2008 Legislature

A bill to be entitled
An act relating to the termination of parental rights;
amending s. 39.812, F.S.; requiring a petition for
adoption to be accompanied by a statement verifying that
adoptive parents have received all information required to
be disclosed; amending s. 49.011, F.S.; providing for
service of process by publication for termination of
parental rights under ch. 63, F.S.; amending s. 63.032,
F.S.; redefining terms; amending s. 63.037, F.S.;
specifying applicability of exemptions from disclosure
requirements for adoption entities under certain
circumstances; amending s. 63.039, F.S.; requiring an
adoption entity to provide adoption disclosure statements
to persons whose consent is required for adoption;
requiring attorney's fees and costs in certain actions to
be awarded pursuant to the Florida Rules of Civil
Procedures; amending s. 63.0425, F.S.; clarifying a
grandparent's right to notice; amending s. 63.054, F.S.;
providing that an unmarried biological father who fails to
register with the Florida Putative Father Registry before
the filing of a petition for termination of parental
rights may not file a paternity claim under ch. 742, F.S.;
providing an exception from the time limitations for
filing a paternity claim; providing that if a registrant
fails to report a change of address, the adoption entity
or adoption petitioner is not obligated to search further
for the registrant; requiring a petitioner in a proceeding
in which parental rights are terminated simultaneously
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with entry of final judgment of adoption to contact the 29 30 Office of Vital Statistics for a search of the registry; providing procedures for searching the registry when 31 termination of parental rights and an adoption proceeding 32 are adjudicated separately; amending s. 63.062, F.S.; 33 revising criteria for serving notice of terminating 34 35 parental rights to the father of a minor; revising 36 procedures for serving notice of intended adoption plan; 37 providing criteria for avoiding default on providing consent to adoption; providing for the proper venue to 38 file a petition to terminate parental rights; amending s. 39 63.063, F.S.; revising the standard for compliance with 40 laws relating to adoption; amending s. 63.082, F.S.; 41 revising the notice and consent requirements to adoption 42 to also exclude cases involving sexual activity with 43 44 certain minors; revising consent requirements that apply to men; limiting the time period for revoking consent to 45 adopt a child older than 6 months of age to 3 business 46 47 days; revising requirements for withdrawing a consent for adoption; amending s. 63.085, F.S.; revising requirements 48 for required disclosures by an adoption entity; requiring 49 that background information concerning the child be 50 revealed to prospective adoptive parents; amending s. 51 63.087, F.S.; revising procedures for terminating parental 52 53 rights pending an adoption; providing the proper venue in 54 which to file a petition to terminate parental rights; providing for joint petitions for termination of parental 55 rights and adoption; providing that failure to appear at 56 Page 2 of 57

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57 certain hearings constitutes grounds for termination of 58 parental rights; removing a provision relating to the 59 procedure for notifying a petitioner of a final hearing; amending s. 63.088, F.S.; providing that a mother's 60 failure to identify an unmarried biological father is not 61 a defense to a termination of parental rights; revising 62 63 information relating to a court's inquiry about the father of the child who is to be adopted; requiring persons 64 65 contacted by a petitioner or adoption entity to release certain records; providing that a judgment approving a 66 diligent search is not subject to direct or collateral 67 attack; amending s. 63.089, F.S.; revising provisions 68 relating to service of notice and petition regarding 69 termination of parental rights and consent to adoption; 70 revising conditions for making a finding of abandonment; 71 72 prohibiting a person who failed to establish parental rights from challenging a judgment terminating parental 73 rights under certain circumstances; amending s. 63.092, 74 75 F.S.; revising the conditions and timeframe for an 76 adoption entity to report to the court the intent to place a minor for adoption; amending s. 63.102, F.S.; revising 77 procedures for the filing of a petition for adoption; 78 providing the proper venue where the petition may be 79 filed; amending s. 63.122, F.S.; revising whose name may 80 81 be removed from a petition under certain circumstances; 82 amending s. 63.132, F.S.; providing additional exceptions to the requirement that the adoptive parent and the 83 adoption entity file an affidavit itemizing all expenses 84 Page 3 of 57

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85	and receipts; amending s. 63.135, F.S.; requiring the
86	adoption entity or petitioner to file an affidavit under
87	the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act
88	in a termination of parental rights proceeding; deleting
89	information required to be submitted under oath to the
90	court; amending s. 63.142, F.S.; requiring that if an
91	adoption petition is dismissed, any further proceedings
92	regarding the minor be brought in a separate custody
93	action under ch. 61, F.S., a dependency action under ch.
94	39, F.S., or a paternity action under ch. 742, F.S.;
95	revising conditions under which a judgment terminating
96	parental rights is voidable; amending s. 63.192, F.S.;
97	requiring the courts of this state to recognize decrees of
98	termination of parental rights and adoptions from other
99	states and countries; amending s. 63.212, F.S.; revising
100	acts that are unlawful pertaining to adoptions; creating
101	s. 63.236, F.S.; providing that a petition for termination
102	of parental rights filed before the effective date of the
103	act is governed by the law in effect at the time the
104	petition was filed; amending s. 742.021, F.S.; requiring
105	the clerk of court to issue certain notice in cases of
106	complaints concerning determination of paternity; amending
107	s. 742.10, F.S.; providing applicability of chs. 39 and
108	63, F.S., to jurisdiction and procedures for determination
109	of paternity for children born out of wedlock; providing
110	an effective date.
111	
112	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Subsection (5) of section 39.812, Florida 114 Section 1. Statutes, is amended to read: 115 39.812 Postdisposition relief; petition for adoption .--116 117 The petition for adoption must be filed in the (5) division of the circuit court which entered the judgment 118 119 terminating parental rights, unless a motion for change of venue is granted pursuant to s. 47.122. A copy of the consent executed 120 121 by the department as required under s. 63.062(7) must be attached to the petition, unless waived pursuant to s. 63.062(7) 122 123 the court determines that such consent is being unreasonably withheld and provided that the petitioner has filed with the 124 125 court a favorable preliminary adoptive home study performed by a 126 licensed child placing agency, a child caring agency registered 127 under s. 409.176, or a licensed professional or agency described 128 in s. 61.20(2). The petition must be accompanied by a statement, 129 signed by the prospective adoptive parents, acknowledging 130 receipt of all information required to be disclosed under s. 131 63.085 and a form provided by the department which details the social and medical history of the child and each parent and 132 133 includes the social security number and date of birth for each parent, if such information is available or readily obtainable. 134 The prospective adoptive parents person seeking to adopt the 135 child may not file a petition for adoption until the judgment 136 terminating parental rights becomes final. An adoption 137 proceeding under this subsection is governed by chapter 63, as 138 limited under s. 63.037. 139

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Section 2. Subsection (13) of section 49.011, FloridaStatutes, is amended to read:

49.011 Service of process by publication; cases in which allowed.--Service of process by publication may be made in any court on any party identified in s. 49.021 in any action or proceeding:

146 (13) For termination of parental rights pursuant to part147 IX of chapter 39 or chapter 63.

Section 3. Subsections (4) through (20) of section 63.032,Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

150

63.032 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the term:

151 <u>(4)(20)</u> "Adoption plan" means <u>an arrangement</u> arrangements 152 made by a birth parent or other individual having a legal right 153 to custody of a minor child, born or to be born, with an 154 adoption entity in furtherance of <u>placing the placement of</u> the 155 minor for adoption.

156

(5) (4) "Adult" means a person who is not a minor.

157 <u>(6) (5)</u> "Agency" means any child-placing agency licensed by 158 the department pursuant to s. 63.202 to place minors for 159 adoption.

160 <u>(7) (6)</u> "Child" means <u>any unmarried person under the age of</u> 161 <u>18 years who has not been emancipated by court order</u> a son or 162 daughter, whether by birth or adoption.

163 (8)(7) "Court" means <u>a</u> any circuit court of this state 164 and, <u>if</u> when the context requires, the court of any state that 165 is empowered to grant petitions for adoption.

166 (9)(8) "Department" means the Department of Children and 167 Family Services.

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168 <u>(10)</u> (9) "Intermediary" means an attorney who is licensed 169 or authorized to practice in this state and who is placing or 170 intends to place a child for adoption, including placing 171 children born in another state with citizens of this state or 172 country or placing children born in this state with citizens of 173 another state or country.

174 (11)(10) "Legal custody" has the meaning ascribed in s. 175 39.01.

(11) "Minor" means a person under the age of 18 years. 176 177 "Parent" means a woman who gives birth to a child or (12)178 a man whose consent to the adoption of the child would be required under s. 63.062(1). If a child has been legally 179 adopted, the term "parent" means the adoptive mother or father 180 181 of the child. The term does not include an individual whose 182 parental relationship to the child has been legally terminated 183 or an alleged or prospective parent has the same meaning 184 ascribed in s. 39.01.

(13) "Person" includes a natural person, corporation,
government or governmental subdivision or agency, business
trust, estate, trust, partnership, or association, and any other
legal entity.

189 (14) "Relative" means a person related by blood to the
 190 person being adopted within the third degree of consanguinity.

191 (15) "To place" means the process of a parent or legal
 192 guardian surrendering a child for adoption and the prospective
 193 adoptive parents receiving and adopting the child, and includes
 194 all actions by any person or adoption entity participating in
 195 the process.

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196 <u>(14) (16)</u> "Placement" means the process of a parent or 197 legal guardian surrendering a child for adoption and the 198 prospective adoptive parents receiving and adopting the child 199 and all actions by any adoption entity participating in placing 200 the child.

201 (15) (17) "Primarily lives and works outside Florida" means 202 that a person who lives and works outside this state at least 6 203 months and 1 day per of the year, is a member of the military 204 personnel who designates a state other than designate Florida as 205 his or her their place of residence in accordance with the Servicemembers' Civil Relief Act, Pub. L. No. 108-189, or is a 206 207 citizen employees of the United States Department of State living in a foreign country who designates designate a state 208 other than Florida as his or her their place of residence. 209

210 (16) "Relative" means a person related by blood to the
 211 person being adopted within the third degree of consanguinity.

212 <u>(17)</u> (18) "Suitability of the intended placement" means 213 includes the fitness of the intended placement, with primary 214 consideration being given to the best interest of the child.

215 (18) "To place" means the process whereby a parent or 216 legal guardian surrenders a child for adoption and the 217 prospective adoptive parents receive and adopt the child, and 218 includes all actions by any person or adoption entity 219 participating in the process.

(19) "Unmarried biological father" means the child's
biological father who is not married to the child's mother at
the time of conception or birth of the child and who, before the
filing of a petition to terminate parental rights, has not been

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224 <u>adjudicated</u> declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be 225 the legal father of the child <u>or has not executed an affidavit</u> 226 pursuant to s. 382.013(2)(c).

227 Section 4. Section 63.037, Florida Statutes, is amended to 228 read:

63.037 Proceedings applicable to cases resulting from a 229 230 termination of parental rights under chapter 39.--A case in which a minor becomes available for adoption after the parental 231 232 rights of each parent have been terminated by a judgment entered 233 pursuant to chapter 39 shall be governed by s. 39.812 and this chapter. Adoption proceedings initiated under chapter 39 are 234 exempt from the following provisions of this chapter: disclosure 235 requirements for the adoption entity provided in s. 63.085(1); 236 general provisions governing termination of parental rights 237 pending adoption provided in s. 63.087; notice and service 238 239 provisions governing termination of parental rights pending adoption provided in s. 63.088; and procedures for terminating 240 parental rights pending adoption provided in s. 63.089. 241

Section 5. Paragraph (i) of subsection (1) of section 63.039, Florida Statutes, is amended, paragraph (j) is added to that subsection, and subsection (3) of that section is amended, to read:

246 63.039 Duty of adoption entity to prospective adoptive 247 parents; sanctions.--

(1) An adoption entity placing a minor for adoption has an
 affirmative duty to follow the requirements of this chapter and
 specifically the following provisions, which protect and promote
 the well-being of persons being adopted and their parents and
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252 prospective adoptive parents by promoting certainty, finality, 253 and permanency for such persons. The adoption entity must: 254 (i) Obtain the written waiver of venue required under s. 255 63.062, if applicable in cases in which venue for the 256 termination of parental rights will be located in a county other 257 than the county where a parent whose rights are to be terminated 258 resides.

(j) Provide an adoption disclosure statement, as required under s. 63.085(1), to all persons whose consent is required under s. 63.062(1).

262 The prevailing party in an action to set aside a (3) judgment terminating parental rights pending adoption or a 263 judgment of adoption may be awarded reasonable attorney's fees 264 265 and costs pursuant to Rule 1.540(b)(3), Florida Rules of Civil 266 Procedure. An award under this subsection must be paid by the adoption entity or by the any applicable insurance carrier on 267 behalf of the adoption entity if the court finds that the acts 268 269 or omissions of the entity were the basis for the court's order 270 granting relief to the prevailing party.

271 Section 6. Section 63.0425, Florida Statutes, is amended 272 to read:

273

63.0425 Grandparent's right to notice adopt.--

(1) <u>If</u> When a child has lived with a grandparent for at
least 6 months within the 24-month period immediately preceding
the filing of a petition for termination of parental rights
pending adoption, the adoption entity shall provide notice to
that grandparent of the hearing on the petition for termination
of parental rights pending adoption.

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(2) This section <u>does</u> shall not apply if the placement for
adoption is <u>the</u> a result of the death of the child's parent and
a different preference is stated in the parent's will.

(3) This section <u>does</u> shall not apply in stepparent
adoptions.

(4) Nothing in This section does not shall contravene the provisions of s. 63.142(4).

287 Section 7. Subsections (1), (6), and (7) of section 288 63.054, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

63.054 Actions required by an unmarried biological father
to establish parental rights; Florida Putative Father
Registry.--

In order to preserve the right to notice and consent 292 (1)293 to an adoption under this chapter, an unmarried biological father must, as the "registrant," file a notarized claim of 294 295 paternity form with the Florida Putative Father Registry 296 maintained by the Office of Vital Statistics of the Department 297 of Health which includes and shall include therein confirmation 298 of his willingness and intent to support the child for whom paternity is claimed in accordance with state law. The claim of 299 300 paternity may be filed at any time before prior to the child's 301 birth, but a claim of paternity may not be filed after the date 302 a petition is filed for termination of parental rights. In each proceeding for termination of parental rights, the petitioner 303 must shall submit to the Office of Vital Statistics of the 304 Department of Health a copy of the petition for termination of 305 parental rights. The Office of Vital Statistics may of the 306 307 Department of Health shall not record a claim of paternity after Page 11 of 57

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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308	the date that a petition for termination of parental rights is
309	filed. The failure of an unmarried biological father to file a
310	claim of paternity with the registry before the date a petition
311	for termination of parental rights is filed also bars him from
312	filing a paternity claim under chapter 742.
313	(a) An unmarried biological father is excepted from the
314	time limitations for filing a claim of paternity with the
315	registry or for filing a paternity claim under chapter 742, if:
316	1. The mother identifies him to the adoption entity as a
317	potential biological father by the date she executes a consent
318	for adoption; and
319	2. He is served with a notice of intended adoption plan
320	pursuant to s. 63.062(3) and the 30-day mandatory response date
321	is later than the date the petition for termination of parental
322	rights is filed with the court.
323	(b) If an unmarried biological father falls within the
324	exception provided by paragraph (a), the petitioner shall also
325	submit to the Office of Vital Statistics a copy of the notice of
326	intended adoption plan and proof of service of the notice on the
327	potential biological father.
328	(c) An unmarried biological father who falls within the
329	exception provided by paragraph (a) may not file a claim of
330	paternity with the registry or a paternity claim under chapter
331	742 after the 30-day mandatory response date to the notice of
332	intended adoption plan has expired. The Office of Vital
333	Statistics may not record a claim of paternity 30 days after
334	service of the notice of intended adoption plan.

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335 It is the obligation of the registrant or, if (6) designated under subsection (4), his designated agent or 336 representative to notify and update the Office of Vital 337 338 Statistics of any change of address or change in the designation 339 of an agent or representative. The failure of a registrant, or 340 designated agent or representative, to report any such change is 341 at the registrant's own risk and may shall not serve as a valid 342 defense based upon lack of notice, and the adoption entity or 343 petitioner has no further obligation to search for the 344 registrant unless the person petitioning for termination of 345 parental rights or adoption has actual or constructive notice of the registrant's address and whereabouts from another source. 346

347 In each proceeding for termination of parental rights (7)348 or each adoption proceeding in which parental rights are being terminated simultaneously with entry of the final judgment of 349 350 adoption, as in a stepparent and relative adoption filed under 351 this chapter, the petitioner must contact the Office of Vital 352 Statistics of the Department of Health by submitting an 353 application for a search of the Florida Putative Father Registry. The petitioner must shall provide the same 354 355 information, if known, on the search application form that which 356 the registrant furnished is required to furnish under subsection (3). Thereafter, the Office of Vital Statistics shall must issue 357 358 a certificate signed by the State Registrar certifying:

(a) The identity and contact information, if any, for each
registered unmarried biological father whose information matches
the search request sufficiently so that such person may be
considered a possible father of the subject child; or

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(b) That a diligent search has been made of the registry
of registrants who may be the unmarried biological father of the
subject child and that no matching registration has been located
in the registry.

368 <u>The This certificate must be filed with the court in the</u> 369 proceeding to terminate parental rights or the adoption 370 proceeding. If a termination of parental rights and an adoption 371 proceeding are being adjudicated <u>separately</u> simultaneously, the 372 Florida Putative Father Registry need only be searched <u>for the</u> 373 termination of parental rights proceeding once.

374 Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and subsections 375 (3), (7), and (9) of section 63.062, Florida Statutes, are 376 amended to read:

377 63.062 Persons required to consent to adoption; affidavit378 of nonpaternity; waiver of venue.--

(1) Unless supported by one or more of the grounds
enumerated under s. 63.089(3), a petition to terminate parental
rights pending adoption may be granted only if written consent
has been executed as provided in s. 63.082 after the birth of
the minor or notice has been served under s. 63.088 to:

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(b) The father of the minor, if:

385 1. The minor was conceived or born while the father was386 married to the mother;

2. The minor is his child by adoption;

388 3. The minor has been <u>adjudicated</u> established by <u>the</u> court
389 proceeding to be his child by the date a petition is filed for
390 termination of parental rights;

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391 4. He has filed an affidavit of paternity pursuant to s.
392 382.013(2)(c) by the date a petition is filed for termination of
393 parental rights; or

5. In the case of an unmarried biological father, he has acknowledged in writing, signed in the presence of a competent witness, that he is the father of the minor, has filed such acknowledgment with the Office of Vital Statistics of the Department of Health within the required timeframes, and has complied with the requirements of subsection (2).

400 (3) (a) Pursuant to chapter 48, an adoption entity shall may serve a notice of intended adoption plan upon any known and 401 locatable unmarried biological father who is identified to the 402 adoption entity by the mother by the date she signs her consent 403 for adoption or who is identified by a diligent search of the 404 405 Florida Putative Father Registry, or upon an entity whose 406 consent is required. Service of the notice of intended adoption 407 plan is not mandatory when the unmarried biological father signs 408 a consent for adoption or an affidavit of nonpaternity. The 409 notice may be served, a notice of intended adoption plan at any time before the child's birth or before placing prior to the 410 411 placement of the child in the adoptive home, including prior to 412 the birth of the child. The recipient of the notice may waive service of process by executing a waiver and acknowledging 413 receipt of the plan. The notice of intended adoption plan must 414 specifically state that if the unmarried biological father 415 desires to contest the adoption $plan_{\tau}$ he must, within 30 days 416 after service, file with the court, within 30 days after 417 service, a verified response that contains a pledge of 418 Page 15 of 57

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419 commitment to the child in substantial compliance with 420 subparagraph (2)(b)2. and The notice of intended adoption plan 421 shall notify the unmarried biological father that he must file a 422 claim of paternity form with the Office of Vital Statistics, 423 within 30 days after service upon him and must provide the 424 adoption entity with a copy of the verified response filed with 425 the court and the claim of paternity form filed with the Office of Vital Statistics. The notice must also include instructions 426 427 for submitting a claim of paternity form to the Office of Vital 428 Statistics and the address to which the claim must be sent. If 429 the party served with the notice of intended adoption plan is an entity whose consent is required, the notice must specifically 430 state that the entity must file, within 30 days after service, a 431 432 verified response setting forth a legal basis for contesting the intended adoption plan, specifically addressing the best 433 434 interest of the child.

If the unmarried biological father or entity whose 435 (a) consent is required fails to timely and properly file a verified 436 437 response with the court and, in the case of an unmarried biological father, a claim of paternity form with the Office of 438 439 Vital Statistics within 30 days after service upon that 440 unmarried biological father or entity whose consent is required, the court shall enter a default against any unmarried biological 441 442 father or entity and the consent of that unmarried biological 443 father or entity shall no longer be required under this chapter and that party shall be deemed to have waived any claim of 444 rights to the child. To avoid a default, within 30 days after 445 receipt of service of the notice of intended adoption plan: 446

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447	1. The unmarried biological father must:
448	a. File a claim of paternity with the Florida Putative
449	Father Registry maintained by the Office of Vital Statistics;
450	b. File a verified response with the court which contains
451	a pledge of commitment to the child in substantial compliance
452	with subparagraph (2)(b)2.; and
453	c. Provide support for the birth mother and the child.
454	2. The entity whose consent is required must file a
455	verified response setting forth a legal basis for contesting the
456	intended adoption plan, specifically addressing the best
457	interest of the child. Each notice of intended adoption plan
458	served upon an unmarried biological father must include
459	instructions as to the procedure the unmarried biological father
460	must follow to submit a claim of paternity form to the Office of
461	Vital Statistics and the address to which the registration must
462	be directed.
463	(b) If the birth mother identifies a man who she believes
464	is the unmarried biological father of her child, the adoption
465	entity may provide a notice of intended adoption plan pursuant
466	to paragraph (a). If the mother identifies a potential unmarried
467	biological father whose location is unknown, the adoption entity

474 diligent search to be in compliance with s. 63.088, and to

completion of a diligent search, the potential unmarried

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shall conduct a diligent search pursuant to s. 63.088. If, upon

biological father's location remains unknown and a search of the

adoption entity shall request in the petition for termination of

Florida Putative Father Registry fails to reveal a match, the

parental rights pending adoption that the court declare the

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475 further declare that the adoption entity <u>has</u> shall have no 476 further obligation to provide notice to the potential unmarried 477 biological father, and that the potential unmarried biological 478 father's consent to the adoption <u>is</u> shall not be required.

479 If parental rights to the minor have previously been (7) 480 terminated, the adoption entity with which the minor has been 481 placed for subsequent adoption may provide consent to the adoption. In such case, no other consent is required. The 482 483 consent of the department shall be waived upon a determination by the court that such consent is being unreasonably withheld 484 485 and if, provided that the petitioner has filed with the court a favorable preliminary adoptive home study as required under s. 486 487 63.092 performed by a licensed child-placing agency, a child-488 caring agency registered under s. 409.176, or a licensed 489 professional or agency described in s. 61.20(2).

490 (9) A petition for termination of parental rights must shall be filed in the appropriate county as determined under s. 491 492 63.087(2). If a the parent or parents whose consent is required 493 objects rights are to be terminated object to venue in the 494 county where the action was filed, the court may transfer venue 495 to a proper venue consistent with this chapter and chapter 47 496 the action to the county where the objecting parent or parents reside, unless the objecting parent has previously executed a 497 waiver of venue. 498

499 Section 9. Section 63.063, Florida Statutes, is amended to 500 read:

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501 63.063 Responsibility of <u>parents</u> each party for their own 502 actions; fraud or misrepresentation; <u>contesting termination of</u> 503 parental rights and adoption <u>statutory compliance</u>.--

(1) Each parent of a child conceived or born outside of
marriage is responsible for his or her own actions and is not
excused from strict compliance with the provisions of this
chapter based upon any action, statement, or omission of the
other parent or a third party, except as provided in s.
63.062(2)(a).

Any person injured by a fraudulent representation or 510 (2) 511 action in connection with an adoption may is entitled to pursue civil or criminal penalties as provided by law. A fraudulent 512 representation is not a defense to compliance with the 513 514 requirements of this chapter and is not a basis for dismissing a 515 petition for termination of parental rights or a petition for 516 adoption, for vacating an adoption decree, or for granting 517 custody to the offended party. Custody and adoption 518 determinations must shall be based on the best interest of the 519 child in accordance with s. 61.13.

The Legislature finds no way to remove all risk of 520 (3) 521 fraud or misrepresentation in adoption proceedings and has provided a method for absolute protection of an unmarried 522 523 biological father's rights through by compliance with the 524 provisions of this chapter. In balancing the rights and interests of the state and of all parties affected by fraud, 525 including the child, the adoptive parents, and the unmarried 526 biological father, the Legislature has determined that the 527 unmarried biological father is in the best position to prevent 528 Page 19 of 57

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529 or ameliorate the effects of fraud and, therefore, has the 530 burden of preventing fraud.

The Legislature finds that an unmarried biological 531 (4)532 father who resides in another state may not, in every 533 circumstance, be reasonably presumed to know of and comply with 534 the requirements of this chapter. Therefore, if all of the 535 following requirements have been met, an unmarried biological 536 father may contest a termination of parental rights or 537 subsequent adoption and, before prior to entry of the final judgment of adoption, assert his interest in the child. 538 539 Following such assertion, the court may, in its discretion, proceed with an evidentiary hearing if: 540

(a) The unmarried biological father resides and has
resided in another state where the unmarried mother was also
located or resided.

(b) The unmarried mother left that state without notifying
or informing the unmarried biological father that she could be
located in <u>this</u> the state of Florida.

547 (c) The unmarried biological father has, through every
548 reasonable means, attempted to locate the mother but does not
549 know or have reason to know that the mother is residing in <u>this</u>
550 the state of Florida.

(d) The unmarried biological father has substantially complied with the requirements of the state where the mother previously resided or was located in order to protect and preserve his parental interest and rights with regard to the child.

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556 Section 10. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1), paragraphs 557 (b), (c), and (e) of subsection (4), paragraphs (a), (b), and 558 (d) of subsection (6), and subsection (7) of section 63.082, 559 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

560 63.082 Execution of consent to adoption or affidavit of 561 nonpaternity; family social and medical history; withdrawal of 562 consent.--

563 (1)

(d) The notice and consent provisions of this chapter as
they relate to the birth of a child or to legal fathers do not
apply in cases in which the child is conceived as a result of a
violation of the criminal laws of this <u>or another</u> state,
including, but not limited to, sexual battery, <u>unlawful sexual</u>
<u>activity with certain minors under s. 794.05</u>, lewd acts
perpetrated upon a minor, or incest.

571

(4)

572 A consent to the adoption of a minor who is to be (b) 573 placed for adoption may shall not be executed by the birth 574 mother sooner than 48 hours after the minor's birth or the day 575 the birth mother is has been notified in writing, either on her 576 patient chart or in release paperwork, that she is fit to be 577 released from the licensed hospital or birth center, whichever 578 is earlier. A consent by any man a biological father or legal 579 father may be executed at any time after the birth of the child. The A consent executed under this paragraph is valid upon 580 execution and may be withdrawn only if the court finds that it 581 was obtained by fraud or duress. 582

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583	(c) If $When$ the minor to be adopted is older than 6 months
584	of age at the time of the execution of the consent, the consent
585	to adoption is valid upon execution; however, it is subject to a
586	3 day revocation period <u>of 3 business days</u> or may be revoked at
587	any time prior to the placement of the minor with the
588	prospective adoptive parents, whichever is later. If a consent
589	has been executed, this subsection may not be construed to
590	provide a birth parent with more than 3 days to revoke the
591	consent once the child has been placed with the prospective
592	adoptive parents.
593	(e) A consent to adoption being executed by the birth
594	parent must be in at least 12-point boldfaced type in
595	substantially the following form:
596	
597	CONSENT TO ADOPTION
598	
	YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO SELECT AT LEAST ONE PERSON WHO DOES NOT
599	YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO SELECT AT LEAST ONE PERSON WHO DOES NOT
599 600	HAVE AN EMPLOYMENT, PROFESSIONAL, OR PERSONAL RELATIONSHIP WITH
600	HAVE AN EMPLOYMENT, PROFESSIONAL, OR PERSONAL RELATIONSHIP WITH
600 601	HAVE AN EMPLOYMENT, PROFESSIONAL, OR PERSONAL RELATIONSHIP WITH THE ADOPTION ENTITY OR THE PROSPECTIVE ADOPTIVE PARENTS TO BE
600 601 602	HAVE AN EMPLOYMENT, PROFESSIONAL, OR PERSONAL RELATIONSHIP WITH THE ADOPTION ENTITY OR THE PROSPECTIVE ADOPTIVE PARENTS TO BE PRESENT WHEN THIS AFFIDAVIT IS EXECUTED AND TO SIGN IT AS A
600 601 602 603	HAVE AN EMPLOYMENT, PROFESSIONAL, OR PERSONAL RELATIONSHIP WITH THE ADOPTION ENTITY OR THE PROSPECTIVE ADOPTIVE PARENTS TO BE PRESENT WHEN THIS AFFIDAVIT IS EXECUTED AND TO SIGN IT AS A WITNESS. YOU MUST ACKNOWLEDGE ON THIS FORM THAT YOU WERE
600 601 602 603 604	HAVE AN EMPLOYMENT, PROFESSIONAL, OR PERSONAL RELATIONSHIP WITH THE ADOPTION ENTITY OR THE PROSPECTIVE ADOPTIVE PARENTS TO BE PRESENT WHEN THIS AFFIDAVIT IS EXECUTED AND TO SIGN IT AS A WITNESS. YOU MUST ACKNOWLEDGE ON THIS FORM THAT YOU WERE NOTIFIED OF THIS RIGHT AND YOU MUST INDICATE THE WITNESS OR
600 601 602 603 604 605	HAVE AN EMPLOYMENT, PROFESSIONAL, OR PERSONAL RELATIONSHIP WITH THE ADOPTION ENTITY OR THE PROSPECTIVE ADOPTIVE PARENTS TO BE PRESENT WHEN THIS AFFIDAVIT IS EXECUTED AND TO SIGN IT AS A WITNESS. YOU MUST ACKNOWLEDGE ON THIS FORM THAT YOU WERE NOTIFIED OF THIS RIGHT AND YOU MUST INDICATE THE WITNESS OR
600 601 602 603 604 605 606	HAVE AN EMPLOYMENT, PROFESSIONAL, OR PERSONAL RELATIONSHIP WITH THE ADOPTION ENTITY OR THE PROSPECTIVE ADOPTIVE PARENTS TO BE PRESENT WHEN THIS AFFIDAVIT IS EXECUTED AND TO SIGN IT AS A WITNESS. YOU MUST ACKNOWLEDGE ON THIS FORM THAT YOU WERE NOTIFIED OF THIS RIGHT AND YOU MUST INDICATE THE WITNESS OR WITNESSES YOU SELECTED, IF ANY.
600 601 602 603 604 605 606 607	HAVE AN EMPLOYMENT, PROFESSIONAL, OR PERSONAL RELATIONSHIP WITH THE ADOPTION ENTITY OR THE PROSPECTIVE ADOPTIVE PARENTS TO BE PRESENT WHEN THIS AFFIDAVIT IS EXECUTED AND TO SIGN IT AS A WITNESS. YOU MUST ACKNOWLEDGE ON THIS FORM THAT YOU WERE NOTIFIED OF THIS RIGHT AND YOU MUST INDICATE THE WITNESS OR WITNESSES YOU SELECTED, IF ANY.
600 601 602 603 604 605 606 607 608	HAVE AN EMPLOYMENT, PROFESSIONAL, OR PERSONAL RELATIONSHIP WITH THE ADOPTION ENTITY OR THE PROSPECTIVE ADOPTIVE PARENTS TO BE PRESENT WHEN THIS AFFIDAVIT IS EXECUTED AND TO SIGN IT AS A WITNESS. YOU MUST ACKNOWLEDGE ON THIS FORM THAT YOU WERE NOTIFIED OF THIS RIGHT AND YOU MUST INDICATE THE WITNESS OR WITNESSES YOU SELECTED, IF ANY. YOU DO NOT HAVE TO SIGN THIS CONSENT FORM. YOU MAY DO ANY OF THE FOLLOWING INSTEAD OF SIGNING THIS CONSENT OR BEFORE SIGNING THIS

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611 1. CONSULT WITH AN ATTORNEY;

612 2. HOLD, CARE FOR, AND FEED THE CHILD UNLESS OTHERWISE LEGALLY613 PROHIBITED;

614 3. PLACE THE CHILD IN FOSTER CARE OR WITH ANY FRIEND OR FAMILY
615 MEMBER YOU CHOOSE WHO IS WILLING TO CARE FOR THE CHILD;
616 4. TAKE THE CHILD HOME UNLESS OTHERWISE LEGALLY PROHIBITED; AND
617 5. FIND OUT ABOUT THE COMMUNITY RESOURCES THAT ARE AVAILABLE TO
618 YOU IF YOU DO NOT GO THROUGH WITH THE ADOPTION.

IF YOU DO SIGN THIS CONSENT, YOU ARE GIVING UP ALL RIGHTS TO 620 621 YOUR CHILD. YOUR CONSENT IS VALID, BINDING, AND IRREVOCABLE EXCEPT UNDER SPECIFIC LEGAL CIRCUMSTANCES. IF YOU ARE GIVING UP 622 623 YOUR RIGHTS TO A NEWBORN CHILD WHO IS TO BE IMMEDIATELY PLACED 624 FOR ADOPTION UPON THE CHILD'S RELEASE FROM A LICENSED HOSPITAL 625 OR BIRTH CENTER FOLLOWING BIRTH, A WAITING PERIOD WILL BE 626 IMPOSED UPON THE BIRTH MOTHER BEFORE SHE MAY SIGN THE CONSENT 627 FOR ADOPTION. A BIRTH MOTHER MUST WAIT 48 HOURS FROM THE TIME OF 628 BIRTH, OR UNTIL THE DAY THE BIRTH MOTHER HAS BEEN NOTIFIED IN 629 WRITING, EITHER ON HER PATIENT CHART OR IN RELEASE PAPERS, THAT SHE IS FIT TO BE RELEASED FROM A LICENSED HOSPITAL OR BIRTH 630 631 CENTER, WHICHEVER IS SOONER, BEFORE THE CONSENT FOR ADOPTION MAY BE EXECUTED. ANY MAN A BIOLOGICAL FATHER MAY EXECUTE A CONSENT 632 AT ANY TIME AFTER THE BIRTH OF THE CHILD. ONCE YOU HAVE SIGNED 633 634 THE CONSENT, IT IS VALID, BINDING, AND IRREVOCABLE AND CANNOT BE WITHDRAWN UNLESS A COURT FINDS THAT IT WAS OBTAINED BY FRAUD OR 635 636 DURESS.

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638 IF YOU BELIEVE THAT YOUR CONSENT WAS OBTAINED BY FRAUD OR DURESS639 AND YOU WISH TO REVOKE THAT CONSENT, YOU MUST:

640

641 1. NOTIFY THE ADOPTION ENTITY, BY WRITING A LETTER, THAT YOU
642 WISH TO WITHDRAW YOUR CONSENT; AND
643 2. PROVE IN COURT THAT THE CONSENT WAS OBTAINED BY FRAUD OR

644 DURESS.

645

This statement of rights is not required for the adoption of a relative, an adult, a stepchild, or a child older than 6 months of age. A consent form for the adoption of a child older than 6 months of age at the time of <u>the</u> execution of consent must contain a statement outlining the revocation rights provided in paragraph (c).

(6) (a) If a birth parent executes a consent for placement
of a minor with an adoption entity or qualified prospective
adoptive parents and the minor child is in the custody of the
department, but parental rights have not yet been terminated,
the adoption consent <u>is shall be</u> valid, binding, and enforceable
by the court.

658 Upon execution of the consent of the birth parent, the (b) 659 adoption entity may shall be permitted to intervene in the 660 dependency case as a party in interest and must shall provide the court having jurisdiction over the minor, pursuant to the 661 shelter or dependency petition filed by the department, with a 662 copy of the preliminary home study of the prospective adoptive 663 parents and any other evidence of the suitability of the 664 placement. The preliminary home study must shall be maintained 665 Page 24 of 57

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with strictest confidentiality within the dependency court file and the department's file. A preliminary home study must be provided to the court in all cases in which an adoption entity has intervened pursuant to this section.

670 In determining whether the best interest of the child (d) 671 is will be served by transferring the custody of the minor child 672 to the prospective adoptive parent selected by the birth parent, the court shall consider give consideration to the rights of the 673 674 birth parent to determine an appropriate placement for the child, the permanency offered, the child's bonding with any 675 676 potential adoptive home that the child has been residing in, and the importance of maintaining sibling relationships, if 677 678 possible.

(7) <u>If a person is seeking to withdraw consent for a child</u>
older than 6 months of age who has been placed with prospective
<u>adoptive parents:</u>

682 The person seeking to withdraw consent must, in (a) 683 accordance with paragraph (4)(c), notify A consent that is being 684 withdrawn under paragraph (4) (c) may be withdrawn at any time prior to the minor's placement with the prospective adoptive 685 686 parents or by notifying the adoption entity in writing by 687 certified United States mail, return receipt requested, within not later than 3 business days after execution of the consent. 688 As used in this subsection, the term "business day" means any 689 day on which the United States Postal Service accepts certified 690 691 mail for delivery.

(b) Upon receiving <u>timely</u> written notice from a person
 whose consent to adoption is required of that person's desire to
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694 withdraw consent to adoption, the adoption entity must contact 695 the prospective adoptive parent to arrange a time certain for the adoption entity to regain physical custody of the minor, 696 697 unless, upon a motion for emergency hearing by the adoption 698 entity, the court determines in written findings that placement 699 of the minor with the person who had legal or physical custody 700 of the child immediately before the child was placed for 701 adoption withdrawing consent may endanger the minor, or that the 702 person who desires to withdraw consent is to the adoption would 703 not be required to consent to the adoption, or has been 704 determined to have abandoned the child, or is otherwise subject 705 to a determination that the person's consent is waived under 706 this chapter. 707 If the court finds that the such placement may (C) 708 endanger the minor, the court shall must enter an order 709 continuing the regarding continued placement of the minor with 710 the prospective adoptive parents pending further proceedings if

711 they desire continued placement. If the prospective adoptive parents do not desire continued placement, the order must shall 712 713 include, but need not be limited to, a determination of whether 714 temporary placement in foster care, with the person who had 715 legal or physical custody of the child immediately before placing the child for adoption, or with a relative is in the 716 best interest of the child and is appropriate, whether an 717 718 investigation by the department is recommended, and whether a 719 relative is available for the temporary placement.

(d) If the person withdrawing consent claims to be the father of the minor but has not been established to be the Page 26 of 57

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father by marriage, court order, or scientific testing, the court may order scientific paternity testing and reserve ruling on removal of the minor until the results of such testing have been filed with the court.

726 The adoption entity must return the minor within 3 (e) 727 business days after timely and proper notification of the 728 withdrawal of consent or after the court determines that 729 withdrawal is valid and binding upon consideration of an 730 emergency motion, as filed pursuant to paragraph (b), to the 731 physical custody of the person withdrawing consent or the person 732 directed by the court. If the person seeking to validly withdraw consent claims to be the father of the minor but has not been 733 established to be the father by marriage, court order, or 734 scientific testing, the adoption entity may return the minor to 735 the care and custody of the mother, if she desires such 736 737 placement, and she the mother is not otherwise prohibited by law from having custody of the child. 738

(f) Following the revocation period for withdrawal of consent described in paragraph (a), or the placement of the child with the prospective adoptive parents, whichever occurs later, consent may be withdrawn only when the court finds that the consent was obtained by fraud or duress.

(g) An affidavit of nonpaternity may be withdrawn only if
the court finds that the affidavit was obtained by fraud or
duress.

747 Section 11. Section 63.085, Florida Statutes, is amended 748 to read:

749 63.085 Disclosure by adoption entity.--

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750 DISCLOSURE REQUIRED TO PARENTS AND PROSPECTIVE (1)751 ADOPTIVE PARENTS. -- Within Not later than 14 days after a person 752 seeking to adopt a minor or a person seeking to place a minor 753 for adoption contacts an adoption entity in person or provides 754 the adoption entity with a mailing address, the entity must 755 provide a written disclosure statement to that person if the 756 entity agrees or continues to work with the such person. The If 757 an adoption entity shall also provide the written disclosure to 758 the parent is assisting in the effort to terminate the parental 759 rights of a parent who did not initiate the contact with the 760 adoption entity, the written disclosure must be provided within 761 14 days after that parent is identified and located. For purposes of providing the written disclosure, a person is 762 763 considered to be seeking to place a minor for adoption if when 764 that person has sought information or advice from the adoption 765 entity regarding the option of adoptive placement. The written 766 disclosure statement must be in substantially the following 767 form: 768 769 ADOPTION DISCLOSURE 770 771 THE STATE OF FLORIDA REQUIRES THAT THIS FORM BE PROVIDED TO ALL 772 PERSONS CONSIDERING ADOPTING A MINOR OR SEEKING TO PLACE A MINOR 773 FOR ADOPTION, TO ADVISE THEM OF THE FOLLOWING FACTS REGARDING ADOPTION UNDER FLORIDA LAW: 774 775 The name, address, and telephone number of the adoption 776 1. 777 entity providing this disclosure is: Page 28 of 57

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- 778 Name:
- 779 Address:
- 780 Telephone Number:
- 781

782 2. The adoption entity does not provide legal representation or 783 advice to birth parents or anyone signing a consent for adoption 784 or affidavit of nonpaternity, and birth parents have the right 785 to consult with an attorney of their own choosing to advise 786 them.

787 3. With the exception of an adoption by a stepparent or 788 relative, a child cannot be placed into a prospective adoptive 789 home unless the prospective adoptive parents have received a 790 favorable preliminary home study, including criminal and child 791 abuse clearances.

4. A valid consent for adoption may not be signed by the birth mother until 48 hours after the birth of the child, or the day the birth mother is notified, in writing, that she is fit for discharge from the licensed hospital or birth center. <u>Any man</u> A putative father may sign a valid consent for adoption at any time after the birth of the child.

798 5. A consent for adoption signed before the child attains the 799 age of 6 months is binding and irrevocable from the moment it is 800 signed unless it can be proven in court that the consent was obtained by fraud or duress. A consent for adoption signed after 801 the child attains the age of 6 months is valid from the moment 802 it is signed; however, it may be revoked until the child is 803 placed in an adoptive home, or up to 3 days after it was signed, 804 whichever period is longer. 805

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806 6. A consent for adoption is not valid if the signature of the 807 person who signed the consent was obtained by fraud or duress. An unmarried biological father must act immediately in order 808 7. 809 to protect his parental rights. Section 63.062, Florida 810 Statutes, prescribes that any father seeking to establish his 811 right to consent to the adoption of his child must file a claim 812 of paternity with the Florida Putative Father Registry maintained by the Office of Vital Statistics of the Department 813 814 of Health by the date a petition to terminate parental rights is 815 filed with the court, or within 30 days after receiving service 816 of a Notice of Intended Adoption Plan. If he receives a Notice of Intended Adoption Plan, he must file a claim of paternity 817 818 with the Florida Putative Father Registry, file a parenting plan 819 with the court, and provide financial support to the mother or child within 30 days following service. An unmarried biological 820 821 father's failure to timely respond to a Notice of Intended 822 Adoption Plan constitutes an irrevocable legal waiver of any and 823 all rights that the father may have to the child. A claim of 824 paternity registration form for the Florida Putative Father 825 Registry may be obtained from any local office of the Department 826 of Health, Office of Vital Statistics, the Department of 827 Children and Families, the Internet websites for these agencies, and the offices of the clerks of the Florida circuit courts. The 828 claim of paternity form must be submitted to the Office of Vital 829 Statistics, Attention: Adoption Unit, P.O. Box 210, 830 831 Jacksonville, FL 32231. 8.7. There are alternatives to adoption, including foster care, 832 relative care, and parenting the child. There may be services 833 Page 30 of 57

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and sources of financial assistance in the community available 834 835 to birth parents if they choose to parent the child. 836 9.8. A birth parent has the right to have a witness of his or 837 her choice, who is unconnected with the adoption entity or the 838 adoptive parents, to be present and witness the signing of the consent or affidavit of nonpaternity. 839 840 10.9. A birth parent 14 years of age or younger must have a parent, legal guardian, or court-appointed guardian ad litem to 841 842 assist and advise the birth parent as to the adoption plan. 843 11.10. A birth parent has a right to receive supportive 844 counseling from a counselor, social worker, physician, clergy, or attorney, and such counseling would be beneficial to the 845 846 birth parent. 847 12.11. The payment of living or medical expenses by the 848 prospective adoptive parents before prior to the birth of the 849 child does not, in any way, obligate the birth parent to sign 850 the consent for adoption. 851 DISCLOSURE TO ADOPTIVE PARENTS. --(2) 852 (a) At the time that an adoption entity is responsible for 853 selecting prospective adoptive parents for a born or unborn 854 child whose parents are seeking to place the child for adoption 855 or whose rights were terminated pursuant to chapter 39, the adoption entity must provide the prospective adoptive parents 856 857 with information concerning the background of the child to the 858 extent such information is disclosed to the adoption entity by the parents, legal custodian, or the department. This subsection 859 applies only if the adoption entity identifies the prospective 860 adoptive parents and supervises the physical placement of the 861

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862	child in the prospective adoptive parents' home. If any
863	information cannot be disclosed because the records custodian
864	failed or refused to produce the background information, the
865	adoption entity has a duty to provide the information if it
866	becomes available. An individual or entity contacted by an
867	adoption entity to obtain the background information must
868	release the requested information to the adoption entity without
869	the necessity of a subpoena or a court order. In all cases, the
870	prospective adoptive parents must receive all available
871	information by the date of the final hearing on the petition for
872	adoption. The information to be disclosed includes:
873	1. A family social and medical history form completed
874	pursuant to s. 63.162(6).
875	2. The biological mother's medical records documenting her
876	prenatal care and the birth and delivery of the child.
877	3. A complete set of the child's medical records
878	documenting all medical treatment and care since the child's
879	birth and before placement.
880	4. All mental health, psychological, and psychiatric
881	records, reports, and evaluations concerning the child before
882	placement.
883	5. The child's educational records, including all records
884	concerning any special education needs of the child before
885	placement.
886	6. Records documenting all incidents that required the
887	department to provide services to the child, including all
888	orders of adjudication of dependency or termination of parental
889	rights issued pursuant to chapter 39, any case plans drafted to
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FLORIDA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES	F	L	0	R		D	А	н	0	U	S	Е	0	F	R	Е	Ρ	R	Е	S	Е	Ν	Т	Α	Т		V	Е	S
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890	address the child's needs, all protective services
891	investigations identifying the child as a victim, and all
892	guardian ad litem reports filed with the court concerning the
893	child.
894	7. Written information concerning the availability of
895	adoption subsidies for the child, if applicable.
896	(b) When disclosing information pursuant to this
897	subsection, the adoption entity must redact any confidential
898	identifying information concerning the child's parents, foster
899	parents and their families, siblings, relatives, and
900	perpetrators of crimes against the child or involving the child.
901	(3) (2) ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF DISCLOSUREThe adoption entity
902	must obtain a written statement acknowledging receipt of the
903	disclosures disclosure required under this section subsection
904	(1) and signed by the persons receiving the disclosure or, if it
905	is not possible to obtain such an acknowledgment, the adoption
906	entity must execute an affidavit stating why an acknowledgment
907	could not be obtained. If the disclosure was delivered by
908	certified United States mail, return receipt requested, a return
909	receipt signed by the person from whom acknowledgment is
910	required is sufficient to meet the requirements of this
911	subsection. A copy of the acknowledgment of receipt of the
912	disclosure must be provided to the person signing it. A copy of
913	the acknowledgment or affidavit executed by the adoption entity
914	in lieu of the acknowledgment must be maintained in the file of
915	the adoption entity. The original acknowledgment or affidavit
916	must be filed with the court.

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917	(4) (3) REVOCATION OF CONSENTFailure to meet the
918	requirements of this section subsection (1) or subsection (2)
919	does not constitute grounds for revocation of a consent to
920	adoption or withdrawal of an affidavit of nonpaternity unless
921	the extent and circumstances of such a failure result in a
922	material failure of fundamental fairness in the administration
923	of due process, or the failure constitutes or contributes
924	materially to fraud or duress in obtaining a consent to adoption
925	or affidavit of nonpaternity.
926	Section 12. Subsections (2), (3), and (6) of section
927	63.087, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
928	63.087 Proceeding to terminate parental rights pending
929	adoption; general provisions
930	(2) VENUE
931	(a) A petition to terminate parental rights pending
932	adoption must be filed:
933	1. In the county where the child resides; or
934	2. If the child does not reside in the State of Florida,
935	In the county where the adoption entity is located ;
936	3. In the county where the adoption entity is located; or
937	4. If neither parent resides in the state, in the county
938	where the adoption entity is located. The fact of the minor's
939	presence within the state confers jurisdiction on the court in
940	proceedings in the minor's case under this chapter, or to a
941	parent or guardian if due notice has been given.
942	(b) If a petition for termination of parental rights has
943	been filed and a parent whose <u>consent is required</u> rights are to
944	be terminated objects to venue, there must be a hearing in which
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945 the court shall determine whether that parent intends to assert 946 legally recognized grounds to contest a termination of parental 947 rights and, if so, the court may shall immediately transfer 948 venue to a proper venue under this subsection the county where 949 that parent resides or resided at the time of the execution of 950 the consent. For purposes of selecting venue, the court shall 951 consider the ease of access to the court for the parent and the 952 factors set forth in s. 47.122 who intends to contest a 953 termination of parental rights.

954 (c) If there is a transfer of venue, the court may955 determine which party shall bear the cost of venue transfer.

For purposes of the hearing under this subsection, witnesses 957 958 located in another jurisdiction may testify by deposition or 959 testify by telephone, audiovisual means, or other electronic 960 means before a designated court or at another location. 961 Documentary evidence transmitted from another location by 962 technological means that do not produce an original writing may 963 not be excluded from evidence on an objection based on the means 964 of transmission. The court on its own motion may otherwise 965 prescribe the manner in which and the terms upon which the 966 testimony is taken.

967 (3) PREREQUISITE FOR ADOPTION.--A petition for adoption
968 may not be filed until after the date the court enters the
969 judgment terminating parental rights pending adoption under this
970 chapter or under chapter 39. Adoptions of relatives, adult
971 adoptions, or adoptions of stepchildren <u>are shall</u> not be
972 required to file a separate termination of parental rights
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973 proceeding pending adoption. In such cases, <u>the petitioner may</u> 974 <u>file a joint petition for termination of parental rights and</u> 975 <u>adoption, attaching</u> all required consents, affidavits, notices, 976 and acknowledgments shall be attached to the petition for 977 adoption or filed separately in the adoption proceeding. <u>Unless</u> 978 <u>otherwise provided by law, this chapter applies to joint</u> 979 petitions.

980 ANSWER AND APPEARANCE REQUIRED. -- An answer to the (6) 981 petition or any pleading requiring an answer must shall be filed in accordance with the Florida Family Law Rules of Civil 982 983 Procedure. Failure to file a written response or to appear at the hearing on the petition constitutes grounds upon which the 984 court may terminate parental rights. Failure to appear at the 985 986 hearing constitutes grounds upon which the court may terminate 987 parental rights. The petitioner shall provide notice of the 988 final hearing by United States mail to any person who has been 989 served with the summons and petition for termination of parental 990 rights within the specified time periods. Notwithstanding the 991 filing of any answer or any pleading, Any person present at the 992 hearing to terminate parental rights pending adoption whose 993 consent to adoption is required under s. 63.062 must:

(a) Be advised by the court that he or she has a right to
ask that the hearing be reset for a later date so that the
person may consult with an attorney; and

997 (b) Be given an opportunity to <u>admit or</u> deny the998 allegations in the petition.

999 Section 13. Subsections (1), (3), (4), and (5) of section 1000 63.088, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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1028

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1001 63.088 Proceeding to terminate parental rights pending 1002 adoption; notice and service; diligent search.--

1003 (1)NOTICE REQUIRED. -- An unmarried biological father, by 1004 virtue of the fact that he has engaged in a sexual relationship 1005 with a woman, is deemed to be on notice that a pregnancy and an 1006 adoption proceeding regarding that child may occur and that he 1007 has a duty to protect his own rights and interest. He is, therefore, entitled to notice of a birth or adoption proceeding 1008 1009 with regard to that child only as provided in this chapter. If a 1010 mother fails to identify an unmarried biological father to the 1011 adoption entity by the date she signs her consent for adoption, the unmarried biological father's claim that he did not receive 1012 actual notice of the adoption proceeding is not a defense to the 1013 1014 termination of his parental rights.

1015 (3) LOCATION AND IDENTITY KNOWN. -- Before the court may 1016 determine that a minor is available for adoption, and in 1017 addition to the other requirements set forth in this chapter, each person whose consent is required under s. 63.062, who has 1018 1019 not executed a consent for adoption or an affidavit of nonpaternity, and whose location and identity have been 1020 1021 determined by compliance with the procedures in this section 1022 must be personally served, pursuant to chapter 48, at least 20 days before the hearing with a copy of the petition to terminate 1023 parental rights pending adoption and with notice in 1024 substantially the following form: 1025 1026

NOTICE OF PETITION AND HEARING

TO TERMINATE PARENTAL RIGHTS

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1029	PENDING ADOPTION
1030	
1031	A petition to terminate parental rights pending adoption has
1032	been filed. A copy of the petition is being served with this
1033	notice. There will be a hearing on the petition to terminate
1034	parental rights pending adoption on (date) at (time)
1035	before (judge) at (location, including complete name and
1036	street address of the courthouse) . The court has set aside
1037	(amount of time) for this hearing.
1038	
1039	UNDER SECTION 63.089, FLORIDA STATUTES, FAILURE TO TIMELY FILE A
1040	WRITTEN RESPONSE TO THIS NOTICE AND THE PETITION WITH THE COURT
1041	AND ΘR TO APPEAR AT THIS HEARING CONSTITUTES GROUNDS UPON WHICH
1042	THE COURT SHALL END ANY PARENTAL RIGHTS YOU MAY HAVE OR ASSERT
1043	REGARDING THE MINOR CHILD.
1044	(4) REQUIRED INQUIRYIn proceedings initiated under s.
1045	63.087, the court shall must conduct an inquiry of the person
1046	who is placing the minor for adoption and of any relative or
1047	person having legal custody of the minor who is present at the
1048	hearing and likely to have the following information regarding
1049	the identity of:
1050	(a) Any <u>man</u> person to whom the mother of the minor was
1051	married at any time when conception of the minor may have
1052	occurred or at the time of the birth of the minor;
1053	(b) Any man who has filed an affidavit of paternity
1054	pursuant to s. 382.013(2)(c) before the date that a petition for
1055	termination of parental rights is filed with the court person
1056	who has been declared by a court to be the father of the minor;
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1057	(c) Any man who has adopted the minor;
1058	(d) Any man who has been adjudicated by a court as the
1059	father of the minor child before the date a petition for
1060	termination of parental rights is filed with the court with whom
1061	the mother was cohabiting at any time when conception of the
1062	minor may have occurred; and
1063	(e) Any man whom the mother identified to the adoption
1064	entity as a potential biological father before the date she
1065	signed the consent for adoption person who has acknowledged or
1066	claimed paternity of the minor.
1067	
1068	The information <u>sought</u> required under this subsection may be
1069	provided to the court in the form of a sworn affidavit by a
1070	person having personal knowledge of the facts, addressing each
1071	inquiry enumerated in this subsection, except that, if the
1072	inquiry identifies a father under paragraph (a), paragraph (b),
1073	or paragraph (c), the inquiry <u>may</u> shall not continue further.
1074	The inquiry required under this subsection may be conducted
1075	before the birth of the minor.
1076	(5) LOCATION UNKNOWN; IDENTITY KNOWNIf the inquiry by
1077	the court under subsection (4) identifies any person whose
1078	consent to adoption is required under s. 63.062 and who has not
1079	executed a consent to adoption or an affidavit of nonpaternity,
1080	and the location of the person from whom consent is required is
1081	unknown, the adoption entity must conduct a diligent search for
1082	that person which must include inquiries concerning:

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1083 (a) The person's current address, or any previous address,
1084 through an inquiry of the United States Postal Service through
1085 the Freedom of Information Act;

1086 (b) The last known employment of the person, including the 1087 name and address of the person's employer;

1088 (c) Regulatory agencies, including those regulating 1089 licensing in the area where the person last resided;

1090 (c) (d) Names and addresses of relatives to the extent they 1091 such can be reasonably obtained from the petitioner or other 1092 sources, contacts with those relatives, and inquiry as to the 1093 person's last known address. The petitioner <u>must</u> shall pursue 1094 any leads to of any addresses where to which the person may have 1095 moved;

1096 <u>(d) (e)</u> Information as to whether or not the person may 1097 have died and, if so, the date and location;

1098 (e)(f) Telephone listings in the area where the person
1099 last resided;

1100 (f) (g) Inquiries of law enforcement agencies in the area
1101 where the person last resided;

1102 (g) (h) Highway patrol records in the state where the 1103 person last resided;

1104 (h) (i) Department of Corrections records in the state
1105 where the person last resided;

1106 <u>(i)</u> Hospitals in the area where the person last 1107 resided;

1108 <u>(j) (k)</u> Records of utility companies, including water, 1109 sewer, cable television, and electric companies, in the area 1110 where the person last resided;

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1111 (k) (1) Records of the Armed Forces of the United States as 1112 to whether there is any information as to the person; 1113 (1) (m) Records of the tax assessor and tax collector in 1114 the area where the person last resided; and (m) (n) Search of one Internet databank locator service. 1115 1116 1117 A person contacted by a petitioner or adoption entity requesting records under this subsection must release the requested records 1118 1119 to the petitioner or adoption entity without the necessity of a subpoena or a court order, except when prohibited by law. An 1120 1121 affidavit of diligent search conducted in accordance with this section executed by the petitioner and the adoption entity must 1122 1123 be filed with the court confirming completion of each aspect of 1124 the diligent search enumerated in this subsection and specifying 1125 the results. The diligent search required under this subsection 1126 may be conducted before the birth of the minor. A judgment terminating parental rights and approving a diligent search that 1127 fails to locate a person is valid and is not subject to direct 1128 or collateral attack because the mother failed or refused to 1129 1130 provide the adoption entity with sufficient information to 1131 locate the person. Section 14. Subsections (2), (3), (4), and (6), paragraph 1132 (a) of subsection (7), and subsection (8) of section 63.089, 1133 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1134 Proceeding to terminate parental rights pending 1135 63.089 adoption; hearing; grounds; dismissal of petition; judgment.--1136 HEARING PREREQUISITES .-- The court may hold the hearing 1137 (2) only when: 1138

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(a) For each person whose consent to adoption is required under s. 63.062: 1141 1. A consent under s. 63.082 has been executed and filed 1142 with the court;

1143 2. An affidavit of nonpaternity under s. 63.082 has been1144 executed and filed with the court;

1145 3. Notice has been provided under ss. 63.087 and 63.088; 1146 or

1147 4. The certificate from the Office of Vital Statistics has 1148 been provided to the court stating that a diligent search has 1149 been made of the Florida Putative Father Registry created in s. 1150 63.054 and that no filing has been found pertaining to the 1151 father of the child in question or, if a filing is found, 1152 stating the name of the putative father and the time and date of 1153 the filing.

1154 (b) For each notice and petition that must be served under 1155 ss. 63.087 and 63.088:

1156 1. At least 20 days have elapsed since the date of 1157 personal service and an affidavit of service has been filed with 1158 the court;

1159 2. At least 30 days have elapsed since the first date of 1160 publication of constructive service and an affidavit of service 1161 has been filed with the court; or

1162 3. An affidavit of nonpaternity, consent for adoption, or 1163 <u>other document that which affirmatively waives service has been</u> 1164 executed and filed with the court.;

1165

(c) The minor named in the petition has been born.; and

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(d) The petition contains all information required under s. 63.087 and all affidavits of inquiry, diligent search, and service required under s. 63.088 have been obtained and filed with the court.

(3) GROUNDS FOR TERMINATING PARENTAL RIGHTS PENDING ADOPTION.--The court may enter a judgment terminating parental rights pending adoption if the court determines by clear and convincing evidence, supported by written findings of fact, that each person whose consent to adoption is required under s. 63.062:

(a) Has executed a valid consent under s. 63.082 and the consent was obtained according to the requirements of this chapter;

(b) Has executed an affidavit of nonpaternity and the affidavit was obtained according to the requirements of this chapter;

(c) Has been served with a notice of the intended adoption plan in accordance with the provisions of s. 63.062(3) and has failed to respond within the designated time period;

(d) Has been properly served notice of the proceeding in accordance with the requirements of this chapter and has failed to file a written answer or appear at the evidentiary hearing resulting in the judgment terminating parental rights pending adoption;

(e) Has been properly served notice of the proceeding in accordance with the requirements of this chapter and has been determined under subsection (4) to have abandoned the minor as defined in s. 63.032;

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(f) Is a parent of the person to be adopted, which parent has been judicially declared incapacitated with restoration of competency found to be medically improbable;

(g) Is a person who has legal custody of the person to be adopted, other than a parent, who has failed to respond in writing to a request for consent for a period of 60 days or, after examination of his or her written reasons for withholding consent, is found by the court to be withholding his or her consent unreasonably;

(h) Has been properly served notice of the proceeding in accordance with the requirements of this chapter, but has been found by the court, after examining written reasons for the withholding of consent, to be unreasonably withholding his or her consent; or

(i) Is the spouse of the person to be adopted who has failed to consent, and the failure of the spouse to consent to the adoption is excused by reason of prolonged and unexplained absence, unavailability, incapacity, or circumstances that are found by the court to constitute unreasonable withholding of consent.

1214 FINDING OF ABANDONMENT .-- A finding of abandonment (4)resulting in a termination of parental rights must be based upon 1215 clear and convincing evidence that a parent or person having 1216 1217 legal custody has abandoned the child in accordance with the definition contained in s. 63.032 s. 63.032(1). A finding of 1218 1219 abandonment may also be based upon emotional abuse or a refusal to provide reasonable financial support, when able, to a birth 1220 mother during her pregnancy. If, in the opinion of the court, 1221 Page 44 of 57

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1222 the efforts of a parent or person having legal custody of the 1223 child to support and communicate with the child are only 1224 marginal efforts that do not evince a settled purpose to assume 1225 all parental duties, the court may declare the child to be 1226 abandoned. In making this decision, the court may consider the 1227 conduct of a father toward the child's mother during her 1228 pregnancy.

(a) In making a determination of abandonment at a hearing
for termination of parental rights <u>under pursuant to</u> this
chapter, the court <u>shall must</u> consider, among other relevant
factors not inconsistent with this section:

1233 1. Whether the actions alleged to constitute abandonment 1234 demonstrate a willful disregard for the safety or welfare of the 1235 child or the unborn child;

1236 2. Whether the person alleged to have abandoned the child,1237 while being able, failed to provide financial support;

3. Whether the person alleged to have abandoned the child,while being able, failed to pay for medical treatment; and

1240 4. Whether the amount of support provided or medical
1241 expenses paid was appropriate, taking into consideration the
1242 needs of the child and relative means and resources available to
1243 the person alleged to have abandoned the child.

(b) The child has been abandoned when the parent of a
child is incarcerated on or after October 1, 2001, in a <u>federal</u>,
state, or <u>county federal</u> correctional institution and:

1247 1. The period of time for which the parent <u>has been or</u> is 1248 expected to be incarcerated will constitute a <u>significant</u> 1249 <u>substantial</u> portion of the <u>child's minority</u>. In determining

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1250 whether the period of time is significant, the court shall 1251 consider the child's age and the child's need for a permanent 1252 and stable home. The period of time begins on the date that the 1253 parent enters into incarceration period of time before the child 1254 will attain the age of 18 years;

The incarcerated parent has been determined by a the 1255 2. court of competent jurisdiction to be a violent career criminal 1256 as defined in s. 775.084, a habitual violent felony offender as 1257 1258 defined in s. 775.084, convicted of child abuse as defined in s. 1259 827.03, or a sexual predator as defined in s. 775.21; has been 1260 convicted of first degree or second degree murder in violation of s. 782.04 or a sexual battery that constitutes a capital, 1261 life, or first degree felony violation of s. 794.011; or has 1262 1263 been convicted of a substantially similar an offense in another 1264 jurisdiction which is substantially similar to one of the 1265 offenses listed in this subparagraph. As used in this section, the term "substantially similar offense" means any offense that 1266 is substantially similar in elements and penalties to one of 1267 1268 those listed in this subparagraph, and that is in violation of a law of any other jurisdiction, whether that of another state, 1269 1270 the District of Columbia, the United States or any possession or territory thereof, or any foreign jurisdiction; or 1271

1272 3. The court determines by clear and convincing evidence 1273 that continuing the parental relationship with the incarcerated 1274 parent would be harmful to the child and, for this reason, that 1275 termination of the parental rights of the incarcerated parent is 1276 in the best interest of the child.

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1277 (6) JUDGMENT TERMINATING PARENTAL RIGHTS PENDING 1278 ADOPTION.--

(a) The judgment terminating parental rights pending
adoption must be in writing and contain findings of fact as to
the grounds for terminating parental rights pending adoption.

(b) Within 7 days after filing, the court shall mail a
copy of the judgment to the department. The clerk shall execute
a certificate of the such mailing.

1285 (c) The judgment terminating parental rights pending
1286 adoption legally frees the child for subsequent adoption,
1287 adjudicates the child's status, and may not be challenged by a
1288 person claiming parental status who did not establish parental
1289 rights before the filing of the petition for termination, except
1290 as specifically provided in this chapter.

1291

(7) RELIEF FROM JUDGMENT TERMINATING PARENTAL RIGHTS.--

1292 (a) A motion for relief from a judgment terminating 1293 parental rights must be filed with the court originally entering 1294 the judgment. The motion must be filed within a reasonable time, 1295 but not later than 1 year after the entry of the judgment terminating parental rights. An unmarried biological father does 1296 1297 not have standing to seek relief from a judgment terminating 1298 parental rights if the mother did not identify him to the 1299 adoption entity before the date she signed a consent for 1300 adoption or if he was not located because the mother failed or refused to provide sufficient information to locate him. 1301

(8) RECORDS; CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION.--All papers and records pertaining to a petition to terminate parental rights pending adoption are related to the subsequent adoption of the Page 47 of 57

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1305 minor and are subject to the provisions of s. 63.162. An 1306 unmarried biological father does not have standing to seek the court case number or access the court file if the mother did not 1307 1308 identify him to the adoption entity before the date she signed the consent for adoption. The confidentiality provisions of this 1309 chapter do not apply to the extent information regarding persons 1310 1311 or proceedings is must be made available as specified under s. 63.088. 1312 1313 Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 63.092, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1314 1315 63.092 Report to the court of intended placement by an adoption entity; at-risk placement; preliminary study .--1316 REPORT TO THE COURT. -- The adoption entity must report 1317 (1)any intended placement of a minor for adoption with any person 1318 who is not a relative or a stepparent if the adoption entity has 1319 knowledge of, or participates in the, such intended placement. 1320 The report must be made to the court before the minor is placed 1321 in the home or within 2 business days 48 hours thereafter. 1322 1323 Section 16. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 63.102, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1324 63.102 Filing of petition for adoption or declaratory 1325 statement; venue; proceeding for approval of fees and costs. --1326 PETITION FOR ADOPTION. -- A petition for adoption may 1327 (1)not be filed until after the entry of the judgment or decree 1328 terminating parental rights pending adoption under this chapter, 1329 1330 unless the adoptee is an adult or $\overline{\tau}$ the petitioner is a stepparent or a relative, or the minor has been the subject of a 1331 judgment terminating parental rights under chapter 39. After a 1332 Page 48 of 57 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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judgment terminating parental rights has been entered, a 1333 1334 proceeding for adoption may be commenced by filing a petition entitled, "In the Matter of the Adoption of " in the 1335 1336 circuit court. The person to be adopted shall be designated in the caption in the name by which he or she is to be known if the 1337 petition is granted. Except for a joint petition for the 1338 1339 adoption of a stepchild, a relative, or an adult, any name by which the minor was previously known may not be disclosed in the 1340 1341 petition, the notice of hearing, or the judgment of adoption, or 1342 the court docket as provided in s. 63.162(3). 1343 (2) VENUE. -- A petition for adoption or for a declaratory statement as to the adoption contract must shall be filed in the 1344 county where the petition for termination of parental rights was 1345 1346 filed or granted, unless the court, in accordance with s. 1347 47.122, changes the venue to the county where the petitioner or 1348 petitioners or the minor resides or where the adoption entity with which the minor has been placed is located. The circuit 1349 court in this state shall must retain jurisdiction over the 1350 1351 matter until a final judgment is entered on the adoption, either within or outside the state. The Uniform Child Custody 1352 Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act does not apply until a final 1353 judgment is entered on the adoption. 1354

1355 Section 17. Subsection (3) of section 63.122, Florida1356 Statutes, is amended to read:

1357

63.122 Notice of hearing on petition.--

(3) Upon a showing by the petitioner <u>or parent</u> that the privacy, safety, <u>or and</u> welfare of the petitioner, <u>parent</u>, or minor may be endangered, the court may order <u>that</u> the names of Page 49 of 57

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the petitioner, parent, or minor, or all both, to be deleted 1361 from the notice of hearing and from the copy of the petition 1362 1363 attached thereto if, provided the substantive rights of any 1364 person are will not thereby be affected. Section 18. Subsection (4) of section 63.132, Florida 1365 Statutes, is amended to read: 1366 1367 63.132 Affidavit of expenses and receipts.--1368 This section does not apply to an adoption by a (4)1369 stepparent or an adoption of a relative or adult, the 1370 finalization of an adoption of a minor if the parental rights 1371 were terminated under chapter 39, or the domestication of an adoption decree of a minor child adopted in a foreign country. 1372 1373 Section 19. Section 63.135, Florida Statutes, is amended 1374 to read: 1375 63.135 Information under oath to be submitted to the 1376 court. --The adoption entity or petitioner must file an 1377 (1)affidavit under the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and 1378 1379 Enforcement Act in the termination of parental rights Each party 1380 in an adoption proceeding, in the first pleading or in an 1381 affidavit attached to that pleading, shall give information under oath as to the child's present address, the places where 1382 the child has lived within the last 5 years, and the names and 1383 1384 present addresses of the persons with whom the child has lived during that period. In the pleading or affidavit each party 1385 shall further declare under oath whether: 1386

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1387	(a) The party has participated as a party or witness or in
1388	any other capacity in any other litigation concerning the
1389	custody of the same child in this or any other state;
1390	(b) The party has information of any custody proceeding
1391	concerning the child pending in a court of this or any other
1392	state; and
1393	(c) The party knows of any person not a party to the
1394	proceedings who has physical custody of the child or claims to
1395	have custody or visitation rights with respect to the child.
1396	(2) If the declaration as to any item specified in
1397	subsection (1) is in the affirmative, the declarant shall give
1398	additional information under oath as required by the court. The
1399	court may examine the parties under oath about details of the
1400	information furnished and other matters pertinent to the court's
1401	jurisdiction and judgment of adoption.
1402	(2) (3) Each party has a continuing duty to inform the
1403	court of any custody proceeding concerning the child in this or
1404	any other state about which he or she obtained information
1405	during this proceeding.
1406	Section 20. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 63.142,
1407	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1408	63.142 Hearing; judgment of adoption
1409	(3) DISMISSAL
1410	(a) If the petition is dismissed, <u>further proceedings, if</u>
1411	any, regarding the minor must be brought in a separate custody
1412	action under chapter 61, a dependency action under chapter 39,
1413	or a paternity action under chapter 742 the court shall
1414	determine the person that is to have custody of the minor.
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(b) If the petition is dismissed, the court shall statewith specificity the reasons for the dismissal.

(4) JUDGMENT. -- At the conclusion of the hearing, after the 1417 court determines that the date for a parent to file an appeal of 1418 a valid judgment terminating that parent's parental rights has 1419 passed and no appeal, pursuant to the Florida Rules of Appellate 1420 1421 Procedure, is pending and that the adoption is in the best interest of the person to be adopted, a judgment of adoption 1422 1423 shall be entered. A judgment terminating parental rights pending adoption is voidable and any later judgment of adoption of that 1424 1425 minor is voidable if, upon a parent's motion for relief from judgment, the court finds that the adoption substantially fails 1426 to meet the requirements of this chapter. The motion must be 1427 1428 filed within a reasonable time, but not later than 1 year after 1429 the date the judgment terminating parental rights was entered. 1430 Section 21. Section 63.192, Florida Statutes, is amended

1431 to read:

63.192 Recognition of foreign judgment or decree affecting 1432 1433 adoption. -- A judgment of court terminating the relationship of parent and child or establishing the relationship by adoption, 1434 1435 or a decree granting legal guardianship for purposes of adoption, issued pursuant to due process of law by a court or 1436 authorized body of any other jurisdiction within or without the 1437 United States shall be recognized in this state, and the rights 1438 1439 and obligations of the parties on matters within the 1440 jurisdiction of this state shall be determined as though the judgment or decree were issued by a court of this state. A 1441 judgment or decree of a court or authorized body terminating the 1442

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1443	relationship of a parent and child, whether independent,
1443	incorporated in an adoption decree, or incorporated in a legal
1445	guardianship order issued pursuant to due process of law of any
1446	other jurisdiction within or without the United States, shall be
1447	deemed to effectively terminate parental rights for purposes of
1448	a proceeding on a petition for adoption in this state. If a
1449	minor child has been made available for adoption in a foreign
1450	state or foreign country and the parental rights of the minor
1451	child's parent have been terminated or the child has been
1452	declared to be abandoned or orphaned, no additional termination
1453	of parental rights proceeding need occur, and the adoption may
1454	be finalized according to the procedures set forth in this
1455	chapter.
1456	Section 22. Subsection (2) of section 63.212, Florida
1457	Statutes, is amended to read:
1458	63.212 Prohibited acts; penalties for violation
1459	(2) (a) It is unlawful for <u>:</u>
1460	(a) Any person or adoption entity under this chapter to:
1461	1. Knowingly provide false information; or
1462	2. Knowingly withhold material information.
1463	(b) It is unlawful for A parent, with the intent to
1464	defraud, to accept benefits related to the same pregnancy from
1465	more than one adoption entity without disclosing that fact to
1466	each entity.
1467	(c) It is unlawful for any person who knows that the
1468	parent whose rights are to be terminated intends to object to
1469	said termination to intentionally file the petition for
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1470	termination of parental rights in a county inconsistent with the
1471	required venue under such circumstances.
1472	
1473	Any person who willfully violates any provision of this
1474	subsection commits a misdemeanor of the second degree,
1475	punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. In addition,
1476	the such person is liable for damages caused by such acts or
1477	omissions, including reasonable attorney's fees and costs.
1478	Damages may be awarded through restitution in any related
1479	criminal prosecution or by filing a separate civil action.
1480	Section 23. Section 63.236, Florida Statutes, is created
1481	to read:
1482	63.236 Petitions filed before July 1, 2008; governing
1483	lawA petition for termination of parental rights filed before
1484	July 1, 2008, is governed by the law in effect at the time the
1485	petition was filed.
1485 1486	<u>petition was filed.</u> Section 24. Section 742.021, Florida Statutes, is amended
1486	Section 24. Section 742.021, Florida Statutes, is amended
1486 1487	Section 24. Section 742.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1486 1487 1488	Section 24. Section 742.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 742.021 Venue, process, complaint
1486 1487 1488 1489	Section 24. Section 742.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 742.021 Venue, process, complaint <u>(1)</u> The proceedings <u>must</u> shall be in the circuit court of
1486 1487 1488 1489 1490	Section 24. Section 742.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 742.021 Venue, process, complaint <u>(1)</u> The proceedings <u>must</u> shall be in the circuit court of the county where the plaintiff resides or of the county where
1486 1487 1488 1489 1490 1491	Section 24. Section 742.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 742.021 Venue, process, complaint <u>(1)</u> The proceedings <u>must</u> shall be in the circuit court of the county where the plaintiff resides or of the county where the defendant resides.
1486 1487 1488 1489 1490 1491 1492	Section 24. Section 742.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 742.021 Venue, process, complaint (1) The proceedings <u>must</u> shall be in the circuit court of the county where the plaintiff resides or of the county where the defendant resides. (2) The complaint shall <u>assert</u> aver sufficient facts
1486 1487 1488 1489 1490 1491 1492 1493	Section 24. Section 742.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 742.021 Venue, process, complaint (1) The proceedings <u>must shall</u> be in the circuit court of the county where the plaintiff resides or of the county where the defendant resides. (2) The complaint shall <u>assert</u> aver sufficient facts charging the paternity of the child. <u>Upon filing of a complaint</u>
1486 1487 1488 1489 1490 1491 1492 1493 1494	Section 24. Section 742.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 742.021 Venue, process, complaint (1) The proceedings <u>must shall</u> be in the circuit court of the county where the plaintiff resides or of the county where the defendant resides. (2) The complaint shall <u>assert</u> aver sufficient facts charging the paternity of the child. <u>Upon filing of a complaint</u> seeking to determine paternity, the clerk of court shall issue a

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1499	In order to preserve the right to notice and consent
1500	to the adoption of the child, an unmarried biological
1501	father must, as the "registrant," file a notarized
1502	claim of paternity form with the Florida Putative
1503	Father Registry maintained by the Office of Vital
1504	Statistics of the Department of Health which includes
1505	confirmation of his willingness and intent to support
1506	the child for whom paternity is claimed in accordance
1507	with state law. The claim of paternity may be filed at
1508	any time before the child's birth, but a claim of
1509	paternity may not be filed after the date a petition
1510	is filed for termination of parental rights.
1511	
1512	(3) Process served on directed to the defendant must
1513	<u>require</u> shall issue forthwith requiring the defendant to file
1514	written defenses to the complaint in the same manner as suits in
1515	chancery. Upon application and proof under oath, the court may
1516	issue a writ of ne exeat against the defendant on such terms and
1517	conditions and conditioned upon bond in such amount as the court
1518	may determine.
1519	Section 25. Subsection (1) of section 742.10, Florida
1520	Statutes, is amended to read:
1521	742.10 Establishment of paternity for children born out of
1522	wedlock
1523	(1) Except as provided in chapters 39 and 63, this chapter
1524	provides the primary jurisdiction and procedures for the
1525	determination of paternity for children born out of wedlock. If
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0	CONC. Marda stricken are deletione, warde underlined are additione

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1526 When the establishment of paternity has been raised and 1527 determined within an adjudicatory hearing brought under the statutes governing inheritance, or dependency under workers' 1528 compensation or similar compensation programs; if, or when an 1529 1530 affidavit acknowledging paternity or a stipulation of paternity 1531 is executed by both parties and filed with the clerk of the 1532 court; if, or when an affidavit, a notarized voluntary acknowledgment of paternity, or a voluntary acknowledgment of 1533 1534 paternity that is witnessed by two individuals and signed under penalty of perjury as provided for in s. 382.013 or s. 382.016 1535 is executed by both parties; τ or if when paternity is 1536 adjudicated by the Department of Revenue as provided in s. 1537 409.256, such adjudication, affidavit, or acknowledgment 1538 1539 constitutes the establishment of paternity for purposes of this 1540 chapter. If an no adjudicatory proceeding was not held, a 1541 notarized voluntary acknowledgment of paternity or voluntary acknowledgment of paternity, which that is witnessed by two 1542 individuals and signed under penalty of perjury as specified by 1543 1544 s. 92.525(2), creates shall create a rebuttable presumption, as defined by s. 90.304, of paternity and is subject to the right 1545 1546 of any signatory to rescind the acknowledgment within 60 days 1547 after the date the acknowledgment was signed or the date of an administrative or judicial proceeding relating to the child, 1548 including a proceeding to establish a support order, in which 1549 the signatory is a party, whichever is earlier. Both parents 1550 1551 must provide their social security numbers on any acknowledgment of paternity, consent affidavit, or stipulation of paternity. 1552 1553 Except for affidavits under seal pursuant to ss. 382.015 and Page 56 of 57

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1554 382.016, the Office of Vital Statistics shall provide certified1555 copies of affidavits to the Title IV-D agency upon request.

Section 26. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.

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