A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to domestic wastewater discharged 3 through ocean outfalls; amending s. 403.086, F.S.; 4 postponing the dates by which domestic wastewater 5 facilities must meet more stringent treatment and 6 management requirements; providing exceptions; 7 revising the definition of the term "functioning reuse 8 system"; changing the term "facility's actual flow on 9 an annual basis" to "baseline flow"; revising plan 10 requirements for the elimination of ocean outfalls; 11 providing that certain utilities that shared a common 12 ocean outfall on a specified date are individually responsible for meeting the reuse requirement; 13 14 authorizing those utilities to enter into binding 15 agreements to share or transfer responsibility for 16 meeting reuse requirements; revising provisions 17 authorizing the backup discharge of domestic wastewater through ocean outfalls; requiring a holder 18 19 of a department permit authorizing the discharge of 20 domestic wastewater through an ocean outfall to submit 21 certain information; requiring the Department of 22 Environmental Protection, the South Florida Water 23 Management District, and affected utilities to 24 consider certain information for the purpose of 25 adjusting reuse requirements; requiring the department 26 to submit a report to the Legislature; providing an 27 effective date. 28

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (9) of section 403.086, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

403.086 Sewage disposal facilities; advanced and secondary waste treatment.—

- (9) The Legislature finds that the discharge of domestic wastewater through ocean outfalls wastes valuable water supplies that should be reclaimed for beneficial purposes to meet public and natural systems demands. The Legislature also finds that discharge of domestic wastewater through ocean outfalls compromises the coastal environment, quality of life, and local economies that depend on those resources. The Legislature declares that more stringent treatment and management requirements for such domestic wastewater and the subsequent, timely elimination of ocean outfalls as a primary means of domestic wastewater discharge are in the public interest.
- (a) The construction of new ocean outfalls for domestic wastewater discharge and the expansion of existing ocean outfalls for this purpose, along with associated pumping and piping systems, are prohibited. Each domestic wastewater ocean outfall shall be limited to the discharge capacity specified in the department permit authorizing the outfall in effect on July 1, 2008, which discharge capacity shall not be increased.

 Maintenance of existing, department-authorized domestic wastewater ocean outfalls and associated pumping and piping systems is allowed, subject to the requirements of this section. The department is directed to work with the United States

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Environmental Protection Agency to ensure that the requirements of this subsection are implemented consistently for all domestic wastewater facilities in Florida which discharge through ocean outfalls.

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(b) The discharge of domestic wastewater through ocean outfalls must shall meet advanced wastewater treatment and management requirements by December 31, 2020 no later than December 31, 2018. For purposes of this subsection, the term "advanced wastewater treatment and management requirements" means the advanced waste treatment requirements set forth in subsection (4), a reduction in outfall baseline loadings of total nitrogen and total phosphorus which is equivalent to that which would be achieved by the advanced waste treatment requirements in subsection (4), or a reduction in cumulative outfall loadings of total nitrogen and total phosphorus occurring between December 31, 2008, and December 31, 2025, which is equivalent to that which would be achieved if the advanced waste treatment requirements in subsection (4) were fully implemented beginning December 31, 2020 2018, and continued through December 31, 2025. The department shall establish the average baseline loadings of total nitrogen and total phosphorus for each outfall using monitoring data available for calendar years 2003 through 2007 and shall establish required loading reductions based on this baseline. The baseline loadings and required loading reductions of total nitrogen and total phosphorus shall be expressed as an average annual daily loading value. The advanced wastewater treatment and management requirements of this paragraph are shall be

deemed to be met for any domestic wastewater facility discharging through an ocean outfall on July 1, 2008, which has installed by no later than December 31, 2018, a fully operational reuse system comprising 100 percent of the facility's annual average daily flow for reuse activities authorized by the department.

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- (c)1. Each utility that had a permit for a domestic wastewater facility that discharged discharges through an ocean outfall on July 1, 2008, must shall install a functioning reuse system by no later than December 31, 2025. For purposes of this subsection, a "functioning reuse system" means an environmentally, economically, and technically feasible system that provides a minimum of 60 percent of a the facility's baseline actual flow or, for utilities operating more than one facility, 60 percent of the utility's entire wastewater system flow on an annual basis on December 31, 2025. Reuse may be on an annual basis for irrigation of public access areas, residential properties, or agricultural crops; aguifer recharge; groundwater recharge; industrial cooling; or other acceptable reuse purposes authorized by the department. For purposes of this subsection, the term "baseline flow" "facility's actual flow on an annual basis" means the annual average flow of domestic wastewater discharging through the facility's ocean outfall, as determined by the department, using monitoring data available for calendar years 2003 through 2007.
- 2. Flows diverted from facilities to other facilities that provide 100 percent reuse of the diverted flows <u>before</u> prior to December 31, 2025, <u>are shall be</u> considered to contribute to

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meeting the 60 percent reuse requirement. For utilities operating more than one outfall, the reuse requirement may can be apportioned between the met if the combined actual reuse flows from facilities served by the outfalls is at least 60 percent of the sum of the total actual flows from the facilities, including flows diverted to other facilities for 100 percent reuse before prior to December 31, 2025. Utilities that shared a common ocean outfall for the discharge of domestic wastewater on July 1, 2008, regardless of which utility operates the ocean outfall, are individually responsible for meeting the reuse requirement and may enter into binding agreements to share or transfer such responsibility among the utilities. If In the event treatment in addition to the advanced wastewater treatment and management requirements described in paragraph (b) is needed in order to support a functioning reuse system, the such treatment must shall be fully operational by no later than December 31, 2025.

outfalls is prohibited after December 31, 2025, except as a backup discharge that is part of a functioning reuse system or other wastewater management system authorized by the department as provided for in paragraph (c). Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a backup discharge may occur only during periods of reduced demand for reclaimed water in the reuse system, such as periods of wet weather, or as the result of peak flows from other wastewater management systems, and must shall comply with the advanced wastewater treatment and management requirements of paragraph (b). Peak flow backup discharges from

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other wastewater management systems may not cumulatively exceed

5 percent of a facility's baseline flow, measured as a 5-year

rolling average, and are subject to applicable secondary waste

treatment and water-quality-based effluent limitations specified

in department rules. When in compliance with the effluent

limitations, the peak flow backup discharges shall be deemed to

meet the advanced wastewater treatment and management

requirements of this subsection.

- (e) The holder of a department permit authorizing the discharge of domestic wastewater through an ocean outfall as of July 1, 2008, shall submit the following to the secretary of the department the following:
- 1. A detailed plan to meet the requirements of this subsection, including the identification of the technical, environmental, and economic feasibility of various reuse options; the an identification of all land acquisition and facilities necessary to provide for reuse of the domestic wastewater; an analysis of the costs to meet the requirements, including the level of treatment necessary to satisfy state water quality requirements and local water quality considerations and a cost comparison of reuse using flows from ocean outfalls and flows from other domestic wastewater sources; and a financing plan for meeting the requirements, including identifying any actions necessary to implement the financing plan, such as bond issuance or other borrowing, assessments, rate increases, fees, other charges, or other financing mechanisms. The plan must evaluate reuse demand in the context of future regional water supply demands, the availability of

traditional water supplies, the need for development of alternative water supplies, the degree to which various reuse options offset potable water supplies, and other factors considered in the South Florida Water Management District's Lower East Coast Regional Water Supply Plan. The plan must shall include a detailed schedule for the completion of all necessary actions and shall be accompanied by supporting data and other documentation. The plan must shall be submitted by October 1, 2014 no later than July 1, 2013.

- 2. By July 1, 2018 No later than July 1, 2016, an update of the plan required in subparagraph 1. documenting any refinements or changes in the costs, actions, or financing necessary to eliminate the ocean outfall discharge in accordance with this subsection or a written statement that the plan is current and accurate.
- (f) By December 31, 2009, and by December 31 every 5 years thereafter, the holder of a department permit authorizing the discharge of domestic wastewater through an ocean outfall shall submit to the secretary of the department a report summarizing the actions accomplished to date and the actions remaining and proposed to meet the requirements of this subsection, including progress toward meeting the specific deadlines set forth in paragraphs (b) through (e). The report shall include the detailed schedule for and status of the evaluation of reuse and disposal options, preparation of preliminary design reports, preparation and submittal of permit applications, construction initiation, construction progress milestones, construction completion, initiation of operation, and continuing operation

197 and maintenance.

- (g) No later than July 1, 2010, and by July 1 every 5 years thereafter, the department shall submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the implementation of this subsection. The report shall summarize progress to date, including the increased amount of reclaimed water provided and potable water offsets achieved, and identify any obstacles to continued progress, including all instances of substantial noncompliance.
- (h) By February 1, 2012, the department shall submit a report to the Governor and Legislature detailing the results and recommendations from phases 1 through 3 of its ongoing study on reclaimed water use.
- (i) The renewal of each permit that authorizes the discharge of domestic wastewater through an ocean outfall as of July 1, 2008, shall be accompanied by an order in accordance with s. 403.088(2)(e) and (f) which establishes an enforceable compliance schedule consistent with the requirements of this subsection.
- (j) An entity that diverts wastewater flow from a receiving facility that discharges domestic wastewater through an ocean outfall must meet the 60 percent reuse requirement of paragraph (c). Reuse by the diverting entity of the diverted flows shall be credited to the diverting entity. The diverted flow shall also be correspondingly deducted from the receiving facility's baseline actual flow on an annual basis from which the required reuse is calculated pursuant to paragraph (c), and

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

the receiving facility's reuse requirement shall be recalculated accordingly.

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The department, the South Florida Water Management District, and the affected utilities must consider the information in the detailed plan under paragraph (e) for the purpose of adjusting, as necessary, the reuse requirements of this subsection. The department shall submit a report to the Legislature by February 15, 2015, containing recommendations for any changes necessary to the requirements of this subsection.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.