By Senator Wise

	5-00042B-11 201172
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act for the relief of Karen W. Stripling; providing
3	an appropriation to compensate her for damages
4	sustained as a result of a breach of contract by the
5	Department of Education; providing a limitation on the
6	payment of fees and costs; providing an effective
7	date.
8	
9	WHEREAS, Karen W. Stripling is the owner and operator of
10	Florida Read & Lead, Inc., a not-for-profit private faith and
11	community-based entity, and
12	WHEREAS, in June 2002, Florida Read & Lead, Inc., was
13	awarded a grant contract from the Department of Education to
14	assist persons in this state in obtaining high school diplomas
15	and developing literacy skills, and
16	WHEREAS, the contract grant was denominated as a
17	"performance-based" grant contract, providing that Florida Read
18	& Lead, Inc., would be paid after Florida Read & Lead, Inc.,
19	presented documentation to the Department of Education which
20	demonstrated that Florida Read & Lead, Inc., had achieved
21	certain required levels of performance by meeting specified
22	literacy and education benchmarks, and
23	WHEREAS, Florida Read & Lead, Inc., was not to be paid on a
24	"cash-advance" or "reimbursement" basis, and, accordingly, was
25	not required to provide receipts, invoices, or other
26	documentation showing its costs and expenditures, and
27	WHEREAS, during the first year of the contract grant, from
28	July 1, 2002, to June 30, 2003, in full compliance with the
29	grant contract, Florida Read & Lead, Inc., submitted

Page 1 of 10

5-00042B-11 201172 30 documentation that showed it had attained the specified literacy 31 and education benchmarks, and 32 WHEREAS, upon receipt of the documentation submitted by 33 Florida Read & Lead, Inc., the Department of Education not only 34 approved and paid Florida Read & Lead, Inc., in full, but 35 confirmed in writing that Florida Read & Lead, Inc., met "all 36 the requirements, acts, duties, and responsibilities as called for in the payment for" the invoices, based upon the 37 documentation, and 38 39 WHEREAS, upon the Department of Education's approval of the documentation during the first year of the contract, the 40 41 Department of Financial Services paid Florida Read & Lead, Inc., 42 approximately \$200,000 solely on the basis of documentation 43 substantiating the attainment of the specified literacy and 44 education benchmarks, and 45 WHEREAS, when in December 2003, March 2004, and June 2004, 46 Florida Read & Lead, Inc., submitted additional documentation of 47 progress toward meeting the specified literacy and education benchmarks justifying a payment of approximately \$200,000 for 48 49 each quarter, documentation that was identical in format to the 50 documentation submitted and approved for payment in the first 51 year of the contract, the Department of Education refused to pay 52 the documentation, wrongfully contending that Florida Read & 53 Lead, Inc., and Stripling were required to present detailed 54 itemized receipts documenting all of the costs Florida Read & 55 Lead, Inc., had incurred to achieve the specified literacy and 56 education benchmarks, and

57 WHEREAS, when Florida Read & Lead, Inc., and Stripling 58 objected to the attempt by the Department of Education to

Page 2 of 10

5-00042B-11 201172 59 convert the grant contract from a "performance-based" contract 60 to a "reimbursement-based" contract, the Department of Education 61 and the Department of Financial Services made numerous false 62 statements to federal and state criminal investigators, 63 including the erroneous assertions that Florida Read & Lead, 64 Inc., had been allocated and had received an additional \$200,000 65 in federal cash-advance payments at the beginning of the second 66 year of the grant period; that all funds received by Florida Read & Lead, Inc., and Stripling during the first year had been 67 68 federal cash-advance payments that carry stringent requirements as to their use and separation from personal funds; that 69 70 Stripling had purchased a new car for her own personal use with 71 government funds; that Stripling had created a fraudulent "grant 72 slush fund" using her own personal Ameritrade retirement account 73 into which she deposited "advance government funds"; that 74 Stripling did not have a Doctorate of Philosophy as she asserted 75 in her application and had fraudulently manufactured her 76 educational background; that the financial operations of Florida Read & Lead, Inc., were to be evaluated as if Florida Read & 77 78 Lead, Inc., were a school district, which, by definition, 79 includes only public and government entities; that Stripling was 80 to be evaluated as if she were a superintendent of a "local 81 education agency"; and that Florida Read & Lead, Inc., and 82 Stripling had commingled government cash-advance payments with 83 her own personal funds in violation of criminal law, and 84 WHEREAS, as a result of these false statements, Stripling

85 was subjected to extensive criminal investigations by both state 86 and federal law enforcement authorities, was notified she was a 87 subject of these criminal investigations, was specifically

Page 3 of 10

5-00042B-11 201172 88 threatened with a federal indictment carrying substantial fines 89 and a lengthy prison sentence, and had to pay private criminal defense and other counsel to defend her interests and show that 90 91 the statements of the Department of Education and the Department 92 of Financial Services were completely groundless, and 93 WHEREAS, in the course of defending herself against these 94 spurious allegations, Stripling suffered a complete mental, 95 physical, and emotional breakdown, was forced to the brink of 96 bankruptcy, was beset with chronic insomnia, suffered severe 97 anxiety and panic attacks, was subjected to the threat of imminent indictment by a federal grand jury, was forced to move 98 99 from her lifelong home, was compelled to inform her three 100 children that she was quite likely going to prison, and suffered 101 the loss of her personal and business reputations, and 102 WHEREAS, as a result of the false statements of employees

103 of the Department of Education and the Department of Financial 104 Services, Stripling was threatened with federal prison for 105 stealing, "commingling," and "misappropriating" advance 106 government money when, in reality, Florida Read & Lead, Inc., 107 never received any state or federal advance money, and

WHEREAS, Dr. Pat McGill, Executive Director of the Institute on Urban Policy and Commerce at Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University, along with others inside the Department of Education, created a bogus literacy group that McGill controlled and that McGill subsequently began to call "The Kay Stripling Group," which McGill used to conceal her own criminal actions and those of others, and

115 WHEREAS, this was unknown to the real Karen W. "Kay"
116 Stripling, who was an associate of McGill's but worked in her

Page 4 of 10

5-00042B-11 201172 117 own separate literacy-related faith-based business group, and 118 WHEREAS, although McGill did not work at the Department of 119 Education, McGill was able to covertly exchange her files with Stripling's records within the Department of Education with help 120 121 from department employees in violation of federal statutes 122 protecting student identities, known as "FERPA," and WHEREAS, payments to Stripling's faith-based business were 123 124 stopped through the actions of a criminal investigator at yet 125 another state agency, the Department of Financial Services, and 126 WHEREAS, the criminal investigator at the Department of 127 Financial Services was notified by the department's chief 128 counsel that the investigator had no authority to withhold 129 payments to Stripling because the statute upon which the 130 criminal investigator rested his authority had been repealed in 131 1999, and

WHEREAS, upon said notification of his lack of legal authority, the criminal investigator at the Department of Financial Services ignored the legal recommendation by the department's chief counsel, and took no corrective action in order to reinitiate payments to Stripling, and

WHEREAS, the investigator at the Department of Financial Services noted that financial irregularities had existed in McGill's programs for years and years, but when new additional irregularities surfaced decided to not place McGill under any "undue hardship" and continued paying her in full while Stripling remained unpaid, was falsely accused, faced certain bankruptcy, and was a likely candidate for incarceration, and

144 WHEREAS, McGill realized she had preferential and priority145 treatment from influential employees at both the Department of

Page 5 of 10

171 172 (NP) SB 72

5-00042B-11 201172 146 Education and the Department of Financial Services and that an 147 opportunity existed to blame Karen W. "Kay" Stripling with numerous crimes that she did not commit, and McGill continued to 148 149 facilitate this by calling Stripling the "Mastermind" of the 150 total scope of the McGill criminal operations, and 151 WHEREAS, a separate and independent investigation occurred 152 simultaneously, which was known as the "FAMU Payroll Scandal," 153 during which McGill along with 41 employees from FAMU's 154 Institute on Urban Policy and Commerce were fired due to 155 corruption within both FAMU and the Institute on Urban Policy 156 and Commerce, and 157 WHEREAS, the FAMU Payroll Scandal not only brought to light 158 McGill's crimes, but caught scores of "ghost employees" at FAMU 159 who drew paychecks but did no work, including an attorney named 160 Shirley Cunningham, who was paid to teach at the FAMU School of 161 Law even though this individual was a multi-millionaire living 162 lavishly in Kentucky and spent such earnings on the triple-crown winner Curlin and lived an international jet-setting lifestyle, 163 164 which included vacations in Dubai, and 165 WHEREAS, it appears that Cunningham was paid in a quid-proquo scheme created by McGill through her organization, the 166 167 Institute on Urban Policy and Commerce at FAMU, as well as her 168 literacy operations that operated throughout multiple counties, which she bogusly named The "Kay Stripling Group," and which 169 170 served to funnel millions of dollars in grant funds back to

173 WHEREAS, Stripling became the subject of an illegal wiretap 174 called "Power Ring" that was instituted by the criminal

and completely nothing, and

Page 6 of 10

FAMU, of which the real Karen W. "Kay" Stripling knew absolutely

5-00042B-11 201172 175 investigator at the Department of Financial Services, and 176 WHEREAS, Stripling was viewed as uncooperative by the 177 criminal investigator at the Department of Financial Services 178 because she knew nothing about Cunningham or the extent of McGill's fabrications, and this "uncooperative stance" motivated 179 180 the department's criminal investigator to move the investigation 181 forward into the hands of the Federal Bureau of Investigation 182 and place Stripling as the central target of a major federal corruption probe, and 183 184 WHEREAS, further criminal activity was also occurring 185 simultaneously within the Department of Financial Services 186 itself within the area that processes invoices, which led to 187 hundreds of employees being named "persons of interest" by the 188 FBI, with the subsequent incarceration and firing of several 189 employees, including an executive of the department, and 190 WHEREAS, this activity occurred covertly under the nose of 191 the criminal investigator at the Department of Financial 192 Services, but all the while he focused on Stripling who was 193 innocent, and 194 WHEREAS, when it was discovered that evidence was mounting 195 which would exonerate Stripling, the criminal investigator at 196 the Department of Financial Services began to shred documents, 197 and 198 WHEREAS, both McGill and Cunningham, along with other 199 individuals, are in federal prison serving sentences ranging

200 from 7 years to 20 years, and

201 WHEREAS, this is a factual account of an organized scheme 202 that existed between the Department of Education, the Department 203 of Financial Services, and Florida Agricultural and Mechanical

Page 7 of 10

5-00042B-11 201172 204 University and that violated the racketeering statutes of the 205 United States of America of which Stripling was a victim, and 206 WHEREAS, although the Department of Education has now 207 acknowledged that Florida Read & Lead, Inc., has fully performed 208 under the grant contract and has met all of the specified 209 literacy and education benchmarks that are set forth in its 210 grant contract, the Department of Education and the Department 211 of Financial Services have both refused for more than 7 years to pay Florida Read & Lead, Inc., the money it is owed as 212 213 documented in its submissions for December 2003, March 2004, and 214 June 2004, and WHEREAS, Stripling is also entitled to compensation for the 215

216 shame and humiliation that she experienced as an innocent 217 subject of a federal and state criminal investigation; for the 218 total destruction of her personal and business reputations, 219 which taint follows her throughout this state and the eastern 220 United States; for the overwhelming mental anguish and emotional 221 distress that ultimately led to her total physical and emotional 222 breakdown, along with associated medical expenses and lost 223 income; for the loss of income in the past and the loss of her 224 ability to earn income in the future since the only profession 225 for which she is trained has been utterly destroyed; and for the 226 attorney's fees and costs she incurred in defending the 227 unwarranted criminal investigation facilitated by the false 228 accusations of employees of the Department of Education, and

229 WHEREAS, although a lawsuit was filed, the Department of 230 Education has offered to pay only \$163,000, which does not even 231 repay Florida Read & Lead, Inc., and Stripling for the 232 approximately \$260,000 owed for fully performing under the grant

Page 8 of 10

	5-00042B-11 201172
233	contract plus 41 months' interest; the loss of income of
234	\$700,000 to Stripling as an independent contract grant writer,
235	which is a conservative estimate of the income she lost over the
236	last 5 years; the \$160,000 she incurred in fees and costs to
237	defend the false criminal charges against her; the more than \$1
238	million in lost future income as an independent contract grant
239	writer, which is a conservative estimate of lost future income
240	from her inability to secure any additional grants due to the
241	taint of being labeled a felon who undertook criminal activity
242	and the consequent loss of her personal and business
243	reputations; the \$100,000 in fees and costs associated with her
244	effort to secure payments of the amounts owed to her and Florida
245	Read & Lead, Inc., under the grant contract with the Department
246	of Education; and the conservative estimate of \$500,000 that she
247	is owed for the pain and anguish she endured which resulted in
248	her physical, emotional, and mental breakdown from being falsely
249	accused of committing serious federal and state felonies and
250	becoming the subject of a federal corruption probe, NOW,
251	THEREFORE,
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253	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
254	
255	Section 1. The facts stated in the preamble to this act are
256	found and declared to be true.
257	Section 2. There is appropriated from the General Revenue
258	Fund to the Department of Education the sum of \$2,720,000 for
259	the relief of Karen W. Stripling for damages sustained due the
260	breach of contract described in this act.
261	Section 3. The Chief Financial Officer is directed to draw

Page 9 of 10

	5-00042B-11 201172
262	a warrant in favor of Karen W. Stripling in the sum of
263	\$2,720,000 upon funds of the Department of Education in the
264	State Treasury, and the Chief Financial Officer is directed to
265	pay the same out of such funds in the State Treasury.
266	Section 4. This award is intended to provide the sole
267	compensation for all present and future claims arising out of
268	the factual situation described in this act which resulted in
269	this claim by Karen W. Stripling. The total amount paid for
270	attorney's fees, lobbying fees, costs, and other similar
271	expenses relating to this claim may not exceed 25 percent of the
272	amount awarded under this act.
273	Section 5. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.