A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to noncriminal traffic infractions; 3 creating s. 316.0077, F.S.; providing for testing of 4 certain unattended devices used to enforce traffic 5 laws; providing that such devices used to enforce 6 speed limit laws are also subject to specified 7 provisions; providing civil fines for violations; 8 amending s. 318.14, F.S.; specifying that, at a 9 hearing of any charge of a noncriminal traffic 10 infraction, the burden for proving guilt rests with 11 the government entity bringing the charge; specifying that a person may not be compelled to be a witness 12 13 against himself or herself in any hearing of a 14 noncriminal traffic infraction; specifying that any 15 person charged with a violation that involves a 16 traffic infraction detector or any similar device has 17 the right to confront any witnesses against him or her; requiring that evidence obtained from such device 18 19 must be authenticated in court by certain persons who 20 must appear in person and offer direct testimony and 21 account in writing for any evidence used; providing 22 for witness compensation pursuant to specified 23 provisions; providing that a person receiving a notice 24 of violation involving such device has the option of 25 paying a fine or requesting a hearing without further 26 issuance of a traffic citation and may not be charged 27 a surcharge for requesting the hearing; providing that 28 there shall be no prosecution of a traffic infraction

Page 1 of 5

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

based upon evidence from such device and a notice of violation or citation based on such device is void unless the device has passed specified accuracy test; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 316.0077, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

316.0077 Unattended traffic law enforcement devices.-

- (1) (a) Any traffic infraction detector or similar unattended device used to enforce the traffic laws of this state must be tested for accuracy at least once every 6 months. Such accuracy test shall consist of, at a minimum:
- 1. The length of time a traffic control device monitored by the detector or similar device exhibits a yellow signal, if applicable.
- 2. The amount of time elapsed, in milliseconds, between the alleged violation and the capturing of any photograph or video.
- 3. Real-time verification that the vehicle or device used for the accuracy test provides a valid test of the response of the traffic infraction detector or similar unattended device used to enforce the traffic laws of this state to an actual potential violator.
- (b) Any traffic infraction detector or other unattended device used to enforce the unlawful speed laws of this state is also subject to s. 316.1905.

Page 2 of 5

and conducted by a private company that does not have any interest in the outcome of the accuracy check. A government agency or company that gives away, leases, or sells traffic infraction detectors or similar unattended devices used to enforce the traffic laws of this state or any affiliate of such company may not perform the accuracy check. Any company operating a traffic infraction detector or similar unattended device used to enforce the traffic laws of this state shall provide access and cooperation for the accuracy check, shall pay the costs of the accuracy check, and may not charge for access.

- (3) A person engaged in the process of an accuracy check does not commit a violation of this chapter unless the check is conducted in a reckless manner.
- (4) A government agency or a company that operates, gives away, leases, or sells traffic infraction detectors or similar unattended devices used to enforce the traffic laws of this state that violates this section shall pay a civil fine of not less than \$500 per incident to the person aggrieved.
- Section 2. Subsection (6) of section 318.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 318.14 Noncriminal traffic infractions; exception; procedures.—
- (6) (a) The commission of a charged infraction at a hearing under this chapter must be proved beyond a reasonable doubt.
- (b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, in any hearing of a charge of a noncriminal traffic infraction, the burden of proving guilt rests upon the government entity

Page 3 of 5

bringing the charge. A person appearing in any such hearing may not be compelled to be a witness against himself or herself.

- (c) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, in any prosecution involving a traffic infraction detector or similar unattended device used to enforce traffic laws of this state, a person so charged has the right to confront the witnesses against him or her. Any evidence obtained from such device must be authenticated in court by the person receiving or processing such evidence, any person having reviewed such evidence in order to make a decision to file a notice of violation, and any person that issued the notice of violation or traffic citation. An affidavit is not sufficient to authenticate such evidence, and such evidence must be accounted for in writing from the time of the alleged violation until the issuance of a notice of violation or traffic citation. Compensation of any witness for the prosecution shall be provided as required in s. 92.143.
- (d) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a person receiving a notice of violation involving a traffic infraction detector or similar unattended device used to enforce traffic laws of this state has the option of requesting a hearing or paying a fine. If the person so charged requests a hearing, no payment or fee may be required prior to conviction and no further traffic citations may be issued to such person based on the violation for which a hearing was requested.
- (e) There shall be no prosecution of a charge for an alleged violation based on evidence from a traffic infraction detector or similar unattended device used to enforce traffic laws of this state, and a notice of violation or citation based

on such device is void unless the device has passed the accuracy test specified in s. 316.0077.

115

Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

Page 5 of 5