HB 1203 2007

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to charter schools capital outlay funding; amending s. 1013.62, F.S.; providing eligibility for funding to a charter school operated by the operator of one or more charter schools that meet certain requirements; providing additional uses for charter school capital outlay funds; amending s. 199.133, F.S.; providing for the distribution of an amount of nonrecurring taxes to the Charter Schools Capital Outlay Trust Fund; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 1013.62, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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Charter schools capital outlay funding .--1013.62

In each year in which funds are appropriated for

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charter school capital outlay purposes, the Commissioner of Education shall allocate the funds among eligible charter schools. To be eligible for a funding allocation, a charter school must:

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(a)1. Have been in operation for 3 or more years;

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Be an expanded feeder chain of a charter school within the same school district that is currently receiving charter school capital outlay funds; or

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Have been accredited by the Commission on Schools of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; or-

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Be a charter school operated by an existing charter

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school operator of one or more charter schools that are currently receiving charter school capital outlay funds, 50 percent or more of which charter schools received a school grade designation of "A" or "B" pursuant to s. 1008.34 during the previous school year.

- (b) Have financial stability for future operation as a charter school.
- (c) Have satisfactory student achievement based on state accountability standards applicable to the charter school.
- (d) Have received final approval from its sponsor pursuant to s. 1002.33 for operation during that fiscal year.
- (e) Serve students in facilities that are not provided by the charter school's sponsor.

The first priority for charter school capital outlay funding shall be to allocate to the charter schools that received funding in the 2005-2006 fiscal year an allocation of the same amount per capital outlay full-time equivalent student up to the lesser of the actual number of capital outlay full-time equivalent students in the current year or the capital outlay full-time equivalent students in the 2005-2006 fiscal year.

After calculating the first priority, the second priority shall be to allocate excess funds remaining in the appropriation in an amount equal to the per capital outlay full-time equivalent student amount in the first priority calculation to eligible charter schools not included in the first priority calculation and to schools in the first priority calculation with growth in excess of the 2005-2006 capital outlay full-time equivalent

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students. After calculating the first and second priorities, excess funds remaining in the appropriation shall be allocated to all eliqible charter schools. A charter school's allocation shall not exceed one-fifteenth of the cost per student station specified in s. 1013.64(6)(b). Prior to the release of capital outlay funds to a school district on behalf of the charter school, the Department of Education shall ensure that the district school board and the charter school governing board enter into a written agreement that includes provisions for the reversion of any unencumbered funds and all equipment and property purchased with public education funds to the ownership of the district school board, as provided for in subsection (3), in the event that the school terminates operations. Any funds recovered by the state shall be deposited in the General Revenue Fund. A charter school is not eligible for a funding allocation if it was created by the conversion of a public school and operates in facilities provided by the charter school's sponsor for a nominal fee or at no charge or if it is directly or indirectly operated by the school district. Unless otherwise provided in the General Appropriations Act, the funding allocation for each eligible charter school shall be determined by multiplying the school's projected student enrollment by onefifteenth of the cost-per-student station specified in s. 1013.64(6)(b) for an elementary, middle, or high school, as appropriate. If the funds appropriated are not sufficient, the commissioner shall prorate the available funds among eligible charter schools. However, no charter school or charter lab school shall receive state charter school capital outlay funds

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

85 in excess of the one-fifteenth cost per student station formula 86 if the charter school's combination of state charter school capital outlay funds, capital outlay funds calculated through 87 the reduction in the administrative fee provided in s. 88 89 1002.33(20), and capital outlay funds allowed in s. 1002.32(9)(e) and (h) exceeds the one-fifteenth cost per student 90 91 station formula. Funds shall be distributed on the basis of the 92 capital outlay full-time equivalent membership by grade level, 93 which shall be calculated by averaging the results of the second 94 and third enrollment surveys. The Department of Education shall distribute capital outlay funds monthly, beginning in the first 95 quarter of the fiscal year, based on one-twelfth of the amount 96 the department reasonably expects the charter school to receive 97 98 during that fiscal year. The commissioner shall adjust subsequent distributions as necessary to reflect each charter 99 100 school's actual student enrollment as reflected in the second and third enrollment surveys. The commissioner shall establish 101 the intervals and procedures for determining the projected and 102 103 actual student enrollment of eligible charter schools.

- (2) A charter school's governing body may use charter school capital outlay funds for the following purposes:
 - (a) Purchase of real property.

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- (b) Construction of school facilities.
- (c) Purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of permanent or relocatable school facilities.
- (d) Purchase of vehicles to transport students to and from the charter school.
 - (e) Renovation, repair, and maintenance of school

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facilities that the charter school owns or is purchasing through a lease-purchase or long-term lease of 5 years or longer.

(f) Furnishing and equipping the charter school.

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Conversion charter schools may use capital outlay funds received through the reduction in the administrative fee provided in s. 1002.33(20) for construction, renovation, repair, and maintenance of school facilities that are owned by the sponsor.

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 199.133, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

199.133 Levy of nonrecurring tax. --

- imposed on each dollar of the just valuation of all notes, bonds, and other obligations for payment of money which are secured by mortgage, deed of trust, or other lien upon real property situated in this state. This tax shall be assessed and collected as provided by this chapter. Of the amount collected, an amount equal to 0.75 mills shall be distributed to the Charter Schools Capital Outlay Trust Fund created under s. 1013.625.
- Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2007.

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