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By the Committee on Health Regulation; and Senator Bennett

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the inspection of domestic violence centers and nursing homes; amending ss. 381.006, 381.0072, and 381.0098, F.S.; providing that nursing homes that are inspected by the Agency for Health Care Administration are exempt from inspection by the Department of Health; providing that certain domestic violence centers that are certified and monitored by the Department of Children and Family Services are exempt from inspection by the Department of Health under certain circumstances; repealing s. 400.0060(1), F.S., relating to the definition of the term "administrative assessment"; amending s. 400.0061, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act relating to onsite administrative assessments; clarifying the authorization of an ombudsman to enter a long-term care facility; amending s. 400.0065, F.S.; clarifying that any person may make a complaint against a long-term care facility, including an employee of that facility; amending ss. 400.0067, 400.0069, and 400.0071, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act relating to onsite administrative assessments; clarifying that any person may make a complaint against a long-term care facility, including an employee of that facility; repealing s. 400.0074, F.S., relating to onsite administrative assessments of nursing homes, assisted living facilities, and adult family-care homes conducted by the local ombudsman council; amending s.

400.0075, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act relating to onsite administrative assessments; amending s. 400.19, F.S.; requiring the agency to conduct an inspection to determine compliance by the licensee with federal requirements; amending s. 400.191, F.S.; deleting provisions relating to a requirement that the agency make available to the public, distribute, and post reports and records concerning licensed nursing homes operating in the state; revising requirements for a nursing home facility licensee; amending s. 400.195, F.S.; revising provisions relating to agency reporting requirements; amending s. 400.23, F.S.; revising requirements for notification of deficiencies; revising the criteria for determining each class of deficiency; amending s. 465.017, F.S.; providing that nursing homes that are inspected by the agency are exempt from inspection by the Department of Health and imposition of a fee; amending s. 633.081, F.S.; providing that nursing homes that are inspected by the agency are exempt from inspection by the State Fire Marshal under certain circumstances; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (16) of section 381.006, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

381.006 Environmental health.—The department shall conduct

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an environmental health program as part of fulfilling the state's public health mission. The purpose of this program is to detect and prevent disease caused by natural and manmade factors in the environment. The environmental health program shall include, but not be limited to:

(16) A group-care-facilities function, where a group care facility means any public or private school, housing, building or buildings, section of a building, or distinct part of a building or other place, whether operated for profit or not, which undertakes, through its ownership or management, to provide one or more personal services, care, protection, and supervision to persons who require such services and who are not related to the owner or administrator. The department may adopt rules necessary to protect the health and safety of residents, staff, and patrons of group care facilities, such as child care facilities, family day care homes, assisted living facilities, adult day care centers, adult family care homes, hospices, residential treatment facilities, crisis stabilization units, pediatric extended care centers, intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled, group care homes, and, jointly with the Department of Education, private and public schools. These rules may include definitions of terms; provisions relating to operation and maintenance of facilities, buildings, grounds, equipment, furnishings, and occupant-space requirements; lighting; heating, cooling, and ventilation; food service; water supply and plumbing; sewage; sanitary facilities; insect and rodent control; garbage; safety; personnel health, hygiene, and work practices; and other matters the department finds are appropriate or necessary to protect the safety and

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health of the residents, staff, or patrons. The department may not adopt rules that conflict with rules adopted by the licensing or certifying agency. The department may enter and inspect at reasonable hours to determine compliance with applicable statutes or rules. However, nursing homes that are licensed under part II of chapter 400 and inspected by the Agency for Health Care Administration pursuant to the state <u>licensing requirements or federal certification requirements are</u> exempt from routine inspection by the department, as required under this part, and are exempt from the fee imposed pursuant to this section. Domestic violence centers that are certified and monitored by the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to chapter 39 are exempt from inspection by the department, except as provided in administrative rules adopted pursuant to chapter 39 which govern domestic violence centers. In addition to any sanctions that the department may impose for violations of rules adopted under this section, the department shall also report such violations to any agency responsible for licensing or certifying the group care facility. The licensing or certifying agency may also impose any sanction based solely on the findings of the department. The department may adopt rules to carry out the provisions of this section.

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 381.0072, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

381.0072 Food service protection.—It shall be the duty of the Department of Health to adopt and enforce sanitation rules consistent with law to ensure the protection of the public from food-borne illness. These rules shall provide the standards and requirements for the storage, preparation, serving, or display

of food in food service establishments as defined in this section and which are not permitted or licensed under chapter 500 or chapter 509.

(2) DUTIES.-

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(a) The department shall adopt rules, including definitions of terms which are consistent with law prescribing minimum sanitation standards and manager certification requirements as prescribed in s. 509.039, and which shall be enforced in food service establishments as defined in this section. The sanitation standards must address the construction, operation, and maintenance of the establishment; lighting, ventilation, laundry rooms, lockers, use and storage of toxic materials and cleaning compounds, and first-aid supplies; plan review; design, construction, installation, location, maintenance, sanitation, and storage of food equipment and utensils; employee training, health, hygiene, and work practices; food supplies, preparation, storage, transportation, and service, including access to the areas where food is stored or prepared; and sanitary facilities and controls, including water supply and sewage disposal; plumbing and toilet facilities; garbage and refuse collection, storage, and disposal; and vermin control. Public and private schools, if the food service is operated by school employees; hospitals licensed under chapter 395; nursing homes licensed under part II of chapter 400; child care facilities as defined in s. 402.301; residential facilities colocated with a nursing home or hospital, if all food is prepared in a central kitchen that complies with nursing or hospital regulations; and bars and lounges, as defined by department rule, are exempt from the rules developed for manager certification. The department shall

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administer a comprehensive inspection, monitoring, and sampling program to ensure such standards are maintained; however, nursing homes that are licensed under part II of chapter 400 and inspected by the Agency for Health Care Administration pursuant to the state licensing requirements or federal certification requirements are exempt from routine inspection by the department, as required under this part, and are exempt from the fee imposed pursuant to this section. Domestic violence centers that are certified and monitored by the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to chapter 39 are not food service establishments and are exempt from inspection by the department. With respect to food service establishments permitted or licensed under chapter 500 or chapter 509, the department shall assist the Division of Hotels and Restaurants of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services with rulemaking by providing technical information.

Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 381.0098, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

381.0098 Biomedical waste.-

- (6) TRACKING SYSTEM.—The department shall adopt rules for a system of tracking biomedical waste.
- (b) Inspections may be conducted for purposes of compliance with this section. Any such inspection shall be commenced and completed with reasonable promptness. However, nursing homes that are licensed under part II of chapter 400 and inspected by the Agency for Health Care Administration as part of the state licensing requirements or federal certification requirements are exempt from routine inspection by the department, as required

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under this part, and are exempt from the fee imposed pursuant to this section. If the officer, employee, or representative of the department obtains any samples, prior to leaving the premises he or she shall give the owner, operator, or agent in charge a receipt describing the sample obtained.

Section 4. <u>Subsection (1) of section 400.0060, Florida</u>
Statutes, is repealed.

Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 400.0061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.0061 Legislative findings and intent; long-term care facilities.—

(2) It is the intent of the Legislature, therefore, to utilize voluntary citizen ombudsman councils under the leadership of the ombudsman, and through them to operate an ombudsman program which shall, without interference by any executive agency, undertake to discover, investigate, and determine the presence of conditions or individuals which constitute a threat to the rights, health, safety, or welfare of the residents of long-term care facilities. To ensure that the effectiveness and efficiency of such investigations are not impeded by advance notice or delay, the Legislature intends that the ombudsman and ombudsman councils and their designated representatives not be required to obtain warrants in order to enter into or conduct investigations or onsite administrative assessments of long-term care facilities. It is the further intent of the Legislature that the environment in long-term care facilities be conducive to the dignity and independence of residents and that investigations by ombudsman councils shall further the enforcement of laws, rules, and regulations that

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safeguard the health, safety, and welfare of residents. This section does not preclude an ombudsman from entering a facility pursuant to the Older Americans Act of 1965, as amended, in order to provide services to protect the health, safety, welfare and rights of residents while ensuring that residents have regular and timely access to representatives of the ombudsman program.

Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 400.0065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.0065 State Long-Term Care Ombudsman; duties and responsibilities.—

- (1) The purpose of the Office of State Long-Term Care Ombudsman shall be to:
- (a) Identify, investigate, and resolve complaints made by or on behalf of residents of long-term care facilities, regardless of the person who makes the complaint, including an employee of the long-term care facility, relating to actions or omissions by providers or representatives of providers of long-term care services, other public or private agencies, guardians, or representative payees which that may adversely affect the health, safety, welfare, or rights of the residents.

Section 7. Paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (2) of section 400.0067, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

400.0067 State Long-Term Care Ombudsman Council; duties; membership.—

- (2) The State Long-Term Care Ombudsman Council shall:
- (b) Serve as an appellate body in receiving from the local councils complaints not resolved at the local level. Any individual member or members of the state council may enter any

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long-term care facility involved in an appeal, pursuant to the conditions specified in s. 400.0074(2).

- (d) Assist the ombudsman in eliciting, receiving, responding to, and resolving complaints made by or on behalf of residents regardless of the person who makes the complaint, including an employee of a long-term care facility.
- Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) and subsection (3) of section 400.0069, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

400.0069 Local long-term care ombudsman councils; duties; membership.—

- (2) The duties of the local councils are to:
- (c) Elicit, receive, investigate, respond to, and resolve complaints made by or on behalf of residents <u>regardless of the person who makes the complaint, including an employee of a long-term care facility.</u>
- (3) In order to carry out the duties specified in subsection (2), a member of a local council is authorized to enter any long-term care facility without notice or first obtaining a warrant, subject to the provisions of s. 400.0074(2).

Section 9. Section 400.0071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 400.0071 State Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program complaint procedures.—The department shall adopt rules implementing state and local complaint procedures. The rules must include procedures for:
- (1) Receiving complaints against a long-term care facility or an employee of a long-term care facility <u>regardless of the</u> person who makes the complaint.

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(2) Conducting investigations of a long-term care facility or an employee of a long-term care facility subsequent to receiving a complaint.

(3) Conducting onsite administrative assessments of longterm care facilities.

Section 10. <u>Section 400.0074</u>, <u>Florida Statutes</u>, is <u>repealed</u>.

Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 400.0075, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.0075 Complaint notification and resolution procedures.-

- (1) (a) Any complaint or problem verified by an ombudsman council as a result of an investigation or onsite administrative assessment, which complaint or problem is determined to require remedial action by the local council, shall be identified and brought to the attention of the long-term care facility administrator in writing. Upon receipt of such document, the administrator, with the concurrence of the local council chair, shall establish target dates for taking appropriate remedial action. If, by the target date, the remedial action is not completed or forthcoming, the local council chair may, after obtaining approval from the ombudsman and a majority of the members of the local council:
- 1. Extend the target date if the chair has reason to believe such action would facilitate the resolution of the complaint.
- 2. In accordance with s. 400.0077, publicize the complaint, the recommendations of the council, and the response of the long-term care facility.
 - 3. Refer the complaint to the state council.

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Section 12. Subsection (3) of section 400.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.19 Right of entry and inspection.

(3) The agency shall every 15 months conduct at least one unannounced inspection to determine compliance by the licensee with statutes, with federal requirements, if applicable, and with rules adopted promulgated under the provisions of those statutes and federal requirements, governing minimum standards of construction, quality and adequacy of care, and rights of residents. The survey shall be conducted every 6 months for the next 2-year period if the facility has been cited for a class I deficiency, has been cited for two or more class II deficiencies arising from separate surveys or investigations within a 60-day period, or has had three or more substantiated complaints within a 6-month period, each resulting in at least one class I or class II deficiency. In addition to any other fees or fines in this part, the agency shall assess a fine for each facility that is subject to the 6-month survey cycle. The fine for the 2-year period shall be \$6,000, one-half to be paid at the completion of each survey. The agency may adjust this fine by the change in the Consumer Price Index, based on the 12 months immediately preceding the increase, to cover the cost of the additional surveys. The agency shall verify through subsequent inspection that any deficiency identified during inspection is corrected. However, the agency may verify the correction of a class III or class IV deficiency unrelated to resident rights or resident care without reinspecting the facility if adequate written documentation has been received from the facility, which provides assurance that the deficiency has been corrected. The

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giving or causing to be given of advance notice of such unannounced inspections by an employee of the agency to any unauthorized person shall constitute cause for suspension of not fewer than 5 working days according to the provisions of chapter 110.

Section 13. Section 400.191, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.191 Availability, distribution, and posting of reports and records.—

- (1) The agency shall provide information to the public about all of the licensed nursing home facilities operating in the state. The agency shall, within 60 days after a licensure inspection visit or within 30 days after any interim visit to a facility, send copies of the inspection reports to the local long-term care ombudsman council, the agency's local office, and a public library or the county seat for the county in which the facility is located. The agency may provide electronic access to inspection reports as a substitute for sending copies.
- (2) The agency shall publish the Nursing Home Guide annually in consumer-friendly printed form and quarterly in electronic form to assist consumers and their families in comparing and evaluating nursing home facilities.
- (a) The agency shall provide an Internet site which shall include at least the following information either directly or indirectly through a link to another established site or sites of the agency's choosing:
- 1. A section entitled "Have you considered programs that provide alternatives to nursing home care?" which shall be the first section of the Nursing Home Guide and which shall

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prominently display information about available alternatives to nursing homes and how to obtain additional information regarding these alternatives. The Nursing Home Guide shall explain that this state offers alternative programs that permit qualified elderly persons to stay in their homes instead of being placed in nursing homes and shall encourage interested persons to call the Comprehensive Assessment Review and Evaluation for Long-Term Care Services (CARES) Program to inquire if they qualify. The Nursing Home Guide shall list available home and community-based programs which shall clearly state the services that are

provided and indicate whether nursing home services are included

- 2. A list by name and address of all nursing home facilities in this state, including any prior name by which a facility was known during the previous 24-month period.
- 3. Whether such nursing home facilities are proprietary or nonproprietary.
- 4. The current owner of the facility's license and the year that that entity became the owner of the license.
- 5. The name of the owner or owners of each facility and whether the facility is affiliated with a company or other organization owning or managing more than one nursing facility in this state.
- 6. The total number of beds in each facility and the most recently available occupancy levels.
- 7. The number of private and semiprivate rooms in each facility.
 - 8. The religious affiliation, if any, of each facility.
 - 9. The languages spoken by the administrator and staff of

378 each facility.

10. Whether or not each facility accepts Medicare or Medicaid recipients or insurance, health maintenance organization, Veterans Administration, CHAMPUS program, or workers' compensation coverage.

11. Recreational and other programs available at each facility.

12. Special care units or programs offered at each facility.

13. Whether the facility is a part of a retirement community that offers other services pursuant to part III of this chapter or part I or part III of chapter 429.

14. Survey and deficiency information, including all federal and state recertification, licensure, revisit, and complaint survey information, for each facility for the past 30 months. For noncertified nursing homes, state survey and deficiency information, including licensure, revisit, and complaint survey information for the past 30 months shall be provided.

15. A summary of the deficiency data for each facility over the past 30 months. The summary may include a score, rating, or comparison ranking with respect to other facilities based on the number of citations received by the facility on recertification, licensure, revisit, and complaint surveys; the severity and scope of the citations; and the number of recertification surveys the facility has had during the past 30 months. The score, rating, or comparison ranking may be presented in either numeric or symbolic form for the intended consumer audience.

(b) The agency shall provide the following information in

407 printed form:

1. A section entitled "Have you considered programs that provide alternatives to nursing home care?" which shall be the first section of the Nursing Home Guide and which shall prominently display information about available alternatives to nursing homes and how to obtain additional information regarding these alternatives. The Nursing Home Guide shall explain that this state offers alternative programs that permit qualified elderly persons to stay in their homes instead of being placed in nursing homes and shall encourage interested persons to call the Comprehensive Assessment Review and Evaluation for Long-Term Care Services (CARES) Program to inquire if they qualify. The Nursing Home Guide shall list available home and community-based programs which shall clearly state the services that are provided and indicate whether nursing home services are included if needed.

- 2. A list by name and address of all nursing home facilities in this state.
- 3. Whether the nursing home facilities are proprietary or nonproprietary.
- 4. The current owner or owners of the facility's license and the year that entity became the owner of the license.
- 5. The total number of beds, and of private and semiprivate rooms, in each facility.
 - 6. The religious affiliation, if any, of each facility.
- 7. The name of the owner of each facility and whether the facility is affiliated with a company or other organization owning or managing more than one nursing facility in this state.
 - 8. The languages spoken by the administrator and staff of

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588-03431-09 20091562c1 each facility. 9. Whether or not each facility accepts Medicare or Medicaid recipients or insurance, health maintenance organization, Veterans Administration, CHAMPUS program, or workers' compensation coverage. 10. Recreational programs, special care units, and other programs available at each facility. 11. The Internet address for the site where more detailed information can be seen. 12. A statement advising consumers that each facility will have its own policies and procedures related to protecting resident property. 13. A summary of the deficiency data for each facility over the past 30 months. The summary may include a score, rating, or comparison ranking with respect to other facilities based on the number of citations received by the facility on recertification, licensure, revisit, and complaint surveys; the severity and scope of the citations; the number of citations; and the number of recertification surveys the facility has had during the past 30 months. The score, rating, or comparison ranking may be presented in either numeric or symbolic form for the intended consumer audience. (c) The agency may provide the following additional information on an Internet site or in printed form as the information becomes available: 1. The licensure status history of each facility. 2. The rating history of each facility.

3. The regulatory history of each facility, which may include federal sanctions, state sanctions, federal fines, state

fines, and other actions.

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4. Whether the facility currently possesses the Gold Seal designation awarded pursuant to s. 400.235.

5. Internet links to the Internet sites of the facilities or their affiliates.

(2)(3) Each nursing home facility licensee shall maintain as public information, available upon request, records of all cost and inspection reports pertaining to that facility that have been filed with, or issued by, any governmental agency. Copies of the reports shall be retained in the records for not less than 5 years following the date the reports are filed or issued.

(a) The agency shall publish in the Nursing Home Guide a "Nursing Home Guide Watch List" to assist consumers in evaluating the quality of nursing home care in Florida. The watch list must identify each facility that met the criteria for a conditional licensure status and each facility that is operating under bankruptcy protection. The watch list must include, but is not limited to, the facility's name, address, and ownership; the county in which the facility operates; the license expiration date; the number of licensed beds; a description of the deficiency causing the facility to be placed on the list; any corrective action taken; and the cumulative number of days and percentage of days the facility had a conditional license in the past 30 months. The watch list must include a brief description regarding how to choose a nursing home, the categories of licensure, the agency's inspection process, an explanation of terms used in the watch list, and the addresses and phone numbers of the agency's health quality

assurance field offices.

- (b) Upon publication of each Nursing Home Guide, the agency must post a copy on its website by the 15th calendar day of the second month following the end of the calendar quarter. Each nursing home licensee must retrieve the most recent version of the Nursing Home Guide from the agency's website.
- (3)(4) Any records of a nursing home facility determined by the agency to be necessary and essential to establish lawful compliance with any rules or standards must be made available to the agency on the premises of the facility and submitted to the agency. Each facility must submit this information to the agency by electronic transmission when available.
 - (4) (5) Every nursing home facility licensee shall:
- (a) Post, in a sufficient number of prominent positions in the nursing home so as to be accessible to all residents and to the general public, \div
- 1. a concise summary of the last inspection report pertaining to the nursing home and issued by the agency, with references to the page numbers of the full reports, noting any deficiencies found by the agency and the actions taken by the licensee to rectify the deficiencies and indicating in the summaries where the full reports may be inspected in the nursing home.
- 2. A copy of all of the pages that list the facility in the most recent version of the Nursing Home Guide.
- (b) Upon request, provide to any person who has completed a written application with an intent to be admitted to, or to any resident of, a nursing home, or to any relative, spouse, or guardian of the person, a copy of the last inspection report

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pertaining to the nursing home and issued by the agency, provided the person requesting the report agrees to pay a reasonable charge to cover copying costs.

- (c) Have readily available a copy of the facility's page from the federal Nursing Home Compare website which includes the facility's Five-Star Quality Ratings.
- $\underline{\text{(5)}}$ (6) The agency may adopt rules as necessary to administer this section.
- Section 14. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 400.195, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 400.195 Agency reporting requirements.
- (1) For the period beginning June 30, 2001, and ending June 30, 2005, the Agency for Health Care Administration shall provide a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives with respect to nursing homes. The first report shall be submitted no later than December 30, 2002, and subsequent reports shall be submitted every 6 months thereafter. The report shall identify facilities based on their ownership characteristics, size, business structure, for-profit or not-for-profit status, and any other characteristics the agency determines useful in analyzing the varied segments of the nursing home industry and shall report:
- (d) Information regarding deficiencies cited, including information used to develop the Nursing Home Guide WATCH LIST pursuant to s. 400.191, and applicable rules, a summary of data generated on nursing homes by Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Nursing Home Quality Information Project, and information collected pursuant to s. 400.147(9), relating to litigation.

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Section 15. Subsection (8) of section 400.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.23 Rules; evaluation and deficiencies; licensure status.—

- (8) The agency shall adopt rules pursuant to this part and part II of chapter 408 to provide that, when the criteria established under subsection (2) are not met, such deficiencies shall be classified according to the nature and the scope of the deficiency. The scope shall be cited as isolated, patterned, or widespread. An isolated deficiency is a deficiency affecting one or a very limited number of residents, or involving one or a very limited number of staff, or a situation that occurred only occasionally or in a very limited number of locations. A patterned deficiency is a deficiency where more than a very limited number of residents are affected, or more than a very limited number of staff are involved, or the situation has occurred in several locations, or the same resident or residents have been affected by repeated occurrences of the same deficient practice but the effect of the deficient practice is not found to be pervasive throughout the facility. A widespread deficiency is a deficiency in which the problems causing the deficiency are pervasive in the facility or represent systemic failure that has affected or has the potential to affect a large portion of the facility's residents. The agency shall indicate the classification on the face of the notice of deficiencies in accordance with chapter 7, State Operations Manual, published by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services as follows:
- (a) A class I deficiency is a deficiency that the agency determines presents a situation in which immediate corrective

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action is necessary because the facility's noncompliance with one or more requirements of participation has caused, or is likely to cause, immediate jeopardy to the health or safety of serious injury, harm, impairment, or death to a resident receiving care in a facility. The condition or practice constituting a class I violation shall be abated or eliminated immediately, unless a fixed period of time, as determined by the agency, is required for correction. A class I deficiency is subject to a civil penalty of \$10,000 for an isolated deficiency (J), \$12,500 for a patterned deficiency (K), and \$15,000 for a widespread deficiency (L). The fine amount shall be doubled for each deficiency if the facility was previously cited for one or more class I or class II deficiencies during the last licensure inspection or any inspection or complaint investigation since the last licensure inspection. A fine must be levied notwithstanding the correction of the deficiency.

(b) A class II deficiency is a deficiency that the agency determines has caused actual harm to a resident or residents but does not rise to the level of immediate jeopardy compromised the resident's ability to maintain or reach his or her highest practicable physical, mental, and psychosocial well-being, as defined by an accurate and comprehensive resident assessment, plan of care, and provision of services. A class II deficiency is subject to a civil penalty of \$2,500 for an isolated deficiency (G), \$5,000 for a patterned deficiency (H), and \$7,500 for a widespread deficiency (I). The fine amount shall be doubled for each deficiency if the facility was previously cited for one or more class I or class II deficiencies during the last licensure inspection or any inspection or complaint

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investigation since the last licensure inspection. A fine shall be levied notwithstanding the correction of the deficiency.

- (c) A class III deficiency is a deficiency that the agency determines will not result in actual harm to a resident or residents but does have the potential for no more than minimal harm that does not rise to the level of immediate jeopardy physical, mental, or psychosocial discomfort to the resident or has the potential to compromise the resident's ability to maintain or reach his or her highest practical physical, mental, or psychosocial well-being, as defined by an accurate and comprehensive resident assessment, plan of care, and provision of services. A class III deficiency is subject to a civil penalty of \$1,000 for an isolated deficiency (D), \$2,000 for a patterned deficiency (E), and \$3,000 for a widespread deficiency (F). The fine amount shall be doubled for each deficiency if the facility was previously cited for one or more class I or class II deficiencies during the last licensure inspection or any inspection or complaint investigation since the last licensure inspection. A citation for a class III deficiency must specify the time within which the deficiency is required to be corrected. If a class III deficiency is corrected within the time specified, a civil penalty may not be imposed.
- (d) A class IV deficiency is a deficiency that does not result in actual harm but has the potential for minimal harm to a that the agency determines has the potential for causing no more than a minor negative impact on the resident (A, B, or C). If the class IV deficiency is isolated, no plan of correction is required.
 - Section 16. Subsection (3) is added to section 465.017,

639 Florida Statutes, to read:

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465.017 Authority to inspect; disposal.-

(3) Nursing homes that are licensed under part II of chapter 400 and inspected by the Agency for Health Care

Administration pursuant to the state licensing requirements and federal certification requirements are exempt from routine inspection by the department, as required under this part, and are exempt from the fee imposed pursuant to this section.

Section 17. Section 633.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

633.081 Inspection of buildings and equipment; orders; firesafety inspection training requirements; certification; disciplinary action.-The State Fire Marshal and her or his agents shall, at any reasonable hour, when the department has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of this chapter or s. 509.215, or a rule promulgated thereunder, or a minimum firesafety code adopted by a local authority, may exist, inspect any and all buildings and structures which are subject to the requirements of this chapter or s. 509.215 and rules promulgated thereunder. The authority to inspect shall extend to all equipment, vehicles, and chemicals which are located within the premises of any such building or structure. Nursing homes that are licensed under part II of chapter 400 and inspected by the Agency for Health Care Administration pursuant to the state licensing requirements and federal certification requirements are exempt from inspection by the State Fire Marshal, or his or her agents, if, in the opinion of the State Fire Marshal or his representative, the agency's inspection satisfies the inspection requirements of the State Fire Marshal.

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(1) Each county, municipality, and special district that has firesafety enforcement responsibilities shall employ or contract with a firesafety inspector. The firesafety inspector must conduct all firesafety inspections that are required by law. The governing body of a county, municipality, or special district that has firesafety enforcement responsibilities may provide a schedule of fees to pay only the costs of inspections conducted pursuant to this subsection and related administrative expenses. Two or more counties, municipalities, or special districts that have firesafety enforcement responsibilities may jointly employ or contract with a firesafety inspector.

- (2) Every firesafety inspection conducted pursuant to state or local firesafety requirements shall be by a person certified as having met the inspection training requirements set by the State Fire Marshal. Such person shall:
- (a) Be a high school graduate or the equivalent as determined by the department;
- (b) Not have been found guilty of, or having pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, a felony or a crime punishable by imprisonment of 1 year or more under the law of the United States, or of any state thereof, which involves moral turpitude, without regard to whether a judgment of conviction has been entered by the court having jurisdiction of such cases;
- (c) Have her or his fingerprints on file with the department or with an agency designated by the department;
- (d) Have good moral character as determined by the department;
 - (e) Be at least 18 years of age;
 - (f) Have satisfactorily completed the firesafety inspector

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certification examination as prescribed by the department; and

- (g)1. Have satisfactorily completed, as determined by the department, a firesafety inspector training program of not less than 200 hours established by the department and administered by agencies and institutions approved by the department for the purpose of providing basic certification training for firesafety inspectors; or
- 2. Have received in another state training which is determined by the department to be at least equivalent to that required by the department for approved firesafety inspector education and training programs in this state.
- (3) Each special state firesafety inspection which is required by law and is conducted by or on behalf of an agency of the state must be performed by an individual who has met the provision of subsection (2), except that the duration of the training program shall not exceed 120 hours of specific training for the type of property that such special state firesafety inspectors are assigned to inspect.
- (4) A firefighter certified pursuant to s. 633.35 may conduct firesafety inspections, under the supervision of a certified firesafety inspector, while on duty as a member of a fire department company conducting inservice firesafety inspections without being certified as a firesafety inspector, if such firefighter has satisfactorily completed an inservice fire department company inspector training program of at least 24 hours' duration as provided by rule of the department.
- (5) Every firesafety inspector or special state firesafety inspector certificate is valid for a period of 3 years from the date of issuance. Renewal of certification shall be subject to

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the affected person's completing proper application for renewal and meeting all of the requirements for renewal as established under this chapter or by rule promulgated thereunder, which shall include completion of at least 40 hours during the preceding 3-year period of continuing education as required by the rule of the department or, in lieu thereof, successful passage of an examination as established by the department.

- (6) The State Fire Marshal may deny, refuse to renew, suspend, or revoke the certificate of a firesafety inspector or special state firesafety inspector if it finds that any of the following grounds exist:
- (a) Any cause for which issuance of a certificate could have been refused had it then existed and been known to the State Fire Marshal.
- (b) Violation of this chapter or any rule or order of the State Fire Marshal.
 - (c) Falsification of records relating to the certificate.
- (d) Having been found guilty of or having pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony, whether or not a judgment of conviction has been entered.
 - (e) Failure to meet any of the renewal requirements.
- (f) Having been convicted of a crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the practice of fire code inspection, plan review, or administration.
- (g) Making or filing a report or record that the certificateholder knows to be false, or knowingly inducing another to file a false report or record, or knowingly failing to file a report or record required by state or local law, or knowingly impeding or obstructing such filing, or knowingly

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inducing another person to impede or obstruct such filing.

- (h) Failing to properly enforce applicable fire codes or permit requirements within this state which the certificateholder knows are applicable by committing willful misconduct, gross negligence, gross misconduct, repeated negligence, or negligence resulting in a significant danger to life or property.
- (i) Accepting labor, services, or materials at no charge or at a noncompetitive rate from any person who performs work that is under the enforcement authority of the certificateholder and who is not an immediate family member of the certificateholder. For the purpose of this paragraph, the term "immediate family member" means a spouse, child, parent, sibling, grandparent, aunt, uncle, or first cousin of the person or the person's spouse or any person who resides in the primary residence of the certificateholder.
- (7) The department shall provide by rule for the certification of firesafety inspectors.
 - Section 18. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.