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A bill to be entitled An act relating to agriculture; amending s. 163.3162, F.S.; defining the term "governmental entity"; prohibiting certain governmental entities from charging stormwater management assessments or fees on certain bona fide farm operations except under certain circumstances; providing for applicability; amending s. 206.41, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "agricultural and aquacultural purposes" for purposes of the required refund of state taxes imposed on motor fuel used for such purposes; amending s. 316.515, F.S.; revising the Florida Uniform Traffic Control Law to authorize the use of citrus harvesting equipment and citrus fruit loaders to transport certain agricultural products and to authorize the use of certain motor vehicles to transport citrus; amending s. 570.07, F.S.; revising the powers and duties of the Department of Agricultural and Consumer Services to enforce laws and rules relating to the use of commercial stock feeds; amending s. 580.036, F.S.; authorizing the department to adopt rules establishing certain standards for regulating commercial feed or feedstuff; requiring the department to consult with the Commercial Feed Technical Council in the development of such rules; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (2) of section 163.3162, Florida Statutes, and paragraphs (b), (c), and (i) of subsection (3) of that section are amended to read:

163.3162 Agricultural Lands and Practices.—

(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:

(d) "Governmental entity" has the same meaning as provided in s. 164.1031.

(3) DUPLICATION OF REGULATION.—Except as otherwise provided in this section and s. 487.051(2), and notwithstanding any other law, including any provision of chapter 125 or this chapter:

(b) A governmental entity county may not charge an assessment or fee for stormwater management on a bona fide farm operation on land classified as agricultural land pursuant to s. 193.461, if the farm operation has a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit, environmental resource permit, or works-of-the-district permit or implements best management practices adopted as rules under chapter 120 by the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, or a water management district as part of a statewide or regional program.

(c) For each governmental entity county that, before March 1, 2009, adopted a stormwater utility ordinance or resolution, adopted an ordinance or resolution establishing a municipal services benefit unit, or adopted a resolution stating the governmental entity's county's intent to use the uniform method of collection pursuant to s. 197.3632 for such stormwater

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ordinances, the <u>governmental entity</u> county may continue to charge an assessment or fee for stormwater management on a bona fide farm operation on land classified as agricultural pursuant to s. 193.461, if the ordinance or resolution provides credits against the assessment or fee on a bona fide farm operation for the water quality or flood control benefit of:

- 1. The implementation of best management practices adopted as rules under chapter 120 by the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, or a water management district as part of a statewide or regional program;
- 2. The stormwater quality and quantity measures required as part of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit, environmental resource permit, or works-of-the-district permit; or
- 3. The implementation of best management practices or alternative measures which the landowner demonstrates to the governmental entity county to be of equivalent or greater stormwater benefit than those provided by implementation of best management practices adopted as rules under chapter 120 by the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, or a water management district as part of a statewide or regional program, or stormwater quality and quantity measures required as part of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit, environmental resource permit, or works-of-the-district permit.
- (i) The provisions of this subsection that limit a governmental entity's county's authority to adopt or enforce any

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ordinance, regulation, rule, or policy, or to charge any assessment or fee for stormwater management, apply only to a bona fide farm operation as described in this subsection.

- Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 206.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 206.41 State taxes imposed on motor fuel.—
 (4)

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to a refund of such tax.

- 92 (c)1. Any person who uses any motor fuel for agricultural, 93 aquacultural, commercial fishing, or commercial aviation 94 purposes on which fuel the tax imposed by paragraph (1)(e), 95 paragraph (1)(f), or paragraph (1)(g) has been paid is entitled
 - 2. For the purposes of this paragraph, "agricultural and aquacultural purposes" means motor fuel used in any tractor, vehicle, or other farm equipment which is used exclusively on a farm or for processing farm products on the farm, and no part of which fuel is used in any vehicle or equipment driven or operated upon the public highways of this state. This restriction does not apply to the movement of a farm vehicle, or farm equipment, citrus harvesting equipment, or citrus fruit loaders between farms. The transporting of bees by water and the operating of equipment used in the apiary of a beekeeper shall be also deemed an agricultural purpose.
 - 3. For the purposes of this paragraph, "commercial fishing and aquacultural purposes" means motor fuel used in the operation of boats, vessels, or equipment used exclusively for the taking of fish, crayfish, oysters, shrimp, or sponges from salt or fresh waters under the jurisdiction of the state for

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resale to the public, and no part of which fuel is used in any vehicle or equipment driven or operated upon the highways of this state; however, the term may in no way be construed to include fuel used for sport or pleasure fishing.

- 4. For the purposes of this paragraph, "commercial aviation purposes" means motor fuel used in the operation of aviation ground support vehicles or equipment, no part of which fuel is used in any vehicle or equipment driven or operated upon the public highways of this state.
- Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 316.515, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 316.515 Maximum width, height, length.-

- (5) IMPLEMENTS OF HUSBANDRY AND FARM EQUIPMENT;
 AGRICULTURAL TRAILERS; FORESTRY EQUIPMENT; SAFETY REQUIREMENTS.—
- (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, straight trucks, agricultural tractors, citrus harvesting equipment, citrus fruit loaders, and cotton module movers, not exceeding 50 feet in length, or any combination of up to and including three implements of husbandry, including the towing power unit, and any single agricultural trailer with a load thereon or any agricultural implements attached to a towing power unit, or a self-propelled agricultural implement or an agricultural tractor, is authorized for the purpose of transporting peanuts, grains, soybeans, citrus, cotton, hay, straw, or other perishable farm products from their point of production to the first point of change of custody or of long-term storage, and for the purpose of moving such tractors, movers, and implements from

one point of agricultural production to another, by a person engaged in the production of any such product or custom hauler, if such vehicle or combination of vehicles otherwise complies with this section. The Department of Transportation may issue overlength permits for cotton module movers greater than 50 feet but not more than 55 feet in overall length. Such vehicles shall be operated in accordance with all safety requirements prescribed by law and rules of the Department of Transportation.

Section 4. Paragraph (c) of subsection (16) of section 570.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.07 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; functions, powers, and duties.—The department shall have and exercise the following functions, powers, and duties:

- (16) To enforce the state laws and rules relating to:
- (c) Registration, labeling, inspection, sale, <u>use</u>, composition, formulation, wholesale and retail distribution, and analysis of commercial stock feeds and registration, labeling, inspection, and analysis of commercial fertilizers;

In order to ensure uniform health and safety standards, the adoption of standards and fines in the subject areas of paragraphs (a)-(n) is expressly preempted to the state and the department. Any local government enforcing the subject areas of paragraphs (a)-(n) must use the standards and fines set forth in the pertinent statutes or any rules adopted by the department pursuant to those statutes.

Section 5. Paragraph (g) is added to subsection (2) of section 580.036, Florida Statutes, to read:

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580.036 Powers and duties.-

(2) The department is authorized to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to enforce the provisions of this chapter. These rules shall be consistent with the rules and standards of the United States Food and Drug Administration and the United States Department of Agriculture, when applicable, and shall include:

(g) Establishing standards for the sale, use, and distribution of commercial feed or feedstuff to ensure usage that is consistent with animal health, safety, and welfare and, to the extent that meat, poultry, and other animal products may be affected by commercial feed or feedstuff, with the safety of these products for human consumption. Such standards, if adopted, must be developed in consultation with the Commercial Feed Technical Council created under s. 580.151.

Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.