By Senator Garcia

40-01385-12 20121730 A bill to be entitled

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An act relating to pretrial intervention programs; amending s. 948.08, F.S.; revising criteria for eligibility for admission to a pretrial release program; requiring that a pretrial intervention program give admission preference to a defendant charged with a misdemeanor over a defendant charged with a felony; specifying requirements for a finding of indigence and amenability to treatment; requiring that certain defendants provide liens to secure costs of supervision; revising a cross-reference; amending ss. 397.334, 910.035, and 921.0026, F.S.; conforming cross-references; making technical and grammatical changes; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 948.08, Florida Statutes, is amended, present subsections (3) through (7) are renumbered as subsections (4) through (8), respectively, a new subsection (3) is added to that section, and paragraph (c) of present subsection (6) of that section is amended, to read:

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948.08 Pretrial intervention program.-

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(2) (a) A defendant Any first offender, or any person previously convicted of not more than one nonviolent misdemeanor, who is charged with any misdemeanor or felony of the third degree is eligible for release to the pretrial intervention program on the approval of the administrator of the program and the consent of the victim, the state attorney, and

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the judge who presided at the initial appearance hearing of the offender unless the defendant:

- 1. Has more than two prior felony arrests;
- 2. Has a prior felony conviction; or
- 3. Is charged with a felony of the second degree or higher.
- (b) However, The defendant may not be released to the pretrial intervention program unless, after consultation with his or her attorney, he or she has voluntarily agreed to such program and has knowingly and intelligently waived his or her right to a speedy trial for the period of his or her diversion. The defendant or the defendant's immediate family may not personally contact the victim or the victim's immediate family to acquire the victim's consent under this section.
- (c) A pretrial intervention program must give admission preference to a defendant charged with a misdemeanor over a defendant charged with a felony.
- (3) (a) Before a defendant may be released to the pretrial release program, there must be:
- 1. A finding by the court and the program that the defendant is indigent after consideration of the defendant's assets, property, motor vehicle, other financial resources, employment, and any other necessary facts. The indigence of the defendant must be determined within 72 hours after the defendant completes submission of all financial information required by the court.
- 2. A finding by the court and the program that the defendant is amenable to treatment after consideration of the following:
  - a. The circumstances of the defendant's family, employment,

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character, mental condition, and length of residence in the
community.

- b. The defendant's record of convictions, appearances at the court proceedings, flight to avoid prosecution, or failure to appear at court proceedings.
- c. Any other facts necessary to assist in the determination of whether the defendant should be released to the pretrial intervention program.
- (b) If the defendant hires private counsel to represent himself or herself, the pretrial intervention program must place a lien on property of the defendant in order to secure payment of the costs of supervision under the program.

<u>(7) <del>(6)</del></u>

(c) At the end of the pretrial intervention period, the court shall consider the recommendation of the administrator pursuant to subsection (6) (5) and the recommendation of the state attorney as to disposition of the pending charges. The court shall determine, by written finding, whether the defendant has successfully completed the pretrial intervention program. Notwithstanding the coordinated strategy developed by a drug court team pursuant to s. 397.334(4), if the court finds that the defendant has not successfully completed the pretrial intervention program, the court may order the defendant person to continue in education and treatment, which may include substance abuse treatment programs offered by licensed service providers as defined in s. 397.311 or jail-based treatment programs, or order that the charges revert to normal channels for prosecution. The court shall dismiss the charges upon a finding that the defendant has successfully completed the

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pretrial intervention program.

Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 397.334, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

397.334 Treatment-based drug court programs.-

(2) Entry into any pretrial treatment-based drug court program is shall be voluntary. Except for a case as described in s. 948.08(7)(a)1. or 2. When neither s. 948.08(6)(a)1. nor 2. applies, the court may order a defendant an individual to enter into a pretrial treatment-based drug court program only upon written agreement by the defendant individual, which must shall include a statement that the defendant individual understands the requirements of the program and the potential sanctions for noncompliance.

Section 3. Subsection (5) of section 910.035, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

910.035 Transfer from county for plea and sentence.-

- (5) Any person eligible for participation in a drug court treatment program pursuant to  $\underline{s.948.08(7)}$   $\underline{s.948.08(6)}$  may be eligible to have the case transferred to a county other than that in which the charge arose if the drug court program agrees and if the following conditions are met:
- (a) The authorized representative of the drug court program of the county requesting to transfer the case shall consult with the authorized representative of the drug court program in the county to which transfer is desired.
- (b) If approval for transfer is received from all parties, the trial court shall accept a plea of nolo contendere and enter a transfer order directing the clerk to transfer the case to the county that which has accepted the defendant into its drug court

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117 program.

- (c) The transfer order <u>must shall</u> include a copy of the probable cause affidavit; any charging documents in the case; all reports, witness statements, test results, evidence lists, and other documents in the case; the defendant's mailing address and phone number; and the defendant's written consent to abide by the rules and procedures of the receiving county's drug court program.
- (d) After the transfer takes place, the clerk shall set the matter for a hearing before the drug court program judge, and the court shall ensure the defendant's entry into the drug court program.
- (e) Upon successful completion of the drug court program, the jurisdiction to which the case has been transferred shall dispose of the case pursuant to  $\underline{s.948.08(7)}$   $\underline{s.948.08(6)}$ . If the defendant does not complete the drug court program successfully, the jurisdiction to which the case has been transferred shall dispose of the case within the guidelines of the Criminal Punishment Code.
- Section 4. Paragraph (m) of subsection (2) of section 921.0026, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 921.0026 Mitigating circumstances.—This section applies to any felony offense, except any capital felony, committed on or after October 1, 1998.
- (2) Mitigating circumstances under which a departure from the lowest permissible sentence is reasonably justified include, but are not limited to:
- (m) The defendant's offense is a nonviolent felony, the defendant's Criminal Punishment Code scoresheet total sentence

20121730 40-01385-12 146 points under s. 921.0024 are 60 points or fewer, and the court determines that the defendant is amenable to the services of a 147 postadjudicatory treatment-based drug court program and is 148 149 otherwise qualified to participate in the program as part of the 150 sentence. As used in For purposes of this paragraph, the term 151 "nonviolent felony" has the same meaning as provided in s. 152 948.08(7) s. 948.08(6).153 Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.

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