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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to compensation for personal injury or
3	wrongful death arising from a medical injury; amending
4	s. 456.013, F.S.; requiring the Department of Health
5	or certain boards thereof to require the completion of
6	a course relating to communication of medical errors
7	as part of the licensure and renewal process;
8	providing a directive to the Division of Law Revision
9	and Information; creating s. 766.401, F.S.; providing
10	a short title; creating s. 766.402, F.S.; providing
11	definitions; creating s. 766.403, F.S.; providing
12	legislative findings and intent; specifying that
13	certain provisions are an exclusive remedy for
14	personal injury or wrongful death; providing for early
15	offer of settlement or apology; providing an exception
16	for certain wrongful death claims; creating s.
17	766.404, F.S.; creating the Patient Compensation
18	System; providing for a board; providing for
19	membership, meetings, and certain compensation;
20	providing for specific staff, offices, committees, and
21	panels and the powers and duties thereof; prohibiting
22	certain conflicts of interest; authorizing rulemaking;
23	creating s. 766.405, F.S.; providing a process for
24	filing applications; providing for notice to providers
25	and insurers; providing an application filing period;
26	creating s. 766.406, F.S.; providing for disposition,
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27	support, and review of applications; providing for a
28	determination of compensation upon a prima facie claim
29	of a medical injury having been made; providing that
30	compensation for an application shall be offset by any
31	past and future collateral source payments; providing
32	for determinations of malpractice for purposes of a
33	specified constitutional provision; providing for
34	notice of applications determined to constitute a
35	medical injury for purposes of professional
36	discipline; providing for payment of compensation
37	awards; creating s. 766.407, F.S.; providing for
38	review of awards by an administrative law judge;
39	creating s. 766.408, F.S.; requiring annual
40	contributions from specified providers to provide
41	administrative expenses; providing maximum
42	contribution rates; specifying payment dates;
43	providing for disciplinary proceedings for failure to
44	pay; providing for deposit of funds; authorizing
45	providers to opt out of participation; providing
46	requirements for such an election; creating s.
47	766.409, F.S.; requiring notice to patients of
48	provider participation in the Patient Compensation
49	System; creating s. 766.410, F.S.; requiring an annual
50	report to the Governor and Legislature; providing
51	applicability; providing severability; providing
52	effective dates.
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53 54 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 55 56 Subsection (7) of section 456.013, Florida Section 1. 57 Statutes, is amended to read: 58 456.013 Department; general licensing provisions.-59 The boards, or the department when there is no board, (7)60 shall require the completion of a 2-hour course relating to prevention and communication of medical errors as part of the 61 licensure and renewal process. The 2-hour course shall count 62 towards the total number of continuing education hours required 63 for the profession. The course shall be approved by the board or 64 department, as appropriate, and shall include a study of root-65 66 cause analysis, error reduction and prevention, and patient 67 safety, and communication of medical errors to patients and their families. In addition, the course approved by the Board of 68 69 Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine shall include 70 information relating to the five most misdiagnosed conditions 71 during the previous biennium, as determined by the board. If the 72 course is being offered by a facility licensed pursuant to chapter 395 for its employees, the board may approve up to 1 73 74 hour of the 2-hour course to be specifically related to error 75 reduction and prevention methods used in that facility. 76 Section 2. The Division of Law Revision and Information is 77 directed to designate ss. 766.101-766.1185, Florida Statutes, as 78 part I of chapter 766, Florida Statutes, entitled "Medical Page 3 of 33

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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79	Malpractice and Related Matters"; ss. 766.201-766.212, Florida
80	Statutes, as part II of that chapter, entitled "Voluntary
81	Binding Arbitration"; ss. 766.301-766.316, Florida Statutes, as
82	part III of that chapter, entitled "Birth-Related Neurological
83	Injuries"; and ss. 766.401-766.410, Florida Statutes, as created
84	by this act, as part IV of that chapter, entitled "Patient
85	Compensation System."
86	Section 3. Section 766.401, Florida Statutes, is created
87	to read:
88	766.401 Short titleThis part may be cited as the
89	"Patient Compensation System Act."
90	Section 4. Section 766.402, Florida Statutes, is created
91	to read:
92	766.402 DefinitionsAs used in this part, the term:
93	(1) "Applicant" means a person who files an application
94	under this part requesting the investigation of an alleged
95	occurrence of a medical injury.
96	(2) "Application" means a request for investigation by the
97	Patient Compensation System of an alleged occurrence of a
98	medical injury.
99	(3) "Board" means the Patient Compensation Board as
100	created in s. 766.404.
101	(4) "Collateral source" means any payment made to the
102	applicant, or made on his or her behalf, by or pursuant to:
103	(a) The federal Social Security Act; any federal, state,
104	or local income disability act; or any other public program
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105	providing medical expenses, disability payments, or other
106	similar benefits, except as prohibited by federal law.
107	(b) Any health, sickness, or income disability insurance;
108	any automobile accident insurance that provides health benefits
109	or income disability coverage; and any other similar insurance
110	benefits, except life insurance benefits available to the
111	applicant, whether purchased by the applicant or provided by
112	others.
113	(c) Any contract or agreement of any group, organization,
114	partnership, or corporation to provide, pay for, or reimburse
115	the costs of hospital, medical, dental, or other health care
116	services.
117	(d) Any contractual or voluntary wage continuation plan
118	provided by employers or by any other system intended to provide
119	wages during a period of disability.
120	(5) "Committee" means, as the context requires, the
121	Medical Review Committee or the Compensation Committee.
122	(6) "Compensation schedule" means a schedule of damages
123	for medical injuries.
124	(7) "Department" means the Department of Health.
125	(8) "Independent medical review panel" or "panel" means a
126	multidisciplinary panel convened by the chief medical officer to
127	review each application.
128	(9)(a) "Medical injury" means a personal injury or
129	wrongful death due to medical treatment, including a missed
130	diagnosis, which injury or death could have been avoided:
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131	1. For care provided by an individual participating
132	provider, under the care of an experienced specialist provider
133	practicing in the same field of care under the same or similar
134	circumstances or, for a general practitioner provider, an
135	experienced general practitioner provider practicing under the
136	same or similar circumstances; or
137	2. For care provided by a participating provider in a
138	system of care, if such care is rendered within an optimal
139	system of care under the same or similar circumstances.
140	(b) A medical injury only includes consideration of an
141	alternate course of treatment if the injury or death could have
142	been avoided through a different but equally effective manner of
143	treatment for the underlying condition. In addition, a medical
144	injury only includes consideration of information that would
145	have been known to an experienced specialist or readily
146	available to an optimal system of care at the time of the
147	medical treatment.
148	(c) For purposes of this subsection, the term "medical
149	injury" does not include an injury or wrongful death where the
150	medical treatment conformed with national practice standards for
151	the care and treatment of patients as determined by the
152	independent medical review panel.
153	(10) "Office" means, as the context requires, the Office
154	of Compensation, the Office of Medical Review, or the Office of
155	Quality Improvement.
156	(11) "Panelist" means a person who meets the definition of
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157	a provider under this section.
158	(12) "Participating provider" means a provider who, at the
159	time of the medical injury, had paid the contribution required
160	for participation in the Patient Compensation System for the
161	year in which the medical injury occurred.
162	(13) "Patient Compensation System" means the organization
163	created in s. 766.404.
164	(14) "Provider" means a birth center licensed under
165	chapter 383; a facility licensed under chapter 390, chapter 395,
166	or chapter 400; a home health agency or nurse registry licensed
167	under part III of chapter 400; a health care services pool
168	registered under part IX of chapter 400; a person licensed under
169	s. 401.27, chapter 457, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460,
170	chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, chapter 464, chapter 465,
171	chapter 466, chapter 467, part I, part II, part III, part IV,
172	part V, part X, part XIII, or part XIV of chapter 468, chapter
173	478, part III of chapter 483, or chapter 486; a clinical
174	laboratory licensed under part I of chapter 483; a multiphasic
175	health testing center licensed under part II of chapter 483; a
176	health maintenance organization certificated under part I of
177	chapter 641; a blood bank; a plasma center; an industrial
178	clinic; a renal dialysis facility; or a professional association
179	partnership, corporation, joint venture, or other association
180	pertaining to the professional activity of health care
181	providers.
182	Section 5. Effective July 1, 2015, section 766.403,
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183	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
184	766.403 Legislative findings and intent; exclusive remedy;
185	early offers; wrongful death
186	(1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGSThe Legislature finds that:
187	(a) The lack of legal representation, and, thus,
188	compensation, for the majority of patients with legitimate
189	medical injuries is creating an access-to-courts crisis.
190	(b) Seeking compensation through medical malpractice
191	litigation is a costly and protracted process, such that legal
192	counsel may only afford to finance a small number of legitimate
193	claims.
194	(c) Even for patients who are able to obtain legal
195	representation, the delay in obtaining compensation averages 5
196	years, creating a significant hardship for patients and their
197	caregivers who often need access to immediate care and
198	compensation.
199	(d) Because of continued exposure to liability, an
200	overwhelming majority of physicians practice defensive medicine
201	by ordering unnecessary tests and procedures, increasing the
202	cost of health care for individuals covered by public and
203	private health insurance coverage and exposing patients to
204	unnecessary clinical risks.
205	(e) A significant number of physicians intend to
206	discontinue providing services in Florida as a result of the
207	cost and risk of medical liability in this state, particularly
208	obstetricians.
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209	(f) Recruiting physicians to practice in this state and
210	ensuring that current physicians continue to practice in this
211	state is an overwhelming public necessity.
212	(2) LEGISLATIVE INTENTThe Legislature intends:
213	(a) To supersede medical malpractice litigation by
214	creating a new remedy whereby patients are fairly and
215	expeditiously compensated for medical injuries. As provided in
216	this part, this alternative is intended to significantly reduce
217	the practice of defensive medicine, thereby reducing health care
218	costs; to increase patient safety; to increase the number of
219	physicians practicing in this state; and to provide patients
220	fair and timely compensation without the expense and delay of
221	the court system. The Legislature intends that this part apply
222	to all health care facilities and health care providers who are
223	either insured or self-insured against claims for medical
224	malpractice.
225	(b) That an application filed under this part not
226	constitute a claim for medical malpractice, any action on such
227	an application not constitute a judgment or adjudication for
228	medical malpractice, and, therefore, professional liability
229	carriers not be obligated to report such applications or actions
230	on such applications to the National Practitioner Data Bank.
231	(c) That the definition of the term "medical injury" be
232	construed to encompass a broader range of personal injuries as
233	compared to a negligence standard, such that a greater number of
234	applications qualify for compensation under this part as
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235	compared to claims filed under a negligence standard.
236	(d) That, because the Patient Compensation System has the
237	primary duty to determine the validity and compensation of each
238	application, an insurer not be subject to a statutory or common
239	law bad faith cause of action relating to an application filed
240	under this part.
241	(3) EXCLUSIVE REMEDYExcept as provided in part III, the
242	rights and remedies granted by this part due to a personal
243	injury or wrongful death exclude all other rights and remedies
244	of the applicant and his or her personal representative,
245	parents, dependents, and next of kin, at common law or as
246	provided in general law, against any participating provider
247	directly involved in providing the medical treatment resulting
248	in such injury or death, arising out of or related to a medical
249	negligence claim, whether in tort or in contract, with respect
250	to such injury. Notwithstanding any other law, this part applies
251	exclusively to applications submitted under this part.
252	(4) EARLY OFFERThis part does not prohibit a self-
253	insured provider or an insurer from providing an early offer of
254	settlement or apology in satisfaction of a medical injury. A
255	person who accepts a settlement offer may not file an
256	application under this part for the same medical injury. In
257	addition, if an application has been filed before the offer of
258	settlement, the acceptance of the settlement offer by the
259	applicant shall result in the withdrawal of the application.
260	(5) WRONGFUL DEATHCompensation may not be provided under
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261	this part for an application requesting an investigation of an
262	alleged wrongful death due to medical treatment if such
263	application is filed by an adult child on behalf of his or her
264	parent or by a parent on behalf of his or her adult child.
265	Section 6. Section 766.404, Florida Statutes, is created
266	to read:
267	766.404 Patient Compensation System; board; committees
268	(1) PATIENT COMPENSATION SYSTEMThe Patient Compensation
269	System is created and shall be administratively housed within
270	the department. The Patient Compensation System is a separate
271	budget entity that shall be responsible for its administrative
272	functions and is not subject to control, supervision, or
273	direction by the department in any manner. The Patient
274	Compensation System shall administer this part.
275	(2) PATIENT COMPENSATION BOARDThe Patient Compensation
276	Board is a board of trustees as defined in s. 20.03 and is
277	established to govern the Patient Compensation System. The board
278	shall comply with s. 20.052 except as provided in this
279	subsection.
280	(a) MembersThe board shall be composed of 11 members who
281	represent the medical, legal, patient, and business communities
282	from diverse geographic areas throughout the state. Members of
283	the board shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor and shall
284	be appointed by the Governor as follows:
285	1. Five members shall be appointed by the Governor, one of
286	whom shall be an allopathic or osteopathic physician who
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287	actively practices in this state, one of whom shall be an
288	executive in the business community who works in this state, one
289	of whom shall be a hospital administrator who works in this
290	state, one of whom shall be a certified public accountant who
291	actively practices in this state, and one of whom shall be a
292	member of The Florida Bar who actively practices in this state.
293	2. Three members shall be persons selected by the Governor
294	from a list of persons recommended by the President of the
295	Senate, one of whom shall be an allopathic or osteopathic
296	physician who actively practices in this state and one of whom
297	shall be a patient advocate who resides in this state.
298	3. Three members shall be persons selected by the Governor
299	from a list of persons recommended by the Speaker of the House
300	of Representatives, one of whom shall be an allopathic or
301	osteopathic physician who actively practices in this state and
302	one of whom shall be a patient advocate who resides in this
303	state.
304	(b) Terms of appointmentEach member shall be appointed
305	for a 4-year term. For the purpose of providing staggered terms,
306	of the initial appointments, the five members appointed by the
307	Governor shall be appointed to 2-year terms and the remaining
308	six members shall be appointed to 3-year terms. If a vacancy
309	occurs on the board before the expiration of a term, the
310	Governor shall appoint a successor to serve the remainder of the
311	term.
312	(c) Chair and vice chairThe board shall annually elect
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313	from its membership one member to serve as chair of the board
314	and one member to serve as vice chair.
315	(d) MeetingsThe first meeting of the board shall be held
316	no later than August 1, 2014. Thereafter, the board shall meet
317	at least quarterly upon the call of the chair. A majority of the
318	board members constitutes a quorum. Meetings may be held by
319	teleconference, web conference, or other electronic means.
320	(e) CompensationMembers of the board shall serve without
321	compensation but may be reimbursed for per diem and travel
322	expenses for required attendance at board meetings in accordance
323	with s. 112.061.
324	(f) Powers and duties of the boardThe board shall have
325	the following powers and duties:
326	1. Ensuring the operation of the Patient Compensation
327	System in accordance with applicable federal and state laws,
328	rules, and regulations.
329	2. Entering into contracts as necessary to administer this
330	part.
331	3. Employing an executive director and other staff as
332	necessary to perform the functions of the Patient Compensation
333	System, except that the Governor shall appoint the initial
334	executive director.
335	4. Approving the hiring of a chief compensation officer
336	and chief medical officer, as recommended by the executive
337	<u>director.</u>
338	5. Approving a schedule of compensation for medical
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339	injuries, as recommended by the Compensation Committee.
340	6. Approving medical review panelists as recommended by
341	the Medical Review Committee.
342	7. Approving an annual budget.
343	8. Annually approving provider contribution amounts.
344	(g) Powers and duties of staff.—The executive director
345	shall oversee the operation of the Patient Compensation System
346	in accordance with this part. The following staff shall report
347	directly to and serve at the pleasure of the executive director:
348	1. Advocacy directorThe advocacy director shall ensure
349	that each applicant is provided high-quality individual
350	assistance throughout the process, from initial filing to
351	disposition of the application. The advocacy director shall
352	assist each applicant in determining whether to retain an
353	attorney, which assistance shall include an explanation of
354	possible fee arrangements and the advantages and disadvantages
355	of retaining an attorney. If the applicant seeks to file an
356	application without an attorney, the advocacy director shall
357	assist the applicant in filing the application. In addition, the
358	advocacy director shall regularly provide status reports to the
359	applicant regarding his or her application.
360	2. Chief compensation officerThe chief compensation
361	officer shall manage the Office of Compensation. The chief
362	compensation officer shall recommend to the Compensation
363	Committee a compensation schedule for each type of medical
364	injury. The chief compensation officer may not be a licensed
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365 physician or an attorney. 366 3. Chief financial officer.-The chief financial officer 367 shall be responsible for overseeing the financial operations of 368 the Patient Compensation System, including the annual 369 development of a budget. 370 4. Chief legal officer.-The chief legal officer shall 371 represent the Patient Compensation System in all contested 372 applications, oversee the operation of the Patient Compensation 373 System to ensure compliance with established procedures, and ensure adherence to all applicable federal and state laws, 374 375 rules, and regulations. 376 5. Chief medical officer.-The chief medical officer must 377 be a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 and 378 shall manage the Office of Medical Review. The chief medical 379 officer shall recommend to the Medical Review Committee a 380 qualified list of multidisciplinary panelists for independent 381 medical review panels. In addition, the chief medical officer 382 shall convene independent medical review panels as necessary to 383 review applications. 384 6. Chief quality officer.-The chief quality officer shall 385 manage the Office of Quality Improvement. (3) OFFICES.-The following offices are established within 386 387 the Patient Compensation System: 388 (a) Office of Medical Review.-The Office of Medical Review 389 shall evaluate and, as necessary, investigate all applications 390 in accordance with this part. For the purpose of an

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391	investigation of an application, the office shall have the power
392	to administer oaths, take depositions, issue subpoenas, compel
393	the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers,
394	documents, and other evidence, and obtain patient records
395	pursuant to the applicant's release of protected health
396	information.
397	(b) Office of CompensationThe Office of Compensation
398	shall allocate compensation for each application in accordance
399	with the compensation schedule.
400	(c) Office of Quality ImprovementThe Office of Quality
401	Improvement shall regularly review application data to conduct
402	root cause analyses and develop and disseminate best practices
403	based on such reviews. In addition, the office shall capture and
404	record safety-related data obtained during an investigation
405	conducted by the Office of Medical Review, including the cause
406	of, the factors contributing to, and any interventions that may
407	have prevented the medical injury.
408	(4) COMMITTEESThe board shall create a Medical Review
409	Committee and a Compensation Committee. The board may create
410	additional committees as necessary to assist in the performance
411	of its duties and responsibilities.
412	(a) MembersEach committee shall be composed of three
413	board members chosen by a majority vote of the board.
414	1. The Medical Review Committee shall be composed of two
415	physicians licensed in this state and a board member who is not
416	an attorney and who resides in this state. The board shall
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417	designate a physician committee member as chair of the
418	committee.
419	2. The Compensation Committee shall be composed of a
420	certified public accountant practicing in this state and two
421	board members who are not physicians or attorneys and who reside
422	in this state. The certified public accountant shall serve as
423	chair of the committee.
424	(b) Terms of appointmentMembers of each committee shall
425	serve 2-year terms concurrent with their respective terms as
426	board members. If a vacancy occurs on a committee, the board
427	shall appoint a successor to serve the remainder of the term. A
428	committee member who is removed or resigns from the board shall
429	be removed from the committee.
430	(c) Chair and vice chair.—The board shall annually
431	designate a chair and vice chair of each committee.
432	(d) MeetingsEach committee shall meet at least quarterly
433	or at the specific direction of the board. Meetings may be held
434	by teleconference, web conference, or other electronic means.
435	(e) CompensationMembers of the committees shall serve
436	without compensation but may be reimbursed for per diem and
437	travel expenses for required attendance at committee meetings in
438	accordance with s. 112.061.
439	(f) Powers and duties
440	1. The Medical Review Committee shall recommend to the
441	board a comprehensive, multidisciplinary list of panelists who
442	shall serve on the independent medical review panels as needed.
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443	2. The Compensation Committee shall, in consultation with
444	the chief compensation officer, recommend to the board:
445	a. A compensation schedule, formulated such that the
446	aggregate cost of medical malpractice and the aggregate of
447	provider contributions are equal to or less than the prior
448	fiscal year's aggregate cost of medical malpractice. In
449	addition, damage payments for each injury shall be no less than
450	the average indemnity payment reported by the Physician Insurers
451	Association of America or its successor organization for similar
452	medical injuries with similar severity. Thereafter, the
453	committee shall annually review the compensation schedule and,
454	if necessary, recommend a revised schedule, such that a
455	projected increase in the upcoming fiscal year's aggregate cost
456	of medical malpractice, including insured and self-insured
457	providers, does not exceed the percentage change from the prior
458	year in the medical care component of the Consumer Price Index
459	for All Urban Consumers.
460	b. Guidelines for the payment of compensation awards
461	through periodic payments.
462	c. Guidelines for the apportionment of compensation among
463	multiple providers, which guidelines shall be based on the
464	historical apportionment among multiple providers for similar
465	injuries with similar severity.
466	(5) INDEPENDENT MEDICAL REVIEW PANELSThe chief medical
467	officer shall convene an independent medical review panel to
468	evaluate each application to determine whether a medical injury
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469	occurred. Each panel shall be composed of an odd number of at
470	least three panelists chosen from a list of panelists
471	representing the same or similar specialty as the provider and
472	shall convene, either in person or by teleconference, upon the
473	call of the chief medical officer. Each panelist shall be paid a
474	stipend as determined by the board for his or her service on the
475	panel. In order to expedite the review of applications, the
476	chief medical officer may, whenever practicable, group related
477	applications together for consideration by a single panel.
478	(6) CONFLICTS OF INTERESTA board member, panelist, or
479	employee of the Patient Compensation System may not engage in
480	any conduct that constitutes a conflict of interest. For
481	purposes of this subsection, the term "conflict of interest"
482	means a situation in which the private interest of a board
483	member, panelist, or employee could influence his or her
484	judgment in the performance of his or her duties under this
485	part. A board member, panelist, or employee shall immediately
486	disclose in writing the presence of a conflict of interest when
487	the board member, panelist, or employee knows or should
488	reasonably have known that the factual circumstances surrounding
489	a particular application constitute or constituted a conflict of
490	interest. A board member, panelist, or employee who violates
491	this subsection is subject to disciplinary action as determined
492	by the board. A conflict of interest includes, but is not
493	limited to:
494	(a) Conduct that would lead a reasonable person having
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495	knowledge of all of the circumstances to conclude that a board
496	member, panelist, or employee is biased against or in favor of
497	an applicant.
498	(b) Participation in an application in which the board
499	member, panelist, or employee, or the parent, spouse, or child
500	of a board member, panelist, or employee, has a financial
501	interest.
502	(7) RULEMAKINGThe board shall adopt rules to implement
503	and administer this part, including rules addressing:
504	(a) The application process, including forms necessary to
505	collect relevant information from applicants.
506	(b) Disciplinary procedures for a board member, panelist,
507	or employee who violates the conflict of interest provisions of
508	this part.
509	(c) Stipends paid to panelists for their service on an
510	independent medical review panel, which stipends may be scaled
511	in accordance with the relative scarcity of the provider's
512	specialty, if applicable.
513	(d) Payment of compensation awards through periodic
514	payments and the apportionment of compensation among multiple
515	providers, as recommended by the Compensation Committee.
516	(e) The opt-out process for providers who do not want to
517	participate in the Patient Compensation System.
518	Section 7. Effective July 1, 2015, section 766.405,
519	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
520	766.405 Filing of applications
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

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521	(1) CONTENTIn order to obtain compensation for a medical
522	injury, an applicant, or his or her legal representative, shall
523	file an application with the Patient Compensation System. The
524	application shall include the following:
525	(a) The name and address of the applicant or his or her
526	legal representative and the basis of the representation.
527	(b) The name and address of any participating provider who
528	provided medical treatment allegedly resulting in the medical
529	injury.
530	(c) A brief statement of the facts and circumstances
531	surrounding the medical injury that gave rise to the
532	application.
533	(d) An authorization for release to the Office of Medical
534	Review of all protected health information that is potentially
535	relevant to the application.
536	(e) Any other information that the applicant believes will
537	be beneficial to the investigatory process, including the names
538	of potential witnesses.
539	(f) Documentation of any applicable private or
540	governmental source of services or reimbursement relative to the
541	medical injury.
542	(2) INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONSIf an application is not
543	complete, the Patient Compensation System shall, within 30 days
544	after the receipt of the initial application, notify the
545	applicant in writing of any errors or omissions. An applicant
546	shall have 30 days after receipt of the notice in which to
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547	correct the errors or omissions in the initial application.
548	(3) TIME LIMITATION ON APPLICATIONS An application shall
549	be filed within the time periods specified in s. 95.11(4) for
550	medical malpractice actions. The applicable time period shall be
551	tolled from the date of the filing of an application until the
552	date of the receipt by the applicant of the results of the
553	initial medical review under s. 766.406.
554	(4) SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATIONAfter the filing of an
555	application, the applicant may supplement the initial
556	application with additional information that the applicant
557	believes may be beneficial in the resolution of the application.
558	(5) LEGAL COUNSEL.—This part does not prohibit an
559	applicant or participating provider from retaining an attorney
560	to represent the applicant or participating provider in the
561	review and resolution of an application.
562	Section 8. Effective July 1, 2015, section 766.406,
563	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
564	766.406 Disposition of applications
565	(1) INITIAL MEDICAL REVIEWIndividuals with relevant
566	clinical expertise in the Office of Medical Review shall, within
567	10 days after the receipt of a completed application, determine
568	whether the application, prima facie, constitutes a medical
569	injury.
570	(a) If the Office of Medical Review determines that the
571	application, prima facie, constitutes a medical injury, the
572	office shall immediately notify, by registered or certified
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573	mail, each participating provider named in the application and,
574	for participating providers that are not self-insured, the
575	insurer that provides coverage for the provider. The
576	notification shall inform the participating provider that he or
577	she may support the application to expedite the processing of
578	the application. A participating provider shall have 15 days
579	after the receipt of notification of an application to support
580	the application. If the participating provider supports the
581	application, the Office of Medical Review shall review the
582	application in accordance with subsection (2).
583	(b) If the Office of Medical Review determines that the
584	application does not, prima facie, constitute a medical injury,
585	the office shall send a rejection letter to the applicant by
586	registered or certified mail informing the applicant of his or
587	her right of appeal. The applicant shall have 15 days after the
588	receipt of the letter in which to appeal the determination of
589	the office pursuant to s. 766.407.
590	(2) EXPEDITED MEDICAL REVIEW An application that is
591	supported by a participating provider in accordance with
592	subsection (1) shall be reviewed by individuals with relevant
593	clinical expertise in the Office of Medical Review within 30
594	days after notification of the participating provider's support
595	of the application to determine the validity of the application.
596	If the Office of Medical Review finds that the application is
597	valid, the Office of Compensation shall determine an award of
598	compensation in accordance with subsection (4). If the Office of
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599	Medical Review finds that the application is not valid, the
600	office shall immediately notify the applicant of the rejection
601	of the application and, in the case of fraud, shall immediately
602	notify relevant law enforcement authorities.
603	(3) FORMAL MEDICAL REVIEWIf the Office of Medical Review
604	determines that the application, prima facie, constitutes a
605	medical injury and the participating provider does not elect to
606	support the application, the office shall complete a thorough
607	investigation of the application within 60 days after the
608	determination by the office. The investigation shall be
609	conducted by a multidisciplinary team with relevant clinical
610	expertise and shall include a thorough investigation of all
611	available documentation, witnesses, and other information.
612	Within 15 days after the completion of the investigation, the
613	chief medical officer shall allow the applicant and the
614	participating provider to access records, statements, and other
615	information obtained in the course of its investigation, in
616	accordance with relevant state and federal laws.
617	(a) Within 30 days after the completion of the
618	investigation, the chief medical officer shall convene an
619	independent medical review panel to determine whether the
620	application constitutes a medical injury. The independent
621	medical review panel shall have access to all redacted
622	information obtained by the office in the course of its
623	investigation of the application and shall make a written
624	determination within 10 days after the convening of the panel,
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625	which written determination shall be immediately provided to the
626	applicant and the participating provider.
627	(b)1. If the panel determines that the medical service
628	conformed to national practice standards for the care and
629	treatment of patients, the application shall be dismissed and
630	the provider shall not be held responsible for the patient's
631	medical injury.
632	2. If the panel determines by a preponderance of the
633	evidence that all of the following criteria exist, the panel
634	shall report that the application constitutes a medical injury:
635	a. The provider performed a medical service on the
636	applicant.
637	b. The applicant suffered damages.
638	c. The medical service was the proximate cause of the
639	damages.
640	d. One or more of the following, as determined in
641	accordance with s. 766.402(9):
642	(I) An accepted method of medical services was not used
643	for treatment;
644	(II) An accepted method of medical services was used for
645	treatment but executed in a substandard fashion; or
646	(III) An accepted method was used, but a prospective
647	analysis concludes that damages could have been avoided by using
648	a less hazardous but equally effective treatment.
649	(c)1. If the independent medical review panel determines
650	that the application constitutes a medical injury, the Office of
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651	Medical Review shall immediately notify the participating
652	provider by registered or certified mail of the right to appeal
653	the determination of the panel. The participating provider shall
654	have 15 days after the receipt of the letter in which to appeal
655	the determination of the panel pursuant to s. 766.407.
656	2. If the independent medical review panel determines that
657	the application does not constitute a medical injury, the Office
658	of Medical Review shall immediately notify the applicant by
659	registered or certified mail of the right to appeal the
660	determination of the panel. The applicant shall have 15 days
661	from the receipt of the letter to appeal the determination of
662	the panel pursuant to s. 766.407.
663	(4) COMPENSATION REVIEWIf an independent medical review
664	panel finds that an application constitutes a medical injury
665	under subsection (3) and all appeals of that finding have been
666	exhausted by the participating provider pursuant to s. 766.407,
667	the Office of Compensation shall, within 30 days after either
668	the finding of the panel or the exhaustion of all appeals of
669	that finding, whichever occurs later, make a written
670	determination of an award of compensation in accordance with the
671	compensation schedule and the findings of the panel. The office
672	shall notify the applicant and the participating provider by
673	registered or certified mail of the amount of compensation and
674	shall also explain to the applicant the process to appeal the
675	determination of the office. The applicant shall have 15 days
676	from the receipt of the letter to appeal the determination of
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677	the office pursuant to s. 766.407.
678	(5) LIMITATION ON COMPENSATIONCompensation for each
679	application shall be offset by any past and future collateral
680	source payments. In addition, compensation may be paid by
681	periodic payments as determined by the Office of Compensation in
682	accordance with rules adopted by the board.
683	(6) PAYMENT OF COMPENSATIONWithin 14 days after either
684	the acceptance of compensation by the applicant or the
685	conclusion of all appeals pursuant to s. 766.407, the
686	participating provider, or the insurer for a participating
687	provider who has insurance coverage, shall remit the
688	compensation award to the Patient Compensation System, which
689	shall immediately provide compensation to the applicant in
690	accordance with the final compensation award. Beginning 45 days
691	after the acceptance of compensation by the applicant or the
692	conclusion of all appeals pursuant to s. 766.407, whichever
693	occurs later, an unpaid award shall begin to accrue interest at
694	the rate of 18 percent per year.
695	(7) DETERMINATION OF MEDICAL MALPRACTICEFor purposes of
696	s. 26, Art. X of the State Constitution, a physician who is the
697	subject of an application under this part must be found to have
698	committed medical malpractice only upon a specific finding of
699	the Board of Medicine or Board of Osteopathic Medicine, as
700	applicable, in accordance with s. 456.50.
701	(8) PROFESSIONAL BOARD NOTICEThe Patient Compensation
702	System shall provide the department with electronic access to
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703	applications for which a medical injury was determined to exist,
704	related to persons licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459,
705	chapter 460, part I of chapter 464, or chapter 466, where the
706	provider represents an imminent risk of harm to the public. The
707	department shall review such applications to determine whether
708	any of the incidents that resulted in the application
709	potentially involved conduct by the licensee that is subject to
710	disciplinary action, in which case s. 456.073 applies.
711	Section 9. Effective July 1, 2015, section 766.407,
712	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
713	766.407 Review by administrative law judge; appellate
714	review; extensions of time
715	(1) REVIEW BY ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE An administrative
716	law judge shall hear and determine appeals filed pursuant to s.
717	766.406 and shall exercise the full power and authority granted
718	to him or her in chapter 120, as necessary, to carry out the
719	purposes of that section. The administrative law judge shall be
720	limited in his or her review to determining whether the Office
721	of Medical Review, the independent medical review panel, or the
722	Office of Compensation, as appropriate, has faithfully followed
723	the requirements of this part and rules adopted thereunder in
724	reviewing applications. If the administrative law judge
725	determines that such requirements were not followed in reviewing
726	an application, he or she shall require the chief medical
727	officer to either reconvene the original panel or convene a new
728	panel, or require the Office of Compensation to redetermine the
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729	compensation amount, in accordance with the determination of the
730	judge.
731	(2) APPELLATE REVIEW.—A determination by an administrative
732	law judge under this section regarding the award or denial of
733	compensation under this part shall be conclusive and binding as
734	to all questions of fact and shall be provided to the applicant
735	and the participating provider. An applicant may appeal the
736	award or denial of compensation to the District Court of Appeal.
737	Appeals shall be filed in accordance with rules of procedure
738	adopted by the Supreme Court for review of such orders.
739	(3) EXTENSIONS OF TIMEUpon a written petition by either
740	the applicant or the participating provider, an administrative
741	law judge may grant, for good cause, an extension of any of the
742	time periods specified in this part. The relevant time period
743	shall be tolled from the date of the written petition until the
744	date of the determination by the administrative law judge.
745	Section 10. Effective July 1, 2015, section 766.408,
746	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
747	766.408 Expenses of administration; opt out
748	(1) The board shall annually determine a contribution that
749	shall be paid by each provider, unless the provider opts out of
750	participation in the Patient Compensation System pursuant to
751	subsection (6). The contribution amount shall be determined by
752	January 1 of each year and shall be based on the anticipated
753	expenses of the administration of this part for the next state
754	fiscal year.
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755	(2) The contribution rate may not exceed the following
756	amounts:
757	(a) For an individual licensed under section 401.27, a
758	chiropractic assistant licensed under chapter 460, or an
759	individual licensed under chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463,
760	chapter 464 with the exception of a certified registered nurse
761	anesthetist, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 467, part I, part
762	II, part III, part IV, part V, part X, part XIII, or part XIV of
763	chapter 468, chapter 478, part III of chapter 483, or chapter
764	486, \$100 per licensee.
765	(b) For an anesthesiology assistant or physician assistant
766	licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or a certified
767	registered nurse anesthetist certified under part I of chapter
768	464, \$250 per licensee.
769	(c) For a physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter
770	459, or chapter 460, \$600 per licensee. The contribution for the
771	initial fiscal year shall be \$500 per licensee.
772	(d) For a facility licensed under part II of chapter 400,
773	\$100 per bed.
774	(e) For a facility licensed under chapter 395, \$200 per
775	bed, except that the contribution for the initial fiscal year
776	shall be \$100 per bed.
777	(f) For any other provider not otherwise described in this
778	subsection, \$2,500 per registrant or licensee.
779	(3) The contribution determined under this section shall
780	be payable by each participating provider upon notice delivered
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781	on or after July 1 of the next state fiscal year. Each
782	participating provider shall pay the contribution amount within
783	30 days after the date the notice is delivered to the provider.
784	If a provider fails to pay the contribution determined under
785	this section within 30 days after such notice, the board shall
786	notify the provider by certified or registered mail that the
787	provider's license shall be subject to revocation if the
788	contribution is not paid within 60 days from the date of the
789	original notice.
790	(4) A provider who has not opted out of participation
791	pursuant to subsection (6) who fails to pay the contribution
792	amount determined under this section within 60 days after
793	receipt of the original notice shall be subject to a licensure
794	revocation action by the department, the Agency for Health Care
795	Administration, or the relevant regulatory board, as applicable.
796	(5) All amounts collected under this section shall be paid
797	into the Patient Compensation Trust Fund established in s.
798	766.4105.
799	(6) A provider may elect to opt out of participation in
800	the Patient Compensation System. The election to opt out must be
801	made in writing no later than 15 days before the due date of the
802	contribution required under this section. A provider who opts
803	out may subsequently elect to participate by paying the
804	appropriate contribution amount for the current fiscal year.
805	Section 11. Section 766.409, Florida Statutes, is created
806	to read:
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807	766.409 Notice to patients of participation in the Patient
808	Compensation System
809	(1) Each participating provider shall provide notice to
810	patients that the provider is participating in the Patient
811	Compensation System. Such notice shall be provided on a form
812	furnished by the Patient Compensation System and shall include a
813	concise explanation of a patient's rights and benefits under the
814	system.
815	(2) Notice is not required to be given to a patient when
816	the patient has an emergency medical condition as defined in s.
817	395.002(8)(b) or when notice is not practicable.
818	Section 12. Section 766.410, Florida Statutes, is created
819	to read:
820	766.410 Annual reportThe board shall annually, beginning
821	October 1, 2015, submit to the Governor, the President of the
822	Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report
823	that describes the filing and disposition of applications in the
824	preceding fiscal year. The report shall include, in the
825	aggregate, the number of applications, the disposition of such
826	applications, and the compensation awarded.
827	Section 13. This act applies to medical incidents for
828	which a notice of intent to initiate litigation has not been
829	mailed before July 1, 2015.
830	Section 14. If any provision of this act or its
831	application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
832	invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of
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833	the act which may be given effect without the invalid provision
834	or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are
835	severable.
836	Section 15. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
837	act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2014.