By the Committees on Judiciary; and Commerce; and Senator Ring

590-02987-09

2009164c2

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to offenses against computer users; 3 amending s. 815.03, F.S.; defining terms for purposes 4 of the Florida Computer Crimes Act; creating s. 5 815.051, F.S.; prohibiting a person who is not an 6 owner or operator of a computer from causing computer 7 software to be copied on a computer knowingly, with 8 conscious avoidance of actual knowledge, or willfully 9 and without authorization taking specified actions 10 with respect to a computer; creating s. 815.053, F.S.; 11 prohibiting a person who is not an owner or operator 12 of a computer from inducing an owner or operator to 13 install a computer software component onto the owner's 14 or operator's computer by deceptively misrepresenting 15 that installing computer software is necessary for 16 security or privacy reasons or by using deceptive 17 means to cause the execution of a computer software 18 component with the intent of causing the computer to 19 use the component in a harmful manner; creating s. 20 815.055, F.S.; providing exceptions; amending s. 21 815.06, F.S.; providing that a violation of the act is 22 a felony of the third degree; providing criminal 23 penalties; providing enhanced criminal penalties under 24 certain circumstances; authorizing the Department of 25 Legal Affairs or a state attorney to file a civil 26 action for injunctive relief against any person or 27 group to restrain prohibited activities; authorizing a 28 court to award court costs and attorney's fees to the 29 prevailing party; permitting a court to impose a civil

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30	penalty not to exceed a stated amount for each offense
31	against computer users; providing an effective date.
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33	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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35	Section 1. Section 815.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to
36	read:
37	815.03 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter, unless the
38	context clearly indicates otherwise:
39	(1) "Access" means to approach, instruct, communicate with,
40	store data in, retrieve data from, or otherwise make use of any
41	resources of a computer, computer system, or computer network.
42	(2) "Cause to be copied" means to distribute or transfer
43	computer software or any component thereof. The term does not
44	include:
45	(a) Transmission, routing, provision of intermediate
46	temporary storage, or caching of software;
47	(b) A storage or hosting medium, such as a compact disk,
48	website, or computer server through which the software was
49	distributed by a third party; or
50	(c) An information-location tool, such as a directory,
51	index, reference, pointer, or hypertext link, through which the
52	user of the computer locates software.
53	(3)-(2) "Computer" means an internally programmed, automatic
54	device that performs data processing.
55	(4)-(3) "Computer contaminant" means any set of computer
56	instructions designed to modify, damage, destroy, record, or
57	transmit information within a computer, computer system, or
58	computer network without the intent or permission of the owner

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590-02987-09 2009164c2 59 of the information. The term includes, but is not limited to, a 60 group of computer instructions commonly called viruses or worms 61 which are self-replicating or self-propagating and which are 62 designed to contaminate other computer programs or computer 63 data; consume computer resources; modify, destroy, record, or 64 transmit data; or in some other fashion usurp the normal 65 operation of the computer, computer system, or computer network. 66 (5) (4) "Computer network" means any system that provides 67 communications between one or more computer systems and its 68 input or output devices, including, but not limited to, display 69 terminals and printers that are connected by telecommunication 70 facilities. 71 (6) (5) "Computer program or computer software" means a set 72 of instructions or statements and related data which, when 73 executed in actual or modified form, cause a computer, computer 74 system, or computer network to perform specified functions. 75 "Computer software" means a sequence of instructions written in 76 any programming language that is executed on a computer.

77 <u>"Computer software" does not include a data component of a web</u> 78 <u>page that is not executable independently of the web page.</u>

79 <u>(7) (6)</u> "Computer services" include, but are not limited to, 80 computer time; data processing or storage functions; or other 81 uses of a computer, computer system, or computer network.

82 <u>(8)</u>-(7) "Computer system" means a device or collection of 83 devices, including support devices, one or more of which contain 84 computer programs, electronic instructions, or input data and 85 output data, and which perform functions, including, but not 86 limited to, logic, arithmetic, data storage, retrieval, 87 communication, or control. The term does not include calculators

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88	that are not programmable and that are not capable of being used
89	in conjunction with external files.
90	(9) "Computer virus" means a computer program or other set
91	of instructions designed to degrade the performance of or
92	disable a computer or computer network and designed to have the
93	ability to replicate itself on other computers or computer
94	networks without the authorization of the owners of those
95	computers or computer networks.
96	(10) "Damage" means any significant impairment to the
97	integrity or availability of data, software, a system, or
98	information.
99	(11) (8) "Data" means a representation of information,
100	knowledge, facts, concepts, computer software, computer
101	programs, or instructions. Data may be in any form, in storage
102	media or stored in the memory of the computer, or in transit or
103	presented on a display device.
104	(12) "Deceptive" means any of the following:
105	(a) A materially false or fraudulent statement.
106	(b) A statement or description that intentionally omits or
107	misrepresents material information in order to deceive an owner
108	or operator of a computer.
109	(c) A material failure to provide a notice to an owner or
110	operator regarding the installation or execution of computer
111	software for the purpose of deceiving the owner or operator.
112	(13) "Execute," when used with respect to computer
113	software, means the performance of the functions or the carrying
114	out of the instructions of the computer software.
115	(14) (9) "Financial instrument" means any check, draft,
116	money order, certificate of deposit, letter of credit, bill of

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117	exchange, credit card, or marketable security.
118	(15) (10) "Intellectual property" means data, including
119	programs.
120	(16) "Internet" means the global information system that is
121	logically linked together by a globally unique address space
122	based on the Internet protocol (IP), or its subsequent
123	extensions, that is able to support communications using the
124	transmission control protocol/Internet protocol (TCP/IP) suite,
125	or its subsequent extensions, or other IP-compatible protocols,
126	and that provides, uses, or makes accessible, publicly or
127	privately, high-level services layered on the communications and
128	related infrastructure described in this chapter.
129	(17) "Owner or operator" means the owner or lessee of a
130	computer, or a person using such computer with the owner or
131	lessee's authorization, but does not include a person who owned
132	a computer before the first retail sale of the computer.
133	(18) "Message" means a graphical, text, voice, or audible
134	communication presented to an authorized user of a computer.
135	(19) "Person" means any individual, partnership,
136	corporation, limited liability company, or other organization,
137	or any combination thereof.
138	(20) "Personally identifiable information" means any of the
139	following information if it allows the entity holding the
140	information to identify the owner or operator of a computer:
141	(a) The first name or first initial in combination with the
142	last name.
143	(b) A home or other physical address including street name.
144	(c) Personal identification code in conjunction with a
145	password required to access an identified account, other than a

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146	password, personal identification number, or other
147	identification number transmitted by an authorized user to the
148	issuer of the account or its agent.
149	(d) Social security number, tax identification number,
150	driver's license number, passport number, or any other
151	government-issued identification number.
152	(e) Account balance, bank account number, or credit card
153	numbers, overdraft history, or payment history that personally
154	identifies an owner or operator of a computer.
155	(21) (11) "Property" means anything of value as defined in
156	s. 812.011 and includes, but is not limited to, financial
157	instruments, information, including electronically produced data
158	and computer software and programs in either machine-readable or
159	human-readable form, and any other tangible or intangible item
160	of value.
161	Section 2. Section 815.051, Florida Statutes, is created to
162	read:
163	815.051 Prohibitions; use of softwareA person who is not
164	an owner or operator of a computer may not cause computer
165	software to be copied on a computer knowingly, with conscious
166	avoidance of actual knowledge, or willfully, and without
167	authorization, or to use such software to do any of the
168	following:
169	(1) Modify, through deceptive means, settings of a computer
170	which control any of the following:
171	(a) The webpage that appears when an owner or operator
172	launches an Internet browser or similar computer software used
173	to access and navigate the Internet.
174	(b) The default provider or web proxy that an owner or

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175	operator uses to access or search the Internet.
176	(c) An owner's or an operator's list of bookmarks used to
177	access web pages.
178	(2) Collect, through deceptive means, personally
179	identifiable information through any of the following means:
180	(a) The use of a keystroke-logging function that records
181	all or substantially all keystrokes made by an owner or operator
182	of a computer and transfers that information from the computer
183	to another person.
184	(b) In a manner that correlates personally identifiable
185	information with data regarding all or substantially all of the
186	websites visited by an owner or operator, other than websites
187	operated by the person providing the software, if the computer
188	software was installed in a manner designed to conceal from all
189	authorized users of the computer the fact that the software is
190	being installed.
191	(c) By extracting from the hard drive of an owner's or an
192	operator's computer, an owner's or an operator's personally
193	identifiable information for a purpose unrelated to any of the
194	purposes of the software or service described to an authorized
195	user.
196	(3) Prevent, through deceptive means, an owner's or an
197	operator's reasonable efforts to block the installation of or
198	execution of, or to disable, computer software by causing
199	computer software that the owner or operator has properly
200	removed or disabled to automatically reinstall or reactivate on
201	the computer without the authorization of an authorized user.
202	(4) Deceptively misrepresent that computer software will be
203	uninstalled or disabled by an owner's or an operator's action.

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204	(5) Through deceptive means, remove, disable, or render
205	inoperative security, antispyware, or antivirus computer
206	software installed on an owner's or an operator's computer.
207	(6) Enable the use of an owner's or an operator's computer
208	to do any of the following:
209	(a) Access or use a modem or Internet service for the
210	purpose of causing damage to an owner's or an operator's
211	computer or causing an owner or operator, or a third party
212	affected by such conduct, to incur financial charges for a
213	service that the owner or operator did not authorize.
214	(b) Open multiple, sequential, or stand-alone messages in
215	an owner's or an operator's computer without the authorization
216	of an owner or operator and with knowledge that a reasonable
217	computer user could not close the messages without turning off
218	the computer or closing the software application in which the
219	messages appear; however, this paragraph does not apply to
220	communications originated by the computer's operating system,
221	originated by a software application that the user chooses to
222	activate, originated by a service provider that the user chooses
223	to use, or presented for any of the purposes described in s.
224	815.06(7).
225	(c) Transmit or relay commercial electronic mail or a
226	computer virus from the computer, if the transmission or
227	relaying is initiated by a person other than the authorized user
228	and without the authorization of an authorized user.
229	(7) Use deceptive means to modify any of the following
230	settings related the computer's access to, or use of, the
231	Internet:
232	(a) Settings that protect information about an owner or

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233	operator for the purpose of obtaining personally identifiable
234	information of the owner or operator.
235	(b) Security settings for the purpose of causing damage to
236	a computer.
237	(c) Settings that protect the computer from the uses
238	identified in subsection (6).
239	(8) Use deceptive means to prevent, without the
240	authorization of an owner or operator, an owner's or an
241	operator's reasonable efforts to block the installation of, or
242	to disable, computer software by doing any of the following:
243	(a) Presenting the owner or operator with an option to
244	decline installation of computer software with knowledge that,
245	when the option is selected by the authorized user, the
246	installation nevertheless proceeds.
247	(b) Falsely representing that computer software has been
248	disabled.
249	(c) Requiring in a deceptive manner the user to access the
250	Internet to remove the software with knowledge or reckless
251	disregard of the fact that the software frequently operates in a
252	manner that prevents the user from accessing the Internet.
253	(d) Changing the name, location, or other designation
254	information of the software for the purpose of preventing an
255	authorized user from locating the software in order to remove
256	<u>it.</u>
257	(e) Using randomized or deceptive filenames, directory
258	folders, formats, or registry entries for the purpose of
259	avoiding detection and removal of the software by an authorized
260	user.
261	(f) Causing the installation of software in a particular

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262	computer directory or computer memory for the purpose of evading
263	authorized users' attempts to remove the software from the
264	computer.
265	(g) Requiring, without the authority of the owner of the
266	computer, that an authorized user obtain a special code or
267	download software from a third party in order to uninstall the
268	software.
269	Section 3. Section 815.053, Florida Statutes, is created to
270	read:
271	815.053 Other prohibitions.—A person who is not an owner or
272	operator of a computer may not do any of the following with
273	regard to the computer:
274	(1) Induce an owner or operator to install a computer
275	software component onto the owner's or operator's computer by
276	deceptively misrepresenting that installing computer software is
277	necessary for security or privacy reasons or in order to open,
278	view, or play a particular type of content.
279	(2) Using deceptive means to cause the execution of a
280	computer software component with the intent of causing the
281	computer to use such component in a manner that violates any
282	other provision of this chapter.
283	Section 4. Section 815.055, Florida Statutes, is created to
284	read:
285	815.055 ExceptionsSections 815.051 and 815.053 do not:
286	(1) Apply to the monitoring of, or interaction with, an
287	owner's or an operator's Internet or other network connection,
288	service, or computer by a telecommunications carrier, cable
289	operator, computer hardware or software provider, or provider of
290	information service or interactive computer service for purposes

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291	of network or computer security, diagnostics, technical support,
292	maintenance, repair, network management, authorized updates of
293	computer software or system firmware, authorized remote system
294	management, or detection or prevention of the unauthorized use
295	of, or fraudulent or other illegal activities in connection
296	with, a network, service, or computer software, including
297	scanning for and removing computer software proscribed under
298	this chapter.
299	(2) Impose liability on any communications service
300	providers as defined in s. 202.11(2), commercial mobile service
301	providers, or providers of information services, including, but
302	not limited to, Internet access service providers and hosting
303	service providers, if they provide the transmission, storage, or
304	caching of electronic communications or messages of others or
305	provide other related telecommunications, commercial mobile
306	radio service, or information services used by others in
307	violation of this chapter. This exemption from liability is
308	consistent with and in addition to any liability exemption
309	provided under 47 U.S.C. s. 230.
310	(3) Prohibit or criminalize the use of software by parents
311	or guardians to monitor Internet or computer usage of their
312	minor children.
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314	This section does not provide a defense to liability under the
315	common law or any other state or federal law, and may not be
316	construed to be an affirmative grant of authority to engage in
317	any of the activities listed in this section.
318	Section 5. Section 815.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to
319	read:

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590-02987-09 2009164c2 815.06 Offenses against computer users.-320 321 (1) Whoever willfully, knowingly, and without 322 authorization: 323 (a) Accesses or causes to be accessed any computer, 324 computer system, or computer network; 325 (b) Disrupts or denies or causes the denial of computer 326 system services to an authorized user of such computer system 327 services, which, in whole or part, is owned by, under contract 328 to, or operated for, on behalf of, or in conjunction with 329 another; 330 (c) Destroys, takes, injures, or damages equipment or 331 supplies used or intended to be used in a computer, computer 332 system, or computer network; 333 (d) Destroys, injures, or damages any computer, computer 334 system, or computer network; or 335 (e) Violates s. 815.051 or s. 815.053; or 336 (f) (e) Introduces any computer contaminant into any 337 computer, computer system, or computer network, 338 339 commits an offense against computer users. 340 (2) (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c), 341 whoever violates subsection (1) commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 342 343 775.084. 344 (b) Whoever violates subsection (1) and: 345 1. Damages a computer, computer equipment, computer 346 supplies, a computer system, or a computer network, and the 347 monetary damage or loss incurred as a result of the violation is 348 \$5,000 or greater;

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          2. Commits the offense for the purpose of devising or
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     executing any scheme or artifice to defraud or obtain property;
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     or
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          3. Interrupts or impairs a governmental operation or public
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     communication, transportation, or supply of water, gas, or other
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     public service,
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     commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in
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     s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
           (c) Whoever violates subsection (1) and the violation
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     endangers human life commits a felony of the first degree,
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     punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
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           (3) Whoever willfully, knowingly, and without authorization
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     modifies equipment or supplies used or intended to be used in a
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     computer, computer system, or computer network commits a
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     misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.
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     775.082 or s. 775.083.
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          (4) The Department of Legal Affairs or a state attorney may
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     file a civil action on behalf of the people of this state for
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     injunctive relief against any person or group violating
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     subsection (1) to restrain the prohibited activity. The court
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     may award court costs and reasonable attorney's fees to the
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     prevailing party. The court may also impose a civil penalty that
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     may not exceed $10,000 for each violation of subsection (1), and
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     the total penalties may not exceed $1 million per defendant.
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          (5) (4) (a) In addition to any other civil remedy available,
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     the owner or lessee of the computer, computer system, computer
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supplies, or computer data may bring a civil action against any

network, computer program, computer equipment, computer

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590-02987-092009164c2378person convicted under this section for compensatory damages.379(b) In any action brought under this subsection, the court

380 may award reasonable attorney's fees to the prevailing party.

381 <u>(6)(5)</u> Any computer, computer system, computer network, 382 computer software, or computer data owned by a defendant which 383 is used during the commission of any violation of this section 384 or any computer owned by the defendant which is used as a 385 repository for the storage of software or data obtained in 386 violation of this section is subject to forfeiture as provided 387 under ss. 932.701-932.704.

388 <u>(7) (6)</u> This section does not apply to any person who 389 accesses his or her employer's computer system, computer 390 network, computer program, or computer data when acting within 391 the scope of his or her lawful employment.

392 <u>(8)(7)</u> For purposes of bringing a civil or criminal action 393 under this section, a person who causes, by any means, the 394 access to a computer, computer system, or computer network in 395 one jurisdiction from another jurisdiction is deemed to have 396 personally accessed the computer, computer system, or computer 397 network in both jurisdictions.

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Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.

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