By the Committee on Health Regulation; and Senator Gaetz

	588-00653-11 201194c1
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to blood establishments; amending s.
3	381.06014, F.S.; redefining the term "blood
4	establishment" and defining the term "volunteer
5	donor"; prohibiting local governments from restricting
6	access to public facilities or infrastructure for
7	certain activities based on whether a blood
8	establishment is operating as a for-profit
9	organization or not-for-profit organization;
10	prohibiting a blood establishment from considering
11	whether certain customers are operating as for-profit
12	organizations or not-for-profit organizations when
13	determining service fees for selling blood or blood
14	components; requiring that certain blood
15	establishments disclose specified information on the
16	Internet; authorizing the Department of Legal Affairs
17	to assess a civil penalty against a blood
18	establishment that fails to disclose specified
19	information on the Internet; providing that the civil
20	penalty accrues to the state and requiring that it be
21	deposited as received into the General Revenue Fund;
22	amending s. 499.003, F.S.; redefining the term "health
23	care entity" to clarify that a blood establishment is
24	a health care entity that may engage in certain
25	activities; amending s. 499.005, F.S.; clarifying
26	provisions that prohibit the unauthorized wholesale
27	distribution of a prescription drug that was purchased
28	by a hospital or other health care entity or donated
29	or supplied at a reduced price to a charitable

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30	organization, to conform to changes made by the act;
31	amending s. 499.01, F.S.; exempting certain blood
32	establishments from the requirements to be permitted
33	as a prescription drug manufacturer and register
34	products; requiring that certain blood establishments
35	obtain a restricted prescription drug distributor
36	permit under specified conditions; limiting the
37	prescription drugs that a blood establishment may
38	distribute under a restricted prescription drug
39	distributor permit; authorizing the Department of
40	Health to adopt rules regarding the distribution of
41	prescription drugs by blood establishments; providing
42	an effective date.
43	
44	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
45	
46	Section 1. Section 381.06014, Florida Statutes, is amended
47	to read:
48	381.06014 Blood establishments
49	(1) As used in this section, the term:
50	(a) "Blood establishment" means any person, entity, or
51	organization, operating within the state, which examines an
52	individual for the purpose of blood donation or which collects,
53	processes, stores, tests, or distributes blood or blood
54	components collected from the human body for the purpose of
55	transfusion, for any other medical purpose, or for the
56	production of any biological product. <u>A person, entity, or</u>
57	organization that uses a mobile unit to conduct such activities
58	within the state is also a blood establishment.

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588-00653-11 (b) "Volunteer donor" 201194c1

59 (b) "Volunteer donor" means a person who does not receive 60 remuneration, other than an incentive, for a blood donation 61 intended for transfusion, and the product container of the 62 donation from the person qualifies for labeling with the 63 statement "volunteer donor" under 21 C.F.R. s. 606.121.

(2) Any blood establishment operating in the state may not
conduct any activity defined in paragraph (1) (a) subsection (1)
unless that blood establishment is operated in a manner
consistent with the provisions of Title 21 <u>C.F.R.</u> parts 211 and
600-640, Code of Federal Regulations.

(3) Any blood establishment determined to be operating in 69 70 the state in a manner not consistent with the provisions of 71 Title 21 C.F.R. parts 211 and 600-640, Code of Federal 72 Regulations, and in a manner that constitutes a danger to the 73 health or well-being of donors or recipients as evidenced by the 74 federal Food and Drug Administration's inspection reports and 75 the revocation of the blood establishment's license or 76 registration is shall be in violation of this chapter and must 77 shall immediately cease all operations in the state.

78 (4) The operation of a blood establishment in a manner not 79 consistent with the provisions of Title 21 C.F.R. parts 211 and 80 600-640, Code of Federal Regulations, and in a manner that 81 constitutes a danger to the health or well-being of blood donors 82 or recipients as evidenced by the federal Food and Drug 83 Administration's inspection process is declared a nuisance and 84 inimical to the public health, welfare, and safety. The Agency 85 for Health Care Administration or any state attorney may bring 86 an action for an injunction to restrain such operations or 87 enjoin the future operation of the blood establishment.

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588-00653-11 201194c1 88 (5) A local government may not restrict the access to or 89 use of any public facility or infrastructure for the collection 90 of blood or blood components from volunteer donors based on 91 whether the blood establishment is operating as a for-profit 92 organization or not-for-profit organization. 93 (6) In determining the service fee of blood or blood 94 components received from volunteer donors and sold to hospitals or other health care providers, a blood establishment may not 95 96 base the service fee of the blood or blood component solely on 97 whether the purchasing entity is a for-profit organization or 98 not-for-profit organization. 99 (7) A blood establishment that collects blood or blood components from volunteer donors must disclose on the Internet 100 101 the information required under this subsection to educate and 102 inform donors and the public about the blood establishment's 103 activities. A hospital that collects blood or blood components 104 to be used only by that hospital's licensed facilities or by a 105 health care provider that is a part of the hospital's business 106 entity is exempt from the disclosure requirements in this 107 subsection. The information required to be disclosed under this 108 subsection may be cumulative for all blood establishments within 109 a business entity. A blood establishment must disclose on its 110 website all of the following information: (a) A description of the steps involved in collecting, 111 112 processing, and distributing volunteer donations. 113 (b) By March 1 of each year, the number of units of blood 114 components which were: 115 1. Produced by the blood establishment during the preceding 116 calendar year;

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117	2. Obtained from other sources during the preceding
118	<u>calendar year;</u>
119	3. Distributed during the preceding calendar year to health
120	care providers located outside this state. However, if the blood
121	establishment collects donations in a county outside this state,
122	distributions to health care providers in that county shall be
123	excluded. Such information shall be reported in the aggregate
124	for health care providers located within the United States and
125	its territories or outside the United States and its
126	territories; and
127	4. Distributed during the preceding calendar year to
128	entities that are not health care providers. Such information
129	shall be reported in the aggregate for purchasers located within
130	the United States and its territories or outside the United
131	States and its territories.
132	(c) The blood establishment's conflict-of-interest policy,
133	policy concerning related-party transactions, whistleblower
134	policy, and policy for determining executive compensation. If a
135	change occurs to any of these documents, the revised document
136	must be available on the blood establishment's website by the
137	following March 1.
138	(d) Except for a hospital that collects blood or blood
139	components from volunteer donors:
140	1. The most recent 3 years of the Return of Organization
141	Exempt from Income Tax, Internal Revenue Service Form 990, if
142	the business entity for the blood establishment is eligible to
143	file such return. The Form 990 must be available on the blood
144	establishment's website within 60 calendar days after it is
145	filed with the Internal Revenue Service; or

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146	2. If the business entity for the blood establishment is
147	not eligible to file the Form 990 return, a balance sheet,
148	income statement, and statement of changes in cash flow, along
149	with the expression of an opinion thereon by an independent
150	certified public accountant who audited or reviewed such
151	financial statements. Such documents must be available on the
152	blood establishment's website within 120 days after the end of
153	the blood establishment's fiscal year and must remain on the
154	blood establishment's website for at least 36 months.
155	(8) A blood establishment is liable for a civil penalty for
156	failing to make the disclosures required under subsection (7).
157	The Department of Legal Affairs may assess the civil penalty
158	against the blood establishment for each day that it fails to
159	make such required disclosures, but the penalty may not exceed
160	\$10,000 per year. If multiple blood establishments operated by a
161	single business entity fail to meet such disclosure
162	requirements, the civil penalty may be assessed against only one
163	of the business entity's blood establishments. The Department of
164	Legal Affairs may terminate an action if the blood establishment
165	agrees to pay a stipulated civil penalty. A civil penalty so
166	collected accrues to the state and shall be deposited as
167	received into the General Revenue Fund unallocated. The
168	Department of Legal Affairs may terminate the action and waive
169	the civil penalty upon a showing of good cause by the blood
170	establishment as to why the required disclosures were not made.
171	Section 2. Subsection (23) of section 499.003, Florida
172	Statutes, is amended to read:
173	499.003 Definitions of terms used in this part.—As used in
174	this part, the term:

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175	(23) "Health care entity" means a closed pharmacy or any
176	person, organization, or business entity that provides
177	diagnostic, medical, surgical, or dental treatment or care, or
178	chronic or rehabilitative care, but does not include any
179	wholesale distributor or retail pharmacy licensed under state
180	law to deal in prescription drugs. <u>However, a blood</u>
181	establishment is a health care entity that may engage in the
182	wholesale distribution of prescription drugs under s.
183	499.01(2)(g)1.c.
184	Section 3. Subsection (21) of section 499.005, Florida
185	Statutes, is amended to read:
186	499.005 Prohibited actsIt is unlawful for a person to
187	perform or cause the performance of any of the following acts in
188	this state:
189	(21) The wholesale distribution of any prescription drug
190	that was:
191	(a) Purchased by a public or private hospital or other
192	health care entity; or
193	(b) Donated or supplied at a reduced price to a charitable
194	organization <u>,</u>
195	
196	unless the wholesale distribution of the prescription drug is
197	authorized in s. 499.01(2)(g)1.c.
198	Section 4. Paragraphs (a) and (g) of subsection (2) of
199	section 499.01, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
200	499.01 Permits
201	(2) The following permits are established:
202	(a) Prescription drug manufacturer permit.—A prescription
203	drug manufacturer permit is required for any person that is a

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588-00653-11 201194c1 manufacturer of a prescription drug and that manufactures or 204 205 distributes such prescription drugs in this state. 206 1. A person that operates an establishment permitted as a 207 prescription drug manufacturer may engage in wholesale 208 distribution of prescription drugs manufactured at that 209 establishment and must comply with all of the provisions of this 210 part, except s. 499.01212, and the rules adopted under this 211 part, except s. 499.01212, which that apply to a wholesale 212 distributor. 213 2. A prescription drug manufacturer must comply with all appropriate state and federal good manufacturing practices. 214 215 3. A blood establishment, as defined in s. 381.06014, operating in a manner consistent with the provisions of Title 21 216 C.F.R. parts 211 and 600-640, and manufacturing only the 217 218 prescription drugs described in s. 499.003(54)(d) is not 219 required to be permitted as a prescription drug manufacturer 220 under this paragraph or to register products under s. 499.015. 221 (q) Restricted prescription drug distributor permit.-222 1. A restricted prescription drug distributor permit is 223 required for: 224 a. Any person located in this state that engages in the 225 distribution of a prescription drug, which distribution is not 226 considered "wholesale distribution" under s. 499.003(54)(a). 227 b.1. Any A person located in this state who engages in the 228 receipt or distribution of a prescription drug in this state for 229 the purpose of processing its return or its destruction must 230 obtain a permit as a restricted prescription drug distributor if 231 such person is not the person initiating the return, the 232 prescription drug wholesale supplier of the person initiating

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233	the return, or the manufacturer of the drug.
234	c. A blood establishment located in this state which
235	collects blood and blood components only from volunteer donors
236	as defined in s. 381.06014 or pursuant to an authorized
237	practitioner's order for medical treatment or therapy and
238	engages in the wholesale distribution of a prescription drug not
239	described in s. 499.003(54)(d) to a health care entity. The
240	health care entity receiving a prescription drug distributed
241	under this sub-subparagraph must be licensed as a closed
242	pharmacy or provide health care services at that establishment.
243	The blood establishment must operate in accordance with s.
244	381.06014 and may distribute only:
245	(I) Prescription drugs indicated for a bleeding or clotting
246	disorder or anemia;
247	(II) Blood-collection containers approved under s. 505 of
248	the federal act;
249	(III) Drugs that are blood derivatives, or a recombinant or
250	synthetic form of a blood derivative;
251	(IV) Prescription drugs that are identified in rules
252	adopted by the department and that are essential to services
253	performed or provided by blood establishments and authorized for
254	distribution by blood establishments under federal law; or
255	(V) To the extent authorized by federal law, drugs
256	necessary to collect blood or blood components from volunteer
257	blood donors; for blood establishment personnel to perform
258	therapeutic procedures under the direction and supervision of a
259	licensed physician; and to diagnose, treat, manage, and prevent
260	any reaction of either a volunteer blood donor or a patient
261	undergoing a therapeutic procedure performed under the direction

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262	and supervision of a licensed physician,
263	
264	as long as all of the health care services provided by the blood
265	establishment are related to its activities as a registered
266	blood establishment or the health care services consist of
267	collecting, processing, storing, or administering human
268	hematopoietic stem cells or progenitor cells or performing
269	diagnostic testing of specimens if such specimens are tested
270	together with specimens undergoing routine donor testing.
271	2. Storage, handling, and recordkeeping of these
272	distributions by a person required to be permitted as a
273	restricted prescription drug distributor must comply with the
274	requirements for wholesale distributors under s. 499.0121, but
275	not those set forth in s. 499.01212 if the distribution occurs
276	pursuant to sub-subparagraph 1.a. or sub-subparagraph 1.b.
277	3. A person who applies for a permit as a restricted
278	prescription drug distributor, or for the renewal of such a
279	permit, must provide to the department the information required
280	under s. 499.012.
281	4. The department may adopt rules regarding the
282	distribution of prescription drugs by hospitals, health care
283	entities, charitable organizations, <del>or</del> other persons not
284	involved in wholesale distribution, and blood establishments,
285	which rules are necessary for the protection of the public
286	health, safety, and welfare.
287	Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.

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