Florida Senate - 2006

CS for SB 2470

 $\ensuremath{\textbf{By}}$ the Committee on Children and Families; and Senators Peaden and Rich

586-2121-06

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the welfare of children;
3	amending s. 39.001, F.S.; providing additional
4	purposes of ch. 39, F.S.; revising legislative
5	intent; creating the Office of Child Abuse
6	Prevention within the Executive Office of the
7	Governor; directing the Governor to appoint a
8	director of the office; providing duties and
9	responsibilities of the director; providing
10	procedures for evaluation of child abuse
11	prevention programs; requiring a report to the
12	Governor, Legislature, secretaries of certain
13	state agencies, and certain committees of the
14	Legislature; providing for information to be
15	included in the report; providing for the
16	development and implementation of a state plan
17	for the coordination of child abuse prevention
18	programs and services; establishing a Child
19	Abuse Prevention Advisory Council; providing
20	for membership, duties, and responsibilities;
21	requiring requests for funding to be based on
22	the state plan; providing for review and
23	revision of the state plan; granting rulemaking
24	authority to the Executive Office of the
25	Governor; requiring the Legislature to evaluate
26	the office by a specified date; amending s.
27	39.0014, F.S.; providing responsibilities of
28	the office under ch. 39, F.S.; amending s.
29	39.01, F.S.; providing and revising
30	definitions; amending s. 39.202, F.S.;
31	providing access to records for agencies that
	1

1

1	provide early intervention and prevention
2	services; amending ss. 39.0015 and 39.302,
3	F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s.
4	402.164, F.S.; establishing legislative intent
5	for the statewide and local advocacy councils;
6	amending s. 402.165, F.S.; providing guidelines
7	for selection of the executive director of the
8	Florida Statewide Advocacy Council;
9	establishing a process for investigating
10	reports of abuse; revising council meeting
11	requirements; providing requirements for
12	interagency agreements; requiring interagency
13	agreements to be renewed annually and submitted
14	to the Governor by a specified date; amending
15	s. 409.1451, F.S., relating to independent
16	living transition services; revising
17	eligibility requirements for certain young
18	adults; revising duties of the Department of
19	Children and Family Services regarding
20	independent living transition services;
21	including additional parties in the review of a
22	child's academic performance; requiring the
23	department or a community-based care lead
24	agency under contract with the department to
25	develop a plan for delivery of such services;
26	revising provisions governing life skills
27	services; requiring that the department or
28	provider work with the child to develop a joint
29	transition plan; requiring judicial review of
30	the plan; requiring additional aftercare
31	support services; providing additional
	2

2

1	qualifications to receive an award under the
2	Road-to-Independence Program; providing
3	procedures for the payment of awards; requiring
4	a community-based care lead agency to develop a
5	plan for purchase and delivery of such services
б	and requiring department approval prior to
7	implementation; permitting the Independent
8	Living Services Advisory Council to have access
9	to certain data held by the department and
10	certain agencies; amending s. 409.175, F.S.;
11	revising the definition of the term "boarding
12	school" to require such schools to meet certain
13	standards within a specified timeframe;
14	amending ss. 39.013 and 1009.25, F.S.;
15	conforming references to changes made by the
16	act; amending s. 39.701, F.S.; requiring the
17	court to issue an order, separate from any
18	other judicial review order, that the
19	disabilities of nonage of the youth have been
20	removed from the youth in foster care so that
21	the youth may lease residential property;
22	creating s. 743.045, F.S.; removing the
23	disability of nonage for certain youth in the
24	legal custody of the Department of Children and
25	Family Services who are in foster care to
26	enable the youth to execute a contract for the
27	lease of residential property in order that the
28	youth may move into the leased residential
29	property on the day of the youth's 18th
30	birthday; providing specified eligibility
31	criteria; providing for the validity of the
	2

3

1 contracts; requiring the youth to present an 2 order from a court of competent jurisdiction removing the disability of nonage; providing an 3 4 effective date. 5 6 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 7 8 Section 1. Subsections (1) and (6) of section 39.001, Florida Statutes, are amended, subsections (7) and (8) are 9 10 renumbered as subsections (8) and (9) and amended, present subsection (9) is renumbered as subsection (10), and new 11 12 subsections (7), (11), and (12) are added to that section, to 13 read: 39.001 Purposes and intent; personnel standards and 14 15 screening.--(1) PURPOSES OF CHAPTER. -- The purposes of this chapter 16 17 are: (a) To provide for the care, safety, and protection of 18 children in an environment that fosters healthy social, 19 emotional, intellectual, and physical development; to ensure 20 21 secure and safe custody; and to promote the health and 22 well-being of all children under the state's care; and to 23 prevent the occurrence of child abuse, neglect, and abandonment. 2.4 (b) To recognize that most families desire to be 25 competent caregivers and providers for their children and that 26 27 children achieve their greatest potential when families are 2.8 able to support and nurture the growth and development of their children. Therefore, the Legislature finds that policies 29 30 and procedures that provide for prevention and intervention 31

4

1 through the department's child protection system should be based on the following principles: 2 1. The health and safety of the children served shall 3 4 be of paramount concern. 2. The prevention and intervention should engage 5 6 families in constructive, supportive, and nonadversarial 7 relationships. 3. The prevention and intervention should intrude as 8 little as possible into the life of the family, be focused on 9 clearly defined objectives, and take the most parsimonious 10 path to remedy a family's problems. 11 12 4. The prevention and intervention should be based 13 upon outcome evaluation results that demonstrate success in protecting children and supporting families. 14 (c) To provide a child protection system that reflects 15 a partnership between the department, other agencies, and 16 17 local communities. (d) To provide a child protection system that is 18 sensitive to the social and cultural diversity of the state. 19 20 (e) To provide procedures which allow the department 21 to respond to reports of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect 22 in the most efficient and effective manner that ensures the 23 health and safety of children and the integrity of families. (f) To preserve and strengthen the child's family ties 2.4 whenever possible, removing the child from parental custody 25 only when his or her welfare cannot be adequately safeguarded 26 27 without such removal. 2.8 (g) To ensure that the parent or legal custodian from whose custody the child has been taken assists the department 29 to the fullest extent possible in locating relatives suitable 30 to serve as caregivers for the child. 31 5

1 (h) To ensure that permanent placement with the 2 biological or adoptive family is achieved as soon as possible for every child in foster care and that no child remains in 3 foster care longer than 1 year. 4 (i) To secure for the child, when removal of the child 5 б from his or her own family is necessary, custody, care, and 7 discipline as nearly as possible equivalent to that which 8 should have been given by the parents; and to ensure, in all cases in which a child must be removed from parental custody, 9 that the child is placed in an approved relative home, 10 licensed foster home, adoptive home, or independent living 11 12 program that provides the most stable and potentially 13 permanent living arrangement for the child, as determined by the court. All placements shall be in a safe environment where 14 drugs and alcohol are not abused. 15 (j) To ensure that, when reunification or adoption is 16 17 not possible, the child will be prepared for alternative 18 permanency goals or placements, to include, but not be limited to, long-term foster care, independent living, custody to a 19 relative on a permanent basis with or without legal 20 21 guardianship, or custody to a foster parent or legal custodian 22 on a permanent basis with or without legal guardianship. 23 (k) To make every possible effort, when two or more children who are in the care or under the supervision of the 2.4 department are siblings, to place the siblings in the same 25 home; and in the event of permanent placement of the siblings, 26 27 to place them in the same adoptive home or, if the siblings 2.8 are separated, to keep them in contact with each other. 29 (1) To provide judicial and other procedures to assure 30 due process through which children, parents, and guardians and other interested parties are assured fair hearings by a 31

б

1 respectful and respected court or other tribunal and the 2 recognition, protection, and enforcement of their constitutional and other legal rights, while ensuring that 3 public safety interests and the authority and dignity of the 4 5 courts are adequately protected. б (m) To ensure that children under the jurisdiction of 7 the courts are provided equal treatment with respect to goals, 8 objectives, services, and case plans, without regard to the location of their placement. It is the further intent of the 9 Legislature that, when children are removed from their homes, 10 disruption to their education be minimized to the extent 11 12 possible. 13 (n) To create and maintain an integrated prevention framework that enables local communities, state agencies, and 14 organizations to collaborate to implement efficient and 15 properly applied evidence-based child abuse prevention 16 17 practices. (6) LEGISLATIVE INTENT FOR THE PREVENTION OF ABUSE, 18 ABANDONMENT, AND NEGLECT OF CHILDREN. -- The incidence of known 19 child abuse, abandonment, and neglect has increased rapidly 20 21 over the past 5 years. The impact that abuse, abandonment, or 22 neglect has on the victimized child, siblings, family 23 structure, and inevitably on all citizens of the state has caused the Legislature to determine that the prevention of 2.4 child abuse, abandonment, and neglect shall be a priority of 25 26 this state. To further this end, it is the intent of the 27 Legislature that an Office of Child Abuse Prevention be 2.8 established a comprehensive approach for the prevention of 29 abuse, abandonment, and neglect of children be developed for the state and that this planned, comprehensive approach be 30 used as a basis for funding. 31

7

1	(7) OFFICE OF CHILD ABUSE PREVENTION
2	(a) For purposes of establishing a comprehensive
3	statewide approach for the prevention of child abuse,
4	abandonment, and neglect, the Office of Child Abuse Prevention
5	is created within the Executive Office of the Governor. The
б	Governor shall appoint a director for the office who shall be
7	subject to confirmation by the Senate.
8	(b) The director shall:
9	1. Formulate and recommend rules pertaining to
10	implementation of child abuse prevention efforts.
11	2. Act as the Governor's liaison with state agencies,
12	other state governments, and the public and private sectors on
13	matters that relate to child abuse prevention.
14	3. Work to secure funding and other support for the
15	state's child abuse prevention efforts, including, but not
16	limited to, establishing cooperative relationships among state
17	and private agencies.
18	4. Develop a strategic program and funding initiative
19	that links the separate jurisdictional activities of state
20	agencies with respect to child abuse prevention. The office
21	may designate lead and contributing agencies to develop such
22	initiatives.
23	5. Advise the Governor and the Legislature on child
24	abuse trends in this state, the status of current child abuse
25	prevention programs and services, the funding of those
26	programs and services, and the status of the office with
27	regard to the development and implementation of the state
28	child abuse prevention strategy.
29	6. Develop child abuse prevention public awareness
30	campaigns to be implemented throughout the state.
31	(c) The office is authorized and directed to:
	2

1	1. Oversee the preparation and implementation of the
2	state plan established under subsection (8) and revise and
3	update the state plan as necessary.
4	2. Conduct, otherwise provide for, or make available
5	continuing professional education and training in the
6	prevention of child abuse and neglect.
7	<u>3. Work to secure funding in the form of</u>
8	appropriations, gifts, and grants from the state, the Federal
9	Government, and other public and private sources in order to
10	ensure that sufficient funds are available for prevention
11	efforts.
12	4. Make recommendations pertaining to agreements or
13	contracts for the establishment and development of:
14	a. Programs and services for the prevention of child
15	abuse and neglect.
16	b. Training programs for the prevention of child abuse
17	and neglect.
18	c. Multidisciplinary and discipline-specific training
19	programs for professionals with responsibilities affecting
20	children, young adults, and families.
21	5. Monitor, evaluate, and review the development and
22	guality of local and statewide services and programs for the
23	prevention of child abuse and neglect and shall publish and
24	distribute an annual report of its findings on or before
25	January 1 of each year to the Governor, the Speaker of the
26	House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, the
27	secretary of each state agency affected by the report, and the
28	appropriate substantive committees of the Legislature. The
29	report shall include:
30	a. A summary of the activities of the office.
31	

1 b. A summary detailing the demographic and geographic 2 characteristics of families served by the prevention programs. 3 c. Recommendations, by state agency, for the further 4 development and improvement of services and programs for the 5 prevention of child abuse and neglect. б d. The budget requests and prevention program needs by 7 state agency. 8 (8)(7) PLAN FOR COMPREHENSIVE APPROACH. --9 (a) The <u>office</u> department shall develop a state plan for the prevention of abuse, abandonment, and neglect of 10 children and shall submit the state plan to the Speaker of the 11 12 House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, and the 13 Governor no later than <u>December 31, 2007</u> January 1, 1983. The Department of Children and Family Services, the Department of 14 Corrections, the Department of Education, the Department of 15 Health, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department of 16 17 Law Enforcement, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, and 18 the Agency for Workforce Innovation The Department of Education and the Division of Children's Medical Services 19 Prevention and Intervention of the Department of Health shall 20 21 participate and fully cooperate in the development of the 22 state plan at both the state and local levels. Furthermore, 23 appropriate local agencies and organizations shall be provided an opportunity to participate in the development of the state 2.4 25 plan at the local level. Appropriate local groups and organizations shall include, but not be limited to, community 26 27 mental health centers; guardian ad litem programs for children 2.8 under the circuit court; the school boards of the local school 29 districts; the Florida local advocacy councils; community-based care lead agencies; private or public 30 organizations or programs with recognized expertise in working 31

1 with child abuse prevention programs for children and 2 families; private or public organizations or programs with recognized expertise in working with children who are sexually 3 abused, physically abused, emotionally abused, abandoned, or 4 neglected and with expertise in working with the families of 5 6 such children; private or public programs or organizations 7 with expertise in maternal and infant health care; 8 multidisciplinary child protection teams; child day care centers; law enforcement agencies <u>;</u>, and the circuit courts, 9 10 when guardian ad litem programs are not available in the local area. The state plan to be provided to the Legislature and the 11 12 Governor shall include, as a minimum, the information required 13 of the various groups in paragraph (b). (b) The development of the comprehensive state plan 14 shall be accomplished in the following manner: 15 1. The office shall establish a Child Abuse Prevention 16 17 Advisory Council composed of representatives from each state agency and appropriate local agencies and organizations 18 specified in paragraph (a). The advisory council shall serve 19 as the research arm of the office and The department shall 20 21 establish an interprogram task force comprised of the Program 22 Director for Family Safety, or a designee, a representative 23 from the Child Care Services Program Office, a representative 2.4 from the Family Safety Program Office, a representative from 25 the Mental Health Program Office, a representative from the 26 Substance Abuse Program Office, a representative from the Developmental Disabilities Program Office, and a 27 2.8 representative from the Division of Children's Medical 29 Services Prevention and Intervention of the Department of Health. Representatives of the Department of Law Enforcement 30 and of the Department of Education shall serve as ex officio 31

1 members of the interprogram task force. The interprogram task 2 force shall be responsible for: a. Assisting in developing a plan of action for better 3 coordination and integration of the goals, activities, and 4 funding pertaining to the prevention of child abuse, 5 6 abandonment, and neglect conducted by the office department in 7 order to maximize staff and resources at the state level. The 8 plan of action shall be included in the state plan. 9 b. Assisting in providing a basic format to be utilized by the districts in the preparation of local plans of 10 action in order to provide for uniformity in the district 11 12 plans and to provide for greater ease in compiling information 13 for the state plan. c. Providing the districts with technical assistance 14 in the development of local plans of action, if requested. 15 d. Assisting in examining the local plans to determine 16 17 if all the requirements of the local plans have been met and, if they have not, informing the districts of the deficiencies 18 and requesting the additional information needed. 19 20 e. Assisting in preparing the state plan for 21 submission to the Legislature and the Governor. Such 22 preparation shall include the incorporation into the state 23 plan collapsing of information obtained from the local plans, the cooperative plans with the members of the advisory council 2.4 25 Department of Education, and the plan of action for 26 coordination and integration of state departmental activities 27 into one comprehensive plan. The state comprehensive plan 2.8 shall include a section reflecting general conditions and 29 needs, an analysis of variations based on population or geographic areas, identified problems, and recommendations for 30 change. In essence, the state plan shall provide an analysis 31

1 and summary of each element of the local plans to provide a 2 statewide perspective. The state plan shall also include each separate local plan of action. 3 f. Conducting a feasibility study on the establishment 4 of a Children's Cabinet. 5 б <u>q.f.</u> Working with the specified state agency in 7 fulfilling the requirements of subparagraphs 2., 3., 4., and 8 5. 9 2. The office, the department, the Department of Education, and the Department of Health shall work together in 10 developing ways to inform and instruct parents of school 11 12 children and appropriate district school personnel in all 13 school districts in the detection of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect and in the proper action that should be taken in a 14 suspected case of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect, and in 15 16 caring for a child's needs after a report is made. The plan 17 for accomplishing this end shall be included in the state 18 plan. 3. The office, the department, the Department of Law 19 Enforcement, and the Department of Health shall work together 20 21 in developing ways to inform and instruct appropriate local 22 law enforcement personnel in the detection of child abuse, 23 abandonment, and neglect and in the proper action that should be taken in a suspected case of child abuse, abandonment, or 2.4 25 neglect. 4. Within existing appropriations, the office 26 27 department shall work with other appropriate public and 2.8 private agencies to emphasize efforts to educate the general 29 public about the problem of and ways to detect child abuse, abandonment, and neglect and in the proper action that should 30 be taken in a suspected case of child abuse, abandonment, or 31 13

1 neglect. The plan for accomplishing this end shall be included 2 in the state plan. 3 5. The office, the department, the Department of 4 Education, and the Department of Health shall work together on the enhancement or adaptation of curriculum materials to 5 6 assist instructional personnel in providing instruction 7 through a multidisciplinary approach on the identification, 8 intervention, and prevention of child abuse, abandonment, and 9 neglect. The curriculum materials shall be geared toward a sequential program of instruction at the four progressional 10 levels, K-3, 4-6, 7-9, and 10-12. Strategies for encouraging 11 12 all school districts to utilize the curriculum are to be 13 included in the comprehensive state plan for the prevention of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect. 14 6. Each district of the department shall develop a 15 plan for its specific geographical area. The plan developed at 16 17 the district level shall be submitted to the advisory council 18 interprogram task force for utilization in preparing the state plan. The district local plan of action shall be prepared with 19 the involvement and assistance of the local agencies and 20 21 organizations listed in this paragraph(a), as well as 22 representatives from those departmental district offices 23 participating in the treatment and prevention of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect. In order to accomplish this, the 2.4 25 office district administrator in each district shall establish a task force on the prevention of child abuse, abandonment, 26 27 and neglect. The office district administrator shall appoint 2.8 the members of the task force in accordance with the 29 membership requirements of this section. The office In 30 addition, the district administrator shall ensure that each 31 subdistrict is represented on the task force; and, if the

1 district does not have subdistricts, the district 2 administrator shall ensure that both urban and rural areas are represented on the task force. The task force shall develop a 3 written statement clearly identifying its operating 4 5 procedures, purpose, overall responsibilities, and method of 6 meeting responsibilities. The district plan of action to be 7 prepared by the task force shall include, but shall not be 8 limited to: a. Documentation of the magnitude of the problems of 9 10 child abuse, including sexual abuse, physical abuse, and emotional abuse, and child abandonment and neglect in its 11 12 geographical area. 13 b. A description of programs currently serving abused, abandoned, and neglected children and their families and a 14 description of programs for the prevention of child abuse, 15 abandonment, and neglect, including information on the impact, 16 17 cost-effectiveness, and sources of funding of such programs. 18 c. A continuum of programs and services necessary for a comprehensive approach to the prevention of all types of 19 child abuse, abandonment, and neglect as well as a brief 20 21 description of such programs and services. 22 d. A description, documentation, and priority ranking 23 of local needs related to child abuse, abandonment, and neglect prevention based upon the continuum of programs and 2.4 25 services. e. A plan for steps to be taken in meeting identified 26 27 needs, including the coordination and integration of services 2.8 to avoid unnecessary duplication and cost, and for alternative 29 funding strategies for meeting needs through the reallocation 30 of existing resources, utilization of volunteers, contracting 31

15

1 with local universities for services, and local government or 2 private agency funding. f. A description of barriers to the accomplishment of 3 a comprehensive approach to the prevention of child abuse, 4 abandonment, and neglect. 5 б q. Recommendations for changes that can be 7 accomplished only at the state program level or by legislative 8 action. 9 (9)(8) FUNDING AND SUBSEQUENT PLANS.--10 (a) All budget requests submitted by the office, the department, the Department of Health, the Department of 11 12 Education, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department 13 of Corrections, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the Agency for Workforce Innovation, or any other agency to the 14 Legislature for funding of efforts for the prevention of child 15 abuse, abandonment, and neglect shall be based on the state 16 17 plan developed pursuant to this section. 18 (b) The office department at the state and district levels and the other agencies and organizations listed in 19 paragraph(8)(a)(7)(a) shall readdress the <u>state</u> plan and 20 21 make necessary revisions every 5 years, at a minimum. Such 22 revisions shall be submitted to the Speaker of the House of 23 Representatives and the President of the Senate no later than June 30 of each year divisible by 5. At least biennially, the 2.4 office shall review the state plan and make any necessary 25 revisions based on changing needs and program evaluation 26 27 results. An annual progress report shall be submitted to 2.8 update the state plan in the years between the 5-year intervals. In order to avoid duplication of effort, these 29 required plans may be made a part of or merged with other 30 plans required by either the state or Federal Government, so 31

1 long as the portions of the other state or Federal Government 2 plan that constitute the state plan for the prevention of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect are clearly identified 3 as such and are provided to the Speaker of the House of 4 5 Representatives and the President of the Senate as required 6 above. 7 (11) RULEMAKING. -- The Executive Office of the Governor 8 shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section. 9 10 (12) EVALUATION. -- By February 1, 2009, the Legislature shall evaluate the office and determine whether it should 11 12 continue to be housed in the Executive Office of the Governor 13 or transferred to a state agency. Section 2. Section 39.0014, Florida Statutes, is 14 amended to read: 15 39.0014 Responsibilities of public agencies.--All 16 17 state, county, and local agencies shall cooperate, assist, and provide information to the Office of Child Abuse Prevention 18 and the department as will enable them it to fulfill their its 19 responsibilities under this chapter. 20 21 Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 22 39.0015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 23 39.0015 Child abuse prevention training in the district school system. --2.4 (3) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section: 25 (b) "Child abuse" means those acts as defined in ss. 26 27 39.01(1), (2), (30), (43), (45), (<u>53)</u>, and (<u>64)</u>(63), 2.8 827.04, and 984.03(1), (2), and (37). Section 4. Subsections (47) through (72) of section 29 30 39.01, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (48) 31

17

1 through (73), present subsections (10) and (47) are amended, and a new subsection (47) is added to that section, to read: 2 39.01 Definitions.--When used in this chapter, unless 3 the context otherwise requires: 4 (10) "Caregiver" means the parent, legal custodian, 5 6 adult household member, or other person responsible for a 7 child's welfare as defined in subsection (48)(47). (47) "Office" means the Office of Child Abuse 8 Prevention within the Executive Office of the Governor. 9 10 (48)(47) "Other person responsible for a child's welfare" includes the child's legal guardian, legal custodian, 11 12 or foster parent; an employee of any a private school, public 13 or private child day care center, residential home, institution, facility, or agency; or any other person legally 14 responsible for the child's welfare in a residential setting; 15 and also includes an adult sitter or relative entrusted with a 16 17 child's care. For the purpose of departmental investigative 18 jurisdiction, this definition does not include law enforcement officers, or employees of municipal or county detention 19 facilities or the Department of Corrections, while acting in 20 21 an official capacity. 22 Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 23 39.202, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 39.202 Confidentiality of reports and records in cases 2.4 of child abuse or neglect .--25 (2) Except as provided in subsection (4), access to 26 27 such records, excluding the name of the reporter which shall 2.8 be released only as provided in subsection (5), shall be 29 granted only to the following persons, officials, and 30 agencies: 31

18

1 (a) Employees, authorized agents, or contract 2 providers of the department, the Department of Health, or county agencies responsible for carrying out: 3 1. Child or adult protective investigations; 4 5 2. Ongoing child or adult protective services; б 3. Early intervention and prevention services; 7 4.3. Healthy Start services; or 5.4. Licensure or approval of adoptive homes, foster 8 9 homes, or child care facilities, or family day care homes or 10 informal child care providers who receive subsidized child care funding, or other homes used to provide for the care and 11 12 welfare of children; or-6.5. Services for victims of domestic violence when 13 provided by certified domestic violence centers working at the 14 15 department's request as case consultants or with shared 16 clients. 17 Also, employees or agents of the Department of Juvenile 18 Justice responsible for the provision of services to children, 19 pursuant to chapters 984 and 985. 20 21 Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 39.302, Florida 22 Statutes, is amended to read: 23 39.302 Protective investigations of institutional child abuse, abandonment, or neglect. --2.4 (1) The department shall conduct a child protective 25 investigation of each report of institutional child abuse, 26 27 abandonment, or neglect. Upon receipt of a report that alleges 2.8 that an employee or agent of the department, or any other entity or person covered by s. 39.01(31) or (48)(47), acting 29 in an official capacity, has committed an act of child abuse, 30 abandonment, or neglect, the department shall initiate a child 31

1 protective investigation within the timeframe established by 2 the central abuse hotline pursuant to s. 39.201(5) and orally notify the appropriate state attorney, law enforcement agency, 3 and licensing agency. These agencies shall immediately conduct 4 a joint investigation, unless independent investigations are 5 6 more feasible. When conducting investigations onsite or having 7 face-to-face interviews with the child, such investigation 8 visits shall be unannounced unless it is determined by the department or its agent that such unannounced visits would 9 threaten the safety of the child. When a facility is exempt 10 from licensing, the department shall inform the owner or 11 12 operator of the facility of the report. Each agency conducting 13 a joint investigation shall be entitled to full access to the information gathered by the department in the course of the 14 investigation. A protective investigation must include an 15 onsite visit of the child's place of residence. In all cases, 16 17 the department shall make a full written report to the state 18 attorney within 3 working days after making the oral report. A criminal investigation shall be coordinated, whenever 19 possible, with the child protective investigation of the 20 21 department. Any interested person who has information 22 regarding the offenses described in this subsection may 23 forward a statement to the state attorney as to whether prosecution is warranted and appropriate. Within 15 days after 2.4 the completion of the investigation, the state attorney shall 25 26 report the findings to the department and shall include in 27 such report a determination of whether or not prosecution is 2.8 justified and appropriate in view of the circumstances of the 29 specific case. Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 402.164, Florida 30 Statutes, is amended to read: 31

20

1 402.164 Legislative intent; definitions.--2 (1)(a) It is the intent of the Legislature to use citizen volunteers as members of the Florida Statewide 3 Advocacy Council and the Florida local advocacy councils, and 4 to have volunteers operate a network of councils that shall, 5 6 without interference by an executive agency, undertake to 7 discover, monitor, investigate, and determine the presence of conditions or individuals that constitute a threat to the 8 rights, health, safety, or welfare of persons who receive 9 services from state agencies. 10 (b) It is the further intent of the Legislature that 11 12 the monitoring and investigation shall safeguard the health, 13 safety, and welfare of consumers of services provided by these 14 state agencies. (c) It is the further intent of the Legislature that 15 state agencies cooperate with the councils in forming 16 17 interagency agreements to provide the councils with authorized 18 client records so that the councils may monitor services and investigate claims. 19 Section 8. Subsections (5) and (7) of section 402.165, 20 21 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 22 402.165 Florida Statewide Advocacy Council; 23 confidential records and meetings .--(5)(a) Members of the statewide council shall receive 2.4 no compensation, but are entitled to be reimbursed for per 25 diem and travel expenses in accordance with s. 112.061. 26 27 (b) The Governor shall select an executive director 2.8 who shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor and shall 29 perform the duties delegated to him or her by the council. The compensation of the executive director and staff shall be 30 established in accordance with the rules of the Selected 31

1 Exempt Service. The Governor shall give priority consideration 2 in the selection of an executive director to an individual with professional expertise in research design, statistical 3 analysis, or agency evaluation and analysis. 4 5 (c) The council may apply for, receive, and accept б grants, gifts, donations, bequests, and other payments 7 including money or property, real or personal, tangible or 8 intangible, and service from any governmental or other public 9 or private entity or person and make arrangements as to the 10 use of same. (d) The statewide council shall annually prepare a 11 12 budget request that, after it is approved by the council, 13 shall be submitted to the Governor. The budget shall include a request for funds to carry out the activities of the statewide 14 council and the local councils. 15 (7) The responsibilities of the statewide council 16 17 include, but are not limited to: (a) Serving as an independent third-party mechanism 18 for protecting the constitutional and human rights of clients 19 within programs or facilities operated, funded, or contracted 20 21 by any state agency that provides client services. 22 (b) Monitoring, by site visit and through access to 23 records, the delivery and use of services, programs, or facilities operated, funded, or contracted by any state agency 2.4 that provides client services, for the purpose of preventing 25 abuse or deprivation of the constitutional and human rights of 26 27 clients. The statewide council may conduct an unannounced site 2.8 visit or monitoring visit that involves the inspection of 29 records if the visit is conditioned upon a complaint. A 30 complaint may be generated by the council itself, after consulting with the Governor's office, if information from any 31

22

1 state agency that provides client services or from other 2 sources indicates a situation at the program or facility that indicates possible abuse or neglect or deprivation of the 3 constitutional and human rights of clients. The statewide 4 council shall establish and follow uniform criteria for the 5 б review of information and generation of complaints. The 7 statewide council shall develop a written protocol for all 8 complaints it generates to provide the Governor's office with information including the nature of the abuse or neglect, the 9 10 agencies involved, the populations or numbers of individuals affected, the types of records necessary to complete the 11 12 investigation, and a strategy for approaching the problem. 13 Routine program monitoring and reviews that do not require an examination of records may be made unannounced. 14 (c) Receiving, investigating, and resolving reports of 15 abuse or deprivation of constitutional and human rights 16 17 referred to the statewide council by a local council. If a matter constitutes a threat to the life, safety, or health of 18 clients or is multiservice-area in scope, the statewide 19 council may exercise its powers without the necessity of a 20 21 referral from a local council. 22 (d) Reviewing existing programs or services and new or 23 revised programs of the state agencies that provide client services and making recommendations as to how the rights of 2.4 clients are affected. 25 (e) Submitting an annual report to the Legislature, no 26 27 later than December 30 of each calendar year, concerning 2.8 activities, recommendations, and complaints reviewed or 29 developed by the council during the year. 30 (f) Conducting meetings at least <u>one time</u> six times a year at the call of the chair and at other times at the call 31 23

1 of the Governor or by written request of eight six members of 2 the council, including the executive director. 3 (g) Developing and adopting uniform procedures to be 4 used to carry out the purpose and responsibilities of the statewide council and the local councils. 5 б (h) Supervising the operations of the local councils 7 and monitoring the performance and activities of all local 8 councils and providing technical assistance to members of 9 local councils. 10 (i) Providing for the development and presentation of a standardized training program for members of local councils. 11 12 (j) Developing and maintaining interagency agreements 13 between the council and the state agencies providing client services. The interagency agreements shall address the 14 coordination of efforts and identify the roles and 15 responsibilities of the statewide and local councils and each 16 17 agency in fulfillment of their responsibilities, including 18 access to records. The interagency agreements shall explicitly define a process that the statewide and local councils shall 19 use to request records from the agency and shall define a 20 21 process for appeal when disputes about access to records arise between staff and council members. Interagency agreements 22 23 shall be renewed annually and shall be completed and reported to the Governor no later than February 1. 2.4 Section 9. Section 409.1451, Florida Statutes, is 25 amended to read: 26 27 409.1451 Independent living transition services.--2.8 (1) SYSTEM OF SERVICES.--(a) The Department of Children and Family Services, 29 its agents, or community-based providers operating pursuant to 30 s. 409.1671 shall administer a system of independent living 31 2.4

1 transition services to enable older children in foster care 2 and young adults who exit foster care at age 18 to make the transition to self-sufficiency as adults. 3 (b) The goals of independent living transition 4 services are to assist older children in foster care and young 5 6 adults who were formerly in foster care to obtain life skills 7 and education for independent living and employment, to have a 8 quality of life appropriate for their age, and to assume personal responsibility for becoming self-sufficient adults. 9 10 (c) State funds for foster care or federal funds shall be used to establish a continuum of services for eligible 11 12 children in foster care and eligible young adults who were 13 formerly in foster care which accomplish the goals for the system of independent living transition services by providing 14 services for foster children, pursuant to subsection (4), and 15 services for young adults who were formerly in foster care, 16 17 pursuant to subsection (5). (d) For children in foster care, independent living 18 transition services are not an alternative to adoption. 19 20 Independent living transition services may occur concurrently 21 with continued efforts to locate and achieve placement in 22 adoptive families for older children in foster care. 23 (2) ELIGIBILITY.--(a) The department shall serve children who have 2.4 reached 13 years of age but are not yet 18 years of age and 25 who are in foster care by providing services pursuant to 26 27 subsection (4). Children to be served must meet the 2.8 eligibility requirements set forth for specific services as 29 provided in this section. 30 (b) The department shall provide services pursuant to subsection (5) to serve young adults who have reached 18 years 31

25

1 of age but are not yet 23 years of age and who were in foster 2 care when they turned 18 years of age or who were adopted from foster care after reaching 16 years of age or, after spending 3 4 at least 6 months in the custody of the department after reaching 16 years of age, were placed in a guardianship by the 5 б <u>court</u> by providing services pursuant to subsection (5). Young 7 adults are not entitled to be served but must meet the 8 eligibility requirements set forth for specific services in this section. 9 10 (3) PREPARATION FOR INDEPENDENT LIVING. --(a) It is the intent of the Legislature for the 11 12 Department of Children and Family Services to assist older 13 children in foster care and young adults who exit foster care at age 18 in making the transition to independent living and 14 self-sufficiency as adults. The department shall provide such 15 children and young adults with opportunities to participate in 16 17 life skills activities in their foster families and 18 communities which are reasonable and appropriate for their respective ages or for any special needs they may have, and 19 shall provide them with services to build <u>life</u> the skills and 20 21 increase their ability to live independently and become self-sufficient. To support the provision of opportunities for 22 23 participation in age-appropriate life skills activities, the department shall: 2.4 1. Develop a list of age-appropriate activities and 25 responsibilities to be offered to all children involved in 26 27 independent living transition services and their foster 2.8 parents. 2. Provide training for staff and foster parents to 29 address the issues of older children in foster care in 30 transitioning to adulthood, which shall include information on 31 26

1 high school completion, grant applications, vocational school 2 opportunities, supporting education and employment 3 opportunities, and providing opportunities to participate in 4 appropriate daily activities. 5 3. Develop procedures to maximize the authority of б foster parents or caregivers to approve participation in 7 age-appropriate activities of children in their care. The 8 age-appropriate activities shall be included in the child's case plan. This plan must include specific goals and 9 10 objectives and be reviewed at each judicial review as part of the case plan. 11 12 4. Provide opportunities for older children in foster 13 care to interact with mentors. 5. Develop and implement procedures for older children 14 to directly access and manage the personal allowance they 15 receive from the department in order to learn responsibility 16 17 and participate in age-appropriate life skills activities to 18 the extent feasible. 19 6. Make a good faith effort to fully explain, prior to execution of any signature, if required, any document, report, 20 21 form, or other record, whether written or electronic, 22 presented to a child or young adult and allow for the 23 recipient to ask any appropriate questions necessary to fully understand the document. It shall be the responsibility of the 2.4 person presenting the document to the child or young adult to 25 comply with this subparagraph. 26 27 (b) It is further the intent of the Legislature that 2.8 each child in foster care, his or her foster parents, if 29 applicable, and the department or community-based provider set early achievement and career goals for the child's 30 postsecondary educational and work experience. The department 31 27

1 and community-based providers shall implement the model set 2 forth in this paragraph to help ensure that children in foster care are ready for postsecondary education and the workplace. 3 1. For children in foster care who have reached 13 4 years of age, entering the 9th grade, their foster parents, 5 б and the department or community-based provider shall ensure 7 that the child's case plan includes an educational and career 8 path be active participants in choosing a post high school 9 goal based upon both the abilities and interests of each 10 child. The child, the foster parents, and a teacher or other school staff member shall be included to the fullest extent 11 12 possible in developing the path. The path shall be reviewed at 13 each judicial hearing as part of the case plan and goal shall accommodate the needs of children served in exceptional 14 education programs to the extent appropriate for each 15 individual. Such children may continue to follow the courses 16 17 outlined in the district school board student progression 18 plan. Children in foster care, with the assistance of their foster parents, and the department or community-based provider 19 shall choose one of the following postsecondary goals: 20 21 a. Attending a 4-year college or university, a 22 community college plus university, or a military academy; 23 b. Receiving a 2-year postsecondary degree; c. Attaining a postsecondary career and technical 2.4 certificate or credential; or 25 d. Beginning immediate employment, including 26 apprenticeship, after completion of a high school diploma or 27 2.8 its equivalent, or enlisting in the military. 2. In order to assist the child in foster care in 29 30 achieving his or her chosen goal, the department or 31

28

1 community-based provider shall, with the participation of the child and foster parents, identify: 2 a. The core courses necessary to qualify for a chosen 3 4 goal. 5 b. Any elective courses which would provide additional 6 help in reaching a chosen goal. 7 c. The grade point requirement and any additional 8 information necessary to achieve a specific goal. d. A teacher, other school staff member, employee of 9 10 the department or community-based care provider, or community volunteer who would be willing to work with the child as an 11 12 academic advocate or mentor if foster parent involvement is 13 insufficient or unavailable. 3. In order to complement educational goals, the 14 department and community-based providers are encouraged to 15 form partnerships with the business community to support 16 17 internships, apprenticeships, or other work-related 18 opportunities. 19 4. The department and community-based providers shall ensure that children in foster care and their foster parents 20 21 are made aware of the postsecondary goals available and shall 22 assist in identifying the coursework necessary to enable the 23 child to reach the chosen goal. (c) All children in foster care and young adults 2.4 formerly in foster care are encouraged to take part in 25 learning opportunities that result from participation in 26 27 community service activities. 2.8 (d) Children in foster care and young adults formerly in foster care shall be provided with the opportunity to 29 change from one postsecondary goal to another, and each 30 postsecondary goal shall allow for changes in each 31 29

1 individual's needs and preferences. Any change, particularly a 2 change that will result in additional time required to achieve a goal, shall be made with the guidance and assistance of the 3 department or community-based provider. 4 5 (4) SERVICES FOR CHILDREN IN FOSTER CARE.--The б department shall provide the following transition to 7 independence services to children in foster care who meet 8 prescribed conditions and are determined eligible by the 9 department. The service categories available to children in 10 foster care which facilitate successful transition into adulthood are: 11 12 (a) Preindependent living services.--13 1. Preindependent living services include, but are not limited to, life skills training, educational field trips, and 14 conferences. The specific services to be provided to a child 15 shall be determined using a preindependent living assessment. 16 17 2. A child who has reached 13 years of age but is not 18 yet 15 years of age who is in foster care is eligible for such services. 19 20 3. The department shall conduct an annual staffing for 21 each child who has reached 13 years of age but is not yet 15 22 years of age to ensure that the preindependent living training 23 and services to be provided as determined by the preindependent living assessment are being received and to 2.4 evaluate the progress of the child in developing the needed 25 independent living skills. 26 27 4. At the first annual staffing that occurs following 2.8 a child's 14th birthday, and at each subsequent staffing, the 29 department or community-based provider shall ensure that the child's case plan includes an educational and career path 30 based upon both the abilities and interests of each child and 31

30

1 shall provide to each child detailed personalized information 2 on services provided by the Road-to-Independence Scholarship Program, including requirements for eligibility; on other 3 grants, scholarships, and waivers that are available and 4 should be sought by the child with assistance from the 5 6 department, including, but not limited to, the Bright Futures 7 Scholarship Program, as provided in ss. 1009.53-1009.538; on 8 application deadlines; and on grade requirements for such 9 programs. 10 5. Information related to both the preindependent living assessment and all staffings, which shall be reduced to 11 12 writing and signed by the child participant, shall be included 13 as a part of the written report required to be provided to the court at each judicial review held pursuant to s. 39.701. 14 (b) Life skills services.--15 1. Life skills services may include, but are not 16 17 limited to, independent living skills training, including training to develop financial literacy banking and budgeting 18 skills, interviewing skills, parenting skills, and time 19 management or organizational skills, educational support, 20 21 employment training, and counseling. Children receiving these 22 services should also be provided with information related to 23 social security insurance benefits and public assistance. The specific services to be provided to a child shall be 2.4 determined using an independent life skills assessment. 25 2. A child who has reached 15 years of age but is not 26 27 yet 18 years of age who is in foster care is eligible for such 2.8 services. 29 3. The department shall conduct a staffing at least 30 once every 6 months for each child who has reached 15 years of age but is not yet 18 years of age to ensure that the 31

31

1 appropriate independent living training and services as 2 determined by the independent life skills assessment are being received and to evaluate the progress of the child in 3 developing the needed independent living skills. 4 4. The department shall provide to each child in 5 б foster care <u>no later than</u> during the calendar month following 7 the child's 17th birthday an independent living assessment to determine the child's skills and abilities to live 8 independently and become self-sufficient. Based on the results 9 of the independent living assessment, services and training 10 shall be provided in order for the child to develop the 11 12 necessary skills and abilities prior to the child's 18th 13 birthday. 5. The department or community-based care provider 14 shall work with the child in developing a joint transition 15 plan that is consistent with the needs assessment described in 16 subparagraph 4. The transition plan must identify the specific 17 18 services needed to support the child's own efforts to achieve independence and must include specific tasks that the child 19 must complete or maintain in order to achieve independence. 20 21 The plan shall be incorporated into the child's case plan and reviewed at the first judicial review after the child's 17th 22 23 birthday. 6.5. Information related to both the independent life 2.4 skills assessment and all staffings, which shall be reduced to 25 26 writing and signed by the child participant, shall be included 27 as a part of the written report required to be provided to the 2.8 court at each judicial review held pursuant to s. 39.701. 29 (c) Subsidized independent living services .--30 1. Subsidized independent living services are living arrangements that allow the child to live independently of the 31 32

1 daily care and supervision of an adult in a setting that is not required to be licensed under s. 409.175. 2 2. A child who has reached 16 years of age but is not 3 yet 18 years of age is eligible for such services if he or 4 5 she: б а. Is adjudicated dependent under chapter 39; has been 7 placed in licensed out-of-home care for at least 6 months 8 prior to entering subsidized independent living; and has a permanency goal of adoption, independent living, or long-term 9 licensed care; and 10 b. Is able to demonstrate independent living skills, 11 12 as determined by the department, using established procedures 13 and assessments. 3. Independent living arrangements established for a 14 child must be part of an overall plan leading to the total 15 independence of the child from the department's supervision. 16 17 The plan must include, but need not be limited to, a description of the skills of the child and a plan for learning 18 additional identified skills; the behavior that the child has 19 exhibited which indicates an ability to be responsible and a 20 21 plan for developing additional responsibilities, as 22 appropriate; a plan for future educational, vocational, and 23 training skills; present financial and budgeting capabilities and a plan for improving resources and ability; a description 2.4 of the proposed residence; documentation that the child 25 understands the specific consequences of his or her conduct in 26 27 the independent living program; documentation of proposed 2.8 services to be provided by the department and other agencies, 29 including the type of service and the nature and frequency of 30 contact; and a plan for maintaining or developing 31

33

1 relationships with the family, other adults, friends, and the 2 community, as appropriate. 4. Subsidy payments in an amount established by the 3 4 department may be made directly to a child under the direct 5 supervision of a caseworker or other responsible adult 6 approved by the department. 7 (5) SERVICES FOR YOUNG ADULTS FORMERLY IN FOSTER 8 CARE. -- Based on the availability of funds, the department 9 shall provide or arrange for the following services to young 10 adults formerly in foster care who meet the prescribed conditions and are determined eligible by the department. The 11 12 department, or a community-based care lead agency when the 13 agency is under contract with the department to provide the services described under this subsection, shall develop a plan 14 to implement those services. A plan shall be developed for 15 each community-based care service area in the state. Each plan 16 17 that is developed by a community-based care lead agency shall 18 be submitted to the department. Each plan shall include the number of young adults to be served each month of the fiscal 19 year and specify the number of young adults who will reach 18 2.0 21 years of age who will be eligible for the plan and the number of young adults who will reach 23 years of age and will be 22 23 ineligible for the plan or who are otherwise ineligible during each month of the fiscal year; staffing requirements and all 2.4 related costs to administer the services and program; 25 expenditures to or on behalf of the eligible recipients; costs 26 27 of services provided to young adults through an approved plan 2.8 for housing, transportation, and employment; reconciliation of these expenses and any additional related costs with the funds 29 allocated for these services; and an explanation of and a plan 30 to resolve any shortages or surpluses in order to end the 31

1 fiscal year with a balanced budget. The categories of 2 services available to assist a young adult formerly in foster care to achieve independence are: 3 4 (a) Aftercare support services.--5 1. Aftercare support services are available to assist 6 young adults who were formerly in foster care in their efforts 7 to continue to develop the skills and abilities necessary for 8 independent living. The aftercare support services available include, but are not limited to, the following: 9 10 a. Mentoring and tutoring. b. Mental health services and substance abuse 11 12 counseling. 13 c. Life skills classes, including credit management and preventive health activities. 14 d. Parenting classes. 15 e. Job and career skills training. 16 17 f. Counselor consultations. 18 g. Temporary financial assistance. h. Financial literacy skills training. 19 20 21 The specific services to be provided under this subparagraph 22 shall be determined by an aftercare services assessment and 23 may be provided by the department or through referrals in the community. 2.4 2. Temporary assistance provided to prevent 25 homelessness shall be provided as expeditiously as possible 26 27 and within the limitations defined by the department. 2.8 <u>3.2.</u> A young adult who has reached 18 years of age but 29 is not yet 23 years of age who leaves foster care at 18 years of age but who requests services prior to reaching 23 years of 30 age is eligible for such services. 31 35

1 (b) Road-to-Independence Scholarship Program.--2 1. The Road-to-Independence Scholarship Program is intended to help eligible students who are former foster 3 4 children in this state to receive the educational and vocational training needed to achieve independence. The amount 5 6 of the award shall be based on the living and educational 7 needs of the young adult and may be up to, but may not exceed, 8 the amount of earnings that the student would have been eligible to earn working a 40-hour-a-week federal minimum wage 9 10 job. 2. A young adult who has reached 18 years of age but 11 12 is not yet 21 years of age is eligible for the initial award, 13 and a young adult under 23 years of age is eligible for renewal awards, if he or she: 14 a. Was a dependent child, under chapter 39, and was 15 living in licensed foster care or in subsidized independent 16 17 living at the time of his or her 18th birthday or is currently in licensed foster care or subsidized independent living, was 18 adopted from foster care after reaching 16 years of age, or, 19 after spending at least 6 months in the custody of the 20 21 department after reaching 16 years of age, was placed in a 22 quardianship by the court; b. Spent at least 6 months living in foster care 23 before reaching his or her 18th birthday; 2.4 c. Is a resident of this state as defined in s. 25 26 1009.40; and 27 d. Meets one of the following gualifications: 2.8 (I) Has earned a standard high school diploma or its equivalent as described in s. 1003.43 or s. 1003.435, or has 29 30 earned a special diploma or special certificate of completion as described in s. 1003.438, and has been admitted for 31

1 full-time enrollment in an eligible postsecondary education institution as defined in s. 1009.533; 2 (II) Is enrolled full time in an accredited high 3 4 school; or 5 (III) Is enrolled full time in an accredited adult 6 education program designed to provide the student with a high 7 school diploma or its equivalent. 8 3. A young adult applying for the a 9 Road-to-Independence Program Scholarship must apply for any 10 other grants and scholarships for which he or she may qualify. The department shall assist the young adult in the application 11 12 process and may use the federal financial aid grant process to 13 determine the funding needs of the young adult. 4. An award shall be available to a young adult who is 14 considered a full-time student or its equivalent by the 15 educational institution in which he or she is enrolled, unless 16 17 that young adult has a recognized disability preventing 18 full-time attendance. The amount of the award, whether it is being used by a young adult working toward completion of a 19 high school diploma or its equivalent or working toward 20 21 completion of a postsecondary education program, shall be 2.2 determined based on an assessment of the funding needs of the 23 young adult. This assessment must consider the young adult's living and educational costs and other grants, scholarships, 2.4 waivers, earnings, and other income to be received by the 25 young adult. An award shall be available only to the extent 26 27 that other grants and scholarships are not sufficient to meet 2.8 the living and educational needs of the young adult, but an 29 award may not be less than \$25 in order to maintain Medicaid 30 eligibility for the young adult as provided in s. 409.903. 31

37

1	5. The portion of any award which if funded through
2	federal education and training vouchers may be disregarded for
3	purposes of determining the eligibility for, or the amount of,
4	any other federal or federally supported assistance.
5	<u>6.5.a. The department must advertise the criteria,</u>
6	application procedures, and availability of the program to:
7	(I) Children and young adults in, leaving, or formerly
8	<u>in foster care.</u>
9	(II) Case managers.
10	(III) Guidance and family services counselors.
11	(IV) Principals or other relevant school
12	administrators and must ensure that the children and young
13	adults leaving foster care, foster parents, or family services
14	counselors are informed of the availability of the program and
15	the application procedures.
16	b. A young adult must apply for the initial award
17	during the 6 months immediately preceding his or her 18th
18	birthday, and the department shall provide assistance with the
19	application process. A young adult who fails to make an
20	initial application, but who otherwise meets the criteria for
21	an initial award, may make one application for the initial
22	award if the application is made before the young adult's 21st
23	birthday. If the young adult does not apply for an initial
24	award before his or her 18th birthday, the department shall
25	inform that young adult of the opportunity to apply before
26	turning 21 years of age.
27	c. If funding for the program is available, The
28	department shall issue awards from the scholarship program for
29	each young adult who meets all the requirements of the program
30	to the extent funding is available.
31	
	38

1 d. An award shall be issued at the time the eligible 2 student reaches 18 years of age. 3 e. A young adult who is eligible for the 4 Road-to-Independence Program, transitional support services, 5 or aftercare services and who so desires shall be allowed to 6 reside with the licensed foster family or group care provider 7 with whom he or she was residing at the time of attaining his 8 or her 18th birthday or to reside in another licensed foster 9 home or with a group care provider arranged by the department. 10 f. If the award recipient transfers from one eligible institution to another and continues to meet eligibility 11 12 requirements, the award must be transferred with the 13 recipient. g. Scholarship Funds awarded to any eligible young 14 adult under this program are in addition to any other services 15 or funds provided to the young adult by the department through 16 17 transitional support services or aftercare services its 18 independent living transition services. 19 h. The department shall provide information concerning young adults receiving funding through the 20 21 Road-to-Independence Program Scholarship to the Department of 22 Education for inclusion in the student financial assistance 23 database, as provided in s. 1009.94. i. Scholarship Funds are intended to help eligible 2.4 25 young adults students who are former foster children in this state to receive the educational and vocational training 26 27 needed to become independent and self-supporting. The funds 2.8 shall be terminated when the young adult has attained one of 29 four postsecondary goals under subsection (3) or reaches 23 years of age, whichever occurs earlier. In order to initiate 30 postsecondary education, to allow for a change in career goal, 31

1 or to obtain additional skills in the same educational or 2 vocational area, a young adult may earn no more than two diplomas, certificates, or credentials. A young adult 3 attaining an associate of arts or associate of science degree 4 shall be permitted to work toward completion of a bachelor of 5 6 arts or a bachelor of science degree or an equivalent 7 undergraduate degree. Road-to-Independence Program Scholarship 8 funds may not be used for education or training after a young adult has attained a bachelor of arts or a bachelor of science 9 degree or an equivalent undergraduate degree. 10 j. The department shall evaluate and renew each award 11 12 annually during the 90-day period before the young adult's 13 birthday. In order to be eligible for a renewal award for the subsequent year, the young adult must: 14 (I) Complete the number of hours, or the equivalent 15 considered full time by the educational institution, unless 16 17 that young adult has a recognized disability preventing 18 full-time attendance, in the last academic year in which the young adult earned an award a scholarship, except for a young 19 adult who meets the requirements of s. 1009.41. 20 21 (II) Maintain appropriate progress as required by the 22 educational institution, except that, if the young adult's 23 progress is insufficient to renew the award scholarship at any time during the eligibility period, the young adult may 2.4 restore eligibility by improving his or her progress to the 25 required level. 26 27 k. Scholarship Funds may be terminated during the 2.8 interim between an award and the evaluation for a renewal 29 award if the department determines that the award recipient is no longer enrolled in an educational institution as defined in 30 sub-subparagraph 2.d., or is no longer a state resident. The 31 40

1 department shall notify a recipient student who is terminated 2 and inform the recipient student of his or her right to 3 appeal. 4 1. An award recipient who does not qualify for a renewal award or who chooses not to renew the award may 5 б subsequently apply for reinstatement. An application for 7 reinstatement must be made before the young adult reaches 21 8 23 years of age, and a student may not apply for reinstatement more than once. In order to be eligible for reinstatement, the 9 young adult must meet the eligibility criteria and the 10 criteria for award renewal for the scholarship program. 11 12 (c) Transitional support services.--13 1. In addition to any services provided through aftercare support or the Road-to-Independence Program 14 Scholarship, a young adult formerly in foster care may receive 15 other appropriate short-term funding and services, which may 16 17 include financial, housing, counseling, employment, education, mental health, disability, and other services, if the young 18 adult demonstrates that the services are critical to the young 19 adult's own efforts to achieve self-sufficiency and to develop 2.0 21 a personal support system. 22 2. A young adult formerly in foster care is eligible 23 to apply for transitional support services if he or she has reached 18 years of age but is not yet 23 years of age, was a 2.4 dependent child pursuant to chapter 39, was living in licensed 25 foster care or in subsidized independent living at the time of 26 27 his or her 18th birthday, and had spent at least 6 months 28 living in foster care before that date. 29 3. If at any time the services are no longer critical 30 to the young adult's own efforts to achieve self-sufficiency 31

41

Florida Senate - 2006 586-2121-06

1	and to develop a personal support system, they shall be
2	terminated.
3	(d) Payment of aftercare, <u>Road-to-Independence Program</u>
4	scholarship, or transitional support funds
5	<u>1.</u> Payment of aftercare, <u>Road-to-Independence Program</u>
6	scholarship , or transitional support funds shall be made
7	directly to the recipient unless the recipient requests in
8	writing to the community-based care lead agency, or the
9	department, that the payments or a portion of the payments be
10	made directly on the recipient's behalf in order to secure
11	services such as housing, counseling, education, or employment
12	training as part of the young adult's own efforts to achieve
13	self-sufficiency.
14	2. After the completion of aftercare support services
15	that satisfy the requirements of sub-subparagraph (a)1.h.,
16	payment of awards under the Road-to-Independence Program shall
17	be made by direct deposit to the recipient, unless the
18	recipient requests in writing to the community-based care lead
19	agency or the department that:
20	a. The payments be made directly to the recipient by
21	<u>check or warrant;</u>
22	<u>b. The payments or a portion of the payments be made</u>
23	directly on the recipient's behalf to institutions the
24	recipient is attending to maintain eligibility under this
25	section; or
26	<u>c. The payments be made on a two-party check to a</u>
27	business or landlord for a legitimate expense, whether
28	reimbursed or not. A legitimate expense for the purposes of
29	this sub-subparagraph shall include automobile repair or
30	<u>maintenance expenses; educational, job, or training expenses;</u>
31	and costs incurred, except legal costs, fines, or penalties,

1 when applying for or executing a rental agreement for the 2 purposes of securing a home or residence. 3. The community-based care lead agency may purchase 3 4 housing, transportation, or employment services to ensure the 5 availability and affordability of specific transitional 6 services thereby allowing an eligible young adult to utilize 7 these services in lieu of receiving a direct payment. Prior to 8 purchasing such services, the community-based care lead agency must have a plan approved by the department describing the 9 10 services to be purchased, the rationale for purchasing the services, and a specific range of expenses for each service 11 12 that is less than the cost of purchasing the service by an 13 individual young adult. The plan must include a description of the transition of a young adult using these services into 14 independence and a timeframe for achievement of independence. 15 An eligible young adult who can demonstrate an ability to 16 17 obtain these services independently and prefers a direct 18 payment shall receive such payment. The plan must be reviewed annually and evaluated for cost-efficiency and for 19 effectiveness in assisting young adults in achieving 2.0 21 independence, preventing homelessness among young adults, and enabling young adults to earn a living wage in a permanent 2.2 23 employment situation. 4. The young adult who resides with a foster family 2.4 may not be included as a child in calculating any licensing 25 26 restriction on the number of children in the foster home. 27 (e) Appeals process.--2.8 1. The Department of Children and Family Services 29 shall adopt by rule a procedure by which a young adult may appeal an eligibility determination or the department's 30 failure to provide aftercare, Road-to-Independence Program 31 43

1 scholarship, or transitional support services, or the 2 termination of such services, if such funds are available. 3 2. The procedure developed by the department must be readily available to young adults, must provide timely 4 decisions, and must provide for an appeal to the Secretary of 5 6 Children and Family Services. The decision of the secretary 7 constitutes final agency action and is reviewable by the court 8 as provided in s. 120.68. (6) ACCOUNTABILITY.--The department shall develop 9 outcome measures for the program and other performance 10 11 measures. 12 (7) INDEPENDENT LIVING SERVICES ADVISORY COUNCIL. -- The 13 Secretary of Children and Family Services shall establish the Independent Living Services Advisory Council for the purpose 14 of reviewing and making recommendations concerning the 15 implementation and operation of the independent living 16 17 transition services. This advisory council shall continue to 18 function as specified in this subsection until the Legislature determines that the advisory council can no longer provide a 19 valuable contribution to the department's efforts to achieve 20 21 the goals of the independent living transition services. 22 (a) Specifically, the advisory council shall assess 23 the implementation and operation of the system of independent living transition services and advise the department on 2.4 actions that would improve the ability of the independent 25 26 living transition services to meet the established goals. The 27 advisory council shall keep the department informed of 2.8 problems being experienced with the services, barriers to the 29 effective and efficient integration of services and support across systems, and successes that the system of independent 30 living transition services has achieved. The department shall 31

44

1 consider, but is not required to implement, the 2 recommendations of the advisory council. 3 (b) The advisory council shall report to the appropriate substantive committees of the Senate and the House 4 of Representatives on the status of the implementation of the 5 6 system of independent living transition services; efforts to 7 publicize the availability of aftercare support services, the 8 Road-to-Independence Scholarship Program, and transitional 9 support services; specific barriers to financial aid created by the scholarship and possible solutions; the success of the 10 services; problems identified; recommendations for department 11 12 or legislative action; and the department's implementation of 13 the recommendations contained in the Independent Living Services Integration Workgroup Report submitted to the Senate 14 and the House substantive committees December 31, 2002. This 15 advisory council report shall be submitted by December 31 of 16 17 each year that the council is in existence and shall be 18 accompanied by a report from the department which identifies the recommendations of the advisory council and either 19 describes the department's actions to implement these 20 21 recommendations or provides the department's rationale for not 22 implementing the recommendations. 23 (c) Members of the advisory council shall be appointed by the secretary of the department. The membership of the 24 advisory council must include, at a minimum, representatives 25 from the headquarters and district offices of the Department 26 27 of Children and Family Services, community-based care lead 2.8 agencies, the Agency for Workforce Innovation, the Department 29 of Education, the Agency for Health Care Administration, the State Youth Advisory Board, Workforce Florida, Inc., the 30 Statewide Guardian Ad Litem Office, foster parents, recipients 31

45

of Road-to-Independence Program funding, and advocates for 1 foster children. The secretary shall determine the length of 2 the term to be served by each member appointed to the advisory 3 council, which may not exceed 4 years. 4 (d) The Department of Children and Family Services 5 б shall provide administrative support to the Independent Living 7 Services Advisory Council to accomplish its assigned tasks. The advisory council shall be afforded access to all 8 appropriate data from the department, each community-based 9 care lead agency, and other relevant agencies in order to 10 accomplish the tasks set forth in this section. The data 11 12 collected may not include any information that would identify 13 a specific child or young adult. (8) PERSONAL PROPERTY. -- Property acquired on behalf of 14 clients of this program shall become the personal property of 15 the clients and is not subject to the requirements of chapter 16 17 273 relating to state-owned tangible personal property. Such 18 property continues to be subject to applicable federal laws. (9) MEDICAL ASSISTANCE FOR YOUNG ADULTS FORMERLY IN 19 FOSTER CARE.--The department shall enroll in the Florida 20 21 KidCare program, outside the open enrollment period, each 2.2 young adult who is eligible as described in paragraph (2)(b) 23 and who has not yet reached his or her 20th 19th birthday. (a) A young adult who was formerly in foster care at 2.4 the time of his or her 18th birthday and who is 18 years of 25 26 age but not yet 20 19, shall pay the premium for the Florida 27 KidCare program as required in s. 409.814. 2.8 (b) A young adult who has health insurance coverage 29 from a third party through his or her employer or who is eligible for Medicaid is not eligible for enrollment under 30 this subsection. 31 46

2procedures to administer this section, including balancing the3goals of normalcy and safety for the youth and providing the4caregivers with as much flexibility as possible to enable the5youth to participate in normal life experiences. The6department shall not adopt rules relating to reductions in7scholarship awards. The department shall engage in appropriate8planning to prevent, to the extent possible, a reduction in9scholarship awards after issuance.10Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section11409.175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:12409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential13child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies; public14records exemption15(2) As used in this section, the term:16(b) "Boarding school" means a school which is17accredited by the Florida Council of Independent Schools or18the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; which is19accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or the Coalition10for Residential Education; and which is registered with the10pepartment of Education as a school. Its program must follow13established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer14recesses in accordance with other public and private school15programs. The children in residence must customarily return to16their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and17must not be in residence year-r	1	(10) RULEMAKINGThe department shall adopt by rule
4caregivers with as much flexibility as possible to enable the5youth to participate in normal life experiences. The6department shall not adopt rules relating to reductions in7scholarship awards. The department shall engage in appropriate8planning to prevent, to the extent possible, a reduction in9scholarship awards after issuance.10Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section11409.175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:12409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential13child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies; public14records exemption15(2) As used in this section, the term:16(b) "Boarding school" means a school which is17accredited by the Florida Council of Independent Schools or18the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; which is19accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or the Coalition10for Residential Education; and which is registered with the10Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow16setablished school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer17recesses in accordance with other public and private school18programs. The children in residence must customarily return to19their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and17must not be in residence year-round, except that this18provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of19these children retain custody and plan	2	procedures to administer this section, including balancing the
 youth to participate in normal life experiences. The department shall not adopt rules relating to reductions in scholarship awards. The department shall engage in appropriate planning to prevent, to the extent possible, a reduction in scholarship awards after issuance. Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 409.175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies; public records exemption (2) As used in this section, the term: (b) "Boarding school" means a school which is accredited by the Florida Council of Independent Schools or the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; which is accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or the Coalition for Residential Education; and which is registered with the Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer recesses in accordance with other public and private school programs. The children in residence must customarily return to their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and must not be in residence year-round, except that this provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of these children retain custody and planning and financial responsibility. A boarding school currently in existence and a 	3	goals of normalcy and safety for the youth and providing the
department shall not adopt rules relating to reductions in scholarship awards. The department shall engage in appropriate planning to prevent, to the extent possible, a reduction in scholarship awards after issuance. Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 409.175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 409.175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies; public records exemption (2) As used in this section, the term: (b) "Boarding school" means a school which is accredited by the Florida Council of Independent Schools or the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; which is accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or the Coalition for Residential Education; and which is registered with the Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer recesses in accordance with other public and private school programs. The children in residence must customarily return to their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and must not be in residence year-round, except that this provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of these children retain custody and planning and financial responsibility. A boarding school currently in existence and a	4	caregivers with as much flexibility as possible to enable the
scholarship awards. The department shall engage in appropriate planning to prevent, to the extent possible, a reduction in scholarship awards after issuance. Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 409.175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies; public records exemption (2) As used in this section, the term: (b) "Boarding school" means a school which is accredited by the Florida Council of Independent Schools or the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; which is accredited by the Council on Accreditation, the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or the Coalition for Residential Education; and which is registered with the Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer recesses in accordance with other public and private school programs. The children in residence must customarily return to their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and must not be in residence year-round, except that this provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of these children retain custody and planning and financial responsibility. <u>A boarding school currently in existence and a</u>	5	youth to participate in normal life experiences. The
planning to prevent, to the extent possible, a reduction in scholarship awards after issuance. Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 409.175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies; public records exemption (2) As used in this section, the term: (b) "Boarding school" means a school which is accredited by the Florida Council of Independent Schools or the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; which is accredited by the Council on Accreditation, the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or the Coalition for Residential Education; and which is registered with the Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer recesses in accordance with other public and private school programs. The children in residence must customarily return to their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and must not be in residence year-round, except that this provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of these children retain custody and planning and financial responsibility. <u>A boarding school currently in existence and a</u>	б	department shall not adopt rules relating to reductions in
 scholarship awards after issuance. Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 409.175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies; public records exemption (2) As used in this section, the term: (b) "Boarding school" means a school which is accredited by the Florida Council of Independent Schools or the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; which is accredited by the Council on Accreditation, the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or the Coalition for Residential Education; and which is registered with the Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer recesses in accordance with other public and private school programs. The children in residence must customarily return to their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and must not be in residence year-round, except that this provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of these children retain custody and planning and financial responsibility. <u>A boarding school currently in existence and a</u> 	7	scholarship awards. The department shall engage in appropriate
10Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section11409.175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:12409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential13child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies; public14records exemption15(2) As used in this section, the term:16(b) "Boarding school" means a school which is17accredited by the Florida Council of Independent Schools or18the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; which is19accredited by the Council on Accreditation, the Commission on20Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or the Coalition21for Residential Education; and which is registered with the22Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow23established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer24recesses in accordance with other public and private school25programs. The children in residence must customarily return to26their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and27must not be in residence year-round, except that this28provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of29these children retain custody and planning and financial30responsibility. A boarding school currently in existence and a	8	planning to prevent, to the extent possible, a reduction in
 409.175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 409.175, Licensure of family foster homes, residential child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies; public records exemption (2) As used in this section, the term: (b) "Boarding school" means a school which is accredited by the Florida Council of Independent Schools or the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; which is accredited by the Council on Accreditation, the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or the Coalition for Residential Education; and which is registered with the Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer recesses in accordance with other public and private school programs. The children in residence must customarily return to their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and must not be in residence year-round, except that this provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of these children retain custody and planning and financial responsibility. A boarding school currently in existence and a 	9	scholarship awards after issuance.
12409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential13child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies; public14records exemption15(2) As used in this section, the term:16(b) "Boarding school" means a school which is17accredited by the Florida Council of Independent Schools or18the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; which is19accredited by the Council on Accreditation, the Commission on20Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or the Coalition21for Residential Education; and which is registered with the22Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow23established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer24recesses in accordance with other public and private school25programs. The children in residence must customarily return to26their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and27must not be in residence year-round, except that this28provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of29these children retain custody and planning and financial30responsibility. A boarding school currently in existence and a	10	Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies; public records exemption (2) As used in this section, the term: (b) "Boarding school" means a school which is accredited by the Florida Council of Independent Schools or the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; which is accredited by the Council on Accreditation, the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or the Coalition for Residential Education; and which is registered with the Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer programs. The children in residence must customarily return to their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and must not be in residence year-round, except that this provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of these children retain custody and planning and financial	11	409.175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
<pre>14 records exemption 15 (2) As used in this section, the term: 16 (b) "Boarding school" means a school which is 17 accredited by the Florida Council of Independent Schools or 18 the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; which is 19 accredited by the Council on Accreditation, the Commission on 20 Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or the Coalition 21 for Residential Education; and which is registered with the 22 Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow 23 established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer 24 recesses in accordance with other public and private school 25 programs. The children in residence must customarily return to 26 their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and 27 must not be in residence year-round, except that this 28 provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of 29 these children retain custody and planning and financial 30 responsibility. A boarding school currently in existence and a</pre>	12	409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential
 (2) As used in this section, the term: (b) "Boarding school" means a school which is accredited by the Florida Council of Independent Schools or the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; which is accredited by the Council on Accreditation, the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or the Coalition for Residential Education; and which is registered with the Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer recesses in accordance with other public and private school programs. The children in residence must customarily return to their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and must not be in residence year-round, except that this provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of these children retain custody and planning and financial responsibility. A boarding school currently in existence and a 	13	child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies; public
 (b) "Boarding school" means a school which is accredited by the Florida Council of Independent Schools or the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; which is accredited by the Council on Accreditation, the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or the Coalition for Residential Education; and which is registered with the Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer recesses in accordance with other public and private school programs. The children in residence must customarily return to their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and must not be in residence year-round, except that this provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of these children retain custody and planning and financial responsibility. <u>A boarding school currently in existence and a</u> 	14	records exemption
17accredited by the Florida Council of Independent Schools or18the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; which is19accredited by the Council on Accreditation, the Commission on20Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or the Coalition21for Residential Education; and which is registered with the22Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow23established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer24recesses in accordance with other public and private school25programs. The children in residence must customarily return to26their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and27must not be in residence year-round, except that this28provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of29these children retain custody and planning and financial30responsibility. A boarding school currently in existence and a	15	(2) As used in this section, the term:
18the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; which is19accredited by the Council on Accreditation, the Commission on20Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or the Coalition21for Residential Education; and which is registered with the22Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow23established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer24recesses in accordance with other public and private school25programs. The children in residence must customarily return to26their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and27must not be in residence year-round, except that this28provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of29these children retain custody and planning and financial30responsibility. A boarding school currently in existence and a	16	(b) "Boarding school" means a school which is
19accredited by the Council on Accreditation, the Commission on20Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or the Coalition21for Residential Education; and which is registered with the22Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow23established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer24recesses in accordance with other public and private school25programs. The children in residence must customarily return to26their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and27must not be in residence year-round, except that this28provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of29these children retain custody and planning and financial30responsibility. A boarding school currently in existence and a	17	accredited by the Florida Council of Independent Schools or
Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or the Coalition for Residential Education; and which is registered with the Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer recesses in accordance with other public and private school programs. The children in residence must customarily return to their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and must not be in residence year-round, except that this provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of these children retain custody and planning and financial responsibility. <u>A boarding school currently in existence and a</u>	18	the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; which is
for Residential Education; and which is registered with the Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer recesses in accordance with other public and private school programs. The children in residence must customarily return to their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and must not be in residence year-round, except that this provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of these children retain custody and planning and financial responsibility. <u>A boarding school currently in existence and a</u>	19	accredited by the Council on Accreditation, the Commission on
Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer recesses in accordance with other public and private school programs. The children in residence must customarily return to their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and must not be in residence year-round, except that this provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of these children retain custody and planning and financial responsibility. <u>A boarding school currently in existence and a</u>	20	Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or the Coalition
established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer recesses in accordance with other public and private school programs. The children in residence must customarily return to their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and must not be in residence year-round, except that this provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of these children retain custody and planning and financial responsibility. <u>A boarding school currently in existence and a</u>	21	for Residential Education; and which is registered with the
recesses in accordance with other public and private school programs. The children in residence must customarily return to their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and must not be in residence year-round, except that this provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of these children retain custody and planning and financial responsibility. <u>A boarding school currently in existence and a</u>	22	Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow
25 programs. The children in residence must customarily return to 26 their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and 27 must not be in residence year-round, except that this 28 provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of 29 these children retain custody and planning and financial 30 responsibility. <u>A boarding school currently in existence and a</u>	23	established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer
26 their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and 27 must not be in residence year-round, except that this 28 provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of 29 these children retain custody and planning and financial 30 responsibility. <u>A boarding school currently in existence and a</u>	24	recesses in accordance with other public and private school
27 must not be in residence year-round, except that this 28 provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of 29 these children retain custody and planning and financial 30 responsibility. <u>A boarding school currently in existence and a</u>	25	programs. The children in residence must customarily return to
28 provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of 29 these children retain custody and planning and financial 30 responsibility. <u>A boarding school currently in existence and a</u>	26	their family homes or legal guardians during school breaks and
29 these children retain custody and planning and financial 30 responsibility. <u>A boarding school currently in existence and a</u>	27	must not be in residence year-round, except that this
30 responsibility. <u>A boarding school currently in existence and a</u>	28	provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of
	29	these children retain custody and planning and financial
	30	responsibility. <u>A boarding school currently in existence and a</u>
31 boarding school opening and seeking accreditation has 3 years	31	boarding school opening and seeking accreditation has 3 years

1 to comply with the requirements of this paragraph. A boarding 2 school must provide proof of accreditation or documentation of the accreditation process upon request. A boarding school that 3 4 cannot produce the required documentation or that has not registered with the Department of Education shall be 5 6 considered to be providing residential group care without a 7 license. The department may impose administrative sanctions or 8 seek civil remedies as provided under paragraph (11)(a). Section 11. Subsection (2) of section 39.013, Florida 9 Statutes, is amended to read: 10 39.013 Procedures and jurisdiction; right to 11 12 counsel.--13 (2) The circuit court shall have exclusive original jurisdiction of all proceedings under this chapter, of a child 14 voluntarily placed with a licensed child-caring agency, a 15 16 licensed child-placing agency, or the department, and of the 17 adoption of children whose parental rights have been 18 terminated under this chapter. Jurisdiction attaches when the initial shelter petition, dependency petition, or termination 19 of parental rights petition is filed or when a child is taken 20 21 into the custody of the department. The circuit court may 22 assume jurisdiction over any such proceeding regardless of 23 whether the child was in the physical custody of both parents, was in the sole legal or physical custody of only one parent, 2.4 25 caregiver, or some other person, or was in the physical or legal custody of no person when the event or condition 26 27 occurred that brought the child to the attention of the court. 2.8 When the court obtains jurisdiction of any child who has been 29 found to be dependent, the court shall retain jurisdiction, unless relinquished by its order, until the child reaches 18 30 years of age. However, if a youth petitions the court at any 31

48

1 time before his or her 19th birthday requesting the court's continued jurisdiction, the juvenile court may retain 2 jurisdiction under this chapter for a period not to exceed 1 3 year following the youth's 18th birthday for the purpose of 4 determining whether appropriate aftercare support, 5 6 Road-to-Independence Program Scholarship, transitional 7 support, mental health, and developmental disability services, 8 to the extent otherwise authorized by law, have been provided to the formerly dependent child who was in the legal custody 9 of the department immediately before his or her 18th birthday. 10 If a petition for special immigrant juvenile status and an 11 12 application for adjustment of status have been filed on behalf 13 of a foster child and the petition and application have not been granted by the time the child reaches 18 years of age, 14 the court may retain jurisdiction over the dependency case 15 solely for the purpose of allowing the continued consideration 16 17 of the petition and application by federal authorities. Review 18 hearings for the child shall be set solely for the purpose of determining the status of the petition and application. The 19 court's jurisdiction terminates upon the final decision of the 20 21 federal authorities. Retention of jurisdiction in this 22 instance does not affect the services available to a young 23 adult under s. 409.1451. The court may not retain jurisdiction of the case after the immigrant child's 22nd birthday. 2.4 25 Section 12. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 39.701, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 26 27 39.701 Judicial review.--2.8 (6)(a) In addition to paragraphs (1)(a) and (2)(a), 29 the court shall hold a judicial review hearing within 90 days after a youth's 17th birthday. The court shall also issue an 30 order, separate from the order on judicial review, that the 31

49

1 disabilities of nonage of the youth have been removed for the 2 sole purpose of ensuring that youth in foster care will be able to execute a contract for the lease of residential 3 4 property pursuant to s. 743.045. The court and shall continue to hold timely judicial review hearings thereafter. In 5 б addition, the court may review the status of the child more 7 frequently during the year prior to the youth's 18th birthday 8 if necessary. At each review held under this subsection, in 9 addition to any information or report provided to the court, the foster parent, legal custodian, guardian ad litem, and the 10 child shall be given the opportunity to address the court with 11 12 any information relevant to the child's best interests, 13 particularly as it relates to independent living transition services. In addition to any information or report provided to 14 the court, the department shall include in its judicial review 15 social study report written verification that the child: 16 17 1. Has been provided with a current Medicaid card and 18 has been provided all necessary information concerning the Medicaid program sufficient to prepare the youth to apply for 19 coverage upon reaching age 18, if such application would be 20 21 appropriate. 22 2. Has been provided with a certified copy of his or 23 her birth certificate and, if the child does not have a valid driver's license, a Florida identification card issued under 2.4 s. 322.051. 25 3. Has been provided information relating to Social 26 27 Security Insurance benefits if the child is eligible for these 2.8 benefits. If the child has received these benefits and they are being held in trust for the child, a full accounting of 29 those funds must be provided and the child must be informed 30 about how to access those funds. 31

1 4. Has been provided with information and training 2 related to budgeting skills, interviewing skills, and 3 parenting skills. 4 5. Has been provided with all relevant information related to the Road-to-Independence Program Scholarship, 5 6 including, but not limited to, eligibility requirements, forms 7 necessary to apply, and assistance in completing the forms. 8 The child shall also be informed that, if he or she is eligible for the Road-to-Independence Scholarship Program, he 9 or she may reside with the licensed foster family or group 10 care provider with whom the child was residing at the time of 11 12 attaining his or her 18th birthday or may reside in another 13 licensed foster home or with a group care provider arranged by the department. 14 6. Has an open bank account, or has identification 15 necessary to open an account, and has been provided with 16 17 essential banking skills. 7. Has been provided with information on public 18 assistance and how to apply. 19 8. Has been provided a clear understanding of where he 20 21 or she will be living on his or her 18th birthday, how living 22 expenses will be paid, and what educational program or school 23 he or she will be enrolled in. 9. Has been provided with notice of the youth's right 2.4 to petition for the court's continuing jurisdiction for 1 year 25 26 after the youth's 18th birthday as specified in s. 39.013(2) 27 and with information on how to obtain access to the court. 2.8 10. Has been encouraged to attend all judicial review hearings occurring after his or her 17th birthday. 29 30 Section 13. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 1009.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 31 51

1 1009.25 Fee exemptions.--2 (2) The following students are exempt from the payment of tuition and fees, including lab fees, at a school district 3 that provides postsecondary career programs, community 4 5 college, or state university: б (c) A student who the state has determined is eligible 7 for the Road-to-Independence Program Scholarship, regardless 8 of whether an award is issued or not, or a student who is or was at the time he or she reached 18 years of age in the 9 custody of a relative under s. 39.5085, or who is adopted from 10 the Department of Children and Family Services after May 5, 11 12 1997. Such exemption includes fees associated with enrollment 13 in career-preparatory instruction and completion of the college-level communication and computation skills testing 14 program. Such an exemption is available to any student who was 15 in the custody of a relative under s. 39.5085 at the time he 16 17 or she reached 18 years of age or was adopted from the 18 Department of Children and Family Services after May 5, 1997; however, the exemption remains valid for no more than 4 years 19 after the date of graduation from high school. 20 21 Section 14. Section 743.045, Florida Statutes, is 2.2 created to read: 23 743.045 Removal of disabilities of minors; executing contracts for a residential lease .-- For the sole purpose of 2.4 ensuring that youth in foster care will be able to execute a 25 contract for the lease of residential property in order that 26 27 the youth may move into the leased residential property on the 2.8 day of the youth's 18th birthday, the disability of nonage of minors is removed for all youth who have reached the age of 17 29 years, who have been adjudicated dependent, and who are in the 30 legal custody of the Department of Children and Family 31

52

1	Services through foster care or subsidized independent living.
2	These youth are authorized to make and execute contracts,
3	releases, and all other instruments necessary for the purpose
4	of entering into a contract for the lease of residential
5	property upon the youth's 18th birthday. The contracts or
б	other instruments made by the youth shall have the same effect
7	as though they were the obligations of persons who were not
8	minors. Youth seeking to enter into such lease contracts or
9	execute other necessary instruments that are incidental to
10	entering into a lease must present an order from a court of
11	competent jurisdiction removing the disabilities of nonage of
12	the minor under this section.
13	Section 15. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006.
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
29	
30	
31	
	53

CS for SB 2470

1 2	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR <u>Senate Bill 2470</u>
3	
4	Expresses the intent of the Legislature that state agencies cooperate with Florida Statewide Advocacy Councils (SAC) in
5 6	forming interagency agreements to provide councils with authorized client records so that the councils may monitor services and investigate claims.
7 8	Provides that the interagency agreements between SAC and state agencies must define a process for requesting the records and for appeal when disputes arise about access to the records.
9 10 11	Amends s. 409.165, F.S., to direct that the Governor shall, when selecting an executive director for SAC, give priority consideration to an individual with professional expertise in research design, statistical analysis, or agency evaluation and analysis.
12 13 14	Directs SAC to develop a written protocol for all complaints it generates in order to provide the Governor's office with specified information. It reduces the number of meetings of SAC from six times annually to once annually.
15 16 17	Addresses the independent living transition services of the Department of Children and Family Services in several ways, including expanding eligibility for these services and requiring that education planning, appropriate age activities, and transition planning be addressed in the case plans of older children in foster care.
18 19 20 21	Removes the disability of nonage from foster children 17 years of age and older for the sole purpose of executing contracts for the lease of residential property and directs the court at the judicial review immediately following the child's 17th birthday to enter an order separate from the judicial review order for that purpose.
22	
23	
24 25	
26	
27	
28	
29	
30	
31	