By Senator Jones

	13-01285-10 20101456
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to physician assistants; amending ss.
3	458.347 and 459.022, F.S.; deleting requirements that
4	physician assistants file with the Department of
5	Health evidence of having obtained certain clinical
6	experience before prescribing or dispensing
7	medication; amending ss. 458.348 and 459.025, F.S.;
8	conforming cross-references; providing an effective
9	date.
10	
11	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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13	Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4) of section
14	458.347, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
15	458.347 Physician assistants.—
16	(4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS
17	(e) A supervisory physician may delegate to a fully
18	licensed physician assistant the authority to prescribe or
19	dispense any medication used in the supervisory physician's
20	practice unless such medication is listed on the formulary
21	created pursuant to paragraph (f). A fully licensed physician
22	assistant may only prescribe or dispense such medication under
23	the following circumstances:
24	1. A physician assistant must clearly identify to the
25	patient that he or she is a physician assistant. Furthermore,
26	the physician assistant must inform the patient that the patient
27	has the right to see the physician prior to any prescription
28	being prescribed or dispensed by the physician assistant.
29	2. The supervisory physician must notify the department of

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13-01285-10 20101456 30 his or her intent to delegate, on a department-approved form, 31 before delegating such authority and notify the department of any change in prescriptive privileges of the physician 32 33 assistant. Authority to dispense may be delegated only by a 34 supervising physician who is registered as a dispensing 35 practitioner in compliance with s. 465.0276. 36 3. The physician assistant must file with the department, 37 before commencing to prescribe or dispense, evidence that he or she has completed a continuing medical education course of at 38 39 least 3 classroom hours in prescriptive practice, conducted by an accredited program approved by the boards, which course 40 covers the limitations, responsibilities, and privileges 41 42 involved in prescribing medicinal drugs, or evidence that he or 43 she has received education comparable to the continuing 44 education course as part of an accredited physician assistant 45 training program. 46 4. The physician assistant must file with the department, 47 before commencing to prescribe or dispense, evidence that the physician assistant has a minimum of 3 months of clinical 48 49 experience in the specialty area of the supervising physician. 50 4.5. The physician assistant must file with the department

a signed affidavit that he or she has completed a minimum of 10 continuing medical education hours in the specialty practice in which the physician assistant has prescriptive privileges with each licensure renewal application.

55 <u>5.6.</u> The department shall issue a license and a prescriber 56 number to the physician assistant granting authority for the 57 prescribing of medicinal drugs authorized within this paragraph 58 upon completion of the foregoing requirements. The physician

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13-01285-10 20101456 59 assistant shall not be required to independently register 60 pursuant to s. 465.0276. 6.7. The prescription must be written in a form that 61 62 complies with chapter 499 and must contain, in addition to the 63 supervisory physician's name, address, and telephone number, the 64 physician assistant's prescriber number. Unless it is a drug or 65 drug sample dispensed by the physician assistant, the 66 prescription must be filled in a pharmacy permitted under chapter 465 and must be dispensed in that pharmacy by a 67 68 pharmacist licensed under chapter 465. The appearance of the 69 prescriber number creates a presumption that the physician 70 assistant is authorized to prescribe the medicinal drug and the 71 prescription is valid. 72 7.8. The physician assistant must note the prescription or 73 dispensing of medication in the appropriate medical record. 74 8.9. This paragraph does not prohibit a supervisory 75 physician from delegating to a physician assistant the authority 76 to order medication for a hospitalized patient of the 77 supervisory physician. 78 79 This paragraph does not apply to facilities licensed pursuant to 80 chapter 395. 81 Section 2. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4) of section 459.022, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 82 83 459.022 Physician assistants.-84 (4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.-85 (e) A supervisory physician may delegate to a fully 86 licensed physician assistant the authority to prescribe or

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dispense any medication used in the supervisory physician's

13-01285-1020101456\_\_\_88practice unless such medication is listed on the formulary89created pursuant to s. 458.347. A fully licensed physician90assistant may only prescribe or dispense such medication under91the following circumstances:

92 1. A physician assistant must clearly identify to the 93 patient that she or he is a physician assistant. Furthermore, 94 the physician assistant must inform the patient that the patient 95 has the right to see the physician prior to any prescription 96 being prescribed or dispensed by the physician assistant.

97 2. The supervisory physician must notify the department of 98 her or his intent to delegate, on a department-approved form, 99 before delegating such authority and notify the department of 100 any change in prescriptive privileges of the physician 101 assistant. Authority to dispense may be delegated only by a 102 supervisory physician who is registered as a dispensing 103 practitioner in compliance with s. 465.0276.

104 3. The physician assistant must file with the department, 105 before commencing to prescribe or dispense, evidence that she or he has completed a continuing medical education course of at 106 107 least 3 classroom hours in prescriptive practice, conducted by an accredited program approved by the boards, which course 108 covers the limitations, responsibilities, and privileges 109 involved in prescribing medicinal drugs, or evidence that she or 110 he has received education comparable to the continuing education 111 112 course as part of an accredited physician assistant training 113 program.

114 4. The physician assistant must file with the department,
115 before commencing to prescribe or dispense, evidence that the
116 physician assistant has a minimum of 3 months of clinical

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13-01285-10 20101456 117 experience in the specialty area of the supervising physician. 118 4.5. The physician assistant must file with the department a signed affidavit that she or he has completed a minimum of 10 119 120 continuing medical education hours in the specialty practice in 121 which the physician assistant has prescriptive privileges with each licensure renewal application. 122 123 5.6. The department shall issue a license and a prescriber 124 number to the physician assistant granting authority for the 125 prescribing of medicinal drugs authorized within this paragraph 126

126 upon completion of the foregoing requirements. The physician 127 assistant shall not be required to independently register 128 pursuant to s. 465.0276.

129 6.7. The prescription must be written in a form that 130 complies with chapter 499 and must contain, in addition to the 131 supervisory physician's name, address, and telephone number, the 132 physician assistant's prescriber number. Unless it is a drug or 133 drug sample dispensed by the physician assistant, the 134 prescription must be filled in a pharmacy permitted under chapter 465, and must be dispensed in that pharmacy by a 135 136 pharmacist licensed under chapter 465. The appearance of the 137 prescriber number creates a presumption that the physician 138 assistant is authorized to prescribe the medicinal drug and the 139 prescription is valid.

1407.8. The physician assistant must note the prescription or141dispensing of medication in the appropriate medical record.

142 <u>8.9</u>. This paragraph does not prohibit a supervisory 143 physician from delegating to a physician assistant the authority 144 to order medication for a hospitalized patient of the 145 supervisory physician.

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13-01285-10 20101456 146 147 This paragraph does not apply to facilities licensed pursuant to 148 chapter 395. 149 Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 150 458.348, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 151 458.348 Formal supervisory relationships, standing orders, 152 and established protocols; notice; standards.-(4) SUPERVISORY RELATIONSHIPS IN MEDICAL OFFICE SETTINGS.-A 153 154 physician who supervises an advanced registered nurse 155 practitioner or physician assistant at a medical office other 156 than the physician's primary practice location, where the 157 advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant is 158 not under the onsite supervision of a supervising physician, 159 must comply with the standards set forth in this subsection. For 160 the purpose of this subsection, a physician's "primary practice location" means the address reflected on the physician's profile 161 162 published pursuant to s. 456.041. 163 (c) A physician who supervises an advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant at a medical office other 164 165 than the physician's primary practice location, where the 166 advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant is not under the onsite supervision of a supervising physician and 167 168 the services offered at the office are primarily dermatologic or skin care services, which include aesthetic skin care services 169 170 other than plastic surgery, must comply with the standards 171 listed in subparagraphs 1.-4. Notwithstanding s. 458.347(4)(e)7. 172 s. 458.347(4)(e)8., a physician supervising a physician 173 assistant pursuant to this paragraph may not be required to 174 review and cosign charts or medical records prepared by such

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SB 1456

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175	physician assistant.
176	1. The physician shall submit to the board the addresses of
177	all offices where he or she is supervising an advanced
178	registered nurse practitioner or a physician's assistant which
179	are not the physician's primary practice location.
180	2. The physician must be board certified or board eligible
181	in dermatology or plastic surgery as recognized by the board
182	pursuant to s. 458.3312.
183	3. All such offices that are not the physician's primary
184	place of practice must be within 25 miles of the physician's
185	primary place of practice or in a county that is contiguous to
186	the county of the physician's primary place of practice.
187	However, the distance between any of the offices may not exceed
188	75 miles.
189	4. The physician may supervise only one office other than
190	the physician's primary place of practice except that until July
191	1, 2011, the physician may supervise up to two medical offices
192	other than the physician's primary place of practice if the
193	addresses of the offices are submitted to the board before July
194	1, 2006. Effective July 1, 2011, the physician may supervise
195	only one office other than the physician's primary place of
196	practice, regardless of when the addresses of the offices were
197	submitted to the board.
198	Section 4. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section
199	459.025, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
200	459.025 Formal supervisory relationships, standing orders,
201	and established protocols; notice; standards
202	(3) SUPERVISORY RELATIONSHIPS IN MEDICAL OFFICE SETTINGS
203	An osteopathic physician who supervises an advanced registered

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13-01285-10 20101456 204 nurse practitioner or physician assistant at a medical office 205 other than the osteopathic physician's primary practice 206 location, where the advanced registered nurse practitioner or 207 physician assistant is not under the onsite supervision of a 208 supervising osteopathic physician, must comply with the 209 standards set forth in this subsection. For the purpose of this 210 subsection, an osteopathic physician's "primary practice 211 location" means the address reflected on the physician's profile published pursuant to s. 456.041. 212

213 (c) An osteopathic physician who supervises an advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant at a 214 215 medical office other than the osteopathic physician's primary 216 practice location, where the advanced registered nurse 217 practitioner or physician assistant is not under the onsite 218 supervision of a supervising osteopathic physician and the 219 services offered at the office are primarily dermatologic or 220 skin care services, which include aesthetic skin care services 221 other than plastic surgery, must comply with the standards listed in subparagraphs 1.-4. Notwithstanding s. 459.022(4)(e)7. 222 223 s. 459.022(4)(e)8., an osteopathic physician supervising a 224 physician assistant pursuant to this paragraph may not be 225 required to review and cosign charts or medical records prepared 226 by such physician assistant.

1. The osteopathic physician shall submit to the Board of Osteopathic Medicine the addresses of all offices where he or she is supervising or has a protocol with an advanced registered nurse practitioner or a physician's assistant which are not the osteopathic physician's primary practice location.

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2. The osteopathic physician must be board certified or

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13-01285-10 20101456 233 board eligible in dermatology or plastic surgery as recognized 234 by the Board of Osteopathic Medicine pursuant to s. 459.0152. 235 3. All such offices that are not the osteopathic 236 physician's primary place of practice must be within 25 miles of 237 the osteopathic physician's primary place of practice or in a 238 county that is contiguous to the county of the osteopathic 239 physician's primary place of practice. However, the distance 240 between any of the offices may not exceed 75 miles. 4. The osteopathic physician may supervise only one office 241 242 other than the osteopathic physician's primary place of practice except that until July 1, 2011, the osteopathic physician may 243 244 supervise up to two medical offices other than the osteopathic 245 physician's primary place of practice if the addresses of the 246 offices are submitted to the Board of Osteopathic Medicine 247 before July 1, 2006. Effective July 1, 2011, the osteopathic 248 physician may supervise only one office other than the 249 osteopathic physician's primary place of practice, regardless of 250 when the addresses of the offices were submitted to the Board of 251 Osteopathic Medicine. 252 Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.

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