By Senator Gaetz

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4-01129C-12 20121366\_\_\_ A bill to be entitled

An act relating to education; creating s. 445.07, F.S.; requiring that the Department of Economic Opportunity prepare, or contract with an entity to prepare, an economic security report of employment and earning outcomes for degrees earned at a state university; providing requirements for the report; requiring that a link to the report be submitted to the Governor, the Legislature, and other entities by a specified date each year; creating s. 445.09, F.S.; requiring that the Department of Economic Opportunity, in coordination with Workforce Florida, Inc., recruit students who meet specified requirements and match them to potential employers; creating s. 445.11, F.S.; requiring that the Department of Economic Opportunity refer secondary school students who have been identified as having earned an industry certification in science, technology, engineering, or mathematics to an online registration website or a private placement service that links the student to information, resources, and employment opportunities; amending s. 1001.03, F.S.; requiring that the State Board of Education, in consultation with the Board of Governors and the Department of Economic Opportunity, adopt a unified state plan to improve K-20 education in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics and prepare students for high-skill, high-wage, and highdemand employment; amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; requiring that district school boards require school

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principals or classroom teachers to annually provide secondary school students and their parents with a link to the Department of Economic Opportunity's economic security report; amending s. 1001.706, F.S.; requiring that the Board of Governors require each state university to annually provide enrolled students with a link to the Department of Economic Opportunity's economic security report and other specified information during registration or earlier; requiring that the Board of Governors annually report specified information, by each state university, to the Governor and the Legislature; amending s. 1002.20, F.S.; requiring that each middle school and high school student and his or her parent receive a link and a summary of the Department of Economic Opportunity's economic security report each year; amending s. 1003.4156, F.S.; revising the general requirements for middle grades promotion to include one career-themed course to be completed in 6th, 7th, or 8th grade; providing requirements for the careerthemed course; requiring that each school district develop or adopt the career-themed course, subject to approval by the Department of Education; amending s. 1003.4935, F.S.; requiring that the State Board of Education adopt rules to identify industry certifications in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics offered in middle school to be included on the Industry Certified Funding List; creating s. 1004.323, F.S.; requiring that a state

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university grant priority enrollment and registration to a student who leaves the state university after being recruited for employment under s. 445.09, F.S, upon the student's reenrollment at the state university; amending s. 1008.39, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the Florida Education and Training Placement Information Program; requiring that the Department of Education include former participants who leave the state or who are selfemployed as part of the information managed by the program; authorizing the department to contract with an entity to provide such information; amending s. 1009.24, F.S.; authorizing a state university to expend a certain percentage of the remaining revenues from the tuition differential or the equivalent amount of revenues from private sources to provide financial aid to certain undergraduate students; requiring that the Board of Governors submit a report containing information regarding such undergraduate students; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the computation of the annual allocation of funds for school district operations, to conform to changes made by the act; creating s. 1011.905, F.S.; requiring that the Board of Governors review and rank each state university based on certain criteria; requiring that the Board of Governors award up to a specified amount to the highest-ranked state universities; requiring that the Board of Governors report to the Governor and the Legislature by a

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specified date each year; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 445.07, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

445.07 Economic security report of employment and earning outcomes for degrees earned at a state university.—

- (1) The Department of Economic Opportunity shall prepare, or contract with an entity to prepare, an economic security report of employment and earning outcomes for degrees earned at a state university. The report must be easily accessible to and readable by the public and shall be made available via the Internet, printed media, and social media. The report must:
- (a) Use the Florida Education and Training Placement
  Information Program for data relating to the employment,
  earnings, continuing education, and receipt of public assistance
  by graduates of a degree program from a state university.
- (b) Use the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System or its equivalent for calculating the average student loan debt of a graduate of a degree program from a state university.
- (c) Include data on the employment of graduates of a degree program from a state university the year after the degree is earned by number and percentage and for graduates employed full time in the year after graduation by number and percentage.

  Beginning with the 2013-2014 fiscal year, the report must include the employment data of graduates of a degree program from a state university 5 years after graduation by number and percentage.

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(d) Include data on the earnings of graduates of a degree program from a state university the year after earning the degree by the following levels on a quarterly and annualized basis, rounded to the nearest dollar:

- 1. Quarterly wages of \$6,250 and annualized wages of \$25,000 and below.
- 2. Quarterly wages between \$6,251 and \$11,250 and annualized wages between \$25,001 and \$45,000.
- 3. Quarterly wages of \$11,251 and annualized wages of \$45,001 and above.

Beginning with the 2013-2014 fiscal year, the report must include earnings data by graduates of a degree program from a state university 5 years after graduation.

- (e) Include the percentage of graduates, by degree and by education delivery system, who are continuing their education.
- (f) Include data on the percentage of graduates of a state university degree program who are receiving public assistance, such as Temporary Assistance to Needy Families or the food assistance program.
- (g) Include data on the average student loan debt by degree level of a graduate of a state university.
- (h) Include the following information on State University

  System bachelor's degree graduates by degree and by institution:
  - 1. The number of graduates each year.
- 2. The number and percentage of graduates who are employed full time in the year after earning the degree and, beginning with the 2013-2014 fiscal year, 5 years after earning the degree.

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3. The average annualized earnings of graduates employed full time in the year after earning the degree and the average annualized earnings in the year after earning the degree by earning level as described in paragraph (d). Beginning with the 2013-2014 fiscal year, the report must include the average annualized earnings of graduates employed full time during the 5 years after graduation and the average annualized earnings of graduates 5 years after graduation by earning level as described in paragraph (d).

- 4. The number and percentage of graduates who are pursuing continuing education in the year following the earning of the degree.
- (i) Include information on State University System degrees awarded above a bachelor's degree by degree and by institution using the requirements described in paragraph (h).
- (j) Include data on the employment and earnings of Florida
  College System institution graduates who have earned
  baccalaureate degrees, associate in arts degrees, and associate
  in science degrees, as well as students who have earned industry
  certifications at Florida College System institutions, using the
  information required in paragraph (h).
- (k) Include data on the employment and earnings of students who earn an industry certification, as described in ss. 1003.492 and 1003.493, which is listed in the Industry Certified Funding List adopted by State Board of Education rule, using the requirements described in paragraph (h).
- (2) The Department of Economic Opportunity shall submit a link to the report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the State Board of

read:

20121366 4-01129C-12 175 Education, the Board of Governors, each state university, each 176 Florida College System institution, and each school district by 177 August 1 of each year. 178 Section 2. Section 445.09, Florida Statutes, is created to 179 read: 180 445.09 Recruitment of students in technology and 181 engineering.-182 (1) The Department of Economic Opportunity, in coordination with Workforce Florida, Inc., shall recruit students who meet 183 184 the following requirements and match them to potential 185 employers: 186 (a) A student who is enrolled at a state university in a 187 degree program in technology or engineering. A student who 188 leaves his or her degree program to obtain employment may not be 189 reported as a "noncompleter" under this paragraph if the 190 student, upon leaving the degree program, has a formal plan to 191 complete his or her degree. 192 (b) A student who has graduated from a state university and 193 has a degree in technology or engineering. 194 (c) A student who has been identified as having earned an 195 industry certification under ss. 1003.492 and 1003.493 in 196 technology or engineering and which is on the Industry Certified 197 Funding List as defined by the State Board of Education. 198 (2) This section does not abrogate the provisions of s. 199 1002.22 which relate to education records or the requirements of 200 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g, the Family Educational Rights and Privacy 201 Act.

Section 3. Section 445.11, Florida Statutes, is created to

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445.11 Referral of industry certificateholders in science, technology, engineering, or mathematics.—

- (1) The Department of Economic Opportunity shall refer a secondary school student who has been identified as having earned an industry certification in science, technology, engineering, or mathematics, as defined by the State Board of Education and included on the Industry Certified Funding List as described in ss. 1003.492 and 1003.493, to an online registration website established by the department or a private placement service that links the student with the following:
- (a) State universities or Florida College System institutions that have programs aligned with the student's industry certification.
- (b) Employment opportunities in the state which are linked to the student's industry certificate.
- (c) Information relating to employment rates, salary rates, and applicable training options.
- (2) This section does not abrogate the provisions of s.

  1002.22 which relate to education records or the requirements of

  20 U.S.C. s. 1232g, the Family Educational Rights and Privacy

  Act.
- Section 4. Subsection (16) is added to section 1001.03, Florida Statutes, to read:
  - 1001.03 Specific powers of State Board of Education.-
- (16) UNIFIED STATE PLAN FOR SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY,

  ENGINEERING, AND MATHEMATICS.—The State Board of Education, in
  consultation with the Board of Governors and the Department of
  Economic Opportunity, shall adopt a unified state plan to
  improve K-20 education in science, technology, engineering, and

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mathematics and prepare students for high-skill, high-wage, and high-demand employment.

Section 5. Paragraph (c) of subsection (13) of section 1001.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board.—The district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below:

- (13) RECORDS AND REPORTS.—Provide for the keeping of all necessary records and the making of all needed or required reports, as follows:
  - (c) Reports to parents.-
- $\underline{1.}$  Require that, at regular intervals, reports are made by school principals or teachers to parents, apprising them of the progress being made by the students in their studies and giving other needful information.
- 2. Beginning with the course registration process for the 2013-2014 school year and each year thereafter, require that school principals or classroom teachers provide secondary school students and their parents with a link to the Department of Economic Opportunity's economic security report prepared pursuant to s. 445.07.

Section 6. Subsections (11) and (12) are added to section 1001.706, Florida Statutes, to read:

1001.706 Powers and duties of the Board of Governors.-

(11) ECONOMIC SECURITY REPORT TO STUDENTS.—Beginning with the course registration process for the 2013-2014 academic year and each year thereafter, the Board of Governors shall require a state university to provide each enrolled student with a link to the Department of Economic Opportunity's economic security

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report prepared pursuant to s. 445.07 during registration or earlier. In addition, the Board of Governors shall ensure that each student receives the following information each year during registration or earlier using the data described in s. 1008.39:

- (a) The top 25 percent of degrees reported by the university in terms of highest full-time job placement and highest average annualized earnings earned in the year after earning the degree.
- (b) The bottom 10 percent of degrees reported by the university in terms of lowest full-time job placement and lowest average annualized earnings in the year after earning the degree.
- (12) RESEARCH AND ENDOWMENT REPORT.—The Board of Governors shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report containing the following information for each state university:
- (a) Beginning with the 2010 fall term and each fall term thereafter, the enrollment of students in science, technology, engineering, or mathematics by degree.
- (b) Beginning with the 2011 spring term and each spring term thereafter, the graduation of students in science, technology, engineering, or mathematics by degree.
- (c) The growth or decline in the number of students described in paragraphs (a) and (b) by degree each year.
- (d) The specific means by which and the frequency with which students were notified of the economic security report pursuant to subsection (11).
  - (e) The amount of the university's endowment.
  - (f) The amount of federal and state grant or research funds

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291 received by the university.

- (g) The number of patents, copyrights, trademarks, or other intellectual property produced by the university.
- (h) The number of start-up companies that have links to the university.
- (i) The amount of private venture capital that is linked to university projects.
- (j) The number of baccalaureate degrees that may be earned through the use of distance learning, the number of baccalaureate degrees that may be earned in which 50 percent of the course instruction is delivered through distance learning, and the number of students enrolled and completing baccalaureate degrees through distance learning.

Section 7. Subsection (24) is added to section 1002.20, Florida Statutes, to read:

1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.—Parents of public school students must receive accurate and timely information regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12 students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory rights including, but not limited to, the following:

(24) ECONOMIC SECURITY REPORT.—Beginning with the registration process for the 2013-2014 school year and each year thereafter, each middle school and high school student and his or her parent shall be provided a two-page summary of the Department of Economic Opportunity's economic security report prepared pursuant to s. 445.07, along with an Internet link to the report.

Section 8. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section

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320 1003.4156, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.4156 General requirements for middle grades promotion.—

- (1) Promotion from a school composed of middle grades 6, 7, and 8 requires that:
- (a) The student must successfully complete academic courses as follows:
- 1. Three middle school or higher courses in English. These courses shall emphasize literature, composition, and technical text.
- 2. Three middle school or higher courses in mathematics. Each middle school must offer at least one high school level mathematics course for which students may earn high school credit. Successful completion of a high school level Algebra I or geometry course is not contingent upon the student's performance on the end-of-course assessment required under s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a.(I). However, beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, to earn high school credit for an Algebra I course, a middle school student must pass the Algebra I end-of-course assessment, and beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, to earn high school credit for a geometry course, a middle school student must pass the geometry end-of-course assessment.
- 3. Three middle school or higher courses in social studies, one semester of which must include the study of state and federal government and civics education. Beginning with students entering grade 6 in the 2012-2013 school year, one of these courses must be at least a one-semester civics education course that a student successfully completes in accordance with s. 1008.22(3)(c) and that includes the roles and responsibilities

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of federal, state, and local governments; the structures and functions of the legislative, executive, and judicial branches of government; and the meaning and significance of historic documents, such as the Articles of Confederation, the Declaration of Independence, and the Constitution of the United States.

- 4. Three middle school or higher courses in science. Successful completion of a high school level Biology I course is not contingent upon the student's performance on the end-of-course assessment required under s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a.(II). However, beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, to earn high school credit for a Biology I course, a middle school student must pass the Biology I end-of-course assessment.
- 5. One career-themed course in career and education <del>planning</del> to be completed in 6th, 7th, or 8th grade. The course may be taught by any member of the instructional staff; must result in a completed personalized academic and career plan for the student; must emphasize technology or the application of technology in other career fields; and must include instruction using the Department of Economic Opportunity's economic security report as described in s. 445.07 must include career exploration using Florida CHOICES or a comparable cost-effective program; must include educational planning using the online student advising system known as Florida Academic Counseling and Tracking for Students at the Internet website FACTS.org; and shall result in the completion of a personalized academic and career plan. The required personalized academic and career plan must inform students of high school graduation requirements, high school assessment and college entrance test requirements,

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Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program requirements, state university and Florida College System institution admission requirements, and programs through which a high school student can earn college credit, including Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, Advanced International Certificate of Education, dual enrollment, career academy opportunities, and courses that lead to national industry certification.

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A student with a disability, as defined in s. 1007.02(2), for whom the individual education plan team determines that an endof-course assessment cannot accurately measure the student's abilities, taking into consideration all allowable accommodations, shall have the end-of-course assessment results waived for purposes of determining the student's course grade and completing the requirements for middle grades promotion. Each school must hold a parent meeting either in the evening or on a weekend to inform parents about the course curriculum and activities. Each student shall complete a an electronic personal education plan that must be signed by the student; the student's instructor, quidance counselor, or academic advisor; and the student's parent. Each school district The Department of Education shall develop or adopt the career-themed course, subject to approval by the Department of Education frameworks and professional development materials for the career exploration and education planning course. The course may be implemented as a stand-alone course or integrated into another career-themed course or courses. The Commissioner of Education shall collect longitudinal high school course enrollment data by student ethnicity in order to analyze course-taking patterns.

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Section 9. Subsection (4) is added to section 1003.4935, Florida Statutes, to read:

1003.4935 Middle school career and professional academy courses.—

(4) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to identify industry certifications in science, technology, engineering, or mathematics offered in middle school to be included on the Industry Certified Funding List and which are eligible for additional full-time equivalent membership under s. 1011.62(1).

Section 10. Section 1004.323, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1004.323 Priority enrollment; prohibition.—A state university shall grant priority enrollment and registration to a student who leaves the state university after being recruited for employment by an employer identified by the Department of Economic Opportunity under s. 445.09 and who reenrolls at the state university. If the student reenrolls within 3 academic years after the student's previous enrollment at the state university, the course catalog under which the student was previously enrolled shall apply to that student.

Section 11. Subsection (1) of section 1008.39, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.39 Florida Education and Training Placement Information Program.—

(1) The Department of Education shall develop and maintain a continuing program of information management named the "Florida Education and Training Placement Information Program," the purpose of which is to compile, maintain, and disseminate

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information concerning the educational histories, placement and employment, enlistments in the United States armed services, and other measures of success of former participants in state educational and workforce development programs. Placement and employment information shall contain data appropriate to calculate job retention and job retention rates. The Department of Education shall include in the information former participants who leave the state or who are self-employed. The department may contract with an entity to provide the information.

Section 12. Paragraphs (a) and (e) of subsection (16) of section 1009.24, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1009.24 State university student fees.-

- (16) Each university board of trustees may establish a tuition differential for undergraduate courses upon receipt of approval from the Board of Governors. The tuition differential shall promote improvements in the quality of undergraduate education and shall provide financial aid to undergraduate students who exhibit financial need.
- (a) Seventy percent of the revenues from the tuition differential shall be expended for purposes of undergraduate education. Such expenditures may include, but are not limited to, increasing course offerings, improving graduation rates, increasing the percentage of undergraduate students who are taught by faculty, decreasing student-faculty ratios, providing salary increases for faculty who have a history of excellent teaching in undergraduate courses, improving the efficiency of the delivery of undergraduate education through academic advisement and counseling, and reducing the percentage of

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students who graduate with excess hours. This expenditure for undergraduate education may not be used to pay the salaries of graduate teaching assistants. A state university may expend up to 50 percent of the remaining revenues from the tuition differential or the equivalent amount of revenues from private sources to provide financial aid to undergraduate students who exhibit financial need and who are pursuing a degree described in s. 1011.905(1). The remainder of the revenues Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the remaining 30 percent of the revenues from the tuition differential, or the equivalent amount of revenue from private sources, shall be expended to provide financial aid to other undergraduate students who exhibit financial need, including students who are scholarship recipients under s. 1009.984, to meet the cost of university attendance. This expenditure for need-based financial aid shall not supplant the amount of need-based aid provided to undergraduate students in the preceding fiscal year from financial aid fee revenues, the direct appropriation for financial assistance provided to state universities in the General Appropriations Act, or from private sources. The total amount of tuition differential waived under subparagraph (b)8. may be included in calculating the expenditures for need-based financial aid to undergraduate students required by this subsection. If the entire tuition and fee costs of resident students who have applied for and received Pell Grant funds have been met and the university has excess funds remaining from the 30 percent of the revenues from the tuition differential required to be used to assist students who exhibit financial need, the university may expend the excess portion in the same

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manner as required for the other 70 percent of the tuition differential revenues.

- (e) The Board of Governors shall submit a report to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Governor describing the implementation of the provisions of this subsection no later than January 1, 2010, and no later than January 1 each year thereafter. The report shall summarize proposals received by the board during the preceding fiscal year and actions taken by the board in response to such proposals. In addition, the report shall provide the following information for each university that has been approved by the board to assess a tuition differential:
- 1. The course or courses for which the tuition differential was assessed and the amount assessed.
- 2. The total revenues generated by the tuition differential.
- 3. With respect to waivers authorized under subparagraph (b)8., the number of students eligible for a waiver, the number of students receiving a waiver, and the value of waivers provided.
- 4. Detailed expenditures of the revenues generated by the tuition differential.
- 5. Changes in retention rates, graduation rates, the percentage of students graduating with more than 110 percent of the hours required for graduation, pass rates on licensure examinations, the number of undergraduate course offerings, the percentage of undergraduate students who are taught by faculty, student-faculty ratios, and the average salaries of faculty who teach undergraduate courses.

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6. The number of students, by program enrollment and by degree, served under the tuition differential designated for students who exhibit financial need and who are pursuing a degree described in s. 1011.905(1).

Section 13. Paragraph (o) of subsection (1) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.—If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:

- (1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR OPERATION.—The following procedure shall be followed in determining the annual allocation to each district for operation:
- (o) Calculation of additional full-time equivalent membership based on certification of successful completion of industry-certified career and professional academy programs pursuant to ss. 1003.491, 1003.492, 1003.493, and 1003.4935 and identified in the Industry Certified Funding List pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education.—
- 1. A value of 0.1, 0.2, or 0.3 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for each student who completes an industry-certified career and professional academy program under ss. 1003.491, 1003.492, 1003.493, and 1003.4935 and who is issued the highest level of industry certification identified annually in the Industry Certification Funding List approved under rules adopted by the State Board of Education and a high

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school diploma. The maximum full-time equivalent student membership value for any student is 0.3. The Department of Education shall assign the appropriate full-time equivalent value for each certification, 50 percent of which is based on rigor and the remaining 50 percent on employment value. The State Board of Education shall include the assigned values in the Industry Certification Funding List under rules adopted by the state board. Rigor shall be based on the number of instructional hours, including work experience hours, required to earn the certification, with a bonus for industry certifications that have a statewide articulation agreement for college credit approved by the State Board of Education. Employment value shall be based on the entry wage, growth rate in employment for each occupational category, and average annual openings for the primary occupation linked to the industry certification. Such value shall be added to the total full-time equivalent student membership in secondary career education programs for grades 9 through 12 in the subsequent year for courses that were not funded through dual enrollment. The additional full-time equivalent membership authorized under this paragraph may not exceed 0.3 per student. Each district must allocate at least 80 percent of the funds provided for industry certification, in accordance with this paragraph, to the program that generated the funds. Unless a different amount is specified in the General Appropriations Act, the appropriation for this calculation is limited to \$15 million annually. If the appropriation is insufficient to fully fund the total calculation, the appropriation shall be prorated.

2. Upon promotion to the 9th grade, a value of 0.1 full-

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time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for each student who completes an industry-certified career and professional course under s. 1003.4935 and who is issued the highest level of industry certification in science, technology, engineering, or mathematics identified on the Industry Certification Funding List under rules adopted by the State Board of Education.

- 3. The additional full-time equivalent membership authorized under this paragraph may not exceed 0.3 per student.
- 4. Each district must allocate at least 80 percent of the funds provided for industry certification in accordance with this paragraph to the program that generated the funds.
- 5. Unless a different amount is specified in the General Appropriations Act, the appropriation for the calculations under this paragraph is limited to \$15 million. If the appropriation is insufficient to fully fund the total calculation, the appropriation shall be prorated.

Section 14. Section 1011.905, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 1011.905 Performance funding for state universities.—
- (1) For the 2012-2013 fiscal year through the 2015-2016 fiscal year, the Board of Governors shall review and rank each state university based on the following formula:
- (a) Twenty-five percent of a state university's score shall be based on the percentage of employed graduates who have earned degrees in the following programs:
  - 1. Computer and information science;
  - Computer engineering;
  - 3. Information systems technology;

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- 4. Information technology; and
- 5. Management information systems.
- (b) Twenty-five percent of a state university's score shall be based on the percentage of graduates who earned baccalaureate degrees in the programs in paragraph (a) and who earned industry certifications in a related field from a Florida College System institution or state university prior to graduation.
- (c) Fifty percent of a state university's score shall be based on factors determined by the Board of Governors which relate to increasing the probability that graduates who have earned degrees in the programs described in paragraph (a) will be employed in high-skill, high-wage, and high-demand employment.
- (2) The state university that has the highest score shall be ranked first, with each remaining state university ranked sequentially by score.
- (3) (a) Each year, the Board of Governors shall award up to \$15 million to the highest-ranked state universities from funds appropriated for the purposes in this section and as specified in the General Appropriations Act. The award per state university shall be a minimum of 20 percent of the total amount appropriated pursuant to this section.
- (b) The funds shall be awarded to the department of the state university which offers the degrees described in paragraph (1)(a).
- (c) The funds may not be used to supplant funding for the degree programs described in paragraph (1)(a).
- (4) Beginning with the 2012-2013 fiscal year, the Board of Governors shall submit a report containing the rankings and

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639	award distributions to the Governor, the President of the
640	Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by
641	December 31 of each year.
642	Section 15. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.