By the Committees on Finance and Tax; Community Affairs; and Senators Atwater, Storms, Deutch, Haridopolos and Geller

593-2491-07

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to local governments; amending s. 73.071, F.S.; requiring that the value of 3 4 the expected future tax benefits for homestead 5 property be compensated for in an eminent 6 domain taking; creating s. 73.0725, F.S.; 7 requiring the condemning authority in an 8 eminent domain taking to determine the present 9 value of the expected future tax benefit for 10 homestead property; amending s. 193.011, F.S.; clarifying the standard for determining highest 11 12 and best use for purposes of deriving the just 13 value of property; amending s. 195.052, F.S.; specifying data to be used for tabulating 14 property value and taxation including 15 information concerning ad valorem taxes and 16 17 millage rates; requiring that such data be 18 reported to the Department of Revenue for publication on the department's website and all 19 property appraiser websites, if available; 20 21 amending s. 200.069, F.S.; requiring that the 22 notice of proposed property taxes mailed to 23 taxpayers include the county government's official website address; requiring the 2.4 electronic reporting of local government 25 revenue and expenditure data; requiring the 26 27 reporting of local government budgets; 2.8 requiring the electronic reporting of local 29 government contracts; providing for a study by legislative staff and a report; providing an 30 appropriation; providing an effective date. 31

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (3) of section 73.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

73.071 Jury trial; compensation; severance damages; business damages.--

- (3) The jury shall determine solely the amount of compensation to be paid, which compensation shall include:
- (a) The value of the property sought to be appropriated;
- (b) Where less than the entire property is sought to be appropriated, any damages to the remainder caused by the taking, including, when the action is by the Department of Transportation, county, municipality, board, district or other public body for the condemnation of a right-of-way, and the effect of the taking of the property involved may damage or destroy an established business of more than 4 years' standing before January 1, 2005, or the effect of the taking of the property involved may damage or destroy an established business of more than 5 years' standing on or after January 1, 2005, owned by the party whose lands are being so taken, located upon adjoining lands owned or held by such party, the probable damages to such business which the denial of the use of the property so taken may reasonably cause; and any person claiming the right to recover such special damages shall set forth in his or her written defenses the nature and extent of such damages; and
- (c) Where the appropriation is of property upon which a mobile home, other than a travel trailer as defined in s. 320.01, is located, whether or not the owner of the mobile home is an owner or lessee of the property involved, and the

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amended to read:

effect of the taking of the property involved requires the relocation of such mobile home, the reasonable removal or relocation expenses incurred by such mobile home owner, not to exceed the replacement value of such mobile home. compensation paid to a mobile home owner under this paragraph shall preclude an award to a mobile home park owner for such expenses of removal or relocation. Any mobile home owner claiming the right to such removal or relocation expenses shall set forth in his or her written defenses the nature and extent of such expenses. This paragraph does shall not apply to any governmental authority exercising its power of eminent domain when reasonable removal or relocation expenses are must be paid to mobile home owners under other provisions of law or agency rule applicable to such exercise of power; and-(d) Where the appropriation is of homestead property, the present value of the expected future tax benefits of the property as provided under s. 4(c), Art. VII of the State Constitution. Section 2. Section 73.0725, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 73.0725 When homestead property is appropriated under this chapter, the condemning authority shall separately determine the present value of the expected future tax benefits provided under s. 4(c), Art. VII of the State Constitution.

193.011 Factors to consider in deriving just valuation.--In arriving at just valuation as required under s.

4, Art. VII of the State Constitution, the property appraiser

Section 3. Section 193.011, Florida Statutes, is

shall <u>consider</u> take into consideration the following factors:

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- (1) The present cash value of the property, which is 2 the amount a willing purchaser would pay a willing seller, exclusive of reasonable fees and costs of purchase, in cash or the immediate equivalent thereof in a transaction at arm's length; (2) The highest and best use to which the property can be expected to be put in the immediate future which is reasonably probable, physically possible, and legally permissible as well as financially feasible and maximally productive, and the present use of the property, taking into consideration any applicable judicial limitation, local or state land use regulation, current zoning limitation, variance, or historic preservation ordinance, and considering any moratorium imposed by executive order, law, ordinance, regulation, resolution, or proclamation adopted by any governmental body or agency or the Governor when the 16 moratorium or judicial limitation prohibits or restricts the development or improvement of property as otherwise authorized by applicable law. The applicable governmental body or agency or the Governor shall notify the property appraiser in writing 21 of any executive order, ordinance, regulation, resolution, or proclamation it adopts imposing any such limitation, regulation, or moratorium; (3) The location of said property; (4) The quantity or size of said property; (5) The cost of said property and the present
 - (6) The condition of said property;

replacement value of any improvements thereon;

- (7) The income from said property; and
- 30 The net proceeds of the sale of the property, as (8) 31 received by the seller, after deduction of all of the usual

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and reasonable fees and costs of the sale, including the costs and expenses of financing, and allowance for unconventional or atypical terms of financing arrangements. If When the net proceeds of the sale of any property are used utilized, directly or indirectly, in determining the the determination of just valuation of realty of the sold parcel or any other parcel under the provisions of this section, the property appraiser, for the purposes of such determination, shall exclude any portion of such net proceeds attributable to payments for household furnishings or other items of personal property.

Section 4. Section 195.052, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

195.052 Research and tabulation of data.--The Department of Revenue shall conduct constant research and maintain accurate tabulations of data and conditions existing as to ad valorem taxation, shall annually publish such data as may be appropriate to facilitate fiscal policymaking, and shall annually make such recommendations to the Legislature as are necessary to ensure that property is valued according to its just value and is equitably taxed throughout the state. The data published must include the annual percentage increase in total nonvoted ad valorem taxes levied by each municipality and county and information concerning the distribution of ad valorem taxes levied among the various classifications of property, including homestead, nonhomestead residential, new construction, commercial, and industrial properties. The published data must also include the previous year's adopted millage rate, the current year's millage rate, and the current percentage increase in taxes levied above the rolled-back rate. At a minimum, the data must be published on the

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department's website and on the websites of all property appraisers of this state, if available. Publication <u>must shall</u> occur <u>within 90 not later than 60 days</u> after receipt of extended rolls for all counties pursuant to s. 193.122(7).

Section 5. Section 200.069, Florida Statutes, is

amended to read:

200.069 Notice of proposed property taxes and non-ad valorem assessments.--Pursuant to s. 200.065(2)(b), the

valorem assessments. -- Pursuant to s. 200.065(2)(b), the property appraiser, in the name of the taxing authorities and local governing boards levying non-ad valorem assessments within his or her jurisdiction and at the expense of the county, shall prepare and deliver by first-class mail to each taxpayer to be listed on the current year's assessment roll a notice of proposed property taxes, which notice must shall contain the elements and use the format provided in the following form, and include the address of the county government's official Internet website. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 195.022, a no county officer may not shall use a form other than that provided herein. The Department of Revenue may adjust the spacing and placement on the form of the elements listed in this section as it considers necessary based on changes in conditions necessitated by various taxing authorities. If the elements are in the order listed, the placement of the listed columns may be varied at the discretion and expense of the property appraiser, and the property appraiser may use printing technology and devices to complete the form, the spacing, and the placement of the information in the columns. A county officer may use a form other than that provided by the department for purposes of this part, but only if his or her office pays the related

the executive director of the department; however, a county officer may not use a form the substantive content of which is at variance with the form prescribed by the department. The county officer may continue to use such an approved form until the law that specifies the form is amended or repealed or until the officer receives written disapproval from the executive director.

(1) The notice <u>must</u> shall read <u>as follows</u>:

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NOTICE OF PROPOSED PROPERTY TAXES DO NOT PAY--THIS IS NOT A BILL

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The taxing authorities <u>that</u> which levy property taxes against your property will soon hold PUBLIC HEARINGS to adopt budgets and tax rates for the next year.

The purpose of these PUBLIC HEARINGS is to receive opinions from the general public and to answer questions on the proposed tax change and budget PRIOR TO TAKING FINAL ACTION.

 $\mbox{ Each taxing authority may AMEND OR ALTER its proposals } \\ \mbox{at the hearing.}$

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(2) The notice <u>must also</u> shall further contain information applicable to the specific parcel in question. The information <u>must shall</u> be in columnar form. There shall be five column headings which shall read: "Taxing Authority,"

"Your Property Taxes Last Year," "Your Taxes This Year IF

PROPOSED Budget Change is Made," "A Public Hearing on the

Proposed Taxes and Budget Will be Held:", and "Your Taxes This Year IF NO Budget Change is Made."

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- must be an entry for the county; the school district levy required pursuant to s. 1011.60(6); other operating school levies; the municipality or municipal service taxing unit or units in which the parcel lies, if any; the water management district levying pursuant to s. 373.503; the independent special districts in which the parcel lies, if any; and for all voted levies for debt service applicable to the parcel, if any.
- (4) For each entry listed in subsection (3), there shall appear on the notice the following <u>must appear on the</u> notice:
- (a) In the first column, a brief, commonly used name for the taxing authority or its governing body. The entry in the first column for the levy required pursuant to s. 1011.60(6) shall be "By State Law." The entry for other operating school district levies shall be "By Local Board." Both school levy entries <u>must shall</u> be indented and preceded by the notation "Public Schools:". For each voted levy for debt service, the entry shall be "Voter Approved Debt Payments."
- (b) In the second column, the gross amount of ad valorem taxes levied against the parcel in the previous year. If the parcel did not exist in the previous year, the second column <u>must shall</u> be blank.
- (c) In the third column, the gross amount of ad valorem taxes proposed to be levied in the current year, which amount <u>is shall be</u> based on the proposed millage rates provided to the property appraiser pursuant to s. 200.065(2)(b) or, in the case of voted levies for debt service, the millage rate previously authorized by referendum,

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and the taxable value of the parcel as shown on the current year's assessment roll.

- (d) In the fourth column, the date, the time, and a brief description of the location of the public hearing required pursuant to s. 200.065(2)(c).
- (e) In the fifth column, the gross amount of ad valorem taxes which would apply to the parcel in the current year if each taxing authority were to levy the rolled-back rate computed pursuant to s. 200.065(1) or, in the case of voted levies for debt service, the amount previously authorized by referendum.
- (f) For special assessments collected utilizing the ad valorem method pursuant to s. 197.363, the previous year's assessment amount <u>must shall</u> be added to the ad valorem taxes shown in the second and fifth columns, and the amount proposed to be imposed for the current year <u>must shall</u> be added to the ad valorem taxes shown in the third column.
- entry for voted levies for debt service <u>must shall</u> include the sum of all ad valorem levies of the applicable unit of local government for operating purposes, including those of dependent special districts (except for municipal service taxing units, which <u>must shall</u> be listed on the line for municipalities), and all nonvoted or nondebt service special assessments imposed by the applicable unit of local government to be collected utilizing the ad valorem method.
- (6) Following the entries for each taxing authority, a final entry <u>must shall</u> show: in the first column, the words "Total Property Taxes:" and in the second, third, and fifth columns, the sum of the entries for each of the individual taxing authorities. The second, third, and fifth columns

1	shall, immediately below said entries, <u>must</u> be labeled Column
2	1, Column 2, and Column 3, respectively. Below these labels
3	shall appear, in boldfaced type, the following statement must
4	appear: SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR EXPLANATION.
5	(7) The notice <u>must also</u> shall further show a brief
6	legal description of the property and the name and mailing
7	address of the owner of record.
8	(8) The notice <u>must also</u> shall further read:
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10	Market Assessed Exemp- Taxable
11	Value Value tions Value
12	Your Property
13	Value Last
14	Year \$ \$ \$ \$
15	Your Property
16	Value This
17	Year \$ \$ \$ \$
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19	If you feel that the market value of your property is
20	inaccurate or does not reflect fair market value, or if you
21	are entitled to an exemption that is not reflected above,
22	contact your county property appraiser at(phone number)
23	or(location)
24	If the property appraiser's office is unable to resolve
25	the matter as to market value or an exemption, you may file a
26	petition for adjustment with the Value Adjustment Board.
27	Petition forms are available from the county property
28	appraiser and must be filed ON OR BEFORE(date)
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30	(9) The reverse side of the form shall read:
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1	EXPLANATION
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3	*COLUMN 1"YOUR PROPERTY TAXES LAST YEAR"
4	This column shows the taxes that applied last year to your
5	property. These amounts were based on budgets adopted last
6	year and your property's previous taxable value.
7	*COLUMN 2"YOUR TAXES IF PROPOSED BUDGET CHANGE IS MADE"
8	This column shows what your taxes will be this year under the
9	BUDGET ACTUALLY PROPOSED by each local taxing authority. The
10	proposal is NOT final and may be amended at the public
11	hearings shown on the front side of this notice.
12	*COLUMN 3"YOUR TAXES IF NO BUDGET CHANGE IS MADE"
13	This column shows what your taxes will be this year IF EACH
14	TAXING AUTHORITY DOES NOT INCREASE ITS PROPERTY TAX LEVY.
15	These amounts are based on last year's budgets and your
16	current assessment. The difference between columns 2 and 3 is
17	the tax change proposed by each local taxing authority and is
18	NOT the result of higher assessments.
19	ASSESSED VALUE means:
20	For homestead property: value as limited by the State
21	Constitution;
22	For agricultural and similarly assessed property:
23	classified use value;
24	For all other property: market value.
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26	*Note: Amounts shown on this form do NOT reflect early payment
27	discounts you may have received or may be eligible to receive.
28	(Discounts are a maximum of 4 percent of the amounts shown on
29	this form.)
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1	(10) The bottom portion of the notice shall further
2	read in bold, conspicuous print:
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4	"Your final tax bill may contain non-ad valorem
5	assessments which may not be reflected on this
6	notice such as assessments for roads, fire,
7	garbage, lighting, drainage, water, sewer, or
8	other governmental services and facilities
9	which may be levied by your county, city, or
10	any special district."
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12	(11)(a) If requested by the local governing board
13	levying non-ad valorem assessments and agreed to by the
14	property appraiser, the notice specified in this section may
15	contain a notice of proposed or adopted non-ad valorem
16	assessments. If so agreed, the notice shall be titled:
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18	NOTICE OF PROPOSED PROPERTY TAXES
19	AND PROPOSED OR ADOPTED
20	NON-AD VALOREM ASSESSMENTS
21	DO NOT PAYTHIS IS NOT A BILL
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23	There must be a clear partition between the notice of proposed
24	property taxes and the notice of proposed or adopted non-ad
25	valorem assessments. The partition must be a bold, horizontal
26	line approximately 1/8 -inch thick. By rule, the department
27	shall provide a format for the form of the notice of proposed
28	or adopted non-ad valorem assessments which meets the
29	following minimum requirements:
30	1. There must be subheading for columns listing the
31	levying local governing board, with corresponding assessment

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rates expressed in dollars and cents per unit of assessment, and the associated assessment amount.

- 2. The purpose of each assessment must also be listed in the column listing the levying local governing board if the purpose is not clearly indicated by the name of the board.
- 3. Each non-ad valorem assessment for each levying local governing board must be listed separately.
- 4. If a county has too many municipal service benefit units or assessments to be listed separately, it shall combine them by function.
- 5. A brief statement outlining the responsibility of the tax collector and each levying local governing board as to any non-ad valorem assessment must be provided on the form, accompanied by directions as to which office to contact for particular questions or problems.
- (b) If the notice includes all adopted non-ad valorem assessments, the provisions contained in subsection (10) $\underline{\text{may}}$ shall not be placed on the notice.

Section 6. Truth in spending. --For the purpose of providing truth in spending, local governments shall electronically post all revenues received and all expenditures made on the local government's official website if one is available, or on the county government's official website in all other cases. For the purpose of this section, the term local government includes counties, municipalities, school districts, water management districts, and any special

- 27 district that has authority to levy ad valorem taxes or non-ad
- 28 valorem assessments. By July 1, 2008, the Department of
- 29 Revenue shall develop a uniform format that permits local
- 30 governments to produce and report revenue and expenditure data
- 31 on a substantially similar basis and that is highly comparable

among the local governments. The uniform format must contain 2 the standard categories of revenues and expenditures used by local governments in the annual financial report submitted to 3 4 the Department of Financial Services under s. 218.32, Florida Statutes. 5 6 (1) The local governments shall begin electronically posting all revenues received and expenditures made during the 8 previous fiscal year in a format that is accessible without charge to any individual who has Internet access using 9 10 standard web-browsing software and in accordance with the following schedule: 11 12 (a) By December 31, 2009, and annually thereafter, any 13 county, municipality, or school district that has a population of 300,000 or more on April 1, 2007, as reported by the Office 14 of Economic and Demographic Research under s. 186.901, Florida 15 16 Statutes, and all water management districts. 17 (b) By December 31, 2010, and annually thereafter, any 18 county, municipality, or school district that has a population of at least 50,000 but fewer than 300,000 on April 1, 2007, as 19 reported by the Office of Economic and Demographic Research 2.0 21 under s. 186.901, Florida Statutes. 22 (c) By December 31, 2011, and annually thereafter, any 23 county, municipality, or school district that has a population of fewer than 50,000 on April 1, 2007, as reported by the 2.4 Office of Economic and Demographic Research under s. 186.901, 2.5 Florida Statutes, and all special taxing districts, 26 2.7 independent taxing districts, and any other taxing authority 2.8 created by state law, a political subdivision, or referendum. 29 (2) The local governments shall also prepare a summary report of all revenues and expenditures electronically posted 30

which shall be made available to the residents within the

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jurisdiction of the respective local government by mail, newspaper advertisement, or in an electronic format posted on 2 the appropriate website in accordance with the following 3 4 schedule: 5 (a) By February 1, 2010, and annually thereafter, the 6 local governments subject to paragraph (1)(a). 7 (b) By February 1, 2011, and annually thereafter, the 8 <u>local governments subject to paragraph (1)(b).</u> 9 (c) By February 1, 2012, and annually thereafter, the 10 <u>local governments subject to paragraph (1)(c).</u> Section 7. Transparency in local government 11 12 budgets. -- For the purpose of providing transparency in local 13 government budgets, each local government shall provide electronic access to its budget information. For the purposes 14 of this section, the term local government includes counties, 15 municipalities, school districts, water management districts, 16 and any special district that has authority to levy ad valorem 18 taxes or non-ad valorem assessments. Not later than the date the notice of proposed property taxes and non-ad valorem 19 assessments required under s. 200.069, Florida Statutes, is 2.0 21 mailed, the local government shall electronically post its 2.2 anticipated revenues, proposed budget, and tentative millage 23 rate on the local government's official website, if one is 2.4 available, or on the county government's official website in all other cases. Within 10 days after the adoption of the 2.5 budget, the local government shall electronically post its 26 2.7 adopted budget and millage rate. All county government 2.8 official websites shall have a link to the websites of local governments within the county's jurisdiction. 29 30 Section 8. Transparency in local government contracting. -- For the purpose of providing transparency in 31

local government contracting, local governments shall 2 electronically post all contracts that are public records on the local government's official website, if one is available, 3 4 or on the county government's official website in all other 5 cases. For the purposes of this section, the term local 6 government includes counties, municipalities, school 7 districts, water management districts, and any special 8 district that has authority to levy ad valorem taxes or non-ad valorem assessments. School district employment contracts are 9 10 exempt from this section. The contracts shall be posted in accordance with the following schedule: 11 12 (1) By November 1, 2007, any county, municipality, or 13 school district that has a population of 300,000 or more on April 1, 2007, as reported by the Office of Economic and 14 Demographic Research under s. 186.901, Florida Statutes, and 15 all water management districts, shall electronically post 16 contracts of \$25,000 or more executed on or after October 1, 18 2007. (2) By November 1, 2008, any county, municipality, 19 water management district, or school district that has a 20 21 population of at least 50,000 but fewer than 300,000 on April 2.2 1, 2007, as reported by the Office of Economic and Demographic 23 Research under s. 186.901, Florida Statutes, shall electronically post contracts of \$15,000 or more executed on 2.4 2.5 or after October 1, 2008. (3) By November 1, 2009, any county, municipality, or 26 27 school district that has a population of fewer than 50,000 on 2.8 April 1, 2007, as reported by the Office of Economic and Demographic Research under s. 186.901, Florida Statutes, and 29 all special taxing districts, independent taxing districts, 30 and any other taxing authority created by state law, a 31

1	political subdivision, or referendum, shall electronically
2	post contracts of \$5,000 or more executed on or after October
3	<u>1, 2009.</u>
4	Section 9. By January 31, 2008, staff of the Senate
5	and the House of Representatives shall conduct a study and
6	submit a report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker
7	of the House of Representatives relating to the administrative
8	process for appealing property tax assessments provided in
9	part I of chapter 194, Florida Statutes. Staff shall conduct
10	the necessary research and shall develop detailed
11	recommendations for legislation to improve the accessibility,
12	fairness, efficiency, and disclosure of all levels of this
13	process, including recommendations relating to forms, manuals,
14	quidelines, training materials, checklists, other types of
15	documentation, training activities, and taxpayer outreach at
16	all levels of the appeal process.
17	Section 10. The sum of \$50,000 in nonrecurring funds
18	is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the
19	Department of Revenue for costs incurred in assisting
20	legislative staff in gathering, compiling, and analyzing data
21	needed to prepare the report reviewing the administrative
22	process for appealing property tax assessments.
23	Section 11. This act shall take effect July 1, 2007,
24	and the provisions of section 4 of this act apply to the
25	January 2008 tax roll and subsequent tax rolls.
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COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR CS/SB 560 The committee substitute requires local governments to provide a single source for taxpayers to obtain information about local government revenues, expenditures, and contracts. In addition, it requires a condemning authority in an eminent domain proceeding to compensate a homeowner for the present value of the expected future tax benefit from Article II, section 4 (c), of the State Constitution (Save Our Homes). It clarifies the standard for determining highest and best use for purposes of deriving the just value of property. Finally, it provides and appropriates \$50,000 for a study of the	
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7 section 4 (c), of the State Constitution (Save Our Homes). It clarifies the standard for determining highest and best use 8 for purposes of deriving the just value of property. Finally,	
8 for purposes of deriving the just value of property. Finally,	
9 assessment appeal process, including Value Adjustment Boards./	
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