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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to higher education; amending s.
3	295.02, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the use
4	of funds for providing educational opportunities and
5	benefits to dependent children or spouses of deceased
6	or disabled veterans; amending s. 440.491, F.S.;
7	revising provisions relating to the training and
8	education of injured employees; providing that
9	training and education services may be secured from
10	additional providers under certain circumstances;
11	amending s. 1000.04, F.S.; revising provisions
12	relating to public postsecondary educational
13	institutions to include charter technical career
14	centers and career centers operated by a school
15	district; deleting a reference to workforce education;
16	amending s. 1001.74, F.S.; revising the powers and
17	duties of university boards of trustees relating to a
18	university's contracting authority; amending s.
19	1004.085, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
20	textbook affordability and the policies, procedures,
21	and guidelines adopted by the State Board of Education
22	and the Board of Governors; requiring policies that
23	encourage the use of open-access textbooks; amending
24	s. 1004.091, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the
25	duties of the Florida Distance Learning Consortium;
26	delaying provisions that require the consortium to
27	develop a plan for implementing an online registration
28	process for undergraduate students to enroll in a
29	course listed in the Florida Higher Education Distance
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30 Learning Catalog; requiring that such plan address 31 specified policy areas; amending s. 1009.21, F.S.; 32 revising provisions relating to the determination of resident status for tuition purposes to include 33 34 charter technical career centers and career centers operated by school districts; revising definitions to 35 36 conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 37 1009.22, F.S.; revising provisions relating to 38 workforce education postsecondary student fees; 39 providing that enrollments in continuing workforce 40 education course may not be counted for purposes of funding full-time equivalent enrollment; amending s. 41 42 1006.59, F.S.; deleting a provision that prohibits institutions participating in the Historically Black 43 44 College and University Library Improvement Program from using funds to purchase nonprint media; creating 45 46 s. 1006.72, F.S.; providing legislative findings 47 regarding the licensing of electronic library resources; requiring that the library staff of state 48 universities, colleges, school districts, and public 49 50 libraries implement an annual process identifying 51 electronic library resources for specified core 52 categories; amending s. 1009.24, F.S.; revising 53 provisions relating to state university student fees; authorizing the University of Florida to implement the 54 55 tuition differential as a block tuition set at a 56 specified number of hours for certain students; 57 amending s. 1009.53, F.S.; revising provisions 58 relating to the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship

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59 Program; requiring that students submit the Free 60 Application for Federal Student Aid, along with a valid expected family contribution, in order to be 61 62 eligible for the scholarship award; amending s. 63 1009.531, F.S.; revising the period during which a student is eligible to receive an initial award and a 64 65 renewal award of the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship after high school graduation; requiring 66 that the State Board of Education base the eligibility 67 of students to receive a Florida Academic Scholars 68 69 award on SAT percentile ranks; amending s. 1009.532, 70 F.S.; specifying circumstances under which a Florida 71 Bright Futures Scholarship award may be renewed 72 following its nonrenewal due to insufficient grades; 73 reducing the maximum number of credit hours for which 74 certain students may receive a scholarship award; 75 amending s. 1009.534, F.S.; revising provisions 76 relating to the Florida Academic Scholars award; 77 removing an obsolete provision; removing the scheduled 78 expiration of provisions requiring that the amount of 79 the award be specified in the General Appropriations 80 Act; creating s. 1009.5341, F.S.; providing that 81 recipients of the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship 82 award may use the unused portion of their award toward 83 graduate study; providing certain limitations; amending s. 1009.535, F.S.; providing for a student 84 85 who attended a home education program to be eligible 86 for a Florida Medallion Scholars award; removing the 87 scheduled expiration of provisions requiring that the

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88	amount of the Florida Medallion Scholar award be
89	specified in the General Appropriations Act; repealing
90	s. 1009.537, F.S., removing obsolete provisions
91	relating to eligibility for the Florida Bright Futures
92	Scholarship Program; amending s. 1009.536, F.S.;
93	reducing the maximum number of credit hours that
94	certain students may earn under the Florida Gold Seal
95	Vocational Scholars award; removing the scheduled
96	expiration of provisions requiring that the amount of
97	the award be specified in the General Appropriations
98	Act; repealing s. 1009.5385, F.S., relating to
99	criteria for the use of certain scholarship funds by
100	children of deceased or disabled veterans; amending s.
101	1009.72, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the
102	Jose Marti Scholarship Challenge Grant Program;
103	removing provisions that provide for funds
104	appropriated by the Legislature for the program to be
105	deposited into the State Student Financial Assistance
106	Trust Fund; requiring that funds deposited into such
107	trust fund be invested; authorizing the Legislature to
108	appropriate funds from the General Revenue Fund;
109	amending s. 1009.73, F.S.; revising provisions
110	relating to the Mary McLeod Bethune Scholarship
111	Program; removing provisions that provide for funds
112	appropriated by the Legislature for the program to be
113	deposited into the State Student Financial Assistance
114	Trust Fund; requiring that funds deposited into such
115	trust fund be invested; authorizing the Legislature to
116	appropriate funds from the General Revenue Fund;
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117	amending s. 1010.62, F.S.; defining the term
118	"auxiliary enterprise" for purposes of capital outlay
119	projects financed pursuant to the State Bond Act;
120	amending s. 1010.87, F.S., relating to the Workers'
121	Compensation Administration Trust Fund within the
122	Department of Education; providing for the reversion
123	of certain funds at the end of the fiscal year;
124	amending s. 1011.80, F.S.; revising provisions
125	relating to funds for the operation of workforce
126	education programs; requiring that expenditure for
127	such programs be supported by fees; providing that
128	enrollment in continuing workforce education courses
129	may not be counted for purposes of funding full-time
130	equivalent enrollment; creating s. 1012.885, F.S.;
131	providing definitions; providing a limitation on the
132	compensation paid to community college presidents;
133	providing exceptions; requiring that the Office of
134	Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability
135	conduct a review of public school adult workforce
136	education programs and community college and state
137	college workforce education programs; requiring that
138	the results of such review be submitted to the
139	Legislature by a specified date; providing an
140	effective date.
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142	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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144	Section 1. Section 295.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to
145	read:
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295.02 Use of funds; age, etc.-

147 (1) Sums appropriated and expended to carry out the 148 provisions of s. 295.01(1) shall be used to pay an award equal 149 to the amount of tuition and required registration fees as 150 defined by the department or an amount specified in the General 151 Appropriations Act tuition and registration fees, board, and 152 room rent and to buy books and supplies for the children or 153 spouses of deceased or disabled veterans or servicemembers, as defined and limited in s. 295.01, s. 295.016, s. 295.017, s. 154 155 295.018, s. 295.0185, s. 295.019, or s. 295.0195, or of parents 156 classified as prisoners of war or missing in action, as defined 157 and limited in s. 295.015, who are between the ages of 16 and 22 158 years and who are in attendance at an eligible postsecondary 159 education a state supported institution as defined in s. 295.04 of higher learning, including a community college or career 160 161 center. Any child having entered upon a course of training or 162 education under the provisions of this chapter, consisting of a course of not more than 4 years, and arriving at the age of 22 163 164 years before the completion of such course may continue the 165 course and receive all benefits of the provisions of this 166 chapter until the course is completed.

167 (2) Sums appropriated and expended to carry out the 168 provisions of s. 295.01(2) shall be used to pay tuition and 169 registration fees, board, and room rent and to buy books and 170 supplies for the spouses of deceased or disabled veterans or 171 servicemembers, as defined and limited in s. 295.01, who are 172 enrolled at an eligible postsecondary education a state-173 supported institution as defined in s. 295.04 of higher learning, including a community college or career center. 174

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175 (3) Notwithstanding the benefits-disbursement provision in 176 s. 295.04, such funds shall be applicable for up to 110 percent 177 of the number of required credit hours of an initial 178 baccalaureate degree or certificate program for which the 179 student spouse is enrolled. 180 (4) (3) The Department of Education shall administer this 181 educational program subject to regulations of the department. 182 Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 183 440.491, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 440.491 Reemployment of injured workers; rehabilitation.-184 185 (6) TRAINING AND EDUCATION.-186 (a) Upon referral of an injured employee by the carrier, or 187 upon the request of an injured employee, the department shall 188 conduct a training and education screening to determine whether 189 it should refer the employee for a vocational evaluation and, if 190 appropriate, approve training and education or other vocational 191 services for the employee. The department may not approve formal 192 training and education programs unless it determines, after 193 consideration of the reemployment assessment, pertinent 194 reemployment status reviews or reports, and such other relevant 195 factors as it prescribes by rule, that the reemployment plan is 196 likely to result in return to suitable gainful employment. The 197 department is authorized to expend moneys from the Workers' 198 Compensation Administration Trust Fund, established by s. 440.50, to secure appropriate training and education at a 199 200 Florida public community college as designated in s. 1000.21(3) 201 or at a career center established under s. 1001.44, or to secure 202 other vocational services when necessary to satisfy the 203 recommendation of a vocational evaluator. As used in this

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204	paragraph, "appropriate training and education" includes
205	securing a general education diploma (GED), if necessary. The
206	department shall establish training and education standards
207	pertaining to employee eligibility, course curricula and
208	duration, and associated costs. For purposes of this subsection,
209	training and education services may be secured from additional
210	providers if:
211	1. The injured employee currently holds an associate degree
212	and requests to earn a bachelor's degree not offered by a
213	Florida public college located within 50 miles from his or her
214	customary residence;
215	2. The injured employee's enrollment in an education or
216	training program in a Florida public college or career center
217	would be significantly delayed; or
218	3. The most appropriate training and education program is
219	available only through a provider other than a Florida public
220	<u>college or career center or at a Florida public college or</u>
221	career center located more than 50 miles away from the injured
222	employee's customary residence.
223	Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 1000.04, Florida
224	Statutes, is amended to read:
225	1000.04 Components for the delivery of public education
226	within the Florida K-20 education system.—Florida's K-20
227	education system provides for the delivery of public education
228	through publicly supported and controlled K-12 schools,
229	community colleges, state universities and other postsecondary
230	educational institutions, other educational institutions, and
231	other educational services as provided or authorized by the
232	Constitution and laws of the state.

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233 (2) PUBLIC POSTSECONDARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.-Public 234 postsecondary educational institutions include charter technical 235 career centers; career centers operated by a school district 236 workforce education; community colleges; colleges; state 237 universities; and all other state-supported postsecondary 238 educational institutions that are authorized and established by 239 law. 240 Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1001.74, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 241 242 1001.74 Powers and duties of university boards of 243 trustees.-244 (2) POWERS AND DUTIES RELATING TO ORGANIZATION AND 245 OPERATION OF STATE UNIVERSITIES.-246 (a) Each board of trustees constitutes the contracting 247 agent of the university. Each university shall comply with the 248 provisions of s. 287.055 for the procurement of professional 249 services and may approve and execute all contracts for planning, 250 construction, and equipment. For the purpose of a university's 251 contracting authority, a "continuing contract" for professional 252 services under the provisions of s. 287.055 is one in which 253 construction costs do not exceed \$2 \$1 million or the fee for 254 study activity does not exceed \$200,000 <del>\$100,000</del>. Contracts 255 executed pursuant to this paragraph are subject to the 256 requirements of s. 1010.62.

257 Section 5. Subsection (4) of section 1004.085, Florida 258 Statutes, is amended to read:

259

1004.085 Textbook affordability.-

260 (4) By March 1, 2009, The State Board of Education and the
261 Board of Governors each shall adopt policies, procedures, and

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guidelines for implementation by community colleges and state universities, respectively, that further efforts to minimize the cost of textbooks for students attending such institutions while maintaining the quality of education and academic freedom. The policies, procedures, and guidelines shall provide for the following:

(a) That textbook adoptions are made with sufficient lead
time to bookstores so as to confirm availability of the
requested materials and, where possible, ensure maximum
availability of used books.

(b) That, in the textbook adoption process, the intent to use all items ordered, particularly each individual item sold as part of a bundled package, is confirmed by the course instructor or the academic department offering the course before the adoption is finalized.

(c) That a course instructor or the academic department offering the course determines, before a textbook is adopted, the extent to which a new edition differs significantly and substantively from earlier versions and the value of changing to a new edition <u>or the extent to which an open-access textbook may</u> exist and be used.

(d) That the establishment of policies shall address the availability of required textbooks to students otherwise unable to afford the cost, including consideration of the extent to which an open-access textbook may be used.

(e) That encourages course instructors and academic
 departments to participate in the development, adaptation, and
 review of open-access textbooks, in particular, open-access
 textbooks for high-demand general education courses.

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291 Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 292 1004.091, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 293 1004.091 Florida Distance Learning Consortium.-294 (2) The Florida Distance Learning Consortium shall: 295 (b) Develop, in consultation with the Florida College 296 System and the State University System, a plan to be submitted 297 to the Board of Governors, the State Board of Education, the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the 298 299 House of Representatives no later than December March 1, 2010, 300 for implementing. The plan must address the implementation of a 301 streamlined, automated, online registration process for 302 undergraduate students who have been admitted to a public 303 postsecondary educational institution and who wish to enroll in 304 a course listed in the Florida Higher Education Distance 305 Learning Catalog, including courses offered by an institution 306 that is not the student's degree-granting or home institution. 307 The plan must describe how such a registration process can be 308 implemented by the 2011-2012 academic year as an alternative to 309 the standard registration process of each institution. The plan 310 must also address: 311 1. Fiscal and substantive policy changes needed to address 312 administrative, academic, and programmatic policies and 313 procedures. Policy areas that the plan must address include, but 314 need not be limited to, student financial aid issues, variations in fees, admission and readmission, registration-prioritization 315 316 issues, transfer of credit, and graduation requirements, with 317 specific attention given to creating recommended guidelines that address students who attend more than one institution in pursuit 318 319 of a degree.

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320	2. A method for the expedited transfer of distance learning
321	course credit awarded by an institution offering a distance
322	learning course to a student's degree-granting or home
323	institution upon the student's successful completion of the
324	distance learning course.
325	3. Compliance with applicable technology security standards
326	and guidelines to ensure the secure transmission of student
327	information.
328	Section 7. Section 1009.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to
329	read:
330	1009.21 Determination of resident status for tuition
331	purposes.—Students shall be classified as residents or
332	nonresidents for the purpose of assessing tuition in <u>charter</u>
333	technical centers, career centers operated by school districts,
334	community colleges, and state universities.
335	(1) As used in this section, the term:
336	(a) "Dependent child" means any person, whether or not
337	living with his or her parent, who is eligible to be claimed by
338	his or her parent as a dependent under the federal income tax
339	code.
340	(b) "Initial enrollment" means the first day of class at an
341	institution of higher education.
342	(c) "Institution of higher education" means any charter
343	technical career center as defined in s. 1002.34, career center
344	operated by a school district as defined in s. 1001.44,
345	community college as defined in s. 1000.21(3) <u>,</u> or state
346	university as defined in s. 1000.21(6).
347	(d) "Legal resident" or "resident" means a person who has
348	maintained his or her residence in this state for the preceding

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349 year, has purchased a home which is occupied by him or her as 350 his or her residence, or has established a domicile in this 351 state pursuant to s. 222.17.

(e) "Nonresident for tuition purposes" means a person whodoes not qualify for the in-state tuition rate.

354 (f) "Parent" means the natural or adoptive parent or legal 355 guardian of a dependent child.

(g) "Resident for tuition purposes" means a person who qualifies as provided in this section for the in-state tuition rate.

359

(2) (a) To qualify as a resident for tuition purposes:

360 1. A person or, if that person is a dependent child, his or 361 her parent or parents must have established legal residence in 362 this state and must have maintained legal residence in this 363 state for at least 12 consecutive months immediately prior to 364 his or her initial enrollment in an institution of higher 365 education.

366 2. Every applicant for admission to an institution of 367 higher education shall be required to make a statement as to his 368 or her length of residence in the state and, further, shall 369 establish that his or her presence or, if the applicant is a 370 dependent child, the presence of his or her parent or parents in 371 the state currently is, and during the requisite 12-month 372 qualifying period was, for the purpose of maintaining a bona 373 fide domicile, rather than for the purpose of maintaining a mere 374 temporary residence or abode incident to enrollment in an 375 institution of higher education.

(b) However, with respect to a dependent child living withan adult relative other than the child's parent, such child may

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378 qualify as a resident for tuition purposes if the adult relative 379 is a legal resident who has maintained legal residence in this 380 state for at least 12 consecutive months immediately prior to 381 the child's initial enrollment in an institution of higher 382 education, provided the child has resided continuously with such 383 relative for the 5 years immediately prior to the child's 384 initial enrollment in an institution of higher education, during 385 which time the adult relative has exercised day-to-day care, 386 supervision, and control of the child.

(c) The legal residence of a dependent child whose parents are divorced, separated, or otherwise living apart will be deemed to be this state if either parent is a legal resident of this state, regardless of which parent is entitled to claim, and does in fact claim, the minor as a dependent pursuant to federal individual income tax provisions.

393 (3) (a) An individual shall not be classified as a resident for tuition purposes and, thus, shall not be eligible to receive 394 395 the in-state tuition rate until he or she has provided such 396 evidence related to legal residence and its duration or, if that individual is a dependent child, evidence of his or her parent's 397 398 legal residence and its duration, as may be required by law and 399 by officials of the institution of higher education from which 400 he or she seeks the in-state tuition rate.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, evidence of legal residence and its duration shall include clear and convincing documentation that residency in this state was for a minimum of 12 consecutive months prior to a student's initial enrollment in an institution of higher education.

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(c) Each institution of higher education shall

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407	affirmatively determine that an applicant who has been granted
408	admission to that institution as a Florida resident meets the
409	residency requirements of this section at the time of initial
410	enrollment. The residency determination must be documented by
411	the submission of written or electronic verification that
412	includes two or more of the documents identified in this
413	paragraph. No single piece of evidence shall be conclusive.
414	1. The documents must include at least one of the
415	following:
416	a. A Florida voter's registration card.
417	b. A Florida driver's license.
418	c. A State of Florida identification card.
419	d. A Florida vehicle registration.
420	e. Proof of a permanent home in Florida which is occupied
421	as a primary residence by the individual or by the individual's
422	parent if the individual is a dependent child.
423	f. Proof of a homestead exemption in Florida.
424	g. Transcripts from a Florida high school for multiple
425	years if the Florida high school diploma or GED was earned
426	within the last 12 months.
427	h. Proof of permanent full-time employment in Florida for
428	at least 30 hours per week for a 12-month period.
429	2. The documents may include one or more of the following:
430	a. A declaration of domicile in Florida.
431	b. A Florida professional or occupational license.
432	c. Florida incorporation.
433	d. A document evidencing family ties in Florida.
434	e. Proof of membership in a Florida-based charitable or
435	professional organization.
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f. Any other documentation that supports the student's request for resident status, including, but not limited to, utility bills and proof of 12 consecutive months of payments; a lease agreement and proof of 12 consecutive months of payments; or an official state, federal, or court document evidencing legal ties to Florida.

442 (4) With respect to a dependent child, the legal residence 443 of the dependent child's parent or parents is prima facie 444 evidence of the dependent child's legal residence, which evidence may be reinforced or rebutted, relative to the age and 445 446 general circumstances of the dependent child, by the other 447 evidence of legal residence required of or presented by the 448 dependent child. However, the legal residence of a dependent 449 child's parent or parents who are domiciled outside this state 450 is not prima facie evidence of the dependent child's legal 451 residence if that dependent child has lived in this state for 5 452 consecutive years prior to enrolling or reregistering at the 453 institution of higher education at which resident status for 454 tuition purposes is sought.

(5) In making a domiciliary determination related to the classification of a person as a resident or nonresident for tuition purposes, the domicile of a married person, irrespective of sex, shall be determined, as in the case of an unmarried person, by reference to all relevant evidence of domiciliary intent. For the purposes of this section:

(a) A person shall not be precluded from establishing or
maintaining legal residence in this state and subsequently
qualifying or continuing to qualify as a resident for tuition
purposes solely by reason of marriage to a person domiciled

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465 outside this state, even when that person's spouse continues to 466 be domiciled outside of this state, provided such person 467 maintains his or her legal residence in this state.

(b) A person shall not be deemed to have established or maintained a legal residence in this state and subsequently to have qualified or continued to qualify as a resident for tuition purposes solely by reason of marriage to a person domiciled in this state.

(c) In determining the domicile of a married person, irrespective of sex, the fact of the marriage and the place of domicile of such person's spouse shall be deemed relevant evidence to be considered in ascertaining domiciliary intent.

477 (6) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a 478 person who is classified as a nonresident for tuition purposes may become eligible for reclassification as a resident for 479 480 tuition purposes if that person or, if that person is a 481 dependent child, his or her parent presents clear and convincing 482 documentation that supports permanent legal residency in this 483 state for at least 12 consecutive months rather than temporary 484 residency for the purpose of pursuing an education, such as 485 documentation of full-time permanent employment for the prior 12 486 months or the purchase of a home in this state and residence 487 therein for the prior 12 months while not enrolled in an 488 institution of higher education.

(b) If a person who is a dependent child and his or her parent move to this state while such child is a high school student and the child graduates from a high school in this state, the child may become eligible for reclassification as a resident for tuition purposes when the parent submits evidence

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that the parent qualifies for permanent residency.

495 (c) If a person who is a dependent child and his or her 496 parent move to this state after such child graduates from high 497 school, the child may become eligible for reclassification as a 498 resident for tuition purposes after the parent submits evidence 499 that he or she has established legal residence in the state and 500 has maintained legal residence in the state for at least 12 501 consecutive months.

502 (d) A person who is classified as a nonresident for tuition 503 purposes and who marries a legal resident of the state or 504 marries a person who becomes a legal resident of the state may, 505 upon becoming a legal resident of the state, become eligible for 506 reclassification as a resident for tuition purposes upon 507 submitting evidence of his or her own legal residency in the 508 state, evidence of his or her marriage to a person who is a 509 legal resident of the state, and evidence of the spouse's legal residence in the state for at least 12 consecutive months 510 511 immediately preceding the application for reclassification.

512 (7) A person shall not lose his or her resident status for 513 tuition purposes solely by reason of serving, or, if such person 514 is a dependent child, by reason of his or her parent's or 515 parents' serving, in the Armed Forces outside this state.

516 (8) A person who has been properly classified as a resident 517 for tuition purposes but who, while enrolled in an institution of higher education in this state, loses his or her resident 518 519 tuition status because the person or, if he or she is a 520 dependent child, the person's parent or parents establish 521 domicile or legal residence elsewhere shall continue to enjoy the in-state tuition rate for a statutory grace period, which 522

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523 period shall be measured from the date on which the 524 circumstances arose that culminated in the loss of resident 525 tuition status and shall continue for 12 months. However, if the 526 12-month grace period ends during a semester or academic term 527 for which such former resident is enrolled, such grace period 528 shall be extended to the end of that semester or academic term.

529 (9) Any person who ceases to be enrolled at or who 530 graduates from an institution of higher education while 531 classified as a resident for tuition purposes and who 532 subsequently abandons his or her domicile in this state shall be 533 permitted to reenroll at an institution of higher education in 534 this state as a resident for tuition purposes without the 535 necessity of meeting the 12-month durational requirement of this 536 section if that person has reestablished his or her domicile in this state within 12 months of such abandonment and continuously 537 538 maintains the reestablished domicile during the period of enrollment. The benefit of this subsection shall not be accorded 539 540 more than once to any one person.

541 (10) The following persons shall be classified as residents 542 for tuition purposes:

(a) Active duty members of the Armed Services of the United
States residing or stationed in this state, their spouses, and
dependent children, and active drilling members of the Florida
National Guard.

(b) Active duty members of the Armed Services of the United States and their spouses and dependents attending a public community college or state university within 50 miles of the military establishment where they are stationed, if such military establishment is within a county contiguous to Florida.

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(c) United States citizens living on the Isthmus of Panama, who have completed 12 consecutive months of college work at the Florida State University Panama Canal Branch, and their spouses and dependent children.

(d) Full-time instructional and administrative personnel
employed by state public schools and institutions of higher
education and their spouses and dependent children.

(e) Students from Latin America and the Caribbean who
receive scholarships from the federal or state government. Any
student classified pursuant to this paragraph shall attend, on a
full-time basis, a Florida institution of higher education.

(f) Southern Regional Education Board's Academic Common
 Market graduate students attending Florida's state universities.

(g) Full-time employees of state agencies or political subdivisions of the state when the student fees are paid by the state agency or political subdivision for the purpose of jobrelated law enforcement or corrections training.

(h) McKnight Doctoral Fellows and Finalists who are UnitedStates citizens.

(i) United States citizens living outside the United States who are teaching at a Department of Defense Dependent School or in an American International School and who enroll in a graduate level education program which leads to a Florida teaching certificate.

(j) Active duty members of the Canadian military residing or stationed in this state under the North American Air Defense (NORAD) agreement, and their spouses and dependent children, attending a community college or state university within 50 miles of the military establishment where they are stationed.

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581 (k) Active duty members of a foreign nation's military who 582 are serving as liaison officers and are residing or stationed in 583 this state, and their spouses and dependent children, attending 584 a community college or state university within 50 miles of the 585 military establishment where the foreign liaison officer is 586 stationed. 587 (11) Each institution of higher education shall establish a residency appeal committee comprised of at least three members 588 589 to consider student appeals of residency determinations, in 590 accordance with the institution's official appeal process. The 591 residency appeal committee must render to the student the final 592 residency determination in writing. The institution must advise 593 the student of the reasons for the determination. 594 (12) The State Board of Education and the Board of 595 Governors shall adopt rules to implement this section. 596 Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 597 1009.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 598 1009.22 Workforce education postsecondary student fees.-599 (3) 600 (b) Fees for continuing workforce education shall be 601 locally determined by the district school board or community 602 college board. However, at least 50 percent of the Expenditures 603 for the continuing workforce education program provided by the 604 community college or school district must be fully supported by 605 derived from fees. Enrollments in continuing workforce education 606 courses may not be counted for purposes of funding full-time 607 equivalent enrollment. Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 608 609

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1006.59, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1006.59 The Historically Black College and University 611 Library Improvement Program.-

(3) Each institution shall submit to the State Board of 612 613 Education a plan for enhancing its library through the following 614 activities:

615 (a) Each institution shall increase the number of volumes 616 by purchasing replacement books and new titles. Funds shall not 617 be used to purchase periodicals or nonprint media. The goal of these purchases is to meet the needs of students and faculty in 618 619 disciplines that have recently been added to the curriculum, in 620 traditional academic fields that have been expanded, or in 621 academic fields in which rapid changes in technology result in accelerated obsolescence of related library holdings. 622

623 Section 10. Section 1006.72, Florida Statutes, is created 624 to read:

625 1006.72 Licensing electronic library resources.-The 626 Legislature finds that the most cost-efficient and cost-627 effective means of licensing electronic library resources 628 requires that state universities and colleges collaborate with 629 school districts and public libraries in the identification and 630 acquisition of resources needed by more than one sector. The 631 appropriate library staff from the state universities, colleges, 632 school districts, and public libraries shall implement an annual 633 process that identifies the electronic library resources for each of the core categories established in this section. To the 634 635 extent possible, the Florida Center for Library Automation, the 636 College Center for Library Automation, and the Division of 637 Library and Information Services within the Department of State 638 shall jointly coordinate this annual process.

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639	(1) STATEWIDE CORE CATEGORYFor purposes of licensing
640	electronic library resources of the Florida Electronic Library,
641	library representatives from the public libraries, school
642	districts, colleges, and state universities shall identify those
643	resources that comprise the statewide core that will be
644	available to all students, teachers, and residents of the state.
645	(2) POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION CORE CATEGORYFrom funds
646	appropriated to the Florida Center for Library Automation and
647	the College Center for Library Automation for licensing the
648	electronic library resources required by both systems, state
649	university and college library staff shall identify the
650	postsecondary education core that shall be available to all
651	postsecondary students.
652	(3) FOUR-YEAR DEGREE CORE CATEGORYFrom funds appropriated
653	to the Florida Center for Library Automation for licensing
654	electronic library resources beyond the postsecondary education
655	core, state university library staff, in consultation with
656	applicable college library staff, shall identify those resources
657	that comprise the 4-year degree core that shall be available to
658	all 4-year degree-seeking students in the college and state
659	university systems. The Florida Center for Library Automation
660	shall include in the negotiated pricing model any college
661	interested in licensing resources.
662	(4) TWO-YEAR DEGREE CORE CATEGORYFrom funds appropriated
663	to the College Center for Library Automation for licensing
664	electronic library resources beyond the postsecondary education
665	core, college library staff shall identify those resources that
666	comprise the college core that shall be available to all college
667	students. The College Center for Library Automation shall

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668	include in the negotiated pricing model any state university
669	interested in licensing a resource.
670	Section 11. Paragraph (b) of subsection (16) of section
671	1009.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
672	1009.24 State university student fees
673	(16) Each university board of trustees may establish a
674	tuition differential for undergraduate courses upon receipt of
675	approval from the Board of Governors. The tuition differential
676	shall promote improvements in the quality of undergraduate
677	education and shall provide financial aid to undergraduate
678	students who exhibit financial need.
679	(b) Each tuition differential is subject to the following
680	conditions:
681	1. The tuition differential may be assessed on one or more
682	undergraduate courses or on all undergraduate courses at a state
683	university.
684	2. The tuition differential may vary by course or courses,
685	campus or center location, and by institution. Each university
686	board of trustees shall strive to maintain and increase
687	enrollment in degree programs related to math, science, high
688	technology, and other state or regional high-need fields when
689	establishing tuition differentials by course.
690	3. The tuition differential may be implemented by the
691	University of Florida as a block tuition set at 15 hours for
692	students registered for 11 to 19 hours.
693	4.3. For each state university that has total research and
694	development expenditures for all fields of at least \$100 million
695	per year as reported annually to the National Science
696	Foundation, the aggregate sum of tuition and the tuition

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697 differential may not be increased by more than 15 percent of the 698 total charged for the aggregate sum of these fees in the 699 preceding fiscal year. For each state university that has total 700 research and development expenditures for all fields of less 701 than \$100 million per year as reported annually to the National 702 Science Foundation, the aggregate sum of tuition and the tuition 703 differential may not be increased by more than 15 percent of the 704 total charged for the aggregate sum of these fees in the 705 preceding fiscal year.

706 <u>5.4.</u> The aggregate sum of undergraduate tuition and fees 707 per credit hour, including the tuition differential, may not 708 exceed the national average of undergraduate tuition and fees at 709 4-year degree-granting public postsecondary educational 710 institutions.

711 <u>6.5.</u> The tuition differential may not be calculated as a
712 part of the scholarship programs established in ss. 1009.53713 1009.538.

714 <u>7.6.</u> Beneficiaries having prepaid tuition contracts 715 pursuant to s. 1009.98(2)(b) which were in effect on July 1, 716 2007, and which remain in effect, are exempt from the payment of 717 the tuition differential.

718 <u>8.7.</u> The tuition differential may not be charged to any 719 student who was in attendance at the university before July 1, 720 2007, and who maintains continuous enrollment.

721 <u>9.8.</u> The tuition differential may be waived by the 722 university for students who meet the eligibility requirements 723 for the Florida public student assistance grant established in 724 s. 1009.50.

10.9. Subject to approval by the Board of Governors, the

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726 tuition differential authorized pursuant to this subsection may 727 take effect with the 2009 fall term. 728 Section 12. Subsection (3) of section 1009.53, Florida 729 Statutes, is amended to read: 730 1009.53 Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program.-731 (3) The Department of Education shall administer the Bright 732 Futures Scholarship Program according to rules and procedures 733 established by the State Board of Education. A single state 734 application must be sufficient for a student to apply for any of 735 the three types of awards. For a student applying for an initial 736 award in the 2010-2011 academic year and thereafter, in order to 737 become eligible each year for a Bright Futures Scholarship award, the student must submit the Free Application for Federal 738 739 Student Aid, along with a valid expected family contribution. 740 The department must advertise the availability of the 741 scholarship program and must notify students, teachers, parents, 742 guidance counselors, and principals or other relevant school 743 administrators of the criteria and application procedures. The 744 department must begin this process of notification no later than 745 January 1 of each year. 746 Section 13. Subsection (2) of section 1009.531, Florida

746 Section 13. Subsection (2) of section 1009.531, Florida 747 Statutes, is amended, and subsection (6) is added to that 748 section, to read:

749 1009.531 Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program;
750 student eligibility requirements for initial awards.-

(2) For students graduating from high school prior to the
2010-2011 academic year, a student is eligible to accept an
initial award for 3 years following high school graduation and
to accept a renewal award for 7 years following high school

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755 graduation. For a student who enlists in the United States Armed 756 Forces immediately after completion of high school, the 3-year 757 eligibility period for his or her initial award shall begin upon 758 the date of separation from active duty. For a student who is 759 receiving a Florida Bright Futures Scholarship and discontinues 760 his or her education to enlist in the United States Armed 761 Forces, the remainder of his or her 7-year renewal period shall 762 commence upon the date of separation from active duty. For 763 students graduating from high school in the 2010-2011 academic 764 year and thereafter, a student is eligible to accept an initial 765 award for 3 years after high school graduation and to accept a 766 renewal award for 4 years after high school graduation. A 767 student who applies for an award by high school graduation and 768 who meets all other eligibility requirements, but who does not accept his or her award, may reapply during subsequent 769 770 application periods up to 3 years after high school graduation. For a student who enlists in the United States Armed Forces 771 immediately after completion of high school, the 3-year 772 773 eligibility period for his or her initial award shall begin upon 774 the date of separation from active duty. For a student who is 775 receiving a Florida Bright Futures Scholarship and discontinues 776 his or her education to enlist in the United States Armed 777 Forces, the remainder of his or her 4-year 7-year renewal period 778 shall commence upon the date of separation from active duty. 779 Effective for students graduating from high school in the 2010-780 2011 academic year and thereafter, if a course of study is not 781 completed after 4 academic years, an exception of 1 year to the 782 renewal timeframe may be granted due to a verifiable illness or 783 other documented emergency pursuant to s. 1009.40(1)(b)4.

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784	(6)(a) The State Board of Education shall publicize from
785	the 2009 SAT Percentile Ranks the examination score required for
786	a student to be eligible for a Florida Academic Scholars award
787	pursuant to s. 1009.534(1)(a) or (b), as follows:
788	1. For high school students graduating in the 2010-2011 and
789	2011-2012 academic years, the student must earn a score of 1270
790	or a concordant ACT score of 28.
791	2. For high school students graduating in the 2012-2013
792	academic year, the student must earn the 88th SAT percentile
793	rank score of 1280 or a concordant ACT score of 28.
794	3. For high school students graduating in the 2013-2014
795	academic year and thereafter, the student must earn the 89th SAT
796	percentile rank score of 1290 or a concordant ACT score of 29.
797	(b) The State Board of Education shall publicize from the
798	2009 SAT Percentile Ranks the examination score required for a
799	student to be eligible for a Florida Medallion Scholars award
800	pursuant to s. 1009.535(1)(a) or (b), as follows:
801	1. For high school students graduating in the 2010-2011
802	academic year, the student must earn a score of 970 or a
803	concordant ACT score of 20; or for home educated students whose
804	parents cannot document a college-preparatory curriculum, a
805	score of 1070 or a concordant ACT score of 23.
806	2. For high school students graduating in the 2011-2012
807	academic year, the student must earn the 44th SAT percentile
808	rank score of 980 or a concordant ACT score of 21; or for home
809	educated students whose parents cannot document a college-
810	preparatory curriculum, a score of 1070 or a concordant ACT
811	score of 23.
812	3. For high school students graduating in the 2012-2013

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813	academic year, the student must earn the 50th SAT percentile
814	rank score of 1020 or a concordant ACT score of 22; or for home
815	educated students whose parents cannot document a college-
816	preparatory curriculum, a score of 1070 or a concordant ACT
817	score of 23.
818	4. For high school students graduating in the 2013-2014
819	academic year and thereafter, the student must earn the 56th SAT
820	percentile rank score of 1050 or a concordant ACT score of 23;
821	or for home educated students whose parents cannot document a
822	college-preparatory curriculum, a score of 1100 or a concordant
823	ACT score of 24.
824	(c) If the percentile ranks in paragraphs (a) and (b) do
825	not exactly correspond to an SAT score, the next highest
826	percentile rank shall be used.
827	Section 14. Section 1009.532, Florida Statutes, is amended
828	to read:
829	1009.532 Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program;
830	student eligibility requirements for renewal awards
831	(1) To be eligible to renew a scholarship from any of the
832	three types of scholarships under the Florida Bright Futures
833	Scholarship Program, a student must:
834	(a) Effective for students funded in the 2009-2010 academic
835	year and thereafter, earn at least 24 semester credit hours or
836	the equivalent in the last academic year in which the student
837	earned a scholarship if the student was enrolled full time, or a
838	prorated number of credit hours as determined by the Department
839	of Education if the student was enrolled less than full time for
840	any part of the academic year. For students funded prior to the
841	2010-2011 academic year, if a student fails to earn the minimum

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842 number of hours required to renew the scholarship, the student 843 shall lose his or her eligibility for renewal for a period 844 equivalent to 1 academic year. Such student is eligible to 845 restore the award the following academic year if the student 846 earns the hours for which he or she was enrolled at the level 847 defined by the department and meets the grade point average for 848 renewal. A student is eligible for such restoration one time. The department shall notify eligible recipients of the 849 850 provisions of this paragraph. Each institution shall notify 851 award recipients of the provisions of this paragraph during the 852 registration process.

(b) Maintain the cumulative grade point average required bythe scholarship program, except that:

1. If a recipient's grades fall beneath the average required to renew a Florida Academic Scholarship, but are sufficient to renew a Florida Medallion Scholarship or a Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholarship, the Department of Education may grant a renewal from one of those other scholarship programs, if the student meets the renewal eligibility requirements; or

862 2. For students funded prior to the 2010-2011 academic 863 term, if  $\tau$  at any time during the eligibility period, a student's 864 grades are insufficient to renew the scholarship, the student 865 may restore eligibility by improving the grade point average to 866 the required level. A student is eligible for such a restoration 867 one time. The Legislature encourages education institutions to 868 assist students to calculate whether or not it is possible to 869 raise the grade point average during the summer term. If the institution determines that it is possible, the education 870

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871 institution may so inform the department, which may-reserve the 872 student's award if funds are available. The renewal, however, 873 must not be granted until the student achieves the required 874 cumulative grade point average. If the summer term is not 875 sufficient to raise the grade point average to the required 876 renewal level, the student's next opportunity for renewal is the 877 fall semester of the following academic year.; or 878 3. If a student is receiving a Florida Bright Futures 879 Scholarship, is a servicemember of the Florida National Guard or United States Reserves while attending a postsecondary 880 881 institution, is called to active duty or state active duty, as 882 defined in s. 250.01, prior to completing his or her degree, and 883 meets all other requirements for the scholarship, the student 884 shall be eligible to continue the scholarship for 2 years after 885 completing active duty or state active duty. 886 (c) Reimburse or make satisfactory arrangements to 887 reimburse the institution for the award amount received for 888 courses dropped after the end of the drop and add period or 889 courses from which the student withdraws after the end of the 890 drop and add period unless the student has received an exception 891 pursuant to s. 1009.53(11). 892 (2) Effective for students initially funded in the 2010-893 2011 academic term and thereafter, if a scholarship is not 894 renewed because of lack of completion of sufficient credit hours or insufficient grades, the scholarship shall be renewed only 895 896 for the following reasons: 897 (a) The student failed to complete sufficient credit hours, 898 or to meet sufficient grades requirements due to verifiable 899 illness or other documented emergency and may be granted an Page 31 of 42

900 exception pursuant to s. 1009.40(1)(b)4.; or 901 (b) If a student is a servicemember of the Florida National 902 Guard or United States Reserves while attending a postsecondary 903 institution, is called to active duty or state active duty, as 904 defined in s. 250.01, prior to completing his or her degree, and 905 meets all other requirements for the scholarship, the student 906 shall be eligible to continue the scholarship for 2 years after 907 completing active duty or state active duty.

908 (3) (3) (2) A student who is initially funded prior to the 2010-909 2011 academic year and is enrolled in a program that terminates 910 in an associate degree or a baccalaureate degree may receive an 911 award for a maximum of 110 percent of the number of credit hours 912 required to complete the program. A student who is enrolled in a 913 program that terminates in a career certificate may receive an 914 award for a maximum of 110 percent of the credit hours or clock 915 hours required to complete the program up to 90 credit hours. 916 However, for a student who is initially funded in the 2010-2011 917 academic term and thereafter, the student may receive an award 918 for a maximum of 100 percent of the number of credit hours 919 required to complete an associate degree or a baccalaureate 920 degree program, or the student may receive an award for a 921 maximum of 100 percent of the credit hours or clock hours 922 required to complete up to 90 credit hours of a program that 923 terminates in a career certificate. A student who transfers from 924 one of these program levels to another becomes eligible for the 925 higher of the two credit hour limits. 926 Section 15. Subsections (1) and (5) of section 1009.534,

927 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

928

# 1009.534 Florida Academic Scholars award.-

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929 (1) A student is eligible for a Florida Academic Scholars 930 award if the student meets the general eligibility requirements 931 for the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program and the 932 student:

933 (a) Has achieved a 3.5 weighted grade point average as 934 calculated pursuant to s. 1009.531, or its equivalent, in high 935 school courses that are designated by the State Board of 936 Education as college-preparatory academic courses; and has 937 attained at least the score pursuant to s. 1009.531(6)(a) 938 identified by rules of the State Board of Education on the 939 combined verbal and quantitative parts of the Scholastic 940 Aptitude Test, the Scholastic Assessment Test, or the recentered 941 Scholastic Assessment Test of the College Entrance Examination, 942 or an equivalent score on the ACT Assessment Program; or

943 (b) Has attended a home education program according to s. 944 1002.41 during grades 11 and 12 or has completed the 945 International Baccalaureate curriculum but failed to earn the 946 International Baccalaureate Diploma or has completed the 947 Advanced International Certificate of Education curriculum but 948 failed to earn the Advanced International Certificate of 949 Education Diploma, and has attained at least the score pursuant 950 to s. 1009.531(6)(a) identified by rules of the State Board of 951 Education on the combined verbal and quantitative parts of the 952 Scholastic Aptitude Test, the Scholastic Assessment Test, or the 953 recentered Scholastic Assessment Test of the College Entrance 954 Examination, or an equivalent score on the ACT Assessment 955 Program; or

956 (c) Has been awarded an International Baccalaureate Diploma 957 from the International Baccalaureate Office or an Advanced

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958 International Certificate of Education Diploma from the 959 University of Cambridge International Examinations Office; or

960 (d) Has been recognized by the merit or achievement 961 programs of the National Merit Scholarship Corporation as a 962 scholar or finalist; or

963 (e) Has been recognized by the National Hispanic 964 Recognition Program as a scholar recipient. A student must 965 complete a program of community service work, as approved by the 966 district school board or the administrators of a nonpublic 967 school, which shall include a minimum of 75 hours of service 968 work and require the student to identify a social problem that 969 interests him or her, develop a plan for his or her personal 970 involvement in addressing the problem, and, through papers or 971 other presentations, evaluate and reflect upon his or her experience. 972

973 (5) Notwithstanding subsections (2) and (4), a Florida 974 Academic Scholar is eligible for an award equal to the amount 975 specified in the General Appropriations Act for the 2009-2010 976 academic year. This subsection expires July 1, 2010.

977 Section 16. Section 1009.5341, Florida Statutes, is created 978 to read:

979 1009.5341 Florida Bright Futures Scholarships for graduate 980 study.-Bright Futures Scholarship recipients who graduate with a 981 baccalaureate degree in 7 semesters or equivalent hours or fewer 982 and wish to pursue graduate study may apply the unused portion 983 of their academic or medallion scholarship award toward 1 984 semester of graduate study, not to exceed 15 semester hours paid 985 at the undergraduate rate. A baccalaureate degree may include, but is not limited to, college credits earned through dual 986

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987 enrollment, SAT, and ACT examinations. Section 17. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 1009.535, 988 989 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 990 1009.535 Florida Medallion Scholars award.-991 (1) A student is eligible for a Florida Medallion Scholars 992 award if the student meets the general eligibility requirements 993 for the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program and the 994 student: 995 (a) Has achieved a weighted grade point average of 3.0 as 996 calculated pursuant to s. 1009.531, or the equivalent, in high school courses that are designated by the State Board of 997 998 Education as college-preparatory academic courses; and has 999 attained at least the score pursuant to s. 1009.531(6)(b) 1000 identified by rules of the State Board of Education on the 1001 combined verbal and quantitative parts of the Scholastic 1002 Aptitude Test, the Scholastic Assessment Test, or the recentered 1003 Scholastic Assessment Test of the College Entrance Examination, 1004 or an equivalent score on the ACT Assessment Program; or 1005 (b) Has attended a home education program according to s. 1006 1002.41 during grades 11 and 12 or has completed the 1007 International Baccalaureate curriculum but failed to earn the 1008 International Baccalaureate Diploma or has completed the 1009 Advanced International Certificate of Education curriculum but 1010 failed to earn the Advanced International Certificate of 1011 Education Diploma, and has attained at least the score pursuant 1012 to s. 1009.531(6)(b) identified by rules of the State Board of 1013 Education on the combined verbal and quantitative parts of the 1014 Scholastic Aptitude Test, the Scholastic Assessment Test, or the 1015 recentered Scholastic Assessment Test of the College Entrance

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1016 Examination, or an equivalent score on the ACT Assessment 1017 Program; or 1018 (c) Has attended a home education program according to s.

1019 1002.41 during grades 11 and 12 and has attained at least the 1020 score pursuant to s. 1009.531(6)(b) on the combined verbal and 1021 quantitative parts of the Scholastic Aptitude Test, the 1022 Scholastic Assessment Test, or the recentered Scholastic 1023 Assessment Test of the College Entrance Examination, or an 1024 equivalent score on the ACT Assessment Program for award 1025 eligibility for students whose parents cannot document a 1026 college-preparatory curriculum under paragraph (a);

1027 <u>(d) (c)</u> Has been recognized by the merit or achievement 1028 program of the National Merit Scholarship Corporation as a 1029 scholar or finalist but has not completed a program of community 1030 service as provided in s. 1009.534; or

1031 <u>(e) (d)</u> Has been recognized by the National Hispanic 1032 Recognition Program as a scholar, but has not completed a 1033 program of community service as provided in s. 1009.534.

(4) Notwithstanding subsection (2), a Florida Medallion
Scholar is eligible for an award equal to the amount specified
in the General Appropriations Act for the 2009-2010 academic
<del>year</del>. This subsection expires July 1, 2010.

1038 Section 18. <u>Section 1009.537</u>, Florida Statutes, is 1039 <u>repealed</u>.

1040 Section 19. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 1009.536, 1041 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1042 1009.536 Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award.—The 1043 Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award is created within 1044 the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program to recognize and

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1045 1046

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reward academic achievement and career preparation by high school students who wish to continue their education.

1047 (4) A student may earn a Florida Gold Seal Vocational 1048 Scholarship for 110 percent of the number of credit hours 1049 required to complete the program, up to 90 credit hours or the 1050 equivalent. However, for a student who is initially funded in 1051 the 2010-2011 academic term and thereafter, the student may earn 1052 a Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholarship for 100 percent of 1053 the number of credit hours required to complete the program, up 1054 to 90 credit hours or the equivalent.

1055 (5) Notwithstanding subsection (2), a Florida Gold Seal 1056 Vocational Scholar is eligible for an award equal to the amount 1057 specified in the General Appropriations Act for the 2009-2010 1058 academic year. This subsection expires July 1, 2010.

1059 Section 20. Section 1009.5385, Florida Statutes, is 1060 repealed.

1061 Section 21. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 1009.72, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1062

1009.72 Jose Marti Scholarship Challenge Grant Program.-

1064 (2) Funds appropriated by the Legislature for the program 1065 shall be deposited in the State Student Financial Assistance 1066 Trust Fund. The Chief Financial Officer shall authorize 1067 expenditures from the trust fund upon receipt of vouchers 1068 approved by the Department of Education. All moneys collected from private sources for the purposes of this section shall be 1069 1070 deposited into the State Student Financial Assistance Trust 1071 Fund. Any balance in the trust fund at the end of any fiscal 1072 year which that has been allocated to the program shall remain 1073 therein and shall be available for carrying out the purposes of

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1074 the program. <u>All funds deposited into the trust fund for the</u> 1075 <u>program shall be invested pursuant to s. 17.61. Interest income</u> 1076 <u>accruing to that portion of the funds which are allocated to the</u> 1077 <u>program in the trust fund and not matched shall increase the</u> 1078 <u>total funds available for the program.</u>

1079 (3) The Legislature may appropriate funds shall designate 1080 funds to be transferred to the trust fund for the program from 1081 the General Revenue Fund. Such funds shall be divided into 1082 challenge grants to be administered by the Department of 1083 Education. All appropriated funds deposited into the trust fund 1084 for the program shall be invested pursuant to the provisions of 1085 s. 17.61. Interest income accruing to that portion of the funds 1086 that are allocated to the program in the trust fund and not matched shall increase the total funds available for the 1087 1088 program.

(4) The <u>amounts</u> amount appropriated to the trust fund for the program shall be allocated by the department on the basis of one \$5,000 challenge grant for each \$2,500 raised from private sources. Matching funds shall be generated through contributions made after July 1, 1986, and pledged for the purposes of this section. Pledged contributions shall not be eligible for matching prior to the actual collection of the total funds.

1096Section 22. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section10971009.73, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1098

1009.73 Mary McLeod Bethune Scholarship Program.-

1099 (2) Funds appropriated by the Legislature for the program 1100 shall be deposited in the State Student Financial Assistance 1101 Trust Fund. The Chief Financial Officer shall authorize 1102 expenditures from the trust fund upon receipt of vouchers

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1103 approved by the Department of Education. The Department of 1104 Education shall receive all moneys collected from private 1105 sources for the purposes of this section and shall deposit such 1106 moneys into the State Student Financial Assistance Trust Fund. 1107 Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 216.301 and pursuant to s. 1108 216.351, any balance in the trust fund at the end of any fiscal 1109 year which that has been allocated to the program shall remain 1110 in the trust fund and shall be available for carrying out the 1111 purposes of the program. All moneys deposited into the trust 1112 fund for the program shall be invested pursuant to s. 17.61. 1113 Interest income accruing to that portion of the funds which are 1114 allocated to the program in the trust fund and not matched shall 1115 increase the total funds available for the program.

1116 (3) The Legislature may appropriate funds shall appropriate 1117 moneys to the trust fund for the program from the General 1118 Revenue Fund. Such moneys shall be applied to scholarships to be 1119 administered by the Department of Education. All moneys 1120 deposited into the trust fund for the program shall be invested 1121 pursuant to the provisions of s. 17.61. Interest income accruing 1122 to the program shall be expended to increase the total moneys 1123 available for scholarships.

1124 (4) The moneys in the trust fund for the program shall be 1125 allocated by the department among the institutions of higher 1126 education listed in subsection (1) on the basis of one \$2,000 challenge grant for each \$1,000 raised from private sources. 1127 1128 Matching funds shall be generated through contributions made after July 1, 1990, and pledged for the purposes of this 1129 1130 section. Pledged contributions shall not be eligible for 1131 matching prior to the actual collection of the total funds. The

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1132	department shall allocate to each of those institutions a
1133	proportionate share of the contributions received on behalf of
1134	those institutions and a share of the appropriations and
1135	matching funds generated by such institution.
1136	Section 23. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (1) of
1137	section 1010.62, Florida Statutes, to read:
1138	1010.62 Revenue bonds and debt
1139	(1) As used in this section, the term:
1140	(e) "Auxiliary enterprise" means any activity defined in s.
1141	1011.47(1) and performed by a university or a direct-support
1142	organization.
1143	Section 24. Subsection (2) of section 1010.87, Florida
1144	Statutes, is amended to read:
1145	1010.87 Workers' Compensation Administration Trust Fund
1146	within the Department of Education
1147	(2) Funds appropriated by nonoperating transfer from the
1148	Department of Financial Services Workers' Compensation
1149	Administration Trust Fund which remain unencumbered as of June
1150	30 or undisbursed as of September 30 shall revert to the
1151	Department of Financial Services Workers' Compensation
1152	Administration Trust Fund. Notwithstanding the provisions of s.
1153	216.301 and pursuant to s. 216.351, any balance in the trust
1154	fund at the end of any fiscal year shall remain in the trust
1155	fund at the end of the year and shall be available for carrying
1156	out the purposes of the trust fund.
1157	Section 25. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section
1158	1011.80, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1159	1011.80 Funds for operation of workforce education
1160	programs

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1161	(5) State funding and student fees for workforce education
1162	instruction shall be established as follows:
1163	(a) Expenditures for the continuing workforce education
1164	program provided by the community colleges or school districts
1165	must be fully supported by fees. Enrollments in continuing
1166	workforce education courses shall not be counted for purposes of
1167	funding full-time equivalent enrollment. For a continuing
1168	workforce education course, state funding shall equal 50 percent
1169	of the cost of instruction, with student fees, business support,
1170	quick-response training funds, or other means making up the
1171	remaining 50 percent.
1172	Section 26. Section 1012.885, Florida Statutes, is created
1173	to read:
1174	1012.885 Remuneration of community college presidents;
1175	limitations
1176	(1) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
1177	(a) "Cash-equivalent compensation" means any benefit that
1178	may be assigned an equivalent cash value.
1179	(b) "Public funds" means funds appropriated from the
1180	General Revenue Fund, funds appropriated from state trust funds,
1181	tuition and fees, or any funds from a community college trust
1182	fund regardless of repository.
1183	(c) "Remuneration" means salary, bonuses, and cash-
1184	equivalent compensation paid to a community college president by
1185	his or her employer for work performed, excluding health
1186	insurance benefits and retirement benefits.
1187	(2) LIMITATION ON COMPENSATIONNotwithstanding any other
1188	law, resolution, or rule to the contrary, a community college
1189	president may not receive more than \$225,000 in remuneration

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1190	annually from appropriated state funds. Only compensation, as
1191	such term is defined in s. 121.021(22), provided to a community
1192	college president may be used in calculating benefits under
1193	chapter 121.
1194	(3) EXCEPTIONSThis section does not prohibit any party
1195	from providing cash or cash-equivalent compensation from funds
1196	that are not appropriated state funds to a community college
1197	president in excess of the limit in subsection (2). If a party
1198	is unable or unwilling to fulfill an obligation to provide cash
1199	or cash-equivalent compensation to a community college president
1200	as permitted under this subsection, appropriated state funds may
1201	not be used to fulfill such obligation.
1202	Section 27. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and
1203	Government Accountability shall conduct a review of the public
1204	school adult workforce education programs and the community
1205	college and state college workforce education programs for the
1206	purpose of identifying and analyzing the positive and negative
1207	aspects of merging the school district programs with the
1208	community college and state college programs. The office shall
1209	submit the results of its review to the Legislature by December
1210	<u>1, 2010.</u>
1011	

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Section 28. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.