First Engrossed

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I	
1	Senate Joint Resolution
2	A joint resolution proposing an amendment to Sections
3	4 and 6 of Article VII and the creation of Sections
4	31, 32, and 33 of Article XII of the State
5	Constitution to reduce from 10 percent to 5 percent
6	the limitation on annual assessment increases
7	applicable to nonhomestead real property, provide an
8	additional homestead exemption for new owners of
9	homestead property and application and limitations
10	with respect thereto, and provide an effective date.
11	
12	Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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14	That the following amendments to Sections 4 and 6 of
15	Article VII and the creation of Sections 31, 32, and 33 of
16	Article XII of the State Constitution are agreed to and shall be
17	submitted to the electors of this state for approval or
18	rejection at the next general election or at an earlier special
19	election specifically authorized by law for that purpose:
20	ARTICLE VII
21	FINANCE AND TAXATION
22	SECTION 4. Taxation; assessmentsBy general law
23	regulations shall be prescribed which shall secure a just
24	valuation of all property for ad valorem taxation, provided:
25	(a) Agricultural land, land producing high water recharge
26	to Florida's aquifers, or land used exclusively for
27	noncommercial recreational purposes may be classified by general
28	law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.
29	(b) As provided by general law and subject to conditions,
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30 limitations, and reasonable definitions specified therein, land 31 used for conservation purposes shall be classified by general 32 law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.

33 (c) Pursuant to general law tangible personal property held 34 for sale as stock in trade and livestock may be valued for 35 taxation at a specified percentage of its value, may be 36 classified for tax purposes, or may be exempted from taxation.

37 (d) All persons entitled to a homestead exemption under 38 Section 6 of this Article shall have their homestead assessed at 39 just value as of January 1 of the year following the effective 40 date of this amendment. This assessment shall change only as 41 provided in this subsection.

(1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed
annually on January <u>1</u> 1st of each year; but those changes in
assessments shall not exceed the lower of the following:

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a. Three percent (3%) of the assessment for the prior year.

b. The percent change in the Consumer Price Index for all
urban consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100, or
successor reports for the preceding calendar year as initially
reported by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of
Labor Statistics.

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(2) No assessment shall exceed just value.

(3) After any change of ownership, as provided by general law, homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the following year, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

57 (4) New homestead property shall be assessed at just value
58 as of January 1 1st of the year following the establishment of

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the homestead, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply.
That assessment shall only change as provided in this
subsection.

(5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to
homestead property shall be assessed as provided for by general
law; provided, however, after the adjustment for any change,
addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be
assessed as provided in this subsection.

67 (6) In the event of a termination of homestead status, the68 property shall be assessed as provided by general law.

(7) The provisions of this amendment are severable. If any of the provisions of this amendment shall be held unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, the decision of such court shall not affect or impair any remaining provisions of this amendment.

74 (8)a. A person who establishes a new homestead as of 75 January 1, 2009, or January 1 of any subsequent year and who has 76 received a homestead exemption pursuant to Section 6 of this 77 Article as of January 1 of either of the 2 two years immediately 78 preceding the establishment of the new homestead is entitled to 79 have the new homestead assessed at less than just value. If this 80 revision is approved in January of 2008, a person who 81 establishes a new homestead as of January 1, 2008, is entitled 82 to have the new homestead assessed at less than just value only 83 if that person received a homestead exemption on January 1, 2007. The assessed value of the newly established homestead 84 85 shall be determined as follows:

If the just value of the new homestead is greater than
 or equal to the just value of the prior homestead as of January

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1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned, the assessed value of the new homestead shall be the just value of the new homestead minus an amount equal to the lesser of \$500,000 or the difference between the just value and the assessed value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

95 2. If the just value of the new homestead is less than the 96 just value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in 97 which the prior homestead was abandoned, the assessed value of 98 the new homestead shall be equal to the just value of the new 99 homestead divided by the just value of the prior homestead and 100 multiplied by the assessed value of the prior homestead. 101 However, if the difference between the just value of the new homestead and the assessed value of the new homestead calculated 102 103 pursuant to this sub-subparagraph is greater than \$500,000, the 104 assessed value of the new homestead shall be increased so that 105 the difference between the just value and the assessed value 106 equals \$500,000. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as 107 provided in this subsection.

b. By general law and subject to conditions specified
therein, the legislature shall provide for application of this
paragraph to property owned by more than one person.

(e) The legislature may, by general law, for assessment purposes and subject to the provisions of this subsection, allow counties and municipalities to authorize by ordinance that historic property may be assessed solely on the basis of character or use. Such character or use assessment shall apply only to the jurisdiction adopting the ordinance. The

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117 requirements for eligible properties must be specified by 118 general law.

(f) A county may, in the manner prescribed by general law, 119 120 provide for a reduction in the assessed value of homestead 121 property to the extent of any increase in the assessed value of that property which results from the construction or 122 123 reconstruction of the property for the purpose of providing 124 living quarters for one or more natural or adoptive grandparents 125 or parents of the owner of the property or of the owner's spouse 126 if at least one of the grandparents or parents for whom the 127 living quarters are provided is 62 years of age or older. Such a 128 reduction may not exceed the lesser of the following:

(1) The increase in assessed value resulting fromconstruction or reconstruction of the property.

131 (2) Twenty percent of the total assessed value of the132 property as improved.

(g) For all levies other than school district levies, assessments of residential real property, as defined by general law, which contains nine units or fewer and which is not subject to the assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a) through (d) shall change only as provided in this subsection.

(1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed
annually on the date of assessment provided by law; but those
changes in assessments shall not exceed 5 ten percent (10%) of
the assessment for the prior year.

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(2) No assessment shall exceed just value.

(3) After a change of ownership or control, as defined by
general law, including any change of ownership of a legal entity
that owns the property, such property shall be assessed at just

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146 value as of the next assessment date. Thereafter, such property 147 shall be assessed as provided in this subsection. (4) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to such 148 property shall be assessed as provided for by general law; 149 150 however, after the adjustment for any change, addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as 151 152 provided in this subsection. 153 (h) For all levies other than school district levies, 154 assessments of real property that is not subject to the assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a) through (d) 155 156 and (g) shall change only as provided in this subsection. 157 (1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law; but those 158 159 changes in assessments shall not exceed 5 ten percent (10%) of 160 the assessment for the prior year. 161 (2) No assessment shall exceed just value. 162 (3) The legislature must provide that such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a 163 164 qualifying improvement, as defined by general law, is made to 165 such property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as 166 provided in this subsection. 167 (4) The legislature may provide that such property shall be 168 assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a 169 change of ownership or control, as defined by general law, including any change of ownership of the legal entity that owns 170 171 the property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection. 172

(5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to such
property shall be assessed as provided for by general law;

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175 however, after the adjustment for any change, addition, 176 reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection. 177 178 (i) The legislature, by general law and subject to conditions specified therein, may prohibit the consideration of 179 180 the following in the determination of the assessed value of real 181 property used for residential purposes: 182 (1) Any change or improvement made for the purpose of improving the property's resistance to wind damage. 183 184 (2) The installation of a renewable energy source device. 185 (j)(1) The assessment of the following working waterfront 186 properties shall be based upon the current use of the property: 187 a. Land used predominantly for commercial fishing purposes. 188 b. Land that is accessible to the public and used for 189 vessel launches into waters that are navigable. 190 c. Marinas and drystacks that are open to the public. 191 d. Water-dependent marine manufacturing facilities, 192 commercial fishing facilities, and marine vessel construction 193 and repair facilities and their support activities. 194 (2) The assessment benefit provided by this subsection is 195 subject to conditions and limitations and reasonable definitions 196 as specified by the legislature by general law. 197 SECTION 6. Homestead exemptions.-198 (a) Every person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the 199 200 owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner, 201 shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except assessments for special benefits, up to the assessed valuation of \$25,000 202 twenty-five thousand dollars and, for all levies other than 203

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204 school district levies, on the assessed valuation greater than 205 \$50,000 fifty thousand dollars and up to \$75,000 seventy-five 206 thousand dollars, upon establishment of right thereto in the 207 manner prescribed by law. The real estate may be held by legal 208 or equitable title, by the entireties, jointly, in common, as a 209 condominium, or indirectly by stock ownership or membership 210 representing the owner's or member's proprietary interest in a 211 corporation owning a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of 98 ninety-eight years. The exemption shall not apply with 212 213 respect to any assessment roll until such roll is first 214 determined to be in compliance with the provisions of Section 4 of this Article by a state agency designated by general law. 215 216 This exemption is repealed on the effective date of any 217 amendment to this Article which provides for the assessment of 218 homestead property at less than just value.

(b) Not more than one exemption shall be allowed any individual or family unit or with respect to any residential unit. No exemption shall exceed the value of the real estate assessable to the owner or, in case of ownership through stock or membership in a corporation, the value of the proportion which the interest in the corporation bears to the assessed value of the property.

(c) By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the legislature may provide to renters, who are permanent residents, ad valorem tax relief on all ad valorem tax levies. Such ad valorem tax relief shall be in the form and amount established by general law.

(d) The legislature may, by general law, allow counties ormunicipalities, for the purpose of their respective tax levies

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233 and subject to the provisions of general law, to grant an 234 additional homestead tax exemption not exceeding \$50,000 fifty 235 thousand dollars to any person who has the legal or equitable 236 title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent 237 residence of the owner and who has attained age 65 sixty-five 238 and whose household income, as defined by general law, does not 239 exceed \$20,000 twenty thousand dollars. The general law must 240 allow counties and municipalities to grant this additional exemption, within the limits prescribed in this subsection, by 241 242 ordinance adopted in the manner prescribed by general law, and 243 must provide for the periodic adjustment of the income 244 limitation prescribed in this subsection for changes in the cost 245 of living.

246 (e) Each veteran who is age 65 or older who is partially or 247 totally permanently disabled shall receive a discount from the 248 amount of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead 249 property the veteran owns and resides in if the disability was 250 combat related, the veteran was a resident of this state at the 251 time of entering the military service of the United States, and 252 the veteran was honorably discharged upon separation from 253 military service. The discount shall be in a percentage equal to 254 the percentage of the veteran's permanent, service-connected 255 disability as determined by the United States Department of 256 Veterans Affairs. To qualify for the discount granted by this 257 subsection, an applicant must submit to the county property 258 appraiser, by March 1, proof of residency at the time of 259 entering military service, an official letter from the United 260 States Department of Veterans Affairs stating the percentage of 261 the veteran's service-connected disability and such evidence

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262	that reasonably identifies the disability as combat related, and
263	a copy of the veteran's honorable discharge. If the property
264	appraiser denies the request for a discount, the appraiser must
265	notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the denial,
266	and the veteran may reapply. The legislature may, by general
267	law, waive the annual application requirement in subsequent
268	years. This subsection shall take effect December 7, 2006, is
269	self-executing, and does not require implementing legislation.
270	(f) As provided by general law and subject to conditions
271	specified therein, every person who establishes the right to
272	receive the homestead exemption provided in subsection (a)
273	within 1 year after purchasing the homestead property and who
274	has not owned property in the previous 3 years to which the
275	homestead exemption provided in subsection (a) applied is
276	entitled to an additional homestead exemption in an amount equal
277	to 50 percent of the homestead property's just value on January
278	1 of the year the homestead is established. The additional
279	exemption shall apply for a period of 5 years or until the year
280	the property is sold, whichever occurs first for all levies
281	other than school district levies. The amount of the additional
282	exemption shall not exceed \$200,000 and shall be reduced in each
283	subsequent year by an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount
284	of the additional exemption received in the year the homestead
285	was established or by an amount equal to the difference between
286	the just value of the property and the assessed value of the
287	property determined under Section 4(d) of this Article,
288	whichever is greater. Not more than one exemption provided under
289	this subsection shall be allowed per homestead property. The
290	additional exemption shall apply to property purchased after

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291	January 1, 2010, but shall not be available in the sixth and
292	subsequent years after the additional exemption is first
293	received.
294	ARTICLE XII
295	SCHEDULE
296	SECTION 31. Property tax limit for nonhomestead property
297	The amendment to Section 4 of Article VII reducing the limit on
298	the maximum annual increase in the assessed value of
299	nonhomestead property from 10 percent to 5 percent and this
300	section shall take effect January 1, 2011.
301	SECTION 32. Additional homestead exemption for new owners
302	of homestead propertyThe amendment to Section 6 of Article VII
303	providing for an additional homestead exemption for new owners
304	of homestead property who have not owned homestead property
305	during the immediately preceding 3 years and this section shall
306	take effect January 1, 2011, and shall be available for
307	properties purchased on or after January 1, 2010.
308	SECTION 33. If the amendments proposed by Senate Joint
309	Resolution 1254 proposed during the 2010 session of the
310	legislature and the amendments proposed by Senate Joint
311	Resolution 532 during the 2009 session of the legislature both
312	receive a sufficient number of votes for approval during the
313	2010 general election, only the amendments proposed by Senate
314	Joint Resolution 1254 shall take effect and be codified in the
315	State Constitution.
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317	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be
318	placed on the ballot:
319	CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
1	

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320	ARTICLE VII, SECTIONS 4, 6
321	ARTICLE XII, SECTIONS 31, 32, 33
322	REDUCED NONHOMESTEAD PROPERTY ANNUAL ASSESSMENT INCREASE
323	LIMITATION; ADDITIONAL HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION FOR NEW HOMESTEAD
324	PROPERTY OWNERS
325	(1) This amendment reduces from 10 percent to 5 percent the
326	limitation on annual increases in assessments of nonhomestead
327	real property and provides an effective date of January 1, 2011.
328	(2) This amendment also provides new owners of homestead
329	property who have not owned homestead property during the
330	immediately preceding 3 years with an additional homestead
331	exemption equal to 50 percent of the property's just value in
332	the first year, limited to \$200,000; applies the additional
333	exemption for the shorter of 5 years or the year of sale of the
334	property; reduces the amount of the additional exemption in each
335	succeeding year for 5 years by the greater of 20 percent of the
336	amount of the initial additional exemption or the difference
337	between the just value and the assessed value of the property;
338	limits the additional exemption to one per homestead property;
339	limits the additional exemption to properties purchased after
340	January 1, 2010; prohibits availability of the additional
341	exemption in the sixth and subsequent years after the additional
342	exemption is granted; and provides for the amendment to take
343	effect January 1, 2011, and apply to properties purchased on or
344	after January 1, 2010.
345	(3) This amendment also provides that if this amendment and

346 amendment 3 on this ballot receive a sufficient number of votes 347 for approval, only this amendment shall take effect and be 348 codified in the State Constitution.

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