A bill to be entitled

An act relating to pain-management clinics; amending ss. 458.327 and 459.013, F.S.; providing that persons who are convicted of, enter a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, or have adjudication withheld for knowingly operating, owning, or managing an unregistered pain-management clinic are subject to the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act; amending s. 932.701, F.S.; redefining the term "contraband article" as it relates to owning, operating, or managing an unregistered pain-management clinic; amending s. 932.7055, F.S.; requiring that proceeds from a forfeiture involving an unregistered pain-management clinic be deposited in the Crimes Compensation Trust Fund within the Department of Revenue; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 458.327, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.327 Penalty for violations.-

- (1) Each of the following acts constitutes a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084:
- (a) The practice of medicine or an attempt to practice medicine without a license to practice in Florida.
- (b) The use or attempted use of a license which is suspended or revoked to practice medicine.
 - (c) Attempting to obtain or obtaining a license to

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practice medicine by knowing misrepresentation.

- (d) Attempting to obtain or obtaining a position as a medical practitioner or medical resident in a clinic or hospital through knowing misrepresentation of education, training, or experience.
- (e) Knowingly operating, owning, or managing an unregistered a nonregistered pain-management clinic that is required to be registered with the Department of Health pursuant to s. 458.3265(1). A person who is convicted of, enters a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, or has adjudication withheld for knowingly operating, owning, or managing an unregistered pain-management clinic that is required to be registered with the Department of Health is also subject to the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act as provided in ss. 932.701-932.706.
- Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 459.013, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

459.013 Penalty for violations.-

- (1) Each of the following acts constitutes a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084:
- (a) The practice of osteopathic medicine, or an attempt to practice osteopathic medicine, without an active license or certificate issued pursuant to this chapter.
- (b) The practice of osteopathic medicine by a person holding a limited license, osteopathic faculty certificate, or other certificate issued under this chapter beyond the scope of practice authorized for such licensee or certificateholder.
 - (c) Attempting to obtain or obtaining a license to

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practice osteopathic medicine by knowing misrepresentation.

- (d) Attempting to obtain or obtaining a position as an osteopathic medical practitioner or osteopathic medical resident in a clinic or hospital through knowing misrepresentation of education, training, or experience.
- (e) Knowingly operating, owning, or managing a nonregistered pain-management clinic that is required to be registered with the Department of Health pursuant to s. 459.0137(1). A person who is convicted of, enters a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, or has adjudication withheld for knowingly operating, owning, or managing an unregistered pain-management clinic that is required to be registered with the Department of Health is also subject to the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act as provided in ss. 932.701-932.706.
- Section 3. Section 932.701, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 932.701 Short title; definitions.-
- (1) Sections 932.701-932.706 shall be known and may be cited as the "Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act."
 - (2) As used in the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act:
 - (a) "Contraband article" means:
- 1. Any controlled substance as defined in chapter 893 or any substance, device, paraphernalia, or currency or other means of exchange that was used, was attempted to be used, or was intended to be used in violation of any provision of chapter 893, if the totality of the facts presented by the state is clearly sufficient to meet the state's burden of establishing probable cause to believe that a nexus exists between the

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article seized and the narcotics activity, whether or not the use of the contraband article can be traced to a specific narcotics transaction.

- 2. Any gambling paraphernalia, lottery tickets, money, currency, or other means of exchange which was used, was attempted, or intended to be used in violation of the gambling laws of the state.
- 3. Any equipment, liquid or solid, which was being used, is being used, was attempted to be used, or intended to be used in violation of the beverage or tobacco laws of the state.
- 4. Any motor fuel upon which the motor fuel tax has not been paid as required by law.
- 5. Any personal property, including, but not limited to, any vessel, aircraft, item, object, tool, substance, device, weapon, machine, vehicle of any kind, money, securities, books, records, research, negotiable instruments, or currency, which was used or was attempted to be used as an instrumentality in the commission of, or in aiding or abetting in the commission of, any felony, whether or not comprising an element of the felony, or which is acquired by proceeds obtained as a result of a violation of the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act.
- 6. Any real property, including any right, title, leasehold, or other interest in the whole of any lot or tract of land, which was used, is being used, or was attempted to be used as an instrumentality in the commission of, or in aiding or abetting in the commission of, any felony, or which is acquired by proceeds obtained as a result of a violation of the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act.

7. Any personal property, including, but not limited to, equipment, money, securities, books, records, research, negotiable instruments, currency, or any vessel, aircraft, item, object, tool, substance, device, weapon, machine, or vehicle of any kind in the possession of or belonging to any person who takes aquaculture products in violation of s. 812.014(2)(c).

- 8. Any motor vehicle offered for sale in violation of s. 320.28.
- 9. Any motor vehicle used during the course of committing an offense in violation of s. 322.34(9)(a).
- 10. Any photograph, film, or other recorded image, including an image recorded on videotape, a compact disc, digital tape, or fixed disk, that is recorded in violation of s. 810.145 and is possessed for the purpose of amusement, entertainment, sexual arousal, gratification, or profit, or for the purpose of degrading or abusing another person.
- 11. Any real property, including any right, title, leasehold, or other interest in the whole of any lot or tract of land, which is acquired by proceeds obtained as a result of Medicaid fraud under s. 409.920 or s. 409.9201; any personal property, including, but not limited to, equipment, money, securities, books, records, research, negotiable instruments, or currency; or any vessel, aircraft, item, object, tool, substance, device, weapon, machine, or vehicle of any kind in the possession of or belonging to any person which is acquired by proceeds obtained as a result of Medicaid fraud under s. 409.920 or s. 409.9201.
 - 12. Any real property, including any right, title,

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141	leasehold, or other interest in the whole of any lot or tract of
142	land, which is acquired by proceeds obtained as a result of
143	knowingly operating, owning, or managing an unregistered pain-
144	management clinic as prohibited in s. 458.327(1) or s.
145	459.013(1); or any personal property, including, but not limited
146	to, equipment, money, securities, books, records, research,
147	negotiable instruments, or currency; or any vessel, aircraft,
148	item, object, tool, substance, device, weapon, machine, or
149	vehicle of any kind in the possession of or belonging to a
150	person which is acquired by proceeds obtained as a result of
151	knowingly operating, owning, or managing an unregistered pain-
152	management clinic as prohibited in s. 458.327(1) or s.
153	459.013(1).

- (b) "Bona fide lienholder" means the holder of a lien perfected pursuant to applicable law.
- (c) "Promptly proceed" means to file the complaint within 45 days after seizure.
- (d) "Complaint" is a petition for forfeiture filed in the civil division of the circuit court by the seizing agency requesting the court to issue a judgment of forfeiture.
- (e) "Person entitled to notice" means any owner, entity, bona fide lienholder, or person in possession of the property subject to forfeiture when seized, who is known to the seizing agency after a diligent search and inquiry.
- (f) "Adversarial preliminary hearing" means a hearing in which the seizing agency is required to establish probable cause that the property subject to forfeiture was used in violation of the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act.

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(g) "Forfeiture proceeding" means a hearing or trial in which the court or jury determines whether the subject property shall be forfeited.

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- (h) "Claimant" means any party who has proprietary interest in property subject to forfeiture and has standing to challenge such forfeiture, including owners, registered owners, bona fide lienholders, and titleholders.
- Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 932.7055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 932.7055 Disposition of liens and forfeited property.-
- (6) If the seizing agency is a state agency, all remaining proceeds shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund. However, if the seizing agency is:
- (a) The Department of Law Enforcement, the proceeds accrued pursuant to the provisions of the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act shall be deposited into the <u>following trust</u> funds:
- 1. The Forfeiture and Investigative Support Trust Fund as provided in s. 943.362; or into
- $\underline{2.}$ The department's Federal Law Enforcement Trust Fund as provided in s. 943.365, as applicable; or-
- 3. The Crimes Compensation Trust Fund if the forfeiture involves an unregistered pain-management clinic.
- 192 Section 5. This act shall take effect October 1, 2011.