By Senator Latvala

16-00705-12 20121580

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to local administrative action to abate public nuisances and criminal gang activity; amending s. 893.138, F.S.; authorizing a local administrative board to declare a place to be a public nuisance if the place is used on more than two occasions within a 6-month period as the site of the storage of a controlled substance with intent to sell or deliver the controlled substance; providing that an order entered against a person for a public nuisance expires after 1 year or at an earlier time if so stated in the order unless the person has violated the order during the term of the order; requiring that the board conduct a hearing to determine whether the person violated the administrative order; authorizing the board to extend the term of the order by up to 1 additional year and to impose a penalty if the board finds that the person violated the order; authorizing a county or municipal ordinance to include fines for days of public nuisance activities outside the 6-month period in which the minimum number of activities are shown to have occurred; authorizing a local ordinance to provide for continuing jurisdiction over a place or premises that are subject to an extension of the administrative order; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsections (2), (6), and (11) of section

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893.138, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

893.138 Local administrative action to abate drug-related, prostitution-related, or stolen-property-related public nuisances and criminal gang activity.—

- (2) Any place or premises that has been used:
- (a) On more than two occasions within a 6-month period, as the site of a violation of s. 796.07;
- (b) On more than two occasions within a 6-month period, as the site of the unlawful sale, delivery, manufacture, or cultivation of <u>a any</u> controlled substance, or as the site of the storage of a controlled substance with intent to sell or deliver the controlled substance off the premises;
- (c) On one occasion as the site of the unlawful possession of a controlled substance, where such possession constitutes a felony, and that has been previously used on more than one occasion as the site of the unlawful sale, delivery, manufacture, or cultivation of a any controlled substance;
- (d) By a criminal gang for the purpose of conducting criminal gang-related gang activity as defined in by s. 874.03; or
- (e) On more than two occasions within a 6-month period, as the site of a violation of s. 812.019 relating to dealing in stolen property,

may be declared to be a public nuisance, and such nuisance may be abated pursuant to the procedures provided in this section.

(6) An order entered under subsection (4) <u>expires</u> shall expire after 1 year or at such earlier time as is stated in the order unless the person has violated the order during the term

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of the order. After providing notice to the person whose activities have been declared to be a public nuisance, the board shall conduct a hearing to determine whether the person violated the administrative order entered under subsection (5). If the board finds that the person violated the order, the board may extend the term of the order by up to 1 additional year and may impose an additional penalty to the extent authorized by this section and by a supplemental county or municipal ordinance.

(11) The provisions of This section may be supplemented by a county or municipal ordinance. The ordinance may include, but need is not be limited to, provisions that establish additional penalties for public nuisances, including fines not to exceed \$250 per day for each day that the public nuisance activities described in subsection (2) have occurred, including days outside the 6-month period in which the minimum number of public nuisance activities are shown to have occurred. The ordinance may also+ provide for the payment of reasonable costs, including reasonable attorney fees associated with investigations of and hearings on public nuisances; provide for continuing jurisdiction for a period of 1 year over any place or premises that have has been or are is declared to be a public nuisance, subject to an extension for up to 1 additional year as provided in subsection (6); establish penalties, including fines not to exceed \$500 per day for recurring public nuisances; provide for the recording of orders on public nuisances so that notice must be given to subsequent purchasers, successors in interest, or assigns of the real property that is the subject of the order; provide that recorded orders on public nuisances may become liens against the real property that is the subject of the

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order; and provide for the foreclosure of the property that is subject to a lien and the recovery of all costs, including reasonable attorney fees, associated with the recording of orders and foreclosure. A No lien created pursuant to the provisions of this section may not be foreclosed on real property that which is a homestead under s. 4, Art. X of the State Constitution. When Where a local government seeks to bring an administrative action, based on a stolen property nuisance, against a property owner operating an establishment where multiple tenants, on one site, conduct their own retail business, the property owner is <del>shall</del> not <del>be</del> subject to a lien against his or her property or the prohibition of operation provision if the property owner evicts the business declared to be a nuisance within 90 days after notification by registered mail to the property owner of a second stolen property conviction of the tenant. The total fines imposed pursuant to the authority of this section may shall not exceed \$15,000. Nothing contained within This section does not prohibit prohibits a county or municipality from proceeding against a public nuisance by any other means.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.