House Joint Resolution

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to Section 6 of Article VII and the creation of Section 32 of Article XII of the State Constitution to provide an additional homestead exemption for owners of homestead property, authorize the Legislature to adjust the amount of the exemption, provide that the additional exemption is to be reduced by the difference between the just value and the assessed value, and provide effective dates.

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

That the following amendment to Section 6 of Article VII and the creation of Section 32 of Article XII of the State Constitution are agreed to and shall be submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next general election or at an earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that purpose:

ARTICLE VII

FINANCE AND TAXATION

SECTION 6. Homestead exemptions.-

(a) Every person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner, shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except assessments for special benefits, up to the assessed valuation of twenty-five

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thousand dollars and, for all levies other than school district

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

levies, on the assessed valuation greater than fifty thousand dollars and up to seventy-five thousand dollars, upon establishment of right thereto in the manner prescribed by law. The real estate may be held by legal or equitable title, by the entireties, jointly, in common, as a condominium, or indirectly by stock ownership or membership representing the owner's or member's proprietary interest in a corporation owning a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of ninety-eight years. The exemption shall not apply with respect to any assessment roll until such roll is first determined to be in compliance with the provisions of section 4 by a state agency designated by general law. This exemption is repealed on the effective date of any amendment to this Article which provides for the assessment of homestead property at less than just value.

- (b) Not more than one exemption shall be allowed any individual or family unit or with respect to any residential unit. No exemption shall exceed the value of the real estate assessable to the owner or, in case of ownership through stock or membership in a corporation, the value of the proportion which the interest in the corporation bears to the assessed value of the property.
- (c) By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the Legislature may provide to renters, who are permanent residents, ad valorem tax relief on all ad valorem tax levies. Such ad valorem tax relief shall be in the form and amount established by general law.
- (d) The legislature may, by general law, allow counties or municipalities, for the purpose of their respective tax levies

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and subject to the provisions of general law, to grant an additional homestead tax exemption not exceeding fifty thousand dollars to any person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner and who has attained age sixty-five and whose household income, as defined by general law, does not exceed twenty thousand dollars. The general law must allow counties and municipalities to grant this additional exemption, within the limits prescribed in this subsection, by ordinance adopted in the manner prescribed by general law, and must provide for the periodic adjustment of the income limitation prescribed in this subsection for changes in the cost of living.

Each veteran who is age 65 or older who is partially or totally permanently disabled shall receive a discount from the amount of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead property the veteran owns and resides in if the disability was combat related, the veteran was a resident of this state at the time of entering the military service of the United States, and the veteran was honorably discharged upon separation from military service. The discount shall be in a percentage equal to the percentage of the veteran's permanent, service-connected disability as determined by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for the discount granted by this subsection, an applicant must submit to the county property appraiser, by March 1, proof of residency at the time of entering military service, an official letter from the United States Department of Veterans Affairs stating the percentage of the veteran's service-connected disability and such evidence

that reasonably identifies the disability as combat related, and a copy of the veteran's honorable discharge. If the property appraiser denies the request for a discount, the appraiser must notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the denial, and the veteran may reapply. The Legislature may, by general law, waive the annual application requirement in subsequent years. This subsection shall take effect December 7, 2006, is self-executing, and does not require implementing legislation.

the homestead exemption provided in subsection (a) is entitled to an additional homestead exemption for all levies other than school district levies in an amount equal to 30 percent of the homestead property's just value in excess of \$75,000 but less than or equal to \$200,000, plus 15 percent of the homestead property's just value in excess of \$200,000 but less than or equal to \$400,000. The value of the additional homestead exemption shall be reduced by the difference between the just value of the property and the assessed value of the property determined under Section 4(d). By general law, the legislature may adjust the percent of just value or the maximum and minimum levels of just value used to calculate the additional homestead exemption, but may not reduce the value of the additional exemption below the value established in this subsection.

ARTICLE XII

SCHEDULE

Section 32. Additional homestead exemption.—This section and the amendment to Section 6 of Article VII providing for an additional homestead exemption, if submitted to the electors of

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this state for approval or rejection at a special election authorized by law, shall take effect upon approval by the electors and shall operate retroactively to January 1, 2012, or, if submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the 2012 general election, shall take effect January 1, 2013.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be placed on the ballot:

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
ARTICLE VII, SECTION 6
ARTICLE XII, SECTION 32

ADDITIONAL HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION.—This amendment provides owners of homestead property an additional homestead exemption for all levies other than school district levies in an amount equal to 30 percent of the homestead property's just value between \$75,000 and \$200,000, plus 15 percent of the homestead property's just value between \$200,000 and \$400,000. The Legislature may adjust the amount of the additional homestead exemption but may not reduce it below what is provided in this amendment. The value of the additional homestead exemption shall be reduced by the difference between the just value of the property and its assessed value. The amendment takes effect on January 1, 2013, if approved by the voters at the 2012 general election or if approved at an earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that purpose, takes effect upon approval of the voters and operates retroactively to January 1, 2012.