${\bf By}$  Senator Baker

	20-00916-10 20101056
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Local Government Prompt Payment
3	Act; amending s. 218.72, F.S.; revising definitions;
4	amending s. 218.735, F.S.; revising provisions
5	relating to the timely payment for purchases of
6	construction services; requiring that a dispute be
7	resolved according to procedures in the invitation to
8	bid or request for proposal; prohibiting the
9	assessment of damages against a contractor if the list
10	of items remaining to complete is not timely provided
11	to the contractor; amending s. 218.76, F.S.; revising
12	provisions relating to the resolution of disputes
13	concerning an improper payment request or invoice;
14	providing that a local governmental entity waives its
15	objection in a payment dispute if it fails to commence
16	the dispute resolution procedure within the time
17	required; providing an effective date.
18	
19	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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21	Section 1. Section 218.72, Florida Statutes, is reordered
22	and amended to read:
23	218.72 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:
24	<u>(8)</u> "Proper invoice" means an invoice <u>that</u> which
25	conforms with all statutory requirements and <del>with</del> all
26	requirements <del>that have been</del> specified by the local governmental
27	entity to which the invoice is submitted. <u>Such requirements must</u>
28	be included in the invitation to bid or request for proposal for
29	the project for which the invoice is submitted.

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30	(5) (2) "Local governmental entity" means a county or
31	municipal government, school board, school district, authority,
32	special taxing district, other political subdivision, or any
33	office, board, bureau, commission, department, branch, division,
34	or institution thereof.
35	(4) (3) "County" means a political subdivision of the state
36	established pursuant to s. 1, Art. VIII of the State
37	Constitution.
38	<u>(6)</u> "Municipality" means a municipality created pursuant
39	to general or special law and metropolitan and consolidated
40	governments as provided in s. 6(e) and (f), Art. VIII of the
41	State Constitution.
42	(9) <del>(5)</del> "Purchase" means the purchase of goods, services, or
43	construction services; the purchase or lease of personal
44	property; or the lease of real property by a local governmental
45	entity.
46	(10) (6) "Vendor" means any person who sells goods or
47	services, sells or leases personal property, or leases real
48	property directly to a local governmental entity. The term
49	includes any person who provides waste hauling services to
50	residents or businesses located within the boundaries of a local
51	government pursuant to a contract or local ordinance.
52	(2)(7) "Construction services" means all labor, services,
53	and materials provided in connection with the construction,
54	alteration, repair, demolition, reconstruction, or <del>any</del> other
55	improvements to real property.
56	(7) <del>(8)</del> "Payment request" means a request for payment for
57	construction services which conforms with all statutory
58	requirements and <del>with</del> all requirements specified by the local

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59	 governmental entity to which the payment request is submitted.
60	Such requirements must be included in the invitation to bid or
61	request for proposal for the project for which payment is
62	requested.
63	<u>(1)<del>(9)</del> "Agent" means the</u> project architect, project
64	engineer, or <del>any</del> other agency or person acting on behalf of the
65	local governmental entity. The agent who is required to review
66	invoices or payment requests must be identified in the
67	invitation to bid or request for proposal for the project for
68	which payment requests or invoices are submitted.
69	<u>(3)</u> (10) "Contractor" or "provider of construction services"
70	means <u>the</u> any person who contracts directly with a local
71	governmental entity to provide construction services.
72	Section 2. Subsections (1) through (7) of section 218.735,
73	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
74	218.735 Timely payment for purchases of construction
75	services
76	(1) The due date for payment for the purchase of
77	construction services by a local governmental entity is
78	determined as follows:
79	(a) If an agent must approve the payment request or invoice
80	<u>before</u> <del>prior to</del> the payment request or invoice <u>is</u> <del>being</del>
81	submitted to the local governmental entity, payment is due 25
82	business days after the date on which the payment request or
83	invoice is stamped as received as provided in s. 218.74(1). If
84	the payment request or invoice is not rejected before the due
85	date, it shall be deemed accepted.
86	(b) If an agent need not approve the payment request or
87	invoice <del>which is</del> submitted by the contractor, payment is due 20

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provided in s. 218.74(1).

20-00916-10 20101056 88 business days after the date on which the payment request or 89 invoice is stamped as received as provided in s. 218.74(1). 90 (2) If a payment request or invoice does not meet the 91 contract requirements, the local governmental entity must may 92 reject the payment request or invoice within 20 business days 93 after the date on which the payment request or invoice is 94 stamped as received as provided in s. 218.74(1). The rejection 95 must be written and must specify the deficiency in the payment 96 request or invoice and the action necessary to make the payment 97 request or invoice proper. (3) If a payment request or an invoice is rejected under 98 99 subsection (2) and the contractor submits a corrected payment 100 request or invoice that which corrects the deficiency specified in writing by the local governmental entity, the corrected 101 102 payment request or invoice must be paid or rejected on the later 103 of: 104 (a) Ten business days after the date the corrected payment 105 request or invoice is stamped as received as provided in s. 106 218.74(1); or 107 (b) If the local governmental entity governing body is 108 required by ordinance, charter, or other law to approve or 109 reject the corrected payment request or invoice, the first business day after the next regularly scheduled meeting of the 110 local governmental entity governing body held after the 111 112 corrected payment request or invoice is stamped as received as

(4) If a dispute between the local governmental entity and the contractor cannot be resolved by the procedure in subsection (3), the dispute must be resolved in accordance with the dispute

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20-00916-10 20101056 117 resolution procedure prescribed in the invitation to bid or 118 request for proposal for the project for which the payment request or invoice is submitted construction contract or in any 119 120 applicable ordinance. In the absence of a prescribed procedure, 121 the dispute must be resolved by the procedure specified in s. 218.76(2). 122 123 (5) If a local governmental entity disputes a portion of a 124 payment request or an invoice, the undisputed portion shall be 125 paid timely, in accordance with subsection (1). 126 (6) If When a contractor receives payment from a local 127 governmental entity for labor, services, or materials furnished 128 by subcontractors and suppliers hired by the contractor, the 129 contractor must shall remit payment due to those subcontractors 130 and suppliers within 10 days after the contractor's receipt of 131 payment. If When a subcontractor receives payment from a 132 contractor for labor, services, or materials furnished by 133 subcontractors and suppliers hired by the subcontractor, the 134 subcontractor must shall remit payment due to those 135 subcontractors and suppliers within 7 days after the 136 subcontractor's receipt of payment. This subsection does not 137 Nothing herein shall prohibit a contractor or subcontractor from 138 disputing, pursuant to the terms of the relevant contract, all 139 or any portion of a payment alleged to be due to another party if the contractor or subcontractor notifies the party whose 140 141 payment is disputed, in writing, of the amount in dispute and 142 the actions required to cure the dispute. The contractor or subcontractor must pay all undisputed amounts due within the 143 144 time limits imposed by this section.

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(7)<del>(a)</del> Each contract for construction services between a

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20-00916-10 20101056 146 local governmental entity and a contractor must provide for the 147 development of a single list of items required to render complete, satisfactory, and acceptable the construction services 148 149 purchased by the local governmental entity. 150 (a) The contract must specify the process for developing the development of the list, including the responsibilities of 151 152 the local governmental entity and the contractor in developing 153 and reviewing the list and a reasonable time for developing the 154 list, as follows: 155 1. For construction projects having an estimated cost of 156 Less than \$10 million, within 30 calendar days after reaching 157 substantial completion of the construction services purchased as defined in the contract, or, if not defined in the contract, 158 159 upon reaching beneficial occupancy or use; or 160 2. For construction projects having an estimated cost of 161 \$10 million or more, within 30 calendar days, or, if unless 162 otherwise extended by contract, up to not to exceed 60 calendar 163 days<sub>au</sub> after reaching substantial completion of the construction services purchased as defined in the contract, or, if not 164 165 defined in the contract, upon reaching beneficial occupancy or 166 use. 167 (b) If the contract between the local governmental entity 168 and the contractor relates to the purchase of construction services on more than one building or structure, or involves a 169 170 multiphased project, the contract must provide for the 171 development of a list of items required to render complete, 172 satisfactory, and acceptable all the construction services 173 purchased pursuant to the contract for each building, structure,

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or phase of the project within the time limitations provided in

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175	paragraph (a).
176	(c) The final contract completion date must be at least 30
177	days after the delivery of the list of items. If the list is not
178	timely provided to the contractor, the contract time for
179	completion must be extended by at least 30 days after the
180	contractor receives the list. Damages may not be assessed
181	against a contractor for failing to complete a project within
182	the time required by the contract if the list of items has not
183	been timely provided to the contractor.
184	<u>(d)</u> The failure to include any corrective work or
185	pending items not yet completed on the list developed <del>pursuant</del>
186	<del>to this subsection</del> does not alter the responsibility of the
187	contractor to complete all the construction services purchased
188	pursuant to the contract.
189	<u>(e)</u> Upon completion of all items on the list, the
190	contractor may submit a payment request for all remaining

190 contractor may submit a payment request for all remaining 191 retainage withheld by the local governmental entity pursuant to 192 this section. If a good faith dispute exists as to whether one 193 or more items identified on the list have been completed 194 pursuant to the contract, the local governmental entity may 195 continue to withhold <u>up to an amount not to exceed</u> 150 percent 196 of the total costs to complete such items.

197 <u>(f) (e)</u> All items that require correction under the contract 198 and that are identified after the preparation and delivery of 199 the list remain the obligation of the contractor as defined by 200 the contract.

201 (g) (f) Warranty items or items not included in the list of 202 items required under paragraph (a) may not affect the final 203 payment of retainage as provided in this section or as provided

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204 in the contract between the contractor and its subcontractors 205 and suppliers.

206 (h) - (q) Retainage may not be held by a local governmental 207 entity or a contractor to secure payment of insurance premiums 208 under a consolidated insurance program or series of insurance 209 policies issued to a local governmental entity or a contractor 210 for a project or group of projects, and the final payment of 211 retainage as provided in this section may not be delayed pending 212 a final audit by the local governmental entity's or contractor's 213 insurance provider.

(i) (h) If a local governmental entity fails to comply with 214 its responsibilities to develop the list required under 215 216 paragraph (a) or paragraph (b), as defined in the contract, 217 within the time limitations provided in paragraph (a), the 218 contractor may submit a payment request for all remaining 219 retainage withheld by the local governmental entity pursuant to this section and payment of any remaining contract amount must 220 221 be paid within 20 business days. If the local governmental 222 entity has provided written notice to the contractor specifying 223 the failure of the contractor to meet contract requirements in 224 the development of the list of items to be completed, the local 225 governmental entity need not pay or process any payment request for retainage if the contractor has, in whole or in part, failed 226 227 to cooperate with the local governmental entity in the 228 development of the list, or failed to perform its contractual 229 responsibilities, if any, with regard to the development of the 230 list, or if paragraph (8)(f) applies.

231 Section 3. Section 218.76, Florida Statutes, is amended to 232 read:

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233 218.76 Improper payment request or invoice; resolution of 234 disputes.-

(1) <u>If</u> In any case in which an improper payment request or invoice is submitted by a vendor, the local governmental entity shall, within 10 days after the improper payment request or invoice is received by it, notify the vendor, in writing, that the payment request or invoice is improper and indicate what corrective action on the part of the vendor is needed to make the payment request or invoice proper.

242 (2) If <del>In the event</del> a dispute arises <del>occurs</del> between a vendor and a local governmental entity concerning payment of a 243 244 payment request or an invoice, the dispute such disagreement 245 shall be finally determined by the local governmental entity 246 pursuant to as provided in this section. Each local governmental 247 entity shall establish a dispute resolution procedure 248 established to be followed by the local governmental entity in 249 cases of such disputes. Such procedure must shall provide that 250 proceedings to resolve the dispute are shall be commenced within 251 not later than 45 days after the date on which the payment 252 request or proper invoice was received by the local governmental 253 entity and shall be concluded by final decision of the local 254 governmental entity within not later than 60 days after the date 255 on which the payment request or proper invoice was received by 256 the local governmental entity. Such procedures are shall not be 257 subject to chapter  $120_{\tau}$  and do such procedures shall not 258 constitute an administrative proceeding that which prohibits a 259 court from deciding de novo any action arising out of the 260 dispute. If the dispute is resolved in favor of the local 261 governmental entity, then interest charges shall begin to accrue

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262	15 days after the local governmental entity's final decision. If
263	the dispute is resolved in favor of the vendor, <del>then</del> interest
264	begins shall begin to accrue as of the original date the payment
265	became due. If the local governmental entity does not commence
266	the dispute resolution procedure within the time required, the
267	objection to payment shall be deemed to have been waived. The
268	time for dispute resolution may be extended upon the written
269	agreement of the affected parties.
270	(3) In an action to recover amounts due under this part ss.
271	<del>218.70-218.80</del> , the court shall award court costs and reasonable
272	attorney's fees, including fees incurred through any appeal, to
273	the prevailing party, if the court finds that the nonprevailing
274	party withheld any portion of the payment that is the subject of
275	the action without any reasonable basis in law or fact to
276	dispute the prevailing party's claim to those amounts.
277	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.