A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to pari-mutuels; amending s. 550.002, 3 F.S.; redefining the term "full schedule of live 4 racing or games" to increase the minimum number of 5 performances required each week at a permitholder's 6 facility under a single admission charge; repealing s. 7 550.0745, F.S., relating to the conversion of a pari-8 mutuel permit to a summer jai alai permit; amending s. 9 550.09512, F.S.; deleting provisions related to the 10 voiding and reissue of a harness horse permit for 11 failure to operate or pay tax on handle; deleting a severability clause; amending s. 550.09515, F.S.; 12 deleting provisions related to the voiding and reissue 13 14 of a thoroughbred horse permit for failure to operate 15 or pay tax on handle; deleting a severability clause 16 and an obsolete provision; amending s. 550.3345, F.S.; specifying a full schedule of live racing for a not-17 for-profit thoroughbred permitholder; amending s. 18 19 550.375, F.S.; removing certain time restrictions for permits or licenses for harness racing following a 20 21 transfer of location; amending s. 550.5251, F.S.; 22 removing certain time restrictions for permits or 23 licenses for thoroughbred racing; amending s. 24 550.6308, F.S.; reducing the number of days of 25 thoroughbred horse sales required for licensure for 26 limited intertrack wagering at a permanent sales 27 facility; removing a provision requiring that 28 thoroughbred sales be conducted for 3 consecutive

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years and nonwagering thoroughbred racing with a certain purse amount be conducted for 2 consecutive years at the permanent sales facility in order to qualify for licensure; removing a provision allowing only one such license to be issued and prohibiting licenses from being issued within a specified proximity of a thoroughbred permitholder's track; removing provisions governing the selection of a single licensee; amending s. 849.086, F.S.; removing a provision allowing certain permitholders to amend their annual applications for licensure to include operation of a cardroom; requiring an applicant for renewal of a cardroom license to conduct a certain percentage of its total number of live performances during the immediately prior state fiscal year and to conduct at least a full schedule of live racing; providing a statement of legislative intent; providing a 6-month opportunity for the conversion of a quarter horse permit to a thoroughbred permit and the reissuance of a quarter horse permit; providing criteria and limitations; authorizing a permitholder that is converting its quarter horse permit to a thoroughbred permit to apply for and receive another quarter horse pari-mutuel permit for the same location; providing for future expiration of such provisions; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (11) of section 550.002, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.002 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

"Full schedule of live racing or games" means, for a greyhound or jai alai permitholder, the conduct of a combination of at least 100 live evening or matinee performances during the preceding year; for a permitholder who has a converted permit or filed an application on or before June 1, 1990, for a converted permit, the conduct of a combination of at least 100 live evening and matinee wagering performances during either of the 2 preceding years; for a jai alai permitholder who does not operate slot machines in its pari-mutuel facility, who has conducted at least 100 live performances per year for at least 10 years after December 31, 1992, and whose handle on live jai alai games conducted at its pari-mutuel facility has been less than \$4 million per state fiscal year for at least 2 consecutive years after June 30, 1992, the conduct of a combination of at least 40 live evening or matinee performances during the preceding year; for a jai alai permitholder who operates slot machines in its pari-mutuel facility, the conduct of a combination of at least 150 performances during the preceding year; for a harness permitholder, the conduct of at least 100 live regular wagering performances during the preceding year; for a quarter horse permitholder at its facility unless an alternative schedule of at least 20 live regular wagering performances is agreed upon by the permitholder and either the Florida Quarter Horse Racing Association or the horsemen's

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repealed.

association representing the majority of the quarter horse owners and trainers at the facility and filed with the division along with its annual date application, in the 2010-2011 fiscal year, the conduct of at least 20 regular wagering performances, in the 2011-2012 and 2012-2013 fiscal years, the conduct of at least 30 live regular wagering performances, and for every fiscal year after the 2012-2013 fiscal year, the conduct of at least 40 live regular wagering performances; for a quarter horse permitholder leasing another licensed racetrack, the conduct of 160 events at the leased facility; and for a thoroughbred permitholder, the conduct of at least 40 live regular wagering performances during the preceding year. For a permitholder which is restricted by statute to certain operating periods within the year when other members of its same class of permit are authorized to operate throughout the year, the specified number of live performances which constitute a full schedule of live racing or games shall be adjusted pro rata in accordance with the relationship between its authorized operating period and the full calendar year and the resulting specified number of live performances shall constitute the full schedule of live games for such permitholder and all other permitholders of the same class within 100 air miles of such permitholder. A live performance must consist of no fewer than eight races or games conducted live for each of a minimum of four three performances each week at the permitholder's licensed facility under a single admission charge. Section 2. Section 550.0745, Florida Statutes, is

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Section 3. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 550.09512, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.09512 Harness horse taxes; abandoned interest in a permit for nonpayment of taxes.—

(3) (a) The permit of a harness horse permitholder who does not pay tax on handle for live harness horse performances for a full schedule of live races during any 2 consecutive state fiscal years shall be void and shall escheat to and become the property of the state unless such failure to operate and pay tax on handle was the direct result of fire, strike, war, or other disaster or event beyond the ability of the permitholder to control. Financial hardship to the permitholder shall not, in and of itself, constitute just cause for failure to operate and pay tax on handle.

(b) In order to maximize the tax revenues to the state, the division shall reissue an escheated harness horse permit to a qualified applicant pursuant to the provisions of this chapter as for the issuance of an initial permit. However, the provisions of this chapter relating to referendum requirements for a pari-mutuel permit shall not apply to the reissuance of an escheated harness horse permit. As specified in the application and upon approval by the division of an application for the permit, the new permitholder shall be authorized to operate a harness horse facility anywhere in the same county in which the escheated permit was authorized to be operated, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 550.054(2) relating to mileage limitations.

(4) In the event that a court of competent jurisdiction determines any of the provisions of this section to be

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unconstitutional, it is the intent of the Legislature that the provisions contained in this section shall be null and void and that the provisions of s. 550.0951 shall apply to all harness horse permitholders beginning on the date of such judicial determination. To this end, the Legislature declares that it would not have enacted any of the provisions of this section individually and, to that end, expressly finds them not to be severable.

Section 4. Subsections (3), (4), (5), (6), and (7) of section 550.09515, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.09515 Thoroughbred horse taxes; abandoned interest in a permit for nonpayment of taxes.—

(3) (a) The permit of a thoroughbred horse permitholder who does not pay tax on handle for live thoroughbred horse performances for a full schedule of live races during any 2 consecutive state fiscal years shall be void and shall escheat to and become the property of the state unless such failure to operate and pay tax on handle was the direct result of fire, strike, war, or other disaster or event beyond the ability of the permitholder to control. Financial hardship to the permitholder shall not, in and of itself, constitute just cause for failure to operate and pay tax on handle.

(b) In order to maximize the tax revenues to the state, the division shall reissue an escheated thoroughbred horse permit to a qualified applicant pursuant to the provisions of this chapter as for the issuance of an initial permit. However, the provisions of this chapter relating to referendum requirements for a pari-mutuel permit shall not apply to the

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reissuance of an escheated thoroughbred horse permit. As specified in the application and upon approval by the division of an application for the permit, the new permitholder shall be authorized to operate a thoroughbred horse facility anywhere in the same county in which the escheated permit was authorized to be operated, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 550.054(2) relating to mileage limitations.

(4) In the event that a court of competent jurisdiction determines any of the provisions of this section to be unconstitutional, it is the intent of the Legislature that the provisions contained in this section shall be null and void and that the provisions of s. 550.0951 shall apply to all thoroughbred horse permitholders beginning on the date of such judicial determination. To this end, the Legislature declares that it would not have enacted any of the provisions of this section individually and, to that end, expressly finds them not to be severable.

(3) (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 550.0951(3)(c), the tax on handle for intertrack wagering on rebroadcasts of simulcast horseraces is 2.4 percent of the handle; provided however, that if the guest track is a thoroughbred track located more than 35 miles from the host track, the host track shall pay a tax of .5 percent of the handle, and additionally the host track shall pay to the guest track 1.9 percent of the handle to be used by the guest track solely for purses. The tax shall be deposited into the Parimutuel Wagering Trust Fund.

 $\underline{\text{(4)}}$ (6) A credit equal to the amount of contributions made

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by a thoroughbred permitholder during the taxable year directly to the Jockeys' Guild or its health and welfare fund to be used to provide health and welfare benefits for active, disabled, and retired Florida jockeys and their dependents pursuant to reasonable rules of eligibility established by the Jockeys' Guild is allowed against taxes on live handle due for a taxable year under this section. A thoroughbred permitholder may not receive a credit greater than an amount equal to 1 percent of its paid taxes for the previous taxable year.

(7) If a thoroughbred permitholder fails to operate all performances on its 2001-2002 license, failure to pay tax on handle for a full schedule of live races for those performances in the 2001-2002 fiscal year does not constitute failure to pay taxes on handle for a full schedule of live races in a fiscal year for the purposes of subsection (3). This subsection may not be construed as forgiving a thoroughbred permitholder from paying taxes on performances conducted at its facility pursuant to its 2001-2002 license other than for failure to operate all performances on its 2001-2002 license. This subsection expires July 1, 2003.

Section 5. Subsection (3) of section 550.3345, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.3345 Conversion of quarter horse permit to a limited thoroughbred permit.—

(3) Unless otherwise provided in this section, after conversion, the permit and the not-for-profit corporation shall be treated under the laws of this state as a thoroughbred permit and as a thoroughbred permitholder, respectively, with the

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exception of s. 550.09515(3). However, a full schedule of live racing for a not-for-profit thoroughbred permitholder is five live regular wagering performances.

Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 550.375, Florida Statutes, is amended, and present subsections (3) through (6) of that section are renumbered as subsections (2) through (5), respectively, to read:

550.375 Operation of certain harness tracks.-

(2) Any permittee or licensee authorized under this section to transfer the location of its permit may conduct harness racing only between the hours of 7 p.m. and 2 a.m. A permit so transferred applies only to the locations provided in this section. The provisions of this chapter which prohibit the location and operation of a licensed harness track permittee and licensee within 100 air miles of the location of a racetrack authorized to conduct racing under this chapter and which prohibit the division from granting any permit to a harness track at a location in the area in which there are three horse tracks located within 100 air miles thereof do not apply to a licensed harness track that is required by the terms of this section to race between the hours of 7 p.m. and 2 a.m.

Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 550.5251, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.5251 Florida thoroughbred racing; certain permits; operating days.—

(2) A thoroughbred racing permitholder may not begin any race later than 7 p.m. Any thoroughbred permitholder in a county in which the authority for cardrooms has been approved by the

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board of county commissioners may operate a cardroom and, when conducting live races during its current race meet, may receive and rebroadcast out-of-state races after the hour of 7 p.m. on any day during which the permitholder conducts live races.

Section 8. Section 550.6308, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.6308 Limited intertrack wagering license.—In recognition of the economic importance of the thoroughbred breeding industry to this state, its positive impact on tourism, and of the importance of a permanent thoroughbred sales facility as a key focal point for the activities of the industry, a limited license to conduct intertrack wagering is established to ensure the continued viability and public interest in thoroughbred breeding in Florida.

- (1) Upon application to the division on or before January 31 of each year, any person that is licensed to conduct public sales of thoroughbred horses pursuant to s. 535.01, that has conducted at least <u>8</u> <u>15</u> days of thoroughbred horse sales at a permanent sales facility in this state <u>for at least 3</u> consecutive years, and that has conducted at least 1 day of nonwagering thoroughbred racing in this state, with a purse structure of at least \$250,000 per year for 2 consecutive years before such application, shall be issued a license, subject to the conditions set forth in this section, to conduct intertrack wagering at such a permanent sales facility during the following periods:
 - (a) Up to 21 days in connection with thoroughbred sales;
 - (b) Between November 1 and May 8;

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(c) Between May 9 and October 31 at such times and on such days as any thoroughbred, jai alai, or a greyhound permitholder in the same county is not conducting live performances; provided that any such permitholder may waive this requirement, in whole or in part, and allow the licensee under this section to conduct intertrack wagering during one or more of the permitholder's live performances; and

(d) During the weekend of the Kentucky Derby, the Preakness, the Belmont, and a Breeders' Cup Meet that is conducted before November 1 and after May 8.

- No more than one such license may be issued, and no such license may be issued for a facility located within 50 miles of any thoroughbred permitholder's track.
- (2) If more than one application is submitted for such license, the division shall determine which applicant shall be granted the license. In making its determination, the division shall grant the license to the applicant demonstrating superior capabilities, as measured by the length of time the applicant has been conducting thoroughbred sales within this state or elsewhere, the applicant's total volume of thoroughbred horse sales, within this state or elsewhere, the length of time the applicant has maintained a permanent thoroughbred sales facility in this state, and the quality of the facility.
- $\underline{(2)}$ (3) The applicant must comply with the provisions of ss. 550.125 and 550.1815.
- (3) (4) Intertrack wagering under this section may be conducted only on thoroughbred horse racing, except that

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intertrack wagering may be conducted on any class of pari-mutuel race or game conducted by any class of permitholders licensed under this chapter if all thoroughbred, jai alai, and greyhound permitholders in the same county as the licensee under this section give their consent.

- (4)-(5) The licensee shall be considered a guest track under this chapter. The licensee shall pay 2.5 percent of the total contributions to the daily pari-mutuel pool on wagers accepted at the licensee's facility on greyhound races or jai alai games to the thoroughbred permitholder that is conducting live races for purses to be paid during its current racing meet. If more than one thoroughbred permitholder is conducting live races on a day during which the licensee is conducting intertrack wagering on greyhound races or jai alai games, the licensee shall allocate these funds between the operating thoroughbred permitholders on a pro rata basis based on the total live handle at the operating permitholders' facilities.
- Section 9. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 849.086, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

849.086 Cardrooms authorized.

- (5) LICENSE REQUIRED; APPLICATION; FEES.—No person may operate a cardroom in this state unless such person holds a valid cardroom license issued pursuant to this section.
- (b) After the initial cardroom license is granted, the application for the annual license renewal shall be made in conjunction with the applicant's annual application for its pari-mutuel license. If a permitholder has operated a cardroom during any of the 3 previous fiscal years and fails to include a

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renewal request for the operation of the cardroom in its annual application for license renewal, the permitholder may amend its annual application to include operation of the cardroom. In order for a cardroom license to be renewed the applicant must have requested, as part of its pari-mutuel annual license application, to conduct at least 80 90 percent of the total number of live performances conducted by such permitholder during either the state fiscal year in which its initial cardroom license was issued or the state fiscal year immediately prior thereto and conduct no less than if the permitholder ran at least a full schedule of live racing or games in the prior year. If the application is for a harness permitholder cardroom, the applicant must have requested authorization to conduct a minimum of 140 live performances during the state fiscal year immediately prior thereto. If more than one permitholder is operating at a facility, each permitholder must have applied for a license to conduct a full schedule of live racing.

Section 10. <u>Conversion of quarter horse permit to a</u> thoroughbred permit; reissuance of quarter horse permit.—

- (1) In recognition of the important and long-standing economic contribution of the thoroughbred horse breeding industry to this state and the state's vested interest in promoting the continued viability of this agricultural activity, the Legislature intends to provide a limited opportunity for the conversion of a quarter horse pari-mutuel permit to a permit authorizing the conducting of live thoroughbred horse racing.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the holder of both a quarter horse racing permit and a license to conduct

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quarter horse racing issued under chapter 550, Florida Statutes, may, by January 1, 2013, apply to the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to convert the quarter horse racing permit to a permit authorizing the holder to conduct pari-mutuel wagering meets of thoroughbred racing. The conversion to a thoroughbred pari-mutuel permit is not subject to the mileage limitation or the ratification election as set forth under s. 550.054(2) or s. 550.0651, Florida Statutes. Upon receipt of the request for such conversion, the division shall timely issue a converted permit.

- (3) Racing under the permit may take place only at the location for which the original quarter horse racing permit was issued and is subject to all other laws and rules governing thoroughbred racing.
- (4) The permitholder converting its quarter horse permit may also apply for and receive another quarter horse pari-mutuel permit for the same location, notwithstanding any contrary provision of law. Upon issuance by the division of this quarter horse permit, such permit is subject to all laws and rules governing quarter horse racing.
 - (5) This section expires July 1, 2013.

 Section 11. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.