By the Committee on Health Regulation; and Senator Ring

588-02677-09

2009162c1

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to electronic health records; amending
3	s. 395.3025, F.S.; expanding access to a patient's
4	health records in order to facilitate the exchange of
5	data between certain health care facility personnel,
6	practitioners, and providers and attending physicians;
7	creating s. 408.051, F.S.; creating the "Florida
8	Electronic Health Records Exchange Act"; providing
9	definitions; authorizing the release of certain health
10	records under emergency medical conditions without the
11	consent of the patient or the patient representative;
12	providing for immunity from civil liability; providing
13	duties of the Agency for Health Care Administration
14	with regard to the availability of specified
15	information on the agency's Internet website;
16	requiring the agency to develop and implement a
17	universal patient authorization form in paper and
18	electronic formats for the release of certain health
19	records; providing procedures for use of the form;
20	providing penalties; providing for certain
21	compensation and attorney's fees and costs; creating
22	s. 408.0512, F.S.; requiring the Agency for Health
23	Care Administration to operate an electronic medical
24	records system adoption loan program, subject to
25	specific appropriation; specifying the uses of the
26	loan; requiring the agency to adopt rules related to
27	standard terms and conditions for the loan program;
28	amending s. 483.181, F.S.; expanding access to
29	laboratory reports in order to facilitate the exchange

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30	of data between certain health care practitioners and
31	providers; providing an effective date.
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33	WHEREAS, the use of electronic health information
34	technology has been proven to benefit consumers by increasing
35	the quality and efficiency of health care delivery throughout
36	the state, and
37	WHEREAS, clear and concise standards for sharing privacy-
38	protected medical information among authorized health care
39	providers will enable providers to have cost-effective access to
40	the medical information needed to make sound decisions about
41	health care, and
42	WHEREAS, maintaining the privacy and security of
43	identifiable health records is essential to the adoption of
44	procedures for sharing of electronic health records among health
45	care providers involved in the treatment of patients, NOW,
46	THEREFORE,
47	
48	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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50	Section 1. Subsection (4) of section 395.3025, Florida
51	Statutes, is amended to read:
52	395.3025 Patient and personnel records; copies;
53	examination
54	(4) Patient records are confidential and must not be
55	disclosed without the consent of the patient or his or her legal
56	representative person to whom they pertain, but appropriate
57	disclosure may be made without such consent to:
58	(a) Licensed facility personnel <u>,</u> and attending physicians <u>,</u>

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588-02677-09 2009162c1 59 or other health care practitioners and providers currently 60 involved in the care or treatment of the patient for use only in 61 connection with the treatment of the patient. 62 (b) Licensed facility personnel only for administrative 63 purposes or risk management and quality assurance functions. 64 (c) The agency, for purposes of health care cost 65 containment. (d) In any civil or criminal action, unless otherwise 66 prohibited by law, upon the issuance of a subpoena from a court 67 68 of competent jurisdiction and proper notice by the party seeking such records to the patient or his or her legal representative. 69 70 (e) The agency upon subpoena issued pursuant to s. 456.071, but the records obtained thereby must be used solely for the 71 72 purpose of the agency and the appropriate professional board in 73 its investigation, prosecution, and appeal of disciplinary 74 proceedings. If the agency requests copies of the records, the 75 facility shall charge no more than its actual copying costs, 76 including reasonable staff time. The records must be sealed and 77 must not be available to the public pursuant to s. 119.07(1) or 78 any other statute providing access to records, nor may they be 79 available to the public as part of the record of investigation for and prosecution in disciplinary proceedings made available 80 81 to the public by the agency or the appropriate regulatory board. However, the agency must make available, upon written request by 82 83 a practitioner against whom probable cause has been found, any 84 such records that form the basis of the determination of 85 probable cause. 86

86 (f) The Department of Health or its agent, for the purpose87 of establishing and maintaining a trauma registry and for the

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588-02677-09 2009162c1 88 purpose of ensuring that hospitals and trauma centers are in 89 compliance with the standards and rules established under ss. 90 395.401, 395.4015, 395.4025, 395.404, 395.4045, and 395.405, and 91 for the purpose of monitoring patient outcome at hospitals and 92 trauma centers that provide trauma care services. 93 (g) The Department of Children and Family Services or its 94 agent, for the purpose of investigations of cases of abuse, 95 neglect, or exploitation of children or vulnerable adults. 96 (h) The State Long-Term Care Ombudsman Council and the 97 local long-term care ombudsman councils, with respect to the records of a patient who has been admitted from a nursing home 98 99 or long-term care facility, when the councils are conducting an 100 investigation involving the patient as authorized under part II 101 of chapter 400, upon presentation of identification as a council 102 member by the person making the request. Disclosure under this 103 paragraph shall only be made after a competent patient or the 104 patient's representative has been advised that disclosure may be 105 made and the patient has not objected. (i) A local trauma agency or a regional trauma agency that 106 107 performs quality assurance activities, or a panel or committee 108

108 assembled to assist a local trauma agency or a regional trauma 109 agency in performing quality assurance activities. Patient 110 records obtained under this paragraph are confidential and 111 exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State 112 Constitution.

(j) Organ procurement organizations, tissue banks, and eye banks required to conduct death records reviews pursuant to s. 395.2050.

116

(k) The Medicaid Fraud Control Unit in the Department of

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117	Legal Affairs pursuant to s. 409.920.
118	(1) The Department of Financial Services, or an agent,
119	employee, or independent contractor of the department who is
120	auditing for unclaimed property pursuant to chapter 717.
121	(m) A regional poison control center for purposes of
122	treating a poison episode under evaluation, case management of
123	poison cases, or compliance with data collection and reporting
124	requirements of s. 395.1027 and the professional organization
125	that certifies poison control centers in accordance with federal
126	law.
127	Section 2. Section 408.051, Florida Statutes, is created to
128	read:
129	408.051 Florida Electronic Health Records Exchange Act
130	(1) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Florida
131	Electronic Health Records Exchange Act."
132	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
133	(a) "Electronic health record" means a record of a person's
134	medical treatment which is created by a licensed health care
135	provider and stored in an interoperable and accessible digital
136	format.
137	(b) "Electronic health records system" means an application
138	environment consisting of at least two of the following
139	components: a clinical data repository, clinical decision
140	support, a controlled medical vocabulary, a computerized
141	provider order entry, a pharmacy, or clinical documentation. The
142	application must be used by health care practitioners to
143	document, monitor, and manage health care delivery within a
144	health care delivery system and must be capable of
145	interoperability within a health information exchange.

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146	(c) "Health information exchange" means an electronic
147	health records system used to acquire, process, and transmit
148	electronic health records that can be shared in real time among
149	authorized health care providers, health care facilities, health
150	insurers, and other recipients, as authorized by law, to
151	facilitate the provision of health care services.
152	(d) "Health record" means any information, recorded in any
153	form or medium, which relates to the past, present, or future
154	health of an individual for the primary purpose of providing
155	health care and health-related services.
156	(e) "Identifiable health record" means any health record
157	that identifies the patient or with respect to which there is a
158	reasonable basis to believe the information can be used to
159	identify the patient.
160	(f) "Patient" means an individual who has sought, is
161	seeking, is undergoing, or has undergone care or treatment in a
162	health care facility or by a health care provider.
163	(g) "Patient representative" means a parent of a minor
164	patient, a court-appointed guardian for the patient, a health
165	care surrogate, or a person holding a power of attorney or
166	notarized consent appropriately executed by the patient granting
167	permission to a health care facility or health care provider to
168	disclose the patient's health care information to that person.
169	In the case of a deceased patient, the term also means the
170	personal representative of the estate of the deceased patient;
171	the deceased patient's surviving spouse, surviving parent, or
172	surviving adult child; the parent or guardian of a surviving
173	minor child of the deceased patient; or the attorney for the
174	deceased patient.

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175	(3) EMERGENCY RELEASE OF IDENTIFIABLE HEALTH RECORD.—A
176	health care provider may release or access an identifiable
177	health record of a patient without the patient's consent for use
178	in the treatment of the patient for an emergency medical
179	condition, as defined in s. 395.002(8), when the health care
180	provider is unable to obtain the patient's consent or the
181	consent of the patient representative due to the patient's
182	condition or the nature of the situation requiring immediate
183	medical attention. A health care provider who in good faith
184	releases or accesses an identifiable health record of a patient
185	in any form or medium under this section is immune from civil
186	liability for accessing or releasing an identifiable health
187	record.
188	(4) UNIVERSAL PATIENT AUTHORIZATION FORM
189	(a) By July 1, 2010, the agency shall develop forms in both
190	paper and electronic formats which may be used by a health care
191	provider to document patient authorization for the use or
192	release, in any form or medium, of an identifiable health
193	record.
194	(b) The agency shall adopt by rule the authorization form
195	and accompanying instructions and make the authorization form
196	available on the agency's website, pursuant to s. 408.05.
197	(c) A health care provider receiving an authorization form
198	containing a request for the release of an identifiable health
199	record shall accept the form as a valid authorization to release
200	an identifiable health record. A health care provider may elect
201	to accept the authorization form in either electronic or paper
202	format or both. The individual or entity that submits the
203	authorization form containing a request for the release of an

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204	identifiable health record shall determine which format is
205	accepted by the health care provider prior to submitting the
206	form.
207	(d) An individual or entity that submits a request for an
208	identifiable health record is not required under this section to
209	use the authorization form adopted and distributed by the
210	agency.
211	(e) The exchange by a health care provider of an
212	identifiable health record upon receipt of an authorization form
213	completed and submitted in accordance with agency instructions
214	creates a rebuttable presumption that the release of the
215	identifiable health record was appropriate. A health care
216	provider that releases an identifiable health record in reliance
217	on the information provided to the health care provider on a
218	properly completed authorization form does not violate any right
219	of confidentiality and is immune from liability under this
220	section.
221	(f) A health care provider that exchanges an identifiable
222	health record upon receipt of an authorization form shall not be
223	deemed to have violated or waived any privilege protected under
224	the statutory or common law of this state.
225	(5) PENALTIES.—A person who does any of the following may
226	be liable to the patient or a health care provider that has
227	released an identifiable health record in reliance on an
228	authorization form presented to the health care provider by the
229	person for compensatory damages caused by an unauthorized
230	release, plus reasonable attorney's fees and costs:
231	(a) Forges a signature on an authorization form or
232	materially alters the authorization form of another person

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233	without the person's authorization; or
234	(b) Obtains an authorization form or an identifiable health
235	record of another person under false pretenses.
236	Section 3. Section 408.0512, Florida Statutes, is created
237	to read:
238	408.0512 Electronic health records system adoption loan
239	program.—
240	(1) Subject to a specific appropriation and the
241	availability of funding made available through s. 3014 of the
242	Public Health Services Act, the agency shall operate an
243	electronic health records system adoption loan program to:
244	(a) Facilitate the purchase of certified electronic health
245	record technology;
246	(b) Enhance the use of certified electronic health record
247	technology, which may include costs associated with upgrading
248	health information technology so that it meets criteria
249	necessary for certified electronic health record technology;
250	(c) Train personnel in the use of such technology; or
251	(d) Improve the secure electronic exchange of health
252	information.
253	(2) The agency shall adopt rules related to standard terms
254	and conditions for use in the loan program.
255	Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 483.181, Florida
256	Statutes, is amended to read:
257	483.181 Acceptance, collection, identification, and
258	examination of specimens
259	(2) The results of a test must be reported directly to the
260	licensed practitioner or other authorized person who requested
261	it, and appropriate disclosure may be made by the clinical

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262	laboratory without a patient's consent to other health care
263	practitioners and providers involved in the care or treatment of
264	the patient as specified in s. 456.057(7)(a). The report must
265	include the name and address of the clinical laboratory in which
266	the test was actually performed, unless the test was performed
267	in a hospital laboratory and the report becomes an integral part
268	of the hospital record.
269	Section 5. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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