

## LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate House

04/14/2010

Comm: RS

The Committee on Communications, Energy, and Public Utilities (Fasano) recommended the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 366.92, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

366.92 Florida renewable energy policy.-

(1) In order to stimulate the state's economy, encourage businesses to invest in clean technologies, and foster research, development, manufacturing, construction, and jobs in new and renewable energy, it is the intent of the Legislature to promote the development of renewable energy; protect the economic

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viability of Florida's existing renewable energy facilities; diversify the types of fuel used to generate electricity in Florida; lessen Florida's dependence on natural gas and fuel oil for the production of electricity; minimize the volatility of fuel costs; encourage investment within the state; improve environmental conditions by minimizing water consumption and reducing carbon and other greenhouse gas emissions emitted in this state; and, at the same time, minimize the costs of power supply to electric utilities and their customers.

- (2) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Florida renewable energy resources" means renewable energy, as defined in s. 377.803, that is produced in Florida.
- (b) "Provider" means a "utility" as defined in s. 366.8255(1)(a).
- (c) "Renewable energy" means renewable energy as defined in s. 366.91(2)(d).
- (d) "Renewable energy credit" or "REC" means a product that represents the unbundled, separable, renewable attribute of renewable energy produced in Florida and is equivalent to 1 megawatt-hour of electricity generated by a source of renewable energy located in Florida.
- (e) "Renewable portfolio standard" or "RPS" means the minimum percentage of total annual retail electricity sales by a provider to consumers in Florida that shall be supplied by renewable energy produced in Florida.
- (3) The commission shall adopt rules for a renewable portfolio standard requiring each provider to supply renewable energy to its customers directly, by procuring, or through renewable energy credits. In developing the RPS rule, the

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commission shall consult the Department of Environmental Protection and the Florida Energy and Climate Commission. The rule shall not be implemented until ratified by the Legislature. The commission shall present a draft rule for legislative consideration by February 1, 2009.

(a) In developing the rule, the commission shall evaluate the current and forecasted levelized cost in cents per kilowatt hour through 2020 and current and forecasted installed capacity in kilowatts for each renewable energy generation method through 2020.

(b) The commission's rule:

1. Shall include methods of managing the cost of compliance with the renewable portfolio standard, whether through direct supply or procurement of renewable power or through the purchase of renewable energy credits. The commission shall have rulemaking authority for providing annual cost recovery and incentive-based adjustments to authorized rates of return on common equity to providers to incentivize renewable energy. Notwithstanding s. 366.91(3) and (4), upon the ratification of the rules developed pursuant to this subsection, the commission may approve projects and power sales agreements with renewable power producers and the sale of renewable energy credits needed to comply with the renewable portfolio standard. In the event of any conflict, this subparagraph shall supersede s. 366.91(3) and (4). However, nothing in this section shall alter the obligation of each public utility to continuously offer a purchase contract to producers of renewable energy.

2. Shall provide for appropriate compliance measures and the conditions under which noncompliance shall be excused due to

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a determination by the commission that the supply of renewable energy or renewable energy credits was not adequate to satisfy the demand for such energy or that the cost of securing renewable energy or renewable energy credits was cost prohibitive.

- 3. May provide added weight to energy provided by wind and solar photovoltaic over other forms of renewable energy, whether directly supplied or procured or indirectly obtained through the purchase of renewable energy credits.
- 4. Shall determine an appropriate period of time for which renewable energy credits may be used for purposes of compliance with the renewable portfolio standard.
- 5. Shall provide for monitoring of compliance with and enforcement of the requirements of this section.
- 6. Shall ensure that energy credited toward compliance with the requirements of this section is not credited toward any other purpose.
- 7. Shall include procedures to track and account for renewable energy credits, including ownership of renewable energy credits that are derived from a customer-owned renewable energy facility as a result of any action by a customer of an electric power supplier that is independent of a program sponsored by the electric power supplier.
- 8. Shall provide for the conditions and options for the repeal or alteration of the rule in the event that new provisions of federal law supplant or conflict with the rule.
- (c) Beginning on April 1 of the year following final adoption of the commission's renewable portfolio standard rule, each provider shall submit a report to the commission describing

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the steps that have been taken in the previous year and the steps that will be taken in the future to add renewable energy to the provider's energy supply portfolio. The report shall state whether the provider was in compliance with the renewable portfolio standard during the previous year and how it will comply with the renewable portfolio standard in the upcoming <del>year.</del>

- (3) (a) (4) In order to promote and facilitate the development of clean energy industry in this state demonstrate the feasibility and viability of clean energy systems, the commission shall provide for full cost recovery under the environmental cost-recovery clause of all reasonable and prudent costs incurred by a provider for renewable energy projects that result in a net decrease of are zero greenhouse gas emitted in this state emitting at the point of generation, up to a total of 110 megawatts statewide, and for which the provider has secured necessary land, zoning permits, and transmission rights within the state.
- (b) In addition to the full cost recovery for such renewable energy projects, a return on equity of not less than 50 basis points above the top of the range of the provider's last authorized rate of return on equity approved by the commission for energy projects shall be approved and provided for such renewable energy projects if a majority value of the energy-producing components incorporated into such projects are manufactured or assembled within this state.
- (c) Such costs shall be deemed reasonable and prudent for purposes of cost recovery so long as the provider has demonstrated that the renewable energy project meets the

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criteria in s. 366.921(3)(a) and used reasonable and customary industry practices in the design, procurement, and construction of the project in a cost-effective manner appropriate to the location of the facility. The provider shall report to the commission as part of the cost-recovery proceedings the construction costs, in-service costs, operating and maintenance costs, hourly energy production of the renewable energy project, environmental benefits, and estimated fuel savings attributable to the facility and any other information deemed relevant by the commission. Any provider constructing a clean energy facility pursuant to this section shall file for cost recovery no later than July 1, 2009.

- (d) During any billing cycle, excess customer-owned renewable generation delivered to the provider's electric grid shall be credited to the customer's energy consumption for the next month's billing cycle. Such energy credits produced must accumulate and be used to offset the customer's energy usage in subsequent months for a period of not more than 12 months. At the end of each calendar year, the provider shall pay the customer for any unused energy credits at an average annual rate based on the provider's COG-3 energy tariff.
- (4) Pursuant to the approval process under s. 366.921, the commission shall approve a total of 700 megawatts of renewable energy projects for the years 2010, 2011, and 2012, with up to a total of 300 megawatts approved in 2010 and up to an additional 200 megawatts approved annually in 2011 and 2012, as part of new renewable energy projects and an additional 35 megawatts, with up to 15 megawatts annually for 2010 and up to 10 megawatts annually for 2011 and 2012, which must be rooftop or pole-

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mounted solar energy applications in addition to megawatts attributable to renewable energy projects approved by the commission for cost recovery before January 1, 2010. Any megawatts for renewable energy projects designated for approval for a specific year which remain available at the end of the calendar year shall be carried forward to the succeeding year.

- (5) Each municipal electric utility and rural electric cooperative shall develop standards for the promotion, encouragement, and expansion of the use of renewable energy resources and energy conservation and efficiency measures. On or before April 1, 2009, and annually thereafter, each municipal electric utility and electric cooperative shall submit to the commission a report that identifies such standards.
- (6) Nothing in This section does not shall be construed to impede or impair terms and conditions of existing contracts.
- (7) The commission may adopt rules to administer and implement the provisions of this section.

Section 2. Section 366.921, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

366.921 Renewable energy; approval process.-

(1) The Legislature finds that the goals stated in s. 366.92(1) shall be accomplished by fostering the expansion and development of Florida renewable energy resources. Providers of Florida renewable energy resources must acquire commission approval before the construction, licensing, and operation of a facility producing such resources or the purchase of capacity or energy from a facility producing such resources. This requirement does not apply to purchases of capacity or energy under commission-approved standard-offer contracts or tariffs.

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Any petition filed by a provider for approval of a facility producing a Florida renewable energy resource must meet the criteria specified in this section.

- (2) Notwithstanding s. 403.519, the Legislature finds that there is a need for new Florida renewable energy resources consistent with the goals stated in s. 366.92(1). This legislative finding shall serve as the need determination required under s. 403.519 and as the commission's agency report under s. 403.507(4)(a).
- (3) Upon the filing by a provider of a petition for approval of a facility producing a Florida renewable energy resource, the commission shall schedule a formal administrative hearing within 10 days after the filing of the petition and vote on the petition within 90 days after such filing.
- (4) Before approving the petition, the commission shall consider whether the:
- (a) Proposal for the facility requires the use of reasonable and customary industry practices in the design, engineering, and proposed construction of the facility which are appropriate to the proposed technology and location of the facility.
- (b) Entity, including a provider, which would engineer, design, and construct the proposed facility has the requisite technical and financial qualifications, expertise, and capability.
- (c) Entity, including a provider, which would operate the proposed facility has the requisite technical qualifications, expertise, and capability.
  - (d) Proposed production of the Florida renewable energy

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resource will have a positive impact on the environment, including the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in the state, measured at the point of generation.

- (e) Proposed production of the Florida renewable energy resource will result in local economic benefits, including job creation, for the state's economy.
- (f) Proposed Florida renewable energy resource will enhance the fuel diversity of the provider.
- (g) Proposed facility producing the Florida renewable energy resource will minimize or avoid the incremental use of water resources at the project site in the production of renewable power.
- (5) The commission's final order approving a facility producing a Florida renewable energy resource shall include express authorization for annual cost recovery pursuant to ss. 366.8255 and 366.92.
- (6) A provider that receives approval from the commission for a specific renewable energy project pursuant to this section shall file a report with the commission within 1 year after the date of the order reflecting such approval. Prior to the expiration of the time for filing the report, a provider may request an extension of time up to 6 months to file such report and the commission shall grant such request if the provider demonstrates good cause for the extension. The report shall summarize the status of the project, including confirmation that construction of the project has commenced, and provide all relevant supporting documentation. If a provider fails to timely file such report, the approval of the project granted by the commission shall be vacated by operation of law and the

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megawatts attributable to such project shall be restored as part of the total megawatts available for renewable energy projects under s. 366.92(4).

(7) The Legislature finds that there is a need for all proposed Florida renewable energy resources for which an application for certification has been filed by a provider and is pending under part II of chapter 403, as of the effective date of this act, and that such proposed Florida renewable energy resources are exempt from the requirement to obtain a determination of need pursuant to this section and s. 403.519. Florida renewable energy resources for which an application for certification has been filed by a provider and is pending under part II of chapter 403, as of the effective date of this act, are determined by the Legislature to meet the electrical needs of the state in an orderly, reliable, and timely fashion, to fulfill the provisions of s. 403.519(3), and to otherwise be in the public interest. The Legislature's determination of need reflected in this subsection creates a presumption of public need and necessity which shall not be raised in any other forum or in the review of proceedings in such other forum and shall substitute for the commission's report required by s. 403.507(4). Notwithstanding any amendment to s. 403.503, all proposed Florida renewable energy resources for which an application for certification has been filed by a provider and is pending under part II of chapter 403, as of the effective date of this act, may, at the applicant's option, proceed to obtain a final order of certification under part II of chapter 403.

Section 3. Subsection (14) of section 403.503, Florida



Statutes, is amended to read:

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403.503 Definitions relating to Florida Electrical Power Plant Siting Act.—As used in this act:

(14) "Electrical power plant" means, for the purpose of certification, any steam or solar electrical generating facility using any process or fuel, including nuclear materials, except that this term does not include any steam or solar electrical generating facility of less than 75 megawatts in capacity or any solar electrical generating facility of any sized capacity unless the applicant for such a facility elects to apply for certification under this act. This term also includes the site; all associated facilities that will be owned by the applicant that are physically connected to the site; all associated facilities that are indirectly connected to the site by other proposed associated facilities that will be owned by the applicant; and associated transmission lines that will be owned by the applicant which connect the electrical power plant to an existing transmission network or rights-of-way to which the applicant intends to connect. At the applicant's option, this term may include any offsite associated facilities that will not be owned by the applicant; offsite associated facilities that are owned by the applicant but that are not directly connected to the site; any proposed terminal or intermediate substations or substation expansions connected to the associated transmission line; or new transmission lines, upgrades, or improvements of an existing transmission line on any portion of the applicant's electrical transmission system necessary to support the generation injected into the system from the proposed electrical power plant.



Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ===========

A bill to be entitled

306 And the title is amended as follows:

> Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

> > An act relating to renewable energy; amending s. 366.92, F.S.; revising legislative intent regarding the state's renewable energy policy; deleting provisions requiring that the Public Service Commission adopt rules for a renewable portfolio standard; requiring that the commission provide for certain renewable energy projects; requiring excess

full cost recovery, including a return on equity, for customer-owned renewable generation delivered to the provider's electric grid to be credited to the customer's energy consumption; requiring such energy credits produced to accumulate and be used to offset the customer's energy usage; requiring the provider to pay the customer for any unused energy credits at an average annual rate; requiring the commission to approve certain renewable energy projects; creating s. 366.921, F.S.; providing legislative findings; requiring that a petition filed by a provider for approval of a facility producing a Florida renewable energy resource comply with certain criteria; specifying the criteria to be considered by the

commission in approving a petition for such facility;

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requiring that the commission's final order approving a facility include authorization for annual cost recovery; requiring providers to file a report with commission; providing report requirements; providing penalties for failure to file the report; providing exemptions from determination-of-need requirements; providing that certain legislative determinations constitute a public need and necessity and fulfill certain determination-of-need requirements; providing for applicants meeting certain criteria to obtain a final order of certification; amending s. 403.503, F.S.; redefining the term "electrical power plant" for purposes of the Florida Electrical Power Plant Siting Act to exclude solar electrical generating facilities; providing an effective date.