By the Committee on Ethics and Elections; and Senators Aronberg and Baker

582-04468-09 20091550c1

Senate Joint Resolution

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to Section 6 of Article VII of the State Constitution to expand the availability of the property tax discount for disabled veterans to veterans who were not Florida residents when they entered the military and to provide an additional homestead exemption to certain persons.

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Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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That the following amendment to Section 6 of Article VII of the State Constitution is agreed to and shall be submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next general election or at an earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that purpose:

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ARTICLE VII

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FINANCE AND TAXATION

(a) Every person who has the legal or equitable title to

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SECTION 6. Homestead exemptions.-

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real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner, shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except assessments for special benefits, up to the assessed valuation of twenty-five

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thousand dollars and, for all levies other than school district levies, on the assessed valuation greater than fifty thousand

dollars and up to seventy-five thousand dollars, upon

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establishment of right thereto in the manner prescribed by law.

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The real estate may be held by legal or equitable title, by the

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entireties, jointly, in common, as a condominium, or indirectly

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by stock ownership or membership representing the owner's or member's proprietary interest in a corporation owning a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of ninety-eight years. The exemption shall not apply with respect to any assessment roll until such roll is first determined to be in compliance with the provisions of section 4 by a state agency designated by general law. This exemption is repealed on the effective date of any amendment to this Article which provides for the assessment of homestead property at less than just value.

- (b) Not more than one exemption shall be allowed any individual or family unit or with respect to any residential unit. No exemption shall exceed the value of the real estate assessable to the owner or, in case of ownership through stock or membership in a corporation, the value of the proportion which the interest in the corporation bears to the assessed value of the property.
- (c) By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the Legislature may provide to renters, who are permanent residents, ad valorem tax relief on all ad valorem tax levies. Such ad valorem tax relief shall be in the form and amount established by general law.
- (d) The legislature may, by general law, allow counties or municipalities, for the purpose of their respective tax levies and subject to the provisions of general law, to grant an additional homestead tax exemption not exceeding fifty thousand dollars to any person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner and who has attained age sixty-five and whose household income, as defined by general law, does not exceed twenty

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thousand dollars. The general law must allow counties and municipalities to grant this additional exemption, within the limits prescribed in this subsection, by ordinance adopted in the manner prescribed by general law, and must provide for the periodic adjustment of the income limitation prescribed in this subsection for changes in the cost of living.

(e) Each veteran who is age 65 or older who is partially or totally permanently disabled shall receive a discount from the amount of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead property the veteran owns and resides in if the disability was combat related, the veteran was a resident of this state at the time of entering the military service of the United States, and the veteran was honorably discharged upon separation from military service. The discount shall be in a percentage equal to the percentage of the veteran's permanent, service-connected disability as determined by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for the discount granted by this subsection, an applicant must submit to the county property appraiser, by March 1, proof of residency at the time of entering military service, an official letter from the United States Department of Veterans Affairs stating the percentage of the veteran's service-connected disability and such evidence that reasonably identifies the disability as combat related, and a copy of the veteran's honorable discharge. If the property appraiser denies the request for a discount, the appraiser must notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the denial, and the veteran may reapply. The Legislature may, by general law, waive the annual application requirement in subsequent years. This subsection shall take effect December 7, 2006, is

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self-executing, and does not require implementing legislation.

(f) By general law and subject to the conditions specified therein, each person who receives a homestead exemption as provided in this section; who was a member of the United States military or military reserves, the United States Coast Guard or its reserves, or the Florida National Guard; and who received imminent-danger pay while deployed in support of military operations on active duty outside the continental United States, Alaska, or Hawaii during the preceding calendar year shall receive an additional exemption equal to a percentage of the taxable value of his or her homestead property. The applicable percentage shall be calculated as the number of days during the preceding calendar year the person received imminent-danger pay divided by the number of days in that year.

(g) By general law and subject to the conditions specified therein, each person who receives a homestead exemption as provided in this section; who was a member of the United States military or military reserves, the United States Coast Guard or its reserves, or the Florida National Guard; and who received hostile-fire pay while deployed in support of military operations on active duty outside the continental United States, Alaska, or Hawaii during the preceding calendar year shall receive an additional exemption equal to a percentage of the taxable value of his or her homestead property. The applicable percentage shall be calculated as the number of days during the preceding calendar year the person received hostile-fire pay divided by the number of days in that year.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be placed on the ballot:

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CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ARTICLE VII, SECTION 6

DISABLED VETERAN'S PROPERTY TAX DISCOUNT; HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION FOR MILITARY PERSONNEL RECEIVING IMMINENT-DANGER OR HOSTILE-FIRE.—The State Constitution provides a property tax discount on the homesteads of veterans who became disabled as the result of a combat injury. This proposed amendment expands the availability of the discount to veterans who became disabled as the result of a combat injury, but who were not Florida residents when they entered the military, and authorizes the Legislature to provide an additional homestead exemption for members of the United States military who are deployed overseas and receive imminent-danger pay or hostile-fire pay.