

Amendment No.

CHAMBER ACTION

Senate

House

.

Representative Boyd offered the following:

Amendment to Amendment (918912) (with title amendment)

Remove lines 5-1546 of the amendment and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 316.066, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.066 Written reports of crashes.-

(1) (a) A Florida Traffic Crash Report, Long Form must ~~is required to~~ be completed and submitted to the department within 10 days after ~~completing~~ an investigation is completed by the ~~every~~ law enforcement officer who in the regular course of duty investigates a motor vehicle crash that:

1. Resulted in death of, ~~or~~ personal injury to, or any indication of complaints of pain or discomfort by any of the parties or passengers involved in the crash;

2. Involved a violation of s. 316.061(1) or s. 316.193;;

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17 3. Rendered a vehicle inoperable to a degree that required
18 a wrecker to remove it from the scene of the crash; or

19 4. Involved a commercial motor vehicle.

20 (b) The Florida Traffic Crash Report, Long Form must
21 include:

22 1. The date, time, and location of the crash.

23 2. A description of the vehicles involved.

24 3. The names and addresses of the parties involved,
25 including all drivers and passengers, and the identification of
26 the vehicle in which each was a driver or a passenger.

27 4. The names and addresses of witnesses.

28 5. The name, badge number, and law enforcement agency of
29 the officer investigating the crash.

30 6. The names of the insurance companies for the respective
31 parties involved in the crash.

32 (c) ~~(b)~~ In any every crash for which a Florida Traffic
33 Crash Report, Long Form is not required by this section and
34 which occurs on the public roadways of this state, the law
35 enforcement officer shall may complete a short-form crash report
36 or provide a driver exchange-of-information form, to be
37 completed by all drivers and passengers each party involved in
38 the crash, which requires the identification of each vehicle
39 that the drivers and passengers were in. The short-form report
40 must include:

41 1. The date, time, and location of the crash.

42 2. A description of the vehicles involved.

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43 3. The names and addresses of the parties involved,
44 including all drivers and passengers, and the identification of
45 the vehicle in which each was a driver or a passenger.

46 4. The names and addresses of witnesses.

47 5. The name, badge number, and law enforcement agency of
48 the officer investigating the crash.

49 6. The names of the insurance companies for the respective
50 parties involved in the crash.

51 (d)~~(e)~~ Each party to the crash must provide the law
52 enforcement officer with proof of insurance, which must be
53 documented in the crash report. If a law enforcement officer
54 submits a report on the crash, proof of insurance must be
55 provided to the officer by each party involved in the crash. Any
56 party who fails to provide the required information commits a
57 noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a nonmoving
58 violation as provided in chapter 318, unless the officer
59 determines that due to injuries or other special circumstances
60 such insurance information cannot be provided immediately. If
61 the person provides the law enforcement agency, within 24 hours
62 after the crash, proof of insurance that was valid at the time
63 of the crash, the law enforcement agency may void the citation.

64 (e)~~(d)~~ The driver of a vehicle that was in any manner
65 involved in a crash resulting in damage to a any vehicle or
66 other property which does not require a law enforcement report
67 ~~in an amount of \$500 or more which was not investigated by a law~~
68 ~~enforcement agency,~~ shall, within 10 days after the crash,
69 submit a written report of the crash to the department. The
70 report shall be submitted on a form approved by the department.

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71 ~~The entity receiving the report may require witnesses of the~~
72 ~~crash to render reports and may require any driver of a vehicle~~
73 ~~involved in a crash of which a written report must be made to~~
74 ~~file supplemental written reports if the original report is~~
75 ~~deemed insufficient by the receiving entity.~~

76 (f) ~~(e)~~ Long-form and short-form crash reports prepared by
77 law enforcement must be submitted to the department and may
78 ~~shall~~ be maintained by the law enforcement officer's agency.

79 Section 2. Subsection (4) of section 400.9905, Florida
80 Statutes, is amended to read:

81 400.9905 Definitions.—

82 (4) "Clinic" means an entity where ~~at which~~ health care
83 services are provided to individuals and which tenders charges
84 for reimbursement for such services, including a mobile clinic
85 and a portable equipment provider. As used in ~~For purposes of~~
86 this part, the term does not include and the licensure
87 requirements of this part do not apply to:

88 (a) Entities licensed or registered by the state under
89 chapter 395; ~~or~~ entities licensed or registered by the state and
90 providing only health care services within the scope of services
91 authorized under their respective licenses ~~granted~~ under ss.
92 383.30-383.335, chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this
93 chapter except part X, chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465,
94 chapter 466, chapter 478, part I of chapter 483, chapter 484, or
95 chapter 651; end-stage renal disease providers authorized under
96 42 C.F.R. part 405, subpart U; ~~or~~ providers certified under 42
97 C.F.R. part 485, subpart B or subpart H; or any entity that
98 provides neonatal or pediatric hospital-based health care

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99 services or other health care services by licensed practitioners
100 solely within a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

101 (b) Entities that own, directly or indirectly, entities
102 licensed or registered by the state pursuant to chapter 395; ~~or~~
103 entities that own, directly or indirectly, entities licensed or
104 registered by the state and providing only health care services
105 within the scope of services authorized pursuant to their
106 respective licenses ~~granted~~ under ss. 383.30-383.335, chapter
107 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter except part X,
108 chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478,
109 part I of chapter 483, chapter 484, chapter 651; end-stage renal
110 disease providers authorized under 42 C.F.R. part 405, subpart
111 U; ~~or~~ providers certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, subpart B or
112 subpart H; or any entity that provides neonatal or pediatric
113 hospital-based health care services by licensed practitioners
114 solely within a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

115 (c) Entities that are owned, directly or indirectly, by an
116 entity licensed or registered by the state pursuant to chapter
117 395; ~~or~~ entities that are owned, directly or indirectly, by an
118 entity licensed or registered by the state and providing only
119 health care services within the scope of services authorized
120 pursuant to their respective licenses ~~granted~~ under ss. 383.30-
121 383.335, chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter
122 except part X, chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter
123 466, chapter 478, part I of chapter 483, chapter 484, or chapter
124 651; end-stage renal disease providers authorized under 42
125 C.F.R. part 405, subpart U; ~~or~~ providers certified under 42
126 C.F.R. part 485, subpart B or subpart H; or any entity that

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127 provides neonatal or pediatric hospital-based health care
128 services by licensed practitioners solely within a hospital
129 under chapter 395.

130 (d) Entities that are under common ownership, directly or
131 indirectly, with an entity licensed or registered by the state
132 pursuant to chapter 395; ~~or~~ entities that are under common
133 ownership, directly or indirectly, with an entity licensed or
134 registered by the state and providing only health care services
135 within the scope of services authorized pursuant to their
136 respective licenses ~~granted~~ under ss. 383.30-383.335, chapter
137 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter except part X,
138 chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478,
139 part I of chapter 483, chapter 484, or chapter 651; end-stage
140 renal disease providers authorized under 42 C.F.R. part 405,
141 subpart U; ~~or~~ providers certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485,
142 subpart B or subpart H; or any entity that provides neonatal or
143 pediatric hospital-based health care services by licensed
144 practitioners solely within a hospital licensed under chapter
145 395.

146 (e) An entity that is exempt from federal taxation under
147 26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3) or (4), an employee stock ownership plan
148 under 26 U.S.C. s. 409 that has a board of trustees at least ~~not~~
149 ~~less than~~ two-thirds of which are Florida-licensed health care
150 practitioners and provides only physical therapy services under
151 physician orders, any community college or university clinic,
152 and any entity owned or operated by the federal or state
153 government, including agencies, subdivisions, or municipalities
154 thereof.

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155 (f) A sole proprietorship, group practice, partnership, or
156 corporation that provides health care services by physicians
157 covered by s. 627.419, that is directly supervised by one or
158 more of such physicians, and that is wholly owned by one or more
159 of those physicians or by a physician and the spouse, parent,
160 child, or sibling of that physician.

161 (g) A sole proprietorship, group practice, partnership, or
162 corporation that provides health care services by licensed
163 health care practitioners under chapter 457, chapter 458,
164 chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463,
165 chapter 466, chapter 467, chapter 480, chapter 484, chapter 486,
166 chapter 490, chapter 491, or part I, part III, part X, part
167 XIII, or part XIV of chapter 468, or s. 464.012, and that is
168 ~~which are~~ wholly owned by one or more licensed health care
169 practitioners, or the licensed health care practitioners set
170 forth in this paragraph and the spouse, parent, child, or
171 sibling of a licensed health care practitioner if, ~~so long as~~
172 one of the owners who is a licensed health care practitioner is
173 supervising the business activities and is legally responsible
174 for the entity's compliance with all federal and state laws.
175 However, a health care practitioner may not supervise services
176 beyond the scope of the practitioner's license, except that, for
177 the purposes of this part, a clinic owned by a licensee in s.
178 456.053(3)(b) which ~~that~~ provides only services authorized
179 pursuant to s. 456.053(3)(b) may be supervised by a licensee
180 specified in s. 456.053(3)(b).

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181 (h) Clinical facilities affiliated with an accredited
182 medical school at which training is provided for medical
183 students, residents, or fellows.

184 (i) Entities that provide only oncology or radiation
185 therapy services by physicians licensed under chapter 458 or
186 chapter 459 or entities that provide oncology or radiation
187 therapy services by physicians licensed under chapter 458 or
188 chapter 459 which are owned by a corporation whose shares are
189 publicly traded on a recognized stock exchange.

190 (j) Clinical facilities affiliated with a college of
191 chiropractic accredited by the Council on Chiropractic Education
192 at which training is provided for chiropractic students.

193 (k) Entities that provide licensed practitioners to staff
194 emergency departments or to deliver anesthesia services in
195 facilities licensed under chapter 395 and that derive at least
196 90 percent of their gross annual revenues from the provision of
197 such services. Entities claiming an exemption from licensure
198 under this paragraph must provide documentation demonstrating
199 compliance.

200 (l) Orthotic or prosthetic clinical facilities that are a
201 publicly traded corporation or that are wholly owned, directly
202 or indirectly, by a publicly traded corporation. As used in this
203 paragraph, a publicly traded corporation is a corporation that
204 issues securities traded on an exchange registered with the
205 United States Securities and Exchange Commission as a national
206 securities exchange.

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208 Notwithstanding this subsection, an entity shall be deemed a
209 clinic and must be licensed under this part in order to receive
210 reimbursement under the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, ss.
211 627.730-627.7405, unless exempted under s. 627.736(5)(h).

212 Section 3. Subsection (6) is added to section 400.991,
213 Florida Statutes, to read:

214 400.991 License requirements; background screenings;
215 prohibitions.—

216 (6) All agency forms for licensure application or
217 exemption from licensure under this part must contain the
218 following statement:

219
220 INSURANCE FRAUD NOTICE.—A person who knowingly submits
221 a false, misleading, or fraudulent application or
222 other document when applying for licensure as a health
223 care clinic, seeking an exemption from licensure as a
224 health care clinic, or demonstrating compliance with
225 part X of chapter 400, Florida Statutes, with the
226 intent to use the license, exemption from licensure,
227 or demonstration of compliance to provide services or
228 seek reimbursement under the Florida Motor Vehicle No-
229 Fault Law, commits a fraudulent insurance act, as
230 defined in s. 626.989, Florida Statutes. A person who
231 presents a claim for personal injury protection
232 benefits knowing that the payee knowingly submitted
233 such health care clinic application or document,
234 commits insurance fraud, as defined in s. 817.234,
235 Florida Statutes.

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236 Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 626.989, Florida
237 Statutes, is amended to read:

238 626.989 Investigation by department or Division of
239 Insurance Fraud; compliance; immunity; confidential information;
240 reports to division; division investigator's power of arrest.-

241 (1) For the purposes of this section:7

242 (a) A person commits a "fraudulent insurance act" if the
243 person:

244 1. Knowingly and with intent to defraud presents, causes
245 to be presented, or prepares with knowledge or belief that it
246 will be presented, to or by an insurer, self-insurer, self-
247 insurance fund, servicing corporation, purported insurer,
248 broker, or any agent thereof, any written statement as part of,
249 or in support of, an application for the issuance of, or the
250 rating of, any insurance policy, or a claim for payment or other
251 benefit pursuant to any insurance policy, which the person knows
252 to contain materially false information concerning any fact
253 material thereto or if the person conceals, for the purpose of
254 misleading another, information concerning any fact material
255 thereto.

256 2. Knowingly submits:

257 a. A false, misleading, or fraudulent application or other
258 document when applying for licensure as a health care clinic,
259 seeking an exemption from licensure as a health care clinic, or
260 demonstrating compliance with part X of chapter 400 with an
261 intent to use the license, exemption from licensure, or
262 demonstration of compliance to provide services or seek
263 reimbursement under the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law.

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264 b. A claim for payment or other benefit pursuant to a
 265 personal injury protection insurance policy under the Florida
 266 Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law if the person knows that the payee
 267 knowingly submitted a false, misleading, or fraudulent
 268 application or other document when applying for licensure as a
 269 health care clinic, seeking an exemption from licensure as a
 270 health care clinic, or demonstrating compliance with part X of
 271 chapter 400. ~~For the purposes of this section,~~

272 (b) The term "insurer" also includes a ~~any~~ health
 273 maintenance organization, and the term "insurance policy" also
 274 includes a health maintenance organization subscriber contract.

275 Section 5. Paragraph (i) of subsection (1) of section
 276 626.9541, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

277 626.9541 Unfair methods of competition and unfair or
 278 deceptive acts or practices defined.—

279 (1) UNFAIR METHODS OF COMPETITION AND UNFAIR OR DECEPTIVE
 280 ACTS.—The following are defined as unfair methods of competition
 281 and unfair or deceptive acts or practices:

282 (i) Unfair claim settlement practices.—

283 1. Attempting to settle claims on the basis of an
 284 application, when serving as a binder or intended to become a
 285 part of the policy, or any other material document which was
 286 altered without notice to, or knowledge or consent of, the
 287 insured;

288 2. A material misrepresentation made to an insured or any
 289 other person having an interest in the proceeds payable under
 290 such contract or policy, for the purpose and with the intent of
 291 effecting settlement of such claims, loss, or damage under such

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292 contract or policy on less favorable terms than those provided
293 in, and contemplated by, such contract or policy; or

294 3. Committing or performing with such frequency as to
295 indicate a general business practice any of the following:

296 a. Failing to adopt and implement standards for the proper
297 investigation of claims;

298 b. Misrepresenting pertinent facts or insurance policy
299 provisions relating to coverages at issue;

300 c. Failing to acknowledge and act promptly upon
301 communications with respect to claims;

302 d. Denying claims without conducting reasonable
303 investigations based upon available information;

304 e. Failing to affirm or deny full or partial coverage of
305 claims, and, as to partial coverage, the dollar amount or extent
306 of coverage, or failing to provide a written statement that the
307 claim is being investigated, upon the written request of the
308 insured within 30 days after proof-of-loss statements have been
309 completed;

310 f. Failing to promptly provide a reasonable explanation in
311 writing to the insured of the basis in the insurance policy, in
312 relation to the facts or applicable law, for denial of a claim
313 or for the offer of a compromise settlement;

314 g. Failing to promptly notify the insured of any
315 additional information necessary for the processing of a claim;
316 or

317 h. Failing to clearly explain the nature of the requested
318 information and the reasons why such information is necessary.

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319 i. Failing to pay personal injury protection insurance
320 claims within the time periods required by s. 627.736(4)(b). The
321 office may order the insurer to pay restitution to a
322 policyholder, medical provider, or other claimant, including
323 interest at a rate consistent with the amount set forth in s.
324 55.03(1), for the time period within which an insurer fails to
325 pay claims as required by law. Restitution is in addition to any
326 other penalties allowed by law, including, but not limited to,
327 the suspension of the insurer's certificate of authority.

328 4. Failing to pay undisputed amounts of partial or full
329 benefits owed under first-party property insurance policies
330 within 90 days after an insurer receives notice of a residential
331 property insurance claim, determines the amounts of partial or
332 full benefits, and agrees to coverage, unless payment of the
333 undisputed benefits is prevented by an act of God, prevented by
334 the impossibility of performance, or due to actions by the
335 insured or claimant that constitute fraud, lack of cooperation,
336 or intentional misrepresentation regarding the claim for which
337 benefits are owed.

338 Section 6. Subsection (5) of section 626.9894, Florida
339 Statutes, is amended to read:

340 626.9894 Gifts and grants.—

341 (5) Notwithstanding ~~the provisions of~~ s. 216.301 and
342 pursuant to s. 216.351, any balance of moneys deposited into the
343 Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund pursuant to this section or s.
344 626.9895 remaining at the end of any fiscal year is ~~shall be~~
345 available for carrying out the duties and responsibilities of
346 the division. The department may request annual appropriations

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347 from the grants and donations received pursuant to this section
348 or s. 626.9895 and cash balances in the Insurance Regulatory
349 Trust Fund for the purpose of carrying out its duties and
350 responsibilities related to the division's anti-fraud efforts,
351 including the funding of dedicated prosecutors and related
352 personnel.

353 Section 7. Section 626.9895, Florida Statutes, is created
354 to read:

355 626.9895 Motor vehicle insurance fraud direct-support
356 organization.-

357 (1) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term:

358 (a) "Division" means the Division of Insurance Fraud of
359 the Department of Financial Services.

360 (b) "Motor vehicle insurance fraud" means any act defined
361 as a "fraudulent insurance act" under s. 626.989, which relates
362 to the coverage of motor vehicle insurance as described in part
363 XI of chapter 627.

364 (c) "Organization" means the direct-support organization
365 established under this section.

366 (2) ORGANIZATION ESTABLISHED.-The division may establish a
367 direct-support organization, to be known as the "Automobile
368 Insurance Fraud Strike Force," whose sole purpose is to support
369 the prosecution, investigation, and prevention of motor vehicle
370 insurance fraud. The organization shall:

371 (a) Be a not-for-profit corporation incorporated under
372 chapter 617 and approved by the Department of State.

373 (b) Be organized and operated to conduct programs and
374 activities; raise funds; request and receive grants, gifts, and
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375 bequests of money; acquire, receive, hold, invest, and
376 administer, in its own name, securities, funds, objects of
377 value, or other property, real or personal; and make grants and
378 expenditures to or for the direct or indirect benefit of the
379 division, state attorneys' offices, the statewide prosecutor,
380 the Agency for Health Care Administration, and the Department of
381 Health to the extent that such grants and expenditures are used
382 exclusively to advance the prosecution, investigation, or
383 prevention of motor vehicle insurance fraud. Grants and
384 expenditures may include the cost of salaries or benefits of
385 motor vehicle insurance fraud investigators, prosecutors, or
386 support personnel if such grants and expenditures do not
387 interfere with prosecutorial independence or otherwise create
388 conflicts of interest which threaten the success of
389 prosecutions.

390 (c) Be determined by the division to operate in a manner
391 that promotes the goals of laws relating to motor vehicle
392 insurance fraud, that is in the best interest of the state, and
393 that is in accordance with the adopted goals and mission of the
394 division.

395 (d) Use all of its grants and expenditures solely for the
396 purpose of preventing and decreasing motor vehicle insurance
397 fraud, and not for advertising using the likeness or name of any
398 elected official nor for the purpose of lobbying as defined in
399 s. 11.045.

400 (e) Be subject to an annual financial audit in accordance
401 with s. 215.981.

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402 (3) CONTRACT.—The organization shall operate under written
403 contract with the division. The contract must provide for:

404 (a) Approval of the articles of incorporation and bylaws
405 of the organization by the division.

406 (b) Submission of an annual budget for approval of the
407 division. The budget must require the organization to minimize
408 costs to the division and its members at all times by using
409 existing personnel and property and allowing for telephonic
410 meetings if appropriate.

411 (c) Certification by the division that the organization is
412 complying with the terms of the contract and in a manner
413 consistent with the goals and purposes of the department and in
414 the best interest of the state. Such certification must be made
415 annually and reported in the official minutes of a meeting of
416 the organization.

417 (d) Allocation of funds to address motor vehicle insurance
418 fraud.

419 (e) Reversion of moneys and property held in trust by the
420 organization for motor vehicle insurance fraud prosecution,
421 investigation, and prevention to the division if the
422 organization is no longer approved to operate for the department
423 or if the organization ceases to exist, or to the state if the
424 division ceases to exist.

425 (f) Specific criteria to be used by the organization's
426 board of directors to evaluate the effectiveness of funding used
427 to combat motor vehicle insurance fraud.

428 (g) The fiscal year of the organization, which begins July
429 1 of each year and ends June 30 of the following year.

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430 (h) Disclosure of the material provisions of the contract,
431 and distinguishing between the department and the organization
432 to donors of gifts, contributions, or bequests, including
433 providing such disclosure on all promotional and fundraising
434 publications.

435 (4) BOARD OF DIRECTORS.-

436 (a) The board of directors of the organization shall
437 consist of the following eleven members:

438 1. The Chief Financial Officer, or designee, who shall
439 serve as chair.

440 2. Two state attorneys, one of whom shall be appointed by
441 the Chief Financial Officer and one of whom shall be appointed
442 by the Attorney General.

443 3. Two representatives of motor vehicle insurers appointed
444 by the Chief Financial Officer.

445 4. Two representatives of local law enforcement agencies,
446 one of whom shall be appointed by the Chief Financial Officer
447 and one of whom shall be appointed by the Attorney General.

448 5. Two representatives of the types of health care
449 providers who regularly make claims for benefits under ss.
450 627.730-627.7405, one of whom shall be appointed by the
451 President of the Senate and one of whom shall be appointed by
452 the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The appointees may
453 not represent the same type of health care provider.

454 6. A private attorney that has experience in representing
455 claimants in actions for benefits under ss. 627.730-627.7405,
456 who shall be appointed by the President of the Senate.

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457 7. A private attorney who has experience in representing
458 insurers in actions for benefits under ss. 627.730-627.7405, who
459 shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of
460 Representatives.

461 (b) The officer who appointed a member of the board may
462 remove that member for any reason. The term of office of an
463 appointed member expires at the same time as the term of the
464 officer who appointed him or her or at such earlier time as the
465 person ceases to be qualified.

466 (5) USE OF PROPERTY.—The department may authorize, without
467 charge, appropriate use of fixed property and facilities of the
468 division by the organization, subject to this subsection.

469 (a) The department may prescribe any condition with which
470 the organization must comply in order to use the division's
471 property or facilities.

472 (b) The department may not authorize the use of the
473 division's property or facilities if the organization does not
474 provide equal membership and employment opportunities to all
475 persons regardless of race, religion, sex, age, or national
476 origin.

477 (c) The department shall adopt rules prescribing the
478 procedures by which the organization is governed and any
479 conditions with which the organization must comply to use the
480 division's property or facilities.

481 (6) CONTRIBUTIONS FROM INSURERS.—Contributions from an
482 insurer to the organization shall be allowed as an appropriate
483 business expense of the insurer for all regulatory purposes.

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484 (7) DEPOSITORY ACCOUNT.—Any moneys received by the
485 organization may be held in a separate depository account in the
486 name of the organization and subject to the contract with the
487 division.

488 (8) DIVISION'S RECEIPT OF PROCEEDS.—Proceeds received by
489 the division from the organization shall be deposited into the
490 Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund.

491 Section 8. Section 627.7311, Florida Statutes, is created
492 to read:

493 627.7311 Effect of law on personal injury protection
494 policies.—The provisions and procedures authorized in ss.
495 627.730-627.7405 shall be implemented by insurers offering
496 policies pursuant to the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law. The
497 Legislature intends that these provisions and procedures have
498 full force and effect regardless of their express inclusion in
499 an insurance policy form, and a specific provision or procedure
500 authorized in ss. 627.730-627.7405 shall control over general
501 provisions in an insurance policy form. An insurer is not
502 required to amend its policy form or to expressly notify
503 providers, claimants, or insureds in order to implement and
504 apply such provisions or procedures.

505 Section 9. Effective January 1, 2013, subsections (16) and
506 (17) are added to section 627.732, Florida Statutes, to read:

507 627.732 Definitions.—As used in ss. 627.730-627.7405, the
508 term:

509 (16) "Emergency medical condition" means a medical
510 condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient
511 severity, which may include severe pain, such that the absence

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512 of immediate medical attention could reasonably be expected to
513 result in any of the following:

514 (a) Serious jeopardy to patient health.

515 (b) Serious impairment to bodily functions.

516 (c) Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.

517 (17) "Entity wholly owned" means a proprietorship, group
518 practice, partnership, or corporation that provides health care
519 services rendered by licensed health care practitioners and in
520 which licensed health care practitioners are the business owners
521 of all aspects of the business entity, including, but not
522 limited to, being reflected as the business owners on the title
523 or lease of the physical facility, filing taxes as the business
524 owners, being account holders on the entity's bank account,
525 being listed as the principals on all incorporation documents
526 required by this state, and having ultimate authority over all
527 personnel and compensation decisions relating to the entity.
528 However, this definition does not apply to an entity that is
529 wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by a hospital licensed
530 under chapter 395.

531 Section 10. Effective January 1, 2013, subsections (1),
532 (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), and (11) of section 627.736,
533 Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (17) is added to
534 that section, to read:

535 627.736 Required personal injury protection benefits;
536 exclusions; priority; claims.—

537 (1) REQUIRED BENEFITS.—An ~~Every~~ insurance policy complying
538 with the security requirements of s. 627.733 must ~~shall~~ provide
539 personal injury protection to the named insured, relatives

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540 residing in the same household, persons operating the insured
541 motor vehicle, passengers in the ~~such~~ motor vehicle, and other
542 persons struck by the ~~such~~ motor vehicle and suffering bodily
543 injury while not an occupant of a self-propelled vehicle,
544 subject to ~~the provisions of~~ subsection (2) and paragraph
545 (4) (e), to a limit of \$10,000 in medical and disability benefits
546 and \$5,000 in death benefits resulting from ~~for loss sustained~~
547 ~~by any such person as a result of~~ bodily injury, sickness,
548 disease, or death arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or
549 use of a motor vehicle as follows:

550 (a) *Medical benefits.*—Eighty percent of all reasonable
551 expenses for medically necessary medical, surgical, X-ray,
552 dental, and rehabilitative services, including prosthetic
553 devices, and medically necessary ambulance, hospital, and
554 nursing services if the individual receives initial services and
555 care pursuant to subparagraph 1. within 14 days after the motor
556 vehicle accident. ~~However,~~ The medical benefits ~~shall~~ provide
557 reimbursement only for: such

558 1. Initial services and care that are lawfully provided,
559 supervised, ordered, or prescribed by a physician licensed under
560 chapter 458 or chapter 459, a dentist licensed under chapter
561 466, or a chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460 or
562 that are provided in a hospital or in a facility that owns, or
563 is wholly owned by, a hospital. Initial services and care may
564 also be provided by a person or entity licensed under part III
565 of chapter 401 which provides emergency transportation and
566 treatment.

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567 2. Upon referral by a provider described in subparagraph
568 1., followup services and care consistent with the underlying
569 medical diagnosis rendered pursuant to subparagraph 1. which may
570 be provided, supervised, ordered, or prescribed only by a
571 physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a
572 chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460, a dentist
573 licensed under chapter 466, or, to the extent permitted by
574 applicable law and under the supervision of such physician,
575 osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician, or dentist, by a
576 physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or
577 an advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed under chapter
578 464. Followup services and care may also be provided by any of
579 the following persons or entities:

580 a.1. A hospital or ambulatory surgical center licensed
581 under chapter 395.

582 ~~2. A person or entity licensed under ss. 401.2101-401.45~~
583 ~~that provides emergency transportation and treatment.~~

584 b.3. An entity wholly owned by one or more physicians
585 licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, chiropractic
586 physicians licensed under chapter 460, or dentists licensed
587 under chapter 466 or by such ~~practitioner or~~ practitioners and
588 the spouse, parent, child, or sibling of such ~~that practitioner~~
589 ~~or those~~ practitioners.

590 c.4. An entity that owns or is wholly owned, directly or
591 indirectly, by a hospital or hospitals.

592 d. A physical therapist licensed under chapter 486, based
593 upon a referral by a provider described in subparagraph 2.

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594 ~~e.5.~~ A health care clinic licensed under part X of chapter
595 400 which ss. 400.990-400.995 that is:

596 ~~a.~~ accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of
597 Healthcare Organizations, the American Osteopathic Association,
598 the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, or
599 the Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Health Care, Inc., ~~+~~
600 or

601 ~~b.~~ A health care clinic that:

602 (I) Has a medical director licensed under chapter 458,
603 chapter 459, or chapter 460;

604 (II) Has been continuously licensed for more than 3 years
605 or is a publicly traded corporation that issues securities
606 traded on an exchange registered with the United States
607 Securities and Exchange Commission as a national securities
608 exchange; and

609 (III) Provides at least four of the following medical
610 specialties:

611 (A) General medicine.

612 (B) Radiography.

613 (C) Orthopedic medicine.

614 (D) Physical medicine.

615 (E) Physical therapy.

616 (F) Physical rehabilitation.

617 (G) Prescribing or dispensing outpatient prescription
618 medication.

619 (H) Laboratory services.

620 3. Reimbursement for services and care provided in
621 subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. up to \$10,000 if a physician

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622 licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a dentist licensed
623 under chapter 466, a physician assistant licensed under chapter
624 458 or chapter 459, or an advanced registered nurse practitioner
625 licensed under chapter 464 has determined that the injured
626 person had an emergency medical condition.

627 4. Reimbursement for services and care provided in
628 subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. is limited to \$2,500 if any
629 provider listed in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. determines
630 that the injured person did not have an emergency medical
631 condition.

632 5. Medical benefits do not include massage as defined in
633 s. 480.033 or acupuncture as defined in s. 457.102, regardless
634 of the person, entity, or licensee providing massage or
635 acupuncture, and a licensed massage therapist or licensed
636 acupuncturist may not be reimbursed for medical benefits under
637 this section.

638 6. The Financial Services Commission shall adopt by rule
639 the form that must be used by an insurer and a health care
640 provider specified in sub-subparagraph 2.b., sub-subparagraph
641 2.c., or sub-subparagraph 2.e. ~~subparagraph 3., subparagraph 4.,~~
642 ~~or subparagraph 5.~~ to document that the health care provider
643 meets the criteria of this paragraph, which rule must include a
644 requirement for a sworn statement or affidavit.

645 (b) *Disability benefits.*—Sixty percent of any loss of
646 gross income and loss of earning capacity per individual from
647 inability to work proximately caused by the injury sustained by
648 the injured person, plus all expenses reasonably incurred in
649 obtaining from others ordinary and necessary services in lieu of

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650 those that, but for the injury, the injured person would have
651 performed without income for the benefit of his or her
652 household. All disability benefits payable under this provision
653 must ~~shall~~ be paid at least ~~not less than~~ every 2 weeks.

654 (c) *Death benefits.*—~~Death benefits equal to the lesser of~~
655 ~~\$5,000 or the remainder of unused personal injury protection~~
656 ~~benefits~~ per individual. Death benefits are in addition to the
657 medical and disability benefits provided under the insurance
658 policy. The insurer may pay death ~~such~~ benefits to the executor
659 or administrator of the deceased, to any of the deceased's
660 relatives by blood, ~~or~~ legal adoption, ~~or connection by~~
661 marriage, or to any person appearing to the insurer to be
662 equitably entitled to such benefits ~~thereto~~.

663
664 Only insurers writing motor vehicle liability insurance in this
665 state may provide the required benefits of this section, and ~~no~~
666 such insurer may not ~~shall~~ require the purchase of any other
667 motor vehicle coverage other than the purchase of property
668 damage liability coverage as required by s. 627.7275 as a
669 condition for providing such ~~required~~ benefits. Insurers may not
670 require that property damage liability insurance in an amount
671 greater than \$10,000 be purchased in conjunction with personal
672 injury protection. Such insurers shall make benefits and
673 required property damage liability insurance coverage available
674 through normal marketing channels. An ~~Any~~ insurer writing motor
675 vehicle liability insurance in this state who fails to comply
676 with such availability requirement as a general business
677 practice violates ~~shall be deemed to have violated~~ part IX of

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678 chapter 626, and such violation constitutes ~~shall constitute~~ an
679 unfair method of competition or an unfair or deceptive act or
680 practice involving the business of insurance. ~~An; and any such~~
681 insurer committing such violation is ~~shall be~~ subject to the
682 penalties provided under that ~~afforded in such~~ part, as well as
683 those provided ~~which may be afforded~~ elsewhere in the insurance
684 code.

685 (4) PAYMENT OF BENEFITS; WHEN DUE.—Benefits due from an
686 insurer under ss. 627.730-627.7405 are ~~shall be~~ primary, except
687 that benefits received under any workers' compensation law must
688 ~~shall~~ be credited against the benefits provided by subsection
689 (1) and are ~~shall be~~ due and payable as loss accrues, upon
690 receipt of reasonable proof of such loss and the amount of
691 expenses and loss incurred which are covered by the policy
692 issued under ss. 627.730-627.7405. If ~~When~~ the Agency for Health
693 Care Administration provides, pays, or becomes liable for
694 medical assistance under the Medicaid program related to injury,
695 sickness, disease, or death arising out of the ownership,
696 maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle, the benefits under ss.
697 627.730-627.7405 are ~~shall be~~ subject to ~~the provisions of the~~
698 Medicaid program. However, within 30 days after receiving notice
699 that the Medicaid program paid such benefits, the insurer shall
700 repay the full amount of the benefits to the Medicaid program.

701 (a) An insurer may require written notice to be given as
702 soon as practicable after an accident involving a motor vehicle
703 with respect to which the policy affords the security required
704 by ss. 627.730-627.7405.

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705 (b) Personal injury protection insurance benefits paid
706 pursuant to this section are ~~shall be~~ overdue if not paid within
707 30 days after the insurer is furnished written notice of the
708 fact of a covered loss and of the amount of same. However:

709 1. If ~~such~~ written notice of the entire claim is not
710 furnished to the insurer ~~as to the entire claim~~, any partial
711 amount supported by written notice is overdue if not paid within
712 30 days after ~~such~~ written notice is furnished to the insurer.
713 Any part or all of the remainder of the claim that is
714 subsequently supported by written notice is overdue if not paid
715 within 30 days after ~~such~~ written notice is furnished to the
716 insurer.

717 2. If ~~When~~ an insurer pays only a portion of a claim or
718 rejects a claim, the insurer shall provide at the time of the
719 partial payment or rejection an itemized specification of each
720 item that the insurer had reduced, omitted, or declined to pay
721 and any information that the insurer desires the claimant to
722 consider related to the medical necessity of the denied
723 treatment or to explain the reasonableness of the reduced charge
724 ~~if, provided that~~ this does ~~shall~~ not limit the introduction of
725 evidence at trial. ~~and~~ The insurer must also ~~shall~~ include the
726 name and address of the person to whom the claimant should
727 respond and a claim number to be referenced in future
728 correspondence.

729 3. If an insurer pays only a portion of a claim or rejects
730 a claim due to an alleged error in the claim, the insurer, at
731 the time of the partial payment or rejection, shall provide an
732 itemized specification or explanation of benefits due to the

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733 specified error. Upon receiving the specification or
734 explanation, the person making the claim, at the person's option
735 and without waiving any other legal remedy for payment, has 15
736 days to submit a revised claim, which shall be considered a
737 timely submission of written notice of a claim.

738 4. However, Notwithstanding the fact that written notice
739 has been furnished to the insurer, ~~any~~ payment is ~~shall~~ not be
740 ~~deemed~~ overdue if ~~when~~ the insurer has reasonable proof ~~to~~
741 ~~establish~~ that the insurer is not responsible for the payment.

742 5. For the purpose of calculating the extent to which ~~any~~
743 benefits are overdue, payment shall be treated as being made on
744 the date a draft or other valid instrument that ~~which~~ is
745 equivalent to payment was placed in the United States mail in a
746 properly addressed, postpaid envelope or, if not so posted, on
747 the date of delivery.

748 6. This paragraph does not preclude or limit the ability
749 of the insurer to assert that the claim was unrelated, was not
750 medically necessary, or was unreasonable or that the amount of
751 the charge was in excess of that permitted under, or in
752 violation of, subsection (5). Such assertion ~~by the insurer~~ may
753 be made at any time, including after payment of the claim or
754 after the 30-day ~~time~~ period for payment set forth in this
755 paragraph.

756 (c) Upon receiving notice of an accident that is
757 potentially covered by personal injury protection benefits, the
758 insurer must reserve \$5,000 of personal injury protection
759 benefits for payment to physicians licensed under chapter 458 or
760 chapter 459 or dentists licensed under chapter 466 who provide
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761 emergency services and care, as defined in s. 395.002(9), or who
762 provide hospital inpatient care. The amount required to be held
763 in reserve may be used only to pay claims from such physicians
764 or dentists until 30 days after the date the insurer receives
765 notice of the accident. After the 30-day period, any amount of
766 the reserve for which the insurer has not received notice of
767 such claims ~~a claim from a physician or dentist who provided~~
768 ~~emergency services and care or who provided hospital inpatient~~
769 ~~care~~ may then be used by the insurer to pay other claims. The
770 time periods specified in paragraph (b) for ~~required~~ payment of
771 personal injury protection benefits are ~~shall be~~ tolled for the
772 period of time that an insurer is required ~~by this paragraph~~ to
773 hold payment of a claim that is not from such a physician or
774 dentist ~~who provided emergency services and care or who provided~~
775 ~~hospital inpatient care~~ to the extent that the personal injury
776 protection benefits not held in reserve are insufficient to pay
777 the claim. This paragraph does not require an insurer to
778 establish a claim reserve for insurance accounting purposes.

779 (d) All overdue payments ~~shall~~ bear simple interest at the
780 rate established under s. 55.03 or the rate established in the
781 insurance contract, whichever is greater, for the year in which
782 the payment became overdue, calculated from the date the insurer
783 was furnished with written notice of the amount of covered loss.
784 Interest is ~~shall be~~ due at the time payment of the overdue
785 claim is made.

786 (e) The insurer of the owner of a motor vehicle shall pay
787 personal injury protection benefits for:

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788 1. Accidental bodily injury sustained in this state by the
789 owner while occupying a motor vehicle, or while not an occupant
790 of a self-propelled vehicle if the injury is caused by physical
791 contact with a motor vehicle.

792 2. Accidental bodily injury sustained outside this state,
793 but within the United States of America or its territories or
794 possessions or Canada, by the owner while occupying the owner's
795 motor vehicle.

796 3. Accidental bodily injury sustained by a relative of the
797 owner residing in the same household, under the circumstances
798 described in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., if provided the
799 relative at the time of the accident is domiciled in the owner's
800 household and is not ~~himself or herself~~ the owner of a motor
801 vehicle with respect to which security is required under ss.
802 627.730-627.7405.

803 4. Accidental bodily injury sustained in this state by any
804 other person while occupying the owner's motor vehicle or, if a
805 resident of this state, while not an occupant of a self-
806 propelled vehicle, if the injury is caused by physical contact
807 with such motor vehicle, if provided the injured person is not
808 ~~himself or herself~~:

809 a. The owner of a motor vehicle with respect to which
810 security is required under ss. 627.730-627.7405; or

811 b. Entitled to personal injury benefits from the insurer
812 of the owner ~~or owners~~ of such a motor vehicle.

813 (f) If two or more insurers are liable for paying ~~to pay~~
814 personal injury protection benefits for the same injury to any
815 one person, the maximum payable is ~~shall be~~ as specified in

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816 subsection (1), and the ~~any~~ insurer paying the benefits is ~~shall~~
817 ~~be~~ entitled to recover from each of the other insurers an
818 equitable pro rata share of the benefits paid and expenses
819 incurred in processing the claim.

820 (g) It is a violation of the insurance code for an insurer
821 to fail to timely provide benefits as required by this section
822 with such frequency as to constitute a general business
823 practice.

824 (h) Benefits are ~~shall~~ not be due or payable to or on the
825 behalf of an insured person if that person has committed, by a
826 material act or omission, ~~any~~ insurance fraud relating to
827 personal injury protection coverage under his or her policy, if
828 the fraud is admitted to in a sworn statement by the insured or
829 ~~if it is~~ established in a court of competent jurisdiction. Any
830 insurance fraud voids ~~shall void~~ all coverage arising from the
831 claim related to such fraud under the personal injury protection
832 coverage of the insured person who committed the fraud,
833 irrespective of whether a portion of the insured person's claim
834 may be legitimate, and any benefits paid before ~~prior to~~ the
835 discovery of the ~~insured person's insurance~~ fraud is ~~shall be~~
836 recoverable by the insurer in its entirety from the person who
837 committed insurance fraud ~~in their entirety~~. The prevailing
838 party is entitled to its costs and attorney ~~attorney's~~ fees in
839 any action in which it prevails in an insurer's action to
840 enforce its right of recovery under this paragraph.

841 (i) If an insurer has a reasonable belief that a
842 fraudulent insurance act, for the purposes of s. 626.989 or s.
843 817.234, has been committed, the insurer shall notify the

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844 claimant, in writing, within 30 days after submission of the
845 claim that the claim is being investigated for suspected fraud.
846 Beginning at the end of the initial 30-day period, the insurer
847 has an additional 60 days to conduct its fraud investigation.
848 Notwithstanding subsection (10), no later than 90 days after the
849 submission of the claim, the insurer must deny the claim or pay
850 the claim with simple interest as provided in paragraph (d).
851 Interest shall be assessed from the day the claim was submitted
852 until the day the claim is paid. All claims denied for suspected
853 fraudulent insurance acts shall be reported to the Division of
854 Insurance Fraud.

855 (j) An insurer shall create and maintain for each insured
856 a log of personal injury protection benefits paid by the insurer
857 on behalf of the insured. If litigation is commenced, the
858 insurer shall provide to the insured a copy of the log within 30
859 days after receiving a request for the log from the insured.

860 (5) CHARGES FOR TREATMENT OF INJURED PERSONS.—

861 (a) ~~1.~~ A Any physician, hospital, clinic, or other person
862 or institution lawfully rendering treatment to an injured person
863 for a bodily injury covered by personal injury protection
864 insurance may charge the insurer and injured party only a
865 reasonable amount pursuant to this section for the services and
866 supplies rendered, and the insurer providing such coverage may
867 pay for such charges directly to such person or institution
868 lawfully rendering such treatment, ~~7~~ if the insured receiving such
869 treatment or his or her guardian has countersigned the properly
870 completed invoice, bill, or claim form approved by the office
871 upon which such charges are to be paid for as having actually

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872 been rendered, to the best knowledge of the insured or his or
873 her guardian. ~~In no event,~~ However, ~~may~~ such a charge may not
874 exceed ~~be in excess of~~ the amount the person or institution
875 customarily charges for like services or supplies. In
876 determining ~~With respect to a determination of~~ whether a charge
877 for a particular service, treatment, or otherwise is reasonable,
878 consideration may be given to evidence of usual and customary
879 charges and payments accepted by the provider involved in the
880 dispute, ~~and~~ reimbursement levels in the community and various
881 federal and state medical fee schedules applicable to motor
882 vehicle ~~automobile~~ and other insurance coverages, and other
883 information relevant to the reasonableness of the reimbursement
884 for the service, treatment, or supply.

885 1.2. The insurer may limit reimbursement to 80 percent of
886 the following schedule of maximum charges:

887 a. For emergency transport and treatment by providers
888 licensed under chapter 401, 200 percent of Medicare.

889 b. For emergency services and care provided by a hospital
890 licensed under chapter 395, 75 percent of the hospital's usual
891 and customary charges.

892 c. For emergency services and care as defined by s.
893 395.002(9) provided in a facility licensed under chapter 395
894 rendered by a physician or dentist, and related hospital
895 inpatient services rendered by a physician or dentist, the usual
896 and customary charges in the community.

897 d. For hospital inpatient services, other than emergency
898 services and care, 200 percent of the Medicare Part A

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899 prospective payment applicable to the specific hospital
900 providing the inpatient services.

901 e. For hospital outpatient services, other than emergency
902 services and care, 200 percent of the Medicare Part A Ambulatory
903 Payment Classification for the specific hospital providing the
904 outpatient services.

905 f. For all other medical services, supplies, and care, 200
906 percent of the allowable amount under:

907 (I) The participating physicians fee schedule of Medicare
908 Part B, except as provided in sub-sub-subparagraphs (II) and
909 (III).

910 (II) Medicare Part B, in the case of services, supplies,
911 and care provided by ambulatory surgical centers and clinical
912 laboratories.

913 (III) The Durable Medical Equipment Prosthetics/Orthotics
914 and Supplies fee schedule of Medicare Part B, in the case of
915 durable medical equipment.

916

917 However, if such services, supplies, or care is not reimbursable
918 under Medicare Part B, as provided in this sub-subparagraph, the
919 insurer may limit reimbursement to 80 percent of the maximum
920 reimbursable allowance under workers' compensation, as
921 determined under s. 440.13 and rules adopted thereunder which
922 are in effect at the time such services, supplies, or care is
923 provided. Services, supplies, or care that is not reimbursable
924 under Medicare or workers' compensation is not required to be
925 reimbursed by the insurer.

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926 ~~2.3.~~ For purposes of subparagraph 1. 2., the applicable
927 fee schedule or payment limitation under Medicare is the fee
928 schedule or payment limitation in effect on March 1 of the year
929 in which ~~at the time~~ the services, supplies, or care is ~~was~~
930 rendered and for the area in which such services, supplies, or
931 care is ~~were~~ rendered, and the applicable fee schedule or
932 payment limitation applies throughout the remainder of that
933 year, notwithstanding any subsequent change made to the fee
934 schedule or payment limitation, except that it may not be less
935 than the allowable amount under the applicable participating
936 ~~physicians~~ schedule of Medicare Part B for 2007 for medical
937 services, supplies, and care subject to Medicare Part B.

938 ~~3.4.~~ Subparagraph 1. 2. does not allow the insurer to
939 apply any limitation on the number of treatments or other
940 utilization limits that apply under Medicare or workers'
941 compensation. An insurer that applies the allowable payment
942 limitations of subparagraph 1. 2. must reimburse a provider who
943 lawfully provided care or treatment under the scope of his or
944 her license, regardless of whether such provider is ~~would be~~
945 entitled to reimbursement under Medicare due to restrictions or
946 limitations on the types or discipline of health care providers
947 who may be reimbursed for particular procedures or procedure
948 codes. However, subparagraph 1. does not prohibit an insurer
949 from using the Medicare coding policies and payment
950 methodologies of the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid
951 Services, including applicable modifiers, to determine the
952 appropriate amount of reimbursement for medical services,

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953 supplies, or care if the coding policy or payment methodology
954 does not constitute a utilization limit.

955 4.5. If an insurer limits payment as authorized by
956 subparagraph 1. 2., the person providing such services,
957 supplies, or care may not bill or attempt to collect from the
958 insured any amount in excess of such limits, except for amounts
959 that are not covered by the insured's personal injury protection
960 coverage due to the coinsurance amount or maximum policy limits.

961 5. Effective July 1, 2012, an insurer may limit payment as
962 authorized by this paragraph only if the insurance policy
963 includes a notice at the time of issuance or renewal that the
964 insurer may limit payment pursuant to the schedule of charges
965 specified in this paragraph. A policy form approved by the
966 office satisfies this requirement. If a provider submits a
967 charge for an amount less than the amount allowed under
968 subparagraph 1., the insurer may pay the amount of the charge
969 submitted.

970 (b)1. An insurer or insured is not required to pay a claim
971 or charges:

972 a. Made by a broker or by a person making a claim on
973 behalf of a broker;

974 b. For any service or treatment that was not lawful at the
975 time rendered;

976 c. To any person who knowingly submits a false or
977 misleading statement relating to the claim or charges;

978 d. With respect to a bill or statement that does not
979 substantially meet the applicable requirements of paragraph (d);

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980 e. For any treatment or service that is upcoded, or that
981 is unbundled when such treatment or services should be bundled,
982 in accordance with paragraph (d). To facilitate prompt payment
983 of lawful services, an insurer may change codes that it
984 determines ~~to~~ have been improperly or incorrectly upcoded or
985 unbundled, and may make payment based on the changed codes,
986 without affecting the right of the provider to dispute the
987 change by the insurer, if, provided that before doing so, the
988 insurer contacts ~~must contact~~ the health care provider and
989 discusses ~~discuss~~ the reasons for the insurer's change and the
990 health care provider's reason for the coding, or makes ~~make~~ a
991 reasonable good faith effort to do so, as documented in the
992 insurer's file; and

993 f. For medical services or treatment billed by a physician
994 and not provided in a hospital unless such services are rendered
995 by the physician or are incident to his or her professional
996 services and are included on the physician's bill, including
997 documentation verifying that the physician is responsible for
998 the medical services that were rendered and billed.

999 2. The Department of Health, in consultation with the
1000 appropriate professional licensing boards, shall adopt, by rule,
1001 a list of diagnostic tests deemed not to be medically necessary
1002 for use in the treatment of persons sustaining bodily injury
1003 covered by personal injury protection benefits under this
1004 section. The ~~initial list shall be adopted by January 1, 2004,~~
1005 ~~and~~ shall be revised from time to time as determined by the
1006 Department of Health, in consultation with the respective
1007 professional licensing boards. Inclusion of a test on the list

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1008 ~~of invalid diagnostic tests~~ shall be based on lack of
1009 demonstrated medical value and a level of general acceptance by
1010 the relevant provider community and may ~~shall~~ not be dependent
1011 for results entirely upon subjective patient response.

1012 Notwithstanding its inclusion on a fee schedule in this
1013 subsection, an insurer or insured is not required to pay any
1014 charges or reimburse claims for an ~~any~~ invalid diagnostic test
1015 as determined by the Department of Health.

1016 (c)~~1~~. With respect to any treatment or service, other than
1017 medical services billed by a hospital or other provider for
1018 emergency services and care as defined in s. 395.002 or
1019 inpatient services rendered at a hospital-owned facility, the
1020 statement of charges must be furnished to the insurer by the
1021 provider and may not include, and the insurer is not required to
1022 pay, charges for treatment or services rendered more than 35
1023 days before the postmark date or electronic transmission date of
1024 the statement, except for past due amounts previously billed on
1025 a timely basis under this paragraph, and except that, if the
1026 provider submits to the insurer a notice of initiation of
1027 treatment within 21 days after its first examination or
1028 treatment of the claimant, the statement may include charges for
1029 treatment or services rendered up to, but not more than, 75 days
1030 before the postmark date of the statement. The injured party is
1031 not liable for, and the provider may ~~shall~~ not bill the injured
1032 party for, charges that are unpaid because of the provider's
1033 failure to comply with this paragraph. Any agreement requiring
1034 the injured person or insured to pay for such charges is
1035 unenforceable.

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1036 ~~1.2.~~ If, ~~however,~~ the insured fails to furnish the
1037 provider with the correct name and address of the insured's
1038 personal injury protection insurer, the provider has 35 days
1039 from the date the provider obtains the correct information to
1040 furnish the insurer with a statement of the charges. The insurer
1041 is not required to pay for such charges unless the provider
1042 includes with the statement documentary evidence that was
1043 provided by the insured during the 35-day period demonstrating
1044 that the provider reasonably relied on erroneous information
1045 from the insured and either:

1046 a. A denial letter from the incorrect insurer; or

1047 b. Proof of mailing, which may include an affidavit under
1048 penalty of perjury, reflecting timely mailing to the incorrect
1049 address or insurer.

1050 ~~2.3.~~ For emergency services and care ~~as defined in s.~~
1051 ~~395.002~~ rendered in a hospital emergency department or for
1052 transport and treatment rendered by an ambulance provider
1053 licensed pursuant to part III of chapter 401, the provider is
1054 not required to furnish the statement of charges within the time
1055 periods established by this paragraph, ~~and~~ and the insurer ~~is shall~~
1056 not ~~be~~ considered to have been furnished with notice of the
1057 amount of covered loss for purposes of paragraph (4)(b) until it
1058 receives a statement complying with paragraph (d), or copy
1059 thereof, which specifically identifies the place of service to
1060 be a hospital emergency department or an ambulance in accordance
1061 with billing standards recognized by the federal Centers for
1062 Medicare and Medicaid Services Health-Care-Finance
1063 Administration.

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1064 ~~3.4.~~ Each notice of the insured's rights under s. 627.7401
1065 must include the following statement in at least 12-point type
1066 ~~in type no smaller than 12 points:~~

1067
1068 BILLING REQUIREMENTS.—Florida law provides ~~Statutes~~
1069 ~~provide~~ that with respect to any treatment or
1070 services, other than certain hospital and emergency
1071 services, the statement of charges furnished to the
1072 insurer by the provider may not include, and the
1073 insurer and the injured party are not required to pay,
1074 charges for treatment or services rendered more than
1075 35 days before the postmark date of the statement,
1076 except for past due amounts previously billed on a
1077 timely basis, and except that, if the provider submits
1078 to the insurer a notice of initiation of treatment
1079 within 21 days after its first examination or
1080 treatment of the claimant, the statement may include
1081 charges for treatment or services rendered up to, but
1082 not more than, 75 days before the postmark date of the
1083 statement.

1084
1085 (d) All statements and bills for medical services rendered
1086 by a ~~any~~ physician, hospital, clinic, or other person or
1087 institution shall be submitted to the insurer on a properly
1088 completed Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) 1500
1089 form, UB 92 forms, or any other standard form approved by the
1090 office or adopted by the commission for purposes of this
1091 paragraph. All billings for such services rendered by providers

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1092 must ~~shall~~, to the extent applicable, follow the Physicians'
1093 Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) or Healthcare Correct
1094 Procedural Coding System (HCPCS), or ICD-9 in effect for the
1095 year in which services are rendered and comply with the ~~Centers~~
1096 ~~for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)~~ 1500 form instructions,
1097 and the American Medical Association ~~Current Procedural~~
1098 ~~Terminology (CPT)~~ Editorial Panel, and the ~~Healthcare Correct~~
1099 ~~Procedural Coding System (HCPCS)~~. All providers, and other than
1100 hospitals, must ~~shall~~ include on the applicable claim form the
1101 professional license number of the provider in the line or space
1102 provided for "Signature of Physician or Supplier, Including
1103 Degrees or Credentials." In determining compliance with
1104 applicable CPT and HCPCS coding, guidance shall be provided by
1105 the Physicians' Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) or the
1106 Healthcare Correct Procedural Coding System (HCPCS) in effect
1107 for the year in which services were rendered, the Office of the
1108 Inspector General ~~(OIG)~~, Physicians Compliance Guidelines, and
1109 other authoritative treatises designated by rule by the Agency
1110 for Health Care Administration. A ~~No~~ statement of medical
1111 services may not include charges for medical services of a
1112 person or entity that performed such services without possessing
1113 the valid licenses required to perform such services. For
1114 purposes of paragraph (4) (b), an insurer is ~~shall~~ not ~~be~~
1115 considered to have been furnished with notice of the amount of
1116 covered loss or medical bills due unless the statements or bills
1117 comply with this paragraph, and ~~unless the statements or bills~~
1118 are properly completed in their entirety as to all material

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1119 provisions, with all relevant information being provided
1120 therein.

1121 (e)1. At the initial treatment or service provided, each
1122 physician, other licensed professional, clinic, or other medical
1123 institution providing medical services upon which a claim for
1124 personal injury protection benefits is based shall require an
1125 insured person, or his or her guardian, to execute a disclosure
1126 and acknowledgment form, which reflects at a minimum that:

1127 a. The insured, or his or her guardian, must countersign
1128 the form attesting to the fact that the services set forth
1129 therein were actually rendered;

1130 b. The insured, or his or her guardian, has both the right
1131 and affirmative duty to confirm that the services were actually
1132 rendered;

1133 c. The insured, or his or her guardian, was not solicited
1134 by any person to seek any services from the medical provider;

1135 d. The physician, other licensed professional, clinic, or
1136 other medical institution rendering services for which payment
1137 is being claimed explained the services to the insured or his or
1138 her guardian; and

1139 e. If the insured notifies the insurer in writing of a
1140 billing error, the insured may be entitled to a certain
1141 percentage of a reduction in the amounts paid by the insured's
1142 motor vehicle insurer.

1143 2. The physician, other licensed professional, clinic, or
1144 other medical institution rendering services for which payment
1145 is being claimed has the affirmative duty to explain the
1146 services rendered to the insured, or his or her guardian, so

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1147 that the insured, or his or her guardian, countersigns the form
1148 with informed consent.

1149 3. Countersignature by the insured, or his or her
1150 guardian, is not required for the reading of diagnostic tests or
1151 other services that are of such a nature that they are not
1152 required to be performed in the presence of the insured.

1153 4. The licensed medical professional rendering treatment
1154 for which payment is being claimed must sign, by his or her own
1155 hand, the form complying with this paragraph.

1156 5. The original completed disclosure and acknowledgment
1157 form shall be furnished to the insurer pursuant to paragraph
1158 (4) (b) and may not be electronically furnished.

1159 6. The ~~This~~ disclosure and acknowledgment form is not
1160 required for services billed by a provider ~~for emergency~~
1161 ~~services as defined in s. 395.002,~~ for emergency services and
1162 care as defined in s. 395.002 rendered in a hospital emergency
1163 department, or for transport and treatment rendered by an
1164 ambulance provider licensed pursuant to part III of chapter 401.

1165 7. The Financial Services Commission shall adopt, by rule,
1166 a standard disclosure and acknowledgment form to ~~that shall~~ be
1167 used to fulfill the requirements of this paragraph, ~~effective 90~~
1168 ~~days after such form is adopted and becomes final. The~~
1169 ~~commission shall adopt a proposed rule by October 1, 2003. Until~~
1170 ~~the rule is final, the provider may use a form of its own which~~
1171 ~~otherwise complies with the requirements of this paragraph.~~

1172 8. As used in this paragraph, the term "countersign" or
1173 "countersignature" ~~"eountersigned"~~ means a second or verifying
1174 signature, as on a previously signed document, and is not

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1175 satisfied by the statement "signature on file" or any similar
1176 statement.

1177 9. The requirements of this paragraph apply only with
1178 respect to the initial treatment or service of the insured by a
1179 provider. For subsequent treatments or service, the provider
1180 must maintain a patient log signed by the patient, in
1181 chronological order by date of service, which ~~that~~ is consistent
1182 with the services being rendered to the patient as claimed. The
1183 requirement to maintain ~~requirements of this subparagraph for~~
1184 ~~maintaining~~ a patient log signed by the patient may be met by a
1185 hospital that maintains medical records as required by s.
1186 395.3025 and applicable rules and makes such records available
1187 to the insurer upon request.

1188 (f) Upon written notification by any person, an insurer
1189 shall investigate any claim of improper billing by a physician
1190 or other medical provider. The insurer shall determine if the
1191 insured was properly billed for only those services and
1192 treatments that the insured actually received. If the insurer
1193 determines that the insured has been improperly billed, the
1194 insurer shall notify the insured, the person making the written
1195 notification, and the provider of its findings and ~~shall~~ reduce
1196 the amount of payment to the provider by the amount determined
1197 to be improperly billed. If a reduction is made due to a ~~such~~
1198 written notification by any person, the insurer shall pay to the
1199 person 20 percent of the amount of the reduction, up to \$500. If
1200 the provider is arrested due to the improper billing, ~~then~~ the
1201 insurer shall pay to the person 40 percent of the amount of the
1202 reduction, up to \$500.

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1203 (g) An insurer may not systematically downcode with the
1204 intent to deny reimbursement otherwise due. Such action
1205 constitutes a material misrepresentation under s.
1206 626.9541(1)(i)2.

1207 (h) As provided in s. 400.9905, an entity excluded from
1208 the definition of a clinic shall be deemed a clinic and must be
1209 licensed under part X of chapter 400 in order to receive
1210 reimbursement under ss. 627.730-627.7405. However, this
1211 licensing requirement does not apply to:

1212 1. An entity wholly owned by a physician licensed under
1213 chapter 458 or chapter 459, or by the physician and the spouse,
1214 parent, child, or sibling of the physician;

1215 2. An entity wholly owned by a dentist licensed under
1216 chapter 466, or by the dentist and the spouse, parent, child, or
1217 sibling of the dentist;

1218 3. An entity wholly owned by a chiropractic physician
1219 licensed under chapter 460, or by the chiropractic physician and
1220 the spouse, parent, child, or sibling of the chiropractic
1221 physician;

1222 4. A hospital or ambulatory surgical center licensed under
1223 chapter 395;

1224 5. An entity that wholly owns or is wholly owned, directly
1225 or indirectly, by a hospital or hospitals licensed under chapter
1226 395; or

1227 6. An entity that is a clinical facility affiliated with
1228 an accredited medical school at which training is provided for
1229 medical students, residents, or fellows.

1230 (6) DISCOVERY OF FACTS ABOUT AN INJURED PERSON; DISPUTES.-
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1231 (a) ~~Every employer shall,~~ If a request is made by an
1232 insurer providing personal injury protection benefits under ss.
1233 627.730-627.7405 against whom a claim has been made, an employer
1234 must furnish ~~forthwith,~~ in a form approved by the office, a
1235 sworn statement of the earnings, since the time of the bodily
1236 injury and for a reasonable period before the injury, of the
1237 person upon whose injury the claim is based.

1238 (b) Every physician, hospital, clinic, or other medical
1239 institution providing, before or after bodily injury upon which
1240 a claim for personal injury protection insurance benefits is
1241 based, any products, services, or accommodations in relation to
1242 that or any other injury, or in relation to a condition claimed
1243 to be connected with that or any other injury, shall, if
1244 requested ~~to do so~~ by the insurer against whom the claim has
1245 been made, furnish ~~forthwith~~ a written report of the history,
1246 condition, treatment, dates, and costs of such treatment of the
1247 injured person and why the items identified by the insurer were
1248 reasonable in amount and medically necessary, together with a
1249 sworn statement that the treatment or services rendered were
1250 reasonable and necessary with respect to the bodily injury
1251 sustained and identifying which portion of the expenses for such
1252 treatment or services was incurred as a result of such bodily
1253 injury, and produce ~~forthwith,~~ and allow ~~permit~~ the inspection
1254 and copying of, his or her or its records regarding such
1255 history, condition, treatment, dates, and costs of treatment if
1256 ~~provided that~~ this does ~~shall~~ not limit the introduction of
1257 evidence at trial. Such sworn statement must ~~shall~~ read as
1258 follows: "Under penalty of perjury, I declare that I have read

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1259 the foregoing, and the facts alleged are true, to the best of my
1260 knowledge and belief." A ~~No~~ cause of action for violation of the
1261 physician-patient privilege or invasion of the right of privacy
1262 may not be brought ~~shall be permitted~~ against any physician,
1263 hospital, clinic, or other medical institution complying with
1264 ~~the provisions of~~ this section. The person requesting such
1265 records and such sworn statement shall pay all reasonable costs
1266 connected therewith. If an insurer makes a written request for
1267 documentation or information under this paragraph within 30 days
1268 after having received notice of the amount of a covered loss
1269 under paragraph (4) (a), the amount or the partial amount that
1270 ~~which~~ is the subject of the insurer's inquiry is ~~shall become~~
1271 overdue if the insurer does not pay in accordance with paragraph
1272 (4) (b) or within 10 days after the insurer's receipt of the
1273 requested documentation or information, whichever occurs later.
1274 As used in ~~For purposes of~~ this paragraph, the term "receipt"
1275 includes, but is not limited to, inspection and copying pursuant
1276 to this paragraph. An ~~Any~~ insurer that requests documentation or
1277 information pertaining to reasonableness of charges or medical
1278 necessity under this paragraph without a reasonable basis for
1279 such requests as a general business practice is engaging in an
1280 unfair trade practice under the insurance code.

1281 (c) In the event of a ~~any~~ dispute regarding an insurer's
1282 right to discovery of facts under this section, the insurer may
1283 petition a court of competent jurisdiction to enter an order
1284 permitting such discovery. The order may be made only on motion
1285 for good cause shown and upon notice to all persons having an
1286 interest, and must ~~it shall~~ specify the time, place, manner,

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1287 conditions, and scope of the discovery. ~~Such court may,~~ In order
1288 to protect against annoyance, embarrassment, or oppression, as
1289 justice requires, the court may enter an order refusing
1290 discovery or specifying conditions of discovery and may order
1291 payments of costs and expenses of the proceeding, including
1292 reasonable fees for the appearance of attorneys at the
1293 proceedings, as justice requires.

1294 (d) The injured person shall be furnished, upon request, a
1295 copy of all information obtained by the insurer under ~~the~~
1296 ~~provisions of~~ this section, and ~~shall~~ pay a reasonable charge,
1297 if required by the insurer.

1298 (e) Notice to an insurer of the existence of a claim may
1299 ~~shall~~ not be unreasonably withheld by an insured.

1300 (f) In a dispute between the insured and the insurer, or
1301 between an assignee of the insured's rights and the insurer,
1302 upon request, the insurer must notify the insured or the
1303 assignee that the policy limits under this section have been
1304 reached within 15 days after the limits have been reached.

1305 (g) An insured seeking benefits under ss. 627.730-
1306 627.7405, including an omnibus insured, must comply with the
1307 terms of the policy, which include, but are not limited to,
1308 submitting to an examination under oath. The scope of
1309 questioning during the examination under oath is limited to
1310 relevant information or information that could reasonably be
1311 expected to lead to relevant information. Compliance with this
1312 paragraph is a condition precedent to receiving benefits. An
1313 insurer that, as a general business practice as determined by
1314 the office, requests an examination under oath of an insured or

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1315 an omnibus insured without a reasonable basis is subject to s.
1316 626.9541.

1317 (7) MENTAL AND PHYSICAL EXAMINATION OF INJURED PERSON;
1318 REPORTS.—

1319 (a) Whenever the mental or physical condition of an
1320 injured person covered by personal injury protection is material
1321 to any claim that has been or may be made for past or future
1322 personal injury protection insurance benefits, such person
1323 shall, upon the request of an insurer, submit to mental or
1324 physical examination by a physician or physicians. The costs of
1325 any examinations requested by an insurer shall be borne entirely
1326 by the insurer. Such examination shall be conducted within the
1327 municipality where the insured is receiving treatment, or in a
1328 location reasonably accessible to the insured, which, for
1329 purposes of this paragraph, means any location within the
1330 municipality in which the insured resides, or any location
1331 within 10 miles by road of the insured's residence, provided
1332 such location is within the county in which the insured resides.
1333 If the examination is to be conducted in a location reasonably
1334 accessible to the insured, and if there is no qualified
1335 physician to conduct the examination in a location reasonably
1336 accessible to the insured, ~~then~~ such examination shall be
1337 conducted in an area of the closest proximity to the insured's
1338 residence. Personal protection insurers are authorized to
1339 include reasonable provisions in personal injury protection
1340 insurance policies for mental and physical examination of those
1341 claiming personal injury protection insurance benefits. An
1342 insurer may not withdraw payment of a treating physician without

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1343 the consent of the injured person covered by the personal injury
1344 protection, unless the insurer first obtains a valid report by a
1345 Florida physician licensed under the same chapter as the
1346 treating physician whose treatment authorization is sought to be
1347 withdrawn, stating that treatment was not reasonable, related,
1348 or necessary. A valid report is one that is prepared and signed
1349 by the physician examining the injured person or reviewing the
1350 treatment records of the injured person and is factually
1351 supported by the examination and treatment records if reviewed
1352 and that has not been modified by anyone other than the
1353 physician. The physician preparing the report must be in active
1354 practice, unless the physician is physically disabled. Active
1355 practice means that during the 3 years immediately preceding the
1356 date of the physical examination or review of the treatment
1357 records the physician must have devoted professional time to the
1358 active clinical practice of evaluation, diagnosis, or treatment
1359 of medical conditions or to the instruction of students in an
1360 accredited health professional school or accredited residency
1361 program or a clinical research program that is affiliated with
1362 an accredited health professional school or teaching hospital or
1363 accredited residency program. The physician preparing a report
1364 at the request of an insurer and physicians rendering expert
1365 opinions on behalf of persons claiming medical benefits for
1366 personal injury protection, or on behalf of an insured through
1367 an attorney or another entity, shall maintain, for at least 3
1368 years, copies of all examination reports as medical records and
1369 shall maintain, for at least 3 years, records of all payments
1370 for the examinations and reports. Neither an insurer nor any

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1371 person acting at the direction of or on behalf of an insurer may
1372 materially change an opinion in a report prepared under this
1373 paragraph or direct the physician preparing the report to change
1374 such opinion. The denial of a payment as the result of such a
1375 changed opinion constitutes a material misrepresentation under
1376 s. 626.9541(1)(i)2.; however, this provision does not preclude
1377 the insurer from calling to the attention of the physician
1378 errors of fact in the report based upon information in the claim
1379 file.

1380 (b) If requested by the person examined, a party causing
1381 an examination to be made shall deliver to him or her a copy of
1382 every written report concerning the examination rendered by an
1383 examining physician, at least one of which reports must set out
1384 the examining physician's findings and conclusions in detail.
1385 After such request and delivery, the party causing the
1386 examination to be made is entitled, upon request, to receive
1387 from the person examined every written report available to him
1388 or her or his or her representative concerning any examination,
1389 previously or thereafter made, of the same mental or physical
1390 condition. By requesting and obtaining a report of the
1391 examination so ordered, or by taking the deposition of the
1392 examiner, the person examined waives any privilege he or she may
1393 have, in relation to the claim for benefits, regarding the
1394 testimony of every other person who has examined, or may
1395 thereafter examine, him or her in respect to the same mental or
1396 physical condition. If a person unreasonably refuses to submit
1397 to or fails to appear at an examination, the personal injury
1398 protection carrier is no longer liable for subsequent personal

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1399 injury protection benefits. An insured's refusal to submit to or
1400 failure to appear at two examinations raises a rebuttable
1401 presumption that the insured's refusal or failure was
1402 unreasonable.

1403 (8) APPLICABILITY OF PROVISION REGULATING ATTORNEY
1404 ATTORNEY'S FEES.—With respect to any dispute under the
1405 provisions of ss. 627.730–627.7405 between the insured and the
1406 insurer, or between an assignee of an insured's rights and the
1407 insurer, the provisions of ss. ~~s.~~ 627.428 and 768.79 shall
1408 apply, except as provided in subsections (10) and (15), and
1409 except that any attorney fees recovered must:

1410 (a) Comply with prevailing professional standards;

1411 (b) Not overstate or inflate the number of hours
1412 reasonably necessary for a case of comparable skill or
1413 complexity; and

1414 (c) Represent legal services that are reasonable and
1415 necessary to achieve the result obtained.

1416
1417 Upon request by either party, a judge must make written
1418 findings, substantiated by evidence presented at trial or any
1419 hearings associated therewith, that any award of attorney fees
1420 complies with this subsection. Notwithstanding s. 627.428,
1421 attorney fees recovered under ss. 627.730–627.7405 must be
1422 calculated without regard to a contingency risk multiplier.

1423 (9) PREFERRED PROVIDERS.—An insurer may negotiate and
1424 contract enter into contracts with preferred licensed health
1425 care providers for the benefits described in this section,
1426 referred to in this section as "preferred providers," which

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1427 ~~shall~~ include health care providers licensed under chapter
1428 ~~chapters~~ 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or chapter
1429 ~~and~~ 463. The insurer may provide an option to an insured to use
1430 a preferred provider at the time of purchasing ~~purchase~~ of the
1431 policy for personal injury protection benefits, if the
1432 requirements of this subsection are met. If the insured elects
1433 to use a provider who is not a preferred provider, whether the
1434 insured purchased a preferred provider policy or a nonpreferred
1435 provider policy, the medical benefits provided by the insurer
1436 shall be as required by this section. If the insured elects to
1437 use a provider who is a preferred provider, the insurer may pay
1438 medical benefits in excess of the benefits required by this
1439 section and may waive or lower the amount of any deductible that
1440 applies to such medical benefits. If the insurer offers a
1441 preferred provider policy to a policyholder or applicant, it
1442 must also offer a nonpreferred provider policy. The insurer
1443 shall provide each insured ~~policyholder~~ with a current roster of
1444 preferred providers in the county in which the insured resides
1445 at the time of purchase of such policy, and shall make such list
1446 available for public inspection during regular business hours at
1447 the insurer's principal office ~~of the insurer~~ within the state.

1448 (10) DEMAND LETTER.—

1449 (a) As a condition precedent to filing any action for
1450 benefits under this section, ~~the insurer must be provided with~~
1451 written notice of an intent to initiate litigation must be
1452 provided to the insurer. Such notice may not be sent until the
1453 claim is overdue, including any additional time the insurer has
1454 to pay the claim pursuant to paragraph (4) (b).

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1455 (b) The notice must ~~required shall~~ state that it is a
1456 "demand letter under s. 627.736(10)" and ~~shall~~ state with
1457 specificity:

1458 1. The name of the insured upon which such benefits are
1459 being sought, including a copy of the assignment giving rights
1460 to the claimant if the claimant is not the insured.

1461 2. The claim number or policy number upon which such claim
1462 was originally submitted to the insurer.

1463 3. To the extent applicable, the name of any medical
1464 provider who rendered to an insured the treatment, services,
1465 accommodations, or supplies that form the basis of such claim;
1466 and an itemized statement specifying each exact amount, the date
1467 of treatment, service, or accommodation, and the type of benefit
1468 claimed to be due. A completed form satisfying the requirements
1469 of paragraph (5)(d) or the lost-wage statement previously
1470 submitted may be used as the itemized statement. To the extent
1471 that the demand involves an insurer's withdrawal of payment
1472 under paragraph (7)(a) for future treatment not yet rendered,
1473 the claimant shall attach a copy of the insurer's notice
1474 withdrawing such payment and an itemized statement of the type,
1475 frequency, and duration of future treatment claimed to be
1476 reasonable and medically necessary.

1477 (c) Each notice required by this subsection must be
1478 delivered to the insurer by United States certified or
1479 registered mail, return receipt requested. Such postal costs
1480 shall be reimbursed by the insurer if ~~so~~ requested by the
1481 claimant in the notice, when the insurer pays the claim. Such
1482 notice must be sent to the person and address specified by the

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1483 insurer for the purposes of receiving notices under this
1484 subsection. Each licensed insurer, whether domestic, foreign, or
1485 alien, shall file with the office ~~designation of~~ the name and
1486 address of the designated person to whom notices must ~~pursuant~~
1487 ~~to this subsection shall~~ be sent which the office shall make
1488 available on its Internet website. The name and address on file
1489 with the office pursuant to s. 624.422 are ~~shall be~~ deemed the
1490 authorized representative to accept notice pursuant to this
1491 subsection if ~~in the event~~ no other designation has been made.

1492 (d) If, within 30 days after receipt of notice by the
1493 insurer, the overdue claim specified in the notice is paid by
1494 the insurer together with applicable interest and a penalty of
1495 10 percent of the overdue amount paid by the insurer, subject to
1496 a maximum penalty of \$250, no action may be brought against the
1497 insurer. If the demand involves an insurer's withdrawal of
1498 payment under paragraph (7) (a) for future treatment not yet
1499 rendered, no action may be brought against the insurer if,
1500 within 30 days after its receipt of the notice, the insurer
1501 mails to the person filing the notice a written statement of the
1502 insurer's agreement to pay for such treatment in accordance with
1503 the notice and to pay a penalty of 10 percent, subject to a
1504 maximum penalty of \$250, when it pays for such future treatment
1505 in accordance with the requirements of this section. To the
1506 extent the insurer determines not to pay any amount demanded,
1507 the penalty is ~~shall~~ not ~~be~~ payable in any subsequent action.
1508 For purposes of this subsection, payment or the insurer's
1509 agreement shall be treated as being made on the date a draft or
1510 other valid instrument that is equivalent to payment, or the

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1511 insurer's written statement of agreement, is placed in the
1512 United States mail in a properly addressed, postpaid envelope,
1513 or if not so posted, on the date of delivery. The insurer is not
1514 obligated to pay any attorney ~~attorney's~~ fees if the insurer
1515 pays the claim or mails its agreement to pay for future
1516 treatment within the time prescribed by this subsection.

1517 (e) The applicable statute of limitation for an action
1518 under this section shall be tolled for a ~~period of~~ 30 business
1519 days by the mailing of the notice required by this subsection.

1520 ~~(f) Any insurer making a general business practice of not~~
1521 ~~paying valid claims until receipt of the notice required by this~~
1522 ~~subsection is engaging in an unfair trade practice under the~~
1523 ~~insurance code.~~

1524 (11) FAILURE TO PAY VALID CLAIMS; UNFAIR OR DECEPTIVE
1525 PRACTICE.—

1526 (a) ~~If An insurer fails to pay valid claims for personal~~
1527 ~~injury protection with such frequency so as to indicate a~~
1528 ~~general business practice, the insurer is engaging in a~~
1529 prohibited unfair or deceptive practice that is subject to the
1530 penalties provided in s. 626.9521 and the office has the powers
1531 and duties specified in ss. 626.9561-626.9601 if the insurer,
1532 with such frequency so as to indicate a general business
1533 practice: with respect thereto

1534 1. Fails to pay valid claims for personal injury
1535 protection; or

1536 2. Fails to pay valid claims until receipt of the notice
1537 required by subsection (10).

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1538 (b) Notwithstanding s. 501.212, the Department of Legal
1539 Affairs may investigate and initiate actions for a violation of
1540 this subsection, including, but not limited to, the powers and
1541 duties specified in part II of chapter 501.

1542 (17) NONREIMBURSIBLE CLAIMS.-Claims generated as a result
1543 of activities that are unlawful pursuant to s. 817.505 are not
1544 reimbursable under the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law.

1545 Section 11. Effective December 1, 2012, subsection (16) of
1546 section 627.736, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1547 627.736 Required personal injury protection benefits;
1548 exclusions; priority; claims.-

1549 (16) SECURE ELECTRONIC DATA TRANSFER.-~~If all parties~~
1550 ~~mutually and expressly agree,~~ A notice, documentation,
1551 transmission, or communication of any kind required or
1552 authorized under ss. 627.730-627.7405 may be transmitted
1553 electronically if it is transmitted by secure electronic data
1554 transfer that is consistent with state and federal privacy and
1555 security laws.

1556 Section 12. Section 627.7405, Florida Statutes, is amended
1557 to read:

1558 627.7405 Insurers' right of reimbursement.-

1559 (1) Notwithstanding ~~any other provisions of~~ ss. 627.730-
1560 627.7405, an ~~any~~ insurer providing personal injury protection
1561 benefits on a private passenger motor vehicle shall have, to the
1562 extent of any personal injury protection benefits paid to any
1563 person as a benefit arising out of such private passenger motor
1564 vehicle insurance, a right of reimbursement against the owner or
1565 the insurer of the owner of a commercial motor vehicle, if the
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1566 benefits paid result from such person having been an occupant of
1567 the commercial motor vehicle or having been struck by the
1568 commercial motor vehicle while not an occupant of any self-
1569 propelled vehicle.

1570 (2) The insurer's right of reimbursement under this
1571 section does not apply to an owner or registrant as identified
1572 in s. 627.733(1)(b).

1573 Section 13. Subsections (1), (10), and (13) of section
1574 817.234, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1575 817.234 False and fraudulent insurance claims.-

1576 (1)(a) A person commits insurance fraud punishable as
1577 provided in subsection (11) if that person, with the intent to
1578 injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer:

1579 1. Presents or causes to be presented any written or oral
1580 statement as part of, or in support of, a claim for payment or
1581 other benefit pursuant to an insurance policy or a health
1582 maintenance organization subscriber or provider contract,
1583 knowing that such statement contains any false, incomplete, or
1584 misleading information concerning any fact or thing material to
1585 such claim;

1586 2. Prepares or makes any written or oral statement that is
1587 intended to be presented to any insurer in connection with, or
1588 in support of, any claim for payment or other benefit pursuant
1589 to an insurance policy or a health maintenance organization
1590 subscriber or provider contract, knowing that such statement
1591 contains any false, incomplete, or misleading information
1592 concerning any fact or thing material to such claim; ~~or~~

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1593 3.a. Knowingly presents, causes to be presented, or
1594 prepares or makes with knowledge or belief that it will be
1595 presented to any insurer, purported insurer, servicing
1596 corporation, insurance broker, or insurance agent, or any
1597 employee or agent thereof, any false, incomplete, or misleading
1598 information or written or oral statement as part of, or in
1599 support of, an application for the issuance of, or the rating
1600 of, any insurance policy, or a health maintenance organization
1601 subscriber or provider contract; or

1602 b. ~~Who~~ Knowingly conceals information concerning any fact
1603 material to such application; ~~or-~~

1604 4. Knowingly presents, causes to be presented, or prepares
1605 or makes with knowledge or belief that it will be presented to
1606 any insurer a claim for payment or other benefit under a
1607 personal injury protection insurance policy if the person knows
1608 that the payee knowingly submitted a false, misleading, or
1609 fraudulent application or other document when applying for
1610 licensure as a health care clinic, seeking an exemption from
1611 licensure as a health care clinic, or demonstrating compliance
1612 with part X of chapter 400.

1613 (b) All claims and application forms must ~~shall~~ contain a
1614 statement that is approved by the Office of Insurance Regulation
1615 of the Financial Services Commission which clearly states in
1616 substance the following: "Any person who knowingly and with
1617 intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a
1618 statement of claim or an application containing any false,
1619 incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of
1620 the third degree." This paragraph does ~~shall~~ not apply to

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1621 reinsurance contracts, reinsurance agreements, or reinsurance
1622 claims transactions.

1623 (10) A licensed health care practitioner who is found
1624 guilty of insurance fraud under this section for an act relating
1625 to a personal injury protection insurance policy loses his or
1626 her license to practice for 5 years and may not receive
1627 reimbursement for personal injury protection benefits for 10
1628 years. As used in this section, the term "insurer" means any
1629 insurer, health maintenance organization, self-insurer, self-
1630 insurance fund, or other similar entity or person regulated
1631 under chapter 440 or chapter 641 or by the Office of Insurance
1632 Regulation under the Florida Insurance Code.

1633 (13) As used in this section, the term:

1634 (a) "Insurer" means any insurer, health maintenance
1635 organization, self-insurer, self-insurance fund, or similar
1636 entity or person regulated under chapter 440 or chapter 641 or
1637 by the Office of Insurance Regulation under the Florida
1638 Insurance Code.

1639 (b) ~~(a)~~ "Property" means property as defined in s. 812.012.

1640 (c) ~~(b)~~ "Value" means value as defined in s. 812.012.

1641 Section 14. Subsection (4) of section 316.065, Florida
1642 Statutes, is amended to read:

1643 316.065 Crashes; reports; penalties.-

1644 (4) Any person who knowingly repairs a motor vehicle
1645 without having made a report as required by subsection (3) is
1646 guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as
1647 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. The owner and driver of a
1648 vehicle involved in a crash who makes a report thereof in

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1649 accordance with subsection (1) ~~or s. 316.066(1)~~ is not liable
1650 under this section.

1651 Section 15. (1) Within 60 days after the effective date
1652 of this section, the Office of Insurance Regulation shall enter
1653 into a contract with an independent consultant to calculate the
1654 savings expected as a result of this act. The contract shall
1655 require the use of generally accepted actuarial techniques and
1656 standards as provided in s. 627.0651, Florida Statutes, in
1657 determining the expected impact on losses and expenses. By
1658 September 15, 2012, the office shall submit to the Governor, the
1659 President of Senate, and the Speaker of the House of
1660 Representatives a report concerning the results of the
1661 independent consultant's calculations.

1662 (2) By October 1, 2012, an insurer writing private
1663 passenger automobile personal injury protection insurance in
1664 this state shall make a rate filing with the Office of Insurance
1665 Regulation. A rate certification is not sufficient to satisfy
1666 this requirement. If the insurer requests a rate in excess of a
1667 10-percent reduction as applied to the current rate in its
1668 overall base rate for personal injury protection insurance, the
1669 insurer must include in its rate filing a detailed explanation
1670 of the reasons for failure to achieve a 10-percent reduction.

1671 (3) By January 1, 2014, an insurer writing private
1672 passenger automobile personal injury protection insurance in
1673 this state shall make a rate filing with the Office of Insurance
1674 Regulation. A rate certification is not sufficient to satisfy
1675 this requirement. If the insurer requests a rate in excess of a
1676 25-percent reduction as applied to the rate in effect as of the

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1677 effective date of this act in its overall base rate for personal
1678 injury protection insurance since the effective date of this
1679 act, the insurer must include in its rate filing a detailed
1680 explanation of the reasons for failure to achieve a 25-percent
1681 reduction.

1682 (4) If an insurer fails to provide the detailed
1683 explanation required by subsection (2) or subsection (3), the
1684 Office of Insurance Regulation shall order the insurer to stop
1685 writing new personal injury protection policies in this state
1686 until it provides the required explanation.

1687 (5) The sum of \$200,000 of nonrecurring revenue is
1688 appropriated from the Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund to the
1689 Office of Insurance Regulation for the purpose of implementing
1690 the requirements of subsection (1) during the 2011-2012 fiscal
1691 year. Any unexpended balance of the appropriation at the end of
1692 the fiscal year shall be carried forward and be available for
1693 expenditure during the 2012-2013 fiscal year. Notwithstanding s.
1694 287.057, Florida Statutes, the office may retain an independent
1695 consultant to implement the requirements of subsection (1)
1696 without a competitive solicitation.

1697 (6) This section shall take effect upon this act becoming
1698 a law.

1699 Section 16. The Office of Insurance Regulation shall
1700 perform a comprehensive personal injury protection data call and
1701 publish the results by January 1, 2015. It is the intent of the
1702 Legislature that the office design the data call with the
1703 expectation that the Legislature will use the data to help
1704 evaluate market conditions relating to the Florida Motor Vehicle

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1705 No-Fault Law and the impact on the market of reforms to the law
1706 made by this act. The elements of the data call must address,
1707 but need not be limited to, the following components of the
1708 Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law:

- 1709 (1) Quantity of personal injury protection claims.
- 1710 (2) Type or nature of claimants.
- 1711 (3) Amount and type of personal injury protection benefits
1712 paid and expenses incurred.
- 1713 (4) Type and quantity of, and charges for, medical
1714 benefits.
- 1715 (5) Attorney fees related to bringing and defending
1716 actions for benefits.
- 1717 (6) Direct earned premiums for personal injury protection
1718 coverage, pure loss ratios, pure premiums, and other information
1719 related to premiums and losses.
- 1720 (7) Licensed drivers and accidents.
- 1721 (8) Fraud and enforcement.

1722 Section 17. If any provision of this act or its
1723 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
1724 invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of
1725 the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision
1726 or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are
1727 severable.

1728 Section 18. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
1729 act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2012.

1731 -----

1732 **T I T L E A M E N D M E N T**

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1733 Remove lines 1553-1667 of the amendment and insert:
1734 An act relating to motor vehicle personal injury
1735 protection insurance; amending s. 316.066, F.S.;
1736 revising the conditions for completing the long-form
1737 traffic crash report; revising the information
1738 contained in the short-form and long-form reports;
1739 revising the requirements relating to the driver's
1740 responsibility for submitting a report for crashes not
1741 requiring a law enforcement report; amending s.
1742 400.9905, F.S.; providing that certain entities exempt
1743 from licensure as a health care clinic must
1744 nonetheless be licensed in order to receive
1745 reimbursement for the provision of personal injury
1746 protection benefits; amending s. 400.991, F.S.;
1747 requiring that an application for licensure, or
1748 exemption from licensure, as a health care clinic
1749 include a statement regarding insurance fraud;
1750 amending s. 626.989, F.S.; providing that knowingly
1751 submitting false, misleading, or fraudulent documents
1752 relating to licensure as a health care clinic, or
1753 submitting a claim for personal injury protection
1754 relating to clinic licensure documents, is a
1755 fraudulent insurance act under certain conditions;
1756 amending s. 626.9541, F.S.; specifying an additional
1757 unfair claim settlement practice; creating s.
1758 626.9895, F.S.; providing definitions; authorizing the
1759 Division of Insurance Fraud of the Department of
1760 Financial Services to establish a direct-support

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1761 organization for the purpose of prosecuting,
1762 investigating, and preventing motor vehicle insurance
1763 fraud; providing requirements for, and duties of, the
1764 organization; requiring that the organization operate
1765 pursuant to a contract with the division; providing
1766 for the requirements of the contract; providing for a
1767 board of directors; authorizing the organization to
1768 use the division's property and facilities subject to
1769 certain requirements; requiring that the department
1770 adopt rules relating to procedures for the
1771 organization's governance and relating to conditions
1772 for the use of the division's property or facilities;
1773 authorizing contributions from insurers; authorizing
1774 any moneys received by the organization to be held in
1775 a separate depository account in the name of the
1776 organization; requiring that the division deposit
1777 certain proceeds into the Insurance Regulatory Trust
1778 Fund; creating s. 627.7311, F.S.; specifying the
1779 effects of the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law;
1780 requiring compliance with provisions regardless of
1781 their expression in policy forms; amending s. 627.732,
1782 F.S.; providing definitions; amending s. 627.736,
1783 F.S.; revising the cap on benefits to provide that
1784 death benefits are in addition to medical and
1785 disability benefits; revising medical benefits;
1786 distinguishing between initial and followup services;
1787 excluding massage and acupuncture from medical
1788 benefits that may be reimbursed under the Florida

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1789 Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law; adding physical therapists
1790 to the list of providers that may provide services;
1791 requiring that an insurer repay any benefits covered
1792 by the Medicaid program; requiring that an insurer
1793 provide a claimant an opportunity to revise claims
1794 that contain errors; authorizing an insurer to provide
1795 notice to the claimant and conduct an investigation if
1796 fraud is suspected; requiring that an insurer create
1797 and maintain a log of personal injury protection
1798 benefits paid and that the insurer provide to the
1799 insured or an assignee of the insured, upon request, a
1800 copy of the log if litigation is commenced; revising
1801 the Medicare fee schedules that an insurer may use as
1802 a basis for limiting reimbursement of personal injury
1803 protection benefits; providing that the Medicare fee
1804 schedule in effect on a specific date applies for
1805 purposes of limiting reimbursement; requiring that an
1806 insurer that limits payments based on the statutory
1807 fee schedule include a notice in insurance policies at
1808 the time of issuance or renewal; deleting obsolete
1809 provisions; providing that certain entities exempt
1810 from licensure as a clinic must nonetheless be
1811 licensed to receive reimbursement for the provision of
1812 personal injury protection benefits; providing
1813 exceptions; requiring that an insurer notify parties
1814 in disputes over personal injury protection claims
1815 when policy limits are reached; providing that an
1816 insured must comply with the terms of the policy,

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1817 including submission to examinations under oath;
1818 requiring that an insured not fail to appear at an
1819 examination; providing for a rebuttable presumption
1820 that a refusal of or failure to appear at an
1821 examination is unreasonable in certain circumstances;
1822 providing criteria for the award of attorney fees;
1823 providing a presumption regarding the use of a
1824 contingency risk multiplier; consolidating provisions
1825 relating to unfair or deceptive practices under
1826 certain conditions; specifying that claims generated
1827 as a result of certain unlawful activities are not
1828 reimbursable; eliminating a requirement that all
1829 parties mutually and expressly agree to the use of
1830 electronic transmission of data; amending s. 627.7405,
1831 F.S.; providing an exception from an insurer's right
1832 of reimbursement for certain owners or registrants;
1833 amending s. 817.234, F.S.; providing that it is
1834 insurance fraud to present a claim for personal injury
1835 protection benefits payable to a person or entity that
1836 knowingly submitted false, misleading, or fraudulent
1837 documents relating to licensure as a health care
1838 clinic; providing that a licensed health care
1839 practitioner guilty of certain insurance fraud loses
1840 his or her license and may not receive reimbursement
1841 for personal injury protection benefits for a
1842 specified period; defining the term "insurer";
1843 amending s. 316.065, F.S.; conforming a cross-
1844 reference; authorizing the Office of Insurance

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1845 Regulation to make contracts for certain purposes;
1846 requiring a report; requiring insurers writing private
1847 passenger automobile personal injury protection
1848 insurance to make certain rate filings; providing
1849 sanctions for failure to make the filings as required;
1850 providing an appropriation; providing for carryforward
1851 of any unexpended balance of the appropriation;
1852 requiring that the Office of Insurance Regulation
1853 perform a data call relating to personal injury
1854 protection; prescribing required elements of the data
1855 call; providing for severability; providing effective
1856 dates.