FOR CONSIDERATION By the Committee on Budget Subcommittee on Finance and Tax

593-01715C-11

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to tax administration; repealing ss.
3	202.31 and 212.10, F.S., relating to liability for
4	taxes following the sale of a business; amending s.
5	212.12, F.S.; clarifying provisions imposing certain
6	penalties for noncompliance with requirements for
7	reporting taxes; creating s. 212.131, F.S.;
8	authorizing the Department of Revenue to require that
9	sellers of alcoholic beverages or tobacco products
10	file information reports of sales of those products to
11	retailers in the state; defining terms; requiring that
12	the report be filed electronically; providing for
13	certain exceptions; specifying the period for
14	reporting information; providing a penalty for failure
15	of a seller to provide the information report when
16	due; amending s. 212.14, F.S.; authorizing the
17	department to adopt rules to administer provisions
18	requiring dealers to provide a cash deposit, bond, or
19	other security upon the request of the department;
20	defining the term "person" for purposes of such
21	requirement; authorizing the Department of Revenue to
22	adopt emergency rules; amending s. 213.053, F.S.;
23	authorizing the department to release unemployment tax
24	rate information to certain additional agents
25	providing payroll services for employers; conforming a
26	cross-reference; amending s. 213.758, F.S.; defining
27	the terms "business," "financial institution,"
28	"insider," "stock of goods, and "tax" and clarifying
29	the definition of the term "transfer" for purposes of

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30	provisions establishing tax liability following the
31	disposition of a business; requiring that a final
32	return be filed with the department within a specified
33	time; requiring that an audit be performed within a
34	specified period under certain circumstances;
35	prohibiting a transferee who is liable for unpaid tax
36	from continuing to engage in business; providing for
37	an exception following the posting of a bond or other
38	security; authorizing the Department of Legal Affairs
39	to seek an injunction following prior written notice
40	to the taxpayer; providing that under certain
41	circumstances the transferor and transferee are
42	jointly and severally liable for payment of the tax;
43	providing procedures for determining the maximum
44	liability of the transferee of a business; eliminating
45	provisions authorizing rulemaking by the Department of
46	Revenue; amending s. 322.142, F.S.; authorizing the
47	Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to
48	release photographs or digital images to the
49	Department of Revenue in order to identify individuals
50	for purposes of tax administration; amending s.
51	443.131, F.S.; providing for a reduction in the
52	standard rate of unemployment tax for an employer that
53	produces certain work records to the state agency
54	providing tax collection services; providing effective
55	dates.
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57	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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59	Section 1. Sections 202.31 and 212.10, Florida Statutes,
60	are repealed.
61	Section 2. Effective upon this act becoming a law,
62	paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 212.12, Florida
63	Statutes, is amended to read:
64	212.12 Dealer's credit for collecting tax; penalties for
65	noncompliance; powers of Department of Revenue in dealing with
66	delinquents; brackets applicable to taxable transactions;
67	records required
68	(2)
69	(d) Any person who makes a false or fraudulent return with
70	a willful intent to evade payment of any tax or fee imposed
71	under this chapter; any person who, after the department's
72	delivery of a written notice to the person's last known address
73	specifically alerting the person of the requirement to register
74	the person's business as a dealer, intentionally fails to
75	register the business; <u>or</u> and any person who, after the
76	department's delivery of a written notice to the person's last
77	known address specifically alerting the person of the
78	requirement to collect tax on specific transactions,
79	intentionally fails to collect such tax, shall, in addition to
80	the other penalties provided by law, be liable for a specific
81	penalty of 100 percent of any unreported or any uncollected tax
82	or fee and, upon conviction, for fine and punishment as provided
83	in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Delivery of written
84	notice may be made by certified mail, or by the use of such
85	other method as is documented as being necessary and reasonable
86	under the circumstances. The civil and criminal penalties
87	imposed herein for failure to comply with a written notice

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88	alerting the person of the requirement to register the person's
89	business as a dealer or to collect tax on specific transactions
90	shall not apply if the person timely files a written challenge
91	to such notice in accordance with procedures established by the
92	department by rule or the notice fails to clearly advise that
93	failure to comply with or timely challenge the notice will
94	result in the imposition of the civil and criminal penalties
95	imposed herein.
96	1. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes
97	or fees is less than \$300, the first offense resulting in
98	conviction is a misdemeanor of the second degree, the second
99	offense resulting in conviction is a misdemeanor of the first
100	degree, and the third and all subsequent offenses resulting in
101	conviction is a misdemeanor of the first degree, and the third
102	and all subsequent offenses resulting in conviction are felonies
103	of the third degree.
104	2. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes
105	or fees is \$300 or more but less than \$20,000, the offense is a
106	felony of the third degree.
107	3. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes
108	or fees is \$20,000 or more but less than \$100,000, the offense
109	is a felony of the second degree.
110	4. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes
111	or fees is \$100,000 or more, the offense is a felony of the
112	first degree.
113	Section 3. Section 212.131, Florida Statutes, is created to
114	read:
115	212.131 Information reports required for sales of alcoholic
116	beverages and tobacco products
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117	(1)(a) For purposes enforcing the collection of the tax
118	levied by this chapter, the department may require every seller
119	of alcoholic beverages or tobacco products to file an
120	information report of any sales of those products to any
121	retailer in this state.
122	(b) As used in this section, the term:
123	1. "Seller" means any manufacturer, wholesaler, or
124	distributor of alcoholic beverages or tobacco products.
125	2. "Retailer" means a person required to hold a license
126	pursuant to chapter 561 or a permit pursuant to chapter 569.
127	(2) (a) The information report must be filed electronically
128	through the department's specified data file format to ensure
129	that the information is kept confidential. The information
130	report must contain the seller's name and the following
131	information regarding sales to the retailers: the names,
132	addresses, and resale certificate numbers; the dates the
133	products were sold; the quantity of each type of product sold;
134	and the sales price of each type of product sold.
135	(b) The department may waive the requirement to submit the
136	information report through an electronic data interchange due to
137	problems arising from the seller's computer capabilities, data
138	system changes, or operating procedures. The request for waiver
139	must be in writing and the seller must demonstrate that such
140	circumstances exist. A waiver under this paragraph does not
141	operate to relieve the seller from the obligation to file an
142	information report.
143	(3) The information report must contain the required
144	information for the period from July 1 through June 30. The
145	information report is due annually on July 1 for the preceding

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146	reporting period and is delinquent if not received by the
147	department by September 30.
148	(4) Any seller who fails to provide the information report
149	when due is subject to a penalty of \$1,000 for every month, or
150	part thereof, the report is not provided, up to a maximum amount
151	<u>of \$10,000.</u>
152	Section 4. Subsection (4) of section 212.14, Florida
153	Statutes, is amended to read:
154	212.14 Departmental powers; hearings; distress warrants;
155	bonds; subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum
156	(4) In all cases where it is necessary to ensure compliance
157	with the provisions of this chapter, the department shall
158	require a cash deposit, bond, or other security as a condition
159	to a person obtaining or retaining a dealer's certificate of
160	registration under this chapter. Such bond shall be in the form
161	and such amount as the department deems appropriate under the
162	particular circumstances. Every person failing to produce such
163	cash deposit, bond <u>,</u> or other security as provided for herein
164	shall not be entitled to obtain or retain a dealer's certificate
165	of registration under this chapter, and the Department of Legal
166	Affairs is hereby authorized to proceed by injunction, when so
167	requested by the Department of Revenue, to prevent such person
168	from doing business subject to the provisions of this chapter
169	until such cash deposit, bond <u>,</u> or other security is posted with
170	the department, and any temporary injunction for this purpose
171	may be granted by any judge or chancellor authorized by law to
172	grant injunctions. Any security required to be deposited may be
173	sold by the department at public sale if it becomes necessary so
174	to do in order to recover any tax, interest <u>,</u> or penalty due.

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175	Notice of such sale may be served personally or by mail upon the
176	person who deposited such security. If by mail, notice sent to
177	the last known address as the same appears on the records of the
178	department shall be sufficient for the purpose of this
179	requirement. Upon such sale, the surplus, if any, above the
180	amount due under this chapter shall be returned to the person
181	who deposited the security. The department may adopt rules
182	necessary to administer this subsection. For the purpose of the
183	cash deposit, bond, or other security required by this
184	subsection, the term "person" includes those entities defined in
185	<u>s. 212.02(12), as well as:</u>
186	(a) An individual or entity owning a controlling interest
187	in an entity;
188	(b) An individual or entity who has acquired an ownership
189	interest or a controlling interest in a business that would be
190	otherwise liable for posting a cash deposit, bond, or other
191	security, unless the department has determined that the
192	individual or entity is not liable for taxes, interest, or
193	penalties as set forth in s. 213.758; or
194	(c) An individual or entity seeking to obtain a dealer's
195	certificate of registration for a business that will be operated
196	at an identical location of a previous business that would
197	otherwise have been liable for posting a cash deposit, bond, or
198	other security, if such individual or entity fails to provide
199	evidence the business was acquired in an arms-length transaction
200	or for consideration.
201	Section 5. The Department of Revenue is authorized and all
202	conditions are deemed met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to
203	ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, Florida Statutes, to administer the

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593-01715C-11 20117068 204 provisions of sections 3 and 4 of this act. The emergency rules 205 shall remain in effect for 6 months after the rules are adopted 206 and the rules may be renewed during the pendency of procedures 207 to adopt permanent rules addressing the subject of the emergency 208 rules. Section 6. Subsections (4) and (17) of section 213.053, 209 210 Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 2010-280, Laws of 211 Florida, are amended to read: 212 213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing.-213 (4) The department, while providing unemployment tax 214 collection services under contract with the Agency for Workforce 215 Innovation through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 216 443.1316, may release unemployment tax rate information to the 217 agent of an employer, which agent provides payroll services for 218 more than 100 500 employers, pursuant to the terms of a memorandum of understanding. The memorandum of understanding 219 220 must state that the agent affirms, subject to the criminal 221 penalties contained in ss. 443.171 and 443.1715, that the agent 222 will retain the confidentiality of the information, that the 223 agent has in effect a power of attorney from the employer which 224 authorizes permits the agent to obtain unemployment tax rate 225 information, and that the agent shall provide the department 226 with a copy of the employer's power of attorney upon request. 227 (17) The department may provide to the person against whom transferee liability is being asserted pursuant to s. 212.10(1) 228 229 information relating to the basis of the claim. 230 Section 7. Section 213.758, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 231 232 213.758 Transfer of tax liabilities.-

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233	(1) As used in this section, the term:
234	(a) "Business" means any activity regularly engaged in by
235	any person, or caused to be engaged in by him or her, with the
236	object of private or public gain, benefit, or advantage, either
237	direct or indirect. The term does not include occasional or
238	isolated sales or transactions involving property or services by
239	a person who does not hold himself or herself out as engaged in
240	business. A discrete division or portion of a business is not
241	considered to be a separate business if it is not a separate
242	legal entity, but shall be aggregated with all divisions or
243	portions to constitute a single business.
244	(b) "Financial institution" means a financial institution
245	as defined in s. 655.005 and any person that controls, is
246	controlled by, or is under common control with a financial
247	institution as defined in s. 655.005.
248	(c) "Insider" means a person as defined in s. 726.102(7)
249	and a member, manager, or managing member of a limited liability
250	company.
251	<u>(d)</u> "Involuntary transfer" means a transfer of a
252	business or stock of goods made without the consent of the
253	transferor, including, but not limited to, a transfer:
254	1. That occurs due to the foreclosure of a security
255	interest issued to a person who is not an insider as defined in
256	s. 726.102 ;
257	2. That results from an eminent domain or condemnation
258	action;
259	3. Pursuant to chapter 61, chapter 702, or the United
260	States Bankruptcy Code;
261	4. To a financial institution , as defined in s. 655.005, if

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262	the transfer is made to satisfy the transferor's debt to the $$
263	financial institution; or
264	5. To a third party to the extent that the proceeds are
265	used to satisfy the transferor's indebtedness to a financial
266	institution as defined in s. 655.005 . If the third party
267	receives assets worth more than the indebtedness, the transfer
268	of the excess may not be deemed an involuntary transfer.
269	(e) "Stock of goods" means the inventory of a business held
270	for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business.
271	(f) "Tax" means any tax, interest, penalty, surcharge, or
272	fee administered by the department pursuant to chapter 443 or
273	any of the chapters specified in s. 213.05, excluding corporate
274	income tax.
275	(g)(b) "Transfer" means every mode, direct or indirect,
276	with or without consideration, of disposing of or parting with a
277	business, assets of a business, or stock of goods, and includes,
278	but is not limited to, assigning, conveying, demising, gifting,
279	granting, or selling, other than to customers in the ordinary
280	course of business, to a transferee or to a group of transferees
281	who are acting in concert. A transfer of more than 50 percent of
282	all of:
283	1. The business;
284	2. The assets of the business; or
285	3. The stock of goods,
286	
287	is a transfer of the business.
288	(2) A taxpayer in business who is liable for any tax
289	arising from the operation of that business, interest, penalty,
290	surcharge, or fee administered by the department pursuant to

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593-01715C-11 20117068 291 chapter 443 or described in s. 72.011(1), excluding corporate 292 income tax, and who quits the a business without the benefit of 293 a purchaser, successor, or assignee, or without transferring the 294 business, assets of the business, or stock of goods to a transferee, must file a final return for the business and make 295 296 full payment of all taxes arising from the operation of the 297 business within 15 days after guitting the business. A taxpayer 298 who fails to file a final return and make payment may not engage 299 in any business in this state until the final return has been 300 filed and all taxes, interest, or penalties due have been paid. 301 The Department of Legal Affairs may seek an injunction at the 302 request of the department to prevent further business activity 303 of a taxpayer who fails to file a final return and make payment 304 of the taxes associated with the operation of the business until 305 such taxes tax, interest, or penalties are paid. A temporary 306 injunction enjoining further business activity may be granted by 307 a circuit court having jurisdiction over the taxpayer upon providing at least 20 days' prior written notice to the taxpayer 308 309 without notice. The written notice must be provided to the 310 taxpayer before the filing of the lawsuit seeking the 311 injunction.

(3) A taxpayer who is liable for <u>any tax with respect to a</u>
<u>business and taxes</u>, interest, or penalties levied under chapter
443 or any of the chapters specified in s. 213.05, excluding
corporate income tax, who transfers the taxpayer's business,
<u>assets of the business</u>, or stock of goods, must file a final
return and make full payment within 15 days after the date of
transfer.

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(4)(a) A transferee, or a group of transferees acting in

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320	concert, of more than 50 percent of a business, assets of the
321	<u>business,</u> or stock of goods is liable for any <u>unpaid</u> tax $_{ au}$
322	interest, or penalties owed by the transferor arising from the
323	operation of that business unless:
324	1.a. There are no common insiders between the transferor
325	and the transferee at the time of the transfer; and
326	<u>b.</u> The transferor provides a receipt or certificate <u>of</u>
327	compliance from the department to the transferee showing that
328	the transferor has not received a notice of audit and that the
329	transferor <u>has filed all required tax returns and has paid all</u>
330	tax arising is not liable for taxes, interest, or penalties from
331	the operation of the business <i>identified on the returns filed;</i>
332	or and
333	2. The department finds that the transferor is not liable
334	for <u>tax</u> taxes, interest, or penalties after an audit of the
335	transferor's books and records. The audit may be requested by
336	the transferee or the transferor, and, if not done pursuant to
337	the certified audit program pursuant to s. 213.285, must be
338	completed by the department within 90 days after the records are

339 <u>made available to the department</u>. The department <u>shall</u> may 340 charge a fee for the cost of the audit if it has not issued a 341 notice of intent to audit by the time the request for the audit 342 is received.

(b) A transferee may withhold a portion of the consideration for a business, assets of the business, or stock of goods to pay the <u>tax</u> taxes, interest, or penalties owed to the state by the transferor taxpayer arising from the operation of the business. The transferee shall pay the withheld consideration to the state within 30 days after the date of the

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593-01715C-11 20117068 349 transfer. If the consideration withheld is less than the 350 transferor's liability, the transferor remains liable for the 351 deficiency. 352 (c) A transferee who is liable for unpaid tax of a 353 transferor and who fails to pay the taxes due within 60 days 354 after written notice from the department may not engage in any 355 business in the state until the taxes are paid unless an action 356 is filed pursuant to subsection (7). If an action is timely 357 filed, the transferee may continue to engage in business until a 358 final determination is entered against the transferee; however, 359 the court may, during the pendency of the action, require the 360 transferee to post a bond or other security if the department 361 establishes that the department is likely to prevail and the 362 collection of the unpaid tax would be jeopardized by delay. A 363 transferee who acquires the business or stock of goods and fails 364 to pay the taxes, interest, or penalties due may not engage in 365 any business in the state until the taxes, interest, or 366 penalties are paid. The Department of Legal Affairs may seek an 367 injunction at the request of the department to prevent further business activity of a transferee who is liable for unpaid tax 368 369 of a transferor and who fails to pay or cause to be paid the 370 transferee's maximum liability for such tax due until such maximum liability for the tax is, interest, or penalties are 371 paid. A temporary injunction enjoining further business activity 372 373 may be granted by a circuit court having jurisdiction over the 374 transferee upon providing at least 20 days' prior written notice 375 to the taxpayer without notice. The written notice must be provided to the taxpayer before the filing of the lawsuit 376 377 seeking the injunction.

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378	(5) The transferee, or transferees acting in concert, of
379	more than 50 percent of a business, assets of the business, or
380	stock of goods who are liable for any tax pursuant to this
381	section are jointly and severally liable with the transferor for
382	the payment of the <u>tax</u> taxes, interest, or penalties owed to the
383	state from the operation of the business by the transferor $\underline{ ext{up to}}$
384	the transferee's maximum liability for such tax due.
385	(6) The maximum liability of a transferee pursuant to this
386	section is equal to the fair market value of the <u>business,</u>
387	assets of the business, or stock of goods property transferred
388	to the transferee, or the total purchase price paid by the
389	transferee for the business, assets of the business, or stock of
390	goods, whichever is greater. Fair market value shall be
391	determined net of any liens or liabilities, excepting any liens
392	or liabilities owed to insiders. The total purchase price shall
393	be determined net of liens and liabilities against the assets,
394	excepting any liens or liabilities owed to insiders, or which
395	are assumed by the transferee, excepting any liens or
396	liabilities owed to insiders.
397	(7) After notice by the department of transferee liability
398	under this section, the transferee has 60 days within which to
399	file an action as provided in chapter 72.
400	(8) This section does not impose liability on a transferee
401	of a business or stock of goods pursuant to an involuntary
402	transfer.
403	(9) The department may adopt rules necessary to administer
404	and enforce this section.
405	Section 8. Subsection (4) of section 322.142, Florida
406	Statutes, is amended to read:

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20117068 593-01715C-11 407 322.142 Color photographic or digital imaged licenses.-408 (4) The department may maintain a film negative or print 409 file. The department shall maintain a record of the digital 410 image and signature of the licensees, together with other data 411 required by the department for identification and retrieval. 412 Reproductions from the file or digital record are exempt from 413 the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and shall be made and issued only 414 for departmental administrative purposes; for the issuance of 415 duplicate licenses; in response to law enforcement agency 416 requests; to the Department of Business and Professional 417 Regulation pursuant to an interagency agreement for the purpose 418 of accessing digital images for reproduction of licenses issued 419 by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation; to 420 the Department of State pursuant to an interagency agreement to 421 facilitate determinations of eligibility of voter registration 422 applicants and registered voters in accordance with ss. 98.045 423 and 98.075; to the Department of Revenue pursuant to an 424 interagency agreement for use in establishing paternity and 425 establishing, modifying, or enforcing support obligations in 426 Title IV-D cases; and for use in establishing positive 427 identification for tax administration purposes; to the 428 Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to an 429 interagency agreement to conduct protective investigations under part III of chapter 39 and chapter 415; to the Department of 430 431 Children and Family Services pursuant to an interagency 432 agreement specifying the number of employees in each of that 433 department's regions to be granted access to the records for use 434 as verification of identity to expedite the determination of 435 eligibility for public assistance and for use in public

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593-01715C-11 20117068 436 assistance fraud investigations; or to the Department of 437 Financial Services pursuant to an interagency agreement to facilitate the location of owners of unclaimed property, the 438 439 validation of unclaimed property claims, and the identification of fraudulent or false claims. 440 441 Section 9. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 442 paragraph (h) of subsection (3) of section 443.131, Florida 443 Statutes, is amended to read: 443.131 Contributions.-444 445 (3) VARIATION OF CONTRIBUTION RATES BASED ON BENEFIT 446 EXPERIENCE.-(h) Additional conditions for variation from the standard 447 448 rate.-An employer's contribution rate may not be reduced below 449 the standard rate under this section unless: 450 1. All contributions, reimbursements, interest, and 451 penalties incurred by the employer for wages paid by him or her 452 in all previous calendar quarters, except the 4 calendar 453 quarters immediately preceding the calendar quarter or calendar 454 year for which the benefit ratio is computed, are paid; and 455 2. The employer has produced for inspection and copying all 456 work records in its possession, custody, or control which were 457 requested by the Agency for Workforce Innovation or the state 458 agency providing tax collection services pursuant to s. 459 443.171(5); and 460 3.2. The employer entitled to a rate reduction must have at 461 least one annual payroll as defined in subparagraph (b)1. unless 462 the employer is eligible for additional credit under the Federal 463 Unemployment Tax Act. If the Federal Unemployment Tax Act is 464 amended or repealed in a manner affecting credit under the

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465	federal act, this section applies only to the extent that
466	additional credit is allowed against the payment of the tax
467	imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act.
468	
469	The tax collection service provider shall assign an earned
470	contribution rate to an employer under subparagraph 1. the
471	quarter immediately after the quarter in which all
472	contributions, reimbursements, interest, and penalties are paid
473	in full and all work records requested pursuant to s. 443.171(5)
474	have been produced for inspection and copying to the Agency for
475	Workforce Innovation or the state agency providing tax
476	collection services.
477	Section 10. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
478	act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon
479	this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1,
480	2011.

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