for state-funded site rehabilitation under s. 376.3078(3);
- 2. A drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site at which cleanup is undertaken by the real property owner pursuant to s. 376.3078(11), if the real property owner is not also, and has never been, the owner or operator of the drycleaning facility where the contamination exists; or
- 3. A brownfield site in a designated brownfield area under s. 376.80.
 - (b) A tax credit applicant, or multiple tax credit applicants working jointly to clean up a single site, may not be granted more than \$250,000 per year in tax credits for each

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site voluntarily rehabilitated. Multiple tax credit applicants shall be granted tax credits in the same proportion as their contribution to payment of cleanup costs. Subject to the same conditions and limitations as provided in this section, a municipality, county, or other tax credit applicant which voluntarily rehabilitates a site may receive not more than \$250,000 per year in tax credits which it can subsequently transfer subject to the provisions in paragraph (h).

- (c) If the credit granted under this section is not fully used in any one year because of insufficient tax liability on the part of the corporation, the unused amount may be carried forward for a period not to exceed 5 years. The carryover credit may be used in a subsequent year when the tax imposed by this chapter for that year exceeds the credit for which the corporation is eligible in that year under this section after applying the other credits and unused carryovers in the order provided by s. 220.02(8). Five years after the date a credit is granted under this section, such credit expires and may not be used. However, if during the 5-year period the credit is transferred, in whole or in part, pursuant to paragraph (h), each transferee has 5 years after the date of transfer to use its credit.
- (d) A taxpayer that files a consolidated return in this state as a member of an affiliated group under s. 220.131(1) may be allowed the credit on a consolidated return basis up to the amount of tax imposed upon the consolidated group.

(e) A taxpayer that receives credit under s. 199.1055 is ineligible to receive credit under this section in a given tax year.

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(e)(f) A tax credit applicant that receives state-funded site rehabilitation under s. 376.3078(3) for rehabilitation of a drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site is ineligible to receive credit under this section for costs incurred by the tax credit applicant in conjunction with the rehabilitation of that site during the same time period that state-administered site rehabilitation was underway.

 $\underline{(f)(g)}$ The total amount of the tax credits which may be granted under this section and s. 199.1055 is \$2 million annually.

(q)(h)1. Tax credits that may be available under this section to an entity eligible under s. 376.30781 may be transferred after a merger or acquisition to the surviving or acquiring entity and used in the same manner and with the same limitations.

- 2. The entity or its surviving or acquiring entity as described in subparagraph 1., may transfer any unused credit in whole or in units of no less than 25 percent of the remaining credit. The entity acquiring such credit may use it in the same manner and with the same limitation as described in this section. Such transferred credits may not be transferred again although they may succeed to a surviving or acquiring entity subject to the same conditions and limitations as described in this section.
- 3. If In the event the credit provided for under this section is reduced either as a result of a determination by the Department of Environmental Protection or an examination or audit by the Department of Revenue, such tax deficiency shall be recovered from the first entity, or the surviving or acquiring entity, to have claimed such credit up to the amount of credit taken. Any subsequent deficiencies shall be assessed

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against any entity acquiring and claiming such credit, or in the case of multiple succeeding entities in the order of credit succession.

(h)(i) In order to encourage completion of site rehabilitation at contaminated sites being voluntarily cleaned up and eligible for a tax credit under this section, the tax credit applicant may claim an additional 10 percent of the total cleanup costs, not to exceed \$50,000, in the final year of cleanup as evidenced by the Department of Environmental Protection issuing a "No Further Action" order for that site.

- (2) FILING REQUIREMENTS.--Any corporation that wishes to obtain credit under this section must submit with its return a tax credit certificate approving partial tax credits issued by the Department of Environmental Protection under s. 376.30781.
- (3) ADMINISTRATION; AUDIT AUTHORITY; TAX CREDIT FORFEITURE.--
- (a) The Department of Revenue may adopt rules to prescribe any necessary forms required to claim a tax credit under this section and to provide the administrative guidelines and procedures required to administer this section.
- (b) In addition to its existing audit and investigation authority relating to chapter 199 and this chapter, the Department of Revenue may perform any additional financial and technical audits and investigations, including examining the accounts, books, or records of the tax credit applicant, which are necessary to verify the site rehabilitation costs included in a tax credit return and to ensure compliance with this section. The Department of Environmental Protection shall provide technical assistance,

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when requested by the Department of Revenue, on any technical audits performed pursuant to this section.

- (c) It is grounds for forfeiture of previously claimed and received tax credits if the Department of Revenue determines, as a result of either an audit or information received from the Department of Environmental Protection, that a taxpayer received tax credits pursuant to this section to which the taxpayer was not entitled. In the case of fraud, the taxpayer shall be prohibited from claiming any future tax credits under this section or s. 199.1055.
- 1. The taxpayer is responsible for returning forfeited tax credits to the Department of Revenue, and such funds shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the state.
- 2. The taxpayer shall file with the Department of Revenue an amended tax return or such other report as the Department of Revenue prescribes by rule and shall pay any required tax within 60 days after the taxpayer receives notification from the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to s. 376.30781 that previously approved tax credits have been revoked or modified, if uncontested, or within 60 days after a final order is issued following proceedings involving a contested revocation or modification order.
- 3. A notice of deficiency may be issued by the Department of Revenue at any time within 5 years after the date the taxpayer receives notification from the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to s. 376.30781 that previously approved tax credits have been revoked or modified. If a taxpayer fails to notify the Department of Revenue of any change in its tax credit claimed, a notice of deficiency may be issued at any time. In either case, the amount of any proposed assessment set forth in such notice of deficiency

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shall be limited to the amount of any deficiency resulting under this section from the recomputation of the taxpayer's tax for the taxable year. 3 4. Any taxpayer that fails to report and timely pay any tax due as a result of the forfeiture of its tax credit is 5 in violation of this section and is subject to applicable penalty and interest. Section 17. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 8 288.039, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 9 10 288.039 Employing and Training our Youths (ENTRY).--(2) TAX REFUND; ELIGIBLE AMOUNTS. --11 12 (b) After entering into an employment/tax refund 13 agreement under subsection (3), an eligible business may receive refunds for the following taxes or fees due and paid 14 by that business: 15 16 1. Taxes on sales, use, and other transactions under 17 chapter 212. 18 2. Corporate income taxes under chapter 220. 3. Intangible personal property taxes under chapter 19 199. 20 21 3.4. Emergency excise taxes under chapter 221. 22 4.5. Excise taxes on documents under chapter 201. 23 5.6. Ad valorem taxes paid, as defined in s. 220.03(1). 2.4 6.7. Insurance premium taxes under s. 624.509. 25 7.8. Occupational license fees under chapter 205. 26 27 However, an eligible business may not receive a refund under

this section for any amount of credit, refund, or exemption granted to that business for any of such taxes or fees. If a

- taxes or fees are subsequently adjusted by the application of any credit, refund, or exemption granted to the eligible business other than as provided in this section, the business shall reimburse the office for the amount of that credit, refund, or exemption. An eligible business shall notify and tender payment to the office within 20 days after receiving any credit, refund, or exemption other than the one provided in this section.
- 9 Section 18. Paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section 10 288.1045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 11 288.1045 Qualified defense contractor tax refund 12 program.--
 - (2) GRANTING OF A TAX REFUND; ELIGIBLE AMOUNTS.--
- (f) After entering into a tax refund agreement
 pursuant to subsection (4), a qualified applicant may receive
 refunds from the Economic Development Trust Fund for the
 following taxes due and paid by the qualified applicant
 beginning with the applicant's first taxable year that begins
 after entering into the agreement:
- 20 1. Taxes on sales, use, and other transactions paid 21 pursuant to chapter 212.
- 22 2. Corporate income taxes paid pursuant to chapter 23 220.
- 24 3. Intangible personal property taxes paid pursuant to chapter 199.
- 26 <u>3.4.</u> Emergency excise taxes paid pursuant to chapter 27 221.
- $\frac{4.5.}{29}$ Excise taxes paid on documents pursuant to
- 30 $\underline{5.6.}$ Ad valorem taxes paid, as defined in s.
- 31 220.03(1)(a) on June 1, 1996.

6.7. State communications services taxes administered 2 under chapter 202. This provision does not apply to the gross receipts tax imposed under chapter 203 and administered under 3 chapter 202 or the local communications services tax 4 authorized under s. 202.19. 5 6 7 However, a qualified applicant may not receive a tax refund 8 pursuant to this section for any amount of credit, refund, or exemption granted such contractor for any of such taxes. If a 9 refund for such taxes is provided by the office, which taxes 10 are subsequently adjusted by the application of any credit, 11 12 refund, or exemption granted to the qualified applicant other 13 than that provided in this section, the qualified applicant shall reimburse the Economic Development Trust Fund for the 14 amount of such credit, refund, or exemption. A qualified 15 applicant must notify and tender payment to the office within 16 17 20 days after receiving a credit, refund, or exemption, other than that provided in this section. The addition of 18 communications services taxes administered under chapter 202 19 is remedial in nature and retroactive to October 1, 2001. The 20 21 office may make supplemental tax refund payments to allow for tax refunds for communications services taxes paid by an 23 eligible qualified defense contractor after October 1, 2001. Section 19. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 2.4 288.106, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 25 288.106 Tax refund program for qualified target 26 27 industry businesses. --2.8 (2) TAX REFUND; ELIGIBLE AMOUNTS. --29 (c) After entering into a tax refund agreement under 30 subsection (4), a qualified target industry business may:

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1. Receive refunds from the account for the following 2 taxes due and paid by that business beginning with the first taxable year of the business which begins after entering into 3 4 the agreement: 5 a. Corporate income taxes under chapter 220. 6 b. Insurance premium tax under s. 624.509. 7 2. Receive refunds from the account for the following 8 taxes due and paid by that business after entering into the 9 agreement: 10 a. Taxes on sales, use, and other transactions under 11 chapter 212. 12 b. Intangible personal property taxes under chapter 13 199. b.c. Emergency excise taxes under chapter 221. 14 c.d. Excise taxes on documents under chapter 201. 15 16 d.e. Ad valorem taxes paid, as defined in s. 17 220.03(1). e.f. State communications services taxes administered 18 under chapter 202. This provision does not apply to the gross 19 receipts tax imposed under chapter 203 and administered under 20 21 chapter 202 or the local communications services tax 22 authorized under s. 202.19. 23 The addition of state communications services taxes 2.4 administered under chapter 202 is remedial in nature and 2.5 retroactive to October 1, 2001. The office may make 26 27 supplemental tax refund payments to allow for tax refunds for 2.8 communications services taxes paid by an eligible qualified

Section 20. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section

target industry business after October 1, 2001.

288.1067, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1 288.1067 Confidentiality of records.--2 (1) The following information held by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, Enterprise Florida, 3 4 Inc., or county or municipal governmental entities, and their employees or agents, pursuant to the incentive programs for 5 qualified businesses as provided in s. 220.191, s. 288.1045, s. 288.106, s. 288.108, or s. 288.1088 is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. 8 I of the State Constitution, for a period not to exceed the 9 duration of the relevant tax refund, tax credit, or incentive 10 11 agreement: 12 (q) The amount of: 13 1. Taxes on sales, use, and other transactions paid pursuant to chapter 212; 14 2. Corporate income taxes paid pursuant to chapter 15 16 220; 17 3. Intangible personal property taxes paid pursuant to 18 chapter 199; 19 3.4. Emergency excise taxes paid pursuant to chapter 221; 20 21 4.5. Insurance premium taxes paid pursuant to chapter 22 624; 23 5.6. Excise taxes paid on documents pursuant to chapter 201; or 2.4 6.7. Ad valorem taxes paid, as defined in s. 25 220.03(1), 26 27 2.8 which the qualified business reports on its application for 29 certification or reports during the term of the tax refund agreement, and for which the qualified business claims a tax 30 refund under s. 288.1045 or s. 288.106, and any such

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information held as evidence of the achievement or nonachievement of performance items contained in the tax refund agreement.

Section 21. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsections (3) and (12) of section 376.30781, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

376.30781 Partial tax credits for rehabilitation of drycleaning-solvent-contaminated sites and brownfield sites in designated brownfield areas; application process; rulemaking authority; revocation authority.--

- (2)(a) A credit in the amount of 35 percent of the costs of voluntary cleanup activity that is integral to site rehabilitation at the following sites is allowed pursuant to \underline{s} . \underline{ss} . $\underline{199.1055}$ and $\underline{220.1845}$:
- A drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site eligible for state-funded site rehabilitation under s. 376.3078(3);
- 2. A drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site at which cleanup is undertaken by the real property owner pursuant to s. 376.3078(11), if the real property owner is not also, and has never been, the owner or operator of the drycleaning facility where the contamination exists; or
- 3. A brownfield site in a designated brownfield area under s. 376.80.
- (3) The Department of Environmental Protection shall be responsible for allocating the tax credits provided for in s. ss. 199.1055 and 220.1845, not to exceed a total of \$2 million in tax credits annually.
- 28 (12) A tax credit applicant who receives state-funded 29 site rehabilitation under s. 376.3078(3) for rehabilitation of 30 a drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site is ineligible to 31 receive a tax credit under s. 199.1055 or s. 220.1845 for

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person applying for the loan;

each line-of-credit account;

costs incurred by the tax credit applicant in conjunction with 2 the rehabilitation of that site during the same time period that state-administered site rehabilitation was underway. 3 Section 22. Subsection (13) of section 493.6102, 4 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 6 493.6102 Inapplicability of this chapter. -- This 7 chapter shall not apply to: (13) Any individual employed as a security officer by 8 a church or ecclesiastical or denominational organization 9 having an established physical place of worship in this state 10 at which nonprofit religious services and activities are 11 12 regularly conducted or by a church cemetery religious 13 institution as defined in s. 199.183(2)(a) to provide security on the institution property of the organization or cemetery, 14 and who does not carry a firearm in the course of her or his 15 16 duties. Section 23. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 18 516.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 516.031 Finance charge; maximum rates.--19 (3) OTHER CHARGES.--2.0 21 (a) In addition to the interest, delinquency, and 22 insurance charges herein provided for, no further or other 23 charges or amount whatsoever for any examination, service, commission, or other thing or otherwise shall be directly or 2.4 indirectly charged, contracted for, or received as a condition 25 26 to the grant of a loan, except: 27 1. An amount not to exceed \$10 to reimburse a portion of the costs for investigating the character and credit of the

2. An annual fee of \$25 on the anniversary date of

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3. Charges paid for brokerage fee on a loan or line of credit of more than \$10,000, title insurance, and the appraisal of real property offered as security when paid to a third party and supported by an actual expenditure;

4. Intangible personal property tax on the loan note or obligation when secured by a lien on real property;

- 4.5. The documentary excise tax and lawful fees, if any, actually and necessarily paid out by the licensee to any public officer for filing, recording, or releasing in any public office any instrument securing the loan, which fees may be collected when the loan is made or at any time thereafter;
- 5.6. The premium payable for any insurance in lieu of perfecting any security interest otherwise required by the licensee in connection with the loan, if the premium does not exceed the fees which would otherwise be payable, which premium may be collected when the loan is made or at any time thereafter;
- 6.7. Actual and reasonable attorney's fees and court costs as determined by the court in which suit is filed;
- 7.8. Actual and commercially reasonable expenses of repossession, storing, repairing and placing in condition for sale, and selling of any property pledged as security; or
- 8.9. A delinquency charge not to exceed \$10 for each payment in default for a period of not less than 10 days, if the charge is agreed upon, in writing, between the parties before imposing the charge.

Any charges, including interest, in excess of the combined total of all charges authorized and permitted by this chapter constitute a violation of chapter 687 governing interest and usury, and the penalties of that chapter apply. In the event

of a bona fide error, the licensee shall refund or credit the borrower with the amount of the overcharge immediately but within 20 days from the discovery of such error. 3 Section 24. Paragraph (m) of subsection (5) of section 4 627.311, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 6 627.311 Joint underwriters and joint reinsurers; 7 public records and public meetings exemptions .--8 (5) 9 (m) Each joint underwriting plan or association created under this section is not a state agency, board, or 10 commission. However, for the purposes of s. 199.183(1) only, 11 12 the joint underwriting plan is a political subdivision of the 13 state and is exempt from the corporate income tax. Section 25. Paragraph (j) of subsection (6) of section 14 627.351, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 16 627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.--17 (6) CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION. --18 (j) For the purposes of s. 199.183(1), The corporation is shall be considered a political subdivision of the state 19 and shall be exempt from the corporate income tax. The 20 premiums, assessments, investment income, and other revenue of 2.1 22 the corporation are funds received for providing property 23 insurance coverage as required by this subsection, paying claims for Florida citizens insured by the corporation, 2.4 securing and repaying debt obligations issued by the 25 26 corporation, and conducting all other activities of the 27 corporation, and shall not be considered taxes, fees, 2.8 licenses, or charges for services imposed by the Legislature on individuals, businesses, or agencies outside state 29 government. Bonds and other debt obligations issued by or on 30 behalf of the corporation are not to be considered "state

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bonds" within the meaning of s. 215.58(8). The corporation is
   not subject to the procurement provisions of chapter 287, and
   policies and decisions of the corporation relating to
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    incurring debt, levying of assessments and the sale, issuance,
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    continuation, terms and claims under corporation policies, and
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   all services relating thereto, are not subject to the
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   provisions of chapter 120. The corporation is not required to
    obtain or to hold a certificate of authority issued by the
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    office, nor is it required to participate as a member insurer
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    of the Florida Insurance Guaranty Association. However, the
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    corporation is required to pay, in the same manner as an
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    authorized insurer, assessments pledged by the Florida
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    Insurance Guaranty Association to secure bonds issued or other
    indebtedness incurred to pay covered claims arising from
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    insurer insolvencies caused by, or proximately related to,
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   hurricane losses. It is the intent of the Legislature that the
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    tax exemptions provided in this paragraph will augment the
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    financial resources of the corporation to better enable the
    corporation to fulfill its public purposes. Any bonds issued
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   by the corporation, their transfer, and the income therefrom,
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    including any profit made on the sale thereof, shall at all
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    times be free from taxation of every kind by the state and any
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   political subdivision or local unit or other instrumentality
    thereof; however, this exemption does not apply to any tax
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    imposed by chapter 220 on interest, income, or profits on debt
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    obligations owned by corporations other than the corporation.
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           Section 26. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section
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    650.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
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           650.05 Plans for coverage of employees of political
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    subdivisions. --
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1	(b) The grants-in-aid and other revenue referred to in
2	paragraph (a) specifically include, but are not limited to,
3	minimum foundation program grants to public school districts
4	and community colleges; gasoline, motor fuel, intangible,
5	cigarette, racing, and insurance premium taxes distributed to
6	political subdivisions; and amounts specifically appropriated
7	as grants-in-aid for mental health, mental retardation, and
8	mosquito control programs.
9	Section 27. Subsection (1) of section 655.071, Florida
10	Statutes, is amended to read:
11	655.071 International banking facilities; definitions;
12	notice before establishment
13	(1) As used in this section, the term:
14	(a) "Banking organization" means:
15	1. A bank organized and existing under the laws of
	this state;
16	this stater
16 17	2. A national bank organized and existing pursuant to
17	2. A national bank organized and existing pursuant to
17 18	2. A national bank organized and existing pursuant to the National Bank Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 21 et seq., and
17 18 19	2. A national bank organized and existing pursuant to the National Bank Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 21 et seq., and maintaining its principal office in this state;
17 18 19 20	2. A national bank organized and existing pursuant to the National Bank Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 21 et seq., and maintaining its principal office in this state; 3. An Edge Act corporation organized pursuant to s.
17 18 19 20 21	2. A national bank organized and existing pursuant to the National Bank Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 21 et seq., and maintaining its principal office in this state; 3. An Edge Act corporation organized pursuant to s. 25(a) of the Federal Reserve Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 611 et seq.,
17 18 19 20 21 22	2. A national bank organized and existing pursuant to the National Bank Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 21 et seq., and maintaining its principal office in this state; 3. An Edge Act corporation organized pursuant to s. 25(a) of the Federal Reserve Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 611 et seq., and maintaining an office in this state;
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	2. A national bank organized and existing pursuant to the National Bank Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 21 et seq., and maintaining its principal office in this state; 3. An Edge Act corporation organized pursuant to s. 25(a) of the Federal Reserve Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 611 et seq., and maintaining an office in this state; 4. An international bank agency licensed pursuant to
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	2. A national bank organized and existing pursuant to the National Bank Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 21 et seq., and maintaining its principal office in this state; 3. An Edge Act corporation organized pursuant to s. 25(a) of the Federal Reserve Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 611 et seq., and maintaining an office in this state; 4. An international bank agency licensed pursuant to the laws of this state;
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	2. A national bank organized and existing pursuant to the National Bank Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 21 et seq., and maintaining its principal office in this state; 3. An Edge Act corporation organized pursuant to s. 25(a) of the Federal Reserve Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 611 et seq., and maintaining an office in this state; 4. An international bank agency licensed pursuant to the laws of this state; 5. A federal agency licensed pursuant to ss. 4 and 5
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	2. A national bank organized and existing pursuant to the National Bank Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 21 et seq., and maintaining its principal office in this state; 3. An Edge Act corporation organized pursuant to s. 25(a) of the Federal Reserve Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 611 et seq., and maintaining an office in this state; 4. An international bank agency licensed pursuant to the laws of this state; 5. A federal agency licensed pursuant to ss. 4 and 5 of the International Banking Act of 1978 to maintain an office
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	2. A national bank organized and existing pursuant to the National Bank Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 21 et seq., and maintaining its principal office in this state; 3. An Edge Act corporation organized pursuant to s. 25(a) of the Federal Reserve Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 611 et seq., and maintaining an office in this state; 4. An international bank agency licensed pursuant to the laws of this state; 5. A federal agency licensed pursuant to ss. 4 and 5 of the International Banking Act of 1978 to maintain an office in this state;

31 pursuant to the Home Owners' Loan Act of 1933, 12 U.S.C. ss.

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state; or 8. A Florida export finance corporation organized and existing pursuant to part V of chapter 288. (b) "International banking facility" means a set of asset and liability accounts segregated on the books and records of a banking organization, which as that term is defined in s. 199.023, that includes only international banking facility deposits, borrowings, and extensions of credit, as those terms shall be defined by the commission pursuant to subsection (2). Section 28. Subsection (5) of section 733.702, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 733.702 Limitations on presentation of claims.--(5) The Department of Revenue may file a claim against the estate of a decedent for taxes due under chapter 199, 16 Florida Statutes, 2005, after the expiration of the time for filing claims provided in subsection (1), if the department files its claim within 30 days after the service of the inventory. Upon filing of the estate tax return with the department as provided in s. 198.13, or to the extent the 22 inventory or estate tax return is amended or supplemented, the

1461 et seq., and maintaining its principal office in this

Section 29. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 766.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

estate tax return, or an amended or supplemented inventory or

filing of an amended or supplemental estate tax return, as to

department has the right to file a claim or to amend its previously filed claim within 30 days after service of the

the additional information disclosed.

766.105 Florida Patient's Compensation Fund.--

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(1) DEFINITIONS. -- The following definitions apply in 2 the interpretation and enforcement of this section: 3 (a) The term "fund" means the Florida Patient's 4 Compensation Fund. The fund is not a state agency, board, or 5 commission. However, for the purposes of s. 199.183(1) only, the fund shall be considered a political subdivision of this 7 state. Section 30. Subsection (5) of s. 192.032, subsection 8 (3) of s. 192.042, subsection (4) of s. 193.114, and 9 10 subsection (6) of s. 341.840, Florida Statutes, are repealed. Section 31. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 11 12 192.0105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 13 192.0105 Taxpayer rights.--There is created a Florida Taxpayer's Bill of Rights for property taxes and assessments 14 to guarantee that the rights, privacy, and property of the 15 taxpayers of this state are adequately safequarded and 16 17 protected during tax levy, assessment, collection, and enforcement processes administered under the revenue laws of 18 this state. The Taxpayer's Bill of Rights compiles, in one 19 document, brief but comprehensive statements that summarize 20 21 the rights and obligations of the property appraisers, tax 22 collectors, clerks of the court, local governing boards, the 23 Department of Revenue, and taxpayers. Additional rights afforded to payors of taxes and assessments imposed under the 2.4 revenue laws of this state are provided in s. 213.015. The 25 rights afforded taxpayers to assure that their privacy and 26 27 property are safeguarded and protected during tax levy, 2.8 assessment, and collection are available only insofar as they are implemented in other parts of the Florida Statutes or 29 30 rules of the Department of Revenue. The rights so guaranteed

to state taxpayers in the Florida Statutes and the 2 departmental rules include: (4) THE RIGHT TO CONFIDENTIALITY. --3 4 (a) The right to have information kept confidential, 5 including federal tax information, ad valorem tax returns, social security numbers, all financial records produced by the taxpayer, Form DR-219 returns for documentary stamp tax information, and sworn statements of gross income, copies of 8 federal income tax returns for the prior year, wage and 9 10 earnings statements (W-2 forms), and other documents (see ss. 192.105, 193.074, 193.114(5) 193.114(6), 195.027(3) and (6), 11 12 and 196.101(4)(c). 13 Section 32. This act shall take effect January 1, 14 2007. 15 ********** 16 17 SENATE SUMMARY Repeals the tax on intangible personal property effective 18 January 1, 2007. 19 20 21 22 23 2.4 25 26 27 28 29 30