1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to the assessment of residential and 3 nonhomestead real property; creating s. 193.624, F.S.; 4 defining the term "renewable energy source device"; 5 excluding the value of certain installations, changes, 6 or improvements made after a specified date from the 7 assessed value of residential real property; providing 8 for application; requiring the filing of applications 9 by specified times in order for such installations, changes, or improvements to be excluded from the 10 11 assessed value of residential real property; providing 12 procedural requirements and limitations; requiring a nonrefundable filing fee for a petition to the value 13 adjustment board; amending s. 193.155, F.S.; 14 15 specifying additional exceptions to the assessment of 16 homestead property at just value; amending s. 17 193.1554, F.S.; specifying additional exceptions to assessment of nonhomestead property at just value; 18 amending s. 196.012, F.S.; deleting the definition of 19 the terms "renewable energy source device" and 20 "device"; conforming a cross-reference; amending ss. 21 22 196.121 and 196.1995, F.S.; conforming cross-23 references; repealing s. 196.175, F.S., relating to 24 the property tax exemption for renewable energy source

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

devices; providing for applicability; providing an

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effective date.

29 30 Section 1. Section 193.624, Florida Statutes, is created 31 to read: 193.624 Assessment of residential property.-32 33 (1) As used in this section, the term "renewable energy 34 source device" means any of the following equipment that collects, transmits, stores, or uses solar energy, wind energy, 35 36 or energy derived from geothermal deposits: 37 Solar energy collectors, photovoltaic modules, and 38 inverters. 39 Storage tanks and other storage systems, excluding 40 swimming pools used as storage tanks. 41 Rockbeds. (C) 42 Thermostats and other control devices. (d) 43 (e) Heat exchange devices. 44 (f) Pumps and fans. 45 (g) Roof ponds. 46 (h) Freestanding thermal containers. Pipes, ducts, refrigerant handling systems, and other 47 equipment used to interconnect such systems; however, such 48 49 equipment does not include conventional backup systems of any 50 type. 51 Windmills and wind turbines. (j) 52 (k) Wind-driven generators. 53 (1) Power conditioning and storage devices that use wind 54 energy to generate electricity or mechanical forms of energy. 55 Pipes and other equipment used to transmit hot 56 geothermal water to a dwelling or structure from a geothermal

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- (2) In determining the assessed value of real property used for residential purposes, an increase in the just value of the property attributable to the installation of a renewable energy source device may not be considered.
- (3) This section applies to the installation of a renewable energy source device installed on or after January 1, 2013, to new and existing residential real property.
- For a parcel of residential property to be assessed (4) pursuant to this section, the owner of such property must file with the county property appraiser an application on or before March 1 of the first year such treatment is requested. The property appraiser may require the taxpayer or the taxpayer's representative to furnish the property appraiser such information as may reasonably be required to establish the increase in just value attributable to the renewable energy source device. Failure to make timely application by March 1 constitutes a waiver of the property owner to have his or her assessment calculated for that year under this section. However, an applicant who fails to file an application by March 1 may file a late application and may file, pursuant to s. 194.011(3), a petition with the value adjustment board requesting assessment under this section. The petition must be filed on or before the 25th day after the mailing of the notice by the property appraiser as provided in s. 194.011(1). Notwithstanding s. 194.013, the applicant must pay a nonrefundable fee of \$15 upon filing the petition. Upon reviewing the petition, if the property is qualified to be assessed under this section and the

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property owner demonstrates particular extenuating circumstances judged by the property appraiser or the value adjustment board to warrant granting assessment under this section, the property appraiser shall calculate the assessment pursuant to this section.

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 193.155, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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- 193.155 Homestead assessments.—Homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January 1, 1994. Property receiving the homestead exemption after January 1, 1994, shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year in which the property receives the exemption unless the provisions of subsection (8) apply.
- (4)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) and s. 193.624, changes, additions, or improvements to homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of the first January 1 after the changes, additions, or improvements are substantially completed.
- Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 193.1554, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 193.1554 Assessment of nonhomestead residential property.
- (6)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) and s. 193.624, changes, additions, or improvements to nonhomestead residential property shall be assessed at just value as of the first January 1 after the changes, additions, or improvements are substantially completed.
- Section 4. Subsections (14) through (20) of section 111 196.012, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 112 196.012 Definitions.—For the purpose of this chapter, the

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following terms are defined as follows, except where the context 113 114 clearly indicates otherwise: 115 (14) "Renewable energy source device" or "device" means 116 any of the following equipment which, when installed in 117 connection with a dwelling unit or other structure, collects, 118 transmits, stores, or uses solar energy, wind energy, or energy 119 derived from geothermal deposits: 120 (a) Solar energy collectors. 121 (b) Storage tanks and other storage systems, excluding 122 swimming pools used as storage tanks. 123 (c) Rockbeds. 124 (d) Thermostats and other control devices. 125 (e) Heat exchange devices. 126 (f) Pumps and fans. 127 (g) Roof ponds. 128 (h) Freestanding thermal containers. (i) Pipes, ducts, refrigerant handling systems, and other 129 130 equipment used to interconnect such systems; however, conventional backup systems of any type are not included in this 131 132 definition. 133 (j) Windmills. 134 (k) Wind-driven generators. 135 (1) Power conditioning and storage devices that use wind 136 energy to generate electricity or mechanical forms of energy. (m) Pipes and other equipment used to transmit hot 137 138 geothermal water to a dwelling or structure from a geothermal 139 deposit. 140  $(14) \frac{(15)}{(15)}$  "New business" means:

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(a)1. A business or organization establishing 10 or more new jobs to employ 10 or more full-time employees in this state, paying an average wage for such new jobs that is above the average wage in the area, which principally engages in any one or more of the following operations:

- a. Manufactures, processes, compounds, fabricates, or produces for sale items of tangible personal property at a fixed location and which comprises an industrial or manufacturing plant; or
- b. Is a target industry business as defined in s.
  288.106(2)(q);

- 2. A business or organization establishing 25 or more new jobs to employ 25 or more full-time employees in this state, the sales factor of which, as defined by s. 220.15(5), for the facility with respect to which it requests an economic development ad valorem tax exemption is less than 0.50 for each year the exemption is claimed; or
- 3. An office space in this state owned and used by a business or organization newly domiciled in this state; provided such office space houses 50 or more full-time employees of such business or organization; provided that such business or organization office first begins operation on a site clearly separate from any other commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business or organization.
- (b) Any business or organization located in an enterprise zone or brownfield area that first begins operation on a site clearly separate from any other commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business or organization.

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(c) A business or organization that is situated on property annexed into a municipality and that, at the time of the annexation, is receiving an economic development ad valorem tax exemption from the county under s. 196.1995.

- (15) (16) "Expansion of an existing business" means:
- (a)1. A business or organization establishing 10 or more new jobs to employ 10 or more full-time employees in this state, paying an average wage for such new jobs that is above the average wage in the area, which principally engages in any of the operations referred to in subparagraph (15)(a)1.; or
- 2. A business or organization establishing 25 or more new jobs to employ 25 or more full-time employees in this state, the sales factor of which, as defined by s. 220.15(5), for the facility with respect to which it requests an economic development ad valorem tax exemption is less than 0.50 for each year the exemption is claimed; provided that such business increases operations on a site located within the same county, municipality, or both colocated with a commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business or organization under common control with the same business or organization, resulting in a net increase in employment of not less than 10 percent or an increase in productive output or sales of not less than 10 percent.
- (b) Any business or organization located in an enterprise zone or brownfield area that increases operations on a site located within the same zone or area colocated with a commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business or organization under common control with the same business or

197 organization.

(16) "Permanent resident" means a person who has established a permanent residence as defined in subsection (17) (18).

- (17) (18) "Permanent residence" means that place where a person has his or her true, fixed, and permanent home and principal establishment to which, whenever absent, he or she has the intention of returning. A person may have only one permanent residence at a time; and, once a permanent residence is established in a foreign state or country, it is presumed to continue until the person shows that a change has occurred.
- (18) (19) "Enterprise zone" means an area designated as an enterprise zone pursuant to s. 290.0065. This subsection expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
- (19) (20) "Ex-servicemember" means any person who has served as a member of the United States Armed Forces on active duty or state active duty, a member of the Florida National Guard, or a member of the United States Reserve Forces.
- Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 196.121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 196.121 Homestead exemptions; forms.—
- (2) The forms shall require the taxpayer to furnish certain information to the property appraiser for the purpose of determining that the taxpayer is a permanent resident as defined in s.  $\underline{196.012(16)}$   $\underline{196.012(17)}$ . Such information may include, but need not be limited to, the factors enumerated in s. 196.015.
  - Section 6. Subsections (6) and (8), paragraph (d) of

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subsection (9), and paragraph (d) of subsection (11) of section 196.1995, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

196.1995 Economic development ad valorem tax exemption.-

- (6) With respect to a new business as defined by s. 

  196.012(14)(c) 196.012(15)(c), the municipality annexing the property on which the business is situated may grant an economic development ad valorem tax exemption under this section to that business for a period that will expire upon the expiration of the exemption granted by the county. If the county renews the exemption under subsection (7), the municipality may also extend its exemption. A municipal economic development ad valorem tax exemption granted under this subsection may not extend beyond the duration of the county exemption.
- (8) Any person, firm, or corporation which desires an economic development ad valorem tax exemption shall, in the year the exemption is desired to take effect, file a written application on a form prescribed by the department with the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality, or both. The application shall request the adoption of an ordinance granting the applicant an exemption pursuant to this section and shall include the following information:
- (a) The name and location of the new business or the expansion of an existing business;
- (b) A description of the improvements to real property for which an exemption is requested and the date of commencement of construction of such improvements;
  - (c) A description of the tangible personal property for

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which an exemption is requested and the dates when such property was or is to be purchased;

- (d) Proof, to the satisfaction of the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality, that the applicant is a new business or an expansion of an existing business, as defined in s. 196.012(15) or (16);
- (e) The number of jobs the applicant expects to create along with the average wage of the jobs and whether the jobs are full-time or part-time;
  - (f) The expected time schedule for job creation; and
- (g) Other information deemed necessary or appropriate by the department, county, or municipality.
- (9) Before it takes action on the application, the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality shall deliver a copy of the application to the property appraiser of the county. After careful consideration, the property appraiser shall report the following information to the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality:
- (d) A determination as to whether the property for which an exemption is requested is to be incorporated into a new business or the expansion of an existing business, as defined in s. 196.012(15) or (16), or into neither, which determination the property appraiser shall also affix to the face of the application. Upon the request of the property appraiser, the department shall provide to him or her such information as it may have available to assist in making such determination.
  - (11) An ordinance granting an exemption under this section

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shall be adopted in the same manner as any other ordinance of the county or municipality and shall include the following:

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- (d) A finding that the business named in the ordinance meets the requirements of s.  $\underline{196.012(14)}$  or  $\underline{(15)}$   $\underline{196.012(15)}$  or  $\underline{(16)}$ .
- Section 7. Section 196.175, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

  Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013, and

  applies to assessments beginning January 1, 2014.

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