	COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION				
	ADOPTED (Y/N)				
	ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N)				
	ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N)				
	FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N)				
	WITHDRAWN (Y/N)				
	OTHER				
1	Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Transportation & Highway				
2	Safety Subcommittee				
3	Representative Baxley offered the following:				
4					
5	Amendment (with title amendment)				
6	Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:				
7	Section 1. Subsections (1) through (4) and paragraphs (b)				
8	and (c) of subsection (6) of section 316.193, Florida Statutes,				
9	are amended to read:				
10	316.193 Driving under the influence; penalties				
11	(1) A person <u>commits</u> is guilty of the offense of driving				
12	under the influence and is subject to punishment as provided in				
13	subsection (2) if the person is driving or in actual physical				
14	control of a vehicle within this state and:				
15	(a) The person is under the influence of alcoholic				
16	beverages, any chemical substance set forth in s. 877.111, or				
17	any substance controlled under chapter 893, when affected to the				
18	extent that the person's normal faculties are impaired;				

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- (b) The person has a blood-alcohol level of 0.08 or more grams of alcohol per 100 milliliters of blood; or
- (c) The person has a breath-alcohol level of 0.08 or more grams of alcohol per 210 liters of breath.
- (2) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), subsection(3), or subsection (4), any person who is convicted of a violation of subsection (1) shall be punished:
 - 1. By a fine of:
- a. At least Not less than \$500 but not or more than \$1,000 for a first conviction.
- b. At least Not less than \$1,000 but not or more than \$2,000 for a second conviction; and
 - 2. By imprisonment for:
 - a. Not more than 6 months for a first conviction.
 - b. Not more than 9 months for a second conviction.
- 3. Except as provided in sub-sub-subparagraph (I), For a second conviction, by mandatory placement for the following a period of at least 1 year, at the convicted person's sole expense, of an ignition interlock device approved by the department in accordance with s. 316.1938 upon all vehicles that are individually or jointly leased or owned and routinely operated by the convicted person, when the convicted person qualifies for a permanent or restricted license:
- a.(I). Except as provided in sub-sub-subparagraph (II), the convicted person shall have the option of choosing either the driver license or driving privilege revocation for the period specified in s. 322.28(2)(a)1., or installation of an ignition interlock device in accordance with s. 316.193(2)(a)3.,

- above, for at least 12 months for a first conviction. However, the court in its sole discretion may revoke the convicted person's driver license or driving privilege for the period specified in s. 322.28(2)(a)1.;
- (II) For a first conviction in which the convicted person had a blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol level of 0.15 or higher, or the convicted person at the time of the offense was accompanied in the vehicle by a person younger than 18 years of age, for at least 18 months;
- b.(I) Except as provided in sub-sub-subparagraph (II), for a second conviction at least 24 months;
- (II) For a second conviction in which the convicted person had a blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol level of 0.15 or higher, or the convicted person at the time of the offense was accompanied in the vehicle by a person younger than 18 years of age, for at least 30 months;
 - c. For a third conviction, for at least 36 months.
- 4. Any period of required ignition interlock use under sub-sub-paragraph 3a.(I). of subsection (2)(a) of this section shall be reduced on a day for day basis for any period such convicted person complies with the requirements of an ignition interlock license as described in s. 322.271

The installation of such device may not occur before July 1, 2003.

(b)1. Any person who is convicted of a third violation of this section for an offense that occurs within 10 years of after a prior conviction for a violation of this section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s.

775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. In addition, the court shall order the mandatory placement for a period of not less than 2 years, at the convicted person's sole expense, of an ignition interlock device approved by the department in accordance with s. 316.1938 upon all vehicles that are individually or jointly leased or owned and routinely operated by the convicted person, when the convicted person qualifies for a permanent or restricted license. The installation of such device may not occur before July 1, 2003.

- 2. Any person who is convicted of a third violation of this section for an offense that occurs more than 10 years of after the date of a prior conviction for a violation of this section shall be punished by a fine of at least not less than \$2,000 but not or more than \$5,000 and by imprisonment for not more than 12 months. In addition, the court shall order the mandatory placement for a period of at least 2 years, at the convicted person's sole expense, of an ignition interlock device approved by the department in accordance with s. 316.1938 upon all vehicles that are individually or jointly leased or owned and routinely operated by the convicted person, when the convicted person qualifies for a permanent or restricted license. The installation of such device may not occur before July 1, 2003.
- 3. Any person who is convicted of a fourth or subsequent violation of this section, regardless of when any prior conviction for a violation of this section occurred, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. However, the fine imposed

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for such fourth or subsequent violation <u>must</u> <u>may</u> be <u>at least</u> not 104 less than \$2,000.

- (3) Any person:
- (a) Who is in violation of subsection (1);
- (b) Who operates a vehicle; and
- 108 (c) Who, by reason of such operation, causes or contributes to causing:
 - 1. Damage to the property or person of another commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
 - 2. Serious bodily injury to another, as defined in s. 316.1933, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
 - 3. The death of any human being or unborn quick child commits DUI manslaughter, and commits:
 - a. A felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
 - b. A felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if:
 - (I) At the time of the crash, the person knew, or should have known, that the crash occurred; and
- (II) The person failed to give information and render aid as required by s. 316.062.

For purposes of this subsection, the definition of the term
"unborn quick child" shall be determined in accordance with the
definition of viable fetus as set forth in s. 782.071. A person

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who is convicted of DUI manslaughter shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 4 years.

- (4) Any person who is convicted of a violation of subsection (1) and who has a blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol level of 0.15 or higher, or any person who is convicted of a violation of subsection (1) and who at the time of the offense was accompanied in the vehicle by a person under the age of 18 years, shall be punished:
 - (a) By a fine of:
- 1. At least Not less than \$1,000 but not or more than \$2,000 for a first conviction.
- 2. At least Not less than \$2,000 but not or more than \$4,000 for a second conviction.
- 3. At least Not less than \$4,000 for a third or subsequent conviction.
 - (b) By imprisonment for:
 - 1. Not more than 9 months for a first conviction.
 - 2. Not more than 12 months for a second conviction.

For the purposes of this subsection, only the instant offense is required to be a violation of subsection (1) by a person who has a blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol level of 0.15 or higher.

(c) In addition to the penalties in paragraphs (a) and (b), the court shall order the mandatory placement, at the convicted person's sole expense, of an ignition interlock device approved by the department in accordance with s. 316.1938 upon all vehicles that are individually or jointly leased or owned and routinely operated by the convicted person for not less than

- 6 continuous months for the first offense and for not less than
 2 continuous years for a second offense, when the convicted
 person qualifies for a permanent or restricted license.
- (6) With respect to any person convicted of a violation of subsection (1), regardless of any penalty imposed pursuant to subsection (2), subsection (3), or subsection (4):
- within a period of 5 years of after the date of a prior conviction for violation of this section, the court shall order imprisonment for at least not less than 10 days. The court must also, as a condition of probation, order the impoundment or immobilization of all vehicles owned by the defendant at the time of impoundment or immobilization, for a period of 30 days or for the unexpired term of any lease or rental agreement that expires within 30 days. The impoundment or immobilization must not occur concurrently with the incarceration of the defendant and must occur concurrently with the driver's license revocation imposed under s. 322.28(2)(a)2. The impoundment or immobilization order may be dismissed in accordance with paragraph (e), paragraph (f), paragraph (g), or paragraph (h). At least 48 hours of confinement must be consecutive.
- (c) For the third or subsequent conviction for an offense that occurs within a period of 10 years of after the date of a prior conviction for violation of this section, the court shall order imprisonment for not less than 30 days. The court must also, as a condition of probation, order the impoundment or immobilization of all vehicles owned by the defendant at the time of impoundment or immobilization, for a period of 90 days

or for the unexpired term of any lease or rental agreement that expires within 90 days. The impoundment or immobilization must not occur concurrently with the incarceration of the defendant and must occur concurrently with the driver's license revocation imposed under s. 322.28(2)(a)3. The impoundment or immobilization order may be dismissed in accordance with paragraph (e), paragraph (f), paragraph (g), or paragraph (h). At least 48 hours of confinement must be consecutive.

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For the purposes of this section, any conviction for a violation of s. 327.35; a previous conviction for the violation of former s. 316.1931, former s. 860.01, or former s. 316.028; or a previous conviction outside this state for driving under the influence, driving while intoxicated, driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level, driving with an unlawful breath-alcohol level, or any other similar alcohol-related or drug-related traffic offense, is also considered a previous conviction for violation of this section. However, in satisfaction of the fine imposed pursuant to this section, the court may, upon a finding that the defendant is financially unable to pay either all or part of the fine, order that the defendant participate for a specified additional period of time in public service or a community work project in lieu of payment of that portion of the fine which the court determines the defendant is unable to pay. In determining such additional sentence, the court shall consider the amount of the unpaid portion of the fine and the reasonable value of the services to be ordered; however, the

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court may not compute the reasonable value of services at a rate less than the federal minimum wage at the time of sentencing.

Section 2. Section 316.1937, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.1937 Ignition interlock devices, requiring; unlawful acts.—

- In addition to any other authorized penalties, the court may require that any person who is convicted of driving under the influence in violation of s. 316.193 shall not operate a motor vehicle unless that vehicle is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device certified by the department as provided in s. 316.1938, and installed in such a manner that the vehicle will not start if the operator's blood alcohol level is in excess of $0.025 \, \frac{0.05}{0.05}$ percent or as otherwise specified by the court. The court in its sole discretion may require the use of an approved ignition interlock device for any a period of not less than 6 continuous months, if the person is permitted to operate a motor vehicle, whether or not the privilege to operate a motor vehicle is restricted, as determined by the court. The court, however, shall order placement of an ignition interlock device in those circumstances in excess of the minimums required by s. 316.193(2).
- (6) (a) It is unlawful to tamper with, or to circumvent the operation of, <u>an</u> a <u>court-ordered</u> ignition interlock device <u>for</u> the purpose of providing the person so restricted with an <u>operable motor vehicle</u>.
- (d) It is unlawful to knowingly lease or lend a motor vehicle to a person who has had his or her driving privilege

restricted as provided in this section, unless the vehicle is equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device. Any person whose driving privilege is restricted under a condition of probation requiring an requires the person to operate only vehicles equipped with an approved, functioning ignition interlock device shall notify any other person who leases or loans a motor vehicle to him or her of such driving restriction.

- (7) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, if a person is required to operate a motor vehicle in the course and scope of his or her employment and if the vehicle is owned or leased by the employer, the person may operate that vehicle without installation of an approved ignition interlock device if the department has received notification from the employer in a form acceptable to the department that the employer has been notified of the such driving privilege restriction before the restricted person operates the vehicle and if proof of that notification is with the vehicle. This employment exemption does not apply, however, if the business entity which owns or leases the vehicle is owned or controlled by the person whose driving privilege has been restricted.
- (8) In addition to the penalties provided in this section, a violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a nonmoving violation as provided in chapter 318.
- Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and subsection (10) of section 322.2615, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 322.2615 Suspension of license; right to review.—

(1)

- (b) The suspension under paragraph (a) shall be pursuant to, and the notice of suspension shall inform the driver of, the following:
- 1.a. The driver refused to submit to a lawful breath, blood, or urine test and his or her driving privilege is suspended for a period of 1 year for a first refusal or for a period of 18 months if his or her driving privilege has been previously suspended as a result of a refusal to submit to such a test; or
- b. The driver was driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle and had an unlawful blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol level of 0.08 or higher and his or her driving privilege is suspended for a period of 6 months for a first offense or for a period of 1 year if his or her driving privilege has been previously suspended under this section.
- 2. The suspension period shall commence on the date of issuance of the notice of suspension.
- 3. The driver may request a formal or informal review of the suspension by the department within 10 days after the date of issuance of the notice of suspension.
- 4. If the driver applies within 10 days after the date of issuance of the notice of suspension for ignition interlock restricted driving privileges to be issued under either subparagraph (a), subparagraph (b), or subparagraph (C) of subsection (10) of this section, the driver waives his or her right to a formal or an informal review of the suspension.

- 5.4. The temporary permit issued at the time of suspension expires at midnight of the 10th day following the date of issuance of the notice of suspension.
- $\underline{65}$. The driver may submit to the department any materials relevant to the suspension.
- (10) A person whose driver's license is suspended under subsection (1) or subsection (3) may apply for issuance of <u>an</u> <u>ignition interlock license or</u> a license for business or employment purposes only if the person is otherwise eligible for the driving privilege pursuant to s. 322.271. <u>Any period a</u> person complies with the provisions of his or her ignition interlock license during a suspension or revocation under this section, will reduce on a day for day basis any mandatory ignition interlock device requirement arising from the same incident. However, a person who has a previous conviction for a violation of s. 316.193 may only apply for a license for business or employment purposes only if eligible pursuant to s. 322.271, and may not apply for an ignition interlock license.
- (a) If the suspension of the driver's license of the person for failure to submit to a breath, urine, or blood test is sustained, the person is not eligible to receive an ignition interlock.
- (b) If the suspension of the driver's license of the person for failure to submit to a breath, urine, or blood test is sustained, the person is not eligible to receive a license for business or employment purposes only, pursuant to s.

 322.271, until 90 days have elapsed after the expiration of the last temporary permit issued. If the driver is not issued a 10-

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day permit pursuant to this section or s. 322.64 because he or she is ineligible for the permit and the suspension for failure to submit to a breath, urine, or blood test is not invalidated by the department, the driver is not eligible to receive a business or employment license pursuant to s. 322.271 until 90 days have elapsed from the date of the suspension.

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to read:

(c) (b) If the suspension of the driver driver's license of the person relating to unlawful blood-alcohol level or breathalcohol level of 0.08 or higher is sustained, the person is not eligible to receive an ignition interlock a license for business or employment purposes only pursuant to s. 322.271 until 30 days have elapsed after upon the effective date of the notice of suspension or upon the expiration of the last temporary permit issued. If the driver is not issued a 10-day permit pursuant to this section or s. 322.64 because he or she is ineligible for the permit and the suspension relating to unlawful blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol level of 0.08 or higher is not invalidated by the department, the driver is not eligible to receive an ignition interlock a business or employment license pursuant to s. 322.271 until 30 days have elapsed from the upon the effective date of the suspension. Any period a person complies with the provisions of his or her ignition interlock license during a suspension or revocation under this section, will reduce on a day for day basis any mandatory ignition interlock device requirement arising from the same incident.

Section 4. Section 322.271, Florida Statutes, is amended

- 322.271 Authority to modify revocation, cancellation, or suspension order.—
- (1) (a) Upon the suspension, cancellation, or revocation of the <u>driver driver's</u> license of any person as authorized or required in this chapter, except a person whose license is revoked as a habitual traffic offender under s. 322.27(5) or a person who is ineligible to be granted the privilege of driving on a limited or restricted basis under subsection (2), the department shall immediately notify the licensee and, upon his or her request, shall afford him or her an opportunity for a hearing pursuant to chapter 120, as early as practicable within not more than 30 days after receipt of such request, in the county wherein the licensee resides, unless the department and the licensee agree that such hearing may be held in some other county.
- (b) A person whose driving privilege has been revoked under s. 322.27(5) may, upon expiration of 12 months from the date of such revocation, petition the department for reinstatement of his or her driving privilege. Upon such petition and after investigation of the person's qualification, fitness, and need to drive, the department shall hold a hearing pursuant to chapter 120 to determine whether the driving privilege shall be reinstated on a restricted basis solely for business or employment purposes.
 - (c) For the purposes of this section, the term:
- 1. "A driving privilege restricted to business purposes only" means a driving privilege that is limited to any driving necessary to maintain livelihood, including driving to and from

work, necessary on-the-job driving, driving for educational purposes, and driving for church and for medical purposes.

- 2. "A driving privilege restricted to employment purposes only" means a driving privilege that is limited to driving to and from work and any necessary on-the-job driving required by an employer or occupation.
- 3. "An Ignition interlock license" requires that the person operate only a motor vehicle equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device certified by the department in accordance with s. 316.1938. A person who has a previous conviction for a violation of s. 316.193 is not eligible to receive an ignition interlock license.

Driving for any purpose other than as provided by this paragraph is not permitted by a person whose driving privilege has been restricted to employment or business purposes. In addition, a person whose driving privilege is restricted to employment or business purposes remains subject to any restriction that applied to the type of license which the person held at the time of the order of suspension, cancellation, or revocation. Any driving privilege, including a driving privilege restricted to business purposes or employment purposes only in accordance with this section, that is extended to a person who has a previous arrest for a violation of s. 316.193 or s. 316.1938, must be in conjunction with mandatory installation of a functioning ignition interlock device certified by the department in accordance with s. 316.1938.

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- (2) At such hearing, the person whose license has been suspended, canceled, or revoked may show that such suspension, cancellation, or revocation causes a serious hardship and precludes the person from carrying out his or her normal business occupation, trade, or employment and that the use of the person's license in the normal course of his or her business is necessary to the proper support of the person or his or her family.
- (c) A person whose license has been revoked for a period of 5 years or less pursuant to s. 322.28(2)(a) may, 6 $\frac{12}{3}$ months after the date the revocation was imposed, petition the department for reinstatement of his or her driving privilege on a restricted basis. A person whose license has been revoked for more than 5 years under s. 322.28(2)(a) may, $12\frac{24}{2}$ months after the date the revocation was imposed, petition the department for reinstatement of his or her driving privilege on a restricted basis. Reinstatement under this subsection is restricted to business or employment purposes only. In addition, the department shall require such persons upon reinstatement to have not driven and to have been drug free for at least 12 months immediately before the reinstatement, to be supervised by a DUI program licensed by the department, and to report to the program at least three times a year as required by the program for the duration of the revocation period for supervision. Such supervision includes evaluation, education, referral into treatment, and other activities required by the department. Such persons shall assume reasonable costs of supervision. If the person fails to comply with the required supervision, the

program shall report the failure to the department, and the department shall cancel the person's driving privilege. This paragraph does not apply to any person whose driving privilege has been permanently revoked.

Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 322.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.28 Period of suspension or revocation.-

- (2) In a prosecution for a violation of s. 316.193 or former s. 316.1931, the following provisions apply:
- (a) Upon conviction of the driver, the court, along with imposing sentence, shall revoke the driver's license or driving privilege of the person so convicted, effective on the date of conviction, and shall prescribe the period of such revocation in accordance with the following provisions:
- 1. Upon a first conviction for a violation of the provisions of s. 316.193, except for a violation resulting in death, and except as provided under s. 316.193(2)(a)3.(I)., the driver driver's license or driving privilege shall be revoked for at least not less than 180 days but not or more than 1 year.
- 2. Upon a second conviction for an offense that occurs within a period of 5 years of after the date of a prior conviction for a violation of the provisions of s. 316.193 or former s. 316.1931 or a combination of such sections, the driver's license or driving privilege shall be revoked for not less than 5 years.
- 3. Upon a third conviction for an offense that occurs within a period of 10 years $\underline{\text{of}}$ after the date of a prior conviction for the violation of the provisions of s. 316.193 or

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former s. 316.1931 or a combination of such sections, the
driver's license or driving privilege shall be revoked for not
less than 10 years.

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For the purposes of this paragraph, a previous conviction outside this state for driving under the influence, driving while intoxicated, driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level, or any other alcohol-related or drug-related traffic offense similar to the offense of driving under the influence as proscribed by s. 316.193 will be considered a previous conviction for violation of s. 316.193, and a conviction for violation of former s. 316.028, former s. 316.1931, or former s. 860.01 is considered a conviction for violation of s. 316.193.

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Section 6. This act shall take effect October 1. 2013.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to ... providing an effective date.

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