By Senator Sobel

	31-01446-11 2011868
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to eye care professionals; amending s.
3	463.003, F.S.; revising membership requirements for
4	the Board of Optometry; amending s. 463.009, F.S.;
5	revising the duties of, and restrictions on the
6	practice of optometry by, nonlicensed supportive
7	personnel; amending s. 463.014, F.S.; prohibiting the
8	board from adopting rules that prohibit certain acts
9	in the practice of optometry; providing for
10	application; amending s. 484.002, F.S.; revising
11	definitions relating to the practice of opticianry;
12	amending s. 484.007, F.S.; revising requirements for
13	applicants seeking to take the optician licensure
14	examination; amending s. 484.013, F.S.; revising
15	grounds that constitute unlawful conduct by opticians;
16	providing an effective date.
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18	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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20	Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 463.003, Florida
21	Statutes, is amended to read:
22	463.003 Board of Optometry
23	(2) <u>Four</u> Five members of the board must be licensed
24	practitioners actively practicing in this state. <u>One member must</u>
25	be a board-certified ophthalmologist licensed under chapter 458
26	or chapter 459. The remaining two members must be citizens of
27	the state who are not, and have never been, licensed
28	practitioners <u>or ophthalmologists</u> and who are in no way
29	connected with the practice of optometry <u>or ophthalmology</u> or

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30	with any vision-oriented profession or business. At least one
31	member of the board must be 60 years of age or older.
32	Section 2. Section 463.009, Florida Statutes, is amended to
33	read:
34	463.009 Supportive personnel <u>A</u> No person <u>who is not</u> <del>other</del>
35	<del>than</del> a licensed practitioner may <u>not</u> engage in the practice of
36	optometry as defined in s. 463.002 <del>(5)</del> . Except as provided in
37	this section, under no circumstances shall nonlicensed
38	supportive personnel <u>may not</u> be delegated <u>the duties of</u>
39	diagnosis <u>,</u> <del>or</del> treatment, or determining the refractive error of
40	the eye unless specifically licensed to provide these services
41	duties; however, such personnel may perform data gathering,
42	preliminary testing, prescribed visual therapy, <u>dispensing of an</u>
43	optical device to and final fitting thereof on a patient, and
44	related duties under the direct supervision of the licensed
45	practitioner. Nonlicensed personnel, who need not be employees
46	of the licensed practitioner, may perform ministerial duties,
47	tasks, and functions assigned to them by and performed under the
48	general supervision of a licensed practitioner, including
49	obtaining information from consumers for the purpose of making
50	appointments for the licensed practitioner. The licensed
51	practitioner <u>is</u> <del>shall be</del> responsible for all delegated acts
52	performed by persons under her or his direct and general
53	supervision.
54	Section 3. Subsections (1), (2), and (5) of section
55	463.014, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
56	463.014 Certain acts prohibited
57	(1)(a) <u>A</u> No corporation, lay body, organization, or
58	individual other than a licensed practitioner <u>may not</u> <del>shall</del>

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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31-01446-11 2011868 59 engage in the practice of optometry through the means of 60 engaging the services, upon a salary, commission, or other means or inducement, of any person licensed to practice optometry in 61 62 this state. Nothing in This section does not shall be deemed to 63 prohibit the association of a licensed practitioner with a 64 multidisciplinary group of licensed health care professionals, 65 the primary objective of which is the diagnosis and treatment of 66 the human body. (b) A No licensed practitioner may not shall engage in the 67 68 practice of optometry with any corporation, organization, group, or lay individual. This paragraph does provision shall not 69 prohibit licensed practitioners from employing, or from forming 70 71 partnerships or professional associations with, licensed 72 practitioners licensed in this state or with other licensed 73 health care professionals, the primary objective of whom is the 74 diagnosis and treatment of the human body. 75 (c) No rule of The board may not adopt rules prohibiting 76 shall forbid the practice of optometry in or on the premises of 77 a commercial or mercantile establishment. 78 (d) A No licensed practitioner may not practice under 79 practice identification names, trade names, or service names, unless any dissemination of information by the practitioner to 80 81 consumers contains the name under which the practitioner is licensed or that of the professional association in which the 82 83 practitioner participates. Any advertisement or other 84 dissemination of information to consumers may contain factual 85 information as to the geographic location of licensed 86 practitioners or of the availability of optometric services. 87 (e) The board may not adopt rules prohibiting a No licensed

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31-01446-11 2011868 88 practitioner from using or publishing shall adopt and publish or 89 cause to be published any practice identification name, trade name, or service name or from advertising which is, contains, or 90 91 is intended to serve as an affirmation of the quality or 92 competitive value of the practitioner's optometric services 93 provided at the identified practice. 94 (f) This section does not prohibit a licensed practitioner from forming a partnership, corporation, or professional 95 96 association with one or more other licensed health care professionals in the creation, ownership, and management of a 97 commercial or mercantile optical establishment that is an entity 98 99 separate from the practitioner's optometry practice. 100 (2) A corporation or labor organization may employ licensed 101 practitioners to provide optometric services to bona fide 102 employees of such corporation and members of their immediate 103 families or to bona fide members of such labor organization and 104 members of their immediate families, provided the provision of 105 such services is incidental to the legitimate business of such corporation or labor organization. Nothing in This section does 106 107 not shall be deemed to authorize the employment of licensed 108 practitioners by corporations or organizations formed primarily 109 for such purposes. (5) No rule of The board may not adopt rules prohibiting 110 shall prohibit a licensed practitioner from authorizing a board-111 112 certified optician to fill, fit, adapt, or dispense a contact

Section 4. Subsections (3) and (9) of section 484.002, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

lens prescription as authorized under chapter 484.

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484.002 Definitions.-As used in this part:

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138 (9) "Optical dispensing" means interpreting but not altering a prescription of a licensed physician or optometrist 139 and designing, adapting, fitting, or replacing the prescribed 140 optical aids, pursuant to such prescription, to or for the 141 142 intended wearer, duplicating lenses, accurately as to power without a prescription, and duplicating nonprescription eyewear 143 144 and parts of eyewear. The term "Optical dispensing" does not 145 include selecting frames, transferring an optical aid to the

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146	wearer after an optician completes the final has completed
147	fitting <u>thereof</u> it, or providing instruction in the general care
148	and use of an optical aid, including placement, removal,
149	hygiene, or cleaning.
150	Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 484.007, Florida
151	Statutes, is amended to read:
152	484.007 Licensure of opticians; permitting of optical
153	establishments
154	(1) Any person desiring to practice opticianry <u>must</u> shall
155	apply to the department, upon forms prescribed by the department
156	it, to take a licensure examination. The department shall
157	examine each applicant who the board certifies:
158	(a) Has completed the application form and remitted a
159	nonrefundable application fee set by the board, in the amount of
160	\$100 or less, and an examination fee set by the board, in the
161	amount of \$325 plus the actual <u>per-applicant</u> <del>per applicant</del> cost
162	to the department for purchase of portions of the examination
163	from the American Board of Opticianry or a similar national
164	organization, or less, and refundable if the board finds the
165	applicant ineligible to take the examination;
166	(b) Is not less than 18 years of age;
167	(c) Is a graduate of an accredited high school or possesses
168	a certificate of equivalency of a high school education; and
169	(d)1. Has received before July 1, 2013, an associate
170	degree, or its equivalent, in opticianry from an educational
171	institution the curriculum of which is accredited by an
172	accrediting agency recognized and approved by the United States
173	Department of Education or the Council on Postsecondary
174	Education or approved by the board;

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31-01446-11 2011868 175 2. Has received on or after July 1, 2013, an associate 176 degree, or its equivalent, in opticianry from an educational 177 institution the opticianry curriculum of which is accredited by 178 the Council for Higher Education Accreditation or by a 179 nationally recognized accrediting agency approved by the board 180 or recognized by the United States Department of Education; 181 3.2. Is an individual licensed to practice the profession 182 of opticianry pursuant to a regulatory licensing law of another state, territory, or jurisdiction of the United States, who has 183 184 actively practiced in such other state, territory, or 185 jurisdiction for more than 3 years immediately preceding 186 application, and who meets the examination qualifications as 187 provided in this subsection; 188 4.3. Is an individual who has actively practiced in another 189 state, territory, or jurisdiction of the United States for more 190 than 5 years immediately preceding application, and who provides

191 tax or business records, affidavits, or other satisfactory 192 documentation of such practice, and who meets the examination 193 qualifications as provided in this subsection; or

194 5.4. Has registered before July 1, 2011, as an apprentice 195 with the department and paid a registration fee not to exceed \$60, as set by rule of the board. The apprentice must shall 196 197 complete 6,240 hours of training under the supervision of an 198 optician licensed in this state for at least 1 year or of a 199 physician or optometrist licensed under the laws of this state. 200 These requirements must be met within 5 years after the date of 201 registration. However, any time spent in a recognized school may 202 be considered as part of the apprenticeship program provided in 203 this subparagraph herein. The board may establish administrative

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204	processing fees sufficient to cover the cost of administering
205	apprentice rules <u>adopted</u> <del>as promulgated</del> by the board <u>; or</u>
206	6. Has registered on or after July 1, 2011, as an
207	apprentice with the department and paid a registration fee not
208	to exceed \$60, as set by rule of the board. The apprentice must
209	complete 6,240 hours of training under the supervision of an
210	optician licensed in this state for at least 1 year and complete
211	12 semester hours of college credit from an educational
212	institution described in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2.
213	These requirements must be met within 5 years after the date of
214	registration. However, any time spent in a recognized school may
215	be considered as part of the apprenticeship program provided in
216	this subparagraph. The board may establish administrative
217	processing fees sufficient to cover the cost of administering
218	apprentice rules adopted by the board.
219	Section 6. Subsection (3) of section 484.013, Florida
220	Statutes, is amended to read:
221	484.013 Violations and penalties
222	(3) It is unlawful for any optician to engage in the
223	diagnosis of the human eyes <del>, attempt to determine the refractive</del>
224	<del>powers of the human eyes,</del> or, in any manner, attempt to
225	prescribe for or treat diseases or ailments of human beings.
226	Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.

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