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A bill to be entitled An act relating to abortions; amending s. 390.0111, F.S.; requiring that an ultrasound be performed on a woman obtaining an abortion; specifying who must perform an ultrasound; requiring that the ultrasound be reviewed with the patient before the woman gives informed consent for the abortion procedure; specifying who must review the ultrasound with the patient; requiring that the woman certify in writing that she declined to review the ultrasound and did so of her own free will and without undue influence; providing an exemption from the requirement to view the ultrasound for women who are the victims of rape, incest, domestic violence, or human trafficking or for women who have a serious medical condition necessitating the abortion; revising requirements for written materials; providing that failure to comply with the requirements of the section constitutes grounds for disciplinary action; requiring rulemaking; amending s. 390.012, F.S.; requiring an ultrasound for all patients regardless of when the abortion is performed; requiring the agency to adopt rules requiring clinics to comply with s. 390.0111, F.S.; deleting provisions relating to reviewing ultrasound evaluation results, to conform to changes made by the act; providing for severability; providing an effective date. 25 26 27 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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29 Section 1. Subsection (3) of section 390.0111, Florida 30 Statutes, is amended, and subsections (12) and (13) are added to 31 that section, to read:

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390.0111 Termination of pregnancies.-

(3) CONSENTS REQUIRED.—A termination of pregnancy may not be performed or induced except with the voluntary and informed written consent of the pregnant woman or, in the case of a mental incompetent, the voluntary and informed written consent of her court-appointed guardian.

38 (a) Except in the case of a medical emergency, consent to39 a termination of pregnancy is voluntary and informed only if:

1. The physician who is to perform the procedure, or the
referring physician, has, at a minimum, orally, in person,
informed the woman of:

a. The nature and risks of undergoing or not undergoing
the proposed procedure that a reasonable patient would consider
material to making a knowing and willful decision of whether to
terminate a pregnancy.

b. The probable gestational age of the fetus, verified by
an ultrasound, at the time the termination of pregnancy is to be
performed.

50 (I) The ultrasound must be performed by the physician who 51 is to perform the abortion or by a person having documented 52 evidence that he or she has completed a course in the operation 53 of ultrasound equipment as prescribed by rule and who is working 54 in conjunction with the physician. 55 (II) The person performing the ultrasound must offer the

56 woman the opportunity to view the live ultrasound images and

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57	hear an explanation of them. If the woman accepts the
58	opportunity to view the images and hear the explanation, a
59	physician or a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse,
60	advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant
61	working in conjunction with the physician must contemporaneously
62	review and explain the images to the woman before the woman
63	gives informed consent to having an abortion procedure
64	performed.
65	(III) The woman has a right to decline to view and hear
66	the explanation of the live ultrasound images after she is
67	informed of her right and offered an opportunity to view the
68	images and hear the explanation. If the woman declines, the
69	woman shall complete a form acknowledging that she was offered
70	an opportunity to view and hear the explanation of the images
71	but that she declined that opportunity. The form must also
72	indicate that the woman's decision was not based on any undue
73	influence from any person to discourage her from viewing the
74	images or hearing the explanation and that she declined of her
75	own free will.
76	(IV) Unless requested by the woman, the person performing
77	the ultrasound may not offer the opportunity to view the images
78	and hear the explanation and the explanation may not be given
79	if, at the time the woman schedules or arrives for her
80	appointment to obtain an abortion, a copy of a restraining
81	order, police report, medical record, or other court order or
82	documentation is presented which provides evidence that the
83	woman is obtaining the abortion because the woman is a victim of
84	rape, incest, domestic violence, or human trafficking or that
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85	the woman has been diagnosed as having a condition that, on the
86	basis of a physician's good faith clinical judgment, would
87	create a serious risk of substantial and irreversible impairment
88	of a major bodily function if the woman delayed terminating her
89	pregnancy.
90	c. The medical risks to the woman and fetus of carrying
91	the pregnancy to term.
92	2. Printed materials prepared and provided by the
93	department have been provided to the pregnant woman, if she
94	chooses to view these materials, including:
95	a. A description of the fetus, including a description of
96	the various stages of development.
97	b. A list of <u>entities</u> agencies that offer alternatives to
98	terminating the pregnancy.
99	c. Detailed information on the availability of medical
100	assistance benefits for prenatal care, childbirth, and neonatal
101	care.
102	3. The woman acknowledges in writing, before the
103	termination of pregnancy, that the information required to be
104	provided under this subsection has been provided.
105	
106	Nothing in this paragraph is intended to prohibit a physician
107	from providing any additional information which the physician
108	deems material to the woman's informed decision to terminate her
109	pregnancy.
110	(b) <u>If</u> In the event a medical emergency exists and a
111	physician cannot comply with the requirements for informed
112	consent, a physician may terminate a pregnancy if he or she has
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obtained at least one corroborative medical opinion attesting to 113 114 the medical necessity for emergency medical procedures and to 115 the fact that to a reasonable degree of medical certainty the 116 continuation of the pregnancy would threaten the life of the 117 pregnant woman. If a In the event no second physician is not 118 available for a corroborating opinion, the physician may proceed 119 but shall document reasons for the medical necessity in the patient's medical records. 120

(c) Violation of this subsection by a physician constitutes grounds for disciplinary action under s. 458.331 or s. 459.015. Substantial compliance or reasonable belief that complying with the requirements of informed consent would threaten the life or health of the patient is a defense to any action brought under this paragraph.

127 <u>(12) FAILURE TO COMPLY.-Failure to comply with the</u> 128 requirements of this section constitutes grounds for 129 <u>disciplinary action under each respective practice act and under</u> 130 <u>s. 456.072.</u>

131 (13) RULES.—The applicable boards, or the department if 132 there is no board, shall adopt rules necessary to implement the 133 provisions of this section.

134 Section 2. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section135 390.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

136 390.012 Powers of agency; rules; disposal of fetal 137 remains.-

(3) For clinics that perform or claim to perform abortions
after the first trimester of pregnancy, the agency shall adopt
rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the

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141 provisions of this chapter, including the following:

(d) Rules relating to the medical screening and evaluation of each abortion clinic patient. At a minimum, these rules shall require:

A medical history including reported allergies to
 medications, antiseptic solutions, or latex; past surgeries; and
 an obstetric and gynecological history.

148 2. A physical examination, including a bimanual149 examination estimating uterine size and palpation of the adnexa.

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3. The appropriate laboratory tests, including:

a. For an abortion in which an ultrasound examination is
 not performed before the abortion procedure, Urine or blood
 tests for pregnancy performed before the abortion procedure.

b. A test for anemia.

155 c. Rh typing, unless reliable written documentation of156 blood type is available.

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d. Other tests as indicated from the physical examination.

158 An ultrasound evaluation for all patients who elect to 4. 159 have an abortion after the first trimester. The rules shall 160 require that if a person who is not a physician performs an 161 ultrasound examination, that person shall have documented 162 evidence that he or she has completed a course in the operation 163 of ultrasound equipment as prescribed in rule. The rules shall 164 require clinics to be in compliance with s. 390.0111. The physician, registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, advanced 165 166 registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant shall 167 review, at the request of the patient, the ultrasound evaluation results, including an estimate of the probable gestational age 168 Page 6 of 7

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169 of the fetus, with the patient before the abortion procedure is 170 performed.

5. That the physician is responsible for estimating the gestational age of the fetus based on the ultrasound examination and obstetric standards in keeping with established standards of care regarding the estimation of fetal age as defined in rule and shall write the estimate in the patient's medical history. The physician shall keep original prints of each ultrasound examination of a patient in the patient's medical history file.

Section 3. If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are severable.

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Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.