By the Committees on Budget Subcommittee on General Government Appropriations; and Banking and Insurance; and Senator Detert

601-04517-11

20111316c2

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to loan processing; amending s.
3	494.001, F.S.; creating and revising definitions;
4	deleting a redundant definition; amending s. 494.0011,
5	F.S.; specifying rulemaking powers of the Financial
6	Services Commission; amending s. 494.00255, F.S.;
7	including in-house loan processors in disciplinary
8	provisions; amending s. 494.00331, F.S.; providing
9	that specified provisions do not apply to a licensed
10	contract loan processor who has on file with the
11	office a declaration of intent to act solely as a
12	contract loan processor; deleting a definition;
13	providing restrictions on employment of persons
14	licensed as in-house loan processors; amending s.
15	494.0035, F.S.; clarifying provisions concerning the
16	operation of mortgage brokers; amending s. 494.0038,
17	F.S.; revising provisions relating to disclosure of
18	settlement charges and loan terms; amending s.
19	494.00421, F.S.; revising an agency reference in the
20	mortgage broker agreement; providing that a borrower
21	may contact the Office of Financial Regulation rather
22	than the Department of Financial Services regarding
23	any complaints against a loan originator; amending s.
24	494.00612, F.S.; requiring that in order to renew a
25	mortgage lender license a mortgage lender must
26	authorize the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and
27	Registry to obtain an independent credit report on
28	each of the mortgage lender's control persons;
29	amending s. 494.0067, F.S.; requiring each mortgage

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30	lender to submit certain reports to the registry as
31	may be required; providing an effective date.
32	
33	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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35	Section 1. Subsections (1), (14), (25), and (26) of section
36	494.001, Florida Statutes, are amended, new subsections (5),
37	(11), and (17) are added to that section, present subsections
38	(5) through (9) are renumbered as subsections (6) through (10),
39	respectively, present subsections (10) through (14) are
40	renumbered as subsections (12) through (16), respectively,
41	present subsections (15) through (24) are renumbered as
42	subsections (18) through (27), respectively, and present
43	subsections (26) through (34) are renumbered as subsections (28)
44	through (36), respectively, to read:
45	494.001 Definitions.—As used in ss. 494.001-494.0077, the
46	term:
47	(1) "Borrower" means a person obligated to repay a mortgage
48	loan and includes, but is not limited to, a coborrower $\overline{\mathrm{or}_{ au}}$
49	cosignor , or guarantor .
50	(5) "Contract loan processor" means an individual who is
51	licensed under part II of this chapter as a loan originator, who
52	is an independent contractor for a mortgage broker or mortgage
53	lender, and who engages only in loan processing.
54	(11) "In-house loan processor" means an individual who is
55	an employee of a mortgage broker or a mortgage lender who
56	engages only in loan processing.
57	(16) (14) "Loan originator" means an individual who,
58	directly or indirectly, solicits or offers to solicit a mortgage

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59	loan, accepts or offers to accept an application for a mortgage
60	loan, negotiates or offers to negotiate the terms or conditions
61	of a new or existing mortgage loan on behalf of a borrower or
62	lender, processes a mortgage loan application, or negotiates or
63	offers to negotiate the sale of an existing mortgage loan to a
64	noninstitutional investor for compensation or gain. The term
65	includes an individual who is required to be licensed as a loan
66	originator under t he activities of a loan originator as that
67	$rac{ ext{term} ext{ is defined in}}{ ext{the S.A.F.E.}}$ Mortgage Licensing Act of 2008 $_{ au}$
68	and an individual acting as a loan originator pursuant to that
69	definition is acting as a loan originator for purposes of this
70	definition. The term does not include an employee of a mortgage
71	broker or mortgage lender <u>whose duties are limited to</u> who
72	performs only administrative or clerical tasks, including
73	$rac{quoting available interest rates, physically handling a$
74	completed application form $_{m{ au}}$ or transmitting a completed
75	application form to a lender on behalf of a prospective
76	borrower.
77	(17) "Loan processing" means:
78	(a) Receiving, collecting, distributing, and analyzing
79	information common for the processing of a mortgage loan; or
80	(b) Communicating with a consumer to obtain information
81	necessary for the processing of a mortgage loan if such
82	communication does not include offering or negotiating loan
83	rates or terms, or counseling consumers about residential
84	mortgage loan rates or terms.
85	(25) "Person" has the same meaning as in s. 1.01.
86	(28) (26) "Principal loan originator" means the licensed

87 loan originator in charge of, and responsible for, the operation

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88	of a mortgage lender or mortgage broker, including all of the
89	activities of the mortgage lender's or mortgage broker's loan
90	originators, in-house loan processors, and branch managers,
91	whether employees or independent contractors.
92	Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 494.0011, Florida
93	Statutes, is amended to read:
94	494.0011 Powers and duties of the commission and office.—
95	(2) To administer ss. 494.001-494.0077, The commission may
96	adopt rules to administer parts I, II, and III of this chapter,
97	including rules:
98	(a) Requiring electronic submission of any forms,
99	documents, or fees required by this act.
100	(b) Relating to compliance with the S.A.F.E. Mortgage
101	Licensing Act of 2008, including rules to:
102	1. Require loan originators, mortgage brokers, mortgage
103	lenders, and branch offices to register through the registry.
104	2. Require the use of uniform forms that have been approved
105	by the registry, and any subsequent amendments to such forms if
106	the forms are substantially in compliance with the provisions of
107	this chapter. Uniform forms that the commission may adopt
108	include, but are not limited to:
109	a. Uniform Mortgage Lender/Mortgage Broker Form, MU1.
110	b. Uniform Mortgage Biographical Statement & Consent Form,
111	MU2.
112	c. Uniform Mortgage Branch Office Form, MU3.
113	d. Uniform Individual Mortgage License/Registration &
114	Consent Form, MU4.
115	3. Require the filing of forms, documents, and fees in
116	accordance with the requirements of the registry.

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117	4. Prescribe requirements for amending or surrendering a
118	license or other activities as the commission deems necessary
119	for the office's participation in the registry.
120	5. Prescribe procedures that allow a licensee to challenge
121	information contained in the registry.
122	6. Prescribe procedures for reporting violations of this
123	chapter and disciplinary actions on licensees to the registry.
124	(c) Establishing time periods during which a loan
125	originator, mortgage broker, or mortgage lender license
126	applicant under part II or part III is barred from licensure due
127	to prior criminal convictions of, or guilty or nolo contendere
128	pleas by, any of the applicant's control persons, regardless of
129	adjudication.
130	1. The rules must provide:
131	a. Permanent bars for felonies involving fraud, dishonesty,
132	breach of trust, or money laundering;
133	b. A 15-year disqualifying period for felonies involving
134	moral turpitude;
135	c. A 7-year disqualifying period for all other felonies;
136	and
137	d. A 5-year disqualifying period for misdemeanors involving
138	fraud, dishonesty, or any other act of moral turpitude.
139	2. The rules may provide for an additional waiting period
140	due to dates of imprisonment or community supervision, the
141	commitment of multiple crimes, and other factors reasonably
142	related to the applicant's criminal history.
143	3. The rules may provide for mitigating factors for crimes
144	identified in sub-subparagraph 1.b. However, the mitigation may
145	not result in a period of disqualification less than 7 years.

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146	The rule may not mitigate the disqualifying periods in sub-
147	subparagraphs 1.a., 1.c., and 1.d.
148	4. An applicant is not eligible for licensure until the
149	expiration of the disqualifying period set by rule.
150	5. Section 112.011 is not applicable to eligibility for
151	licensure under this part.
152	Section 3. Subsections (3), (4), (5), and (6) of section
153	494.00255, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (m) of
154	subsection (1) of that section is reenacted, to read:
155	494.00255 Administrative penalties and fines; license
156	violations
157	(1) Each of the following acts constitutes a ground for
158	which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may
159	be taken against a person licensed or required to be licensed
160	under part II or part III of this chapter:
161	(m) In any mortgage transaction, violating any provision of
162	the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act, as amended,
163	12 U.S.C. ss. 2601 et seq.; the federal Truth in Lending Act, as
164	amended, 15 U.S.C. ss. 1601 et seq.; or any regulations adopted
165	under such acts.
166	(3) A mortgage broker or mortgage lender, as applicable, is
167	subject to the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2)
168	for a violation of subsection (1) by:
169	(a) A control person of the mortgage broker or mortgage
170	lender; or
171	(b) A loan originator employed by or contracting with the
172	mortgage broker or mortgage lender <u>; or</u>
173	(c) An in-house loan processor who is an employee of the
174	mortgage broker or mortgage lender.

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(4) A principal loan originator of a mortgage broker is subject to the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) for violations of subsection (1) by a loan originator <u>or an in-</u> <u>house loan processor</u> in the course of an association with the mortgage broker if there is a pattern of repeated violations by the loan originator <u>or in-house loan processor</u> or if the principal loan originator has knowledge of the violations.

(5) A principal loan originator of a mortgage lender is subject to the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) for violations of subsection (1) by a loan originator or an inhouse loan processor in the course of an association with a <u>mortgage lender</u> if there is a pattern of repeated violations by the loan originator <u>or in-house loan processor</u> or if the principal loan originator has knowledge of the violations.

(6) A branch manager is subject to the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) for violations of subsection (1) by a loan originator <u>or an in-house loan processor</u> in the course of an association with the mortgage broker or mortgage lender if there is a pattern of repeated violations by the loan originator <u>or in-house loan processor</u> or if the branch manager has knowledge of the violations.

Section 4. Section 494.00331, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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494.00331 Loan originator and loan processor employment.-

(1) LOAN ORIGINATORS.—An individual may not act as a loan originator unless he or she is an employee of, or an independent contractor for, a mortgage broker or a mortgage lender, and may not be employed by or contract with more than one mortgage broker or mortgage lender, or either simultaneously.

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204	(2) CONTRACT LOAN PROCESSORSSubsection (1) However, this
205	provision does not apply to <u>a contract loan processor who has a</u>
206	declaration of intent to act solely as a contract loan processor
207	on file with the office. The declaration of intent must be on a
208	form as prescribed by commission rule any licensed loan
209	originator who acts solely as a loan processor and contracts
210	with more than one mortgage broker or mortgage lender, or either
211	simultaneously.
212	(2) For purposes of this section, the term "loan processor"
213	means an individual who is licensed as a loan originator who
214	engages only in:
215	(a) The receipt, collection, distribution, and analysis of
216	information common for the processing or underwriting of a
217	residential mortgage loan; or
218	(b) Communication with consumers to obtain the information
219	necessary for the processing or underwriting of a loan, to the
220	extent that such communication does not include offering or
221	negotiating loan rates or terms or does not include counseling
222	consumers about residential mortgage loan rates or terms.
223	(3) A person may not act as a loan processor unless the
224	person is licensed as a loan originator under this chapter and
225	has on file with the office a declaration of intent to engage
226	solely in loan processing. The declaration of intent must be on
227	such form as prescribed by the commission by rule.
228	(a) (4) A loan originator that currently has a declaration
229	of intent to engage solely in loan processing on file with the
230	office may withdraw his or her declaration of intent to engage
231	solely in loan processing. The withdrawal of declaration of
232	intent must be on such form as prescribed by commission rule.

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601-04517-11 20111316c2 233 (b) (5) A declaration of intent or a withdrawal of 234 declaration of intent is effective upon receipt by the office. 235 (c) (6) The fee earned by a contract loan processor may be 236 paid to the company that employs the loan processor without 237 violating the restriction in s. 494.0025(8) (7) requiring fees or 238 commissions to be paid to a licensed mortgage broker or mortgage 239 lender or a person exempt from licensure under this chapter. 240 (3) IN-HOUSE LOAN PROCESSORS. - An individual may not act as an in-house loan processor unless he or she is an employee of a 241 242 mortgage broker or a mortgage lender and may not be employed by 243 more than one mortgage broker or mortgage lender, or either, 244 simultaneously. An in-house loan processor must work at the 245 direction of and be subject to the supervision and instruction 246 of a loan originator licensed under this part. 247 Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 494.0035, Florida 248 Statutes, is amended to read: 249 494.0035 Principal loan originator and branch manager for 250 mortgage broker.-251 (1) Each mortgage broker must be operated by a principal 252 loan originator who shall have full charge, control, and 253 supervision of the mortgage broker business. The principal loan 254 originator must have been licensed as a loan originator for at 255 least 1 year before being designated as the principal loan 256 originator, or must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the 257 office that he or she has been actively engaged in a mortgage-258 related mortgage broker-related business for at least 1 year 259 before being designated as a principal loan originator. Each 260 mortgage broker must keep the office informed of the person 261 designated as the principal loan originator as prescribed by

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601-04517-11 20111316c2 262 commission rule. If the designation is inaccurate, the mortgage 263 broker business shall be deemed to be operated under the full 264 charge, control, and supervision of each officer, director, or 265 ultimate equitable owner of a 10-percent or greater interest in 266 the mortgage broker, or any other person in a similar capacity. A loan originator may not be a principal loan originator for 267 268 more than one mortgage broker at any given time. 269 Section 6. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 494.0038, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 270 271 494.0038 Loan origination and mortgage broker fees and 272 disclosures.-273 (3) At the time a written mortgage broker agreement is signed by the borrower or forwarded to the borrower for 274 275 signature, or at the time the mortgage broker business accepts 276 an application fee, credit report fee, property appraisal fee, 277 or any other third-party fee, but at least 3 business days 278 before execution of the closing or settlement statement, the 279 mortgage broker shall disclose in writing to any applicant for a 280 mortgage loan the following information: 281 (c) A good faith estimate that discloses settlement charges 282 and loan terms, signed and dated by the borrower, which discloses the total amount of each of the fees the borrower may 283 reasonably expect to pay if the loan is closed, including, but 284 285 not limited to, fees earned by the mortgage broker, lender fees, 286 third-party fees, and official fees, together with the terms and 287 conditions for obtaining a refund of such fees, if any. 288 1. Any amount collected in excess of the actual cost shall 289 be returned within 60 days after rejection, withdrawal, or 290 closing.

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          2. At the time a good faith estimate is provided to the
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     borrower, the loan originator must identify in writing an
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     itemized list that provides the recipient of all payments
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     charged the borrower, which, except for all fees to be received
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     by the mortgage broker, may be disclosed in generic terms, such
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     as, but not limited to, paid to lender, appraiser, officials,
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     title company, or any other third-party service provider. This
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     requirement does not supplant or is not a substitute for the
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     written mortgage broker agreement described in subsection (1).
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     The disclosure required under this subparagraph must be signed
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     and dated by the borrower.
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          Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section
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303 494.00421, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
304 494.00421 Fees earned upon obtaining a bona fide

305 commitment.-Notwithstanding the provisions of ss. 494.001-306 494.0077, any mortgage broker which contracts to receive a loan 307 origination fee from a borrower upon obtaining a bona fide 308 commitment shall accurately disclose in the mortgage broker 309 agreement:

310 (7) (a) The following statement, in at least 12-point 311 boldface type immediately above the signature lines for the 312 borrowers:

"You are entering into a contract with a mortgage broker to obtain a bona fide mortgage loan commitment under the same terms and conditions as stated hereinabove or in a separate executed good faith estimate form. If the mortgage broker obtains a bona fide commitment under the same terms and conditions, you will be obligated to pay the loan origination fees even if you choose not to complete the loan transaction. If the provisions of s.

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320	494.00421, Florida Statutes, are not met, the loan origination
321	fee can only be earned upon the funding of the mortgage loan.
322	The borrower may contact the Office of Financial Regulation
323	Department of Financial Services, Tallahassee, Florida,
324	regarding any complaints that the borrower may have against the
325	loan originator. The telephone number of the <u>office</u> department
326	is:(insert telephone number)"
327	Section 8. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section
328	494.00612, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
329	494.00612 Mortgage lender license renewal
330	(1) In order to renew a mortgage lender license, a mortgage
331	lender must:
332	(e) Authorize the registry to obtain an independent credit
333	report on <u>each of</u> the mortgage <u>lender's control persons</u> lender
334	from a consumer reporting agency, and transmit or provide access
335	to the report to the office. The cost of the credit report shall
336	be borne by the licensee.
337	Section 9. Subsection (13) is added to section 494.0067,
338	Florida Statutes, to read:
339	494.0067 Requirements of mortgage lenders
340	(13) Each mortgage lender shall submit to the registry
341	reports of condition which are in a form and which contain such
342	information as the registry may require.
343	Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.

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