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By the Committees on Budget; Budget Subcommittee on Health and Human Services Appropriations; and Health Regulation; and Senators Negron, Gaetz, Garcia, and Hays

576-04635-11 20111972c3

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to health and human services; amending s. 163.387, F.S.; exempting hospital districts from the requirement to provide funding to a community redevelopment agency; creating s. 200.186, F.S.; requiring hospital district ad valorem revenues dispersed to other entities to be spent only on health care services; amending s. 393.0661, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 409.016, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; creating s. 409.16713, F.S.; providing for medical assistance for children in out-of-home care and adopted children; specifying how those services will be funded under certain circumstances; providing legislative intent; providing a directive to the Division of Statutory Revision; transferring, renumbering, and amending s. 624.91, F.S.; decreasing the administrative cost and raising the minimum loss ratio for health plans; increasing compensation to the insurer or provider for dental contracts; requiring the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation to include use of the school breakfast and lunch application form in the corporation's plan for publicizing the program; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending ss. 409.813, 409.8132, 409.815, 409.818, 154.503, and 408.915, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 1006.06, F.S.; requiring school districts to collaborate with the Florida Kidcare program to use the application form

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for the school breakfast and lunch programs to provide information about the Florida Kidcare program and to authorize data on the application form be shared with state agencies and the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation and its agents; authorizing each school district the option to share the data electronically; requiring interagency agreements to ensure that the data exchanged is protected from unauthorized disclosure and is used only for enrollment in the Florida Kidcare program; amending s. 409.901, F.S.; revising definitions relating to Medicaid; amending s. 409.902, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the designation of the Agency for Health Care Administration as the state Medicaid agency; specifying that eligibility and state funds for medical services apply only to citizens and certain noncitizens; providing exceptions; providing a limitation on persons transferring assets in order to become eliqible for certain services; amending s. 409.9021, F.S.; revising provisions relating to conditions for Medicaid eligibility; increasing the number of years a Medicaid applicant forfeits entitlements to the Medicaid program if he or she has committed fraud; providing for the payment of monthly premiums by Medicaid recipients; providing exemptions to the premium requirement; requiring applicants to agree to participate in certain health programs; prohibiting a recipient who has access to employersponsored health care from obtaining services

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reimbursed through the Medicaid fee-for-service system; requiring the agency to develop a process to allow the Medicaid premium that would have been received to be used to pay employer premiums; requiring that the agency allow opt-out opportunities for certain recipients; creating s. 409.9022, F.S.; specifying procedures to be implemented by a state agency if the Medicaid expenditures exceed appropriations; amending s. 409.903, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; deleting obsolete provisions; amending s. 409.904, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; renaming the "medically needy" program as the "Medicaid nonpoverty medical subsidy"; narrowing the subsidy to cover only certain services for a family, persons age 65 or older, or blind or disabled persons; revising the criteria for the agency's assessment of need for private duty nursing services; amending s. 409.905, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; requiring prior authorization for home health services; amending s. 409.906, F.S.; providing for a parental fee based on family income to be assessed against the parents of children with developmental disabilities served by home and community-based waivers; prohibiting the agency from paying for certain psychotropic medications prescribed for a child; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending ss. 409.9062 and 409.907, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act;

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amending s. 409.908, F.S.; modifying the nursing home patient care per diem rate to include dental care, vision care, hearing care, and podiatric care; directing the agency to seek a waiver to treat a portion of the nursing home per diem as capital for self-insurance purposes; requiring primary physicians to be paid the Medicare fee-for-service rate by a certain date; deleting the requirement that the agency contract for transportation services with the community transportation system; authorizing qualified plans to contract for transportation services; deleting obsolete provisions; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 409.9081, F.S.; revising copayments for physician visits; requiring the agency to seek a waiver to allow the increase of copayments for nonemergency services furnished in a hospital emergency department; amending s. 409.912, F.S.; providing for alternatives to the statewide inpatient psychiatric program; requiring Medicaideligible children who have open child welfare cases and who reside in AHCA area 10 to be enrolled in specified capitated managed care plans; expanding the number of children eligible to receive behavioral health care services through a specialty prepaid plan; repealing provisions relating to a provider lock-in program; eliminating obsolete provisions and updating provisions; conforming cross-references; amending s. 409.915, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; transferring, renumbering, and amending s.

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409.9301, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 409.9126, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; providing a directive to the Division of Statutory Revision; creating s. 409.961, F.S.; providing for statutory construction of provisions relating to Medicaid managed care; creating s. 409.962, F.S.; providing definitions; creating s. 409.963, F.S.; establishing the Medicaid managed care program as the statewide, integrated managed care program for medical assistance and long-term care services; directing the agency to apply for and implement waivers; providing for public notice and comment; providing for a limited managed care program if waivers are not approved; creating s. 409.964, F.S.; requiring all Medicaid recipients to be enrolled in Medicaid managed care; providing exemptions; prohibiting a recipient who has access to employersponsored health care from enrolling in Medicaid managed care; requiring the agency to develop a process to allow the Medicaid premium that would have been received to be used to pay employer premiums; requiring that the agency allow opt-out opportunities for certain recipients; providing for voluntary enrollment; creating s. 409.965, F.S.; providing requirements for qualified plans that provide services in the Medicaid managed care program; requiring the agency to issue an invitation to negotiate; requiring the agency to compile and publish certain information; establishing regions for separate procurement of

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plans; establishing selection criteria for plan selection; limiting the number of plans in a region; authorizing the agency to conduct negotiations if funding is insufficient; specifying circumstances under which the agency may issue a new invitation to negotiate; providing that the Children's Medical Service Network is a qualified plan; directing the agency to assign Medicaid provider agreements for a limited time to a provider services network participating in the managed care program in a rural area; creating s. 409.966, F.S.; providing managed care plan contract requirements; establishing contract terms; providing for annual rate setting; providing for contract extension under certain circumstances; establishing access requirements; requiring the agency to establish performance standards for plans; requiring each plan to publish specified measures on the plan's website; providing for program integrity; requiring plans to provide encounter data; providing penalties for failure to submit data; requiring plans to accept electronic claims and electronic prior authorization requests for medication exceptions; requiring plans to provide the criteria for approval and reasons for denial of prior authorization requests; providing for prompt payment; providing for payments to noncontract emergency providers; requiring a qualified plan to post a surety bond or establish a letter of credit or a deposit in a trust account; requiring plans to establish a grievance resolution

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process; requiring plan solvency; requiring guaranteed savings; providing costs and penalties for early termination of contracts or reduction in enrollment levels; requiring the agency to terminate qualified plans for noncompliance under certain circumstances; requiring plans to adopt and publish a preferred drug list; requiring plans that contract for fiscal intermediary services to contract only with registered fiscal intermediary services organizations; creating s. 409.967, F.S.; providing for managed care plan accountability; requiring plans to use a uniform method of accounting for medical costs; establishing a medical loss ratio; requiring that a plan pay back to the agency a specified amount in specified circumstances; authorizing plans to limit providers in networks; mandating that certain providers be offered contracts during the first year; authorizing plans to exclude certain providers in certain circumstances; requiring plans to include certain providers; requiring plans to monitor the quality and performance history of providers; requiring plans to hold primary care physicians responsible for certain activities; requiring plans to offer certain programs and procedures; requiring plans to pay primary care providers the same rate as Medicare by a certain date; providing for conflict resolution between plans and providers; creating s. 409.968, F.S.; providing for managed care plan payments on a per-member, per-month basis; requiring the agency to establish a methodology

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to ensure the availability of certain types of payments to specified providers; requiring the development of rate cells; requiring that the amount paid to the plans for supplemental payments or enhanced rates be reconciled to the amount required to pay providers; requiring that plans make certain payments to providers within a certain time; requiring the agency to develop a methodology and request a state plan amendment to ensure the availability of certified public expenditures in the Medicaid managed care program to support certain noninstitutional teaching faculty providers; creating s. 409.969, F.S.; authorizing Medicaid recipients to select any plan within a region; providing for automatic enrollment of recipients by the agency in specified circumstances; providing criteria for automatic enrollment; authorizing disenrollment under certain circumstances; providing for a grievance process; defining the term "good cause" for purposes of disenrollment; requiring recipients to stay in plans for a specified time; providing for reenrollment of recipients who move out of a region; creating s. 409.970, F.S.; requiring the agency to maintain an encounter data system; providing requirements for prepaid plans to submit data in a certain format; requiring the agency to analyze the data; requiring the agency to test the data for certain purposes by a certain date; creating s. 409.971, F.S.; providing for managed care medical assistance; providing deadlines for beginning and

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finalizing implementation; creating s. 409.972, F.S.; establishing minimum services for the managed medical assistance; providing for optional services; authorizing plans to customize benefit packages; requiring the agency to provide certain services to hemophiliacs; creating s. 409.973, F.S.; providing for managed long-term care; providing deadlines for beginning and finalizing implementation; providing duties for the Department of Elderly Affairs relating to the program; creating s. 409.974, F.S.; providing recipient eligibility requirements for managed longterm care; listing programs for which certain recipients are eligible; specifying that an entitlement to home and community-based services is not created; creating s. 409.975, F.S.; establishing minimum services for managed long-term care; creating s. 409.976, F.S.; providing criteria for the selection of plans to provide managed long-term care; creating s. 409.977, F.S.; providing for managed long-term care plan accountability; requiring the agency to establish standards for specified providers; creating s. 409.978, F.S.; requiring that the agency operate the Comprehensive Assessment and Review for Long-Term Care Services program through an interagency agreement with the Department of Elderly Affairs; providing duties of the program; requiring the program to assign plan enrollees to a level of care; providing for the evaluation of dually eligible nursing home residents; creating s. 409.980, F.S.; providing minimum

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requirements for prescription drug benefits provided by a qualified plan; transferring, renumbering, and amending ss. 409.91207, 409.91211, and 409.9122, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; updating provisions and deleting obsolete provisions; transferring and renumbering ss. 409.9123 and 409.9124, F.S.; amending s. 430.04, F.S.; eliminating outdated provisions; requiring the Department of Elderly Affairs to develop a transition plan for specified elders and disabled adults receiving longterm care Medicaid services if qualified plans become available; amending s. 430.2053, F.S.; eliminating outdated provisions; providing additional duties of aging resource centers; providing an additional exception to direct services that may not be provided by an aging resource center; providing for the cessation of specified payments by the department as qualified plans become available; eliminating provisions requiring reports; amending s. 641.316, F.S.; redefining the term "fiscal intermediary services organization" to include certain qualified plans that contract with health care professionals for fiscal intermediary services; amending s. 39.407, F.S.; requiring a motion by the Department of Children and Family Services to provide psychotropic medication to a child 10 years of age or younger to include a review by a child psychiatrist; providing that a court may not authorize the administration of such medication absent a finding of compelling state

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interest based on the review; amending s. 216.262, F.S.; providing that limitations on an agency's total number of positions does not apply to certain positions in the Department of Health; amending s. 381.06014, F.S.; redefining the term "blood establishment" and defining the term "volunteer donor"; requiring that blood establishments disclose specified information on their Internet website; providing an exception for certain hospitals; authorizing the Department of Legal Affairs to assess a civil penalty against a blood establishment that fails to disclose the information; providing that the civil penalty accrues to the state and requiring that it be deposited into the General Revenue Fund; prohibiting local governments from restricting access to public facilities or infrastructure for certain activities based on whether a blood establishment is operating as a for-profit or not-for-profit organization; prohibiting a blood establishment from considering whether certain customers are operating as for-profit or not-for-profit organizations when determining service fees for blood or blood components; amending s. 395.4025, F.S.; providing additional time extensions to hospital applicants seeking to become trauma centers under certain circumstances; amending s. 400.023, F.S.; requiring the trial judge to conduct an evidentiary hearing to determine the sufficiency of evidence for claims against certain persons relating to a nursing home;

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limiting noneconomic damages in a wrongful death action against the nursing home; amending s. 400.0237, F.S.; revising provisions relating to punitive damages against a nursing home; authorizing a defendant to proffer admissible evidence to refute a claimant's proffer of evidence for punitive damages; requiring the trial judge to conduct an evidentiary hearing and the plaintiff to demonstrate that a reasonable basis exists for the recovery of punitive damages; prohibiting discovery of the defendant's financial worth until the judge approves the pleading on punitive damages; revising definitions; amending s. 408.7057, F.S.; requiring that the dispute resolution program include a hearing in specified circumstances; providing that the dispute resolution program established to resolve claims disputes between providers and health plans does not provide an independent right of recovery; requiring that the conclusions of law in the written recommendation of the resolution organization identify certain information; amending s. 465.014, F.S.; providing that certain practitioners or anyone under the direct supervision of such practitioner may dispense drugs without being licensed as a medical technician; amending s. 456.0635, F.S.; revising the grounds under which the Department of Health or corresponding board is required to refuse to admit a candidate to an examination and to refuse to issue or renew a license, certificate, or registration of a health care

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practitioner; providing an exception; amending s. 456.036, F.S.; requiring a delinquent licensee whose license becomes delinquent before the final resolution of a case regarding Medicaid fraud to affirmatively apply by submitting a complete application for active or inactive status during the licensure cycle in which the case achieves final resolution by order of the court; providing that failure by a delinquent licensee to become active or inactive before the expiration of that licensure cycle renders the license null; requiring that any subsequent licensure be as a result of applying for and meeting all requirements imposed on an applicant for new licensure; creating ss. 458.3167 and 459.0078, F.S.; providing for an expert witness certificate for allopathic and osteopathic physicians licensed in other states or Canada which authorizes such physicians to provide expert medical opinions in this state; providing application requirements and timeframes for approval or denial by the Board of Medicine and Board of Osteopathic Medicine, respectively; requiring the boards to adopt rules and set fees; providing for expiration of a certificate; amending ss. 458.331 and 459.015, F.S.; providing grounds for disciplinary action for providing misleading, deceptive, or fraudulent expert witness testimony relating to the practice of medicine and of osteopathic medicine, respectively; providing for construction with respect to the doctrine of incorporation by reference; amending s. 499.003, F.S.;

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redefining the term "health care entity" to clarify that a blood establishment is a health care entity that may engage in certain activities; amending s. 499.005, F.S.; clarifying provisions that prohibit the unauthorized wholesale distribution of a prescription drug that was purchased by a hospital or other health care entity or donated or supplied at a reduced price to a charitable organization, to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 499.01, F.S.; exempting certain blood establishments from the requirements to be permitted as a prescription drug manufacturer and register products; requiring that certain blood establishments obtain a restricted prescription drug distributor permit under specified conditions; limiting the prescription drugs that a blood establishment may distribute under a restricted prescription drug distributor permit; authorizing the Department of Health to adopt rules regarding the distribution of prescription drugs by blood establishments; amending s. 626.9541, F.S.; authorizing insurers to offer rewards or incentives to health benefit plan members to encourage or reward participation in wellness or health improvement programs; authorizing insurers to require plan members not participating in programs to provide verification that their medical condition warrants nonparticipation; providing application; amending s. 627.4147, F.S.; deleting a requirement that a medical malpractice insurance contract include a clause

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authorizing an insurer to admit liability and make a settlement offer if the offer is within policy limits without the insured's permission; amending s. 641.19, F.S.; defining the term "provider service network"; creating s. 641.2019, F.S.; providing that a provider service network that meets the requirements of ch. 641, F.S., may obtain a certificate of authority under that chapter; amending s. 641.47, F.S.; redefining the term "organization" to include a provider service network; amending s. 641.49, F.S.; providing that a provider service network may apply for a health care provider certificate; amending s. 430.705, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 766.102, F.S.; providing that a physician who is an expert witness in a medical malpractice presuit action must meet certain requirements; amending s. 766.104, F.S.; requiring a good faith demonstration in a medical malpractice case that there has been a breach of the standard of care; amending s. 766.106, F.S.; clarifying that a physician acting as an expert witness is subject to disciplinary actions; amending s. 766.1115, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; creating s. 766.1183, F.S.; defining terms; providing for the recovery of civil damages by Medicaid recipients according to a modified standard of care; providing for recovery of certain excess judgments by act of the Legislature; requiring the Department of Children and Family Services to provide notice to program applicants; creating s. 766.1184,

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F.S.; defining terms; providing for the recovery of civil damages by certain recipients of primary care services at primary care clinics receiving specified low-income pool funds according to a modified standard of care; providing for recovery of certain excess judgments by act of the Legislature; providing requirements of health care providers receiving such funds in order for the liability provisions to apply; requiring notice to low-income pool recipients; amending s. 766.202, F.S.; redefining the term "health care provider" to include persons licensed to provide orthotics, prosthetics, and pedorthics; amending s. 766.203, F.S.; requiring the presuit investigations conducted by the claimant and the prospective defendant in a medical malpractice action to provide grounds for a breach of the standard of care; amending s. 768.28, F.S.; revising a definition; providing that certain colleges and universities that own or operate an accredited medical school and their employees and agents providing patient services in a teaching hospital pursuant to an affiliation agreement or contract with the teaching hospital are considered agents of the hospital for the purposes of sovereign immunity; providing definitions; requiring patients of such hospitals to be provided with notice of their remedies under sovereign immunity; providing an exception; providing that providers and vendors providing services to certain persons with disabilities on behalf of the state are agents of the

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state for the purposes of sovereign immunity; providing legislative findings and intent with respect to including certain colleges and universities and their employees and agents under sovereign immunity; providing a statement of public necessity; amending s. 1004.41, F.S.; correcting the name of one of the health center's colleges; specifying that the University of Florida Board of Trustees shall lease Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics on the Gainesville campus to Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics, Inc.; specifying the primary purpose of Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics, Inc.; providing requirements for the lease, contract, or agreement between the University of Florida Board of Trustees and Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics, Inc.; authorizing the creation of corporate subsidiaries and affiliates; providing the right of control; providing for sovereign immunity; providing that Shands Jacksonville Medical Center, Inc., and its parent, Shands Jacksonville HealthCare, Inc., are private notfor-profit corporations organized primarily to support the health affairs mission of the University of Florida Board of Trustees; authorizing the creation of corporate subsidiaries and affiliates; providing requirements for the lease, contract, or agreement between the University of Florida Board of Trustees and the corporations; providing the right of control; providing for sovereign immunity; repealing s. 409.9121, F.S., relating to legislative intent

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494 concerning managed care; repealing s. 409.919, F.S., 495 relating to rule authority; repealing s. 624.915, 496 F.S., relating to the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation 497 operating fund; renumbering and transferring ss. 409.942, 409.944, 409.945, 409.946, 409.953, and 498 499 409.9531, F.S., as ss. 414.29, 163.464, 163.465, 500 163.466, 402.81, and 402.82, F.S., respectively; 501 amending s. 443.111, F.S.; conforming a cross-502 reference; directing the Agency for Health Care 503 Administration to submit a reorganization plan to the 504 Legislature; providing for the state's withdrawal from 505 the Medicaid program under certain circumstances; 506 providing for severability; providing an effective 507 date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 163.387, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.387 Redevelopment trust fund.-

514 (2)

- (c) The following public bodies or taxing authorities are exempt from paragraph (a):
- 1. A special district that levies ad valorem taxes on taxable real property in more than one county.
- 2. A special district for which the sole available source of revenue the district has the authority to levy is ad valorem taxes at the time an ordinance is adopted under this section. However, revenues or aid that may be dispensed or appropriated

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to a district as defined in s. 388.011 at the discretion of an entity other than such district shall not be deemed available.

- 3. A library district, except a library district in a jurisdiction where the community redevelopment agency had validated bonds as of April 30, 1984.
- 4. A neighborhood improvement district created under the Safe Neighborhoods Act.
 - 5. A metropolitan transportation authority.
 - 6. A water management district created under s. 373.069.
- 7. A hospital district that is a special district as defined in s. 189.403, a county hospital that has taxing authority under chapter 155, or a public health trust established pursuant to s. 154.07.

Section 2. Section 200.186, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

or other law governing the expenditure of ad valorem revenues, ad valorem revenues raised pursuant to a special act establishing a hospital district, by a county hospital pursuant to chapter 155, or a public health trust established pursuant to s. 154.07, and disbursed by the district, county hospital, or trust to municipalities or other organizations, may be used only to pay for health care services.

Section 3. Present subsections (7) and (8) of section 393.0661, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (8) and (9), respectively, a new subsection (7) is added to that section, and present subsection (7) of that section is amended, to read:

393.0661 Home and community-based services delivery system;

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comprehensive redesign.—The Legislature finds that the home and community-based services delivery system for persons with developmental disabilities and the availability of appropriated funds are two of the critical elements in making services available. Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Agency for Persons with Disabilities shall develop and implement a comprehensive redesign of the system.

- (7) The agency shall impose and collect the fee authorized by s. 409.906(13)(d) upon approval by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
- (8) (7) Nothing in This section or related in any administrative rule does not shall be construed to prevent or limit the Agency for Health Care Administration, in consultation with the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or from limiting enrollment, or making any other adjustment necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or pursuant to s. 409.9022.
- Section 4. The Division of Statutory Revision is requested to designate ss. 409.016-409.803, Florida Statutes, as part I of chapter 409, Florida Statutes, entitled "SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE."
- Section 5. Section 409.016, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 409.016 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term chapter:
- (1) "Department," unless otherwise specified, means the Department of Children and Family Services.

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(2) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department of Children and Family Services.

(3) "Social and economic services," within the meaning of this chapter, means the providing of financial assistance as well as preventive and rehabilitative social services for children, adults, and families.

Section 6. Section 409.16713, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

 $\underline{409.16713}$ Medical assistance for children in out-of-home care and adopted children.—

- (1) A child who is eligible under Title IV-E of the Social Security Act, as amended, for subsidized board payments, foster care, or adoption subsidies, and a child for whom the state has assumed temporary or permanent responsibility and who does not qualify for Title IV-E assistance but is in foster care, shelter or emergency shelter care, or subsidized adoption is eligible for medical assistance as provided in s. 409.903(4). This includes a young adult who is eligible to receive services under s. 409.1451(5) until the young adult reaches 21 years of age, and a person who was eligible, as a child, under Title IV-E for foster care or the state-provided foster care and who is a participant in the Road-to-Independence Program.
- (2) If medical assistance under Title XIX of the Social Security Act, as amended, is not available due to the refusal of the federal Department of Health and Human Services to provide federal funds, a child or young adult described in subsection (1) is eligible for medical services under the Medicaid managed care program established in s. 409.963. Such medical assistance shall be obtained by the community-based care lead agencies

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established under s. 409.1671 and is subject to the availability
of funds appropriated for such purpose in the General
Appropriations Act.

(3) It is the intent of the Legislature that the provision of medical assistance meet the requirements of s. 471(a)(21) of the Social Security Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. s. 671(a)(21), related to eligibility for Title IV-E of the Social Security Act, and that compliance with such provisions meet the requirements of s. 402(a)(3) of the Social Security Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. s. 602(a)(3), relating to the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Block Grant Program.

Section 7. The Division of Statutory Revision is requested to designate ss. 409.810-409.821, Florida Statutes, as part II of chapter 409, Florida Statutes, entitled "KIDCARE."

Section 8. Section 624.91, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 409.8115, Florida Statutes, paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of that section is amended, and subsection (8) is added to that section, to read:

 $\underline{409.8115}$ $\underline{624.91}$ The Florida Healthy Kids Corporation Act.-

- (5) CORPORATION AUTHORIZATION, DUTIES, POWERS.-
- (b) The Florida Healthy Kids Corporation shall:
- 1. Arrange for the collection of any family, local contributions, or employer payment or premium, in an amount to be determined by the board of directors, to provide for payment of premiums for comprehensive insurance coverage and for the actual or estimated administrative expenses.
- 2. Arrange for the collection of any voluntary contributions to provide for payment of Florida Kidcare program premiums for children who are not eligible for medical

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assistance under Title XIX or Title XXI of the Social Security
Act.

- 3. Subject to the provisions of s. 409.8134, accept voluntary supplemental local match contributions that comply with the requirements of Title XXI of the Social Security Act for the purpose of providing additional Florida Kidcare coverage in contributing counties under Title XXI.
- 4. Establish the administrative and accounting procedures for the operation of the corporation.
- 5. Establish, with consultation from appropriate professional organizations, standards for preventive health services and providers and comprehensive insurance benefits appropriate to children <u>if</u>, provided that such standards for rural areas <u>do</u> shall not limit primary care providers to board-certified pediatricians.
- 6. Determine eligibility for children seeking to participate in the Title XXI-funded components of the Florida Kidcare program consistent with the requirements specified in s. 409.814, as well as the non-Title-XXI-eligible children as provided in subsection (3).
- 7. Establish procedures under which providers of local match to, applicants to, and participants in the program may have grievances reviewed by an impartial body and reported to the board of directors of the corporation.
- 8. Establish participation criteria and, if appropriate, contract with an authorized insurer, health maintenance organization, or third-party administrator to provide administrative services to the corporation.
 - 9. Establish enrollment criteria that include penalties or

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30-day waiting periods of 30 days for reinstatement of coverage upon voluntary cancellation for nonpayment of family premiums.

- 10. Contract with authorized insurers or providers any provider of health care services, who meet meeting standards established by the corporation, for the provision of comprehensive insurance coverage to participants. Such standards must shall include criteria under which the corporation may contract with more than one provider of health care services in program sites. Health plans shall be selected through a competitive bid process. The Florida Healthy Kids Corporation shall purchase goods and services in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery of quality medical care. The maximum administrative cost for a Florida Healthy Kids Corporation contract shall be 10 15 percent. For health care contracts, the minimum medical loss ratio for a Florida Healthy Kids Corporation contract shall be 90 85 percent. For dental contracts, the remaining compensation to be paid to the authorized insurer or provider must be at least 90 under a Florida Healthy Kids Corporation contract shall be no less than an amount which is 85 percent of the premium, and; to the extent any contract provision does not provide for this minimum compensation, this section prevails shall prevail. The health plan selection criteria and scoring system, and the scoring results, shall be available upon request for inspection after the bids have been awarded.
- 11. Establish disenvollment criteria $\underline{\text{if}}$ in the event local matching funds are insufficient to cover enrollments.
- 12. Develop and implement a plan to publicize the Florida Kidcare program, the eligibility requirements of the program,

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and the procedures for enrollment in the program and to maintain public awareness of the corporation and the program. Such plan must include using the application form for the school lunch and breakfast programs as provided under s. 1006.06(7).

- 13. Secure staff necessary to properly administer the corporation. Staff costs shall be funded from state and local matching funds and such other private or public funds as become available. The board of directors shall determine the number of staff members necessary to administer the corporation.
- 14. In consultation with the partner agencies, provide <u>an</u> <u>annual</u> a report on the Florida Kidcare program annually to the Governor, the Chief Financial Officer, the Commissioner of Education, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Minority Leaders of the Senate and the House of Representatives.
- 15. Provide information on a quarterly basis to the Legislature and the Governor which compares the costs and utilization of the full-pay enrolled population and the Title XXI-subsidized enrolled population in the Florida Kidcare program. The information, At a minimum, the information must include:
- a. The monthly enrollment and expenditure for full-pay enrollees in the Medikids and Florida Healthy Kids programs compared to the Title XXI-subsidized enrolled population; and
- b. The costs and utilization by service of the full-pay enrollees in the Medikids and Florida Healthy Kids programs and the Title XXI-subsidized enrolled population.

By February 1, 2010, the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation shall

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provide a study to the Legislature and the Governor on premium impacts to the subsidized portion of the program from the inclusion of the full-pay program, which <u>must shall</u> include recommendations on how to eliminate or mitigate possible impacts to the subsidized premiums.

- 16. Establish benefit packages that conform to the provisions of the Florida Kidcare program, as created under this part in ss. 409.810-409.821.
- (8) OPERATING FUND.—The Florida Healthy Kids Corporation may establish and manage an operating fund for the purposes of addressing the corporation's unique cash-flow needs and facilitating the fiscal management of the corporation. At any given time, the corporation may accumulate and maintain in the operating fund a cash balance reserve equal to no more than 25 percent of its annualized operating expenses. Upon dissolution of the corporation, any remaining cash balances of state funds shall revert to the General Revenue Fund, or such other state funds consistent with the appropriated funding, as provided by law.

Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 409.813, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 409.813 Health benefits coverage; program components; entitlement and nonentitlement.—
- (1) The Florida Kidcare program includes health benefits coverage provided to children through the following program components, which shall be marketed as the Florida Kidcare program:
 - (a) Medicaid. +
 - (b) Medikids as created in s. 409.8132. \div

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755 (c) The Florida Healthy Kids Corporation as created in s. 409.8115. 624.91;

- (d) Employer-sponsored group health insurance plans approved under this part. ss. 409.810-409.821; and
- (e) The Children's Medical Services network established in chapter 391.

Section 10. Subsection (4) of section 409.8132, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.8132 Medikids program component.

- (4) APPLICABILITY OF LAWS RELATING TO MEDICAID.—The provisions of ss. 409.902, 409.905, 409.906, 409.907, 409.908, 409.912, $\frac{409.9121}{409.9121}$, $\frac{409.9122}{409.9123}$, $\frac{409.9124}{409.920}$, $\frac{409.9124}{409.920}$, $\frac{409.912}{409.987}$, 409.913, 409.914, 409.915, 409.920, and 409.9205, $\frac{409.987}{409.988}$, and $\frac{409.989}{409.9122}$ apply to the administration of the Medikids program component of the Florida Kidcare program, except that s. $\frac{409.987}{409.9122}$ applies to Medikids as modified by the provisions of subsection (7).
- Section 11. Subsection (1) of section 409.815, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.815 Health benefits coverage; limitations.-

(1) MEDICAID BENEFITS.—For purposes of the Florida Kidcare program, benefits available under Medicaid and Medikids include those goods and services provided under the medical assistance program authorized by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, and regulations thereunder, as administered in this state by the agency. This includes those mandatory Medicaid services authorized under s. 409.905 and optional Medicaid services authorized under s. 409.906, rendered on behalf of eligible individuals by qualified providers, in accordance with federal

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requirements for Title XIX, subject to any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, or chapter 216, or s. 409.9022, and according to methodologies and limitations set forth in agency rules and policy manuals and handbooks incorporated by reference thereto.

Section 12. Subsection (5) of section 409.818, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 409.818 Administration.—In order to implement ss. 409.810-409.821, the following agencies shall have the following duties:
- (5) The Florida Healthy Kids Corporation shall retain its functions as authorized in s. $\underline{409.8115}$ $\underline{624.91}$, including eligibility determination for participation in the Healthy Kids program.

Section 13. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 154.503, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

154.503 Primary Care for Children and Families Challenge Grant Program; creation; administration.—

- (2) The department shall:
- (e) Coordinate with the primary care program developed pursuant to s. 154.011, the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation program created in s. 409.8115 624.91, the school health services program created in ss. 381.0056 and 381.0057, the Healthy Communities, Healthy People Program created in s. 381.734, and the volunteer health care provider program established developed pursuant to s. 766.1115.

Section 14. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 408.915, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

408.915 Eligibility pilot project.—The Agency for Health Care Administration, in consultation with the steering committee

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established in s. 408.916, shall develop and implement a pilot project to integrate the determination of eligibility for health care services with information and referral services.

- (4) The pilot project shall include eligibility determinations for the following programs:
- (c) Florida Healthy Kids as described in s. $\underline{409.8115}$ $\underline{624.91}$ and within eligibility guidelines provided in s. $\underline{409.8115}$

Section 15. Subsection (7) is added to section 1006.06, Florida Statutes, to read:

1006.06 School food service programs.-

- (7) Each school district shall collaborate with the Florida Kidcare program created pursuant to ss. 409.810-409.821 to:
 - (a) At a minimum:
- 1. Provide application information about the Kidcare program or an application for Kidcare to students at the beginning of each school year.
- 2. Modify the school district's application form for the lunch program under subsection (4) and the breakfast program under subsection (5) to incorporate a provision that permits the school district to share data from the application form with the state agencies and the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation and its agents that administer the Kidcare program unless the child's parent or guardian opts out of the provision.
- (b) At the option of the school district, share income and other demographic data through an electronic interchange with the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation and other state agencies in order to determine eligibility for the Kidcare program on a regular and periodic basis.
 - (c) Establish interagency agreements ensuring that data

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exchanged under this subsection is used only to enroll eligible children in the Florida Kidcare program and is protected from unauthorized disclosure pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s. 1758(b)(6).

Section 16. The Division of Statutory Revision is requested to designate ss. 409.901 through 409.9205, Florida Statutes, as part III of chapter 409, Florida Statutes, entitled "MEDICAID."

Section 17. Section 409.901, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.901 Definitions; ss. 409.901-409.920.—As used in this part and part IV ss. 409.901-409.920, except as otherwise specifically provided, the term:

- (1) "Affiliate" or "affiliated person" means any person who directly or indirectly manages, controls, or oversees the operation of a corporation or other business entity that is a Medicaid provider, regardless of whether such person is a partner, shareholder, owner, officer, director, agent, or employee of the entity.
- (2) "Agency" means the Agency for Health Care
 Administration. The agency is the Medicaid agency for the state,
 as provided under federal law.
- (3) "Applicant" means an individual whose written application for medical assistance provided by Medicaid under ss. 409.903-409.906 has been submitted to the Department of Children and Family Services, or to the Social Security Administration if the application is for Supplemental Security Income, but has not received final action. The This term includes an individual, who need not be alive at the time of application, and whose application is submitted through a representative or a person acting for the individual.

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(4) "Benefit" means any benefit, assistance, aid, obligation, promise, debt, liability, or the like, related to any covered injury, illness, or necessary medical care, goods, or services.

- (5) "Capitation" means a prospective per-member, per-month payment designed to represent, in the aggregate, an actuarially sound estimate of expenditures required for the management and provision of a specified set of medical services or long-term care services needed by members enrolled in a prepaid health plan.
- $\underline{\text{(6)}}$ "Change of ownership" <u>has the same meaning as in s.</u> 408.803 and includes means:
- (a) An event in which the provider ownership changes to a different individual entity as evidenced by a change in federal employer identification number or taxpayer identification number;
- (b) An event in which 51 percent or more of the ownership, shares, membership, or controlling interest of a provider is in any manner transferred or otherwise assigned. This paragraph does not apply to a licensee that is publicly traded on a recognized stock exchange; or
- (c) When the provider is licensed or registered by the agency, an event considered a change of ownership under part II of chapter 408 for licensure as defined in s. 408.803.
- A change solely in the management company or board of directors is not a change of ownership.
- $\underline{(7)}$ "Claim" means any communication, whether written or electronic (electronic impulse or magnetic), which is used by

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any person to apply for payment from the Medicaid program, or its fiscal agent, or a qualified plan under part IV of this chapter for each item or service purported by any person to have been provided by a person to a any Medicaid recipient.

- (8) (7) "Collateral" means:
- (a) Any and all causes of action, suits, claims, counterclaims, and demands that accrue to <u>a</u> the recipient or to <u>a</u> the recipient's legal representative, related to any covered injury, illness, or necessary medical care, goods, or services that <u>resulted in necessitated that Medicaid providing provide</u> medical assistance.
- (b) All judgments, settlements, and settlement agreements rendered or entered into and related to such causes of action, suits, claims, counterclaims, demands, or judgments.
 - (c) Proceeds, as defined in this section.
- (9) (8) "Convicted" or "conviction" means a finding of guilt, with or without an adjudication of guilt, in any federal or state trial court of record relating to charges brought by indictment or information, as a result of a jury verdict, nonjury trial, or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, regardless of whether an appeal from judgment is pending.
- (10) (9) "Covered injury or illness" means any sickness, injury, disease, disability, deformity, abnormality disease, necessary medical care, pregnancy, or death for which a third party is, may be, could be, should be, or has been liable, and for which Medicaid is, or may be, obligated to provide, or has provided, medical assistance.
- $\underline{\text{(11)}}$ "Emergency medical condition" <u>has the same meaning</u> as in s. 395.002. means:

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(a) A medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity, which may include severe pain or other acute symptoms, such that the absence of immediate medical attention could reasonably be expected to result in any of the following:

- 1. Serious jeopardy to the health of a patient, including a pregnant woman or a fetus.
 - 2. Serious impairment to bodily functions.
 - 3. Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.
 - (b) With respect to a pregnant woman:
- 1. That there is inadequate time to effect safe transfer to another hospital prior to delivery.
- 2. That a transfer may pose a threat to the health and safety of the patient or fetus.
- 3. That there is evidence of the onset and persistence of uterine contractions or rupture of the membranes.
- <u>(12)</u> (11) "Emergency services and care" <u>has the same meaning</u> <u>as in s. 395.002</u> means medical screening, examination, and evaluation by a physician, or, to the extent permitted by applicable laws, by other appropriate personnel under the supervision of a physician, to determine whether an emergency medical condition exists and, if it does, the care, treatment, or surgery for a covered service by a physician which is necessary to relieve or eliminate the emergency medical condition, within the service capability of a hospital.
- $\underline{(13)}$ "Legal representative" means a guardian, conservator, survivor, or personal representative of a recipient or applicant, or of the property or estate of a recipient or applicant.

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(14) (13) "Managed care plan" means a health insurer authorized under chapter 624, an exclusive provider organization authorized under chapter 627, a health maintenance organization authorized under chapter 641, a provider service network authorized under s. 409.912(4)(d), or an accountable care organization authorized under federal law health maintenance organization authorized pursuant to chapter 641 or a prepaid health plan authorized pursuant to s. 409.912.

- (15) (14) "Medicaid" or Medicaid program means the medical assistance program authorized by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. s. 1396 et seq., and regulations thereunder, as administered in this state by the agency.
- (15) "Medicaid agency" or "agency" means the single state agency that administers or supervises the administration of the state Medicaid plan under federal law.
- (16) "Medicaid program" means the program authorized under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act which provides for payments for medical items or services, or both, on behalf of any person who is determined by the Department of Children and Family Services, or, for Supplemental Security Income, by the Social Security Administration, to be eligible on the date of service for Medicaid assistance.
- (16) (17) "Medicaid provider" or "provider" means a person or entity that has a Medicaid provider agreement in effect with the agency and is in good standing with the agency. The term also includes a person or entity that provides medical services to a Medicaid recipient under the Medicaid managed care program in part IV of this chapter.
 - (17) (18) "Medicaid provider agreement" or "provider

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agreement" means a contract between the agency and a provider for the provision of services or goods, or both, to Medicaid recipients pursuant to Medicaid.

(18) (19) "Medicaid recipient" or "recipient" means an individual whom the Department of Children and Family Services, or, for Supplemental Security Income, by the Social Security Administration, determines is eligible, pursuant to federal and state law, to receive medical assistance and related services for which the agency may make payments under the Medicaid program. For the purposes of determining third-party liability, the term includes an individual formerly determined to be eligible for Medicaid, an individual who has received medical assistance under the Medicaid program, or an individual on whose behalf Medicaid has become obligated.

(19) (20) "Medicaid-related records" means records that relate to the provider's business or profession and to a Medicaid recipient. The term includes Medicaid-related records include records related to non-Medicaid customers, clients, or patients but only to the extent that the documentation is shown by the agency to be necessary for determining to determine a provider's entitlement to payments under the Medicaid program.

(20) (21) "Medical assistance" means any provision of, payment for, or liability for medical services or care by Medicaid to, or on behalf of, a Medicaid any recipient.

(21) (22) "Medical services" or "medical care" means medical or medically related institutional or noninstitutional care, goods, or services covered by the Medicaid program. The term includes any services authorized and funded in the General Appropriations Act.

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 $\underline{(22)}$ "MediPass" means a primary care case management program operated by the agency.

(23) (24) "Minority physician network" means a network of primary care physicians with experience <u>in</u> managing Medicaid or Medicare recipients <u>which</u> that is predominantly owned by minorities, as defined in s. 288.703, <u>and</u> which may have a collaborative partnership with a public college or university and a tax-exempt charitable corporation.

(24) (25) "Payment," as it relates to third-party benefits, means performance of a duty, promise, or obligation, or discharge of a debt or liability, by the delivery, provision, or transfer of third-party benefits for medical services. To "pay" means to do any of the acts set forth in this subsection.

(25) (26) "Proceeds" means whatever is received upon the sale, exchange, collection, or other disposition of the collateral or proceeds thereon and includes insurance payable by reason of loss or damage to the collateral or proceeds. Money, checks, deposit accounts, and the like are "cash proceeds." All other proceeds are "noncash proceeds."

(26) (27) "Third party" means an individual, entity, or program, excluding Medicaid, that is, may be, could be, should be, or has been liable for all or part of the cost of medical services related to any medical assistance covered by Medicaid. A third party includes a third-party administrator or a pharmacy benefits manager.

(27) (28) "Third-party benefit" means any benefit that is or may be available at any time through contract, court award, judgment, settlement, agreement, or any arrangement between a third party and any person or entity, including, without

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limitation, a Medicaid recipient, a provider, another third party, an insurer, or the agency, for any Medicaid-covered injury, illness, goods, or services, including costs of medical services related thereto, for personal injury or for death of the recipient, but specifically excluding policies of life insurance on the recipient, unless available under terms of the policy to pay medical expenses prior to death. The term includes, without limitation, collateral, as defined in this section, health insurance, any benefit under a health maintenance organization, a preferred provider arrangement, a prepaid health clinic, liability insurance, uninsured motorist insurance or personal injury protection coverage, medical benefits under workers' compensation, and any obligation under law or equity to provide medical support.

Section 18. Section 409.902, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.902 Designated single state agency; eligibility determinations; rules payment requirements; program title; release of medical records.—

(1) The agency for Health Care Administration is designated as the single state agency authorized to administer the Medicaid state plan and to make payments for medical assistance and related services under Title XIX of the Social Security Act. These payments shall be made, subject to any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, only for services included in the Medicaid program, shall be made only on behalf of eligible individuals, and shall be made only to qualified providers in accordance with federal requirements under for Title XIX of the Social Security Act and the

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1074 provisions of state law.

(a) The agency must notify the Legislature before seeking an amendment to the state plan for purposes of implementing provisions authorized by the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005.

- (b) The agency shall adopt any rules necessary to carry out its statutory duties under this subsection and any other statutory provisions related to its responsibility for the Medicaid program and state compliance with federal Medicaid requirements, including the Medicaid managed care program. This program of medical assistance is designated the "Medicaid program."
- (2) The Department of Children and Family Services is responsible for <u>determining</u> Medicaid eligibility <u>determinations</u>, including, but not limited to, policy, rules, and the agreement with the Social Security Administration for Medicaid eligibility <u>determinations</u> for Supplemental Security Income recipients, as well as the actual determination of eligibility. As a condition of Medicaid eligibility, subject to federal approval, the agency for Health Care Administration and the Department of Children and Family Services shall ensure that each recipient of Medicaid consents to the release of her or his medical records to the agency for Health Care Administration and the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs.
- (a) Eligibility is restricted to United States citizens and to lawfully admitted noncitizens who meet the criteria provided in s. 414.095(3).
- 1. Citizenship or immigration status must be verified. For noncitizens, this includes verification of the validity of documents with the United States Citizenship and Immigration

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1103 Services using the federal SAVE verification process.

2. State funds may not be used to provide medical services to individuals who do not meet the requirements of this paragraph unless the services are necessary to treat an emergency medical condition or are for pregnant women. Such services are authorized only to the extent provided under federal law and in accordance with federal regulations as provided in 42 C.F.R. s. 440.255.

- (b) When adopting rules relating to eligibility for institutional care services, hospice services, and home and community-based waiver programs, and regardless of whether a penalty will be applied due to the unlawful transfer of assets, the payment of fair compensation by an applicant for a personal care services contract entered into on or after October 1, 2011, shall be evaluated using the following criteria:
- 1. The contracted services do not duplicate services available through other sources or providers, such as Medicaid, Medicare, private insurance, or another legally obligated third party;
- 2. The contracted services directly benefit the individual and are not services normally provided out of love and consideration for the individual;
- 3. The actual cost to deliver services is computed in a manner that clearly reflects the actual number of hours to be expended, and the contract clearly identifies each specific service and the average number of hours of each service to be delivered each month;
- 4. The hourly rate for each contracted service is equal to or less than the amount normally charged by a professional who

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traditionally provides the same or similar services;

- 5. The contracted services are provided on a prospective basis only and not for services provided in the past; and
 - 6. The contract provides fair compensation to the individual in his or her lifetime as set forth in life expectancy tables adopted in rule 65A-1.716, Florida Administrative Code.
 - (c) The department shall adopt any rules necessary to carry out its statutory duties under this subsection for receiving and processing Medicaid applications and determining Medicaid eligibility, and any other statutory provisions related to responsibility for the determination of Medicaid eligibility.

Section 19. Section 409.9021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 409.9021 Conditions for Medicaid Forfeiture of eligibility agreement.—As a condition of Medicaid eligibility, subject to federal regulation and approval: $_{\tau}$
- $\underline{\text{(1)}}$ A Medicaid applicant $\underline{\text{must consent}}$ $\underline{\text{shall agree}}$ in writing to:
- (a) Have her or his medical records released to the agency and the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs.
- (b) Forfeit all entitlements to any goods or services provided through the Medicaid program for the next 10 years if he or she has been found to have committed Medicaid fraud, through judicial or administrative determination, two times in a period of 5 years. This provision applies only to the Medicaid recipient found to have committed or participated in Medicaid the fraud and does not apply to any family member of the

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1161 recipient who was not involved in the fraud.

- (2) A Medicaid applicant must pay a \$10 monthly premium that covers all Medicaid-eligible recipients in the applicant's family. However, an individual who is eligible for the Supplemental Security Income related Medicaid and is receiving institutional care payments is exempt from this requirement. The agency shall seek a federal waiver to authorize the imposition and collection of this premium effective December 31, 2011. Upon approval, the agency shall establish by rule procedures for collecting premiums from recipients, advance notice of cancellation, and waiting periods for reinstatement of coverage upon voluntary cancellation for nonpayment of premiums.
- (3) A Medicaid applicant must participate, in good faith, in:
- (a) A medically approved smoking cessation program if the applicant smokes.
- (b) A medically directed weight loss program if the applicant is or becomes morbidly obese.
- (c) A medically approved alcohol or substance abuse recovery program if the applicant is or becomes diagnosed as a substance abuser.
- The agency shall seek a federal waiver to authorize the implementation of this subsection in order to assist the recipient in mitigating lifestyle choices and avoiding behaviors associated with the use of high-cost medical services.
- (4) A person who is eligible for Medicaid services and who has access to health care coverage through an employer-sponsored health plan may not receive Medicaid services reimbursed under

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s. 409.908, s. 409.912, or s. 409.986, but may use Medicaid
financial assistance to pay the cost of premiums for the
employer-sponsored health plan for the eligible person and his
or her Medicaid-eligible family members.

- or coverage created pursuant to state or federal law may opt out of the Medicaid services provided under s. 409.908, s. 409.912, or s. 409.986 and use Medicaid financial assistance to pay the cost of premiums for the recipient and the recipient's Medicaid eligible family members.
- (6) Subsections (4) and (5) shall be administered by the agency in accordance with s. 409.964(1)(j). The maximum amount available for the Medicaid financial assistance shall be calculated based on the Medicaid capitated rate as if the Medicaid recipient and the recipient's eligible family members participated in a qualified plan for Medicaid managed care under part IV of this chapter.

Section 20. Section 409.9022, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 409.9022 Limitations on Medicaid expenditures.-
- (1) Except as specifically authorized in this section, a state agency may not obligate or expend funds for the Medicaid program in excess of the amount appropriated in the General Appropriations Act.
- (2) If, at any time during the fiscal year, a state agency determines that Medicaid expenditures may exceed the amount appropriated during the fiscal year, the state agency shall notify the Social Services Estimating Conference, which shall meet to estimate Medicaid expenditures for the remainder of the

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576-04635-11 20111972c3 fiscal year. If, pursuant to this paragraph or for any other

1219 1220 purpose, the conference determines that Medicaid expenditures 1221 will exceed appropriations for the fiscal year, the state agency 1222 shall develop and submit a plan for revising Medicaid 1223 expenditures in order to remain within the annual appropriation. 1224 The plan must include cost-mitigating strategies to negate the 1225 projected deficit for the remainder of the fiscal year and shall 1226 be submitted in the form of a budget amendment to the 1227 Legislative Budget Commission. The conference shall also 1228 estimate the amount of savings which will result from such cost-

(3) In preparing the budget amendment to revise Medicaid expenditures in order to remain within appropriations, a state agency shall include the following revisions to the Medicaid state plan, in the priority order listed below:

any other strategies the conference may consider and recommend.

mitigating strategies proposed by the state agency as well as

- (a) Reduction in administrative costs.
- (b) Elimination of optional benefits.
- (c) Elimination of optional eligibility groups.
- (d) Reduction to institutional and provider reimbursement rates.
- (e) Reduction in the amount, duration, and scope of mandatory benefits.

The state agency may not implement any of these cost-containment measures until the amendment is approved by the Legislative Budget Commission.

(4) In order to remedy a projected expenditure in excess of the amount appropriated in a specific appropriation within the

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1248 Medicaid budget, a state agency may, consistent with chapter 1249 216:

- (a) Submit a budget amendment to transfer budget authority between appropriation categories;
- (b) Submit a budget amendment to increase federal trust authority or grants and donations trust authority if additional federal or local funds are available; or
- (c) Submit any other budget amendment consistent with chapter 216.
- (5) The agency shall amend the Medicaid state plan to incorporate the provisions of this section.
- (6) Chapter 216 does not permit the transfer of funds from any other program into the Medicaid program or the transfer of funds out of the Medicaid program into any other program.

Section 21. Section 409.903, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.903 Mandatory payments for eligible persons.—The agency shall make payments for medical assistance and related services on behalf of the following <u>categories of</u> persons who the Department <u>of Children and Family Services</u>, or the Social Security Administration by contract with the department <u>of Children and Family Services</u>, determines to be eligible <u>for Medicaid</u>, subject to the income, assets, and categorical eligibility tests set forth in federal and state law. Payment on behalf of these <u>recipients Medicaid eligible persons</u> is subject to the availability of moneys and any limitations established by the General Appropriations Act, <u>or</u> chapter 216, or s. 409.9022.

(1) Low-income families with children \underline{if} are eligible for Medicaid provided they meet the following requirements:

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(a) The family includes a dependent child who is living with a caretaker relative.

- (b) The family's income does not exceed the gross income test limit.
- (c) The family's countable income and resources do not exceed the applicable Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) income and resource standards under the AFDC state plan in effect on in July 1996, except as amended in the Medicaid state plan to conform as closely as possible to the requirements of the welfare transition program, to the extent permitted by federal law.
- (2) A person who receives payments from, who is determined eligible for, or who was eligible for but lost cash benefits from the federal program known as the Supplemental Security Income program (SSI). This category includes a low-income person age 65 or over and a low-income person under age 65 considered to be permanently and totally disabled.
- (3) A child under age 21 living in a low-income, two-parent family, and a child under age 7 living with a nonrelative, if the income and assets of the family or child, as applicable, do not exceed the resource limits under the Temporary Cash Assistance Program.
- (4) A child who is eligible under Title IV-E of the Social Security Act for subsidized board payments, foster care, or adoption subsidies, and a child for whom the state has assumed temporary or permanent responsibility and who does not qualify for Title IV-E assistance but is in foster care, shelter or emergency shelter care, or subsidized adoption. This category includes a young adult who is eligible to receive services under

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s. 409.1451(5), until the young adult reaches 21 years of age₇ without regard to any income, resource, or categorical eligibility test that is otherwise required. This category also includes a person who as a child was eligible under Title IV-E of the Social Security Act for foster care or the state-provided foster care and who is a participant in the Road-to-Independence Program.

- (5) A pregnant woman for the duration of her pregnancy and for the postpartum period as defined in federal law and rule, or a child under age 1, if either is living in a family that has an income which is at or below 150 percent of the most current federal poverty level, or, effective January 1, 1992, that has an income which is at or below 185 percent of the most current federal poverty level. Such a person is not subject to an assets test. Further, A pregnant woman who applies for eligibility for the Medicaid program through a qualified Medicaid provider must be offered the opportunity, subject to federal rules, to be made presumptively eligible for the Medicaid program.
- (6) A child born after September 30, 1983, living in a family that has an income which is at or below 100 percent of the current federal poverty level, who has attained the age of 6, but has not attained the age of 19. In determining the eligibility of such a child, an assets test is not required. A child who is eligible for Medicaid under this subsection must be offered the opportunity, subject to federal rules, to be made presumptively eligible. A child who has been deemed presumptively eligible may for Medicaid shall not be enrolled in a managed care plan until the child's full eligibility determination for Medicaid has been determined completed.

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which is at or below 133 percent of the current federal poverty level, who has attained the age of 1, but has not attained the age of 6. In determining the eligibility of such a child, an assets test is not required. A child who is eligible for Medicaid under this subsection must be offered the opportunity, subject to federal rules, to be made presumptively eligible. A child who has been deemed presumptively eligible may for Medicaid shall not be enrolled in a managed care plan until the child's full eligibility determination for Medicaid has been determined completed.

(8) A person who is age 65 or over or is determined by the agency to be disabled, whose income is at or below 100 percent of the most current federal poverty level and whose assets do not exceed limitations established by the agency. However, the agency may only pay for premiums, coinsurance, and deductibles, as required by federal law, unless additional coverage is provided for any or all members of this group under by s. 409.904(1).

Section 22. Section 409.904, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.904 Optional payments for eligible persons.—The agency may make payments for medical assistance and related services on behalf of the following <u>categories of</u> persons who are determined to be eligible <u>for Medicaid</u>, subject to the income, assets, and categorical eligibility tests set forth in federal and state law. Payment on behalf of these <u>Medicaid eligible</u> persons is subject to the availability of moneys and any limitations established by the General Appropriations Act, or chapter 216,

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1364 or s. 409.9022.

- (1) Effective January 1, 2006, and Subject to federal waiver approval, a person who is age 65 or older or is determined to be disabled, whose income is at or below 88 percent of the federal poverty level, whose assets do not exceed established limitations, and who is not eligible for Medicare or, if eligible for Medicare, is also eligible for and receiving Medicaid-covered institutional care services, hospice services, or home and community-based services. The agency shall seek federal authorization through a waiver to provide this coverage. This subsection expires June 30, 2011.
- (2) The following persons who are eligible for the Medicaid nonpoverty medical subsidy, which includes the same services as those provided to other Medicaid recipients, with the exception of services in skilled nursing facilities and intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled:
- (a) A family, a pregnant woman, a child under age 21, a person age 65 or over, or a blind or disabled person, who would be eligible under any group listed in s. 409.903(1), (2), or (3), except that the income or assets of such family or person exceed established limitations. For a family or person in one of these coverage groups, medical expenses are deductible from income in accordance with federal requirements in order to make a determination of eligibility. A family or person eligible under the coverage known as the "medically needy," is eligible to receive the same services as other Medicaid recipients, with the exception of services in skilled nursing facilities and intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled. This paragraph expires June 30, 2011.

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(b) Effective June 30 July 1, 2011, a pregnant woman or a child younger than 21 years of age who would be eligible under any group listed in s. 409.903, except that the income or assets of such group exceed established limitations. For a person in one of these coverage groups, medical expenses are deductible from income in accordance with federal requirements in order to make a determination of eligibility. A person eligible under the coverage known as the "medically needy" is eligible to receive the same services as other Medicaid recipients, with the exception of services in skilled nursing facilities and intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled.

- (c) A family, a person age 65 or older, or a blind or disabled person, who would be eligible under any group listed in s. 409.903(1), (2), or (3), except that the income or assets of such family or person exceed established limitations. For a family or person in one of these coverage groups, medical expenses are deductible from income in accordance with federal requirements in order to make a determination of eligibility. A family, a person age 65 or older, or a blind or disabled person, covered under the Medicaid nonpoverty medical subsidy, is eligible to receive physician services only.
- (3) A person who is in need of the services of a licensed nursing facility, a licensed intermediate care facility for the developmentally disabled, or a state mental hospital, whose income does not exceed 300 percent of the SSI income standard, and who meets the assets standards established under federal and state law. In determining the person's responsibility for the cost of care, the following amounts must be deducted from the person's income:

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(a) The monthly personal allowance for residents as set based on appropriations.

- (b) The reasonable costs of medically necessary services and supplies that are not reimbursable by the Medicaid program.
- (c) The cost of premiums, copayments, coinsurance, and deductibles for supplemental health insurance.
- (4) A low-income person who meets all other requirements for Medicaid eligibility except citizenship and who is in need of emergency medical services. The eligibility of such a recipient is limited to the period of the emergency, in accordance with federal regulations.
- (5) Subject to specific federal authorization, a woman living in a family that has an income that is at or below 185 percent of the most current federal poverty level. Coverage is limited to is eligible for family planning services as specified in s. 409.905(3) for a period of up to 24 months following a loss of Medicaid benefits.
- (6) A child who has not attained the age of 19 who has been determined eligible for the Medicaid program is deemed to be eligible for a total of 6 months, regardless of changes in circumstances other than attainment of the maximum age.

 Effective January 1, 1999, A child who has not attained the age of 5 and who has been determined eligible for the Medicaid program is deemed to be eligible for a total of 12 months regardless of changes in circumstances other than attainment of the maximum age.
- (7) A child under 1 year of age who lives in a family that has an income above 185 percent of the most recently published federal poverty level, but which is at or below 200 percent of

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such poverty level. In determining the eligibility of such
child, an assets test is not required. A child who is eligible
for Medicaid under this subsection must be offered the
opportunity, subject to federal rules, to be made presumptively
eligible.

- (8) An eligible person A Medicaid-eligible individual for the individual's health insurance premiums, if the agency determines that such payments are cost-effective.
- (9) Eligible women with incomes at or below 200 percent of the federal poverty level and under age 65, for cancer treatment pursuant to the federal Breast and Cervical Cancer Prevention and Treatment Act of 2000, screened through the Mary Brogan Breast and Cervical Cancer Early Detection Program established under s. 381.93.

Section 23. Section 409.905, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

and another Medicaid services.—The agency shall may make payments for the following services, which are required of the state by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, furnished by Medicaid providers to recipients who are determined to be eligible on the dates on which the services were provided. Any service under this section shall be provided only when medically necessary and in accordance with state and federal law.

Mandatory services rendered by providers in mobile units to Medicaid recipients may be restricted by the agency. This section does not Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, number of services, or any other adjustments necessary to comply with the availability

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of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, or chapter 216, or s. 409.9022.

- (1) ADVANCED REGISTERED NURSE PRACTITIONER SERVICES.—The agency shall pay for services provided to a recipient by a licensed advanced registered nurse practitioner who has a valid collaboration agreement with a licensed physician on file with the Department of Health or who provides anesthesia services in accordance with established protocol required by state law and approved by the medical staff of the facility in which the anesthetic service is performed. Reimbursement for such services must be provided in an amount that equals at least not less than 80 percent of the reimbursement to a physician who provides the same services, unless otherwise provided for in the General Appropriations Act.
- (2) EARLY AND PERIODIC SCREENING, DIAGNOSIS, AND TREATMENT SERVICES.—The agency shall pay for early and periodic screening and diagnosis of a recipient under age 21 to ascertain physical and mental problems and conditions and provide treatment to correct or ameliorate these problems and conditions. These services include all services determined by the agency to be medically necessary for the treatment, correction, or amelioration of these problems and conditions, including personal care, private duty nursing, durable medical equipment, physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy, respiratory therapy, and immunizations.
- (3) FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES.—The agency shall pay for services necessary to enable a recipient voluntarily to plan family size or to space children. These services include information; education; counseling regarding the availability,

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benefits, and risks of each method of pregnancy prevention; drugs and supplies; and necessary medical care and followup. Each recipient participating in the family planning portion of the Medicaid program must be provided the choice of freedom to choose any alternative method of family planning, as required by federal law.

- (4) HOME HEALTH CARE SERVICES.—The agency shall pay for nursing and home health aide services, supplies, appliances, and durable medical equipment, necessary to assist a recipient living at home. An entity that provides <u>such</u> services <u>must</u> <u>pursuant to this subsection shall</u> be licensed under part III of chapter 400. These services, equipment, and supplies, or reimbursement therefor, may be limited as provided in the General Appropriations Act and do not include services, equipment, or supplies provided to a person residing in a hospital or nursing facility.
- shall may require prior authorization of home health services care based on diagnosis, utilization rates, and or billing rates. The agency shall require prior authorization for visits for home health services that are not associated with a skilled nursing visit when the home health agency billing rates exceed the state average by 50 percent or more. The home health agency must submit the recipient's plan of care and documentation that supports the recipient's diagnosis to the agency when requesting prior authorization.
- (b) The agency shall implement a comprehensive utilization management program that requires prior authorization of all private duty nursing services, an individualized treatment plan

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that includes information about medication and treatment orders, treatment goals, methods of care to be used, and plans for care coordination by nurses and other health professionals. The utilization management program must shall also include a process for periodically reviewing the ongoing use of private duty nursing services. The assessment of need shall be based on a child's condition; τ family support and care supplements; τ a family's ability to provide care; - and a family's and child's schedule regarding work, school, sleep, and care for other family dependents; and a determination of the medical necessity for private duty nursing instead of other more cost-effective in-home services. When implemented, the private duty nursing utilization management program shall replace the current authorization program used by the agency for Health Care Administration and the Children's Medical Services program of the Department of Health. The agency may competitively bid on a contract to select a qualified organization to provide utilization management of private duty nursing services. The agency may is authorized to seek federal waivers to implement this initiative.

- (c) The agency may not pay for home health services unless the services are medically necessary and:
 - 1. The services are ordered by a physician.
- 2. The written prescription for the services is signed and dated by the recipient's physician before the development of a plan of care and before any request requiring prior authorization.
- 3. The physician ordering the services is not employed, under contract with, or otherwise affiliated with the home

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health agency rendering the services. However, this subparagraph does not apply to a home health agency affiliated with a retirement community, of which the parent corporation or a related legal entity owns a rural health clinic certified under 42 C.F.R. part 491, subpart A, ss. 1-11, a nursing home licensed under part II of chapter 400, or an apartment or single-family home for independent living. For purposes of this subparagraph, the agency may, on a case-by-case basis, provide an exception for medically fragile children who are younger than 21 years of age.

- 4. The physician ordering the services has examined the recipient within the 30 days preceding the initial request for the services and biannually thereafter.
- 5. The written prescription for the services includes the recipient's acute or chronic medical condition or diagnosis, the home health service required, and, for skilled nursing services, the frequency and duration of the services.
- 6. The national provider identifier, Medicaid identification number, or medical practitioner license number of the physician ordering the services is listed on the written prescription for the services, the claim for home health reimbursement, and the prior authorization request.
- (5) HOSPITAL INPATIENT SERVICES.—The agency shall pay for all covered services provided for the medical care and treatment of a recipient who is admitted as an inpatient by a licensed physician or dentist to a hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395. However, the agency shall limit the payment for inpatient hospital services for a Medicaid recipient 21 years of age or older to 45 days or the number of days necessary to

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1596 comply with the General Appropriations Act.

- (a) The agency may is authorized to implement reimbursement and utilization management reforms in order to comply with any limitations or directions in the General Appropriations Act, which may include, but are not limited to: prior authorization for inpatient psychiatric days; prior authorization for nonemergency hospital inpatient admissions for individuals 21 years of age and older; authorization of emergency and urgentcare admissions within 24 hours after admission; enhanced utilization and concurrent review programs for highly utilized services; reduction or elimination of covered days of service; adjusting reimbursement ceilings for variable costs; adjusting reimbursement ceilings for fixed and property costs; and implementing target rates of increase. The agency may limit prior authorization for hospital inpatient services to selected diagnosis-related groups, based on an analysis of the cost and potential for unnecessary hospitalizations represented by certain diagnoses. Admissions for normal delivery and newborns are exempt from requirements for prior authorization. In implementing the provisions of this section related to prior authorization, the agency must shall ensure that the process for authorization is accessible 24 hours per day, 7 days per week and that authorization is automatically granted if when not denied within 4 hours after the request. Authorization procedures must include steps for reviewing review of denials. Upon implementing the prior authorization program for hospital inpatient services, the agency shall discontinue its hospital retrospective review program.
 - (b) A licensed hospital maintained primarily for the care

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and treatment of patients having mental disorders or mental diseases may is not eligible to participate in the hospital inpatient portion of the Medicaid program except as provided in federal law. However, the Department of Children and Family Services shall apply for a waiver, within 9 months after June 5, 1991, designed to provide hospitalization services for mental health reasons to children and adults in the most cost-effective and lowest cost setting possible. Such waiver shall include a request for the opportunity to pay for care in hospitals known under federal law as "institutions for mental disease" or "IMD's." The waiver proposal shall propose no additional aggregate cost to the state or Federal Government, and shall be conducted in Hillsborough County, Highlands County, Hardee County, Manatee County, and Polk County. The waiver proposal may incorporate competitive bidding for hospital services, comprehensive brokering, prepaid capitated arrangements, or other mechanisms deemed by the department to show promise in reducing the cost of acute care and increasing the effectiveness of preventive care. When developing the waiver proposal, the department shall take into account price, quality, accessibility, linkages of the hospital to community services and family support programs, plans of the hospital to ensure the earliest discharge possible, and the comprehensiveness of the mental health and other health care services offered by participating providers.

- (c) The agency shall adjust a hospital's current inpatient per diem rate to reflect the cost of serving the Medicaid population at that institution if:
 - 1. The hospital experiences an increase in Medicaid

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caseload by more than 25 percent in any year, primarily resulting from the closure of a hospital in the same service area occurring after July 1, 1995;

- 2. The hospital's Medicaid per diem rate is at least 25 percent below the Medicaid per patient cost for that year; or
- 3. The hospital is located in a county that has six or fewer general acute care hospitals, began offering obstetrical services on or after September 1999, and has submitted a request in writing to the agency for a rate adjustment after July 1, 2000, but before September 30, 2000, in which case such hospital's Medicaid inpatient per diem rate shall be adjusted to cost, effective July 1, 2002. By October 1 of each year, the agency must provide estimated costs for any adjustment in a hospital inpatient per diem rate to the Executive Office of the Governor, the House of Representatives General Appropriations Committee, and the Senate Appropriations Committee. Before the agency implements a change in a hospital's inpatient per diem rate pursuant to this paragraph, the Legislature must have specifically appropriated sufficient funds in the General Appropriations Act to support the increase in cost as estimated by the agency.
- (d) The agency shall implement a hospitalist program in nonteaching hospitals, select counties, or statewide. The program shall require hospitalists to manage Medicaid recipients' hospital admissions and lengths of stay. Individuals who are dually eligible for Medicare and Medicaid are exempted from this requirement. Medicaid participating physicians and other practitioners with hospital admitting privileges shall coordinate and review admissions of Medicaid recipients with the

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hospitalist. The agency may competitively bid a contract for selection of a single qualified organization to provide hospitalist services. The agency may procure hospitalist services by individual county or may combine counties in a single procurement. The qualified organization shall contract with or employ board-eligible physicians in Miami-Dade, Palm Beach, Hillsborough, Pasco, and Pinellas Counties. The agency may is authorized to seek federal waivers to implement this program.

- (e) The agency shall implement a comprehensive utilization management program for hospital neonatal intensive care stays in certain high-volume participating hospitals, select counties, or statewide, and shall replace existing hospital inpatient utilization management programs for neonatal intensive care admissions. The program shall be designed to manage the lengths of stay for children being treated in neonatal intensive care units and must seek the earliest medically appropriate discharge to the child's home or other less costly treatment setting. The agency may competitively bid a contract for selection of a qualified organization to provide neonatal intensive care utilization management services. The agency may is authorized to seek any federal waivers to implement this initiative.
- (f) The agency may develop and implement a program to reduce the number of hospital readmissions among the non-Medicare population eligible in areas 9, 10, and 11.
- (6) HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT SERVICES.—The agency shall pay for preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, or palliative care and other services provided to a recipient in the outpatient portion of a hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395, and provided

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under the direction of a licensed physician or licensed dentist, except that payment for such care and services is limited to \$1,500 per state fiscal year per recipient, unless an exception has been made by the agency, and with the exception of a Medicaid recipient under age 21, in which case the only limitation is medical necessity.

- (7) INDEPENDENT LABORATORY SERVICES.—The agency shall pay for medically necessary diagnostic laboratory procedures ordered by a licensed physician or other licensed <u>health care</u> practitioner of the healing arts which are provided for a recipient in a laboratory that meets the requirements for Medicare participation and is licensed under chapter 483, if required.
- (8) NURSING FACILITY SERVICES.—The agency shall pay for 24hour-a-day nursing and rehabilitative services for a recipient in a nursing facility licensed under part II of chapter 400 or in a rural hospital, as defined in s. 395.602, or in a Medicare certified skilled nursing facility operated by a general hospital, as defined in by s. $395.002 \cdot (10)$, which that is licensed under part I of chapter 395, and in accordance with provisions set forth in s. 409.908(2)(a), which services are ordered by and provided under the direction of a licensed physician. However, if a nursing facility has been destroyed or otherwise made uninhabitable by natural disaster or other emergency and another nursing facility is not available, the agency must pay for similar services temporarily in a hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395 provided federal funding is approved and available. The agency shall pay only for bed-hold days if the facility has an occupancy rate of 95 percent or

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greater. The agency is authorized to seek any federal waivers to implement this policy.

- (9) PHYSICIAN SERVICES.—The agency shall pay for covered services and procedures rendered to a <u>Medicaid</u> recipient by, or under the personal supervision of, a person licensed under state law to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine. These services may be furnished in the physician's office, the <u>Medicaid</u> recipient's home, a hospital, a nursing facility, or elsewhere, but <u>must shall</u> be medically necessary for the treatment of <u>a</u> <u>covered an</u> injury <u>or</u>, illness, or <u>disease</u> within the scope of the practice of medicine or osteopathic medicine as defined by state law. The agency <u>may shall</u> not pay for services that are clinically unproven, experimental, or for purely cosmetic purposes.
- (10) PORTABLE X-RAY SERVICES.—The agency shall pay for professional and technical portable radiological services ordered by a licensed physician or other licensed health care practitioner of the healing arts which are provided by a licensed professional in a setting other than a hospital, clinic, or office of a physician or practitioner of the healing arts, on behalf of a recipient.
- (11) RURAL HEALTH CLINIC SERVICES.—The agency shall pay for outpatient primary health care services for a recipient provided by a clinic certified by and participating in the Medicare program which is located in a federally designated, rural, medically underserved area and has on its staff one or more licensed primary care nurse practitioners or physician assistants, and a licensed staff supervising physician or a consulting supervising physician.

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(12) TRANSPORTATION SERVICES.—The agency shall ensure that appropriate transportation services are available for a Medicaid recipient in need of transport to a qualified Medicaid provider for medically necessary and Medicaid—compensable services, if the recipient's provided a client's ability to choose a specific transportation provider is shall be limited to those options resulting from policies established by the agency to meet the fiscal limitations of the General Appropriations Act. The agency may pay for necessary transportation and other related travel expenses as necessary only if these services are not otherwise available.

Section 24. Section 409.906, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.906 Optional Medicaid services. - Subject to specific appropriations, the agency may make payments for services which are optional to the state under Title XIX of the Social Security Act and are furnished by Medicaid providers to recipients who are determined to be eligible on the dates on which the services were provided. Any optional service that is provided shall be provided only when medically necessary and in accordance with state and federal law. Optional services rendered by providers in mobile units to Medicaid recipients may be restricted or prohibited by the agency. Nothing in This section does not shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, or chapter 216, or s. 409.9022. If necessary to safeguard the

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state's systems of providing services to elderly and disabled persons and subject to the notice and review provisions of s. 216.177, the Governor may direct the Agency for Health Care Administration to amend the Medicaid state plan to delete the optional Medicaid service known as "Intermediate Care Facilities for the Developmentally Disabled." Optional services may include:

- (1) ADULT DENTAL SERVICES.—<u>For a recipient who is 21 years</u> of age or older:
- (a) The agency may pay for medically necessary, emergency dental procedures to alleviate pain or infection. Emergency dental care <u>is</u> shall be limited to emergency oral examinations, necessary radiographs, extractions, and incision and drainage of abscess, for a recipient who is 21 years of age or older.
- (b) Beginning July 1, 2006, The agency may pay for full or partial dentures, the procedures required to seat full or partial dentures, and the repair and reline of full or partial dentures, provided by or under the direction of a licensed dentist, for a recipient who is 21 years of age or older.
- (c) However, Medicaid will not provide reimbursement for dental services provided in a mobile dental unit, except for a mobile dental unit:
- 1. Owned by, operated by, or having a contractual agreement with the Department of Health and complying with Medicaid's county health department clinic services program specifications as a county health department clinic services provider.
- 2. Owned by, operated by, or having a contractual arrangement with a federally qualified health center and complying with Medicaid's federally qualified health center

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1828 specifications as a federally qualified health center provider.

- 3. Rendering dental services to Medicaid recipients, 21 years of age and older, at nursing facilities.
- 4. Owned by, operated by, or having a contractual agreement with a state-approved dental educational institution.
- (2) ADULT HEALTH SCREENING SERVICES.—The agency may pay for an annual routine physical examination, conducted by or under the direction of a licensed physician, for a recipient age 21 or older, without regard to medical necessity, in order to detect and prevent disease, disability, or other health condition or its progression.
- (3) AMBULATORY SURGICAL CENTER SERVICES.—The agency may pay for services provided to a recipient in an ambulatory surgical center licensed under part I of chapter 395, by or under the direction of a licensed physician or dentist.
- (4) BIRTH CENTER SERVICES.—The agency may pay for examinations and delivery, recovery, and newborn assessment, and related services, provided in a licensed birth center staffed with licensed physicians, certified nurse midwives, and midwives licensed in accordance with chapter 467, to a recipient expected to experience a low-risk pregnancy and delivery.
- (5) CASE MANAGEMENT SERVICES.—The agency may pay for primary care case management services rendered to a recipient pursuant to a federally approved waiver, and targeted case management services for specific groups of targeted recipients, for which funding has been provided and which are rendered pursuant to federal guidelines. The agency may is authorized to limit reimbursement for targeted case management services in order to comply with any limitations or directions provided for

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in the General Appropriations Act.

- (6) CHILDREN'S DENTAL SERVICES.—The agency may pay for diagnostic, preventive, or corrective procedures, including orthodontia in severe cases, provided to a recipient under age 21, by or under the supervision of a licensed dentist. Services provided under this program include treatment of the teeth and associated structures of the oral cavity, as well as treatment of disease, injury, or impairment that may affect the oral or general health of the individual. However, Medicaid may will not provide reimbursement for dental services provided in a mobile dental unit, except for a mobile dental unit:
- (a) Owned by, operated by, or having a contractual agreement with the Department of Health and complying with Medicaid's county health department clinic services program specifications as a county health department clinic services provider.
- (b) Owned by, operated by, or having a contractual arrangement with a federally qualified health center and complying with Medicaid's federally qualified health center specifications as a federally qualified health center provider.
- (c) Rendering dental services to Medicaid recipients, 21 years of age and older, at nursing facilities.
- (d) Owned by, operated by, or having a contractual agreement with a state-approved dental educational institution.
- (7) CHIROPRACTIC SERVICES.—The agency may pay for manual manipulation of the spine and initial services, screening, and X rays provided to a recipient by a licensed chiropractic physician.
 - (8) COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES.-

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(a) The agency may pay for rehabilitative services provided to a recipient by a mental health or substance abuse provider under contract with the agency or the Department of Children and Family Services to provide such services. Those Services that which are psychiatric in nature must shall be rendered or recommended by a psychiatrist, and those services that which are medical in nature must shall be rendered or recommended by a physician or psychiatrist.

(a) The agency shall must develop a provider enrollment process for community mental health providers which bases provider enrollment on an assessment of service need. The provider enrollment process shall be designed to control costs, prevent fraud and abuse, consider provider expertise and capacity, and assess provider success in managing utilization of care and measuring treatment outcomes. Providers must will be selected through a competitive procurement or selective contracting process. In addition to other community mental health providers, the agency shall consider enrolling for enrollment mental health programs licensed under chapter 395 and group practices licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 490, or chapter 491. The agency may is also authorized to continue the operation of its behavioral health utilization management program and may develop new services, if these actions are necessary, to ensure savings from the implementation of the utilization management system. The agency shall coordinate the implementation of this enrollment process with the Department of Children and Family Services and the Department of Juvenile Justice. The agency may use is authorized to utilize diagnostic criteria in setting reimbursement rates,

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to preauthorize certain high-cost or highly utilized services, to limit or eliminate coverage for certain services, or to make any other adjustments necessary to comply with any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act.

- (b) The agency <u>may</u> is authorized to implement reimbursement and use management reforms in order to comply with any limitations or directions in the General Appropriations Act, which may include, but are not limited to: prior authorization of treatment and service plans; prior authorization of services; enhanced use review programs for highly used services; and limits on services for <u>recipients</u> those determined to be abusing their benefit coverages.
- (9) DIALYSIS FACILITY SERVICES.—Subject to specific appropriations being provided for this purpose, the agency may pay a dialysis facility that is approved as a dialysis facility in accordance with Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, for dialysis services that are provided to a Medicaid recipient under the direction of a physician licensed to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine in this state, including dialysis services provided in the recipient's home by a hospital-based or freestanding dialysis facility.
- (10) DURABLE MEDICAL EQUIPMENT.—The agency may authorize and pay for certain durable medical equipment and supplies provided to a Medicaid recipient as medically necessary.
- (11) HEALTHY START SERVICES.—The agency may pay for a continuum of risk-appropriate medical and psychosocial services for the Healthy Start program in accordance with a federal waiver. The agency may not implement the federal waiver unless the waiver permits the state to limit enrollment or the amount,

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duration, and scope of services to ensure that expenditures will not exceed funds appropriated by the Legislature or available from local sources. If the Health Care Financing Administration does not approve a federal waiver for Healthy Start services is not approved, the agency, in consultation with the Department of Health and the Florida Association of Healthy Start Coalitions, may is authorized to establish a Medicaid certified-match program for Healthy Start services. Participation in the Healthy Start certified-match program is shall be voluntary, and reimbursement is shall be limited to the federal Medicaid share provided to Medicaid-enrolled Healthy Start coalitions for services provided to Medicaid recipients. The agency may not shall take no action to implement a certified-match program without ensuring that the amendment and review requirements of ss. 216.177 and 216.181 have been met.

- (12) HEARING SERVICES.—The agency may pay for hearing and related services, including hearing evaluations, hearing aid devices, dispensing of the hearing aid, and related repairs, if provided to a recipient by a licensed hearing aid specialist, otolaryngologist, otologist, audiologist, or physician.
 - (13) HOME AND COMMUNITY-BASED SERVICES.-
- (a) The agency may pay for home-based or community-based services that are rendered to a recipient in accordance with a federally approved waiver program. The agency may limit or eliminate coverage for certain services, preauthorize high-cost or highly utilized services, or make any other adjustments necessary to comply with any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act.
 - (b) The agency may consolidate types of services offered in

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the Aged and Disabled Waiver, the Channeling Waiver, the Project AIDS Care Waiver, and the Traumatic Brain and Spinal Cord Injury Waiver programs in order to group similar services under a single service, or continue a service upon evidence of the need for including a particular service type in a particular waiver. The agency may is authorized to seek a Medicaid state plan amendment or federal waiver approval to implement this policy.

- (c) The agency may implement a utilization management program designed to prior-authorize home and community-based service plans which and includes, but is not limited to, assessing proposed quantity and duration of services and monitoring ongoing service use by participants in the program. The agency may is authorized to competitively procure a qualified organization to provide utilization management of home and community-based services. The agency may is authorized to seek any federal waivers to implement this initiative.
- (d) The agency shall assess a fee against the parents of a child who is being served by a waiver under this subsection if the adjusted household income is greater than 100 percent of the federal poverty level. The amount of the fee shall be calculated using a sliding scale based on the size of the family, the amount of the parent's adjusted gross income, and the federal poverty guidelines. The agency shall seek a federal waiver to implement this provision.
- (14) HOSPICE CARE SERVICES.—The agency may pay for all reasonable and necessary services for the palliation or management of a recipient's terminal illness, if the services are provided by a hospice that is licensed under part IV of chapter 400 and meets Medicare certification requirements.

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(15) INTERMEDIATE CARE FACILITY FOR THE DEVELOPMENTALLY DISABLED SERVICES.—The agency may pay for health-related care and services provided on a 24-hour-a-day basis by a facility licensed and certified as a Medicaid Intermediate Care Facility for the Developmentally Disabled, for a recipient who needs such care because of a developmental disability. Payment may shall not include bed-hold days except in facilities with occupancy rates of 95 percent or greater. The agency may is authorized to seek any federal waiver approvals to implement this policy. If necessary to safeguard the state's systems of providing services to elderly and disabled persons and subject to notice and review under s. 216.177, the Governor may direct the agency to amend the Medicaid state plan to delete these services.

- (16) INTERMEDIATE CARE SERVICES.—The agency may pay for 24-hour-a-day intermediate care nursing and rehabilitation services rendered to a recipient in a nursing facility licensed under part II of chapter 400_{7} if the services are ordered by and provided under the direction of a physician.
- (17) OPTOMETRIC SERVICES.—The agency may pay for services provided to a recipient, including examination, diagnosis, treatment, and management, related to ocular pathology, if the services are provided by a licensed optometrist or physician.
- (18) PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT SERVICES.—The agency may pay for all services provided to a recipient by a physician assistant licensed under s. 458.347 or s. 459.022. Reimbursement for such services must be at least not less than 80 percent of the reimbursement that would be paid to a physician who provided the same services.
 - (19) PODIATRIC SERVICES.—The agency may pay for services,

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including diagnosis and medical, surgical, palliative, and mechanical treatment, related to ailments of the human foot and lower leg, if provided to a recipient by a podiatric physician licensed under state law.

- (20) PRESCRIBED DRUG SERVICES.—The agency may pay for medications that are prescribed for a recipient by a physician or other licensed <u>health care</u> practitioner of the healing arts authorized to prescribe medications and that are dispensed to the recipient by a licensed pharmacist or physician in accordance with applicable state and federal law. <u>However</u>, the agency may not pay for any psychotropic medication prescribed for a child younger than the age for which the federal Food and Drug Administration has approved its use.
- (21) REGISTERED NURSE FIRST ASSISTANT SERVICES.—The agency may pay for all services provided to a recipient by a registered nurse first assistant as described in s. 464.027. Reimbursement for such services <u>must be at least</u> may not be less than 80 percent of the reimbursement that would be paid to a physician providing the same services.
- (22) STATE HOSPITAL SERVICES.—The agency may pay for all-inclusive psychiatric inpatient hospital care provided to a recipient age 65 or older in a state mental hospital.
- examinations, eyeglasses, and eyeglass repairs for a recipient if they are prescribed by a licensed physician specializing in diseases of the eye or by a licensed optometrist. Eyeglass frames for adult recipients are shall be limited to one pair per recipient every 2 years, except a second pair may be provided during that period after prior authorization. Eyeglass lenses

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for adult recipients $\underline{\text{are}}$ $\underline{\text{shall be}}$ limited to one pair per year except a second pair may be provided $\underline{\text{during that period}}$ after prior authorization.

- (24) CHILD-WELFARE-TARGETED CASE MANAGEMENT.—The agency for Health Care Administration, in consultation with the Department of Children and Family Services, may establish a targeted casemanagement project in those counties identified by the department of Children and Family Services and for all counties with a community-based child welfare project, as authorized under s. 409.1671, which have been specifically approved by the department. The covered group that is of individuals who are eligible for to receive targeted case management include children who are eligible for Medicaid; who are between the ages of birth through 21; and who are under protective supervision or postplacement supervision, under foster-care supervision, or in shelter care or foster care. The number of eligible children individuals who are eliqible to receive targeted case management is limited to the number for whom the department of Children and Family Services has matching funds to cover the costs. The general revenue funds required to match the funds for services provided by the community-based child welfare projects are limited to funds available for services described under s. 409.1671. The department of Children and Family Services may transfer the general revenue matching funds as billed by the agency for Health Care Administration.
- (25) ASSISTIVE-CARE SERVICES.—The agency may pay for assistive-care services provided to recipients with functional or cognitive impairments residing in assisted living facilities, adult family-care homes, or residential treatment facilities.

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These services may include health support, assistance with the activities of daily living and the instrumental acts of daily living, assistance with medication administration, and arrangements for health care.

- (26) HOME AND COMMUNITY-BASED SERVICES FOR AUTISM SPECTRUM DISORDER AND OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES.—The agency may is authorized to seek federal approval through a Medicaid waiver or a state plan amendment for the provision of occupational therapy, speech therapy, physical therapy, behavior analysis, and behavior assistant services to individuals who are 5 years of age and under and have a diagnosed developmental disability as defined in s. 393.063, or autism spectrum disorder as defined in s. 627.6686, or Down syndrome, a genetic disorder caused by the presence of extra chromosomal material on chromosome 21. Causes of the syndrome may include Trisomy 21, Mosaicism, Robertsonian Translocation, and other duplications of a portion of chromosome 21. Coverage for such services is shall be limited to \$36,000 annually and may not exceed \$108,000 in total lifetime benefits. The agency shall submit an annual report beginning on January 1, 2009, to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the relevant committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives regarding progress on obtaining federal approval and recommendations for the implementation of these home and community-based services. The agency may not implement this subsection without prior legislative approval.
- (27) ANESTHESIOLOGIST ASSISTANT SERVICES.—The agency may pay for all services provided to a recipient by an anesthesiologist assistant licensed under s. 458.3475 or s.

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459.023. Reimbursement for such services must be <u>at least</u> not

2119 <u>less than</u> 80 percent of the reimbursement that would be paid to

2120 a physician who provided the same services.

Section 25. Section 409.9062, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.9062 Lung transplant services for Medicaid recipients.— Subject to the availability of funds and subject to any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, or chapter 216, or s. 409.9022, the Agency for Health Care Administration Medicaid program shall pay for medically necessary lung transplant services for Medicaid recipients. These payments must be used to reimburse approved lung transplant facilities a global fee for providing lung transplant services to Medicaid recipients.

Section 26. Paragraph (h) of subsection (3) of section 409.907, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.907 Medicaid provider agreements.—The agency may make payments for medical assistance and related services rendered to Medicaid recipients only to an individual or entity who has a provider agreement in effect with the agency, who is performing services or supplying goods in accordance with federal, state, and local law, and who agrees that no person shall, on the grounds of handicap, race, color, or national origin, or for any other reason, be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity for which the provider receives payment from the agency.

(3) The provider agreement developed by the agency, in addition to the requirements specified in subsections (1) and (2), shall require the provider to:

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(h) Be liable for and indemnify, defend, and hold the agency harmless from all claims, suits, judgments, or damages, including court costs and attorney's fees, arising out of the negligence or omissions of the provider in the course of providing services to a recipient or a person believed to be a recipient, subject to s. 766.1183 or s. 766.1184.

Section 27. Section 409.908, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.908 Reimbursement of Medicaid providers.—Subject to specific appropriations, the agency shall reimburse Medicaid providers, in accordance with state and federal law, according to methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in policy manuals and handbooks incorporated by reference therein. These methodologies may include fee schedules, reimbursement methods based on cost reporting, negotiated fees, competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, and other mechanisms the agency considers efficient and effective for purchasing services or goods on behalf of recipients. If a provider is reimbursed based on cost reporting and submits a cost report late and that cost report would have been used to set a lower reimbursement rate for a rate semester, then the provider's rate for that semester shall be retroactively calculated using the new cost report, and full payment at the recalculated rate shall be effected retroactively. Medicare-granted extensions for filing cost reports, if applicable, shall also apply to Medicaid cost reports. Payment for Medicaid compensable services made on behalf of Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, or chapter 216,

or s. 409.9022. Further, nothing in This section does not shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act if, provided the adjustment is consistent with legislative intent.

- (1) <u>HOSPITAL SERVICES.—</u>Reimbursement to hospitals licensed under part I of chapter 395 must be made prospectively or on the basis of negotiation.
 - (a) Inpatient care.-

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- 1. Reimbursement for inpatient care is limited as provided for in s. 409.905(5), except for:
- $\underline{a.1.}$ The raising of rate reimbursement caps, excluding rural hospitals.
 - $\underline{b.2.}$ Recognition of the costs of graduate medical education.
 - $\underline{\text{c.3.}}$ Other methodologies recognized in the General Appropriations Act.
 - 2. If During the years funds are transferred from the Department of Health, any reimbursement supported by such funds is shall be subject to certification by the Department of Health that the hospital has complied with s. 381.0403. The agency may is authorized to receive funds from state entities, including, but not limited to, the Department of Health, local governments, and other local political subdivisions, for the purpose of making special exception payments, including federal matching funds, through the Medicaid inpatient reimbursement methodologies. Funds received from state entities or local

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governments for this purpose shall be separately accounted for and may shall not be commingled with other state or local funds in any manner. The agency may certify all local governmental funds used as state match under Title XIX of the Social Security Act, to the extent that the identified local health care provider that is otherwise entitled to and is contracted to receive such local funds is the benefactor under the state's Medicaid program as determined under the General Appropriations Act and pursuant to an agreement between the agency for Health Care Administration and the local governmental entity. The local governmental entity shall use a certification form prescribed by the agency. At a minimum, the certification form must shall identify the amount being certified and describe the relationship between the certifying local governmental entity and the local health care provider. The agency shall prepare an annual statement of impact which documents the specific activities undertaken during the previous fiscal year pursuant to this paragraph, to be submitted to the Legislature annually by no later than January 1, annually.

(b) Outpatient care.-

- 1. Reimbursement for hospital outpatient care is limited to \$1,500 per state fiscal year per recipient, except for:
- a.1. Such Care provided to a Medicaid recipient under age 21, in which case the only limitation is medical necessity.
 - b.2. Renal dialysis services.
 - c.3. Other exceptions made by the agency.
- 2. The agency may is authorized to receive funds from state 2232 entities, including, but not limited to, the Department of 2233 Health, the Board of Governors of the State University System,

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local governments, and other local political subdivisions, for the purpose of making payments, including federal matching funds, through the Medicaid outpatient reimbursement methodologies. Funds received from state entities and local governments for this purpose shall be separately accounted for and may shall not be commingled with other state or local funds in any manner.

- 3. The agency may limit inflationary increases for outpatient hospital services as directed by the General Appropriations Act.
- (c) <u>Disproportionate share.</u>—Hospitals that provide services to a disproportionate share of low-income Medicaid recipients, or that participate in the regional perinatal intensive care center program under chapter 383, or that participate in the statutory teaching hospital disproportionate share program may receive additional reimbursement. The total amount of payment for disproportionate share hospitals shall be fixed by the General Appropriations Act. The computation of these payments must <u>comply be made in compliance</u> with all federal regulations and the methodologies described in ss. 409.911, 409.9112, and 409.9113.
- (d) The agency is authorized to limit inflationary increases for outpatient hospital services as directed by the General Appropriations Act.
 - (2) NURSING HOME CARE. -
- (a)1. Reimbursement to nursing homes licensed under part II of chapter 400 and state-owned-and-operated intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled licensed under part VIII of chapter 400 must be made prospectively.

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(a) 2. Unless otherwise limited or directed in the General Appropriations Act, reimbursement to hospitals licensed under part I of chapter 395 for the provision of swing-bed nursing home services must be based made on the basis of the average statewide nursing home payment, and reimbursement to a hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395 for the provision of skilled nursing services must be based made on the basis of the average nursing home payment for those services in the county in which the hospital is located. If When a hospital is located in a county that does not have any community nursing homes, reimbursement shall be determined by averaging the nursing home payments in counties that surround the county in which the hospital is located. Reimbursement to hospitals, including Medicaid payment of Medicare copayments, for skilled nursing services is shall be limited to 30 days, unless a prior authorization has been obtained from the agency. Medicaid reimbursement may be extended by the agency beyond 30 days, and approval must be based upon verification by the patient's physician that the patient requires short-term rehabilitative and recuperative services only, in which case an extension of no more than 15 days may be approved. Reimbursement to a hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395 for the temporary provision of skilled nursing services to nursing home residents who have been displaced as the result of a natural disaster or other emergency may not exceed the average county nursing home payment for those services in the county in which the hospital is located and is limited to the period of time which the agency considers necessary for continued placement of the nursing home residents in the hospital.

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(b) Subject to any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, the agency shall establish and implement a Florida Title XIX Long-Term Care Reimbursement Plan (Medicaid) for nursing home care in order to provide care and services that conform to in conformance with the applicable state and federal laws, rules, regulations, and quality and safety standards and to ensure that individuals eligible for medical assistance have reasonable geographic access to such care.

- 1. The agency shall amend the long-term care reimbursement plan and cost reporting system to create direct care and indirect care subcomponents of the patient care component of the per diem rate. These two subcomponents together <u>must shall</u> equal the patient care component of the per diem rate. Separate cost-based ceilings shall be calculated for each patient care subcomponent. The direct care subcomponent of the per diem rate is shall be limited by the cost-based class ceiling, and the indirect care subcomponent may be limited by the lower of the cost-based class ceiling, the target rate class ceiling, or the individual provider target.
- 2. The direct care subcomponent <u>includes</u> shall <u>include</u> salaries and benefits of direct care staff providing nursing services, including registered nurses, licensed practical nurses, and certified nursing assistants who deliver care directly to residents in the nursing home facility. This excludes nursing administration, minimum data set, and care plan coordinators, staff development, and <u>the</u> staffing coordinator. The direct care subcomponent also includes medically necessary dental care, vision care, hearing care, and podiatric care.

rate of payment.

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3. All other patient care costs <u>are shall be</u> included in the indirect care cost subcomponent of the patient care per diem rate. There shall be no Costs <u>may not be</u> directly or indirectly allocated to the direct care subcomponent from a home office or management company.

- 4. On July 1 of each year, the agency shall report to the Legislature direct and indirect care costs, including average direct and indirect care costs per resident per facility and direct care and indirect care salaries and benefits per category of staff member per facility.
- 5. In order to offset the cost of general and professional liability insurance, the agency shall amend the plan to allow for interim rate adjustments to reflect increases in the cost of general or professional liability insurance for nursing homes. This provision shall be implemented to the extent existing appropriations are available.

It is the intent of the Legislature that the reimbursement plan

achieve the goal of providing access to health care for nursing home residents who require large amounts of care while encouraging diversion services as an alternative to nursing home care for residents who can be served within the community. The agency shall base the establishment of any maximum rate of payment, whether overall or component, on the available moneys as provided for in the General Appropriations Act. The agency may base the maximum rate of payment on the results of scientifically valid analysis and conclusions derived from

objective statistical data pertinent to the particular maximum

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(c) The agency shall request and implement Medicaid waivers approved by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services to advance and treat a portion of the Medicaid nursing home per diem as capital for creating and operating a risk-retention group for self-insurance purposes, consistent with federal and state laws and rules.

- (3) FEE-FOR-SERVICE REIMBURSEMENT.—Subject to any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, the following Medicaid services and goods may be reimbursed on a fee-for-service basis. For each allowable service or goods furnished in accordance with Medicaid rules, policy manuals, handbooks, and state and federal law, the payment shall be the amount billed by the provider, the provider's usual and customary charge, or the maximum allowable fee established by the agency, whichever amount is less, with the exception of those services or goods for which the agency makes payment using a methodology based on capitation rates, average costs, or negotiated fees.
 - (a) Advanced registered nurse practitioner services.
 - (b) Birth center services.
 - (c) Chiropractic services.
 - (d) Community mental health services.
- (e) Dental services, including oral and maxillofacial surgery.
 - (f) Durable medical equipment.
 - (q) Hearing services.
- 2376 (h) Occupational therapy for Medicaid recipients under age 2377 21.
 - (i) Optometric services.

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- (k) Personal care for Medicaid recipients under age 21.
- (1) Physical therapy for Medicaid recipients under age 21.
- (m) Physician assistant services.
- (n) Podiatric services.
- (o) Portable X-ray services.
- 2385 (p) Private-duty nursing for Medicaid recipients under age 2386 21.
 - (q) Registered nurse first assistant services.
- 2388 (r) Respiratory therapy for Medicaid recipients under age 2389 21.
 - (s) Speech therapy for Medicaid recipients under age 21.
 - (t) Visual services.
 - (4) MANAGED CARE SERVICES.—Subject to any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, alternative health plans, health maintenance organizations, and prepaid health plans shall be reimbursed a fixed, prepaid amount negotiated, or competitively bid pursuant to s. 287.057, by the agency and prospectively paid to the provider monthly for each Medicaid recipient enrolled. The amount may not exceed the average amount the agency determines it would have paid, based on claims experience, for recipients in the same or similar category of eligibility. The agency shall calculate capitation rates on a regional basis and, beginning September 1, 1995, shall include age-band differentials in such calculations.
 - (5) AMBULATORY SURGICAL CENTERS.—An ambulatory surgical center shall be reimbursed the lesser of the amount billed by the provider or the Medicare-established allowable amount for the facility.

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(6) <u>EPSDT SERVICES.</u>—A provider of early and periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment services to Medicaid recipients who are <u>children</u> under age 21 shall be reimbursed using an all-inclusive rate stipulated in a fee schedule established by the agency. A provider of the visual, dental, and hearing components of such services shall be reimbursed the lesser of the amount billed by the provider or the Medicaid maximum allowable fee established by the agency.

- (7) <u>FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES.—</u>A provider of family planning services shall be reimbursed the lesser of the amount billed by the provider or an all-inclusive amount per type of visit for physicians and advanced registered nurse practitioners, as established by the agency in a fee schedule.
- (8) HOME OR COMMUNITY-BASED SERVICES.—A provider of homebased or community-based services rendered pursuant to a federally approved waiver shall be reimbursed based on an established or negotiated rate for each service. These rates shall be established according to an analysis of the expenditure history and prospective budget developed by each contract provider participating in the waiver program, or under any other methodology adopted by the agency and approved by the Federal Government in accordance with the waiver. Privately owned and operated community-based residential facilities that which meet agency requirements and which formerly received Medicaid reimbursement for the optional intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded service may participate in the developmental services waiver as part of a home-and-communitybased continuum of care for Medicaid recipients who receive waiver services.

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(9) HOME HEALTH SERVICES AND MEDICAL SUPPLIES.—A provider of home health care services or of medical supplies and appliances shall be reimbursed on the basis of competitive bidding or for the lesser of the amount billed by the provider or the agency's established maximum allowable amount, except that, in the case of the rental of durable medical equipment, the total rental payments for durable medical equipment may not exceed the purchase price of the equipment over its expected useful life or the agency's established maximum allowable amount, whichever amount is less.

- (10) <u>HOSPICE.—</u>A hospice shall be reimbursed through a prospective system for each Medicaid hospice patient at Medicaid rates using the methodology established for hospice reimbursement pursuant to Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act.
- (11) <u>LABORATORY SERVICES.—</u>A provider of independent laboratory services shall be reimbursed on the basis of competitive bidding or for the least of the amount billed by the provider, the provider's usual and customary charge, or the Medicaid maximum allowable fee established by the agency.

(12) PHYSICIAN SERVICES.-

- (a) A physician shall be reimbursed the lesser of the amount billed by the provider or the Medicaid maximum allowable fee established by the agency.
- (b) The agency shall adopt a fee schedule, subject to any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, based on a resource-based relative value scale for pricing Medicaid physician services. Under the this fee schedule, physicians shall be paid a dollar amount for each

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service based on the average resources required to provide the service, including, but not limited to, estimates of average physician time and effort, practice expense, and the costs of professional liability insurance. The fee schedule must shall provide increased reimbursement for preventive and primary care services and lowered reimbursement for specialty services by using at least two conversion factors, one for cognitive services and another for procedural services. The fee schedule may shall not increase total Medicaid physician expenditures unless moneys are available. The agency for Health Care Administration shall seek the advice of a 16-member advisory panel in formulating and adopting the fee schedule. The panel shall consist of Medicaid physicians licensed under chapters 458 and 459 and shall be composed of 50 percent primary care physicians and 50 percent specialty care physicians.

(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), reimbursement fees to physicians for providing total obstetrical services to Medicaid recipients, which include prenatal, delivery, and postpartum care, <u>must</u> shall be at least \$1,500 per delivery for a pregnant woman with low medical risk and at least \$2,000 per delivery for a pregnant woman with high medical risk. However, reimbursement to physicians working in regional perinatal intensive care centers designated pursuant to chapter 383, for services to <u>certain</u> pregnant Medicaid recipients with a high medical risk, may be made according to obstetrical care and neonatal care groupings and rates established by the agency. Nurse midwives licensed under chapter 467 shall be reimbursed at <u>least</u> no less than 80 percent of the low medical risk fee. The agency shall by rule determine,

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for the purpose of this paragraph, what constitutes a high or low medical risk pregnant woman and may shall not pay more based solely on the fact that a caesarean section was performed, rather than a vaginal delivery. The agency shall by rule determine a prorated payment for obstetrical services in cases where only part of the total prenatal, delivery, or postpartum care was performed. The Department of Health shall adopt rules for appropriate insurance coverage for midwives licensed under chapter 467. Before issuing and renewing Prior to the issuance and renewal of an active license, or reactivating reactivation of an inactive license for midwives licensed under chapter 467, such licensees must shall submit proof of coverage with each application.

- (d) Effective January 1, 2013, Medicaid fee-for-service payments to primary care physicians for primary care services must be at least 100 percent of the Medicare payment rate for such services.
- (13) <u>DUALLY ELIGIBLE RECIPIENTS.—</u>Medicare premiums for persons eligible for both Medicare and Medicaid coverage shall be paid at the rates established by Title XVIII of the Social Security Act. For Medicare services rendered to Medicaideligible persons, Medicaid shall pay Medicare deductibles and coinsurance as follows:
- (a) Medicaid's financial obligation for deductibles and coinsurance payments shall be based on Medicare allowable fees, not on a provider's billed charges.
- (b) Medicaid $\underline{\text{may not}}$ $\underline{\text{will}}$ pay $\underline{\text{any no}}$ portion of Medicare deductibles and coinsurance $\underline{\text{if}}$ $\underline{\text{when}}$ payment that Medicare has made for the service equals or exceeds what Medicaid would have

2524 paid if it had been the sole payor. The combined payment of 2525 Medicare and Medicaid may shall not exceed the amount Medicaid 2526 would have paid had it been the sole payor. The Legislature 2527 finds that there has been confusion regarding the reimbursement 2528 for services rendered to dually eligible Medicare beneficiaries. 2529 Accordingly, the Legislature clarifies that it has always been 2530 the intent of the Legislature before and after 1991 that, in 2531 reimbursing in accordance with fees established by Title XVIII 2532 for premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance for Medicare services 2533 rendered by physicians to Medicaid eligible persons, physicians 2534 be reimbursed at the lesser of the amount billed by the 2535 physician or the Medicaid maximum allowable fee established by 2536 the agency for Health Care Administration, as is permitted by 2537 federal law. It has never been the intent of the Legislature 2538 with regard to such services rendered by physicians that 2539 Medicaid be required to provide any payment for deductibles, 2540 coinsurance, or copayments for Medicare cost sharing, or any 2541 expenses incurred relating thereto, in excess of the payment 2542 amount provided for under the State Medicaid plan for physician 2543 services such service. This payment methodology is applicable 2544 even in those situations in which the payment for Medicare cost 2545 sharing for a qualified Medicare beneficiary with respect to an 2546 item or service is reduced or eliminated. This expression of the 2547 Legislature clarifies is in clarification of existing law and 2548 applies shall apply to payment for, and with respect to provider 2549 agreements with respect to, items or services furnished on or 2550 after July 1, 2000 the effective date of this act. This 2551 paragraph applies to payment by Medicaid for items and services furnished before July 1, 2000, the effective date of this act if 2552

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such payment is the subject of a lawsuit that is based on the provisions of this section, and that is pending as of, or is initiated after that date, the effective date of this act.

- (c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b):
- 1. Medicaid payments for Nursing Home Medicare part A coinsurance are limited to the Medicaid nursing home per diem rate less any amounts paid by Medicare, but only up to the amount of Medicare coinsurance. The Medicaid per diem rate is shall be the rate in effect for the dates of service of the crossover claims and may not be subsequently adjusted due to subsequent per diem rate adjustments.
- 2. Medicaid shall pay all deductibles and coinsurance for Medicare-eligible recipients receiving freestanding end stage renal dialysis center services.
- 3. Medicaid payments for general and specialty hospital inpatient services are limited to the Medicare deductible and coinsurance per spell of illness. Medicaid payments for hospital Medicare Part A coinsurance are shall be limited to the Medicaid hospital per diem rate less any amounts paid by Medicare, but only up to the amount of Medicare coinsurance. Medicaid payments for coinsurance are shall be limited to the Medicaid per diem rate in effect for the dates of service of the crossover claims and may not be subsequently adjusted due to subsequent per diem adjustments.
- 4. Medicaid shall pay all deductibles and coinsurance for Medicare emergency transportation services provided by ambulances licensed pursuant to chapter 401.
- 5. Medicaid shall pay all deductibles and coinsurance for portable X-ray Medicare Part B services provided in a nursing

2582 home.

- (14) PRESCRIBED DRUGS.—A provider of prescribed drugs shall be reimbursed the least of the amount billed by the provider, the provider's usual and customary charge, or the Medicaid maximum allowable fee established by the agency, plus a dispensing fee. The Medicaid maximum allowable fee for ingredient cost must will be based on the lower of the: average wholesale price (AWP) minus 16.4 percent, wholesaler acquisition cost (WAC) plus 4.75 percent, the federal upper limit (FUL), the state maximum allowable cost (SMAC), or the usual and customary (UAC) charge billed by the provider.
- <u>(a)</u> Medicaid providers <u>must</u> are required to dispense generic drugs if available at lower cost and the agency has not determined that the branded product is more cost-effective, unless the prescriber has requested and received approval to require the branded product.
- (b) The agency shall is directed to implement a variable dispensing fee for payments for prescribed medicines while ensuring continued access for Medicaid recipients. The variable dispensing fee may be based upon, but not limited to, either or both the volume of prescriptions dispensed by a specific pharmacy provider, the volume of prescriptions dispensed to an individual recipient, and dispensing of preferred-drug-list products.
- (c) The agency may increase the pharmacy dispensing fee authorized by statute and in the annual General Appropriations Act by \$0.50 for the dispensing of a Medicaid preferred-druglist product and reduce the pharmacy dispensing fee by \$0.50 for the dispensing of a Medicaid product that is not included on the

2611 preferred drug list.

- (d) The agency may establish a supplemental pharmaceutical dispensing fee to be paid to providers returning unused unit-dose packaged medications to stock and crediting the Medicaid program for the ingredient cost of those medications if the ingredient costs to be credited exceed the value of the supplemental dispensing fee.
- (e) The agency may is authorized to limit reimbursement for prescribed medicine in order to comply with any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, which may include implementing a prospective or concurrent utilization review program.
- (15) PRIMARY CARE CASE MANAGEMENT.—A provider of primary care case management services rendered pursuant to a federally approved waiver shall be reimbursed by payment of a fixed, prepaid monthly sum for each Medicaid recipient enrolled with the provider.
- (16) <u>RURAL HEALTH CLINICS.—</u>A provider of rural health clinic services and federally qualified health center services shall be reimbursed a rate per visit based on total reasonable costs of the clinic, as determined by the agency in accordance with federal regulations.
- (17) TARGETED CASE MANAGEMENT.—A provider of targeted case management services shall be reimbursed pursuant to an established fee, except where the Federal Government requires a public provider be reimbursed on the basis of average actual costs.
- (18) <u>TRANSPORTATION.—</u>Unless otherwise provided for in the General Appropriations Act, a provider of transportation

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services shall be reimbursed the lesser of the amount billed by the provider or the Medicaid maximum allowable fee established by the agency, except <u>if</u> when the agency has entered into a direct contract with the provider, or with a community transportation coordinator, for the provision of an all-inclusive service, or <u>if</u> when services are provided pursuant to an agreement negotiated between the agency and the provider. The agency, as provided for in s. 427.0135, shall purchase transportation services through the community coordinated transportation system, if available, unless the agency, after consultation with the commission, determines that it cannot reach mutually acceptable contract terms with the commission. The agency may then contract for the same transportation services provided in a more cost-effective manner and of comparable or higher quality and standards. Nothing in

- (a) This subsection does not shall be construed to limit or preclude the agency from contracting for services using a prepaid capitation rate or from establishing maximum fee schedules, individualized reimbursement policies by provider type, negotiated fees, prior authorization, competitive bidding, increased use of mass transit, or any other mechanism that the agency considers efficient and effective for the purchase of services on behalf of Medicaid clients, including implementing a transportation eligibility process.
- (b) The agency may shall not be required to contract with any community transportation coordinator or transportation operator that has been determined by the agency, the Department of Legal Affairs Medicaid Fraud Control Unit, or any other state or federal agency to have engaged in any abusive or fraudulent

2669 billing activities.

- (c) The agency shall is authorized to competitively procure transportation services or make other changes necessary to secure approval of federal waivers needed to permit federal financing of Medicaid transportation services at the service matching rate rather than the administrative matching rate.

 Notwithstanding chapter 427, the agency is authorized to continue contracting for Medicaid nonemergency transportation services in agency service area 11 with managed care plans that were under contract for those services before July 1, 2004.
- (d) Transportation to access covered services provided by a qualified plan pursuant to part IV of this chapter shall be contracted for by the plan. A qualified plan is not required to purchase such services through a coordinated transportation system established pursuant to part I of chapter 427.
- (19) <u>COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENTS.—County health department</u> services shall be reimbursed a rate per visit based on total reasonable costs of the clinic, as determined by the agency in accordance with federal regulations under the authority of 42 C.F.R. s. 431.615.
- (20) <u>DIALYSIS.</u>—A renal dialysis facility that provides dialysis services under s. 409.906(9) must be reimbursed the lesser of the amount billed by the provider, the provider's usual and customary charge, or the maximum allowable fee established by the agency, whichever amount is less.
- (21) <u>SCHOOL-BASED SERVICES.</u>—The agency shall reimburse school districts <u>that</u> <u>which</u> certify the state match pursuant to ss. 409.9071 and 1011.70 for the federal portion of the school district's allowable costs to deliver the services, based on the

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reimbursement schedule. The school district shall determine the costs for delivering services as authorized in ss. 409.9071 and 1011.70 for which the state match will be certified. Reimbursement of school-based providers is contingent on such providers being enrolled as Medicaid providers and meeting the qualifications contained in 42 C.F.R. s. 440.110, unless otherwise waived by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Health Care Financing Administration. Speech therapy providers who are certified through the Department of Education pursuant to rule 6A-4.0176, Florida Administrative Code, are eligible for reimbursement for services that are provided on school premises. Any employee of the school district who has been fingerprinted and has received a criminal background check in accordance with Department of Education rules and guidelines is shall be exempt from any agency requirements relating to criminal background checks.

(22) The agency shall request and implement Medicaid waivers from the federal Health Care Financing Administration to advance and treat a portion of the Medicaid nursing home per diem as capital for creating and operating a risk-retention group for self-insurance purposes, consistent with federal and state laws and rules.

(22) (23) (a) LIMITATION ON REIMBURSEMENT RATES.—The agency shall establish rates at a level that ensures no increase in statewide expenditures resulting from a change in unit costs for 2 fiscal years effective July 1, 2009. Reimbursement rates for the 2 fiscal years shall be as provided in the General Appropriations Act.

(a) (b) This subsection applies to the following provider

2727 types:

- 1. Inpatient hospitals.
- 2. Outpatient hospitals.
- Nursing homes.
 - 4. County health departments.
 - 5. Community intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled.
 - 6. Prepaid health plans.
 - (b) The agency shall apply the effect of this subsection to the reimbursement rates for nursing home diversion programs.
- (c) The agency shall create a workgroup on hospital reimbursement, a workgroup on nursing facility reimbursement, and a workgroup on managed care plan payment. The workgroups shall evaluate alternative reimbursement and payment methodologies for hospitals, nursing facilities, and managed care plans, including prospective payment methodologies for hospitals and nursing facilities. The nursing facility workgroup shall also consider price-based methodologies for indirect care and acuity adjustments for direct care. The agency shall submit a report on the evaluated alternative reimbursement methodologies to the relevant committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives by November 1, 2009.
 - (c) (d) This subsection expires June 30, 2011.
- (23) PAYMENT METHODOLOGIES.—If a provider is reimbursed based on cost reporting and submits a cost report late and that cost report would have been used to set a lower reimbursement rate for a rate semester, the provider's rate for that semester shall be retroactively calculated using the new cost report, and full payment at the recalculated rate shall be applied

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retroactively. Medicare-granted extensions for filing cost reports, if applicable, also apply to Medicaid cost reports.

(24) <u>RETURN OF PAYMENTS.—</u>If a provider fails to notify the agency within 5 business days after suspension or disenrollment from Medicare, sanctions may be imposed pursuant to this chapter, and the provider may be required to return funds paid to the provider during the period of time that the provider was suspended or disenrolled as a Medicare provider.

Section 28. Subsection (1) of section 409.9081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.9081 Copayments.-

- (1) The agency shall require, Subject to federal regulations and limitations, each Medicaid recipient <u>must</u> to pay at the time of service a nominal copayment for the following Medicaid services:
- (a) Hospital outpatient services: up to \$3 for each hospital outpatient visit.
- (b) Physician services: up to \$2 copayment for each visit with a primary care physician and up to \$3 copayment for each visit with a specialty care physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or chapter 463.
- (c) Hospital emergency department visits for nonemergency care: 5 percent of up to the first \$300 of the Medicaid payment for emergency room services, not to exceed \$15. The agency shall seek a federal waiver of the requirement that cost-sharing amounts for nonemergency services and care furnished in a hospital emergency department be nominal. Upon waiver approval, a Medicaid recipient who requests such services and care, must pay a \$100 copayment to the hospital for the nonemergency

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services and care provided in the hospital emergency department.

(d) Prescription drugs: a coinsurance equal to 2.5 percent of the Medicaid cost of the prescription drug at the time of purchase. The maximum coinsurance \underline{is} shall be \$7.50 per prescription drug purchased.

Section 29. Paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (4) and subsections (8), (34), (44), (47), and (53) of section 409.912, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (48) through (52) of that section are renumbered as subsections (47) through (51) respectively, to read:

409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health care.—The agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery of quality medical care. To ensure that medical services are effectively utilized, the agency may, in any case, require a confirmation or second physician's opinion of the correct diagnosis for purposes of authorizing future services under the Medicaid program. This section does not restrict access to emergency services or poststabilization care services as defined in 42 C.F.R. part 438.114. Such confirmation or second opinion shall be rendered in a manner approved by the agency. The agency shall maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies, including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the

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inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services. The agency shall contract with a vendor to monitor and evaluate the clinical practice patterns of providers in order to identify trends that are outside the normal practice patterns of a provider's professional peers or the national guidelines of a provider's professional association. The vendor must be able to provide information and counseling to a provider whose practice patterns are outside the norms, in consultation with the agency, to improve patient care and reduce inappropriate utilization. The agency may mandate prior authorization, drug therapy management, or disease management participation for certain populations of Medicaid beneficiaries, certain drug classes, or particular drugs to prevent fraud, abuse, overuse, and possible dangerous drug interactions. The Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee shall make recommendations to the agency on drugs for which prior authorization is required. The agency shall inform the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee of its decisions regarding drugs subject to prior authorization. The agency is authorized to limit the entities it contracts with or enrolls as Medicaid providers by developing a provider network through provider credentialing. The agency may competitively bid singlesource-provider contracts if procurement of goods or services results in demonstrated cost savings to the state without limiting access to care. The agency may limit its network based on the assessment of beneficiary access to care, provider availability, provider quality standards, time and distance standards for access to care, the cultural competence of the provider network, demographic characteristics of Medicaid beneficiaries, practice and provider-to-beneficiary standards,

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appointment wait times, beneficiary use of services, provider turnover, provider profiling, provider licensure history, previous program integrity investigations and findings, peer review, provider Medicaid policy and billing compliance records, clinical and medical record audits, and other factors. Providers shall not be entitled to enrollment in the Medicaid provider network. The agency shall determine instances in which allowing Medicaid beneficiaries to purchase durable medical equipment and other goods is less expensive to the Medicaid program than long-term rental of the equipment or goods. The agency may establish rules to facilitate purchases in lieu of long-term rentals in order to protect against fraud and abuse in the Medicaid program as defined in s. 409.913. The agency may seek federal waivers necessary to administer these policies.

- (4) The agency may contract with:
- (b) An entity that is providing comprehensive behavioral health care services to certain Medicaid recipients through a capitated, prepaid arrangement pursuant to the federal waiver authorized under s. 409.905(5)(b) provided for by s. 409.905(5). Such entity must be licensed under chapter 624, chapter 636, or chapter 641, or authorized under paragraph (c) or paragraph (d), and must possess the clinical systems and operational competence to manage risk and provide comprehensive behavioral health care to Medicaid recipients. As used in this paragraph, the term "comprehensive behavioral health care services" means covered mental health and substance abuse treatment services that are available to Medicaid recipients. The Secretary of the Department of Children and Family Services must shall approve provisions of procurements related to children in the

2872 department's care or custody before enrolling such children in a 2873 prepaid behavioral health plan. Any contract awarded under this 2874 paragraph must be competitively procured. In developing The 2875 behavioral health care prepaid plan procurement document must require, the agency shall ensure that the procurement document 2876 2877 requires the contractor to develop and implement a plan to 2878 ensure compliance with s. 394.4574 related to services provided 2879 to residents of licensed assisted living facilities that hold a 2880 limited mental health license. Except as provided in 2881 subparagraph 5. 8., and except in counties where the Medicaid 2882 managed care pilot program is authorized pursuant to s. 409.986 2883 409.91211, the agency shall seek federal approval to contract 2884 with a single entity meeting these requirements to provide 2885 comprehensive behavioral health care services to all Medicaid 2886 recipients not enrolled in a Medicaid managed care plan 2887 authorized under s. 409.986 409.91211, a provider service 2888 network authorized under paragraph (d), or a Medicaid health 2889 maintenance organization in an AHCA area. In an AHCA area where 2890 the Medicaid managed care pilot program is authorized pursuant 2891 to s. $409.986 \frac{409.91211}{1000}$ in one or more counties, the agency may 2892 procure a contract with a single entity to serve the remaining 2893 counties as an AHCA area or the remaining counties may be 2894 included with an adjacent AHCA area and are subject to this 2895 paragraph. Each entity must offer a sufficient choice of 2896 providers in its network to ensure recipient access to care and 2897 the opportunity to select a provider with whom they are 2898 satisfied. The network shall include all public mental health 2899 hospitals. To ensure unimpaired access to behavioral health care 2900 services by Medicaid recipients, all contracts issued pursuant

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to this paragraph must require that 90 80 percent of the capitation paid to the managed care plan, including health maintenance organizations and capitated provider service networks, to be expended for the provision of behavioral health care services. If the managed care plan expends less than 90 80 percent of the capitation paid for the provision of behavioral health care services, the difference shall be returned to the agency. The agency shall provide the plan with a certification letter indicating the amount of capitation paid during each calendar year for behavioral health care services pursuant to this section. The agency may reimburse for substance abuse treatment services on a fee-for-service basis until the agency finds that adequate funds are available for capitated, prepaid arrangements.

- 1. By January 1, 2001, The agency shall modify the contracts with the entities providing comprehensive inpatient and outpatient mental health care services to Medicaid recipients in Hillsborough, Highlands, Hardee, Manatee, and Polk Counties, to include substance abuse treatment services.
- 2. By July 1, 2003, the agency and the Department of Children and Family Services shall execute a written agreement that requires collaboration and joint development of all policy, budgets, procurement documents, contracts, and monitoring plans that have an impact on the state and Medicaid community mental health and targeted case management programs.
- 2.3. Except as provided in subparagraph 5. 8., by July 1, 2006, the agency and the Department of Children and Family Services shall contract with managed care entities in each AHCA area except area 6 or arrange to provide comprehensive inpatient

2930 and outpatient mental health and substance abuse services 2931 through capitated prepaid arrangements to all Medicaid 2932 recipients who are eligible to participate in such plans under 2933 federal law and regulation. In AHCA areas where there are fewer 2934 than 150,000 eliqible individuals number less than 150,000, the 2935 agency shall contract with a single managed care plan to provide 2936 comprehensive behavioral health services to all recipients who 2937 are not enrolled in a Medicaid health maintenance organization, 2938 a provider service network authorized under paragraph (d), or a 2939 Medicaid capitated managed care plan authorized under s. 409.986 2940 409.91211. The agency may contract with more than one 2941 comprehensive behavioral health provider to provide care to 2942 recipients who are not enrolled in a Medicaid capitated managed 2943 care plan authorized under s. 409.986 409.91211, a provider 2944 service network authorized under paragraph (d), or a Medicaid 2945 health maintenance organization in AHCA areas where the eligible 2946 population exceeds 150,000. In an AHCA area where the Medicaid 2947 managed care pilot program is authorized pursuant to s. 409.986 2948 409.91211 in one or more counties, the agency may procure a 2949 contract with a single entity to serve the remaining counties as 2950 an AHCA area or the remaining counties may be included with an 2951 adjacent AHCA area and shall be subject to this paragraph. 2952 Contracts for comprehensive behavioral health providers awarded 2953 pursuant to this section must shall be competitively procured. 2954 Both for-profit and not-for-profit corporations are eliqible to 2955 compete. Managed care plans contracting with the agency under 2956 subsection (3) or paragraph (d), shall provide and receive 2957 payment for the same comprehensive behavioral health benefits as 2958 provided in AHCA rules, including handbooks incorporated by

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reference. In AHCA area 11, the agency shall contract with at least two comprehensive behavioral health care providers to provide behavioral health care to recipients in that area who are enrolled in, or assigned to, the MediPass program. One of the behavioral health care contracts must be with the existing provider service network pilot project, as described in paragraph (d), for the purpose of demonstrating the cost-effectiveness of the provision of quality mental health services through a public hospital-operated managed care model. Payment shall be at an agreed-upon capitated rate to ensure cost savings. Of the recipients in area 11 who are assigned to MediPass under s. 409.9122(2)(k), a minimum of 50,000 of those MediPass-enrolled recipients shall be assigned to the existing provider service network in area 11 for their behavioral care.

4. By October 1, 2003, the agency and the department shall submit a plan to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives which provides for the full implementation of capitated prepaid behavioral health care in all areas of the state.

a. Implementation shall begin in 2003 in those AHCA areas of the state where the agency is able to establish sufficient capitation rates.

b. If the agency determines that the proposed capitation rate in any area is insufficient to provide appropriate services, the agency may adjust the capitation rate to ensure that care will be available. The agency and the department may use existing general revenue to address any additional required match but may not over-obligate existing funds on an annualized basis.

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c. Subject to any limitations provided in the General
Appropriations Act, the agency, in compliance with appropriate
federal authorization, shall develop policies and procedures
that allow for certification of local and state funds.

3.5. Children residing in a statewide inpatient psychiatric program, or in a Department of Juvenile Justice or a Department of Children and Family Services residential program approved as a Medicaid behavioral health overlay services provider may not be included in a behavioral health care prepaid health plan or any other Medicaid managed care plan pursuant to this paragraph.

6. In converting to a prepaid system of delivery, the agency shall in its procurement document require an entity providing only comprehensive behavioral health care services to prevent the displacement of indigent care patients by enrollees in the Medicaid prepaid health plan providing behavioral health care services from facilities receiving state funding to provide indigent behavioral health care, to facilities licensed under chapter 395 which do not receive state funding for indigent behavioral health care, or reimburse the unsubsidized facility for the cost of behavioral health care provided to the displaced indigent care patient.

4.7. Traditional community mental health providers under contract with the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to part IV of chapter 394, child welfare providers under contract with the Department of Children and Family Services in areas 1 and 6, and inpatient mental health providers licensed pursuant to chapter 395 must be offered an opportunity to accept or decline a contract to participate in any provider network for prepaid behavioral health services.

3017 5.8. All Medicaid-eligible children, except children in 3018 area 1 and children in Highlands County, Hardee County, Polk 3019 County, or Manatee County in of area 6, whose cases that are open for child welfare services in the statewide automated child 3020 3021 welfare information HomeSafeNet system, shall receive their 3022 behavioral health care services through a specialty prepaid plan 3023 operated by community-based lead agencies through a single 3024 agency or formal agreements among several agencies. The agency 3025 shall work with the specialty plan to develop clinically 3026 effective, evidence-based alternatives as a downward 3027 substitution for the statewide inpatient psychiatric program and 3028 similar residential care and institutional services. The 3029 specialty prepaid plan must result in savings to the state 3030 comparable to savings achieved in other Medicaid managed care 3031 and prepaid programs. Such plan must provide mechanisms to 3032 maximize state and local revenues. The specialty prepaid plan 3033 shall be developed by the agency and the Department of Children 3034 and Family Services. The agency may seek federal waivers to 3035 implement this initiative. Medicaid-eligible children whose 3036 cases are open for child welfare services in the statewide 3037 automated child welfare information HomeSafeNet system and who 3038 reside in AHCA area 10 shall be enrolled in a capitated managed 3039 care plan, which includes provider service networks, which, in 3040 coordination with available community-based care providers 3041 specified in s. 409.1671, shall provide sufficient medical, 3042 developmental, behavioral, and emotional services to meet the 3043 needs of these children, subject to funding as provided in the 3044 General Appropriations Act are exempt from the specialty prepaid 3045 plan upon the development of a service delivery mechanism for

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children who reside in area 10 as specified in s. 409.91211(3)(dd).

- (d) A provider service network, which may be reimbursed on a fee-for-service or prepaid basis.
- $\underline{1.}$ A provider service network $\underline{\text{that}}$ which is reimbursed by the agency on a prepaid basis $\underline{\text{is}}$ shall be exempt from parts I and III of chapter 641, but must comply with the solvency requirements in s. 641.2261(2) and meet appropriate financial reserve, quality assurance, and patient rights requirements $\underline{\text{as}}$ established by the agency.
- 2. Medicaid recipients assigned to a provider service network shall be chosen equally from those who would otherwise have been assigned to prepaid plans and MediPass. The agency may is authorized to seek federal Medicaid waivers as necessary to implement the provisions of this section. Any contract previously awarded to a provider service network operated by a hospital pursuant to this subsection shall remain in effect for a period of 3 years following the current contract expiration date, regardless of any contractual provisions to the contrary.
- 3. A provider service network is a network established or organized and operated by a health care provider, or group of affiliated health care providers, including minority physician networks and emergency room diversion programs that meet the requirements of s. 409.986 409.91211, which provides a substantial proportion of the health care items and services under a contract directly through the provider or affiliated group of providers and may make arrangements with physicians or other health care professionals, health care institutions, or any combination of such individuals or institutions to assume

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all or part of the financial risk on a prospective basis for the provision of basic health services by the physicians, by other health professionals, or through the institutions. The health care providers must have a controlling interest in the governing body of the provider service network organization.

- (8) (a) The agency may contract on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis with an exclusive provider organization to provide health care services to Medicaid recipients if provided that the exclusive provider organization meets applicable managed care plan requirements in this section, ss. 409.987, 409.988 409.9122, 409.9123, 409.9128, and 627.6472, and other applicable provisions of law.
- (b) For a period of no longer than 24 months after the effective date of this paragraph, when a member of an exclusive provider organization that is contracted by the agency to provide health care services to Medicaid recipients in rural areas without a health maintenance organization obtains services from a provider that participates in the Medicaid program in this state, the provider shall be paid in accordance with the appropriate fee schedule for services provided to eligible Medicaid recipients. The agency may seek waiver authority to implement this paragraph.
- (34) The agency and entities that contract with the agency to provide health care services to Medicaid recipients under this section or ss. 409.986 and 409.987 409.91211 and 409.9122 must comply with the provisions of s. 641.513 in providing emergency services and care to Medicaid recipients and MediPass recipients. Where feasible, safe, and cost-effective, the agency shall encourage hospitals, emergency medical services providers,

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and other public and private health care providers to work together in their local communities to enter into agreements or arrangements to ensure access to alternatives to emergency services and care for those Medicaid recipients who need nonemergent care. The agency shall coordinate with hospitals, emergency medical services providers, private health plans, capitated managed care networks as established in s. 409.986 409.91211, and other public and private health care providers to implement the provisions of ss. 395.1041(7), 409.91255(3)(g), 627.6405, and 641.31097 to develop and implement emergency department diversion programs for Medicaid recipients.

- that any Medicaid managed care plan as defined in s.

 409.987(2)(f) 409.9122(2)(f), whether paid on a capitated basis or a shared savings basis, is cost-effective. For purposes of this subsection, the term "cost-effective" means that a network's per-member, per-month costs to the state, including, but not limited to, fee-for-service costs, administrative costs, and case-management fees, if any, must be no greater than the state's costs associated with contracts for Medicaid services established under subsection (3), which may be adjusted for health status. The agency shall conduct actuarially sound adjustments for health status in order to ensure such cost-effectiveness and shall annually publish the results on its Internet website. Contracts established pursuant to this subsection which are not cost-effective may not be renewed.
- (47) The agency shall conduct a study of available electronic systems for the purpose of verifying the identity and eligibility of a Medicaid recipient. The agency shall recommend

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to the Legislature a plan to implement an electronic verification system for Medicaid recipients by January 31, 2005.

(53) Before seeking an amendment to the state plan for purposes of implementing programs authorized by the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005, the agency shall notify the Legislature.

Section 30. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 409.915, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.915 County contributions to Medicaid.—Although the state is responsible for the full portion of the state share of the matching funds required for the Medicaid program, in order to acquire a certain portion of these funds, the state shall charge the counties for certain items of care and service as provided in this section.

- (1) Each county shall participate in the following items of care and service:
- (a) For both health maintenance members and fee-for-service beneficiaries, payments for inpatient hospitalization in excess of 10 days, but not in excess of 45 days, with the exception of pregnant women and children whose income is greater than in excess of the federal poverty level and who do not receive a Medicaid nonpoverty medical subsidy participate in the Medicaid medically needy Program, and for adult lung transplant services.

Section 31. Section 409.9301, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 409.9067, Florida Statutes, and subsections (1) and (2) of that section are amended, to read:

- 409.9067 409.9301 Pharmaceutical expense assistance.-
- (1) PROGRAM ESTABLISHED.—A program is established in the agency for Health Care Administration to provide pharmaceutical

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expense assistance to individuals diagnosed with cancer or individuals who have <u>obtained received</u> organ transplants who received a Medicaid nonpoverty medical subsidy before were medically needy recipients prior to January 1, 2006.

- (2) ELIGIBILITY.—Eligibility for the program is limited to an individual who:
 - (a) Is a resident of this state;
- (b) Was a Medicaid recipient who received a nonpoverty medical subsidy before under the Florida Medicaid medically needy program prior to January 1, 2006;
 - (c) Is eligible for Medicare;
- (d) Is a cancer patient or an organ transplant recipient; and
 - (e) Requests to be enrolled in the program.
- Section 32. Subsection (1) of section 409.9126, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 409.9126 Children with special health care needs.-
 - (1) Except as provided in subsection (4), children eligible for Children's Medical Services who receive Medicaid benefits, and other Medicaid-eligible children with special health care needs, are shall be exempt from the provisions of s. 409.987 409.9122 and shall be served through the Children's Medical Services network established in chapter 391.
- Section 33. The Division of Statutory Revision is requested to create part IV of chapter 409, Florida Statutes, consisting of sections 409.961-409.978, Florida Statutes, entitled "MEDICAID MANAGED CARE."
- Section 34. Section 409.961, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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409.961 Construction; applicability.—It is the intent of the Legislature that if any conflict exists between ss. 409.961—409.978 and other parts or sections of this chapter, the provisions in ss. 409.961—409.978 control. Sections 409.961—409.978 apply only to the Medicaid managed care program, as provided in this part.

Section 35. Section 409.962, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

 $\underline{409.962}$ Definitions.—As used in this part, and including the terms defined in s. 409.901, the term:

- (1) "Direct care management" means care management activities that involve direct interaction between providers and patients.
- (2) "Home and community-based services" means a specific set of services designed to assist recipients qualifying under s. 409.974 in avoiding institutionalization.
- (3) "Medicaid managed care program" means the integrated, statewide Medicaid program created in this part, which includes the provision of managed care medical assistance services described in ss. 409.971 and 409.972 and managed long-term care services described in ss. 409.973-409.978.
- (4) "Provider service network" means an entity of which a controlling interest is owned by, or a controlling interest in the governing body of the entity is composed of, a health care provider, a group of affiliated providers, or a public agency or entity that delivers health services. For purposes of this chapter, health care providers include Florida-licensed health care professionals, Florida-licensed health care facilities, federally qualified health centers, and home health care

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3220 agencies.

 (5) "Qualified plan" means a managed care plan that is determined eligible to participate in the Medicaid managed care program pursuant to s. 409.965.

(6) "Specialty plan" means a qualified plan that serves Medicaid recipients who meet specified criteria based on age, medical condition, or diagnosis.

Section 36. Section 409.963, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

409.963 Medicaid managed care program.—The Medicaid managed care program is established as a statewide, integrated managed care program for all covered medical assistance services and long-term care services as provided under this part. Pursuant to s. 409.902, the program shall be administered by the agency, and eligibility for the program shall be determined by the Department of Children and Family Services.

(1) The agency shall submit amendments to the Medicaid state plan or to existing waivers, or submit new waiver requests under section 1115 or other applicable sections of the Social Security Act, by August 1, 2011, as needed to implement the managed care program. At a minimum, the waiver requests must include a waiver that allows home and community-based services to be preferred over nursing home services for persons who can be safely managed in the home and community, and a waiver that requires dually eligible recipients to participate in the Medicaid managed care program. The waiver requests must also include provisions authorizing the state to limit enrollment in managed long-term care, establish waiting lists, and limit the amount, duration, and scope of home and community-based services

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to ensure that expenditures for persons eligible for managed

long-term care services do not exceed funds provided in the

General Appropriations Act.

- (a) The agency shall initiate any necessary procurements required to implement the managed care program as soon as practicable, but no later than July 1, 2011, in anticipation of prompt approval of the waivers needed for the managed care program by the United States Department of Health and Human Services.
- (b) In submitting waivers, the agency shall work with the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services to accomplish approval of all waivers by December 1, 2011, in order to begin implementation of the managed care program by December 31, 2011.
- (c) Before seeking a waiver, the agency shall provide public notice and the opportunity for public comment and include public feedback in the waiver application.
- (2) The agency shall begin implementation of the Medicaid managed care program on December 31, 2011. If waiver approval is obtained, the program shall be implemented in accordance with the terms and conditions of the waiver. If necessary waivers have not been timely received, the agency shall notify the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the state's implementation of the managed care program and request the federal agency to continue providing federal funds equivalent to the funding level provided under the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage in order to implement the managed care program.
- (a) If the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
 refuses to continue providing federal funds, the managed care
 program shall be implemented as a state-only funded program to

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- 3278 the extent state funds are available.
- 3279 (b) If implemented as a state-only funded program, priority 3280 shall be given to providing:
 - 1. Nursing home services to persons eligible for nursing home care.
 - 2. Medical services to persons served by the Agency for Persons with Disabilities.
 - 3. Medical services to pregnant women.
 - 4. Physician and hospital services to persons who are determined to be eligible for Medicaid subject to the income, assets, and categorical eligibility tests set forth in federal and state law.
 - 5. Services provided under the Healthy Start waiver.
 - <u>6. Medical services provided to persons in the Nursing Home</u> Diversion waiver.
 - 7. Medical services provided to persons in intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled.
 - 8. Services to children in the child welfare system whose medical care is provided in accordance with s. 409.16713, as authorized by the General Appropriations Act.
 - (c) If implemented as a state-only funded program pursuant to paragraph (b), provisions related to the eligibility standards of the state and federally funded Medicaid program remain in effect, except as otherwise provided under the managed care program.
 - (d) If implemented as a state-only funded program pursuant to paragraph (a), provider agreements and other contracts that provide for Medicaid services to recipients identified in paragraph (b) continue in effect.

576-04635-11 20111972c3 3307 Section 37. Section 409.964, Florida Statutes, is created 3308 to read: 3309 409.964 Enrollment.—All Medicaid recipients shall receive 3310 medical services through the Medicaid managed care program 3311 established under this part unless excluded under this section. 3312 (1) The following recipients are excluded from 3313 participation in the Medicaid managed care program: 3314 (a) Women who are eligible only for family planning 3315 services. 3316 (b) Women who are eligible only for breast and cervical 3317 cancer services. 3318 (c) Persons who have a developmental disability as defined 3319 in s. 393.063. 3320 (d) Persons who are eligible for a Medicaid nonpoverty 3321 medical subsidy. 3322 (e) Persons who receive eligible services under emergency 3323 Medicaid for aliens. 3324 (f) Persons who are residing in a nursing home facility or 3325 are considered residents under the nursing home's bed-hold 3326 policy on or before July 1, 2011. (g) Persons who are eligible for and receiving prescribed 3327 3328 pediatric extended care. 3329 (h) Persons who are dependent on a respirator by medical 3330 necessity and who meet the definition of a medically dependent 3331 or technologically dependent child under s. 400.902. 3332 (i) Persons who select the Medicaid hospice benefit and are 3333 receiving hospice services from a hospice licensed under part IV 3334 of chapter 400.

(j) Children residing in a statewide inpatient psychiatric

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3336 program.

(k) A person who is eligible for services under the Medicaid program who has access to health care coverage through an employer-sponsored health plan. Such person may not receive Medicaid services under the fee-for-service program but may use Medicaid financial assistance to pay the cost of premiums for the employer-sponsored health plan. For purposes of this paragraph, access to health care coverage through an employer-sponsored health plan means that the Medicaid financial assistance available to the person is sufficient to pay the premium for the employer-sponsored health plan for the eligible person and his or her Medicaid eligible family members.

- 1. The agency shall develop a process that allows a recipient who has access to employer-sponsored health coverage to use Medicaid financial assistance to pay the cost of the premium for the recipient and the recipient's Medicaid-eligible family members for such coverage. The amount of financial assistance may not exceed the Medicaid capitated rate that would have been paid to a qualified plan for that recipient and the recipient's family members.
- 2. Contingent upon federal approval, the agency shall also allow recipients who have access to other insurance or coverage created pursuant to state or federal law to opt out of Medicaid managed care and apply the Medicaid capitated rate that would have been paid to a qualified plan for that recipient and the recipient's family to pay for the other insurance product.
- (2) The following Medicaid recipients are exempt from mandatory enrollment in the managed care program but may volunteer to participate in the program:

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(a) Recipients residing in residential commitment facilities operated through the Department of Juvenile Justice, group care facilities operated by the Department of Children and Family Services, or treatment facilities funded through the substance abuse and mental health program of the Department of Children and Family Services.

- (b) Persons eligible for refugee assistance.
- (3) Medicaid recipients who are exempt from mandatory participation under this section and who do not choose to enroll in the Medicaid managed care program shall be served though the Medicaid fee-for-service program as provided under part III of this chapter.

Section 38. Section 409.965, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

409.965 Qualified plans; regions; selection criteria.—

Services in the Medicaid managed care program shall be provided by qualified plans.

- (1) The agency shall select qualified plans to participate in the Medicaid managed care program using an invitation to negotiate issued pursuant to s. 287.057.
- (a) The agency shall notice separate invitations to negotiate for the managed medical assistance component and the managed long-term care component of the managed care program.
- (b) At least 30 days before noticing the invitation to negotiate and annually thereafter, the agency shall compile and publish a databook consisting of a comprehensive set of utilization and spending data for the 3 most recent contract years, consistent with the rate-setting periods for all Medicaid recipients by region and county. Pursuant to s. 409.970, the

counties.

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3394	source of the data must include both historic fee-for-service
3395	claims and validated data from the Medicaid Encounter Data
3396	System. The report shall be made available electronically and
3397	must delineate utilization by age, gender, eligibility group,
3398	geographic area, and acuity level.
3399	(2) Separate and simultaneous procurements shall be
3400	conducted in each of the following regions:
3401	(a) Region 1, which consists of Escambia, Okaloosa, Santa
3402	Rosa, and Walton counties.
3403	(b) Region 2, which consists of Franklin, Gadsden,
3404	Jefferson, Leon, Liberty, and Wakulla counties.
3405	(c) Region 3, which consists of Columbia, Dixie, Hamilton,
3406	Lafayette, Madison, Suwannee, and Taylor counties.
3407	(d) Region 4, which consists of Baker, Clay, Duval, and
3408	Nassau counties.
3409	(e) Region 5, which consists of Citrus, Hernando, Lake,
3410	Marion, and Sumter counties.
3411	(f) Region 6, which consists of Pasco and Pinellas
3412	counties.
3413	(g) Region 7, which consists of Flagler, Putnam, St. Johns,
3414	and Volusia counties.
3415	(h) Region 8, which consists of Alachua, Bradford,
3416	Gilchrist, Levy, and Union counties.
3417	(i) Region 9, which consists of Orange and Osceola
3418	counties.
3419	(j) Region 10, which consists of Hardee, Highlands, and
3420	Polk counties.
3421	(k) Region 11, which consists of Miami-Dade and Monroe

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3423 (1) Region 12, which consists of DeSoto, Manatee, and 3424 Sarasota counties.

- (m) Region 13, which consists of Hillsborough County.
- (n) Region 14, which consists of Bay, Calhoun, Gulf, Holmes, Jackson, and Washington counties.
 - (o) Region 15, which consists of Palm Beach County.
 - (p) Region 16, which consists of Broward County.
- (q) Region 17, which consists of Brevard and Seminole counties.
- (r) Region 18, which consists of Indian River, Martin, Okeechobee, and St. Lucie counties.
- (s) Region 19, which consists of Charlotte, Collier, Glades, Hendry, and Lee counties.
- (3) The invitation to negotiate must specify the criteria and the relative weight of the criteria to be used for determining the acceptability of a reply and guiding the selection of qualified plans with which the agency shall contract. In addition to other criteria developed by the agency, the agency shall give preference to the following factors in selecting qualified plans:
- (a) Accreditation by the National Committee for Quality Assurance or another nationally recognized accrediting body.
- (b) Experience serving similar populations, including the organization's record in achieving specific quality standards for similar populations.
- (c) Availability and accessibility of primary care and specialty physicians in the provider network.
- (d) Establishment of partnerships with community providers that provide community-based services.

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(e) The organization's commitment to quality improvement and documentation of achievements in specific quality—improvement projects, including active involvement by the organization's leadership.

- (f) Provision of additional benefits, particularly dental care for all recipients, disease management, and other programs offering additional benefits.
- gecific behaviors with health-related benefits not otherwise covered by the organizations' benefit plan. Such behaviors may include participation in smoking-cessation programs, weight-loss programs, or other activities designed to mitigate lifestyle choices and avoid behaviors associated with the use of high-cost medical services.
- (h) Organizations without a history of voluntary or involuntary withdrawal from any state Medicaid program or program area.
- (i) Evidence that an organization has written agreements or signed contracts or has made substantial progress in establishing relationships with providers before the organization submits a reply. The agency shall evaluate such evidence based on the following factors:
- 1. Contracts with primary care and specialty physicians in sufficient numbers to meet the specific performance standards established pursuant to s. 409.966(2)(b).
- 2. Specific arrangements that provide evidence that the compensation offered by the plan is sufficient to retain primary care and specialty physicians in sufficient numbers to comply with the performance standards established pursuant to s.

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409.966(2) throughout the 5-year contract term. The agency shall give preference to plans that provide evidence that primary care physicians within the plan's provider network will be compensated for primary care services with payments equivalent to or greater than payments for such services under the Medicare program, whether compensation is made on a fee-for-service basis or by sub-capitation.

- 3. Contracts with community pharmacies located in rural areas; contracts with community pharmacies serving specialty disease populations, including, but not limited to, HIV/AIDS patients, hemophiliacs, patients suffering from end-stage renal disease, diabetes, or cancer; community pharmacies located within distinct cultural communities that reflect the unique cultural dynamics of such communities, including, but not limited to, languages spoken, ethnicities served, unique disease states serviced, and geographic location within the neighborhoods of culturally distinct populations; and community pharmacies providing value-added services to patients, such as free delivery, immunizations, disease management, diabetes education, and medication utilization review.
- 4. Contracts with cancer disease management programs that have a proven record of clinical efficiencies and cost savings.
- 5. Contracts with diabetes disease management programs that have a proven record of clinical efficiencies and cost savings.
- (j) The capitated rates provided in the reply to the invitation to negotiate.
- (k) Establishment of a claims payment process to ensure that claims that are not contested or denied will be paid within 20 days after receipt.

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(1) Utilizing a tiered approach, organizations that are based in Florida and have operational functions performed in Florida, either performed in-house or through contractual arrangements, by Florida-employed staff. The highest number of points shall be awarded to any plan with all or substantially all of its operational functions performed in the state. The second highest number of points shall be awarded to any plan with a majority of its operational functions performed in the state. The agency may establish a third tier; however, no preference points shall be awarded to plans that perform only community outreach, medical director functions, and state administrative functions in the state. For purposes of this paragraph, operational functions include claims processing, member services, provider relations, utilization and prior authorization, case management, disease and quality functions, and finance and administration. For purposes of this paragraph, "based in Florida" means that the entity's principal office is in Florida and the plan is not a subsidiary, directly or indirectly through one or more subsidiaries of, or a joint venture with, any other entity whose principal office is not located in the state.

- (m) For long-term care plans, additional criteria as specified in s. 409.976(3).
- (4) Acceptable replies to the invitation to negotiate for each region shall be ranked, and the agency shall select the number of qualified plans with which to contract in each region.
- (a) The agency may not select more than one plan per 20,000 Medicaid recipients residing in the region who are subject to mandatory managed care enrollment, except that, in addition to

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the Children's Medical Services Network, a region may not have
fewer than three or more than 10 qualified plans for the managed
medical assistance or the managed long-term care components of
the program.

- (b) If the funding available in the General Appropriations

 Act is not adequate to meet the proposed statewide requirement

 under the Medicaid managed care program, the agency shall enter

 into negotiations with qualified plans that responded to the

 invitation to negotiate. The negotiation process may alter the

 rank of a qualified plan. If negotiations are conducted, the

 agency shall select qualified plans that are responsive and

 provide the best value to the state.
- (5) The agency may issue a new invitation to negotiate in any region:
 - (a) At any time if:
- 1. Data becomes available to the agency indicating that the population of recipients residing in the region who are subject to mandatory managed care enrollment cannot be served by the plans under contract with the agency in that region or has increased by more than 20,000 since the most recent invitation to negotiate was issued in that region; and
- 2. The agency has not contracted with the maximum number of plans authorized for that region.
- (b) At any time during the first 2 years after the initial contract period and upon the request of a qualified plan under contract in one or more regions if:
- 1. Data becomes available to the agency indicating that the population of Medicaid recipients residing in the region who are subject to mandatory managed care enrollment has increased by

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more than 20,000 since the initial invitation to negotiate was issued for the contract period; and

2. The agency has not contracted with the maximum number of plans authorized for that region.

The term of a contract executed under this subsection shall be for the remainder of the 5-year contract cycle.

- under chapter 391 is a qualified plan for purposes of the managed care medical assistance component of the Medicaid managed care program. Participation by the network shall be pursuant to a single statewide contract with the agency which is not subject to the procurement requirements of this section. The network must meet all other plan requirements for the managed care medical assistance component of the program.
- areas sufficient time to develop an adequate provider network to participate in the Medicaid managed care program on a capitated basis, the network may submit an application or invitation to negotiate after July 1, 2011, as required by the agency, for a region where there was no Medicaid-contracted health maintenance organization or provider service network on July 1, 2011. For the first 12 months that the network operates in the region, the agency shall assign existing Medicaid provider agreements to the provider service network for purposes of administering managed care services and building an adequate provider network to meet the access standards established by the agency.

Section 39. Section 409.966, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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409.966 Plan contracts.-

- (1) The agency shall execute a 5-year contract with each qualified plan selected through the procurement process described in s. 409.965. A contract between the agency and the qualified plan may be amended annually, or as needed, to reflect capitated rate adjustments due to funding availability pursuant to the General Appropriations Act and ss. 409.9022, 409.972, and 409.975(2).
- (a) A plan contract may not be renewed; however, the agency may extend the term of a contract, keeping intact all operational provisions in the contract, including capitation rates, to cover any delays in transitioning to a new plan.
- (b) If a plan applies for a rate increase that is not the result of a solicitation from the agency and the application for rate increase is not timely withdrawn, the plan will be deemed to have submitted a notice of intent to leave the region before the end of the contract term.
- (2) The agency shall establish such contract requirements as are necessary for the operation of the Medicaid managed care program. In addition to any other provisions the agency may deem necessary, the contract must require:
- (a) Access.—The agency shall establish specific standards for the number, type, and regional distribution of providers in plan networks in order to ensure access to care. Each qualified plan shall:
- 1. Maintain a network of providers in sufficient numbers to meet the access standards for specified services for all recipients enrolled in the plan.
 - 2. Establish and maintain an accurate and complete

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electronic database of contracted providers, including information about licensure or registration, locations and hours of operation, specialty credentials and other certifications, specific performance indicators, and such other information as the agency deems necessary. The provider database must be available online to both the agency and the public and allow comparison of the availability of providers to network adequacy standards, and accept and display feedback from each provider's patients.

- 3. Provide for reasonable and adequate hours of operation, including 24-hour availability of information, referral, and treatment for emergency medical conditions.
- 4. Assign each new enrollee to a primary care provider and ensure that an appointment with that provider has been scheduled within 30 days after the enrollment in the plan.
- 5. Submit quarterly reports to the agency identifying the number of enrollees assigned to each primary care provider.
- (b) Performance standards.—The agency shall establish specific performance standards and expected milestones or timelines for improving plan performance over the term of the contract.
- 1. Each plan shall establish an internal health care quality improvement system that includes enrollee satisfaction and disenrollment surveys and incentives and disincentives for network providers.
- 2. Each plan must collect and report the Health Plan

 Employer Data and Information Set (HEDIS) measures, as specified by the agency. These measures must be published on the plan's website in a manner that allows recipients to reliably compare

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the performance of plans. The agency shall use the HEDIS measures as a tool to monitor plan performance.

- 3. A qualified plan that is not accredited when the contract is executed with the agency must become accredited or have initiated the accreditation process within 1 year after the contract is executed. If the plan is not accredited within 18 months after executing the contract, the plan shall be suspended from automated enrollments pursuant to s. 409.969(2).
- 4. In addition to agency standards, a qualified plan must ensure that the agency is notified of the impending birth of a child to an enrollee or as soon as practicable after the child's birth. Upon the birth, the child is deemed enrolled with the qualified plan, regardless of the administrative enrollment procedures, and the qualified plan is responsible for providing Medicaid services to the child on a capitated basis.
- (c) Program integrity.—Each plan shall establish program integrity functions and activities in order to reduce the incidence of fraud and abuse, including, at a minimum:
- 1. A provider credentialing system and ongoing provider monitoring. Each plan must maintain written provider credentialing policies and procedures that are compliant with federal and agency guidelines. Each plan must verify at least annually that all providers have a valid and unencumbered license or permit to provide services to Medicaid recipients, and shall establish a procedure for providers to notify the plan when the provider has been notified by a licensing or regulatory agency that the provider's license or permit is to be revoked or suspended, or when an event has occurred which would prevent the provider from renewing its license or permit. The provider must

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also notify the plan if the license or permit is revoked or suspended, if renewal of the license or permit is denied or expires by operation of law, or if the provider requests that the license or permit be inactivated. The plan must immediately exclude a provider from the plan's provider network if the provider's license is suspended or invalid. However, this section does not preclude a plan from contracting with a provider that is approved via a final order, has commenced construction, and will be licensed and operational within 18 months after the effective date of this act;

- 2. An effective prepayment and postpayment review process that includes, at a minimum, data analysis, system editing, and auditing of network providers;
- 3. Procedures for reporting instances of fraud and abuse pursuant to s. 409.91212;
- $\underline{\text{4. The establishment of an anti-fraud plan pursuant to s.}}$ 409.91212; and
 - 5. Designation of a program integrity compliance officer.
- (d) Encounter data.—Each plan must comply with the agency's reporting requirements for the Medicaid Encounter Data System under s. 409.970. The agency shall assess a fine of \$5,000 per day against a qualified plan for failing to comply with this requirement. If a plan fails to comply for more than 30 days, the agency shall assess a fine of \$10,000 per day beginning on the 31st day. If a plan is fined \$300,000 or more for failing to comply, in addition to paying the fine, the plan shall be disqualified from the Medicaid managed care program for 3 years. If the plan is disqualified, the plan shall be deemed to have terminated its contract before the scheduled end date and shall

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3713 <u>also be subject to applicable penalties under paragraph (1).</u>
3714 <u>However, the agency may waive or reduce the fine upon a showing</u>
3715 of good cause for the failure to comply.

- (e) Electronic claims and prior authorization requests.—
 Plans shall accept electronic claims that are in compliance with federal standards and accept electronic prior authorization requests from prescribers and pharmacists for medication exceptions to the preferred drug list or formulary. The criteria for the approval and the reasons for denial of prior authorization requests shall be made readily available to prescribers and pharmacists submitting the request. Plans shall require any vendor or subcontractor providing fiscal intermediary services to the plan pursuant to s. 641.316, which involve the acceptance of provider claims, to accept electronic claims in compliance with federal standards.
- (f) Prompt payment.—All qualified plans must comply with ss. 641.315, 641.3155, and 641.513. Qualified plans shall pay nursing homes by the 10th day of the month for enrollees who are residing in the nursing home on the 1st day of the month.

 Payment for the month in which an enrollee initiates residency in a nursing home shall be in accordance with s. 641.3155. On an annual basis, qualified plans shall submit a report certifying compliance with the prompt payment requirements for the plan year.
- (g) Emergency services.—Qualified plans must pay for emergency services and care required under ss. 395.1041 and 401.45 and rendered by a noncontracted provider in accordance with the prompt payment standards established in s. 641.3155. The payment rate shall be the fee-for-service rate the agency

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would pay the noncontracted provider for such services, unless the agency has developed an average rate for the noncontracted provider for such services under s. 409.967(3)(c). If the agency has developed an average rate for the noncontracted provider for such services under s. 409.967(3)(c), the payment rate for such services under this paragraph shall be the average rate developed by the agency for the noncontracted provider for such services under s. 409.967(3)(c).

- (h) Surety bond.—A qualified plan shall post and maintain a surety bond with the agency, payable to the agency, or in lieu of a surety bond, establish and maintain an irrevocable letter of credit or a deposit in a trust account in a financial institution, payable to the agency.
- 1. The amount of the surety bond, letter of credit, or trust account shall be 125 percent of the estimated annual guaranteed savings for each qualified plan, and at least \$2 million but no more than \$15 million for each qualified plan.

 The estimated guaranteed savings shall be calculated before the execution of the contract as follows:
- a. The agreed-upon monthly contractual capitated rate for each level of acuity multiplied by the estimated population in the region for the plan for each level of acuity, multiplied by 12 months, multiplied by 7 percent, multiplied by 125 percent.
- b. The estimated population in the region for the plan under sub-subparagraph a. shall be based on the maximum enrollee level that the agency initially authorizes. The factors that the agency may consider in determining the maximum enrollee level include, but are not limited to, requested capacity, projected enrollment, network adequacy, and the available budget in the

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General Appropriations Act.

- 2. The purpose of the surety bond, letter of credit, or trust account is to protect the agency if the entity terminates its contract with the agency before the scheduled end date for the contract, if the plan fails to comply with the terms of the contract, including, but not limited to, the timely submission of encounter data, if the agency imposes fines or penalties for noncompliance, or if the plan fails to achieve the guaranteed savings. If any of those events occurs, the agency shall first request payment from the qualified plan. If the qualified plan does not pay all costs, fines, penalties, or the differential in the guaranteed savings in full within 30 days, the agency shall pursue a claim against the surety bond, letter of credit, or trust account for all applicable moneys and the legal and administrative costs associated with pursuing such claim.
- (i) Grievance resolution.—Each plan shall establish and the agency shall approve an internal process for reviewing and responding to grievances from enrollees consistent with s.

 641.511. Each plan shall submit quarterly reports to the agency on the number, description, and outcome of grievances filed by enrollees.
- (j) Solvency.—A qualified plan must meet and maintain the surplus and solvency requirements under s. 409.912(17) and (18). A provider service network may satisfy the surplus and solvency requirements if the network's performance and financial obligations are guaranteed in writing by an entity licensed by the Office of Insurance Regulation which meets the surplus and solvency requirements of s. 624.408 or s. 641.225.
 - (k) Guaranteed savings.—During the first contract period, a

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qualified plan must agree to provide a guaranteed minimum savings of 7 percent to the state. The agency shall conduct a cost reconciliation to determine the amount of cost savings achieved by the qualified plan compared with the reimbursements the agency would have incurred under fee-for-service provisions.

- (1) Costs and penalties.—Plans that reduce enrollment levels or leave a region before the end of the contract term must reimburse the agency for the cost of enrollment changes and other transition activities. If more than one plan leaves a region at the same time, costs shall be shared by the departing plans proportionate to their enrollment. In addition to the payment of costs, departing plans must pay a penalty of 1 month's payment calculated as an average of the past 12 months of payments, or since inception if the plan has not contracted with the agency for 12 months, plus the differential of the guaranteed savings based on the original contract term and the corresponding termination date. Plans must provide the agency with at least 180 days' notice before withdrawing from a region.
- (m) Formulary.—Upon recommendation of the Medicaid

 Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee as defined in s.

 409.91195, all qualified plans must adopt a standard minimum

 preferred drug list as described in s. 409.912(39). A plan may

 offer additional products on its formulary. Each plan must

 publish an up-to-date listing of its formulary on a publicly

 available website.
- (n) Fiscal intermediary services.—If a qualified plan contracts for fiscal intermediary services as defined in s.
 641.316(1), the plan shall contract only with a fiscal intermediary services organization registered with the Office of

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Insurance Regulation as required under s. 641.316(6). All noncapitated payments to a health care provider by a fiscal intermediary services organization under contract with a qualified plan must include an explanation of benefits for which payment is being made and include, at a minimum, the enrollee's name, the date of service, the procedure code, the amount of reimbursement, and the identification of the qualified plan on whose behalf the payment is being made.

(3) If the agency terminates more than one regional contract with a qualified plan due to the plan's noncompliance with one or more requirements of this section, the agency shall terminate all regional contracts with the plan under the Medicaid managed care program, as well as any other contracts or agreements for other programs or services, and the plan may not be awarded new contracts for 3 years.

Section 40. Section 409.967, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 409.967 Plan accountability.—In addition to the contract requirements of s. 409.966, plans and providers participating in the Medicaid managed care program must comply with this section.
- (1) The agency shall require qualified plans to use a uniform method of reporting and accounting for medical, direct care management, and nonmedical costs and shall evaluate planspending patterns after the plan completes 2 full years of operation and at least annually thereafter.
- (2) The agency shall implement the following thresholds and consequences of various spending patterns for qualified plans under the managed medical assistance component of the Medicaid managed care program:

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(a) The minimum medical loss ratio shall be 90 percent.

- (b) A plan and its subcontractors that spend less than 90 percent of the plan's Medicaid capitation revenue on medical services and direct care management, as determined by the agency, must pay back to the agency a share of the dollar difference between the plan's actual medical loss ratio and the minimum medical loss ratio, as follows:
- 1. If the plan's actual medical loss ratio is not lower than 87 percent, the plan must pay back 50 percent of the dollar difference between the actual medical loss ratio and the minimum medical loss ratio of 90 percent.
- 2. If the plan's actual medical loss ratio is lower than 87 percent, the plan must pay back 50 percent of the dollar difference between a medical loss ratio of 87 percent and the minimum medical loss ratio of 90 percent, plus 100 percent of the dollar difference between the actual medical loss ratio and a medical loss ratio of 87 percent.
- (c) To administer this subsection, the agency shall adopt rules that specify a methodology for calculating medical loss ratios and the requirements for plans to annually report information related to medical loss ratios. Repayments required by this subsection must be made annually.
 - (3) Plans may limit the providers in their networks.
- (a) However, during the first year in which a qualified plan is operating in a region after the initial plan procurement for that region, the plan must offer a network contract to the following providers in the region:
 - 1. Federally qualified health centers.
 - 2. Nursing homes if the plan is providing managed long-term

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3887 care services.

3. Aging network service providers that have previously participated in home and community-based waivers serving elders, or community-service programs administered by the Department of Elderly Affairs if the plan is providing managed long-term care services.

- (b) After 12 months of active participation in a plan's network, the plan may exclude any of the providers listed in paragraph (a) from the network while maintaining the network performance standards required under s. 409.966(2)(b). If the plan excludes a nursing home that meets the standards for ongoing Medicaid certification, the plan must provide an alternative residence in that community for Medicaid recipients residing in that nursing home. If a Medicaid recipient residing in an excluded nursing home does not choose to change residence, the plan must continue to pay for the recipient's care in that nursing home. If the plan excludes a provider, the plan must provide written notice to all enrollees who have chosen that provider for care. Notice to excluded providers must be delivered at least 30 days before the effective date of the exclusion.
- (c) Notwithstanding the limitation provided in this subsection, qualified plans must include the following essential providers in their networks:
- 1. Faculty plans of state medical schools, unless the medical school and an affiliated teaching hospital owns or collaboratively operates a provider service network in the region; and
 - 2. Hospitals licensed as a children's specialty hospital as

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Qualified plans that have not contracted with all statewide essential providers as of the first date of recipient enrollment must continue to negotiate in good faith. Payments to a nonparticipating essential provider must be equal to the highest rate established by contract between that provider and any other Medicaid managed care plan.

- (d) Qualified plans and providers shall engage in good faith negotiations to reach contract terms.
- 1. If a qualified plan seeks to develop a provider network in a county or region that, as of June 30, 2011, does not have a capitated managed care plan providing comprehensive acute care for Medicaid recipients, and the qualified plan has made at least three documented, unsuccessful, good faith attempts to contract with a specific provider, the plan may request the agency to examine the negotiation process. During the examination, the agency shall consider similar counties or regions in which qualified plans have contracted with providers under similar circumstances, as well as the contracted rates between qualified plans and that provider and similar providers in the same region. If the agency determines that the plan has made three good faith attempts to contract with the provider, the agency shall consider that provider to be part of the qualified plan's provider network for the purpose of determining network adequacy, and the plan shall pay the provider for services to Medicaid recipients on a noncontracted basis at a rate or rates determined by the agency to be the average of rates for corresponding services paid by the qualified plan and

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other qualified plans in the region and in similar counties or regions under similar circumstances.

- 2. The agency may continue to calculate Medicaid hospital inpatient per diem rates and outpatient rates. However, these rates may not be the basis for contract negotiations between a managed care plan and a hospital.
- (4) Each qualified plan shall monitor the quality and performance of each provider within its network based on metrics established by the agency for evaluating and documenting provider performance and determining continued participation in the network. However, qualified plans are not required to conduct surveys of health care facilities that the agency surveys periodically for licensure or certification purposes and shall accept the results of such surveys. The agency shall establish requirements for qualified plans to report, at least annually, provider performance data compiled under this subsection. If a plan uses additional metrics to evaluate the provider's performance and to determine continued participation in the network, the plan must notify the network providers of these metrics at the beginning of the contract period.
- (a) At a minimum, a qualified plan shall hold primary care physicians responsible for the following activities:
- 1. Supervision, coordination, and provision of care to each assigned enrollee.
- 2. Initiation of referrals for medically necessary specialty care and other services.
- 3. Maintaining continuity of care for each assigned enrollee.
 - 4. Maintaining the enrollee's medical record, including

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3974 documentation of all medical services provided to the enrollee
3975 by the primary care physician, as well as any specialty or
3976 referral services.

- (b) Qualified plans shall establish and implement policies and procedures to monitor primary care physician activities and ensure that primary care physicians are adequately notified and receive documentation of specialty and referral services provided to enrollees by specialty physicians and other health care providers within the plan's provider network.
- (5) Each qualified plan shall establish specific programs and procedures to improve pregnancy outcomes and infant health, including, but not limited to, coordination with the Healthy Start program, immunization programs, and referral to the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children, and the Children's Medical Services Program for children with special health care needs.
- (a) Qualified plans must ensure that primary care physicians who provide obstetrical care are available to pregnant recipients and that an obstetrical care provider is assigned to each pregnant recipient for the duration of her pregnancy and postpartum care, by referral of the recipient's primary care physician if necessary.
- (b) Qualified plans within the managed long-term care component are exempt from this subsection.
- (6) Each qualified plan shall achieve an annual screening rate for early and periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment services of at least 80 percent of those recipients continuously enrolled for at least 8 months. Qualified plans within the managed long-term care component are exempt from this

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4003 requirement.

(7) Effective January 1, 2013, qualified plans must compensate primary care physicians for primary care services at payment rates that are equivalent to or greater than payments under the federal Medicare program, whether compensation is made on a fee-for-service basis or by sub-capitation.

(8) In order to protect the continued operation of the Medicaid managed care program, unresolved disputes, including claim and other types of disputes, between a qualified plan and a provider shall proceed in accordance with s. 408.7057. This process may not be used to review or reverse a decision by a qualified plan to exclude a provider from its network if the decision does not conflict with s. 409.967(3).

Section 41. Section 409.968, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

assistance and managed long-term care services under this part shall be made in accordance with a capitated managed care model. Qualified plans shall receive per-member, per-month payments pursuant to the procurements described in s. 409.965 and annual adjustments as described in s. 409.966(1). Payment rates must be based on the acuity level for each member pursuant to ss. 409.972 and 409.978, and must encourage plans to use the most cost-effective modalities for the treatment of chronic disease, such as peritoneal dialysis over hemodialysis if the patient and physician choose this form of treatment. Payment rates for managed long-term care plans shall be combined with rates for managed medical assistance plans.

(1) The agency shall develop a methodology and request a

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waiver that ensures the availability of intergovernmental transfers in the Medicaid managed care program to support providers that have historically served Medicaid recipients.

Such providers include, but are not limited to, safety net providers, trauma hospitals, children's hospitals, and statutory teaching hospitals. The agency may develop a supplemental capitation rate, risk pool, or incentive payment for plans that contract with these providers. A plan is eligible for a supplemental payment only if there are sufficient intergovernmental transfers available from allowable sources.

- (2) The agency shall evaluate the development of the rate cell to accurately reflect the underlying utilization to the maximum extent possible. This methodology may include interim rate adjustments as permitted under federal regulations. Any such methodology must preserve federal funding to these entities and be actuarially sound. In the absence of federal approval of the methodology, the agency may set an enhanced rate and require that plans pay the rate if the agency determines the enhanced rate is necessary to ensure access to care by the providers described in this subsection.
- (3) The amount paid to the plans to make supplemental payments or to enhance provider rates pursuant to this subsection must be reconciled to the exact amounts the plans are required to pay providers. The plans shall make the designated payments to providers within 15 business days after notification by the agency regarding provider-specific distributions.
- (4) The agency shall develop a methodology and request a state plan amendment or waiver that ensures the availability of certified public expenditures in the Medicaid managed care

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program to support noninstitutional teaching faculty providers that have historically served Medicaid recipients. Such providers include allopathic and osteopathic physicians employed by or under contract with a medical school in this state. The agency shall directly make supplemental payments to teaching faculty providers or to a statewide entity acting on behalf of state medical schools and teaching faculty providers that contract with qualified plans and provide care to Medicaid recipients in recognition of the costs associated with graduate medical education and training, educating medical school students, and access to primary and specialty care provided to Medicaid recipients. Physicians employed by or under contract with a medical school in this state are eligible for a supplemental payment only if there are sufficient certified public expenditures available from allowable sources. The agency shall evaluate the development of teaching faculty provider payments for managed care to accurately reflect the historical and underlying as well as current and prospective utilization to the maximum extent possible. Any such methodology must preserve federal funding to these entities.

Section 42. Section 409.969, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

409.969 Enrollment; disenrollment; grievance procedure.-

(1) Each Medicaid recipient may choose any available plan within the region in which the recipient resides unless that plan is a specialty plan for which the recipient does not qualify. The agency may not provide or contract for choice counseling services for persons enrolling in the Medicaid managed care program.

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(2) If a recipient has not made a choice of plans within 30 days after having been notified to choose a plan, the agency shall assign the recipient to a plan in accordance with the following:

- (a) A recipient who was previously enrolled in a plan within the preceding 90 days shall automatically be enrolled in the same plan, if available.
- (b) Newborns of eligible mothers enrolled in a plan at the time of the child's birth shall be enrolled in the mother's plan; however, the mother may choose another plan for the newborn within 90 days after the child's birth.
- (c) If the recipient is diagnosed with HIV/AIDS and resides in region 11, region 15, or region 16, the agency shall assign the recipient to a plan that:
- 1. Is a specialty plan under contract with the agency pursuant to s. 409.965; and
- 2. Offers a delivery system through a teaching- and research-oriented organization that specializes in providing health care services and treatment for individuals diagnosed with HIV/AIDS.

The agency shall assign recipients under this paragraph on an even basis among all such plans within a region under contract with the agency.

(d) A recipient who is currently receiving Medicare
services from an entity qualified under 42 C.F.R. part 422 as a
Medicare Advantage health maintenance organization, Medicare
Advantage coordinated care plan, Medicare Advantage preferred
provider organization, Medicare Advantage provider-sponsored

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organization, or Medicare Advantage special needs plan that is
under contract with the agency shall be assigned to that plan
for the Medicaid services not covered by Medicare for which the
recipient is eligible.

- (e) Other recipients shall be enrolled into a qualified plan in accordance with an auto-assignment enrollment algorithm that the agency develops by rule. The algorithm must heavily weigh family continuity.
- 1. Automatic enrollment of recipients in plans must be based on the following criteria:
- $\underline{\text{a. Whether the plan has sufficient network capacity to meet}}$ the needs of recipients.
- b. Whether the recipient has previously received services from one of the plan's primary care providers.
- c. Whether primary care providers in one plan are more geographically accessible to the recipient's residence than providers in other plans.
- d. If a recipient is eligible for long-term care services, whether the recipient has previously received services from one of the plan's home and community-based service providers.
- e. If a recipient is eligible for long-term care services, whether the home and community-based providers in one plan are more geographically accessible to the recipient's residence than providers in other plans.
- 2. The agency shall automatically enroll recipients in plans that meet or exceed the performance or quality standards established pursuant to s. 409.967, and may not automatically enroll recipients in a plan that is not meeting those standards. Except as provided by law or rule, the agency may not engage in

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4148 practices that favor one qualified plan over another.

(3) After a recipient has enrolled in a qualified plan, the enrollee shall have 90 days to voluntarily disenroll and select another plan. After 90 days, no further changes may be made except for good cause. Good cause includes, but is not limited to, poor quality of care, lack of access to necessary specialty services, an unreasonable delay or denial of service, or fraudulent enrollment. The agency shall determine whether good cause exists. The agency may require an enrollee to use the plan's grievance process before the agency makes a determination of good cause, unless an immediate risk of permanent damage to the enrollee's health is alleged.

- (a) If used, the qualified plan's internal grievance process must be completed in time to allow the enrollee to disenroll by the first day of the second month after the month the disenrollment request was made. If the grievance process approves an enrollee's request to disenroll, the agency is not required to make a determination of good cause.
- (b) The agency must make a determination of good cause and take final action on an enrollee's request so that disenrollment occurs by the first day of the second month after the month the request was made. If the agency fails to act within this timeframe, the enrollee's request to disenroll is deemed approved as of the date agency action was required. Enrollees who disagree with the agency's finding that good cause for disenrollment does not exist shall be advised of their right to pursue a Medicaid fair hearing to dispute the agency's finding.
- (c) Medicaid recipients enrolled in a qualified plan after the 90-day period must remain in the plan for the remainder of

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the 12-month period. After 12 months, the enrollee may select another plan. However, a recipient who is referred for nursing home or assisted living facility services may change plans within 30 days after such referral. An enrollee may change primary care providers within the plan at any time.

(d) On the first day of the next month after receiving notice from a recipient that the recipient has moved to another region, the agency shall automatically disenroll the recipient from the plan the recipient is currently enrolled in and treat the recipient as if the recipient is a new enrollee. At that time, the recipient may choose another plan pursuant to the enrollment process established in this section.

Section 43. Section 409.970, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

409.970 Medicaid Encounter Data System.—The agency shall maintain and operate the Medicaid Encounter Data System to collect, process, and report on covered services provided to all Medicaid recipients enrolled in qualified plans.

- (1) Qualified plans shall submit encounter data electronically in a format that complies with provisions of the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act for electronic claims and in accordance with deadlines established by the agency. Plans must certify that the data reported is accurate and complete. The agency is responsible for validating the data submitted by the plans.
- (2) The agency shall develop methods and protocols for ongoing analysis of the encounter data, which must adjust for differences in the characteristics of enrollees in order to allow for the comparison of service utilization among plans. The

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analysis shall be used to identify possible cases of systemic
overutilization, underutilization, inappropriate denials of
claims, and inappropriate utilization of covered services, such
as higher than expected emergency department and pharmacy
encounters. One of the primary focus areas for the analysis
shall be the use of prescription drugs.

- (3) The agency shall provide periodic feedback to the plans based on the analysis and establish corrective action plans if necessary.
- (4) The agency shall make encounter data available to plans accepting enrollees who are reassigned to them from other plans leaving a region.
- (5) Beginning July 1, 2011, the agency shall conduct appropriate tests and establish specific criteria for determining whether the Medicaid Encounter Data System has valid, complete, and sound data for a sufficient period of time to provide qualified plans with a reliable basis for determining and proposing actuarially sound payment rates.

Section 44. Section 409.971, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

409.971 Managed care medical assistance.—Pursuant to s.
409.902, the agency shall administer the managed care medical assistance component of the Medicaid managed care program described in this section and s. 409.972. Unless otherwise specified, the provisions of ss. 409.961-409.970 apply to the provision of managed care medical assistance. By December 31, 2011, the agency shall begin implementation of managed care medical assistance, and full implementation in all regions must be completed by December 31, 2012.

576-04635-11 20111972c3 4235 Section 45. Section 409.972, Florida Statutes, is created 4236 to read: 4237 409.972 Managed care medical assistance services.-4238 (1) Qualified plans providing managed care medical 4239 assistance must, at a minimum, cover the following services: 4240 (a) Ambulatory patient services. 4241 (b) Dental services for a recipient who is under age 21. 4242 (c) Dental services as provided in s. 627.419(7) for a 4243 recipient who is 21 years of age or older. 4244 (d) Dialysis services. 4245 (e) Durable medical equipment and supplies. 4246 (f) Early periodic screening diagnosis and treatment services, hearing services and hearing aids, and vision services 4247 4248 and eyeglasses for enrollees under age 21. 4249 (g) Emergency services. 4250 (h) Family planning services. Pursuant to 42 C.F.R. s. 4251 438.102, plans may elect to not provide this service due to an 4252 objection on moral or religious grounds, and must notify the 4253 agency of that election when submitting a reply to the 4254 invitation to negotiate pursuant to s. 409.963. 4255 (i) Hearing services for a recipient who is under age 21. 4256 (j) Hearing services that are medically indicated for a 4257 recipient who is 21 years of age or older. 4258 (k) Home health services. 4259 (1) Hospital inpatient services. 4260 (m) Hospital outpatient services. 4261 (n) Laboratory and imaging services. 4262 (o) Maternity and newborn care and birth center services. 4263 (p) Mental health services, substance abuse disorder

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4264 services, and behavioral health treatment.

- (q) Prescription drugs.
- (r) Primary care service, referred specialty care services, preventive services, and wellness services.
- (s) Skilled nursing facility or inpatient rehabilitation facility services.
 - (t) Transplant services.
 - (u) Transportation to access covered services.
 - (v) Vision services for a recipient who is under age 21.
- (w) Vision services that are medically indicated for a recipient who is 21 years of age or older.
- (2) Subject to specific appropriations, the agency may make payments for services that are optional.
- (3) Qualified plans may customize benefit packages for nonpregnant adults, vary cost-sharing provisions, and provide coverage for additional services. The agency shall evaluate the proposed benefit packages to ensure that services are sufficient to meet the needs of the plans' enrollees and to verify actuarial equivalence.
- (4) For Medicaid recipients diagnosed with hemophilia who have been prescribed anti-hemophilic-factor replacement products, the agency shall provide for those products and hemophilia overlay services through the agency's hemophilia disease management program authorized under s. 409.912.
- (5) Managed care medical assistance services provided under this section must be medically necessary and provided in accordance with state and federal law. This section does not prevent the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or

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agreement.

20111972c3 576-04635-11 4293 from making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the 4294 availability of funding and any limitations or directions 4295 provided in the General Appropriations Act, chapter 216, or s. 4296 409.9022. 4297 Section 46. Section 409.973, Florida Statutes, is created 4298 to read: 4299 409.973 Managed long-term care.-4300 (1) Qualified plans providing managed care medical 4301 assistance may also participate in the managed long-term care 4302 component of the Medicaid managed care program. Unless otherwise 4303 specified, the provisions of ss. 409.961-409.970 apply to the 4304 managed long-term care component of the managed care program. 4305 (2) Pursuant to s. 409.902, the agency shall administer the 4306 managed long-term care component described in this section and 4307 ss. 409.974-409.978, but may delegate specific duties and 4308 responsibilities to the Department of Elderly Affairs and other 4309 state agencies. By March 31, 2012, the agency shall begin 4310 implementation of the managed long-term care component, with 4311 full implementation in all regions by March 31, 2013. 4312 (3) The Department of Elderly Affairs shall assist the 4313 agency in developing specifications for use in the invitation to 4314 negotiate and the model contract, determining clinical 4315 eligibility for enrollment in managed long-term care plans, 4316 monitoring plan performance and measuring quality of service 4317 delivery, assisting clients and families in order to address 4318 complaints with the plans, facilitating working relationships 4319 between plans and providers serving elders and disabled adults,

and performing other functions specified in a memorandum of

576-04635-11 20111972c3 4322 Section 47. Section 409.974, Florida Statutes, is created 4323 to read: 4324 409.974 Recipient eligibility for managed long-term care. 4325 (1) Medicaid recipients shall receive covered long-term 4326 care services through the managed long-term care component of 4327 the Medicaid managed care program unless excluded pursuant to s. 4328 409.964. In order to participate in the managed long-term care 4329 component, the recipient must be: 4330 (a) Sixty-five years of age or older or eligible for 4331 Medicaid by reason of a disability; and 4332 (b) Determined by the Comprehensive Assessment and Review 4333 for Long-Term Care Services (CARES) Program to meet the criteria 4334 for nursing facility care. 4335 (2) Medicaid recipients who are enrolled in one of the 4336 following Medicaid long-term care waiver programs on the date 4337 that a managed long-term care plan becomes available in the 4338 recipient's region may remain in that program if it is 4339 operational on that date: 4340 (a) The Assisted Living for the Frail Elderly Waiver. 4341 (b) The Aged and Disabled Adult Waiver. 4342 (c) The Adult Day Health Care Waiver. 4343 (d) The Consumer-Directed Care Program as described in s. 4344 409.221. 4345 (e) The Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly. 4346 (f) The Long-Term Care Community Diversion Pilot Project as 4347 described in s. 430.705. 4348 (g) The Channeling Services Waiver for Frail Elders. 4349 (3) If a long-term care waiver program in which the recipient is enrolled ceases to operate, the Medicaid recipient

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may transfer to another long-term care waiver program or to the
Medicaid managed long-term care component of the Medicaid
managed care program. If no waivers are operational in the
recipient's region and the recipient continues to participate in
Medicaid, the recipient must transfer to the managed long-term
care component of the Medicaid managed care program.

- (4) New enrollment in a waiver program ends on the date that a managed long-term care plan becomes available in a region.
- (5) Medicaid recipients who are residing in a nursing home facility on the date that a managed long-term care plan becomes available in the recipient's region are eligible for the long-term care Medicaid waiver programs.
- (6) This section does not create an entitlement to any home and community-based services provided under the managed longterm care component.
- Section 48. Section 409.975, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 409.975 Managed long-term care services.-
- (1) Qualified plans participating in the managed long-term care component of the Medicaid managed care program, at a minimum, shall cover the following services:
 - (a) The services listed in s. 409.972.
 - (b) Nursing facility services.
- (c) Home and community-based services, including, but not limited to, assisted living facility services.
 - (2) Services provided under this section must be medically necessary and provided in accordance with state and federal law.

 This section does not prevent the agency from adjusting fees,

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reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or
number of services, or from making any other adjustments
necessary to comply with the availability of funding and any
limitations or directions provided in the General Appropriations
Act, chapter 216, or s. 409.9022.

Section 49. Section 409.976, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 409.976 Qualified managed long-term care plans.-
- (1) For purposes of managed long-term care, qualified plans also include:
- (a) Entities who are qualified under 42 C.F.R. part 422 as

 Medicare Advantage Preferred Provider Organizations, Medicare

 Advantage Provider-sponsored Organizations, and Medicare

 Advantage Special Needs Plans. Such plans may participate in the managed long-term care component. A plan submitting a response to the invitation to negotiate for the managed long-term care component may reference one or more of these entities as part of its demonstration of network adequacy for the provision of services required under s. 409.972 for dually eligible enrollees.
- (b) The Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE). Participation by PACE shall be pursuant to a contract with the agency and is not subject to the procurement requirements of this section. PACE plans may continue to provide services to recipients at such levels and enrollment caps as authorized by the General Appropriations Act.
- (c) Provider service networks formed by community care for the elderly lead agencies. Participation by such networks must be pursuant to a contract with the agency and is not subject to

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4409 the procurement requirements of this section.

- (2) The agency shall select qualified plans through the procurement described in s. 409.965. The agency shall notice the invitation to negotiate by November 14, 2011.
- (3) In addition to the criteria established in s. 409.965, the agency shall give preference to the following factors in selecting qualified plans:
- (a) The plan's employment of executive managers having expertise and experience in serving aged and disabled persons who require long-term care.
- (b) The plan's establishment of a network of service providers dispersed throughout the region and in sufficient numbers to meet specific service standards established by the agency for a continuum of care, beginning from the provision of assistance with the activities of daily living at a recipient's home and the provision of other home and community-based care through the provision of nursing home care. These providers include:
 - 1. Adult day centers.
 - 2. Adult family care homes.
 - 3. Assisted living facilities.
 - 4. Health care services pools.
 - 5. Home health agencies.
 - 6. Homemaker and companion services.
- 7. Community Care for the Elderly lead agencies.
 - 8. Nurse registries.
- 9. Nursing homes.

4437 All providers are not required to be located within the region;

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however, the provider network must be sufficient to ensure that services are available throughout the region.

- (c) Whether a plan offers consumer-directed care services to enrollees pursuant to s. 409.221 or includes attendant care or paid family caregivers in the benefit package. Consumer-directed care services must provide a flexible budget, which is managed by enrollees and their families or representatives, and allows them to choose service providers, determine provider rates of payment, and direct the delivery of services to best meet their special long-term care needs. If all other factors are equal among competing qualified plans, the agency shall give preference to such plans.
- (d) Evidence that a qualified plan has written agreements or signed contracts or has made substantial progress in establishing relationships with providers before the plan submits a response.
- (e) The availability and accessibility of case managers in the plan and provider network.

Section 50. Section 409.977, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

409.977 Managed long-term plan and provider accountability.—In addition to the requirements of ss. 409.966 and 409.967, plans and providers participating in managed long-term care must comply with s. 641.31(25) and with the specific standards established by the agency for the number, type, and regional distribution of the following providers in the plan's network, which must include:

- (1) Adult day centers.
- (2) Adult family care homes.

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- (3) Assisted living facilities.
 - (4) Health care services pools.
 - (5) Home health agencies.
 - (6) Homemaker and companion services.
 - (7) Community Care for the Elderly lead agencies.
 - (8) Nurse registries.
 - (9) Nursing homes.

Section 51. Section 409.978, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 409.978 CARES program screening; levels of care.—
- (1) The agency shall operate the Comprehensive Assessment and Review for Long-Term Care Services (CARES) preadmission screening program to ensure that only recipients whose conditions require long-term care services are enrolled in managed long-term care plans.
- (2) The agency shall operate the CARES program through an interagency agreement with the Department of Elderly Affairs.

 The agency, in consultation with the department, may contract for any function or activity of the CARES program, including any function or activity required by 42 C.F.R. part 483.20, relating to preadmission screening and review.
- (3) The CARES program shall determine if a recipient requires nursing facility care and, if so, assign the recipient to one of the following levels of care:
- (a) Level of care 1 consists of enrollees who require the constant availability of routine medical and nursing treatment and care, have a limited need for health-related care and services, are mildly medically or physically incapacitated, and cannot be managed at home due to inadequacy of home-based

4496 services.

(b) Level of care 2 consists of enrollees who require the constant availability of routine medical and nursing treatment and care, and require extensive health-related care and services because of mental or physical incapacitation. Current enrollees in home and community-based waiver programs for persons who are elderly or adults with physical disability, or both, who remain financially eligible for Medicaid are not required to meet new level-of-care criteria except for immediate placement in a nursing home.

- (c) Level of care 3 consists of enrollees residing in nursing homes, or needing immediate placement in a nursing home, and who have a priority score of 5 or above as determined by CARES.
- (4) For recipients whose nursing home stay is initially funded by Medicare and Medicare coverage is being terminated for lack of progress towards rehabilitation, CARES staff shall consult with the person determining the recipient's progress toward rehabilitation in order to ensure that the recipient is not being inappropriately disqualified from Medicare coverage. If, in their professional judgment, CARES staff believes that a Medicare beneficiary is still making progress, they may assist the Medicare beneficiary with appealing the disqualification from Medicare coverage. The CARES teams may review Medicare denials for coverage under this section only if it is determined that such reviews qualify for federal matching funds through Medicaid. The agency shall seek or amend federal waivers as necessary to implement this section.
 - Section 52. Section 409.980, Florida Statutes, is created

4525 to read:

409.980 Prescribed drug services for qualified plans.—The agency shall ensure that a qualified plan has transparency and patient protections in its prescription drug benefit. The qualified plan must, at a minimum:

- (1) Include at least two products, when available, in each therapeutic class.
- (2) Make available those drugs and dosage forms listed in its preferred drug list.
- (3) Ensure that the prior-authorization process is readily available to health care providers, including posting appropriate contact information on its website and providing timely responses to providers.
- (4) Not arbitrarily deny or reduce the amount, duration, or scope of prescriptions based solely on the enrollee's diagnosis, type of illness, or condition. The qualified plan may place appropriate limits on prescriptions based on criteria such as medical necessity, or for the purpose of utilization control, if the plan reasonably expects such limits to achieve the purpose of the prescribed drug services set forth in the Medicaid state plan.
- (5) Make available those drugs not on its preferred drug list, when requested and approved, if drugs on the list have been used in a step therapy sequence or if other medical documentation is provided.
- (6) Cover the cost of a brand name drug if the prescriber writes in his or her own handwriting on the prescription that the brand name drug is medically necessary and submits a completed multisource drug and miscellaneous prior authorization

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form to the qualified plan indicating that the enrollee has had an adverse reaction to a generic drug or has had, in the prescriber's medical opinion, better results when taking the brand name drug.

(7) Ensure that antiretroviral agents are not subject to the preferred drug list.

Section 53. Section 409.91207, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 409.985, Florida Statutes, and subsection (1) of that section is amended to read:

409.985 409.91207 Medical home pilot project.-

(1) The agency shall develop a plan to implement a medical home pilot project that <u>uses</u> <u>utilizes</u> primary care case management enhanced by medical home networks to provide coordinated and cost-effective care that is reimbursed on a feefor-service basis and to compare the performance of the medical home networks with other existing Medicaid managed care models. The agency <u>may is authorized to</u> seek a federal Medicaid waiver or an amendment to any existing Medicaid waiver, except for the current 1115 Medicaid waiver authorized in s. <u>409.986</u> 409.91211, as needed, to develop the pilot project created in this section but must obtain approval of the Legislature <u>before</u> prior to implementing the pilot project.

Section 54. Section 409.91211, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 409.986, Florida Statutes, and paragraph (aa) of subsection (3) and paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of that section are amended, to read:

409.986 409.91211 Medicaid managed care pilot program.-

(3) The agency shall have the following powers, duties, and responsibilities with respect to the pilot program:

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(aa) To implement a mechanism whereby Medicaid recipients who are already enrolled in a managed care plan or the MediPass program in the pilot areas are shall be offered the opportunity to change to capitated managed care plans on a staggered basis, as defined by the agency. All Medicaid recipients shall have 30 days in which to make a choice of capitated managed care plans. Those Medicaid recipients who do not make a choice shall be assigned to a capitated managed care plan in accordance with paragraph (4)(a) and shall be exempt from s. 409.987 409.9122. To facilitate continuity of care for a Medicaid recipient who is also a recipient of Supplemental Security Income (SSI), prior to assigning the SSI recipient to a capitated managed care plan, the agency shall determine whether the SSI recipient has an ongoing relationship with a provider or capitated managed care plan, and, if so, the agency shall assign the SSI recipient to that provider or capitated managed care plan where feasible. Those SSI recipients who do not have such a provider relationship shall be assigned to a capitated managed care plan provider in accordance with paragraph (4)(a) and shall be exempt from s. 409.987 409.9122.

(4) (a) A Medicaid recipient in the pilot area who is not currently enrolled in a capitated managed care plan upon implementation is not eligible for services as specified in ss. 409.905 and 409.906, for the amount of time that the recipient does not enroll in a capitated managed care network. If a Medicaid recipient has not enrolled in a capitated managed care plan within 30 days after eligibility, the agency shall assign the Medicaid recipient to a capitated managed care plan based on the assessed needs of the recipient as determined by the agency

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and the recipient shall be exempt from s. 409.987 409.9122. When making assignments, the agency shall take into account the following criteria:

- 1. A capitated managed care network has sufficient network capacity to meet the needs of members.
- 2. The capitated managed care network has previously enrolled the recipient as a member, or one of the capitated managed care network's primary care providers has previously provided health care to the recipient.
- 3. The agency has knowledge that the member has previously expressed a preference for a particular capitated managed care network as indicated by Medicaid fee-for-service claims data, but has failed to make a choice.
- 4. The capitated managed care network's primary care providers are geographically accessible to the recipient's residence.

Section 55. Section 409.9122, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 409.987, and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of that section is amended to read:

- $\underline{409.987}$ $\underline{409.9122}$ Mandatory Medicaid managed care enrollment; programs and procedures.—
- (2) (a) The agency shall enroll <u>all Medicaid recipients</u> in a managed care plan or MediPass all Medicaid recipients, except those Medicaid recipients who are: in an institution, receiving a Medicaid nonpoverty medical subsidy,; enrolled in the Medicaid medically needy Program; or eligible for both Medicaid and Medicare. Upon enrollment, recipients may individuals will be able to change their managed care option during the 90-day opt out period required by federal Medicaid regulations. The agency

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may is authorized to seek the necessary Medicaid state plan amendment to implement this policy. However, to the extent

- 1. If permitted by federal law, the agency may enroll in a managed care plan or MediPass a Medicaid recipient who is exempt from mandatory managed care enrollment in a managed care plan or MediPass if, provided that:
- $\underline{a.1.}$ The recipient's decision to enroll in a managed care plan or MediPass is voluntary;
- $\underline{\text{b.2.}}$ If The recipient chooses to enroll in a managed care plan, the agency has determined that the managed care plan provides specific programs and services $\underline{\text{that}}$ which address the special health needs of the recipient; and
- $\underline{\text{c.3.}}$ The agency receives $\underline{\text{the}}$ any necessary waivers from the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
- 2. The agency shall develop rules to establish policies by which exceptions to the mandatory managed care enrollment requirement may be made on a case-by-case basis. The rules <u>must shall</u> include the specific criteria to be applied when <u>determining making a determination as to</u> whether to exempt a recipient from mandatory enrollment <u>in a managed care plan or MediPass</u>.
- 3. School districts participating in the certified school match program pursuant to ss. 409.908(21) and 1011.70 shall be reimbursed by Medicaid, subject to the limitations of s. 1011.70(1), for a Medicaid-eligible child participating in the services as authorized in s. 1011.70, as provided for in s. 409.9071, regardless of whether the child is enrolled in MediPass or a managed care plan. Managed care plans must shall make a good faith effort to execute agreements with school

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districts regarding the coordinated provision of services authorized under s. 1011.70.

4. County health departments delivering school-based services pursuant to ss. 381.0056 and 381.0057 shall be reimbursed by Medicaid for the federal share for a Medicaid-eligible child who receives Medicaid-covered services in a school setting, regardless of whether the child is enrolled in MediPass or a managed care plan. Managed care plans shall make a good faith effort to execute agreements with county health departments that coordinate the regarding the coordinated provision of services to a Medicaid-eligible child. To ensure continuity of care for Medicaid patients, the agency, the Department of Health, and the Department of Education shall develop procedures for ensuring that a student's managed care plan or MediPass provider receives information relating to services provided in accordance with ss. 381.0056, 381.0057, 409.9071, and 1011.70.

Section 56. <u>Section 409.9123</u>, <u>Florida Statutes</u>, <u>is</u> transferred and renumbered as section 409.988, Florida Statutes.

Section 57. Section 409.9124, Florida Statutes, is transferred and renumbered as section 409.989.

Section 58. Subsection (15) of section 430.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 430.04 Duties and responsibilities of the Department of Elderly Affairs.—The Department of Elderly Affairs shall:
- (15) Administer all Medicaid waivers and programs relating to elders and their appropriations. The waivers include, but are not limited to:
 - (a) The Alzheimer's Dementia-Specific Medicaid Waiver as

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4699 established in s. 430.502(7), (8), and (9). 4700 (a) (b) The Assisted Living for the Frail Elderly Waiver. 4701 (b) (c) The Aged and Disabled Adult Waiver. 4702 (c) (d) The Adult Day Health Care Waiver. (d) (e) The Consumer-Directed Care Plus Program as defined 4703 4704 in s. 409.221. 4705 (e) (f) The Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly. 4706 (f) (g) The Long-Term Care Community-Based Diversion Pilot 4707 Project as described in s. 430.705. 4708 (g) (h) The Channeling Services Waiver for Frail Elders. 4709 4710 The department shall develop a transition plan for recipients 4711 receiving services under long-term care Medicaid waivers for 4712 elders or disabled adults on the date qualified plans become 4713 available in each recipient's region pursuant to s. 409.973(2) 4714 in order to enroll those recipients in qualified plans. 4715 Section 59. Section 430.2053, Florida Statutes, is amended 4716 to read: 4717 430.2053 Aging resource centers.-4718 (1) The department, in consultation with the Agency for 4719 Health Care Administration and the Department of Children and 4720 Family Services, shall develop pilot projects for aging resource centers. By October 31, 2004, the department, in consultation 4721 4722 with the agency and the Department of Children and Family 4723 Services, shall develop an implementation plan for aging 4724 resource centers and submit the plan to the Governor, the 4725 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 4726 Representatives. The plan must include qualifications for

designation as a center, the functions to be performed by each

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center, and a process for determining that a current area agency on aging is ready to assume the functions of an aging resource center.

(2) Each area agency on aging shall develop, in consultation with the existing community care for the elderly lead agencies within their planning and service areas, a proposal that describes the process the area agency on aging intends to undertake to transition to an aging resource center prior to July 1, 2005, and that describes the area agency's compliance with the requirements of this section. The proposals must be submitted to the department prior to December 31, 2004. The department shall evaluate all proposals for readiness and, prior to March 1, 2005, shall select three area agencies on aging which meet the requirements of this section to begin the transition to aging resource centers. Those area agencies on aging which are not selected to begin the transition to aging resource centers shall, in consultation with the department and the existing community care for the elderly lead agencies within their planning and service areas, amend their proposals as necessary and resubmit them to the department prior to July 1, 2005. The department may transition additional area agencies to aging resource centers as it determines that area agencies are in compliance with the requirements of this section.

(3) The Auditor General and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability (OPPAGA) shall jointly review and assess the department's process for determining an area agency's readiness to transition to an aging resource center.

(a) The review must, at a minimum, address the

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appropriateness of the department's criteria for selection of an area agency to transition to an aging resource center, the instruments applied, the degree to which the department accurately determined each area agency's compliance with the readiness criteria, the quality of the technical assistance provided by the department to an area agency in correcting any weaknesses identified in the readiness assessment, and the degree to which each area agency overcame any identified weaknesses.

- (b) Reports of these reviews must be submitted to the appropriate substantive and appropriations committees in the Senate and the House of Representatives on March 1 and September 1 of each year until full transition to aging resource centers has been accomplished statewide, except that the first report must be submitted by February 1, 2005, and must address all readiness activities undertaken through December 31, 2004. The perspectives of all participants in this review process must be included in each report.
- $\underline{(2)}$ (4) The purposes of an aging resource center <u>are</u> shall be:
- (a) To provide Florida's elders and their families with a locally focused, coordinated approach to integrating information and referral for all available services for elders with the eligibility determination entities for state and federally funded long-term-care services.
- (b) To provide for easier access to long-term-care services by Florida's elders and their families by creating multiple access points to the long-term-care network that flow through one established entity with wide community recognition.

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(3) (3) (5) The duties of an aging resource center are to:

- (a) Develop referral agreements with local community service organizations, such as senior centers, existing elder service providers, volunteer associations, and other similar organizations, to better assist clients who do not need or do not wish to enroll in programs funded by the department or the agency. The referral agreements must also include a protocol, developed and approved by the department, which provides specific actions that an aging resource center and local community service organizations must take when an elder or an elder's representative seeking information on long-term-care services contacts a local community service organization prior to contacting the aging resource center. The protocol shall be designed to ensure that elders and their families are able to access information and services in the most efficient and least cumbersome manner possible.
- (b) Provide an initial screening of all clients who request long-term-care services to determine whether the person would be most appropriately served through any combination of federally funded programs, state-funded programs, locally funded or community volunteer programs, or private funding for services.
- (c) Determine eligibility for the programs and services listed in subsection (9) (11) for persons residing within the geographic area served by the aging resource center and determine a priority ranking for services which is based upon the potential recipient's frailty level and likelihood of institutional placement without such services.
- (d) Manage the availability of financial resources for the programs and services listed in subsection (9) $\frac{(11)}{(11)}$ for persons

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residing within the geographic area served by the aging resource center.

- (e) If When financial resources become available, refer a client to the most appropriate entity to begin receiving services. The aging resource center shall make referrals to lead agencies for service provision that ensure that individuals who are vulnerable adults in need of services pursuant to s. 415.104(3)(b), or who are victims of abuse, neglect, or exploitation in need of immediate services to prevent further harm and are referred by the adult protective services program, are given primary consideration for receiving community-carefor-the-elderly services in compliance with the requirements of s. 430.205(5)(a) and that other referrals for services are in compliance with s. 430.205(5)(b).
- (f) Convene a work group to advise in the planning, implementation, and evaluation of the aging resource center. The work group shall be <u>composed</u> comprised of representatives of local service providers, Alzheimer's Association chapters, housing authorities, social service organizations, advocacy groups, representatives of clients receiving services through the aging resource center, and any other persons or groups as determined by the department. The aging resource center, in consultation with the work group, must develop annual program improvement plans that shall be submitted to the department for consideration. The department shall review each annual improvement plan and make recommendations on how to implement the components of the plan.
- (g) Enhance the existing area agency on aging in each planning and service area by integrating, either physically or

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virtually, the staff and services of the area agency on aging with the staff of the department's local CARES Medicaid nursing home preadmission screening unit and a sufficient number of staff from the Department of Children and Family Services' Economic Self-Sufficiency Unit necessary to determine the financial eligibility for all persons age 60 and older residing within the area served by the aging resource center who that are seeking Medicaid services, Supplemental Security Income, and food assistance.

- (h) Assist clients who request long-term care services in being evaluated for eligibility for the long-term care managed care component of the Medicaid managed care program as qualified plans become available in each of the regions pursuant to s. 409.973(2).
- (i) Provide enrollment and coverage information to Medicaid managed long-term care enrollees as qualified plans become available in each of the regions pursuant to s. 409.973(2).
- (j) Assist enrollees in the Medicaid long-term care managed care program with informally resolving grievances with a managed care network and in accessing the managed care network's formal grievance process as qualified plans become available in each of the regions pursuant to s. 409.973(2).
- $\underline{(4)}$ (6) The department shall select the entities to become aging resource centers based on each entity's readiness and ability to perform the duties listed in subsection $\underline{(3)}$ (5) and the entity's:
- (a) Expertise in the needs of each target population the center proposes to serve and a thorough knowledge of the providers that serve these populations.

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(b) Strong connections to service providers, volunteer agencies, and community institutions.

- (c) Expertise in information and referral activities.
- (d) Knowledge of long-term-care resources, including resources designed to provide services in the least restrictive setting.
 - (e) Financial solvency and stability.
- (f) Ability to collect, monitor, and analyze data in a timely and accurate manner, along with systems that meet the department's standards.
- (g) Commitment to adequate staffing by qualified personnel to effectively perform all functions.
- (h) Ability to meet all performance standards established by the department.
- (5) (7) The aging resource center shall have a governing body which shall be the same entity described in s. 20.41(7), and an executive director who may be the same person as described in s. 20.41(7). The governing body shall annually evaluate the performance of the executive director.
- $\underline{(6)}$ The aging resource center may not be a provider of direct services other than information and referral services, and screening.
- $\underline{(7)}$ The aging resource center must agree to allow the department to review any financial information the department determines is necessary for monitoring or reporting purposes, including financial relationships.
- (8) (10) The duties and responsibilities of the community care for the elderly lead agencies within each area served by an aging resource center shall be to:

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(a) Develop strong community partnerships to maximize the use of community resources for the purpose of assisting elders to remain in their community settings for as long as it is safely possible.

- (b) Conduct comprehensive assessments of clients that have been determined eligible and develop a care plan consistent with established protocols that ensures that the unique needs of each client are met.
- $\underline{(9)}$ (11) The services to be administered through the aging resource center shall include those funded by the following programs:
 - (a) Community care for the elderly.
 - (b) Home care for the elderly.
 - (c) Contracted services.
 - (d) Alzheimer's disease initiative.
 - (e) Aged and disabled adult Medicaid waiver.
 - (f) Assisted living for the frail elderly Medicaid waiver.
 - (g) Older Americans Act.
- (10) (12) The department shall, prior to designation of an aging resource center, develop by rule operational and quality assurance standards and outcome measures to ensure that clients receiving services through all long-term-care programs administered through an aging resource center are receiving the appropriate care they require and that contractors and subcontractors are adhering to the terms of their contracts and are acting in the best interests of the clients they are serving, consistent with the intent of the Legislature to reduce the use of and cost of nursing home care. The department shall by rule provide operating procedures for aging resource centers,

4931 which shall include:

- (a) Minimum standards for financial operation, including audit procedures.
- (b) Procedures for monitoring and sanctioning of service providers.
- (c) Minimum standards for technology utilized by the aging resource center.
- (d) Minimum staff requirements which shall ensure that the aging resource center employs sufficient quality and quantity of staff to adequately meet the needs of the elders residing within the area served by the aging resource center.
- (e) Minimum accessibility standards, including hours of operation.
- (f) Minimum oversight standards for the governing body of the aging resource center to ensure its continuous involvement in, and accountability for, all matters related to the development, implementation, staffing, administration, and operations of the aging resource center.
- (g) Minimum education and experience requirements for executive directors and other executive staff positions of aging resource centers.
- (h) Minimum requirements regarding any executive staff positions that the aging resource center must employ and minimum requirements that a candidate must meet in order to be eligible for appointment to such positions.
- $\underline{(11)}$ (13) In an area in which the department has designated an area agency on aging as an aging resource center, the department and the agency $\underline{\text{may}}$ shall not make payments for the services listed in subsection (9) (11) and the Long-Term Care

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Community Diversion Project for such persons who were not screened and enrolled through the aging resource center. The department shall cease making these payments for enrollees in qualified plans as qualified plans become available in each of the regions pursuant to s. 409.973(2).

- (12)(14) Each aging resource center shall enter into a memorandum of understanding with the department for collaboration with the CARES unit staff. The memorandum of understanding <u>must shall</u> outline the staff person responsible for each function and <u>shall</u> provide the staffing levels necessary to carry out the functions of the aging resource center.
- (13) (15) Each aging resource center shall enter into a memorandum of understanding with the Department of Children and Family Services for collaboration with the Economic Self-Sufficiency Unit staff. The memorandum of understanding must shall outline which staff persons are responsible for which functions and shall provide the staffing levels necessary to carry out the functions of the aging resource center.
- (14) (16) If any of the state activities described in this section are outsourced, either in part or in whole, the contract executing the outsourcing must shall mandate that the contractor or its subcontractors shall, either physically or virtually, execute the provisions of the memorandum of understanding instead of the state entity whose function the contractor or subcontractor now performs.
- (15) (17) In order to be eligible to begin transitioning to an aging resource center, an area agency on aging board must ensure that the area agency on aging which it oversees meets all

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of the minimum requirements set by law and in rule.

(18) The department shall monitor the three initial projects for aging resource centers and report on the progress of those projects to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by June 30, 2005. The report must include an evaluation of the implementation process.

- (16) (19) (a) Once an aging resource center is operational, the department, in consultation with the agency, may develop capitation rates for any of the programs administered through the aging resource center. Capitation rates for programs <u>must</u> shall be based on the historical cost experience of the state in providing those same services to the population age 60 or older residing within each area served by an aging resource center. Each capitated rate may vary by geographic area as determined by the department.
- (b) The department and the agency may determine for each area served by an aging resource center whether it is appropriate, consistent with federal and state laws and regulations, to develop and pay separate capitated rates for each program administered through the aging resource center or to develop and pay capitated rates for service packages which include more than one program or service administered through the aging resource center.
- (c) Once capitation rates have been developed and certified as actuarially sound, the department and the agency may pay service providers the capitated rates for services $\underline{\text{if}}$ when appropriate.
 - (d) The department, in consultation with the agency, shall

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576-04635-11 20111972c3 5018 annually reevaluate and recertify the capitation rates, 5019 adjusting forward to account for inflation, programmatic 5020 changes. 5021 (20) The department, in consultation with the agency, shall 5022 submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the 5023 Speaker of the House of Representatives, by December 1, 2006, a 5024 report addressing the feasibility of administering the following 5025 services through aging resource centers beginning July 1, 2007: 5026 (a) Medicaid nursing home services. 5027 (b) Medicaid transportation services. 5028 (c) Medicaid hospice care services. 5029 (d) Medicaid intermediate care services. 5030 (e) Medicaid prescribed drug services. 5031 (f) Medicaid assistive care services. 5032 (g) Any other long-term-care program or Medicaid service. 5033 (17) (21) This section does shall not be construed to allow 5034 an aging resource center to restrict, manage, or impede the 5035 local fundraising activities of service providers. 5036 Section 60. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 5037 641.316, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5038 641.316 Fiscal intermediary services.— 5039 (2) 5040 (b) The term "fiscal intermediary services organization" 5041 means a person or entity that performs fiduciary or fiscal 5042 intermediary services to health care professionals who contract 5043 with health maintenance organizations other than a hospital 5044 licensed under chapter 395, an insurer licensed under chapter

624, a third-party administrator licensed under chapter 626, a

prepaid limited health service organization licensed under

chapter 636, a health maintenance organization licensed under this chapter, a qualified plan authorized under part IV of chapter 409, or a physician group practice as defined in s. 456.053(3)(h) which provides services under the scope of licenses of the members of the group practice.

Section 61. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (3) of section 39.407, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

39.407 Medical, psychiatric, and psychological examination and treatment of child; physical, mental, or substance abuse examination of person with or requesting child custody.—

(3)

- (c) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (e), the department must file a motion seeking the court's authorization to initially provide or continue to provide psychotropic medication to a child in its legal custody. The motion must be supported by a written report prepared by the department which describes the efforts made to enable the prescribing physician to obtain express and informed consent to provide for providing the medication to the child and other treatments considered or recommended for the child. In addition, The motion must also be supported by the prescribing physician's signed medical report providing:
- 1. The name of the child, the name and range of the dosage of the psychotropic medication, and $\underline{\text{the}}$ that there is a need to prescribe psychotropic medication to the child based upon a diagnosed condition for which such medication is being prescribed.
- 2. A statement indicating that the physician has reviewed all medical information concerning the child which has been

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- 3. A statement indicating that the psychotropic medication, at its prescribed dosage, is appropriate for treating the child's diagnosed medical condition, as well as the behaviors and symptoms the medication, at its prescribed dosage, is expected to address.
- 4. An explanation of the nature and purpose of the treatment; the recognized side effects, risks, and contraindications of the medication; drug-interaction precautions; the possible effects of stopping the medication; and how the treatment will be monitored, followed by a statement indicating that this explanation was provided to the child if age appropriate and to the child's caregiver.
- 5. Documentation addressing whether the psychotropic medication will replace or supplement any other currently prescribed medications or treatments; the length of time the child is expected to be taking the medication; and any additional medical, mental health, behavioral, counseling, or other services that the prescribing physician recommends.
- 6. For a child 10 years of age or younger who is in an out-of-home placement, the results of a review of the administration of the medication by a child psychiatrist who is licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459. The review must be provided to the child and the parent or legal guardian before final express and informed consent is given. The review must include a determination of the following:
- <u>a. The presence of a genetic psychiatric disorder or a</u> family history of a psychiatric disorder;
 - b. Whether the cause of a psychiatric disorder is physical

or environmental; and

c. The likelihood of the child being an imminent danger to self or others.

(d) 1. The department must notify all parties of the proposed action taken under paragraph (c) in writing or by whatever other method best ensures that all parties receive notification of the proposed action within 48 hours after the motion is filed. If any party objects to the department's motion, that party shall file the objection within 2 working days after being notified of the department's motion. If any party files an objection to the authorization of the proposed psychotropic medication, the court shall hold a hearing as soon as possible before authorizing the department to initially provide or to continue providing psychotropic medication to a child in the legal custody of the department.

- 1. At such hearing and notwithstanding s. 90.803, the medical report described in paragraph (c) is admissible in evidence. The prescribing physician need not attend the hearing or testify unless the court specifically orders such attendance or testimony, or a party subpoenas the physician to attend the hearing or provide testimony.
- $\underline{2}$. If, after considering any testimony received, the court finds that the department's motion and the physician's medical report meet the requirements of this subsection and that it is in the child's best interests, the court may order that the department provide or continue to provide the psychotropic medication to the child without additional testimony or evidence.
 - 3. At any hearing held under this paragraph, the court

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shall further inquire of the department as to whether additional medical, mental health, behavioral, counseling, or other services are being provided to the child by the department which the prescribing physician considers to be necessary or beneficial in treating the child's medical condition and which the physician recommends or expects to provide to the child in concert with the medication. The court may order additional medical consultation, including consultation with the MedConsult line at the University of Florida, if available, or require the department to obtain a second opinion within a reasonable timeframe as established by the court, not to exceed 21 calendar days, after such order based upon consideration of the best interests of the child. The department must make a referral for an appointment for a second opinion with a physician within 1 working day.

4. The court may not order the discontinuation of prescribed psychotropic medication if such order is contrary to the decision of the prescribing physician unless the court first obtains an opinion from a licensed psychiatrist, if available, or, if not available, a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, stating that more likely than not, discontinuing the medication would not cause significant harm to the child. If, however, the prescribing psychiatrist specializes in mental health care for children and adolescents, the court may not order the discontinuation of prescribed psychotropic medication unless the required opinion is also from a psychiatrist who specializes in mental health care for children and adolescents. The court may also order the discontinuation of prescribed psychotropic medication if a child's treating physician,

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licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, states that continuing the prescribed psychotropic medication would cause significant harm to the child due to a diagnosed nonpsychiatric medical condition.

- 5. If a child who is in out-of-home placement is 10 years of age or younger, psychotropic medication may not be authorized by the court absent a finding of a compelling governmental interest. In making such finding, the court shall review the psychiatric review described in subparagraph (c) 6.
- $\underline{6.2.}$ The burden of proof at any hearing held under this paragraph shall be by a preponderance of the evidence.
- Section 62. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 216.262, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 216.262 Authorized positions.-
- (1) (a) Except as Unless otherwise expressly provided by law, the total number of authorized positions may not exceed the total provided in the appropriations acts. If a In the event any state agency or entity of the judicial branch finds that the number of positions so provided is not sufficient to administer its authorized programs, it may file an application with the Executive Office of the Governor or the Chief Justice; and, if the Executive Office of the Governor or Chief Justice certifies that there are no authorized positions available for addition, deletion, or transfer within the agency or entity as provided in paragraph (c), may recommend and recommends an increase in the number of positions.
- $\underline{\text{1.}}$ The Governor or the Chief Justice may recommend an increase in the number of positions for the following reasons only:

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 $\underline{a.1.}$ To implement or provide for continuing federal grants or changes in grants not previously anticipated.

- b.2. To meet emergencies pursuant to s. 252.36.
- c.3. To satisfy new federal regulations or changes therein.
- $\underline{\text{d.4.}}$ To take advantage of opportunities to reduce operating expenditures or to increase the revenues of the state or local government.
- $\underline{\text{e.5.}}$ To authorize positions that were not fixed by the Legislature $\underline{\text{due to}}$ through error in drafting the appropriations acts.
- 2. Actions recommended pursuant to this paragraph are subject to approval by the Legislative Budget Commission. The certification and the final authorization shall be provided to the Legislative Budget Commission, the Legislative appropriations committees, and the Auditor General.
- 3. The provisions of this paragraph do not apply to positions in the Department of Health which are funded by the County Health Department Trust Fund.

Section 63. Section 381.06014, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 381.06014 Blood establishments.-
- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Blood establishment" means any person, entity, or organization, operating within the state, which examines an individual for the purpose of blood donation or which collects, processes, stores, tests, or distributes blood or blood components collected from the human body for the purpose of transfusion, for any other medical purpose, or for the production of any biological product. A person, entity, or

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organization that uses a mobile unit to conduct such activities within the state is also a blood establishment.

- (b) "Volunteer donor" means a person who does not receive remuneration, other than an incentive, for a blood donation intended for transfusion, and the product container of the donation from the person qualifies for labeling with the statement "volunteer donor" under 21 C.F.R. s. 606.121.
- engage in the activities of a Any blood establishment in this state operating in the state may not conduct any activity defined in subsection (1) unless it operates in accordance that blood establishment is operated in a manner consistent with the provisions of Title 21 C.F.R. parts 211 and 600-640, Code of Federal Regulations.
- (3) A Any blood establishment determined to be operating in the state in a manner not consistent with the provisions of Title 21 C.F.R. parts 211 and 600-640, Code of Federal Regulations, and in a manner that constitutes a danger to the health or well-being of donors or recipients as evidenced by the federal Food and Drug Administration's inspection reports and the revocation of the blood establishment's license or registration is shall be in violation of this chapter, and shall immediately cease all operations in the state.
- (4) The operation of a blood establishment in a manner not consistent with the provisions of Title 21 parts 211 and 600-640, Code of Federal Regulations, and in a manner that constitutes a danger to the health or well-being of blood donors or recipients as evidenced by the federal Food and Drug Administration's inspection process is declared a nuisance and

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inimical to the public health, welfare, and safety, and must immediately cease all operations in this state. The Agency for Health Care Administration or any state attorney may bring an action for an injunction to restrain such operations or enjoin the future operation of the blood establishment.

- (4) A local government may not restrict access to or the use of any public facility or infrastructure for the collection of blood or blood components from volunteer donors based on whether the blood establishment is operating as a for-profit or not-for-profit organization.
- (5) In determining the service fee of blood or blood components received from volunteer donors and sold to hospitals or other health care providers, a blood establishment may not base the service fee of the blood or blood component solely on whether the purchasing entity is a for-profit or not-for-profit organization.
- (6) A blood establishment that collects blood or blood components from volunteer donors must disclose the following information on its Internet website in order to educate and inform donors and the public about the blood establishment's activities, and the information required to be disclosed may be cumulative for all blood establishments within a business entity:
- (a) A description of the steps involved in collecting, processing, and distributing volunteer donations.
- (b) By March 1 of each year, the number of units of blood components which were:
- 1. Produced by the blood establishment during the preceding calendar year;

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2. Obtained from other sources during the preceding calendar year;

- 3. Distributed during the preceding calendar year to health care providers located outside this state. However, if the blood establishment collects donations in a county outside this state, distributions to health care providers in that county are excluded. Such information shall be reported in the aggregate for health care providers located within the United States and its territories or outside the United States and its territories; and
- 4. Distributed during the preceding calendar year to entities that are not health care providers. Such information shall be reported in the aggregate for purchasers located within the United States and its territories or outside the United States and its territories.
- (c) The blood establishment's conflict-of-interest policy, policy concerning related-party transactions, whistleblower policy, and policy for determining executive compensation. If a change occurs to any of these documents, the revised document must be available on the blood establishment's website by the following March 1.
- (d) Except for a hospital that collects blood or blood components from volunteer donors:
- 1. The most recent 3 years of the Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax, Internal Revenue Service Form 990, if the business entity for the blood establishment is eligible to file such return. The Form 990 must be available on the blood establishment's website within 60 calendar days after it is filed with the Internal Revenue Service; or

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2. If the business entity for the blood establishment is not eligible to file the Form 990 return, a balance sheet, income statement, and statement of changes in cash flow, along with the expression of an opinion thereon by an independent certified public accountant who audited or reviewed such financial statements. Such documents must be available on the blood establishment's website within 120 days after the end of the blood establishment's fiscal year and must remain on the blood establishment's website for at least 36 months.

A hospital that collects blood or blood components to be used only by that hospital's licensed facilities or by a health care provider that is a part of the hospital's business entity is exempt from the disclosure requirements of this subsection.

(7) A blood establishment is liable for a civil penalty for failing to make the disclosures required under subsection (6).

The Department of Legal Affairs may assess a civil penalty against the blood establishment for each day that it fails to make such required disclosures, but the penalty may not exceed \$10,000 per year. If multiple blood establishments operated by a single business entity fail to meet such disclosure requirements, the civil penalty may be assessed against only one of the business entity's blood establishments. The Department of Legal Affairs may terminate an action if the blood establishment agrees to pay a stipulated civil penalty. A civil penalty so collected accrues to the state and shall be deposited as received into the General Revenue Fund unallocated. The Department of Legal Affairs may terminate the action and waive the civil penalty upon a showing of good cause by the blood

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establishment as to why the required disclosures were not made.

Section 64. Subsection (9) of section 393.063, Florida Statutes, is amended, present subsections (13) through (40) of that section are redesignated as subsections (14) through (41), respectively, and a new subsection (13) is added to that section, to read:

393.063 Definitions.—For the purposes of this chapter, the term:

- (9) "Developmental disability" means a disorder or syndrome that is attributable to retardation, cerebral palsy, autism, spina bifida, <u>Down syndrome</u>, or Prader-Willi syndrome; that manifests before the age of 18; and that constitutes a substantial handicap that can reasonably be expected to continue indefinitely.
- (13) "Down syndrome" means a disorder that is caused by the presence of an extra chromosome 21.

Section 65. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 395.4025, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.4025 Trauma centers; selection; quality assurance; records.—

(2)

- (d)1. Notwithstanding other provisions in this section, the department may grant up to an additional 18 months to a hospital applicant that is unable to meet all the requirements under as provided in paragraph (c) at the time of application if the number of applicants in the service area in which the applicant is located is equal to or less than the service area allocation, as provided by rule of the department.
 - a. An applicant that is granted additional time pursuant to

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this paragraph shall submit a plan for departmental approval which includes timelines and activities that the applicant proposes to complete in order to meet application requirements. An Any applicant that demonstrates an ongoing effort to complete the activities within the timelines outlined in the plan shall be included in the number of trauma centers when at such time that the department conducts has conducted a provisional review of the application and determines has determined that the application is complete and that the hospital has the critical elements required for a trauma center.

- b. If construction related to a critical element is delayed due to governmental action or inaction with respect to regulations or permitting and a hospital applicant has demonstrated that it has made a good faith effort to comply with the applicable regulations or obtain the required permits, the department shall grant an applicant that has received an additional 18 months up to two additional 6-month extensions to meet all the requirements under paragraph (c).
- 2. Timeframes provided in subsections (1)-(8) shall be stayed until the department determines that the application is complete and that the hospital has the critical elements required for a trauma center.

Section 66. Section 400.023, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:

400.023 Civil enforcement.

(1) A Any resident who whose alleges negligence or a violation of rights as specified in this part has are violated shall have a cause of action against the licensee or its management company, as identified in the state application for

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nursing home licensure. However, the cause of action may not be asserted individually against an officer, director, owner, including an owner designated as having a controlling interest on the state application for nursing home licensure, or agent of a licensee or management company unless, following an evidentiary hearing, the court determines there is sufficient evidence in the record or proffered by the claimant which establishes a reasonable basis for finding that the person or entity breached, failed to perform, or acted outside the scope of duties as an officer, director, owner, or agent, and that the breach, failure to perform, or action outside the scope of duties is a legal cause of actual loss, injury, death, or damage to the resident.

- (2) The action may be brought by the resident or his or her guardian, by a person or organization acting on behalf of a resident with the consent of the resident or his or her guardian, or by the personal representative of the estate of a deceased resident regardless of the cause of death.
- (5) If the action alleges a claim for the resident's rights or for negligence that:
- (a) Caused the death of the resident, the claimant <u>must</u> shall be required to elect either survival damages pursuant to s. 46.021 or wrongful death damages pursuant to s. 768.21. <u>If</u> the claimant elects wrongful death damages, total noneconomic damages may not exceed \$250,000, regardless of the number of claimants.
- (b) If the action alleges a claim for the resident's rights or for negligence that Did not cause the death of the resident, the personal representative of the estate may recover damages

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for the negligence that caused injury to the resident.

- (3) The action may be brought in any court of competent jurisdiction to enforce such rights and to recover actual and punitive damages for any violation of the rights of a resident or for negligence.
- (10) Any resident who prevails in seeking injunctive relief or a claim for an administrative remedy may is entitled to recover the costs of the action, and a reasonable attorney's fee assessed against the defendant not to exceed \$25,000. Fees shall be awarded solely for the injunctive or administrative relief and not for any claim or action for damages whether such claim or action is brought together with a request for an injunction or administrative relief or as a separate action, except as provided under s. 768.79 or the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Sections 400.023-400.0238 provide the exclusive remedy for a cause of action for recovery of damages for the personal injury or death of a nursing home resident arising out of negligence or a violation of rights specified in s. 400.022. This section does not preclude theories of recovery not arising out of negligence or s. 400.022 which are available to a resident or to the agency. The provisions of chapter 766 do not apply to any cause of action brought under ss. 400.023-400.0238.
- (6) (2) If the In any claim brought pursuant to this part alleges alleging a violation of resident's rights or negligence causing injury to or the death of a resident, the claimant shall have the burden of proving, by a preponderance of the evidence, that:
 - (a) The defendant owed a duty to the resident;
 - (b) The defendant breached the duty to the resident;

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(c) The breach of the duty is a legal cause of loss, injury, death, or damage to the resident; and

- (d) The resident sustained loss, injury, death, or damage as a result of the breach.
- (12) Nothing in This part does not shall be interpreted to create strict liability. A violation of the rights set forth in s. 400.022 or in any other standard or guidelines specified in this part or in any applicable administrative standard or guidelines of this state or a federal regulatory agency is shall be evidence of negligence but may shall not be considered negligence per se.
- (7) (3) In any claim brought pursuant to this section, a licensee, person, or entity has shall have a duty to exercise reasonable care. Reasonable care is that degree of care which a reasonably careful licensee, person, or entity would use under like circumstances.
- (9) (4) In any claim for resident's rights violation or negligence by a nurse licensed under part I of chapter 464, such nurse has a shall have the duty to exercise care consistent with the prevailing professional standard of care for a nurse. The prevailing professional standard of care for a nurse is shall be that level of care, skill, and treatment which, in light of all relevant surrounding circumstances, is recognized as acceptable and appropriate by reasonably prudent similar nurses.
- (8) (5) A licensee is shall not be liable for the medical negligence of any physician rendering care or treatment to the resident except for the administrative services of a medical director as required in this part. Nothing in This subsection does not shall be construed to protect a licensee, person, or

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entity from liability for failure to provide a resident with appropriate observation, assessment, nursing diagnosis, planning, intervention, and evaluation of care by nursing staff.

- (4) (6) The resident or the resident's legal representative shall serve a copy of any complaint alleging in whole or in part a violation of any rights specified in this part to the agency for Health Care Administration at the time of filing the initial complaint with the clerk of the court for the county in which the action is pursued. The requirement of Providing a copy of the complaint to the agency does not impair the resident's legal rights or ability to seek relief for his or her claim.
- (11) (7) An action under this part for a violation of rights or negligence recognized herein is not a claim for medical malpractice, and the provisions of s. 768.21(8) do not apply to a claim alleging death of the resident.

Section 67. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 400.0237, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

400.0237 Punitive damages; pleading; burden of proof.-

claim for punitive damages <u>is not shall be</u> permitted unless, <u>based on admissible</u> there is a reasonable showing by evidence in the record or proffered by the claimant, which would provide a reasonable basis for recovery of such damages <u>is demonstrated</u> upon applying the criteria set forth in this section. The defendant may proffer admissible evidence to refute the claimant's proffer of evidence to recover punitive damages. The trial judge shall conduct an evidentiary hearing and weigh the admissible evidence proffered by the claimant and the defendant to ensure that there is a reasonable basis to believe that the

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claimant, at trial, will be able to demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the recovery of such damages is warranted. The claimant may move to amend her or his complaint to assert a claim for punitive damages as allowed by the rules of civil procedure. The rules of civil procedure shall be liberally construed so as to allow the claimant discovery of evidence which appears reasonably calculated to lead to admissible evidence on the issue of punitive damages. No Discovery of financial worth may not shall proceed until after the trial judge approves the pleading on concerning punitive damages is permitted.

- company, against whom punitive damages is sought may be held liable for punitive damages only if the trier of fact, based on clear and convincing evidence, finds that a specific individual or corporate defendant actively and knowingly participated in intentional misconduct, or engaged in conduct that constituted gross negligence, and that conduct contributed to the loss, damages, or injury suffered by the claimant the defendant was personally guilty of intentional misconduct or gross negligence. As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Intentional misconduct" means that the defendant against whom a claim for punitive damages is sought had actual knowledge of the wrongfulness of the conduct and the high probability that injury or damage to the claimant would result and, despite that knowledge, intentionally pursued that course of conduct, resulting in injury or damage.
- (b) "Gross negligence" means that the defendant's conduct was so reckless or wanting in care that it constituted a

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conscious disregard or indifference to the life, safety, or rights of persons exposed to such conduct.

- (3) In the case of vicarious liability of an employer, principal, corporation, or other legal entity, punitive damages may not be imposed for the conduct of an identified employee or agent unless only if the conduct of the employee or agent meets the criteria specified in subsection (2) and officers, directors, or managers of the actual employer corporation or legal entity condoned, ratified, or consented to the specific conduct as alleged by the claimant in subsection (2).÷
- (a) The employer, principal, corporation, or other legal entity actively and knowingly participated in such conduct;
- (b) The officers, directors, or managers of the employer, principal, corporation, or other legal entity condoned, ratified, or consented to such conduct; or
- (c) The employer, principal, corporation, or other legal entity engaged in conduct that constituted gross negligence and that contributed to the loss, damages, or injury suffered by the claimant.
- Section 68. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 408.7057, Florida Statutes, are amended, present subsection (7) of that section is redesignated as subsection (8), and a new subsection (7) is added to that section, to read:
- 408.7057 Statewide provider and health plan claim dispute resolution program.—
- (3) The agency shall adopt rules to establish a process to be used by the resolution organization in considering claim disputes submitted by a provider or health plan which must include a hearing, if requested by the respondent, and the

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issuance by the resolution organization of a written recommendation, supported by findings of fact and conclusions of law, to the agency within 60 days after the requested information is received by the resolution organization within the timeframes specified by the resolution organization. In no event shall The review time may not exceed 90 days following receipt of the initial claim dispute submission by the resolution organization.

- (4) Within 30 days after receipt of the recommendation of the resolution organization, the agency shall adopt the recommendation as a final order subject to chapter 120.
- (7) This section creates a procedure for dispute resolution and not an independent right of recovery. The conclusions of law contained in the written recommendation of the resolution organization must identify the provisions of law or contract which, under the particular facts and circumstances of the case, entitle the provider or health plan to the amount awarded, if any.

Section 69. Subsection (9) is added to section 465.014, Florida Statutes, to read:

465.014 Pharmacy technician.

(9) This section does not apply to a practitioner authorized to dispense drugs under s. 465.0276 or any medical personnel under the direct supervision of such practitioner if the practitioner is treating a patient who provides proof of insurance through a public or private payor source. Medical personnel under the direct supervision of the practitioner may perform all activities required by s. 465.0276.

Section 70. Section 456.0635, Florida Statutes, is amended

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5598 to read:

456.0635 <u>Health care</u> <u>Medicaid</u> fraud; disqualification for license, certificate, or registration.—

- (1) Medicaid Fraud in the practice of a health care profession is prohibited.
- (2) Each board within the jurisdiction of the department, or the department if there is no board, shall refuse to admit a candidate to any examination and refuse to issue or renew a license, certificate, or registration to any applicant if the candidate or applicant or any principal, officer, agent, managing employee, or affiliated person of the applicant, has been:
- (a) <u>Has been</u> convicted of, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a felony under chapter 409, chapter 817, <u>or</u> chapter 893, <u>or a similar felony offense committed in another state or jurisdiction 21 U.S.C. ss. 801-970, or 42 U.S.C. ss. 1395-1396, unless the sentence and any subsequent period of probation for such conviction or <u>plea pleas</u> ended: <u>more than 15 years prior to the date of the application;</u></u>
- $\underline{\mbox{1. For felonies of the first or second degree, more than }15}$ years before the date of application.
- 2. For felonies of the third degree, more than 10 years before the date of application, except for felonies of the third degree under s. 893.13(6)(a).
- 3. For felonies of the third degree under s. 893.13(6)(a), more than 5 years before the date of application.

Notwithstanding s. 120.60, for felonies in which the defendant entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere in an agreement with

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the court to enter a pretrial intervention or drug diversion program, the board, or the department if there is no board, may not approve or deny the application for a license, certificate, or registration until final resolution of the case;

- (b) Has been convicted of, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a felony under 21 U.S.C. ss. 801-970, or 42 U.S.C. ss. 1395-1396, unless the sentence and any subsequent period of probation for such conviction or plea ended more than 15 years before the date of the application;
- (c) (b) Has been terminated for cause from the Florida Medicaid program pursuant to s. 409.913, unless the applicant has been in good standing with the Florida Medicaid program for the most recent 5 years;
- (d) (e) Has been terminated for cause, pursuant to the appeals procedures established by the state or Federal Government, from any other state Medicaid program or the federal Medicare program, unless the applicant has been in good standing with a state Medicaid program or the federal Medicare program for the most recent 5 years and the termination occurred at least 20 years before prior to the date of the application; or.
- (e) Is currently listed on the United States Department of Health and Human Services Office of Inspector General's List of Excluded Individuals and Entities.

This subsection does not apply to applicants for initial licensure or certification who were enrolled in an educational or training program on or before July 1, 2010, which was recognized by a board or, if there is no board, recognized by

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the department, and who applied for licensure after July 1, 2010.

- (3) The department shall refuse to renew a license, certificate, or registration of any applicant if the candidate or applicant or any principal, officer, agent, managing employee, or affiliated person of the applicant:
- (a) Has been convicted of, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a felony under: chapter 409, chapter 817, or chapter 893, or a similar felony offense committed in another state or jurisdiction since July 1, 2010;
- (b) Has been convicted of, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a felony under 21 U.S.C. ss. 801-970, or 42 U.S.C. ss. 1395-1396 since July 1, 2010;
- (c) Has been terminated for cause from the Florida Medicaid program pursuant to s. 409.913, unless the applicant has been in good standing with the Florida Medicaid program for the most recent 5 years;
- (d) Has been terminated for cause, pursuant to the appeals procedures established by the state, from any other state

 Medicaid program, unless the applicant has been in good standing with a state Medicaid program for the most recent 5 years and the termination occurred at least 20 years before the date of the application; or
- (e) Is currently listed on the United States Department of Health and Human Services Office of Inspector General's List of Excluded Individuals and Entities.

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For felonies in which the defendant entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere in an agreement with the court to enter a pretrial intervention or drug diversion program, the department may not approve or deny the application for a renewal of a license, certificate, or registration until the final resolution of the case.

- (4) (3) Licensed health care practitioners shall report allegations of health care Medicaid fraud to the department, regardless of the practice setting in which the alleged Medicaid fraud occurred.
- (5)(4) The acceptance by a licensing authority of a candidate's relinquishment of a license which is offered in response to or anticipation of the filing of administrative charges alleging health care Medicaid fraud or similar charges constitutes the permanent revocation of the license.

Section 71. Subsection (6) of section 456.036, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.036 Licenses; active and inactive status; delinquency.-

(6) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a delinquent licensee must affirmatively apply with a complete application, as defined by rule of the board, or the department if there is no board, for active or inactive status during the licensure cycle in which a licensee becomes delinquent. Failure by a delinquent licensee to become active or inactive before the expiration of the current licensure cycle renders the license null without any further action by the board or the department. Any subsequent licensure shall be as a result of applying for and meeting all requirements imposed on an applicant for new licensure.

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(b) A delinquent licensee whose license becomes delinquent before the final resolution of a case under s. 456.0635(3) must affirmatively apply by submitting a complete application, as defined by rule of the board, or the department if there is no board, for active or inactive status during the licensure cycle in which the case achieves final resolution by order of the court. Failure by a delinquent licensee to become active or inactive before the expiration of that licensure cycle renders the license null without any further action by the board or the department. Any subsequent licensure shall be as a result of applying for and meeting all requirements imposed on an applicant for new licensure.

Section 72. Section 458.3167, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

458.3167 Expert witness certificate.-

- (1) A physician who holds an active and valid license to practice allopathic medicine in any other state or in Canada, who submits an application form prescribed by the board to obtain a certificate to provide expert testimony and pays the application fee, and who has not had a previous expert witness certificate revoked by the board shall be issued a certificate to provide expert testimony.
- (2) A physician possessing an expert witness certificate may use the certificate only to give a verified written medical expert opinion as provided in s. 766.203 and to provide expert testimony concerning the prevailing professional standard of care for medical negligence litigation pending in this state against a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 459.
 - (3) An application for an expert witness certificate must

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be approved or denied within 5 business days after receipt of a completed application. An application that is not approved or denied within the required time period is deemed approved. An applicant seeking to claim certification by default shall notify the board, in writing, of the intent to rely on the default certification provision of this subsection. In such case, s. 458.327 does not apply, and the applicant may provide expert testimony as provided in subsection (2).

- (4) All licensure fees, other than the initial certificate application fee, including the neurological injury compensation assessment, are waived for those persons obtaining an expert witness certificate. The possession of an expert witness certificate alone does not entitle the physician to engage in the practice of medicine as defined in s. 458.305.
- (5) The board shall adopt rules to administer this section, including rules setting the amount of the expert witness certificate application fee, which may not exceed \$50. An expert witness certificate expires 2 years after the date of issuance.

Section 73. Subsection (11) is added to section 458.331, Florida Statutes, present paragraphs (00) through (qq) of subsection (1) of that section are redesignated as paragraphs (pp) through (rr), respectively, and a new paragraph (00) is added to that subsection, to read:

- $458.331 \ \mbox{Grounds}$ for disciplinary action; action by the board and department.—
- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):
- (oo) Providing misleading, deceptive, or fraudulent expert witness testimony related to the practice of medicine.

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(11) The purpose of this section is to facilitate uniform discipline for those acts made punishable under this section and, to this end, a reference to this section constitutes a general reference under the doctrine of incorporation by reference.

Section 74. Section 459.0078, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

459.0078 Expert witness certificate.-

- (1) A physician who holds an active and valid license to practice osteopathic medicine in any other state or in Canada, who submits an application form prescribed by the board to obtain a certificate to provide expert testimony and pays the application fee, and who has not had a previous expert witness certificate revoked by the board shall be issued a certificate to provide expert testimony.
- (2) A physician possessing an expert witness certificate may use the certificate only to give a verified written medical expert opinion as provided in s. 766.203 and to provide expert testimony concerning the prevailing professional standard of care for medical negligence litigation pending in this state against a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 458.
- (3) An application for an expert witness certificate must be approved or denied within 5 business days after receipt of a completed application. An application that is not approved or denied within the required time period is deemed approved. An applicant seeking to claim certification by default shall notify the board, in writing, of the intent to rely on the default certification provision of this subsection. In such case, s. 459.013 does not apply, and the applicant may provide expert

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5801 testimony as provided in subsection (2).

(4) All licensure fees, other than the initial certificate application fee, including the neurological injury compensation assessment, are waived for those persons obtaining an expert witness certificate. The possession of an expert witness certificate alone does not entitle the physician to engage in the practice of osteopathic medicine as defined in s. 459.003.

(5) The board shall adopt rules to administer this section, including rules setting the amount of the expert witness certificate application fee, which may not exceed \$50. An expert witness certificate expires 2 years after the date of issuance.

Section 75. Subsection (11) is added to section 459.015, Florida Statutes, present paragraphs (qq) through (ss) of subsection (1) of that section are redesignated as paragraphs (rr) through (tt), respectively, and a new paragraph (qq) is added to that subsection, to read:

459.015 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the board and department.— $\$

- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):
- (qq) Providing misleading, deceptive, or fraudulent expert
 witness testimony related to the practice of osteopathic
 medicine.
- (11) The purpose of this section is to facilitate uniform discipline for those acts made punishable under this section and, to this end, a reference to this section constitutes a general reference under the doctrine of incorporation by reference.

Section 76. Subsection (23) of section 499.003, Florida

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576-04635-11 20111972c3 Statutes, is amended to read: 499.003 Definitions of terms used in this part.—As used in this part, the term: (23) "Health care entity" means a closed pharmacy or any person, organization, or business entity that provides diagnostic, medical, surgical, or dental treatment or care, or chronic or rehabilitative care, but does not include any wholesale distributor or retail pharmacy licensed under state law to deal in prescription drugs. However, a blood establishment is a health care entity that may engage in the wholesale distribution of prescription drugs under s. 499.01(2)(g)1.c. Section 77. Subsection (21) of section 499.005, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 499.005 Prohibited acts.-It is unlawful for a person to perform or cause the performance of any of the following acts in this state: (21) The wholesale distribution of any prescription drug that was: (a) Purchased by a public or private hospital or other health care entity; or (b) Donated or supplied at a reduced price to a charitable organization, unless the wholesale distribution of the prescription drug is authorized in s. 499.01(2)(g)1.c. Section 78. Paragraphs (a) and (g) of subsection (2) of

section 499.01, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

499.01 Permits.-

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(2) The following permits are established:

- (a) Prescription drug manufacturer permit.—A prescription drug manufacturer permit is required for any person that is a manufacturer of a prescription drug and that manufactures or distributes such prescription drugs in this state.
- 1. A person that operates an establishment permitted as a prescription drug manufacturer may engage in wholesale distribution of prescription drugs manufactured at that establishment and must comply with all of the provisions of this part, except s. 499.01212, and the rules adopted under this part, except s. 499.01212, which that apply to a wholesale distributor.
- 2. A prescription drug manufacturer must comply with all appropriate state and federal good manufacturing practices.
- 3. A blood establishment, as defined in s. 381.06014, operating in a manner consistent with the provisions of Title 21 C.F.R. parts 211 and 600-640 and manufacturing only the prescription drugs described in s. 499.003(54)(d) is not required to be permitted as a prescription drug manufacturer under this paragraph or to register its products under s. 499.015.
 - (g) Restricted prescription drug distributor permit.-
- $\underline{1.}$ A restricted prescription drug distributor permit is required for:
- <u>a.</u> Any person <u>located in this state</u> that engages in the distribution of a prescription drug, which distribution is not considered "wholesale distribution" under s. 499.003(54)(a).
- $\underline{\text{b.1.}}$ Any A person <u>located in this state</u> who engages in the receipt or distribution of a prescription drug in this state for

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the purpose of processing its return or its destruction must obtain a permit as a restricted prescription drug distributor if such person is not the person initiating the return, the prescription drug wholesale supplier of the person initiating the return, or the manufacturer of the drug.

- c. A blood establishment located in this state which collects blood and blood components only from volunteer donors as defined in s. 381.06014 or pursuant to an authorized practitioner's order for medical treatment or therapy and engages in the wholesale distribution of a prescription drug not described in s. 499.003(54)(d) to a health care entity. The health care entity receiving a prescription drug distributed under this sub-subparagraph must be licensed as a closed pharmacy or provide health care services at that establishment. The blood establishment must operate in accordance with s. 381.06014 and may distribute only:
- (I) Prescription drugs indicated for a bleeding or clotting disorder or anemia;
- (II) Blood-collection containers approved under s. 505 of the federal act;
- (III) Drugs that are blood derivatives, or a recombinant or synthetic form of a blood derivative;
- (IV) Prescription drugs that are identified in rules

 adopted by the department and that are essential to services

 performed or provided by blood establishments and authorized for distribution by blood establishments under federal law; or
- (V) To the extent authorized by federal law, drugs

 necessary to collect blood or blood components from volunteer

 blood donors; for blood establishment personnel to perform

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therapeutic procedures under the direction and supervision of a
licensed physician; and to diagnose, treat, manage, and prevent
any reaction of either a volunteer blood donor or a patient
undergoing a therapeutic procedure performed under the direction
and supervision of a licensed physician,

- as long as all of the health care services provided by the blood establishment are related to its activities as a registered blood establishment or the health care services consist of collecting, processing, storing, or administering human hematopoietic stem cells or progenitor cells or performing diagnostic testing of specimens if such specimens are tested together with specimens undergoing routine donor testing.
- 2. Storage, handling, and recordkeeping of these distributions by a person required to be permitted as a restricted prescription drug distributor must comply with the requirements for wholesale distributors under s. 499.0121, but not those set forth in s. 499.01212 if the distribution occurs pursuant to sub-subparagraph 1.a. or sub-subparagraph 1.b.
- 3. A person who applies for a permit as a restricted prescription drug distributor, or for the renewal of such a permit, must provide to the department the information required under s. 499.012.
- 4. The department may adopt rules regarding the distribution of prescription drugs by hospitals, health care entities, charitable organizations, or other persons not involved in wholesale distribution, and blood establishments, which rules are necessary for the protection of the public health, safety, and welfare.

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Section 79. Subsection (4) is added to section 626.9541, Florida Statutes, to read:

626.9541 Unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices defined.—

- (4) WELLNESS OR HEALTH IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMS.-
- (a) An insurer issuing a group or individual health benefit plan may offer a voluntary wellness or health improvement program and may encourage or reward participation in the program by authorizing rewards or incentives, including, but not limited to, merchandise, gift cards, debit cards, premium discounts or rebates, contributions to a member's health savings account, or modifications to copayment, deductible, or coinsurance amounts.
- (b) An insurer may require a health benefit plan member to provide verification, such as an affirming statement from the member's physician, that the member's medical condition makes it unreasonably difficult or inadvisable to participate in the wellness or health improvement program.
- (c) A reward or incentive offered under this subsection is not an insurance benefit or violation of this section if it is disclosed in the policy or certificate. This subsection does not prohibit insurers from offering other incentives or rewards for adherence to a wellness or health improvement program if otherwise authorized by state or federal law.

Section 80. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 627.4147, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 627.4147 Medical malpractice insurance contracts.-
- (1) In addition to any other requirements imposed by law, each self-insurance policy as authorized under s. 627.357 or s. 624.462 or insurance policy providing coverage for claims

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arising out of the rendering of, or the failure to render, medical care or services, including those of the Florida Medical Malpractice Joint Underwriting Association, must shall include:

(b) 1. Except as provided in subparagraph 2., a clause authorizing the insurer or self-insurer to determine, to make, and to conclude, without the permission of the insured, any offer of admission of liability and for arbitration pursuant to s. 766.106, settlement offer, or offer of judgment, if the offer is within the policy limits. It is against public policy for any insurance or self-insurance policy to contain a clause giving the insured the exclusive right to veto any offer for admission of liability and for arbitration made pursuant to s. 766.106, settlement offer, or offer of judgment, when such offer is within the policy limits. However, any offer of admission of liability, settlement offer, or offer of judgment made by an insurer or self-insurer shall be made in good faith and in the best interests of the insured.

1.2.a. With respect to dentists licensed under chapter 466, a clause clearly stating whether or not the insured has the exclusive right to veto any offer of admission of liability and for arbitration pursuant to s. 766.106, settlement offer, or offer of judgment if the offer is within policy limits. An insurer or self-insurer may shall not make or conclude, without the permission of the insured, any offer of admission of liability and for arbitration pursuant to s. 766.106, settlement offer, or offer of judgment, if such offer is outside the policy limits. However, any offer for admission of liability and for arbitration made under s. 766.106, settlement offer, or offer of judgment made by an insurer or self-insurer must shall be made

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in good faith and in the best interest of the insured.

2.b. If the policy contains a clause stating the insured does not have the exclusive right to veto any offer or admission of liability and for arbitration made pursuant to s. 766.106, settlement offer or offer of judgment, the insurer or self-insurer shall provide to the insured or the insured's legal representative by certified mail, return receipt requested, a copy of the final offer of admission of liability and for arbitration made pursuant to s. 766.106, settlement offer or offer of judgment and at the same time such offer is provided to the claimant. A copy of any final agreement reached between the insurer and claimant shall also be provided to the insurer or his or her legal representative by certified mail, return receipt requested within not more than 10 days after affecting such agreement.

Section 81. Present subsections (15) through (21) of section 641.19, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (16) through (22), respectively, and a new subsection (15) is added to that section, to read:

641.19 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

(15) "Provider service network" means a network established or organized and operated by a health care provider or group of affiliated health care providers, including minority physician networks and emergency room diversion programs that meet the requirements of s. 409.91211, which directly provides a substantial proportion of the health care items and services under a contract and may make arrangements with physicians, other health care practitioners, health care institutions, or any combination of such practitioners or institutions to assume

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all or part of the financial risk on a prospective basis for the provision of basic health services by such physicians, practitioners, or institutions. The health care providers operating the provider service network must have a controlling interest in the governing body of the network.

Section 82. Section 641.2019, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

authority.—Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, a provider service network, including a prepaid provider service network described under s. 409.912(4)(d), which meets all of the applicable requirements of this part may apply for and obtain a health care provider certificate pursuant to part III of this chapter and a certificate of authority pursuant to this part which states that the network is authorized to operate a certified provider service network under this chapter. A certified provider service network has the same rights and responsibilities as a health maintenance organization certified under this part.

Section 83. Subsection (13) of section 641.47, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 641.47 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:
- (13) "Organization" means \underline{a} any health maintenance organization as defined in s. 641.19, \underline{a} and any prepaid health clinic as defined in s. 641.402, and a provider service network as defined in s. 641.19.

Section 84. Section 641.49, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

641.49 Health care provider certificate certification of

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health maintenance organization and prepaid health clinic as health care providers; application procedure.

- (1) No person or governmental unit shall establish, conduct, or maintain a health maintenance organization, or a prepaid health clinic, or provider service network in this state without first obtaining a health care provider certificate under this part.
- (2) The office may shall not issue a certificate of authority under part I or part II of this chapter to any applicant which does not possess a valid health care provider certificate issued by the agency under this part.
- (3) Each application for a health care provider certificate shall be on a form prescribed by the agency. The following information and documents shall be submitted by an applicant and maintained, after certification under this part, by each organization and shall be available for inspection or examination by the agency at the offices of an organization at any time during regular business hours. The agency shall give reasonable notice to an organization before prior to any onsite inspection or examination of its records or premises conducted under this section. The agency may require that the following information or documents be submitted with the application:
- (a) A copy of the articles of incorporation and all amendments to the articles.
- (b) A copy of the bylaws, rules and regulations, or similar form of document, if any, regulating the conduct of the affairs of the applicant or organization.
- (c) A list of the names, addresses, and official capacities with the applicant or organization of the persons who are to be

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responsible for the conduct of the affairs of the applicant or organization, including all officers and directors of the corporation. Such persons <u>must shall</u> fully disclose to the agency and the directors of the applicant or organization the extent and nature of any contracts or arrangements between them and the applicant or organization, including any possible conflicts of interest.

- (d) The name and address of the applicant and the name by which the applicant or organization is to be known.
- (e) A statement generally describing the applicant or organization and its operations.
- (f) A copy of the form for each group and individual contract, certificate, subscriber handbook, and any other similar documents issued to subscribers.
- (g) A statement describing the manner in which health care services shall be regularly available.
- (h) A statement that the applicant has an established network of health care providers which is capable of providing the health care services that are to be offered by the organization.
- (i) The locations at which health care services shall be regularly available to subscribers.
- (j) The type of health care personnel engaged to provide the health care services and the quantity of the personnel of each type.
- (k) A statement giving the present and projected number of subscribers to be enrolled annually yearly for the next 3 years.
- (1) A statement indicating the source of emergency services and care on a 24-hour basis.

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(m) A statement that the physicians employed by the applicant have been formally organized as a medical staff and that the applicant's governing body has designated a chief of medical staff.

- (n) A statement describing the manner in which the applicant or organization assures the maintenance of a medical records system in accordance with accepted medical records' standards and practices.
- (o) If general anesthesia is to be administered in a facility not licensed by the agency, a copy of architectural plans that meet the requirements for institutional occupancy (NFPA 101 Life Safety Code, current edition as adopted by the State Fire Marshal).
- (p) A description of the applicant's or organization's internal quality assurance program, including committee structure, as required under s. 641.51.
- (q) A description and supporting documentation concerning how the applicant or health maintenance organization will comply with internal risk management program requirements under s. 641.55.
- (r) An explanation of how coverage for emergency services and care is to be effected outside the applicant's or health maintenance organization's stated geographic area.
- (s) A statement and map describing with reasonable accuracy the specific geographic area to be served.
 - (t) A nonrefundable application fee of \$1,000.
- 6146 (u) Such additional information as the agency may 6147 reasonably require.
 - Section 85. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section

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6149 430.705, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

 $430.705 \ \mbox{Implementation}$ of the long-term care community diversion pilot projects.—

(2)

- (b) The department shall select providers that meet all of the following criteria. Providers shall:
- 1. Have a plan administrator who is dedicated to the diversion pilot project and project staff who perform the necessary project administrative functions, including data collection, reporting, and analysis.
- 2. Demonstrate the ability to provide program enrollees with a choice of care provider by contracting with multiple providers that provide the same type of service.
- 3. Demonstrate through performance or other documented means the capacity for prompt payment of claims as specified under s. 641.3155.
- 4. Maintain an insolvency protection account in a bank or savings and loan association located in the state with a balance of at least \$100,000 into which monthly deposits equal to at least 5 percent of premiums received under the project are made until the balance equals 2 percent of the total contract amount. The account shall be established with such terms as to ensure that funds are may only be withdrawn only with the signature approval of designated department representatives.
- 5. Maintain a surplus of at least \$1.5 million as determined by the department. Each applicant and each provider shall furnish to the department initial and annual unqualified audited financial statements prepared by a certified public accountant that expressly confirm that the applicant or provider

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satisfies this surplus requirement. The department may approve a waiver of compliance with the surplus requirement for an existing diversion provider. The department's approval of the this waiver is must be contingent on the provider demonstrating proof to the department that the entity has posted and maintains a \$1.5 million performance bond, which is written by an insurer licensed to transact insurance in this state, in lieu of meeting the surplus requirement. The department may not approve a waiver of compliance with the surplus requirement that extends beyond June 30, 2006. As used in this subparagraph, the term:

- a. "Existing diversion provider" means an entity that is approved by the department on or before June 30, 2005, to provide services to consumers through any long-term care community diversion pilot project authorized under ss. 430.701-430.709.
- b. "Surplus" has the same meaning as in s. 641.19(19).
 Section 86. Present subsection (12) of section 766.102,
 Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (13), and a new subsection (12) is added to that section, to read:
- 766.102 Medical negligence; standards of recovery; expert witness.—
- (12) If a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 is a party against whom, or on whose behalf, expert testimony about the prevailing professional standard of care is offered, the expert witness must otherwise meet the requirements of this section and be licensed as a physician under chapter 458 or chapter 459, or must possess a valid expert witness certificate issued under s. 458.3167 or s. 459.0078.
 - Section 87. Subsection (1) of section 766.104, Florida

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6207 Statutes, is amended to read:

766.104 Pleading in medical negligence cases; claim for punitive damages; authorization for release of records for investigation.—

- (1) An No action shall be filed for personal injury or wrongful death arising out of medical negligence, whether in tort or in contract, may not be filed unless the attorney filing the action has made a reasonable investigation, as permitted by the circumstances, to determine that there are grounds for a good faith belief that there has been negligence in the care or treatment of the claimant.
- (a) The complaint or initial pleading <u>must shall</u> contain a certificate of counsel that such reasonable investigation gave rise to a good faith belief that grounds exist for an action against each named defendant. For purposes of this section, good faith may be shown to exist if the claimant or his or her counsel has received a written opinion, which shall not be subject to discovery by an opposing party, of an expert as defined in s. 766.102 that there appears to be evidence of medical negligence. If the court determines that the such certificate of counsel was not made in good faith and that no justiciable issue was presented against a health care provider that fully cooperated in providing informal discovery, the court shall award attorney's fees and taxable costs against claimant's counsel, and shall submit the matter to The Florida Bar for disciplinary review of the attorney.
- (b) If the cause of action requires the plaintiff to establish the breach of a standard of care other than negligence in order to impose liability or secure specified damages arising

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out of the rendering of, or the failure to render, medical care or services, and the plaintiff intends to pursue such liability or damages, the investigation and certification required by this subsection must demonstrate grounds for a good faith belief that the requirement is satisfied.

Section 88. Subsection (5) of section 766.106, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

766.106 Notice before filing action for medical negligence; presuit screening period; offers for admission of liability and for arbitration; informal discovery; review.—

(5) DISCOVERY AND ADMISSIBILITY.—No statement, discussion, written document, report, or other work product generated by the presuit screening process is discoverable or admissible in any civil action for any purpose by the opposing party. All participants, including, but not limited to, physicians, investigators, witnesses, and employees or associates of the defendant, are immune from civil liability arising from participation in the presuit screening process. This subsection does not prohibit a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, or a physician who holds a certificate to provide expert testimony under s. 458.3167 or s. 459.0078, who submits a verified written expert medical opinion from being subject to disciplinary action pursuant to s. 456.073.

Section 89. Subsection (11) of section 766.1115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

766.1115 Health care providers; creation of agency relationship with governmental contractors.—

- (11) APPLICABILITY.-
- (a) This section applies to incidents occurring on or after

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6265 April 17, 1992.

- (b) This section does not apply to any health care contract entered into by the Department of Corrections which is subject to s. 768.28(10) (a).
- (c) This section does not apply to any affiliation agreement or other contract subject to s. 768.28(10)(f).
- (d) Nothing in This section does not reduce or limit in any way reduces or limits the rights of the state or any of its agencies or subdivisions to any benefit currently provided under s. 768.28.
- Section 90. Section 766.1183, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 766.1183 Standard of care for Medicaid providers.-
 - (1) As used in this section:
- (a) The terms "applicant," "medical assistance," "medical services," and "Medicaid recipient" have the same meaning as in s. 409.901.
- (b) The term "provider" means a health care provider as defined in s. 766.202, an ambulance provider licensed under chapter 401, or an entity that qualifies for an exemption under s. 400.9905(4)(e). The term includes:
- 1. Any person or entity for whom a provider is vicariously liable; and
- 2. Any person or entity whose liability is based solely on such person or entity being vicariously liable for the actions of a provider.
- (c) The term "wrongful manner" means in bad faith or with malicious purpose or in a manner exhibiting wanton and willful disregard of human rights, safety, or property, and shall be

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6294 construed in conformity with the standard set forth in s. 6295 768.28(9)(a).

- (2) A provider is not liable in excess of \$200,000 per claimant or \$300,000 per occurrence for any cause of action arising out of the rendering of, or the failure to render, medical services to a Medicaid recipient, except as provided under subsection (3). However, a judgment may be claimed and rendered in excess of the amounts set forth in this subsection. That portion of the judgment that exceeds these amounts may be reported to the Legislature, but may be paid in part or in whole by the state only by further act of the Legislature.
- (3) A provider may be liable for an amount in excess of \$200,000 per claimant or \$300,000 per occurrence only if the claimant pleads and proves, by clear and convincing evidence, that the provider acted in a wrongful manner. If the claimant so pleads, the court, after a reasonable opportunity for discovery, shall conduct a hearing before trial to determine if there is a reasonable basis in evidence to conclude that the provider acted in a wrongful manner. A claim for wrongful conduct is not permitted, to the extent it exceeds the amounts set forth in subsection (2), unless the claimant makes the showing required by this subsection.
- (4) At the time an application for medical assistance is submitted, the Department of Children and Family Services shall furnish the applicant with written notice of the provisions of this section.
- (5) This section does not limit or exclude the application of any law, including s. 766.118, which places limitations upon the recovery of civil damages.

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(6) This section does not apply to any claim for damages to which s. 768.28 applies.

Section 91. Section 766.1184, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

766.1184 Standard of care; low-income pool recipient.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Low-income pool recipient" means a low-income individual who is uninsured or underinsured and who receives primary care services from a provider which are delivered exclusively using funding received by that provider under proviso language accompanying specific appropriation 191 of the 2010-2011 fiscal year General Appropriations Act to establish new or expand existing primary care clinics for low-income persons who are uninsured or underinsured.
- (b) "Provider" means a health care provider, as defined in s. 766.202, which received funding under proviso language accompanying specific appropriation 191 of the fiscal year 2010-11 General Appropriations Act to establish new or expand existing primary care clinics for low-income persons who are uninsured or underinsured. The term includes:
- 1. Any person or entity for whom a provider is vicariously liable; and
- 2. Any person or entity whose liability is based solely on such person or entity being vicariously liable for the actions of a provider.
- (c) "Wrongful manner" means in bad faith or with malicious purpose or in a manner exhibiting wanton and willful disregard of human rights, safety, or property, and shall be construed in conformity with the standard set forth in s. 768.28(9)(a).

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The funding of the provider's primary care clinic must have been awarded pursuant to a plan approved by the Legislative Budget

Commission, and must be the subject of an agreement between the provider and the Agency for Health Care Administration,

following the competitive solicitation of proposals to use low-income pool grant funds to provide primary care services in general acute hospitals, county health departments, faith-based and community clinics, and federally qualified health centers to uninsured or underinsured persons.

- (2) A provider is not liable in excess of \$200,000 per claimant or \$300,000 per occurrence for any cause of action arising out of the rendering of, or the failure to render, primary care services to a low-income pool recipient, except as provided under subsection (3). However, a judgment may be claimed and rendered in excess of the amounts set forth in this subsection. That portion of the judgment that exceeds these amounts may be reported to the Legislature, but may be paid in part or in whole by the state only by further act of the Legislature.
- (3) A provider may be liable for an amount in excess of \$200,000 per claimant or \$300,000 per occurrence only if the claimant pleads and proves, by clear and convincing evidence, that the provider acted in a wrongful manner. If the claimant so pleads, the court, after a reasonable opportunity for discovery, shall conduct a hearing before trial to determine if there is a reasonable basis in evidence to conclude that the provider acted in a wrongful manner. A claim for wrongful conduct is not permitted, to the extent it exceeds the amounts set forth in

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Statutes, is amended to read:

576-04635-11 20111972c3 subsection (2), unless the claimant makes the showing required by this subsection. (4) In order for this section to apply, the provider must: (a) Develop, implement, and maintain policies and procedures to: 1. Ensure that funds described in subsection (1) are used exclusively to serve low-income persons who are uninsured or underinsured; 2. Determine whether funds described in subsection (1) are being used to provide primary care services to a particular person; and 3. Identify whether an individual receiving primary care services is a low-income pool recipient to whom the provisions of this section apply. (b) Furnish a low-income pool recipient with written notice of the provisions of this section before providing primary care services to the recipient. (c) Be in compliance with the terms of any agreement between the provider and the Agency for Health Care Administration governing the receipt of the funds described in subsection (1). (5) This section does not limit or exclude the application of any law, including s. 766.118, which places limitations upon the recovery of civil damages. (6) This section does not apply to any claim for damages to which s. 768.28 applies. Section 92. Subsection (4) of section 766.202, Florida

766.202 Definitions; ss. 766.201-766.212.—As used in ss.

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6410 766.201-766.212, the term:

(4) "Health care provider" means any hospital, ambulatory surgical center, or mobile surgical facility as defined and licensed under chapter 395; a birth center licensed under chapter 383; any person licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, part I of chapter 464, chapter 466, chapter 467, part XIV of chapter 468, or chapter 486; a clinical lab licensed under chapter 483; a health maintenance organization certificated under part I of chapter 641; a blood bank; a plasma center; an industrial clinic; a renal dialysis facility; or a professional association partnership, corporation, joint venture, or other association for professional activity by health care providers.

Section 93. Subsection (5) is added to section 766.203, Florida Statutes, to read:

766.203 Presuit investigation of medical negligence claims and defenses by prospective parties.—

(5) STANDARDS OF CARE.—If the cause of action that is the basis for the litigation requires the plaintiff to establish the breach of a standard of care other than negligence in order to impose liability or secure specified damages arising out of the rendering of, or the failure to render, medical care or services, and the plaintiff intends to pursue such liability or damages, the presuit investigations required of the claimant and the prospective defendant by this section must ascertain that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the requirement is satisfied.

Section 94. Paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section 768.28, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraphs (f) and (g)

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are added to subsection (10) of that section, to read:

768.28 Waiver of sovereign immunity in tort actions; recovery limits; limitation on attorney fees; statute of limitations; exclusions; indemnification; risk management programs.—

(9)

- (b) As used in this subsection, the term:
- 1. "Employee" includes any volunteer firefighter.
- 2. "Officer, employee, or agent" includes, but is not limited to, any health care provider when providing services pursuant to s. 766.1115; any member of the Florida Health Services Corps, as defined in s. 381.0302, who provides uncompensated care to medically indigent persons referred by the Department of Health; any nonprofit independent college or university located and chartered in this state which owns or operates an accredited medical school, and its employees or agents, when providing patient services pursuant to paragraph (10)(f); and any public defender or her or his employee or agent, including, among others, an assistant public defender and an investigator.

(10)

(f) For purposes of this section, any nonprofit independent college or university located and chartered in this state which owns or operates an accredited medical school, or any of its employees or agents, and which has agreed in an affiliation agreement or other contract to provide, or to permit its employees or agents to provide, patient services as agents of a teaching hospital, is considered an agent of the teaching hospital while acting within the scope of and pursuant to

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guidelines established in the contract. To the extent allowed by law, the contract must provide for the indemnification of the state, up to the limits set out in this chapter, by the agent for any liability incurred which was caused by the negligence of the college or university or its employees or agents.

- 1. For purposes of this paragraph, the term:
- a. "Employee or agent" means an officer, employee, agent, or servant of a nonprofit independent college or university located and chartered in this state which owns or operates an accredited medical school, including, but not limited to, the faculty of the medical school, any health care practitioner or licensee as defined in s. 456.001 for which the college or university is vicariously liable, and the staff or administrator of the medical school.
 - b. "Patient services" mean:
- (I) Comprehensive health care services as defined in s. 641.19, including any related administrative service, provided to patients in a teaching hospital or in a health care facility that is a part of a nonprofit independent college or university located and chartered in this state which owns or operates an accredited medical school, pursuant to an affiliation agreement or other contract with a teaching hospital;
- (II) Training and supervision of interns, residents, and fellows providing patient services in a teaching hospital or in a health care facility that is a part of a nonprofit independent college or university located and chartered in this state which owns or operates an accredited medical school, pursuant to an affiliation agreement or other contract with a teaching hospital;

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(III) Participation in medical research protocols; or

(IV) Training and supervision of medical students in a

teaching hospital or in a health care facility owned by a notfor-profit college or university that owns or operates an
accredited medical school, pursuant to an affiliation agreement
or other contract with a teaching hospital.

- c. "Teaching hospital" means a teaching hospital as defined in s. 408.07 which is owned or operated by the state, a county or municipality, a public health trust, a special taxing district, a governmental entity having health care responsibilities, or a not-for-profit entity that operates such facilities as an agent of the state or a political subdivision of the state under a lease or other contract.
- 2. The teaching hospital or the medical school, or its employees or agents, must provide written notice to each patient, or the patient's legal representative, receipt of which must be acknowledged in writing, that the college or university that owns or operates the medical school and the employees or agents of that college or university are acting as agents of the teaching hospital and that the exclusive remedy for injury or damage suffered as the result of any act or omission of the teaching hospital, the college or university that owns or operates the medical school, or the employees or agents of the college or university while acting within the scope of duties pursuant to the affiliation agreement or other contract with a teaching hospital, is by commencement of an action pursuant to the provisions of this section.
- 3. This paragraph does not designate any employee providing contracted patient services in a teaching hospital as an

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employee or agent of the state for purposes of chapter 440.

- (g) Providers or vendors, 75 percent of whose client population consists of individuals with a developmental disability as defined in ss. 393.063 and 400.960, individuals who are blind or severely handicapped individuals as defined in s. 413.033, individuals who have a mental illness as defined under s. 394.455, or individuals who have any combination of these conditions, which have contractually agreed to act on behalf of the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Division of Blind Services in the Department of Education, or the Mental Health Program Office of the Department of Children and Family Services to provide services to such individuals, and their employees or agents, are considered agents of the state, solely with respect to the provision of such services while acting within the scope of and pursuant to guidelines established by contract, a Medicaid waiver agreement, or rule. The contracts for such services must provide for the indemnification of the state by the agent for any liabilities incurred up to the limits specified in this section.
 - Section 95. Legislative findings and intent.-
 - (1) The Legislature <u>finds that:</u>
- (a) Access to high-quality, comprehensive, and affordable health care for all persons in this state is a necessary state goal and that teaching hospitals play an intrinsic and essential role in providing that access.
- (b) Graduate medical education, provided by nonprofit independent colleges and universities located and chartered in this state which own or operate medical schools, helps provide

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the comprehensive specialty training needed by medical school graduates to develop and refine the skills essential to the provision of high-quality health care for our state residents.

Much of that education and training is provided in teaching hospitals under the direct supervision of medical faculty who provide guidance, training, and oversight, and serve as role models to their students.

- (c) A large proportion of medical care is provided in teaching hospitals that serve as safety nets for many indigent and underserved patients who otherwise might not receive the medical help they need. Resident physician training that takes place in such hospitals provides much of the care provided to this population. Medical faculty, supervising such training and care, are a vital link between educating and training resident physicians and ensuring the provision of quality care for indigent and underserved residents. Physicians that assume this role are often called upon to juggle the demands of patient care, teaching, research, health policy, and budgetary issues related to the programs they administer.
- (d) While teaching hospitals are afforded sovereign immunity protections under s. 768.28, Florida Statutes, the nonprofit independent colleges and universities located and chartered in this state which own or operate medical schools and which enter into affiliation agreements or contracts with the teaching hospitals to provide patient services are not afforded such sovereign immunity protections.
- (e) The employees or agents of nonprofit independent colleges and universities located and chartered in this state which enter into affiliation agreements or contracts with

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6584 teaching hospitals to provide patient services do not have the 6585 same level of protection against liability claims as teaching 6586 hospitals and their employees and agents that provide the same 6587 patient services to the same patients. Thus, these colleges and 6588 universities and their employees and agents are 6589 disproportionately affected by claims arising out of alleged 6590 medical malpractice and other allegedly negligent acts. Given 6591 the recent growth in medical schools and medical education 6592 programs and ongoing efforts to support, strengthen, and 6593 increase physician residency training positions and medical 6594 faculty in both existing and newly designated teaching 6595 hospitals, this exposure and the consequent disparity in 6596 liability exposure will continue to increase. The vulnerability 6597 of these colleges and universities to claims of medical 6598 malpractice will only add to the current physician workforce 6599 crisis in Florida and can be alleviated only through legislative 6600 action.

- (f) Ensuring that the employees and agents of nonprofit independent colleges and universities located and chartered in this state which own or operated medical schools are able to continue to treat patients, provide graduate medical education, supervise medical students, engage in research, and provide administrative support and services in teaching hospitals is an overwhelming public necessity.
 - (2) The Legislature intends that:
- (a) Employees and agents of nonprofit independent colleges and universities located and chartered in this state which own or operate medical schools, who provide patient services as agents of a teaching hospital be immune from lawsuits in the

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same manner and to the same extent as employees and agents of teaching hospitals in this state under existing law, and that such colleges and universities and their employees and agents not be held personally liable in tort or named as a party defendant in an action while providing patient services in a teaching hospital, unless such services are provided in bad faith, with malicious purpose, or in a manner exhibiting wanton and willful disregard of human rights, safety, or property.

- (b) Nonprofit independent private colleges and universities located and chartered in this state which own or operate medical schools and which permit their employees or agents to provide patient services in teaching hospitals pursuant to an affiliation agreement or other contract, be afforded sovereign immunity protections under s. 768.28, Florida Statutes.
- (3) The Legislature declares that there is an overwhelming public necessity for extending the state's sovereign immunity to nonprofit independent colleges and universities located and chartered in this state which own or operate medical schools and provide patient services in teaching hospitals, and to their employees and agents, and that there is no alternative method of meeting such public necessity.
- (4) The terms "employee or agent," "patient services," and "teaching hospital" used in this section have the same meaning as the terms defined in s. 768.28, Florida Statutes, as amended by this act.

Section 96. Section 1004.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1004.41 University of Florida; J. Hillis Miller Health Center.—

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(1) There is established the J. Hillis Miller Health Center at the University of Florida, including campuses at Gainesville and Jacksonville and affiliated teaching hospitals, which shall include the following colleges:

- (a) College of Dentistry.
- (b) College of Public Health and Health Professions.
- (c) College of Medicine.
- (d) College of Nursing.
- (e) College of Pharmacy.
- (f) College of Veterinary Medicine and related teaching hospitals.
- (2) Each college of the health center shall be $\frac{1}{50}$ maintained and operated $\frac{1}{50}$ as to comply with the standards approved by a nationally recognized association for accreditation.
- (3) (a) The University of Florida Health Center Operations and Maintenance Trust Fund shall be administered by the University of Florida Board of Trustees. Funds shall be credited to the trust fund from the sale of goods and services performed by the University of Florida Veterinary Medicine Teaching Hospital. The purpose of the trust fund is to support the instruction, research, and service missions of the University of Florida College of Veterinary Medicine.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 216.301, and pursuant to s. 216.351, any balance in the trust fund at the end of any fiscal year shall remain in the trust fund and shall be available for carrying out the purposes of the trust fund.
- (4) (a) The University of Florida Board of Trustees shall lease the hospital facilities of the health center known as the

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Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics on the Gainesville campus of the University of Florida and all furnishings, equipment, and other chattels or choses in action used in the operation of Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics the hospital, to Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics, Inc., a private not-for-profit corporation organized solely for the primary purpose of supporting the University of Florida Board of Trustees' health affairs mission of community service and patient care, education and training of health professionals, and clinical research. In furtherance of that primary purpose, Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics, Inc., shall operate operating the hospital and ancillary health care facilities as deemed of the health center and other health care facilities and programs determined to be necessary by the board of Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics, Inc. the nonprofit corporation. The rental for the hospital facilities shall be an amount equal to the debt service on bonds or revenue certificates issued solely for capital improvements to the hospital facilities or as otherwise provided by law.

- (b) The University of Florida Board of Trustees shall provide in the lease or by separate contract or agreement with Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics, Inc., the not-for-profit corporation for the following:
- 1. Approval of the articles of incorporation of <u>Shands</u>

 <u>Teaching Hospital and Clinics, Inc., the not-for-profit</u>

 <u>corporation</u> by the University of Florida Board of Trustees. <u>and</u>

 <u>the</u>
- 2. Governance of <u>Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics</u>,

 <u>Inc.</u>, the not-for-profit corporation by a board of directors appointed, subject to removal, and chaired by the President of

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the University of Florida, or his or her designee, and vice chaired by the Vice President for Health Affairs of the University of Florida, or his or her designee.

- 3.2. The Use of hospital facilities and personnel in support of community service and patient care, the research programs, and of the teaching roles role of the health center.
- $\underline{4.3.}$ The Continued recognition of the collective bargaining units and collective bargaining agreements as currently composed and recognition of the certified labor organizations representing those units and agreements.
- $\underline{5.4.}$ The Use of hospital facilities and personnel in connection with research programs conducted by the health center.
- 6.5. Reimbursement to Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics, Inc., the hospital for indigent patients, state-mandated programs, underfunded state programs, and costs to Shands

 Teaching Hospital and Clinics, Inc., the hospital for support of the teaching and research programs of the health center. Such reimbursement shall be appropriated to either the health center or Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics, Inc., the hospital each year by the Legislature after review and approval of the request for funds.
- 7. Audit of the financial statements of Shands Teaching
 Hospital and Clinics, Inc., in accordance with generally
 accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental
 Accounting Standards Board for a separate corporation affiliated
 with a governmental entity that holds a voting majority interest
 of the affiliated corporation's governing board. The financial
 statements shall be provided to the University of Florida Board

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of Trustees for attachment to its audited financial statement that is provided to the Auditor General. The University of Florida may obtain additional financial information from Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics, Inc., upon request by the Auditor General. This subparagraph applies equally to any not-for-profit subsidiary of Shands Teaching Hospitals and Clinics, Inc., which directly delivers health care services and also qualifies as an instrumentality of the state under the governance control and the primary purpose standards specified in this section.

- (c) The University of Florida Board of Trustees may, with the approval of the Legislature, increase the hospital facilities or remodel or renovate them if, provided that the rental paid by Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics, Inc., the hospital for such new, remodeled, or renovated facilities is sufficient to amortize the costs thereof over a reasonable period of time or fund the debt service for any bonds or revenue certificates issued to finance such improvements.
- (d) The University of Florida Board of Trustees <u>may</u> is authorized to provide to <u>Shands Teaching Hospital</u> and <u>Clinics</u>, <u>Inc.</u>, the not-for-profit corporation leasing the hospital facilities and its not-for-profit subsidiaries and affiliates, and any successor corporation that acts in support of the board of trustees, comprehensive general liability insurance, including professional liability, from a self-insurance trust program established pursuant to s. 1004.24.
- (e) Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics, Inc., in support of the health affairs mission of the University of Florida Board of Trustees and with the board's prior approval, may create or have created for-profit or not-for-profit subsidiaries and

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affiliates, or both. The University of Florida Board of Trustees, which may act through the president of the university or his or her designee, may control Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics, Inc. For purposes of sovereign immunity pursuant to s. 768.28(2), Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics, Inc., and any not-for-profit subsidiary that directly delivers health care services and whose governing board is chaired by the president of the university or his or her designee and is controlled by the University of Florida Board of Trustees, that may act through the president of the university or his or her designee, and whose primary purpose is the support of the University of Florida Board of Trustees' health affairs mission, shall be conclusively deemed a corporation primarily acting as an instrumentality of the state.

(f) (e) If In the event that the lease of Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics the hospital facilities to Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics, Inc., the not-for-profit corporation is terminated for any reason, the University of Florida Board of Trustees shall resume management and operation of Shands

Teaching Hospital and Clinics the hospital facilities. In such event, the University of Florida Board of Trustees may use is authorized to utilize revenues generated from the operation of Shands Teaching Hospital and Clinics the hospital facilities to pay the costs and expenses of operating the hospital facility for the remainder of the fiscal year in which such termination occurs.

(5) (a) Shands Jacksonville Medical Center, Inc., and its parent, Shands Jacksonville HealthCare, Inc., are private not-for-profit corporations organized primarily to support the

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6787 health affairs mission of the University of Florida Board of 6788 Trustees in community service and patient care, education and training of health affairs professionals, and clinical research. 6789 Shands Jacksonville Medical Center, Inc., is a teaching hospital 6790 6791 affiliated with the University of Florida Board of Trustees and 6792 is located, in part, on the Jacksonville Campus of the 6793 University of Florida. Shands Jacksonville Medical Center, Inc., 6794 and Shands Jacksonville HealthCare, Inc., in support of the 6795 health affairs mission of the University of Florida Board of 6796 Trustees and with its prior approval, may create or have created 6797 for-profit or not-for-profit subsidiaries or affiliates, or 6798 both.

- (b) The University of Florida Board of Trustees shall provide in the lease or by separate contract or agreement with Shands Jacksonville Medical Center, Inc., and Shands Jacksonville HealthCare, Inc., for the following:
- 1. Approval of the articles of incorporation of Shands
 Jacksonville Medical Center, Inc., and of Shands Jacksonville
 HealthCare, Inc., by the University of Florida Board of
 Trustees, which may act through the president of the university
 or his or her designee. In approving the articles of
 incorporation of Shands Jacksonville Medical Center, Inc., and
 of Shands Jacksonville HealthCare, Inc., the president of the
 university, or his or her designee, may act as the chair of the
 board of directors, or the president of the university or his or
 her designee or members of the University of Florida Board of
 Trustees may act as the approving body of Shands Jacksonville
 Medical Center, Inc., or Shands Jacksonville HealthCare, Inc.
 - 2. Governance of Shands Jacksonville Medical Center, Inc.,

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and of Shands Jacksonville HealthCare, Inc., by boards of directors appointed, subject to removal, and chaired by the President of the University of Florida, or his or her designee.

One director of each board may be so appointed after being nominated by the mayor of the City of Jacksonville subject to the applicable standards for directors of such board. If there is a vice chair of the board of directors of Shands Jacksonville Medical Center, Inc., or Shands Jacksonville HealthCare, Inc., the Vice President for Health Affairs of the University of Florida, or his or her designee or the designee of the president of the university, shall hold that position.

- 3. Use of the Shands Jacksonville Medical Center, Inc., hospital facilities and personnel in support of community service and patient care, research programs, and the teaching roles of the health center of the University of Florida Board of Trustees.
- 4. Reimbursement to Shands Jacksonville Medical Center,
 Inc., for indigent patients, state-mandated programs,
 underfunded state programs, and costs to the not-for-profit
 corporation for support of the teaching and research programs of
 the health center. Such reimbursement shall be appropriated to
 the health center or the not-for-profit corporation each year by
 the Legislature after review and approval of the request for
 funds.
- 5. Audit of the financial statements of Shands Jacksonville Medical Center, Inc., and Shands Jacksonville HealthCare, Inc., in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for a separate corporation affiliated with a governmental entity that

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holds a voting majority interest of the affiliated corporation's governing board. The financial statements shall be provided to the University of Florida Board of Trustees for attachment to its audited financial statement that is provided to the Auditor General. The University of Florida may obtain additional financial information from Shands Jacksonville Medical Center, Inc., and Shands Jacksonville HealthCare, Inc., upon request by the Auditor General. This subparagraph applies equally to any not-for-profit subsidiary that directly delivers health care services and also qualifies as an instrumentality of the state under the governance control and primary purpose standards specified in this section.

- (c) The University of Florida Board of Trustees, which may act through the president of the university or his or her designee, may control Shands Jacksonville Medical Center, Inc., and Shands Jacksonville HealthCare, Inc.
- (d) For purposes of sovereign immunity pursuant to s.

 768.28(2), Shands Jacksonville Medical Center, Inc., Shands

 Jacksonville HealthCare, Inc., and any not-for-profit subsidiary
 that directly delivers health care services and whose governing
 board is chaired by the President of the University of Florida
 or his or her designee and is controlled by the University of

 Florida Board of Trustees, that may act through the president of
 the university or his or designee, and whose primary purpose is
 the support of the University of Florida Board of Trustees'
 health affairs mission, shall be conclusively deemed
 corporations primarily acting as instrumentalities of the state.
- (e) (f) The University of Florida Board of Trustees may is authorized to provide to Shands Jacksonville HealthCare, Inc.,

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and Shands Jacksonville Medical Center, Inc., and any of their its not-for-profit subsidiaries and affiliates and any successor corporation that acts in support of the board of trustees, comprehensive general liability coverage, including professional liability, from the self-insurance programs established pursuant to s. 1004.24.

Section 97. Sections 409.9121, 409.919, and 624.915, Florida Statutes, are repealed.

Section 98. <u>Section 409.942</u>, <u>Florida Statutes</u>, <u>is</u> transferred and renumbered as section 414.29, Florida Statutes.

Section 99. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 443.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

443.111 Payment of benefits.-

- (1) MANNER OF PAYMENT.—Benefits are payable from the fund in accordance with rules adopted by the Agency for Workforce Innovation, subject to the following requirements:
- (a) Benefits are payable by mail or electronically. Notwithstanding s. 414.29 409.942(4), the agency may develop a system for the payment of benefits by electronic funds transfer, including, but not limited to, debit cards, electronic payment cards, or any other means of electronic payment that the agency deems to be commercially viable or cost-effective. Commodities or services related to the development of such a system shall be procured by competitive solicitation, unless they are purchased from a state term contract pursuant to s. 287.056. The agency shall adopt rules necessary to administer the system.

Section 100. Sections 409.944, 409.945, and 409.946,

Florida Statutes, are transferred and renumbered as sections

163.464, 163.465, and 163.466, Florida Statutes, respectively.

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Section 101. <u>Sections 409.953 and 409.9531, Florida</u>

<u>Statutes, are transferred and renumbered as sections 402.81 and 402.82, Florida Statutes, respectively.</u>

Section 102. The Agency for Health Care Administration shall submit a reorganizational plan to the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate by January 1, 2012, which converts the agency from a check-writing and fraud-chasing agency into a contract compliance and monitoring agency.

Section 103. Effective December 1, 2011, if the Legislature has not received a letter from the Governor stating that the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid has approved the waivers necessary to implement the Medicaid managed care reforms contained in this act, the State of Florida shall withdraw from the Medicaid program effective December 31, 2011.

Section 104. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are severable.

Section 105. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.