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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the sale or lease of a county, district, or municipal hospital; amending s. 155.40, F.S.; requiring the hospital governing board to evaluate the benefits to the affected community of the sale or lease of certain hospital facilities; requiring the board to conduct public hearings and publish notice of the findings; directing the board to determine by certain public advertisements whether there are qualified purchasers or lessees before the sale or lease of such hospital; providing definitions; requiring the board to state in writing specified criteria forming the basis of its acceptance of a proposal for sale or lease of the hospital; providing for publication of notice; providing a period following such notice for submission of written comments regarding the proposed transaction; providing that the sale or lease of a county, district, or municipal hospital is subject to approval by the Chief Financial Officer or registered voters if required by law; requiring the board to file a petition for approval with the Chief Financial Officer; specifying information to be included in such petition; providing for the Chief Financial Officer to issue an order requiring all interested parties to appear at a hearing regarding such petition; requiring the Chief Financial Officer or his or her designee to issue a final order approving or denying the proposed

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transaction; providing for a party to the action to seek judicial review; requiring that the reviewing court affirm the judgment of the Chief Financial Officer unless the decision is arbitrary, capricious, or not in compliance with the act; requiring the board to pay costs associated with the petition for approval unless a party contests the action; providing for deposit of proceeds from the sale or lease of a hospital partially in an economic development trust fund of the county and partially for funding indigent and uncompensated care; providing for deposit or use of ad valorem tax revenue from the formerly tax-exempt property if the sale or lease is to a for-profit corporation or other business entity; authorizing the county commission, in consultation with the Department of Economic Opportunity, to oversee the use and distribution of the funds in an economic development trust fund of a county; providing an exemption for certain sale or lease transactions completed before a specified date; creating s. 155.401, F.S.; authorizing a special taxing district to tax or appropriate funds to an economic development trust fund in order to promote and support economic growth in the district and county; amending s. 395.3036, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 155.40, Florida Statutes, is amended, present subsection (4) is renumbered as subsection (5) and amended, present subsections (5) through (8) are renumbered as subsections (17) through (20), respectively, and new subsections (4) and (6) through (16) are added to that section, to read:

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155.40 Sale or lease of county, district, or municipal hospital; effect of sale.—

- In order for that citizens and residents of the state to may receive quality health care, any county, district, or municipal hospital organized and existing under the laws of this state, acting by and through its governing board, may shall have the authority to sell or lease such hospital to a for-profit or not-for-profit Florida corporation, and enter into leases or other contracts with a for-profit or not-for-profit Florida corporation for the purpose of operating and managing such hospital and any or all of its facilities of whatsoever kind and nature. The term of any such lease, contract, or agreement and the conditions, covenants, and agreements to be contained therein shall be determined by the governing board of such county, district, or municipal hospital. The governing board of the hospital must find that the sale, lease, or contract is in the best interests of the affected community public and must state the basis of such finding. If the governing board of a county, district, or municipal hospital decides to lease the hospital, it must give notice in accordance with paragraph (4) (a) or paragraph (4) (b).
 - (4) (a) By July 31, 2012, the governing board of a county,

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district, or municipal hospital shall evaluate the possible benefits to the affected community from the sale or lease of hospital facilities owned by the board. In the course of such evaluation, the board shall:

- 1. Conduct public hearings to provide all interested persons the opportunity to be heard on the matter.
- 2. Publish a notice of all public hearings on the matter in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county in which the majority of the physical assets of the hospital are located and in the Florida Administrative Weekly at least 15 days before any hearing is scheduled to take place.
- 3. Make publicly available all documents considered by the board in the course of such evaluation.
- (b) By September 28, 2012, the board shall publish notice of its findings in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county in which the majority of the physical assets of the hospital are located and in the Florida Administrative Weekly.
- <u>(5) (4)</u> If In the event the governing board of a county, district, or municipal hospital determines that it is no longer in the public interest to own or operate such hospital and elects to consider a sale or lease of the hospital to a third party, the governing board must first determine whether there are any qualified purchasers or lessees. In the process of evaluating any potential purchasers or lessees elects to sell or lease the hospital, the board shall:
- (a) Negotiate the terms of the sale or lease with a forprofit or not-for-profit Florida corporation and Publicly

advertise the meeting at which the proposed sale or lease will be considered by the governing board of the hospital in accordance with s. 286.0105; or

- (b) Publicly advertise the offer to accept proposals in accordance with s. 255.0525 and receive proposals from all interested and qualified purchasers and lessees.
- Any sale or lease must be for fair market value, or, if not for fair market value, any sale or lease must be in the best interest of the affected community. and Any sale or lease must comply with all applicable state and federal antitrust laws.
 - (6) A determination by a governing board to accept a proposal for sale or lease must state, in writing, the findings and basis for accepting the proposal.
 - (a) The governing board's acceptance of a proposal for sale or lease must, at a minimum, reflect a balanced consideration of each of the following:
 - 1. Whether the sale or lease represents fair market value or, if the lease does not represent fair market value, the governing board shall provide a detailed explanation of how the best interests of the affected community are served by the acceptance of less than fair market value. For the purposes of this section, the term "fair market value" means the price that a seller is willing to accept and a buyer is willing to pay on the open market and in an arm's length transaction, or what an independent expert in hospital valuation determines the fair market value to be.
 - 2. Whether acceptance of the proposal will result in a

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reduction or elimination of ad valorem or other taxes for taxpayers in the district.

- 3. Whether the proposal includes an enforceable commitment that existing programs and services and quality health care will continue to be provided to all residents of the affected community, particularly to the indigent, the uninsured, and the underinsured.
- (b) The findings must be accompanied by all information and documents relevant to the governing board's determination, including, but not limited to:
- 1. The names and addresses of all parties to the transaction.
- $\underline{\text{2. The location of the hospital and all related}}$ facilities.
 - 3. A description of the terms of all proposed agreements.
- 4. A copy of the proposed sale or lease agreement and any related agreements, including, but not limited to, leases, management contracts, service contracts, and memoranda of understanding.
- 5. The estimated total value associated with the proposed agreement and the proposed acquisition price and other consideration.
- 6. A valuation of the hospital's assets, including any valuations of the hospital's assets prepared during the 3 years immediately preceding the proposed transaction date.
- 7. Any financial or economic analysis and report from any expert or consultant retained by the governing board.
 - 8. Copies of all other proposals and bids the governing

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board may have received or considered in compliance with subsection (5).

- (7) Within 120 days before the anticipated closing date of the proposed transaction, the governing board shall make publicly available all findings and documents required under subsection (6) and publish a notice of the proposed transaction in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county in which the majority of the physical assets of the hospital are located. The notice must include the names of the parties involved and the means by which a person may submit written comments about the proposed transaction to the governing board and obtain copies of the findings and documents required under subsection (6).
- (8) Within 20 days after the date of publication of the public notice, any interested person may submit to the governing board written comments regarding the proposed transaction.
- (9) The sale or lease of such hospital is subject to approval by the Chief Financial Officer, or alternatively, if otherwise required by law, by approval by majority vote of the registered voters in the county, district, or municipality.
- (a) The governing board shall file with the Chief

 Financial Officer, at least 30 days after publication of the

 notice of the proposed transaction, a petition seeking approval

 of the proposed transaction.
- (b) The petition for approval filed by the governing board must include all findings and documents required under subsection (6) and certification by the governing board of compliance with all requirements of this section.

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(10) Upon the filing of a petition for approval, the Chief Financial Officer or his or her designee shall issue an order requiring all interested parties to appear at a hearing conducted within 30 days after the petition is filed, pursuant to chapter 120, and show why the petition should not be granted. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "interested parties" includes any party submitting a proposal for sale or lease of a county, district, or municipal hospital, as well as the governing board.

- (11) Upon conclusion of all proceedings, the Chief
 Financial Officer or his or her designee shall issue a final
 order approving or denying the proposed transaction based upon
 consideration of whether the requirements of this section have
 been met. The order shall require the governing board to either
 accept or reject the proposal for the sale or lease of the
 county, district, or municipal hospital based upon a
 determination that:
 - (a) The proposed transaction is permitted by law.
- (b) The proposed transaction does not unreasonably exclude a potential purchaser or lessee on the basis of being a forprofit or a not-for-profit Florida corporation, or other form of business organization such as a partnership or limited liability company.
- (c) The governing board publicly advertised the meeting at which the proposed transaction was considered by the board in compliance with s. 286.0105.
- (d) The governing board publicly advertised the offer to accept proposals in compliance with s. 255.0525.

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(e) The governing board acted reasonably and prudently in deciding to dispose of hospital assets, selecting the proposed purchaser or lessee, and negotiating the terms and conditions of the disposition.

- (f) Each conflict of interest was disclosed, including, but not limited to, conflicts of interest relating to members of the governing board and experts retained by the parties to the transaction.
- (g) The seller or lessor will receive fair market value for the assets or, if the lease represents less than fair market value, the public interest of the affected community will be served by accepting less than fair market value.
- (h) The acquiring entity has made an enforceable commitment that existing programs and services and quality health care will continue to be provided to all residents of the affected community, particularly the indigent, the uninsured, and the underinsured.
- (i) The governing board has considered whether the sale or lease will result in a reduction or elimination of ad valorem or other taxes used to support the hospital.
- (12) Any party to the action has the right to seek judicial review of the decision in the appellate district where the hospital is located or in the First District Court of Appeal.
- (a) All proceedings shall be instituted by filing a notice of appeal in accordance with the Florida Rules of Appellate

 Procedure within 30 days after the date of the final order.
 - (b) In such judicial review, the reviewing court shall

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affirm the judgment of the Chief Financial Officer, unless the decision is arbitrary, capricious, or not in compliance with this section.

- (13) All costs shall be paid by the governing board, unless an interested party contests the action, in which case the court may assign costs equitably to the parties.
- (14) If a county, district, or municipal hospital is sold or leased, the governing board shall:
- (a) Deposit 50 percent of the net proceeds of the sale or lease proceeds in an economic development trust fund established by and under the control of the county commission of the county in which the property is located. The use and distribution of the funds shall be at the discretion of a majority of the county commission, which shall serve as trustees of the trust fund. The funds in the economic development trust fund shall be distributed, in consultation with the Department of Economic Opportunity, to promote new business development, research, collaborative investment with the State University System, and the expansion of business economic opportunities within the affected community.
- (b) Appropriate 50 percent of the net proceeds of the sale for the funding of the provision of indigent and uncompensated care on an equitable basis, based on the amount of indigent and uncompensated care provided, to all hospitals within the boundaries of the district.

For the purposes of this subsection, the term "net proceeds" means the sale price after payment of all district debts and

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281 <u>obligations.</u>

(15) If a county, district, or municipal hospital is sold or leased to a for-profit corporation or other business entity subject to local taxation, in addition to the distribution of funds as directed in subsection (14):

- (a) Fifty percent of the resulting county and municipal ad valorem tax revenue from the formerly tax-exempt property shall be deposited in an economic development trust fund established by and under the control of the county commission of the county in which the property is located. The use and distribution of the funds shall be at discretion of a majority of the county commission, which shall serve as trustees of the trust fund. The funds in the economic development trust fund shall be distributed, in consultation with the Department of Economic Opportunity, to promote new or expanded health care business development or research related to health care within the affected community. Such funds may not be distributed to any entity that is related to or in any way affiliated with the subject of the transaction.
- (b) Fifty percent of the resulting county and municipal ad valorem tax revenue from the formerly tax-exempt property shall be appropriated by the county commission for education and law enforcement.
- (16) Any sale or lease completed before January 1, 2012, is not subject to this section. Any lease modifications, renewals, or extensions relating to a hospital that was leased before January 1, 2012, are not subject to this section.

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Section 2. Section 155.401, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

taxing district to tax or appropriate funds to county economic development trust fund.—Notwithstanding any other provision of general or special law, the purposes for which a special taxing district for hospital or other health care purposes may levy taxes or appropriate funds to an economic development trust fund of a county established pursuant to s. 155.40 include the promotion and support of economic growth in the district and in the county in which the district is located and the furthering of the purposes of the district as provided by law.

Section 3. Section 395.3036, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.3036 Confidentiality of records and meetings of corporations that lease public hospitals or other public health care facilities.—The records of a private corporation that leases a public hospital or other public health care facility are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, and the meetings of the governing board of a private corporation are exempt from s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I of the State Constitution if when the public lessor complies with the public finance accountability provisions of s. 155.40(17) 155.40(5) with respect to the transfer of any public funds to the private lessee and if when the private lessee meets at least three of the five following criteria:

(1) The public lessor that owns the public hospital or

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other public health care facility was not the incorporator of the private corporation that leases the public hospital or other health care facility.

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- (2) The public lessor and the private lessee do not commingle any of their funds in any account maintained by either of them, other than the payment of the rent and administrative fees or the transfer of funds pursuant to subsection (5) (2).
- (3) Except as otherwise provided by law, the private lessee is not allowed to participate, except as a member of the public, in the decisionmaking process of the public lessor.
- (4) The lease agreement does not expressly require the lessee to comply with the requirements of ss. 119.07(1) and 286.011.
- (5) The public lessor is not entitled to receive any revenues from the lessee, except for rental or administrative fees due under the lease, and the lessor is not responsible for the debts or other obligations of the lessee.
- 354 Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.

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