The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By: The	e Professional Staff	of the Banking and	Insurance Cor	nmittee
BILL:	CS/SB 1426				
INTRODUCER:	Senate Banking and Insurance Committee and Senator Hays				
SUBJECT:	Repeal of Health Insurance Provisions				
DATE:	March 16, 2011	REVISED:			
ANALYST		AFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
1. Burgess	Bur	gess	BI	Fav/CS	
2.			СМ		
3.			BC		
4					
5					
5.					

Please see Section VIII. for Additional Information:

A. COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE..... X B. AMENDMENTS.....

Statement of Substantial Changes Technical amendments were recommended Amendments were recommended Significant amendments were recommended

I. Summary:

The bill deletes s. 627.64872(6), F.S., which requires the Board of Directors of the Florida Health Insurance Plan to submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, an annual report which is to include an independent actuarial study.

The bill deletes s. 627.6699(15)(1), F.S., which requires the Office of Insurance Regulation to submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, an annual report which summarizes the activities of the Small Employer Access Program, including written and earned premiums, program enrollment, administrative expenses, and paid and incurred losses.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2011.

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 627.64872, 627.6699.

II. Present Situation:

Florida Health Insurance Plan (FHIP)

In 1983, the Florida Legislature created the Florida Comprehensive Health Association (FCHA), to cover individuals that were unable to purchase health insurance from the open market due to pre-existing conditions. The program is financed through premiums from the participants and assessments on insurance companies, but has been closed to new enrollment since 1991.¹

In 2004, the Legislature created the Florida Health Insurance Plan (FHIP),² which was intended to replace the FCHA as the state's high risk insurance pool.³ The benefits provided by the FHIP are the same as the standard and basic plans for small employers.⁴ The FHIP must also provide an option for the purchase of alternative coverage, such as catastrophic coverage which includes a minimum level of primary care coverage, and a high deductible plan that meets all the requirements for a health savings account. Eligibility for the plan is limited to individuals who have received two notices of rejection for coverage from health insurers and individuals covered under the FCHA at the time the FHIP was created.⁵

The FHIP was created to be run by a nine person Board of Directors, chaired by the Director of the Office of Insurance Regulation (OIR). Five Board members would be appointed by the Governor and one member each would be appointed by the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Chief Financial Officer.⁶ The Board is required to submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, an annual report which is to include an independent actuarial study that must contain five elements specifically enumerated in s. 627.64872(6)(a)-(e), F.S.

According to the OIR, funds for the start-up of the FHIP have not been appropriated, and as a result, the FHIP is not in operation.⁷ Therefore, the requirement that a report be provided that details, among other data, the number of people covered and projected to be covered is moot.

Small Employers Access Program

In 1992, the Legislature enacted the Employee Health Care Access Act (EHCAA).⁸ The purpose of the act was to promote the availability of health insurance coverage to small employers, regardless of claims experience or their employees' health status.⁹ In 2004, the Small Employers Access Program (Program) was created within the EHCAA.¹⁰ The purpose of the Program was

¹ See Department of Financial Services website:

myfloridacfo.com/consumers/InsuranceLibrary/Insurance/Residual_Markets/Residual_Markets – Florida_Comprehensive_Health_Association. htm; last visited March 12, 2011.

² Section 627.64872, F.S.

³ See Department of Financial Services

website:<u>http://www.myfloridacfo.com/consumers/InsuranceLibrary/Insurance/Residual_Markets/Residual_Markets_-</u> <u>The Florida Health Insurance Plan.htm;</u> last visited March 12, 2011.

⁴ See s. 627.6699(12), F.S.

⁵ Section 627.64872(9), F.S.

⁶ Section 627.64872(3), F.S.

⁷ Florida Office of Insurance Regulation Bill Analysis for SB 1426 (March 9, 2011).

⁸ Ch. 92-33, s. 117, L.O.F.

⁹ Section 627.6699(2), F.S.

¹⁰ Ch. 2004-297, s. 24, L.O.F.

to provide additional health insurance options for small businesses consisting of up to 25 employees, including any municipality, county, school district, hospital located in a rural community, and any nursing home employer.¹¹ The OIR is required to submit an annual report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives summarizing the activities of the Program over the past year, including written and earned premiums, program enrollment, administrative expenses, and paid and incurred losses.¹²

According to OIR, the Small Employers Access Program is not operational. The enacting legislation required a competitive bid for an insurer to administer the program. The OIR issued the required request for proposals (RFP) in 2004, and no insurer submitted a bid. Therefore, the annual reporting requirement contained in the section is moot.¹³

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1. The bill repeals s. 627.64872(6), F.S., thereby eliminating the annual reporting requirement for the FHIP. The Board of Directors of the FHIP would no longer be required to submit an annual report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Section 2. The bill repeals s. 627.6699(15)(1), F.S., thereby eliminating the annual reporting requirement for the Small Employers Access Program. The Program would no longer be required to submit an annual report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Section 3. The bill has an effective date of July 1, 2011.

Other Potential Implications:

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

¹¹ Section 627.6699(15)(b), F.S.

¹² Section 627.6699(15)(l), F.S.

¹³ Florida Office of Insurance Regulation Bill Analysis for SB 1426 (March 9, 2011).

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None

C. Government Sector Impact:

None

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Senate Banking and Insurance Committee on 3/16/2011:

The original bill would have removed only one of the 5 specified elements that are required to be contained in the annual report submitted by the Board of Directors of the FHIP. The original bill would have continued to obligate the Board to submit the remaining 4 elements in an annual report. The CS removes altogether the requirement that the Board submit an annual report.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.