A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to domestic partnerships; amending ss. 3 28.101 and 28.24, F.S.; setting forth fees and costs to be 4 applied when petitioning for a dissolution of a domestic 5 partnership or registering a domestic partnership, 6 respectively; amending s. 97.1031, F.S.; providing notice 7 to the supervisor of elections concerning a change of name 8 due to participation in a domestic partnership; creating 9 s. 220.121, F.S.; providing applicability of domestic 10 partnerships to state tax laws; amending s. 382.002, F.S.; defining the term "dissolution of a domestic partnership" 11 for purposes of vital records; including domestic 12 partnerships and dissolution of domestic partnership as 13 14 vital records in this state; conforming cross-references; 15 amending s. 382.003, F.S.; requiring the Department of 16 Health to examine all certificates of domestic partnership forms and dissolution of domestic partnership reports sent 17 from the courts; amending s. 382.0085, F.S.; conforming a 18 19 cross-reference; amending s. 382.021, F.S.; requiring the clerk of the circuit court to transmit all original 20 21 declarations of domestic partnership to the Department of 22 Health by a specified date each month; amending s. 23 382.022, F.S.; requiring the clerk of the circuit court to 24 collect a fee after registering a domestic partnership; 25 amending s. 382.023, F.S.; requiring the clerk of the 26 circuit court to collect a fee upon filing a final 27 judgment for a dissolution of domestic partnership; amending s. 382.025, F.S.; authorizing the Department of 28

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Health to issue a certified copy of certain vital records to a domestic partner; amending s. 382.0255, F.S.; providing that the Department of Health is entitled to a specified fee for the issuance of a commemorative certificate of domestic partnership; amending s. 446.50, F.S.; requiring that certain fees relating to declarations of domestic partnership and dissolution of domestic partnership filings be deposited in the Displaced Homemaker Trust Fund; amending s. 741.28, F.S.; redefining the term "family or household member" in the context of domestic violence to include a domestic partnership; creating s. 741.501, F.S.; providing legislative findings; creating s. 741.502, F.S.; defining terms; creating s. 741.503, F.S.; requiring the Department of Health to create and distribute the Declaration of Domestic Partnership and Certificate of Registered Domestic Partnership forms to each clerk of the circuit court; requiring the department and each clerk of the circuit court to make the Declaration of Domestic Partnership form available to the public; creating s. 741.504, F.S.; providing that the circuit court has jurisdiction over domestic partnership proceedings; requiring the clerk of the circuit court to maintain a domestic partnership registry; providing that the registry is a public record; creating s. 741.505, F.S.; requiring two individuals who wish to become partners in a domestic partnership to complete and file a Declaration of Domestic Partnership form with the clerk of the circuit court; specifying the

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required contents of the completed form; providing that each partner who signs the form consents to the jurisdiction of the circuit court for certain specified purposes; providing that if a person files an intentionally and materially false form, he or she commits a misdemeanor of the first degree; providing criminal penalties; requiring the clerk of the circuit court to register the Declaration of Domestic Partnership in a domestic partnership registry and issue a Certificate of Registered Domestic Partnership; creating s. 741.506, F.S.; authorizing the domestic partners to retain surnames; creating s. 741.507, F.S.; providing that any privilege or responsibility granted or imposed by statute, administrative or court rule, policy, common law, or any other law to an individual because the individual is or was related to another by marriage, or is a child of either of the spouses, is granted on equivalent terms to domestic partners or individuals similarly related to domestic partners; providing that the act does not require or permit the extension of any benefit under a retirement, deferred compensation, or other employee benefit plan, if the plan administrator reasonably concludes that the extension of benefits to partners would conflict with a condition for tax qualification of the plan, or a condition for other favorable tax treatment of the plan, under the Internal Revenue Code; creating s. 741.508, F.S.; specifying prohibited or void domestic partnerships; creating s. 741.509, F.S.; requiring that the clerk of the

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circuit court collect certain fees for receiving a Declaration of Domestic Partnership; authorizing the clerk of the circuit court to accept installment payments from individuals who are unable to pay the fees in a lump sum; creating s. 741.510, F.S.; providing methods to prove the existence of a registered Declaration Domestic Partnership when the certificate document has been lost or is otherwise unavailable; reenacting ss. 921.0024(1)(b) and 943.171(2)(b), F.S., relating to the worksheet form for the Criminal Punishment Code and the basic skills training for domestic violence cases, respectively, to incorporate the amendments made to s. 741.28, F.S., in references thereto; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 28.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

28.101 Petitions and records of dissolution of marriage and domestic partnership; additional charges.—

- (1) When a party petitions for a dissolution of marriage or dissolution of domestic partnership, in addition to the filing charges in s. 28.241, the clerk shall collect and receive:
- (a) A charge of \$5. On a monthly basis, the clerk shall transfer the moneys collected pursuant to this paragraph to the Department of Revenue for deposit in the Child Welfare Training Trust Fund created in s. 402.40.

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(b) A charge of \$5. On a monthly basis, the clerk shall transfer the moneys collected pursuant to this paragraph to the Department of Revenue for deposit in the Displaced Homemaker Trust Fund created in s. 446.50. If a petitioner does not have sufficient funds with which to pay this fee and signs an affidavit so stating, all or a portion of the fee shall be waived subject to a subsequent order of the court relative to the payment of the fee.

- (c) A charge of \$55. On a monthly basis, the clerk shall transfer the moneys collected pursuant to this paragraph to the Department of Revenue for deposit in the Domestic Violence Trust Fund. Such funds which are generated shall be directed to the Department of Children and Family Services for the specific purpose of funding domestic violence centers.
- (d) A charge of \$32.50. On a monthly basis, the clerk shall transfer the moneys collected pursuant to this paragraph as follows:
- 1. An amount of \$7.50 to the Department of Revenue for deposit in the Displaced Homemaker Trust Fund.
- 2. An amount of \$25 to the Department of Revenue for deposit in the General Revenue Fund.
- (2) Upon receipt of a final judgment of dissolution of marriage or dissolution of domestic partnership for filing, and in addition to the filing charges in s. 28.241, the clerk may collect and receive a service charge of up to \$10.50 pursuant to s. 382.023 for the recording and reporting the of such final judgment of dissolution of marriage to the Department of Health.
 - Section 2. Subsection (23) of section 28.24, Florida

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Statutes, is amended to read:

28.24 Service charges by clerk of the circuit court.-The clerk of the circuit court shall charge for services rendered by the clerk's office in recording documents and instruments and in performing the duties enumerated in amounts not to exceed those specified in this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the clerk of the circuit court shall provide without charge to the state attorney, public defender, guardian ad litem, public guardian, attorney ad litem, criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, and private court-appointed counsel paid by the state, and to the authorized staff acting on behalf of each, access to and a copy of any public record, if the requesting party is entitled by law to view the exempt or confidential record, as maintained by and in the custody of the clerk of the circuit court as provided in general law and the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration. The clerk of the circuit court may provide the requested public record in an electronic format in lieu of a paper format when capable of being accessed by the requesting entity.

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Statutes, is amended to read:

- 97.1031 Notice of change of residence, change of name, or change of party affiliation.—
- (2) When an elector moves from the address named on that person's voter registration record to another address in a different county but within the state, the elector seeks to change party affiliation, or the name of an elector is changed by marriage, domestic partnership, or other legal process, the elector shall provide notice of such change to a voter registration official using a voter registration application signed by the elector. A voter information card reflecting the new information shall be issued to the elector as provided in subsection (3).
- Section 4. Section 220.121, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 220.121 Application to domestic partnerships.—This chapter applies to partners in a domestic partnership, as defined in s. 741.502, and surviving partners as if federal income tax law recognized a domestic partnership in the same manner as state law.
- Section 5. Present subsections (6) through (16) of section 382.002, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (7) through (17), respectively, a new subsection (6) is added to that section, and present subsections (7), (8), and (15) of that section are amended, to read:
 - 382.002 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
- (6) "Dissolution of domestic partnership" includes an annulment of domestic partnership.

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(8) (7) "Final disposition" means the burial, interment, cremation, removal from the state, or other authorized disposition of a dead body or a fetus as described in subsection (7) (6). In the case of cremation, dispersion of ashes or cremation residue is considered to occur after final disposition; the cremation itself is considered final disposition.

- (9) "Funeral director" means a licensed funeral director or direct disposer licensed pursuant to chapter 497 or other person who first assumes custody of or effects the final disposition of a dead body or a fetus as described in subsection (7) (6).
- (16) (15) "Vital records" or "records" means certificates or reports of birth, death, fetal death, marriage, domestic partnership, dissolution of marriage or domestic partnership, name change filed pursuant to s. 68.07, and data related thereto.
- Section 6. Subsection (7) of section 382.003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 382.003 Powers and duties of the department.—The department shall:
 - (7) Approve all forms used in registering, recording, certifying, and preserving vital records, or in otherwise carrying out the purposes of this chapter, and no other forms may not shall be used other than those approved by the department. The department is responsible for the careful examination of the certificates received monthly from the local registrars and marriage certificates, certificates of domestic

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partnership, and dissolution of marriage and domestic partnership reports received from the circuit and county courts. A certificate that is complete and satisfactory shall be accepted and given a state file number and considered a state-filed record. If any such certificates are incomplete or unsatisfactory, the department shall require further information to be supplied as may be necessary to make the record complete and satisfactory. All physicians, midwives, informants, or funeral directors, and all other persons having knowledge of the facts, are required to supply, upon a form approved by the department or upon the original certificate, such information as they may possess regarding any vital record.

Section 7. Subsection (9) of section 382.0085, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

382.0085 Stillbirth registration.-

(9) This section or <u>s. 382.002(15)</u> <u>s. 382.002(14)</u> may not be used to establish, bring, or support a civil cause of action seeking damages against any person or entity for bodily injury, personal injury, or wrongful death for a stillbirth.

Section 8. Section 382.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

382.021 Department to receive marriage licenses and declarations of domestic partnership.—On or before the 5th day of each month, the county court judge or clerk of the circuit court shall transmit to the department all original marriage licenses, with endorsements, and all declarations of domestic partnership received during the preceding calendar month, to the department. Any marriage licenses or declarations of domestic

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partnership issued and not returned, or any marriage licenses returned but not recorded, shall be reported by the issuing county court judge or clerk of the circuit court to the department at the time of transmitting the recorded licenses or declarations on the forms to be prescribed and furnished by the department. If during any month no marriage licenses or declarations of domestic partnership are issued or returned, the county court judge or clerk of the circuit court shall report such fact to the department upon forms prescribed and furnished by the department.

Section 9. Section 382.022, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

382.022 Marriage application; registration of domestic partnership; fees.—Upon the receipt of each application for the issuance of a marriage license or registering a domestic partnership, the county court judge or clerk of the circuit court shall, pursuant to s. 741.02, collect and receive a fee of \$4 which shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit to the Department of Health to defray part of the cost of maintaining marriage and domestic partnership records.

Section 10. Section 382.023, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

382.023 Department to receive dissolution-of-marriage and dissolution-of-domestic-partnership records; fees.—Clerks of the circuit courts shall collect for their services At the time of the filing of a final judgment of dissolution of marriage or dissolution of domestic partnership, the clerk of the circuit court shall collect a fee of up to \$10.50, of which 43 percent

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shall be retained by the clerk of the circuit court as a part of the cost in the cause in which the judgment is granted. The remaining 57 percent shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit to the Department of Health to defray part of the cost of maintaining the dissolution-of-marriage and dissolution-of-domestic-partnership records. A record of each and every judgment of dissolution of marriage and dissolution of domestic partnership granted by the court during the preceding calendar month, giving names of parties and such other data as required by forms prescribed by the department, shall be transmitted to the department, on or before the 10th day of each month, along with an accounting of the funds remitted to the Department of Revenue pursuant to this section.

Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (2) of section 382.025, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

382.025 Certified copies of vital records; confidentiality; research.—

- (1) BIRTH RECORDS.—Except for birth records over 100 years old which are not under seal pursuant to court order, all birth records of this state shall be confidential and are exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1).
- (a) Certified copies of the original birth certificate or a new or amended certificate, or affidavits thereof, are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and, upon receipt of a request and payment of the fee prescribed in s. 382.0255, shall be issued only as authorized by the department and in the form prescribed by the department, and

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309 only:

- 1. To the registrant, if of legal age;
- 2. To the registrant's parent or guardian or other legal representative;
- 3. Upon receipt of the registrant's death certificate, to the registrant's spouse or domestic partner or to the registrant's child, grandchild, or sibling, if of legal age, or to the legal representative of any of such persons;
- 4. To any person if the birth record is over 100 years old and not under seal pursuant to court order;
 - 5. To a law enforcement agency for official purposes;
- 6. To any agency of the state or the United States for official purposes upon approval of the department; or
 - 7. Upon order of any court of competent jurisdiction.
 - (2) OTHER RECORDS.-
- (a) The department shall authorize the issuance of a certified copy of all or part of any marriage, domestic partnership, dissolution of marriage or domestic partnership, or death or fetal death certificate, excluding that portion which is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) as provided under s. 382.008, to any person requesting it upon receipt of a request and payment of the fee prescribed by this section. A certification of the death or fetal death certificate which includes the confidential portions shall be issued only:
- 1. To the registrant's spouse, domestic partner, or parent, or to the registrant's child, grandchild, or sibling, if of legal age, or to any person who provides a will that has been executed pursuant to s. 732.502, insurance policy, or other

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document that demonstrates his or her interest in the estate of the registrant, or to any person who provides documentation that he or she is acting on behalf of any of them;

- 2. To any agency of the state or local government or the United States for official purposes upon approval of the department; or
 - 3. Upon order of any court of competent jurisdiction.
- (c) The department shall issue, upon request and upon payment of an additional fee prescribed by this section, a commemorative marriage license or certificate of domestic partnership representing that the marriage or domestic partnership of the persons named thereon is recorded in the office of the registrar. The certificate issued under this paragraph must shall be in a form consistent with the need to protect the integrity of vital records but must shall be suitable for display. It may bear the seal of the state printed thereon and may be signed by the Governor.

Section 12. Paragraph (i) of subsection (1) of section 382.0255, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

382.0255 Fees.-

- (1) The department is entitled to fees, as follows:
- (i) Twenty-five dollars for a commemorative certificate of birth, or marriage, or domestic partnership. Fees collected pursuant to this paragraph in excess of expenses shall be used available for use by the Regional Perinatal Intensive Care Centers (RPICC) Program to prevent child abuse and neglect. Funds derived from the issuance of commemorative marriage certificates shall be used available for use by the Improved

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365 Pregnancy Outcome Program.

Section 13. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 446.50, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

446.50 Displaced homemakers; multiservice programs; report to the Legislature; Displaced Homemaker Trust Fund created.—

- (5) DISPLACED HOMEMAKER TRUST FUND.-
- (b) The trust fund shall receive funds generated from an additional fee on marriage license applications, declarations of domestic partnerships, and dissolution of marriage and domestic partnership filings as specified in ss. 741.01(3), 741.509, and 28.101, respectively, and may receive funds from any other public or private source.

Section 14. Subsection (3) of section 741.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

741.28 Domestic violence; definitions.—As used in ss. 741.28-741.31:

(3) "Family or household member" means spouses; former spouses; persons related by blood, or marriage, or domestic partnership; persons who are presently residing together as if a family or who have resided together in the past as if a family; and persons who are parents of a child in common regardless of whether they have been married. With the exception of persons who have a child in common, the family or household members must be currently residing or have in the past resided together in the same single dwelling unit.

Section 15. Section 741.501, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

741.501 Legislative findings.—The Legislature finds that:

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(1) There are a significant number of individuals in this state who live together in important, personal, emotional, and economically committed relationships. Together, these individuals live, serve, and participate in the community, and often rear children and care for family members.

- (2) These familial relationships, often referred to as domestic partnerships, assist the state by providing a private network of support for the financial, physical, and emotional health of their participants.
- (3) The state has a strong interest in promoting stable and lasting families, and believes that all families should be provided with the opportunity to obtain necessary legal protections and status and the ability to achieve their fullest potential.
- (4) While some public and private institutions recognize domestic partnerships for limited purposes such as health benefits, hospital visitation, and medical decisionmaking for an incapacitated family member, many do not. Historically, legal recognition of marriage by the state is the primary and, in a number of instances, the exclusive source of numerous rights, benefits, and responsibilities available to families under the laws of this state.
- Art. I of the State Constitution to the union of one man and one woman and the Legislature does not seek to alter the definition of marriage in any way. The Legislature also finds, however, that recognition of domestic partnerships can provide an alternative mechanism for extending certain important rights and

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responsibilities to individuals who choose to form long-term, mutually supportive relationships. Such recognition will provide support to these familial relationships without affecting the definition of marriage, without creating or recognizing a legal relationship that is the substantial equivalent of marriage, and without affecting restrictions contained in federal law.

- over the domestic partnership should be left to the dictates of each religious faith and to the preferences of the persons entering into the partnership. Sections 741.501-741.510 do not require performance of any solemnization ceremony to enter into a binding domestic partnership agreement and do not interfere with the right of each religious faith to choose freely to whom to grant the religious status, sacrament, or blessing of marriage under the rules and practices of that faith.
- (7) Because of the material and other support that these familial relationships provide to their participants, these relationships should be formally recognized and made uniform by law. Therefore, the Legislature declares that it is the policy of this state to establish and define the rights and responsibilities of domestic partners.

Section 16. Section 741.502, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 741.502 Definitions.—As used in ss. 741.501-741.510, the term:
 - (1) "Department" means the Department of Health.
- (2) "Domestic partnership" means a civil contract entered into between two individuals who are 18 years of age or older

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449	and otherwise capable, of which at least one of whom is a
450	resident of this state.
451	(3) "Partner" means an individual joined in a domestic
452	partnership.
453	Section 17. Section 741.503, Florida Statutes, is created
454	to read:
455	741.503 Forms.—
456	(1) Pursuant to s. 382.003(7), the department shall
457	prepare forms entitled:
458	(a) "Declaration of Domestic Partnership" which meets the
459	requirements of s. 741.505.
460	(b) "Certificate of Registered Domestic Partnership."
461	(2) The department shall distribute the Declaration of
462	Domestic Partnership and Certificate of Registered Domestic
463	Partnership forms to each clerk of the circuit court. The
464	department and each clerk shall make the Declaration of Domestic
465	Partnership form available to the public.
466	Section 18. Section 741.504, Florida Statutes, is created
467	to read:
468	741.504 Court jurisdiction and duties; registry
469	(1) The circuit court has jurisdiction over any proceeding
470	relating to the domestic partners' rights and obligations,
471	including a petition for the dissolution or annulment of the
472	domestic partnership.
473	(2) Each clerk of the circuit court shall maintain a
474	registry of all domestic partnerships entered into in that
475	circuit and a record of all certificates of domestic partnership
476	issued which includes the names of the partners and the date of

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477 issuance.

- (3) Notwithstanding s. 382.025 or any other law, the registry of domestic partnerships maintained by a clerk of the circuit court is a public record and subject to full disclosure.
- Section 19. Section 741.505, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 741.505 Domestic partnership requirements.—
 - (1) Two individuals wishing to become partners in a domestic partnership recognized by this state must complete and file a Declaration of Domestic Partnership form with a clerk of the circuit court. The declaration must include:
 - (a) A statement attesting that each individual is 18 years of age or older and is otherwise capable of entering into a domestic partnership. The clerk may accept any reasonable proof of an individual's age which is satisfactory to the clerk. The clerk may also require proof of age by affidavit of some individual other than the parties seeking to file the form if the clerk deems it necessary.
 - (b) A statement attesting that at least one of the individuals is a resident of this state.
 - (c) Each individual's mailing address.
 - (d) A statement attesting that each individual consents to the jurisdiction of the circuit courts of this state for the purpose of an action to obtain a judgment of dissolution or annulment of the domestic partnership or for legal separation of the partners, or for any other proceeding relating to the partners' rights and obligations, even if one or both partners cease to reside or maintain a domicile in this state.

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(e) The notarized signature of each individual, along with a declaration that the representations made on the form are true, correct, and contain no material omissions of fact to the best knowledge and belief of the each individual.

- (2) Notwithstanding s. 61.021, each person signing a

 Declaration of Domestic Partnership form consents to the

 jurisdiction of the circuit courts of this state for the purpose
 of an action to obtain a judgment of dissolution or annulment of
 the domestic partnership, for legal separation of the partners
 in the domestic partnership, or for any other proceeding related
 to the partners' rights and obligations, even if one or both
 partners cease to reside or maintain a domicile in this state.
- (3) A person who provides intentionally and materially false information on a Declaration of Domestic Partnership form with the clerk of court commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (4) If all legal requirements have been satisfied and there appears to be no impediment to the domestic partnership, the clerk of the circuit court shall:
 - (a) Return a copy of the registered form to the partners;
- (b) Register the Declaration of Domestic Partnership in a domestic partnership registry; and
- (c) Issue a Certificate of Registered Domestic Partnership under his or her hand and seal to the partners in person or at the mailing address provided by the partners.
- Section 20. Section 741.506, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 741.506 Domestic partnership; name change.—Upon entering

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into a domestic partnership, a partner may retain his or her previous surname, or, if changed, may resume the previous legal name during the domestic partnership.

Section 21. Section 741.507, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 741.507 Domestic partnership; rights and responsibilities; relationship to federal law.—
- (1) Any privilege, immunity, right, or benefit granted by statute, administrative or court rule, policy, common law, or any other law to an individual because the individual is or was related to another individual by marriage as an in-law is granted on equivalent terms, substantive and procedural, to an individual who is or was in a domestic partnership or who is or was similarly related as an in-law to an individual participating in a domestic partnership.
- (2) Any responsibility imposed by statute, administrative or court rule, policy, common law, or any other law on an individual because the individual is or was related to another individual by marriage as an in-law is imposed on equivalent terms, substantive and procedural, on an individual who is or was in a domestic partnership or who is or was similarly related as an in-law to an individual participating in a domestic partnership.
- (3) Any privilege, immunity, right, benefit, or responsibility granted to or imposed by statute, administrative or court rule, policy, common law, or any other law on a spouse with respect to a child of either of the spouses is granted to or imposed on equivalent terms, substantive and procedural, on

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an individual in a domestic partnership with respect to a child of either of the partners.

- (4) Any privilege, immunity, right, benefit, or responsibility granted or imposed by statute, administrative or court rule, policy, common law, or any other law to or on a former or surviving spouse with respect to a child of either of the spouses is granted to or imposed on equivalent terms, substantive and procedural, on a former or surviving partner with respect to a child of either of the partners.
- (5) For purposes of administering the tax laws of this state, partners in a domestic partnership, surviving partners in a domestic partnership, and the children of partners in a domestic partnership have the same privileges, immunities, rights, benefits, and responsibilities as are granted to or imposed on spouses in a marriage, surviving spouses, and their children.
- (6) Many of the laws of this state are intertwined with federal law, and the Legislature recognizes that it does not have the jurisdiction to control or implement federal laws or the privileges, immunities, rights, benefits, and responsibilities related to federal laws.
- (7) Sections 741.502-741.510 do not require or permit the extension of any benefit under any retirement, deferred compensation, or other employee benefit plan, if the plan administrator reasonably concludes that the extension of benefits would conflict with a condition for the tax qualification of the plan, or a condition for other favorable tax treatment of the plan, under the Internal Revenue Code or

589 adopted regulations.

- (8) Sections 741.502-741.510 do not require the extension of any benefit under any employee benefit plan that is subject to federal regulation under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.
- Section 22. Section 741.508, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 741.508 Domestic partnerships prohibited and void.-
- (1) The following domestic partnerships are prohibited and void:
- (a) If either party to the domestic partnership currently has a different partner, or a wife or husband recognized by this state, living at the time of entering into the domestic partnership.
- (b) If the parties to the domestic partnership are related by lineal consanguinity or are siblings, or if one party is the niece or nephew of the other party.
- (c) If either party to a domestic partnership is incapable of making the civil contract or consenting to the contract for want of legal age or sufficient understanding.
- (2) If the consent of either party is obtained by force or fraud, the domestic partnership is void from the time it is so declared by a judgment of a court having jurisdiction of the domestic partnership.
- (3) An individual who has filed a Declaration of Domestic

 Partnership form may not file a new Declaration of Domestic

 Partnership form or enter a marriage recognized in this state

 with someone other than the individual's registered partner

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unless a judgment of dissolution or annulment of the most recent domestic partnership has been entered. This prohibition does not apply if the previous domestic partnership ended because one of the partners died.

Section 23. Section 741.509, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

741.509 Fees.-

- (1) The clerk of the circuit court shall collect and receive a fee of \$2 for receiving a Declaration of Domestic Partnership form completed in accordance with s. 741.505. In addition:
- (a) A fee of \$25 shall be collected and deposited in the Domestic Violence Trust Fund for the purposes provided in s. 741.01(2).
- (b) A fee of \$7.50 shall be collected for deposit in the Displaced Homemaker Trust Fund created in s. 446.50.
- (c) A fee of \$25 shall be collected and remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit, monthly, into the General Revenue Fund.
- (d) A fee of \$4 shall be collected and distributed as provided in s. 382.022.
- (2) An applicant for a Certificate of Registered Domestic Partnership who is unable to pay the fees required under subsection (1) in a lump sum may make payment in not more than three installments over a period of 90 days. The clerk shall accept installment payments upon receipt of an affidavit that the applicant is unable to pay the fees in a lump-sum payment. Upon receipt of the third or final installment payment, the

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Declaration of Domestic Partnership shall be deemed filed, and the clerk shall issue the Certificate of Registered Domestic Partnership and distribute the fees as appropriate. If the fee is paid in installments, the clerk shall retain \$1 from the additional fee imposed pursuant to paragraph (1)(c) as a processing fee.

Section 24. Section 741.510, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

741.510 Proof domestic partnership where certificate is not available.—If a Declaration of Domestic Partnership has been received in accordance with s. 741.505 and the clerk has not registered such declaration as required by that section, if a Certificate of Registered Domestic Partnership has been lost, or if by reason of death or other cause the certificate cannot be obtained, the domestic partnership may be proved by affidavit before any officer authorized to administer oaths made by two competent witnesses who were present and saw the Declaration of Domestic Partnership executed under s. 741.505, which affidavit may be filed and recorded in the office of clerk of the circuit in which the Declaration of Domestic Partnership was registered, with the same force and effect as if the proper certificate has been made, returned, and recorded.

Section 25. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 741.28, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 921.0024, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

921.0024 Criminal Punishment Code; worksheet computations; scoresheets.—

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673 (1)

(b) WORKSHEET KEY:

Legal status points are assessed when any form of legal status existed at the time the offender committed an offense before the court for sentencing. Four (4) sentence points are assessed for an offender's legal status.

- Community sanction violation points are assessed when a community sanction violation is before the court for sentencing. Six (6) sentence points are assessed for each community sanction violation and each successive community sanction violation, unless any of the following apply:
- 1. If the community sanction violation includes a new felony conviction before the sentencing court, twelve (12) community sanction violation points are assessed for the violation, and for each successive community sanction violation involving a new felony conviction.
- 2. If the community sanction violation is committed by a violent felony offender of special concern as defined in s. 948.06:
- a. Twelve (12) community sanction violation points are assessed for the violation and for each successive violation of felony probation or community control where:
- (I) The violation does not include a new felony conviction; and
- (II) The community sanction violation is not based solely on the probationer or offender's failure to pay costs or fines

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or make restitution payments.

b. Twenty-four (24) community sanction violation points are assessed for the violation and for each successive violation of felony probation or community control where the violation includes a new felony conviction.

Multiple counts of community sanction violations before the sentencing court shall not be a basis for multiplying the assessment of community sanction violation points.

Prior serious felony points: If the offender has a primary offense or any additional offense ranked in level 8, level 9, or level 10, and one or more prior serious felonies, a single assessment of thirty (30) points shall be added. For purposes of this section, a prior serious felony is an offense in the offender's prior record that is ranked in level 8, level 9, or level 10 under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 and for which the offender is serving a sentence of confinement, supervision, or other sanction or for which the offender's date of release from confinement, supervision, or other sanction, whichever is later, is within 3 years before the date the primary offense or any additional offense was committed.

Prior capital felony points: If the offender has one or more prior capital felonies in the offender's criminal record, points shall be added to the subtotal sentence points of the offender equal to twice the number of points the offender receives for the primary offense and any additional offense. A prior capital

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felony in the offender's criminal record is a previous capital felony offense for which the offender has entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty or has been found guilty; or a felony in another jurisdiction which is a capital felony in that jurisdiction, or would be a capital felony if the offense were committed in this state.

Possession of a firearm, semiautomatic firearm, or machine gun: If the offender is convicted of committing or attempting to commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 775.087(2) while having in his or her possession: a firearm as defined in s. 790.001(6), an additional eighteen (18) sentence points are assessed; or if the offender is convicted of committing or attempting to commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 775.087(3) while having in his or her possession a semiautomatic firearm as defined in s. 775.087(3) or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001(9), an additional twenty-five (25) sentence points are assessed.

Sentencing multipliers:

Drug trafficking: If the primary offense is drug trafficking under s. 893.135, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied, at the discretion of the court, for a level 7 or level 8 offense, by 1.5. The state attorney may move the sentencing court to reduce or suspend the sentence of a person convicted of a level 7 or level 8 offense, if the offender provides substantial assistance as described in s. 893.135(4).

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757 758 Law enforcement protection: If the primary offense is a 759 violation of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 760 775.0823(2), (3), or (4), the subtotal sentence points are 761 multiplied by 2.5. If the primary offense is a violation of s. 762 775.0823(5), (6), (7), (8), or (9), the subtotal sentence points 763 are multiplied by 2.0. If the primary offense is a violation of 764 s. 784.07(3) or s. 775.0875(1), or of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 775.0823(10) or (11), the subtotal 765 766 sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 767 768 Grand theft of a motor vehicle: If the primary offense is grand 769 theft of the third degree involving a motor vehicle and in the offender's prior record, there are three or more grand thefts of 770 771 the third degree involving a motor vehicle, the subtotal 772 sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 773 774 Offense related to a criminal gang: If the offender is convicted 775 of the primary offense and committed that offense for the 776 purpose of benefiting, promoting, or furthering the interests of 777 a criminal gang as prohibited under s. 874.04, the subtotal 778 sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 779 780 Domestic violence in the presence of a child: If the offender is convicted of the primary offense and the primary offense is a 781 crime of domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28, which was 782

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committed in the presence of a child under 16 years of age who

is a family or household member as defined in s. 741.28(3) with

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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the victim or perpetrator, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 1.5.

Section 26. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 741.28, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 943.171, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

943.171 Basic skills training in handling domestic violence cases.—

(2) As used in this section, the term:

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- 794 (b) "Household member" has the meaning set forth in s. 795 741.28(3).
- 796 Section 27. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.