By Senator Latvala

	20-00829B-14 20141048
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Department of Transportation;
3	creating s. 339.041, F.S.; providing legislative
4	findings and intent; authorizing the department to
5	seek certain investors for certain leases; prohibiting
6	the department from pledging the credit, general
7	revenues, or taxing power of the state or any
8	political subdivision of the state; specifying the
9	collection and deposit of lease payments by agreement
10	with the department; amending s. 373.618, F.S.;
11	removing a provision exempting certain public
12	information systems from local government review or
13	approval; providing that a public information system
14	is subject to the requirements of ch. 479, F.S.;
15	requiring that certain public information systems be
16	approved by the United States Department of
17	Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration
18	under certain circumstances; amending s. 479.01, F.S.,
19	relating to outdoor advertising signs; revising and
20	deleting definitions; amending s. 479.02, F.S.;
21	revising duties of the Department of Transportation
22	relating to signs; deleting a requirement that the
23	department adopt certain rules; creating s. 479.024,
24	F.S.; limiting the placement of signs to commercial or
25	industrial zones; defining the terms "parcel" and
26	"utilities"; requiring a local government to use
27	specified criteria to determine zoning for commercial
28	or industrial parcels; providing that certain parcels
29	are considered unzoned commercial or industrial areas;

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20-00829B-14 20141048 30 authorizing a permit for a sign in an unzoned 31 commercial or industrial area in certain 32 circumstances; prohibiting specified uses and activities from being independently recognized as 33 34 commercial or industrial; providing an appeal process 35 for an applicant whose permit is denied; requiring an 36 applicant whose application is denied to remove an 37 existing sign pertaining to the application; requiring the department to reduce certain transportation 38 39 funding in certain circumstances; amending s. 479.03, 40 F.S.; requiring notice to owners of intervening 41 privately owned lands before the department enters 42 upon such lands to remove an illegal sign; amending s. 479.04, F.S.; providing that an outdoor advertising 43 44 license is not required solely to erect or construct outdoor signs or structures; amending s. 479.05, F.S.; 45 46 authorizing the department to suspend a license for 47 certain offenses and specifying activities that the licensee may engage in during the suspension; 48 49 prohibiting the department from granting a transfer of 50 an existing permit or issuing an additional permit 51 during the suspension; amending s. 479.07, F.S.; 52 revising requirements for obtaining sign permits; 53 conforming and clarifying provisions; revising permit 54 tag placement requirements for signs; deleting a provision that allows a permittee to provide its own 55 56 replacement tag; increasing the permit transfer fee 57 for any multiple transfers between two outdoor 58 advertisers in a single transaction; revising the

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59	permit reinstatement fee; revising requirements for
60	permitting certain signs visible to more than one
61	highway; deleting provisions limiting a pilot program
62	to specified locations; deleting redundant provisions
63	relating to certain new or replacement signs; deleting
64	provisions requiring maintenance of statistics on the
65	pilot program; amending s. 479.08, F.S.; revising
66	provisions relating to the denial or revocation of a
67	permit because of false or misleading information in
68	the permit application; amending s. 479.10, F.S.;
69	authorizing the cancellation of a permit; amending s.
70	479.105, F.S.; revising notice requirements to owners
71	and advertisers relating to signs erected or
72	maintained without a permit; revising procedures for
73	the department to issue a permit as a conforming or
74	nonconforming sign to the owner of an unpermitted
75	sign; providing a penalty; amending s. 479.106, F.S.;
76	revising provisions relating to the removal, cutting,
77	or trimming of trees or vegetation to increase sign
78	face visibility; providing that a specified penalty is
79	applied per sign facing; amending s. 479.107, F.S.;
80	deleting a fine for specified violations; amending s.
81	479.11, F.S.; prohibiting signs on specified portions
82	of the interstate highway system; amending s. 479.111,
83	F.S.; clarifying a reference to a certain agreement;
84	amending s. 479.15, F.S.; deleting a definition;
85	revising provisions relating to relocation of certain
86	signs on property subject to public acquisition;
87	amending s. 479.156, F.S.; clarifying provisions

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20-00829B-14 20141048 88 relating to the regulation of wall murals; amending s. 89 479.16, F.S.; exempting certain signs from ch. 479, 90 F.S.; exempting from permitting certain signs placed 91 by tourist-oriented businesses, certain farm signs 92 placed during harvest seasons, certain acknowledgment signs on publicly funded school premises, and certain 93 94 displays on specific sports facilities; prohibiting 95 certain permit exemptions from being implemented or continued if the implementations or continuations will 96 97 adversely impact the allocation of federal funds to 98 the Department of Transportation; directing the 99 department to notify a sign owner that the sign must 100 be removed if federal funds are adversely impacted; 101 authorizing the department to remove the sign and assess costs to the sign owner under certain 102 103 circumstances; amending s. 479.24, F.S.; clarifying 104 provisions relating to compensation paid for the 105 department's acquisition of lawful signs; amending s. 106 479.25, F.S.; revising provisions relating to local 107 government action with respect to erection of noise-108 attenuation barriers that block views of lawfully 109 erected signs; deleting provisions to conform to 110 changes made by the act; amending s. 479.261, F.S.; 111 expanding the logo program to the limited access 112 highway system; conforming provisions related to a 113 logo sign program on the limited access highway 114 system; amending s. 479.262, F.S.; clarifying 115 provisions relating to the tourist-oriented 116 directional sign program; limiting the placement of

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117	such signs to intersections on certain rural roads;
118	prohibiting such signs in urban areas or at
119	interchanges on freeways or expressways; amending s.
120	479.313, F.S.; requiring a permittee to pay the cost
121	of removing certain signs following the cancellation
122	of the permit for the sign; repealing s. 76 of chapter
123	2012-174, Laws of Florida, relating to authorizing the
124	department to seek Federal Highway Administration
125	approval of a tourist-oriented commerce sign pilot
126	program and directing the department to submit the
127	approved pilot program for legislative approval;
128	providing an effective date.
129	
130	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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132	Section 1. Section 339.041, Florida Statutes, is created to
133	read:
134	339.041 Factoring of revenues from leases for wireless
135	communication facilities
136	(1) The Legislature finds that efforts to increase funding
137	for capital expenditures for the transportation system are
138	necessary for the protection of the public safety and general
139	welfare and for the preservation of transportation facilities in
140	this state. Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature to:
141	(a) Create a mechanism for factoring future revenues
142	received by the department from leases for wireless
143	communication facilities on department property on a nonrecourse
144	basis;
145	(b) Fund fixed capital expenditures for the statewide

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146	transportation system from proceeds generated through this
147	mechanism; and
148	(c) Maximize revenues from factoring by ensuring that such
149	revenues are exempt from income taxation under federal law in
150	order to increase funds available for capital expenditures.
151	(2) For the purposes of factoring future revenues under
152	this section, department property includes real property located
153	within the department's limited access rights-of-way, real
154	property located outside the current operating right-of-way
155	limits which is not needed to support current transportation
156	facilities, other property owned by the Board of Trustees of the
157	Internal Improvement Trust Fund and leased by the department,
158	space on department telecommunications facilities, and space on
159	department structures.
160	(3) The department may seek investors willing to enter into
161	agreements to purchase the revenue stream from one or more
162	existing department leases for wireless communication facilities
163	on property owned or controlled by the department. Such
164	agreements are exempt from chapter 287 and, in order to provide
165	the largest possible payout, shall be structured as tax-exempt
166	financings for federal income tax purposes.
167	(4) The department may not pledge the credit, the general
168	revenues, or the taxing power of the state or of any political
169	subdivision of the state. The obligations of the department and
170	investors under the agreement do not constitute a general
171	obligation of the state or a pledge of the full faith and credit
172	or taxing power of the state. The agreement is payable from and
173	secured solely by payments received from department leases for
174	wireless communication facilities on property owned or
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175	controlled by the department, and neither the state nor any of
176	its agencies has any liability beyond such payments.
177	(5) The department may make any covenant or representation
178	necessary or desirable in connection with the agreement,
179	including a commitment by the department to take whatever
180	actions are necessary on behalf of investors to enforce the
181	department's rights to payments on property leased for wireless
182	communications facilities. However, the department may not
183	guarantee that actual revenues received in a future year will be
184	those anticipated in its leases for wireless communication
185	facilities. The department may agree to use its best efforts to
186	ensure that anticipated future-year revenues are protected. Any
187	risk that actual revenues received from department leases for
188	wireless communications facilities are lower than anticipated
189	shall be borne exclusively by investors.
190	(6) Subject to annual appropriation, investors shall
191	collect the lease payments on a schedule and in a manner
192	established in the agreements entered into by the department and
193	investors pursuant to this section. The agreements may provide
194	for lease payments to be made directly to investors by lessees
195	if the lease agreements entered into by the department and the
196	lessees pursuant to s. 365.172(12)(f) allow direct payment.
197	(7) Proceeds received by the department from leases for
198	wireless communication facilities shall be deposited in the
199	State Transportation Trust Fund created under s. 206.46 and used
200	for fixed capital expenditures for the statewide transportation
201	system.
202	Section 2. Section 373.618, Florida Statutes, is amended to
203	read:

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20-00829B-14 20141048 204 373.618 Public service warnings, alerts, and 205 announcements.-The Legislature believes it is in the public 206 interest that all water management districts created pursuant to 207 s. 373.069 own, acquire, develop, construct, operate, and manage 208 public information systems. Public information systems may be 209 located on property owned by the water management district, upon 210 terms and conditions approved by the water management district, 211 and must display messages to the general public concerning water management services, activities, events, and sponsors, as well 212 213 as other public service announcements, including watering 214 restrictions, severe weather reports, amber alerts, and other 215 essential information needed by the public. Local government 216 review or approval is not required for a public information 217 system owned or hereafter acquired, developed, or constructed by 218 the water management district on its own property. A public 219 information system is subject to exempt from the requirements of 220 chapter 479. However, a public information system that is 221 subject to the Highway Beautification Act of 1965 must be 222 approved by the United States Department of Transportation and 223 the Federal Highway Administration if such approval is required 224 by federal law and federal regulation under the agreement between the state and the United States Department of 225 226 Transportation and by federal regulations enforced by the 227 Department of Transportation under s. 479.02(1). Water 228 management district funds may not be used to pay the cost to 229 acquire, develop, construct, operate, or manage a public 230 information system. Any necessary funds for a public information 231 system shall be paid for and collected from private sponsors who 232 may display commercial messages.

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          Section 3. Section 479.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to
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     read:
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          479.01 Definitions.-As used in this chapter, the term:
236
           (1) "Allowable uses" means the intended uses identified in
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     a local government's land development regulations which those
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     uses that are authorized within a zoning category as a use by
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     right, without the requirement to obtain a variance or waiver.
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     The term includes conditional uses and those allowed by special
     exception if such uses are a present and actual use, but does
241
     not include uses that are accessory, ancillary, incidental to
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243
     the allowable uses, or allowed only on a temporary basis.
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          (2) "Automatic changeable facing" means a facing that is
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     capable of delivering two or more advertising messages through
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     an automated or remotely controlled process.
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           (3) "Business of outdoor advertising" means the business of
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     constructing, erecting, operating, using, maintaining, leasing,
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     or selling outdoor advertising structures, outdoor advertising
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     signs, or outdoor advertisements.
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          (4) "Commercial or industrial zone" means a parcel of land
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     designated for commercial or industrial uses under both the
253
     future land use map of the comprehensive plan and the land use
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     development regulations adopted pursuant to chapter 163. If a
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     parcel is located in an area designated for multiple uses on the
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     future land use map of a comprehensive plan and the zoning
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     category of the land development regulations does not clearly
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     designate that parcel for a specific use, the area will be
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     considered an unzoned commercial or industrial area if it meets
     the criteria of subsection (26).
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          (4) (5) "Commercial use" means activities associated with
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263	of services. The term includes, but is not limited to without
264	limitation, such uses or activities as retail sales; wholesale
265	sales; rentals of equipment, goods, or products; offices;
266	restaurants; food service vendors; sports arenas; theaters; and
267	tourist attractions.
268	(5) (6) "Controlled area" means 660 feet or less from the
269	nearest edge of the right-of-way of any portion of the State
270	Highway System, interstate, or federal-aid primary <u>highway</u>
271	system and beyond 660 feet of the nearest edge of the right-of-
272	way of any portion of the State Highway System, interstate
273	highway system, or federal-aid primary system outside an urban
274	area.
275	(6)-(7) "Department" means the Department of Transportation.
276	<u>(7)</u> "Erect" means to construct, build, raise, assemble,
277	place, affix, attach, create, paint, draw, or in any other way
278	bring into being or establish. The term ; but it does not include
279	such any of the foregoing activities when performed as an
280	incident to the change of advertising message or customary
281	maintenance or repair of a sign.
282	(8) (9) "Federal-aid primary highway system" means the
283	federal-aid primary highway system in existence on June 1, 1991,
284	and any highway that was not a part of such system as of that
285	date but that is, or became after June 1, 1991, a part of the
286	National Highway System, including portions that have been
287	accepted as part of the National Highway System but are unbuilt
288	or unopened existing, unbuilt, or unopened system of highways or
289	portions thereof, which shall include the National Highway
290	System, designated as the federal-aid primary highway system by
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291 the department.

292 <u>(9) (10)</u> "Highway" means any road, street, or other way open 293 or intended to be opened to the public for travel by motor 294 vehicles.

295 (10) (11) "Industrial use" means activities associated with 296 the manufacture, assembly, processing, or storage of products or 297 the performance of related services relating thereto. The term 298 includes, but is not limited to without limitation, such uses or 299 activities as automobile manufacturing or repair, boat 300 manufacturing or repair, junk yards, meat packing facilities, 301 citrus processing and packing facilities, produce processing and 302 packing facilities, electrical generating plants, water 303 treatment plants, sewage treatment plants, and solid waste 304 disposal sites.

305 <u>(11)(12)</u> "Interstate highway system" means the existing, 306 unbuilt, or unopened system of highways or portions thereof 307 designated as the national system of interstate and defense 308 highways by the department.

309 <u>(12)(13)</u> "Main-traveled way" means the traveled way of a 310 highway on which through traffic is carried. In the case of a 311 divided highway, the traveled way of each of the separate 312 roadways for traffic in opposite directions is a main-traveled 313 way. <u>The term</u> It does not include such facilities as frontage 314 roads, turning roadways which specifically include on-ramps or 315 off-ramps to the interstate highway system, or parking areas.

316

(13) (14) "Maintain" means to allow to exist.

317 <u>(14) (15)</u> "Motorist services directional signs" means signs 318 providing directional information about goods and services in 319 the interest of the traveling public where such signs were

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     lawfully erected and in existence on or before May 6, 1976, and
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     continue to provide directional information to goods and
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     services in a defined area.
323
          (15) (16) "New highway" means the construction of any road,
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     paved or unpaved, where no road previously existed or the act of
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     paving any previously unpaved road.
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          (16) (17) "Nonconforming sign" means a sign which was
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     lawfully erected but which does not comply with the land use,
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     setback, size, spacing, and lighting provisions of state or
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     local law, rule, regulation, or ordinance passed at a later date
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     or a sign which was lawfully erected but which later fails to
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     comply with state or local law, rule, regulation, or ordinance
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     due to changed conditions.
          (17) (18) "Premises" means all the land areas under
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334
     ownership or lease arrangement to the sign owner which are
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     contiguous to the business conducted on the land except for
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     instances where such land is a narrow strip contiguous to the
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     advertised activity or is connected by such narrow strip, the
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     only viable use of such land is to erect or maintain an
339
     advertising sign. If When the sign owner is a municipality or
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     county, the term means "premises" shall mean all lands owned or
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     leased by the such municipality or county within its
342
     jurisdictional boundaries as set forth by law.
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          (18) (19) "Remove" means to disassemble all sign materials
     above ground level and \tau transport such materials from the site \tau
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and dispose of sign materials by sale or destruction. 346 (19) (20) "Sign" means any combination of structure and 347 message in the form of an outdoor sign, display, device, figure, 348 painting, drawing, message, placard, poster, billboard,

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20-00829B-14 20141048 349 advertising structure, advertisement, logo, symbol, or other 350 form, whether placed individually or on a V-type, back-to-back, 351 side-to-side, stacked, or double-faced display or automatic changeable facing, designed, intended, or used to advertise or 352 353 inform, any part of the advertising message or informative 354 contents of which is visible from any place on the main-traveled 355 way. The term does not include an official traffic control sign, 356 official marker, or specific information panel erected, caused 357 to be erected, or approved by the department. 358 (20) (21) "Sign direction" means the that direction from 359 which the message or informative contents are most visible to 360 oncoming traffic on the main-traveled way. 361 (21) (22) "Sign face" means the part of a the sign, 362 including trim and background, which contains the message or informative contents, including an automatic changeable face. 363 364 (22) (23) "Sign facing" includes all sign faces and 365 automatic changeable faces displayed at the same location and 366 facing the same direction. 367 (23) (24) "Sign structure" means all the interrelated parts 368 and material, such as beams, poles, and stringers, which are 369 constructed for the purpose of supporting or displaying a 370 message or informative contents. 371 (24) (25) "State Highway System" has the same meaning as in s. 334.03 means the existing, unbuilt, or unopened system of 372 highways or portions thereof designated as the State Highway 373 374 System by the department. 375 (26) "Unzoned commercial or industrial area" means a parcel 376 of land designated by the future land use map of the comprehensive plan for multiple uses that include commercial or 377

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378	industrial uses but are not specifically designated for
379	commercial or industrial uses under the land development
380	regulations, in which three or more separate and distinct
381	conforming industrial or commercial activities are located.
382	(a) These activities must satisfy the following criteria:
383	1. At least one of the commercial or industrial activities
384	must be located on the same side of the highway and within 800
385	feet of the sign location;
386	2. The commercial or industrial activities must be within
387	660 feet from the nearest edge of the right-of-way; and
388	3. The commercial industrial activities must be within
389	1,600 feet of each other.
390	
391	Distances specified in this paragraph must be measured from the
392	nearest outer edge of the primary building or primary building
393	complex when the individual units of the complex are connected
394	by covered walkways.
395	(b) Certain activities, including, but not limited to, the
396	following, may not be so recognized as commercial or industrial
397	activities:
398	1. Signs.
399	2. Agricultural, forestry, ranching, grazing, farming, and
400	related activities, including, but not limited to, wayside fresh
401	produce stands.
402	3. Transient or temporary activities.
403	4. Activities not visible from the main-traveled way.
404	5. Activities conducted more than 660 feet from the nearest
405	edge of the right-of-way.
406	6. Activities conducted in a building principally used as a

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 407
 residence.

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 7. Railroad tracks and minor sidings.

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 8. Communication towers.

 410
 (25) (27) "Urban area" has the same meaning as defined in s.

 411
 334.03 (31).

412 (26)(28) "Visible commercial or industrial activity" means 413 a commercial or industrial activity that is capable of being 414 seen without visual aid by a person of normal visual acuity from 415 the main-traveled way and that is generally recognizable as 416 commercial or industrial.

417 (27)(29) "Visible sign" means that the advertising message 418 or informative contents of a sign, whether or not legible, <u>can</u> 419 <u>be</u> is capable of being seen without visual aid by a person of 420 normal visual acuity.

(28) (30) "Wall mural" means a sign that is a painting or an 421 422 artistic work composed of photographs or arrangements of color 423 and that displays a commercial or noncommercial message, relies 424 solely on the side of the building for rigid structural support, 425 and is painted on the building or depicted on vinyl, fabric, or 426 other similarly flexible material that is held in place flush or 427 flat against the surface of the building. The term excludes a 428 painting or work placed on a structure that is erected for the 429 sole or primary purpose of signage.

430 (29)(31) "Zoning category" means the designation under the 431 land development regulations or other similar ordinance enacted 432 to regulate the use of land as provided in s. 163.3202(2)(b), 433 which designation sets forth the allowable uses, restrictions, 434 and limitations on use applicable to properties within the 435 category.

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436	Section 4. Section 479.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to
437	read:
438	479.02 Duties of the department.— It shall be the duty of
439	The department <u>shall</u> to :
440	(1) Administer and enforce the provisions of this chapter <u>,</u>
441	and the $\underline{1972}$ agreement between the state and the United States
442	Department of Transportation relating to the size , lighting, and
443	spacing of signs in accordance with Title I of the Highway
444	Beautification Act of 1965 and Title 23 <u>of the</u> , United States
445	Code, and federal regulations, including, but not limited to,
446	those pertaining to the maintenance, continuance, and removal of
447	nonconforming signs in effect as of the effective date of this
448	act.
449	(2) Regulate size, height, lighting, and spacing of signs
450	permitted on commercial and industrial parcels and in unzoned
451	commercial or industrial areas in zoned and unzoned commercial
452	areas and zoned and unzoned industrial areas on the interstate
453	highway system and the federal-aid primary highway system.
454	(3) Determine unzoned commercial and industrial parcels and
455	<u>unzoned commercial or</u> areas and unzoned industrial areas <u>in the</u>
456	manner provided in s. 479.024.
457	(4) Implement a specific information panel program on the
458	<u>limited access</u> interstate highway system to promote tourist-
459	oriented businesses by providing directional information safely
460	and aesthetically.
461	(5) Implement a rest area information panel or devices
462	program at rest areas along the interstate highway system and
463	the federal-aid primary highway system to promote tourist-
464	oriented businesses.

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           (6) Test and, if economically feasible, implement
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     alternative methods of providing information in the specific
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     interest of the traveling public which allow the traveling
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     public freedom of choice, conserve natural beauty, and present
469
     information safely and aesthetically.
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           (7) Adopt such rules as the department it deems necessary
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     or proper for the administration of this chapter, including
472
     rules that which identify activities that may not be recognized
473
     as industrial or commercial activities for purposes of
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     determination of a an area as an unzoned commercial or
475
     industrial parcel or an unzoned commercial or industrial area in
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     the manner provided in s. 479.024.
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           (8) Prior to July 1, 1998, Inventory and determine the
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     location of all signs on the state highway system, interstate
479
     highway system, and federal-aid primary highway system to be
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     used as systems. Upon completion of the inventory, it shall
481
     become the database and permit information for all permitted
482
     signs permitted at the time of completion, and the previous
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     records of the department shall be amended accordingly. The
484
     inventory shall be updated at least no less than every 2 years.
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     The department shall adopt rules regarding what information is
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     to be collected and preserved to implement the purposes of this
487
     chapter. The department may perform the inventory using
488
     department staff<sub>\tau</sub> or may contract with a private firm to perform
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     the work, whichever is more cost efficient. The department shall
490
     maintain a database of sign inventory information such as sign
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     location, size, height, and structure type, the permittee's
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     permitholder's name, and any other information the department
     finds necessary to administer the program.
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494	Section 5. Section 479.024, Florida Statutes, is created to
495	read:
496	479.024 Commercial and industrial parcelsSigns shall be
497	permitted by the department only in commercial or industrial
498	zones, as determined by the local government, in compliance with
499	chapter 163, unless otherwise provided in this chapter.
500	Commercial and industrial zones are those areas appropriate for
501	commerce, industry, or trade, regardless of how those areas are
502	labeled.
503	(1) As used in this section, the term:
504	(a) "Parcel" means the property where the sign is located
505	or is proposed to be located.
506	(b) "Utilities" includes all privately, publicly, or
507	cooperatively owned lines, facilities, and systems for
508	producing, transmitting, or distributing communications, power,
509	electricity, light, heat, gas, oil, crude products, water,
510	steam, waste, and stormwater not connected with the highway
511	drainage, and other similar commodities.
512	(2) The determination as to zoning by the local government
513	for the parcel must meet all of the following criteria:
514	(a) The parcel is comprehensively zoned and includes
515	commercial or industrial uses as allowable uses.
516	(b) The parcel can reasonably accommodate a commercial or
517	industrial use under the future land use map of the
518	comprehensive plan and land use development regulations, as
519	follows:
520	1. Sufficient utilities are available to support commercial
521	or industrial development; and
522	2. The size, configuration, and public access of the parcel
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523	are sufficient to accommodate a commercial or industrial use,
524	given the requirements in the comprehensive plan and land
525	development regulations for vehicular access, on-site
526	circulation, building setbacks, buffering, parking, and other
527	applicable standards or the parcel consists of railroad tracks
528	or minor sidings abutting commercial or industrial property that
529	meets the criteria of this subsection.
530	(c) The parcel is not being used exclusively for
531	noncommercial or nonindustrial uses.
532	(3) If a local government has not designated zoning through
533	land development regulations in compliance with chapter 163 but
534	has designated the parcel under the future land use map of the
535	comprehensive plan for uses that include commercial or
536	industrial uses, the parcel shall be considered an unzoned
537	commercial or industrial area. For a permit to be issued for a
538	sign in an unzoned commercial or industrial area, there must be
539	three or more distinct commercial or industrial activities
540	within 1,600 feet of each other, with at least one of the
541	commercial or industrial activities located on the same side of
542	the highway as, and within 800 feet of, the sign location.
543	Multiple commercial or industrial activities enclosed in one
544	building shall be considered one use if all activities have only
545	shared building entrances.
546	(4) For purposes of this section, certain uses and
547	activities may not be independently recognized as commercial or
548	industrial, including, but not limited to:
549	(a) Signs.
550	(b) Agricultural, forestry, ranching, grazing, farming, and
551	related activities, including, but not limited to, wayside fresh
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552	produce stands.
553	(c) Transient or temporary activities.
554	(d) Activities not visible from the main-traveled way,
555	unless a department transportation facility is the only cause
556	for the activity not being visible.
557	(e) Activities conducted more than 660 feet from the
558	nearest edge of the right-of-way.
559	(f) Activities conducted in a building principally used as
560	a residence.
561	(g) Railroad tracks and minor sidings, unless the tracks
562	and sidings are abutted by a commercial or industrial property
563	that meets the criteria in subsection (2).
564	(h) Communication towers.
565	(i) Public parks, public recreation services, and
566	governmental uses and activities that take place in a structure
567	that serves as the permanent public meeting place for local,
568	state, or federal boards, commissions, or courts.
569	(5) If the local government has indicated that the proposed
570	sign location is on a parcel that is in a commercial or
571	industrial zone but the department finds that it is not, the
572	department shall notify the sign applicant in writing of its
573	determination.
574	(6) An applicant whose application for a permit is denied
575	may request, within 30 days after the receipt of the
576	notification of intent to deny, an administrative hearing
577	pursuant to chapter 120 for a determination of whether the
578	parcel is located in a commercial or industrial zone. Upon
579	receipt of such request, the department shall notify the local
580	government that the applicant has requested an administrative

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581	hearing pursuant to chapter 120.
582	(7) If the department determines in a final order that the
583	parcel does not meet the permitting conditions in this section
584	
585	and a sign exists on the parcel, the applicant shall remove the
	sign within 30 days after the date of the order. The applicant
586	is responsible for all sign removal costs.
587	(8) If the Federal Highway Administration reduces funds
588	that would otherwise be apportioned to the department due to a
589	local government's failure to comply with this section, the
590	department shall reduce transportation funding apportioned to
591	the local government by an equivalent amount.
592	Section 6. Section 479.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to
593	read:
594	479.03 Jurisdiction of the Department of Transportation;
595	entry upon privately owned landsThe territory under the
596	jurisdiction of the department for the purpose of this chapter
597	includes shall include all the state. Employees, agents, or
598	independent contractors working for the department, in the
599	performance of their functions and duties under the provisions
600	of this chapter, may enter into and upon any land upon which a
601	sign is displayed, is proposed to be erected, or is being
602	erected and make such inspections, surveys, and removals as may
603	be relevant. <u>Upon written notice to</u> After receiving consent by
604	the landowner, operator, or person in charge <u>of an intervening</u>
605	privately owned land that or appropriate inspection warrant
606	issued by a judge of any county court or circuit court of this
607	state which has jurisdiction of the place or thing to be
608	removed, that the removal of an illegal outdoor advertising sign
609	is necessary and has been authorized by a final order or results

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20-00829B-14 20141048 610 from an uncontested notice to the sign owner, the department may 611 shall be authorized to enter upon any intervening privately 612 owned lands for the purposes of effectuating removal of illegal 613 signs., provided that The department may enter intervening 614 privately owned lands shall only do so in circumstances where it 615 has determined that no other legal or economically feasible 616 means of entry to the sign site are not reasonably available. 617 Except as otherwise provided by this chapter, the department is shall be responsible for the repair or replacement in a like 618 619 manner for any physical damage or destruction of private 620 property, other than the sign, incidental to the department's 621 entry upon such intervening privately owned lands. Section 7. Section 479.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to 622 623 read: 624 479.04 Business of outdoor advertising; license 625 requirement; renewal; fees.-626 (1) A No person may not shall engage in the business of 627 outdoor advertising in this state without first obtaining a 628 license therefor from the department. Such license shall be 629 renewed annually. The fee for such license, and for each annual 630 renewal, is \$300. License renewal fees are shall be payable as 631 provided for in s. 479.07. 632 (2) A No person is not shall be required to obtain the 633 license provided for in this section solely to erect or 634 construct outdoor advertising signs or structures as an 635 incidental part of a building construction contract. 636 Section 8. Section 479.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to 637 read: 638 479.05 Denial, suspension, or revocation of license.-The

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20-00829B-14 20141048 639 department may has authority to deny, suspend, or revoke a any 640 license requested or granted under this chapter in any case in 641 which it determines that the application for the license contains knowingly false or misleading information of material 642 643 consequence, that the licensee has failed to pay fees or costs 644 owed to the department for outdoor advertising purposes, or that 645 the licensee has violated any of the provisions of this chapter, 646 unless such licensee, within 30 days after the receipt of notice by the department, corrects such false or misleading 647 648 information, pays the outstanding amounts, or complies with the 649 provisions of this chapter. Suspension of a license allows the 650 licensee to maintain existing sign permits, but the department 651 may not grant a transfer of an existing permit or issue an 652 additional permit to a licensee with a suspended license. A Any 653 person aggrieved by an any action of the department which 654 denies, suspends, or revokes in denying or revoking a license 655 under this chapter may, within 30 days after from the receipt of 656 the notice, apply to the department for an administrative 657 hearing pursuant to chapter 120. 658 Section 9. Section 479.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to

658 Section 9. Section 4/9.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to 659 read:

660

479.07 Sign permits.-

(1) Except as provided in ss. 479.105(1) (e) and 479.16, a
person may not erect, operate, use, or maintain, or cause to be
erected, operated, used, or maintained, any sign on the State
Highway System outside an urban area, as defined in s.
334.03(31), or on any portion of the interstate or federal-aid
primary highway system without first obtaining a permit for the
sign from the department and paying the annual fee as provided

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668
     in this section. As used in this section, the term "on any
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     portion of the State Highway System, interstate highway system,
670
     or federal-aid primary system" means a sign located within the
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     controlled area which is visible from any portion of the main-
672
     traveled way of such system.
673
           (2) A person may not apply for a permit unless he or she
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     has first obtained the Written permission of the owner or other
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     person in lawful possession or control of the site designated as
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     the location of the sign is required for issuance of a in the
677
     application for the permit.
678
          (3) (a) An application for a sign permit must be made on a
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     form prescribed by the department, and a separate application
     must be submitted for each permit requested. A permit is
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681
     required for each sign facing.
           (b) As part of the application, the applicant or his or her
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683
     authorized representative must certify in a notarized signed
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     statement that all information provided in the application is
685
     true and correct and that, pursuant to subsection (2), he or she
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     has obtained the written permission of the owner or other person
687
     in lawful possession of the site designated as the location of
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     the sign in the permit application. Each Every permit
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     application must be accompanied by the appropriate permit fee; a
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     signed statement by the owner or other person in lawful control
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     of the site on which the sign is located or will be erected,
692
     authorizing the placement of the sign on that site; and, where
693
     local governmental regulation of signs exists, a statement from
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     the appropriate local governmental official indicating that the
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     sign complies with all local government governmental
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     requirements; and, if a local government permit is required for
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715

the department.

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697
     a sign, a statement that the agency or unit of local government
698
     will issue a permit to that applicant upon approval of the state
699
     permit application by the department.
700
           (c) The annual permit fee for each sign facing shall be
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     established by the department by rule in an amount sufficient to
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     offset the total cost to the department for the program, but may
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     shall not be greater than exceed $100. The A fee may not be
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     prorated for a period less than the remainder of the permit year
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     to accommodate short-term publicity features; however, a first-
706
     year fee may be prorated by payment of an amount equal to one-
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     fourth of the annual fee for each remaining whole quarter or
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     partial quarter of the permit year. Applications received after
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     the end of the third quarter of the permit year must include
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     fees for the last quarter of the current year and fees for the
711
     succeeding year.
712
           (4) An application for a permit shall be acted on by
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     granting, denying, or returning the incomplete application the
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     department within 30 days after receipt of the application by
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716 (5) (a) For each permit issued, the department shall furnish 717 to the applicant a serially numbered permanent metal permit taq. 718 The permittee is responsible for maintaining a valid permit tag 719 on each permitted sign facing at all times. The tag shall be 720 securely attached to the upper 50 percent of the sign structure, 721 and sign facing or, if there is no facing, on the pole nearest 722 the highway; and it shall be attached in such a manner as to be 723 plainly visible from the main-traveled way. Effective July 1, 724 2012, the tag must be securely attached to the upper 50 percent 725 of the pole nearest the highway and must be attached in such a

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726 manner as to be plainly visible from the main-traveled way. The permit becomes void unless the permit tag must be is properly 727 728 and permanently displayed at the permitted site within 30 days 729 after the date of permit issuance. If the permittee fails to 730 erect a completed sign on the permitted site within 270 days 731 after the date on which the permit was issued, the permit will 732 be void, and the department may not issue a new permit to that 733 permittee for the same location for 270 days after the date on 734 which the permit becomes became void.

735 If a permit tag is lost, stolen, or destroyed, the (b) 736 permittee to whom the tag was issued must apply to the 737 department for a replacement taq. The department shall adopt a 738 rule establishing a service fee for replacement tags in an 739 amount that will recover the actual cost of providing the 740 replacement tag. Upon receipt of the application accompanied by 741 the service fee, the department shall issue a replacement permit 742 taq. Alternatively, the permittee may provide its own 743 replacement tag pursuant to department specifications that the 744 department shall adopt by rule at the time it establishes the 745 service fee for replacement tags.

(6) A permit is valid only for the location specified in the permit. Valid permits may be transferred from one sign owner to another upon written acknowledgment from the current permittee and submittal of a transfer fee of \$5 for each permit to be transferred. However, the maximum transfer fee for any multiple transfer between two outdoor advertisers in a single transaction is $\frac{$1,000}{$100}$.

(7) A permittee shall at all times maintain the permissionof the owner or other person in lawful control of the sign site

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20-00829B-14 20141048 755 in order to have and maintain a sign at such site. (8) (a) In order to reduce peak workloads, the department

756 757 may adopt rules providing for staggered expiration dates for 758 licenses and permits. Unless otherwise provided for by rule, all 759 licenses and permits expire annually on January 15. All license 760 and permit renewal fees are required to be submitted to the 761 department by no later than the expiration date. At least 105 762 days before prior to the expiration date of licenses and 763 permits, the department shall send to each permittee a notice of 764 fees due for all licenses and permits that which were issued to 765 him or her before prior to the date of the notice. Such notice 766 must shall list the permits and the permit fees due for each 767 sign facing. The permittee shall, no later than 45 days before 768 prior to the expiration date, advise the department of any additions, deletions, or errors contained in the notice. Permit 769 tags that which are not renewed shall be returned to the 770 771 department for cancellation by the expiration date. Permits that which are not renewed or are canceled shall be certified in 772 773 writing at that time as canceled or not renewed by the 774 permittee, and permit tags for such permits shall be returned to 775 the department or shall be accounted for by the permittee in 776 writing, which writing shall be submitted with the renewal fee 777 payment or the cancellation certification. However, failure of a 778 permittee to submit a permit cancellation does shall not affect 779 the nonrenewal of a permit. Before Prior to cancellation of a 780 permit, the permittee shall provide written notice to all 781 persons or entities having a right to advertise on the sign that 782 the permittee intends to cancel the permit.

783

(b) If a permittee has not submitted his or her fee payment

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20-00829B-14 20141048 784 by the expiration date of the licenses or permits, the 785 department shall send a notice of violation to the permittee 786 within 45 days after the expiration date, requiring the payment 787 of the permit fee within 30 days after the date of the notice 788 and payment of a delinquency fee equal to 10 percent of the 789 original amount due or, in the alternative to these payments, 790 requiring the filing of a request for an administrative hearing 791 to show cause why the his or her sign should not be subject to 792 immediate removal due to expiration of his or her license or 793 permit. If the permittee submits payment as required by the 794 violation notice, the his or her license or permit shall will be 795 automatically reinstated and such reinstatement is will be 796 retroactive to the original expiration date. If the permittee 797 does not respond to the notice of violation within the 30-day period, the department shall, within 30 days, issue a final 798 799 notice of sign removal and may, following 90 days after the date 800 of the department's final notice of sign removal, remove the 801 sign without incurring any liability as a result of such 802 removal. However, if at any time before removal of the sign, the 803 permittee demonstrates that a good faith error on the part of 804 the permittee resulted in cancellation or nonrenewal of the 805 permit, the department may reinstate the permit if: 806 1. The permit reinstatement fee of up to \$300 based on the

807 size of the sign is paid;

808 2. All other permit renewal and delinquent permit fees due809 as of the reinstatement date are paid; and

3. The permittee reimburses the department for all actual
costs resulting from the permit cancellation or nonrenewal.
(c) Conflicting applications filed by other persons for the

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813
     same or competing sites covered by a permit subject to paragraph
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     (b) may not be approved until after the sign subject to the
815
     expired permit has been removed.
           (d) The cost for removing a sign, whether by the department
816
817
     or an independent contractor_{\mathcal{T}} shall be assessed by the
818
     department against the permittee.
819
           (9) (a) A permit may shall not be granted for any sign for
820
     which a permit had not been granted by the effective date of
     this act unless such sign is located at least:
821
822
          1. One thousand five hundred feet from any other permitted
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     sign on the same side of the highway, if on an interstate
824
     highway.
825
          2. One thousand feet from any other permitted sign on the
826
     same side of the highway, if on a federal-aid primary highway.
827
828
     The minimum spacing provided in this paragraph does not preclude
829
     the permitting of V-type, back-to-back, side-to-side, stacked,
830
     or double-faced signs at the permitted sign site. If a sign is
831
     visible to more than one highway subject to the jurisdiction of
832
     the department and within the controlled area of the highways
833
     from the controlled area of more than one highway subject to the
834
     jurisdiction of the department, the sign must shall meet the
835
     permitting requirements of all highways, and, if the sign meets
836
     the applicable permitting requirements, be permitted to, the
837
     highway having the more stringent permitting requirements.
838
           (b) A permit may shall not be granted for a sign pursuant
839
     to this chapter to locate such sign on any portion of the
840
     interstate or federal-aid primary highway system, which sign:
841
          1. Exceeds 50 feet in sign structure height above the crown
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842	of the main-traveled way to which the sign is permitted, if
843	outside an incorporated area;
844	2. Exceeds 65 feet in sign structure height above the crown
845	of the main-traveled way to which the sign is permitted, if
846	inside an incorporated area; or
847	3. Exceeds 950 square feet of sign facing including all
848	embellishments.
849	(c) Notwithstanding subparagraph (a)1., there is
850	established a pilot program in Orange, Hillsborough, and Osceola
851	Counties, and within the boundaries of the City of Miami, under
852	which the distance between permitted signs on the same side of
853	an interstate highway may be reduced to 1,000 feet if all other
854	requirements of this chapter are met and if:
855	1. The local government has adopted a plan, program,
856	resolution, ordinance, or other policy encouraging the voluntary
857	removal of signs in a downtown, historic, redevelopment, infill,
858	or other designated area which also provides for a new or
859	replacement sign to be erected on an interstate highway within
860	that jurisdiction if a sign in the designated area is removed;
861	2. The sign owner and the local government mutually agree
862	to the terms of the removal and replacement; and
863	3. The local government notifies the department of its
864	intention to allow such removal and replacement as agreed upon
865	pursuant to subparagraph 2.
866	4. The new or replacement sign to be erected on an
867	interstate highway within that jurisdiction is to be located on
868	a parcel of land specifically designated for commercial or
869	industrial use under both the future land use map of the
870	comprehensive plan and the land use development regulations

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871	adopted pursuant to chapter 163, and such parcel shall not be
872	subject to an evaluation in accordance with the criteria set
873	forth in s. 479.01(26) to determine if the parcel can be
874	considered an unzoned commercial or industrial area.
875	
876	The department shall maintain statistics tracking the use of the
877	provisions of this pilot program based on the notifications
878	received by the department from local governments under this
879	paragraph.
880	(d) This subsection does not cause a sign that was
881	conforming on October 1, 1984, to become nonconforming.
882	(10) Commercial or industrial zoning <u>that</u> which is not
883	comprehensively enacted or <u>that</u> which is enacted primarily to
884	permit signs <u>may</u> shall not be recognized as commercial or
885	industrial zoning for purposes of this provision, and permits
886	may shall not be issued for signs in such areas. The department
887	shall adopt rules <u>that</u> within 180 days after this act takes
888	effect which shall provide criteria to determine whether such
889	zoning is comprehensively enacted or enacted primarily to permit
890	signs.
891	Section 10. Section 479.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to
892	read:
893	479.08 Denial or revocation of permitThe department may
894	deny or revoke <u>a</u> any permit requested or granted under this
895	chapter in any case in which it determines that the application
896	for the permit contains knowingly false or misleading
897	information <u>of material consequence</u> . The department may revoke <u>a</u>
898	any permit granted under this chapter in any case in which the
899	permittee has violated any of the provisions of this chapter,

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928

20-00829B-14 20141048 900 unless such permittee, within 30 days after the receipt of 901 notice by the department, complies with the provisions of this 902 chapter. For the purpose of this section, the notice of 903 violation issued by the department must describe in detail the 904 alleged violation. A Any person aggrieved by any action of the 905 department in denying or revoking a permit under this chapter 906 may, within 30 days after receipt of the notice, apply to the 907 department for an administrative hearing pursuant to chapter 908 120. If a timely request for hearing has been filed and the 909 department issues a final order revoking a permit, such 910 revocation shall be effective 30 days after the date of 911 rendition. Except for department action pursuant to s. 912 479.107(1), the filing of a timely and proper notice of appeal 913 shall operate to stay the revocation until the department's 914 action is upheld. 915 Section 11. Section 479.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to 916 read: 917 479.10 Sign removal following permit revocation or 918 cancellation.-A sign shall be removed by the permittee within 30 919 days after the date of revocation or cancellation of the permit 920 for the sign. If the permittee fails to remove the sign within 921 the 30-day period, the department shall remove the sign at the 922 permittee's expense with or without further notice and without 923 incurring any liability as a result of such removal. 924 Section 12. Section 479.105, Florida Statutes, is amended 925 to read: 926 479.105 Signs erected or maintained without required 927 permit; removal.-

(1) <u>A</u> Any sign that which is located adjacent to the right-

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957

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929	of-way of any highway on the State Highway System outside an
930	incorporated area or adjacent to the right-of-way on any portion
931	of the interstate or federal-aid primary highway system, which
932	sign was erected, operated, or maintained without the permit
933	required by s. 479.07(1) having been issued by the department,
934	is declared to be a public nuisance and a private nuisance and
935	shall be removed as provided in this section.
936	(a) Upon a determination by the department that a sign is
937	in violation of s. 479.07(1), the department shall prominently
938	post on the sign, or as close to the sign as possible for a
939	location in which the sign is not easily accessible, face a
940	notice stating that the sign is illegal and must be removed
941	within 30 days after the date on which the notice was posted.
942	However, if the sign bears the name of the licensee or the name
943	and address of the nonlicensed sign owner, The department shall,
944	concurrently with and in addition to posting the notice on the
945	sign, provide a written notice to the owner <u>of the sign, the</u>
946	advertiser displayed on the sign, or the owner of the property,
947	stating that the sign is illegal and must be permanently removed
948	within the 30-day period specified on the posted notice. The
949	written notice shall further state that the sign owner has a
950	right to request a hearing <u>may be requested and that the</u> , which
951	request must be filed with the department within 30 days after
952	<u>receipt</u> the date of the written notice. However, the filing of a
953	request for a hearing will not stay the removal of the sign.
954	(b) If, pursuant to the notice provided, the sign is not
955	removed by the sign owner <u>of the sign, the advertiser displayed</u>
956	on the sign, or the owner of the property within the prescribed

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period, the department shall immediately remove the sign without

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958	further notice; and, for that purpose, the employees, agents, or
959	independent contractors of the department may enter upon private
960	property without incurring any liability for so entering.
961	(c) However, the department may issue a permit for a sign,
962	as a conforming or nonconforming sign, if the sign owner
963	demonstrates to the department one of the following:
964	1. If the sign meets the current requirements of this
965	chapter for a sign permit, the sign owner may submit the
966	required application package and receive a permit as a
967	conforming sign, upon payment of all applicable fees.
968	2. If the sign does not meet the current requirements of
969	this chapter for a sign permit and has never been exempt from
970	the requirement that a permit be obtained, the sign owner may
971	receive a permit as a nonconforming sign if the department
972	determines that the sign is not located on state right-of-way
973	and is not a safety hazard, and if the sign owner pays a penalty
974	fee of \$300 and all pertinent fees required by this chapter,
975	including annual permit renewal fees payable since the date of
976	the erection of the sign, and attaches to the permit application
977	package documentation that demonstrates that:
978	a. The sign has been unpermitted, structurally unchanged,
979	and continuously maintained at the same location for 7 years or
980	more;
981	b. During the initial 7 years in which the sign has been
982	subject to the jurisdiction of the department, the sign would
983	have met the criteria established in this chapter which were in
984	effect at that time for issuance of a permit; and
985	c. The department has not initiated a notice of violation
986	or taken other action to remove the sign during the initial 7-
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987	year period in which the sign has been subject to the
988	jurisdiction of the department.
989	(d) This subsection does not cause a neighboring sign that
990	is permitted and that is within the spacing requirements under
991	s. 479.07(9)(a) to become nonconforming.
992	<u>(e)</u> For purposes of this subsection, a notice to the
993	sign owner, when required, constitutes sufficient notice <u>.; and</u>
994	Notice is not required to be provided to the lessee, advertiser,
995	or the owner of the real property on which the sign is located.
996	<u>(f)</u> [d] If, after a hearing, it is determined that a sign
997	has been wrongfully or erroneously removed pursuant to this
998	subsection, the department, at the sign owner's discretion,
999	shall either pay just compensation to the owner of the sign or
1000	reerect the sign in kind at the expense of the department.
1001	(e) However, if the sign owner demonstrates to the
1002	department that:
1003	1. The sign has been unpermitted, structurally unchanged,
1004	and continuously maintained at the same location for a period of
1005	7 years or more;
1006	2. At any time during the period in which the sign has been
1007	erected, the sign would have met the criteria established in
1008	this chapter for issuance of a permit;
1009	3. The department has not initiated a notice of violation
1010	or taken other action to remove the sign during the initial 7-
1011	year period described in subparagraph 1.; and
1012	4. The department determines that the sign is not located
1013	on state right-of-way and is not a safety hazard,
1014	
1015	the sign may be considered a conforming or nonconforming sign
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20-00829B-14 20141048 1016 and may be issued a permit by the department upon application in 1017 accordance with this chapter and payment of a penalty fee of \$300 and all pertinent fees required by this chapter, including 1018 annual permit renewal fees payable since the date of the 1019 1020 erection of the sign. 1021 (2) (a) If a sign is under construction and the department 1022 determines that a permit has not been issued for the sign as 1023 required under the provisions of this chapter, the department 1024 may is authorized to require that all work on the sign cease 1025 until the sign owner shows that the sign does not violate the 1026 provisions of this chapter. The order to cease work shall be 1027 prominently posted on the sign structure, and no further notice 1028 is not required to be given. The failure of a sign owner or her 1029 or his agents to immediately comply with the order subjects 1030 shall subject the sign to prompt removal by the department. 1031

(b) For the purposes of this subsection only, a sign is under construction when it is in any phase of initial construction <u>before</u> prior to the attachment and display of the advertising message in final position for viewing by the traveling public. A sign that is undergoing routine maintenance or change of the advertising message only is not considered to be under construction for the purposes of this subsection.

1038 (3) The cost of removing a sign, whether by the department 1039 or an independent contractor, shall be assessed against the 1040 owner of the sign by the department.

1041 Section 13. Subsections (5) and (7) of section 479.106, 1042 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1043

479.106 Vegetation management.-

1044 (5) The department may only grant a permit pursuant to s.

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20-00829B-14 20141048 1045 479.07 for a new sign that which requires the removal, cutting, 1046 or trimming of existing trees or vegetation on public right-of-1047 way for the sign face to be visible from the highway the sign 1048 will be permitted to when the sign owner has removed at least 1049 two nonconforming signs of approximate comparable size and 1050 surrendered the permits for the nonconforming signs to the 1051 department for cancellation. For signs originally permitted 1052 after July 1, 1996, the first application, or application for a 1053 change of view zone, no permit for the removal, cutting, or 1054 trimming of trees or vegetation along the highway the sign is 1055 permitted to shall require the removal of two nonconforming 1056 signs, in addition to mitigation or contribution to a plan of 1057 mitigation. The department may not grant a permit for the 1058 removal, cutting, or trimming of trees for a sign permitted after July 1, 1996, if the shall be granted where such trees are 1059 1060 or the vegetation is are part of a beautification project 1061 implemented before prior to the date of the original sign permit 1062 application and if, when the beautification project is 1063 specifically identified in the department's construction plans, 1064 permitted landscape projects, or agreements. 1065 (7) Any person engaging in removal, cutting, or trimming of

trees or vegetation in violation of this section or benefiting from such actions shall be subject to an administrative penalty of up to \$1,000 per sign facing and required to mitigate for the unauthorized removal, cutting, or trimming in such manner and in such amount as may be required under the rules of the department.

1072 Section 14. Subsection (5) of section 479.107, Florida 1073 Statutes, is amended to read:

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1074	479.107 Signs on highway rights-of-way; removal
1075	(5) The cost of removing a sign , whether by the department
1076	or an independent contractor $_{m{ au}}$ shall be assessed by the
1077	department against the owner of the sign. Furthermore, the
1078	department shall assess a fine of \$75 against the sign owner for
1079	any sign which violates the requirements of this section.
1080	Section 15. Section 479.111, Florida Statutes, is amended
1081	to read:
1082	479.111 Specified signs allowed within controlled portions
1083	of the interstate and federal-aid primary highway system.—Only
1084	the following signs shall be allowed within controlled portions
1085	of the interstate highway system and the federal-aid primary
1086	highway system as set forth in s. 479.11(1) and (2):
1087	(1) Directional or other official signs and notices that
1088	which conform to 23 C.F.R. ss. 750.151-750.155.
1089	(2) Signs in commercial-zoned and industrial-zoned areas or
1090	commercial-unzoned and industrial-unzoned areas and within 660
1091	feet of the nearest edge of the right-of-way, subject to the
1092	requirements set forth in the $\underline{1972}$ agreement between the state
1093	and the United States Department of Transportation.
1094	(3) Signs for which permits are not required under s.
1095	479.16.
1096	Section 16. Section 479.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to
1097	read:
1098	479.15 Harmony of regulations
1099	(1) <u>A</u> No zoning board or commission or other public officer
1100	or agency <u>may not</u> shall issue a permit to erect <u>a</u> any sign <u>that</u>
1101	which is prohibited under the provisions of this chapter or the
1102	rules of the department, <u>and</u> nor shall the department <u>may not</u>
1	

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20-00829B-14 20141048 1103 issue a permit for a any sign that which is prohibited by any 1104 other public board, officer, or agency in the lawful exercise of 1105 its powers. (2) A municipality, county, local zoning authority, or 1106 1107 other local governmental entity may not remove, or cause to be 1108 removed, a any lawfully erected sign along any portion of the 1109 interstate or federal-aid primary highway system without first 1110 paying just compensation for such removal. A local governmental 1111 entity may not cause in any way the alteration of a any lawfully 1112 erected sign located along any portion of the interstate or 1113 federal-aid primary highway system without payment of just compensation if such alteration constitutes a taking under state 1114 1115 law. The municipality, county, local zoning authority, or other 1116 local governmental government entity that adopts requirements 1117 for such alteration shall pay just compensation to the sign owner if such alteration constitutes a taking under state law. 1118 1119 This subsection applies only to a lawfully erected sign the 1120 subject matter of which relates to premises other than the premises on which it is located or to merchandise, services, 1121 1122 activities, or entertainment not sold, produced, manufactured, 1123 or furnished on the premises on which the sign is located. As 1124 used in this subsection, the term "federal-aid primary highway 1125 system" means the federal-aid primary highway system in existence on June 1, 1991, and any highway that was not a part 1126 1127 of such system as of that date but that is or becomes after June 1128 1, 1991, a part of the National Highway System. This subsection 1129 may shall not be interpreted as explicit or implicit legislative 1130 recognition that alterations do or do not constitute a taking 1131 under state law.

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20-00829B-14 20141048 1132 (3) It is the express intent of the Legislature to limit 1133 the state right-of-way acquisition costs on state and federal 1134 roads in eminent domain proceedings, the provisions of ss. 1135 479.07 and 479.155 notwithstanding. Subject to approval by the Federal Highway Administration, if whenever public acquisition 1136 1137 of land upon which is situated a lawful permitted nonconforming 1138 sign occurs $_{\tau}$ as provided in this chapter, the sign may, at the 1139 election of its owner and the department, be relocated or reconstructed adjacent to the new right-of-way and in close 1140 1141 proximity to the current site if along the roadway within 100 1142 feet of the current location, provided the nonconforming sign is 1143 not relocated in an area inconsistent with s. 479.024. on a 1144 parcel zoned residential, and provided further that Such relocation is shall be subject to the applicable setback 1145 1146 requirements in the 1972 agreement between the state and the 1147 United States Department of Transportation. The sign owner shall 1148 pay all costs associated with relocating or reconstructing a any 1149 sign under this subsection, and neither the state or nor any 1150 local government may not shall reimburse the sign owner for such 1151 costs, unless part of such relocation costs is are required by 1152 federal law. If no adjacent property is not available for the 1153 relocation, the department is shall be responsible for paying 1154 the owner of the sign just compensation for its removal. 1155 (4) For a nonconforming sign, Such relocation shall be

1155 (4) For a nonconforming sign, such relocation shall be 1156 adjacent to the current site and the face of the sign may shall 1157 not be increased in size or height or structurally modified at 1158 the point of relocation in a manner inconsistent with the 1159 current building codes of the jurisdiction in which the sign is 1160 located.

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20-00829B-14 20141048 1161 (5) If In the event that relocation can be accomplished but 1162 is inconsistent with the ordinances of the municipality or 1163 county within whose jurisdiction the sign is located, the 1164 ordinances of the local government shall prevail if, provided 1165 that the local government assumes shall assume the responsibility to provide the owner of the sign just 1166 1167 compensation for its removal., but in no event shall Compensation paid by the local government may not be greater 1168 than exceed the compensation required under state or federal 1169 1170 law. Further, the provisions of This section does shall not 1171 impair any agreement or future agreements between a municipality 1172 or county and the owner of a sign or signs within the 1173 jurisdiction of the municipality or county. Nothing in this 1174 section shall be deemed to cause a nonconforming sign to become 1175 conforming solely as a result of the relocation allowed in this 1176 section. 1177 (6) The provisions of Subsections (3), (4), and (5) do of this section shall not apply within the jurisdiction of a any 1178 1179 municipality that which is engaged in any litigation concerning 1180 its sign ordinance on April 23, 1999, and the subsections do not 1181 nor shall such provisions apply to a any municipality whose 1182 boundaries are identical to the county within which the said 1183 municipality is located. 1184 (7) This section does not cause a neighboring sign that is 1185 already permitted and that is within the spacing requirements

1186 established in s. 479.07(9)(a) to become nonconforming.

1189

1187Section 17. Section 479.156, Florida Statutes, is amended1188to read:

479.156 Wall murals.-Notwithstanding any other provision of

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20-00829B-14 20141048 1190 this chapter, a municipality or county may permit and regulate 1191 wall murals within areas designated by such government. If a 1192 municipality or county permits wall murals, a wall mural that 1193 displays a commercial message and is within 660 feet of the 1194 nearest edge of the right-of-way within an area adjacent to the interstate highway system or the federal-aid primary highway 1195 1196 system shall be located only in an area that is zoned for 1197 industrial or commercial use pursuant to s. 479.024. and The municipality or county shall establish and enforce rules 1198 1199 regulations for such areas which that, at a minimum, set forth 1200 criteria governing the size, lighting, and spacing of wall 1201 murals consistent with the intent of 23 U.S.C. s. 131 the 1202 Highway Beautification Act of 1965 and with customary use. If 1203 Whenever a municipality or county exercises such control and 1204 makes a determination of customary use pursuant to 23 U.S.C. s. 1205 131(d), such determination shall be accepted in lieu of controls 1206 in the agreement between the state and the United States 1207 Department of Transportation, and the department shall notify 1208 the Federal Highway Administration pursuant to the agreement, 23 1209 U.S.C. s. 131(d), and 23 C.F.R. s. 750.706(c). A wall mural that 1210 is subject to municipal or county regulation and 23 U.S.C. s. 1211 131 the Highway Beautification Act of 1965 must be approved by 1212 the Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway 1213 Administration when required by federal law and federal 1214 regulation under the agreement between the state and the United 1215 States Department of Transportation and federal regulations 1216 enforced by the Department of Transportation under s. 479.02(1). 1217 The existence of a wall mural as defined in s. 479.01 (30) must 1218 shall not be considered in determining whether a sign as defined

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1219 in s. 479.01(20), either existing or new, is in compliance with 1220 s. 479.07(9)(a). 1221 Section 18. Section 479.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to 1222 read: 1223 479.16 Signs for which permits are not required.-The 1224 following signs are exempt from the requirement that a permit 1225 for a sign be obtained under the provisions of this chapter but 1226 are required to comply with the provisions of s. 479.11(4)-(8), 1227 and the provisions of subsections (15) - (19) may not be 1228 implemented or continued if the Federal Government notifies the 1229 department that implementation or continuation will adversely 1230 affect the allocation of federal funds to the department: 1231 (1) Signs erected on the premises of an establishment $_{\mathcal{T}}$ 1232 which signs consist primarily of the name of the establishment 1233 or which identify the principal or accessory merchandise, 1234 services, activities, or entertainment sold, produced, 1235 manufactured, or furnished on the premises of the establishment 1236 and which comply with the lighting restrictions imposed under 1237 department rule adopted pursuant to s. 479.11(5), or signs owned 1238 by a municipality or a county located on the premises of such 1239 municipality or such county which display information regarding 1240 governmental government services, activities, events, or 1241 entertainment. For purposes of this section, the following types 1242 of messages are shall not be considered information regarding 1243 governmental government services, activities, events, or 1244 entertainment:

1245 (a) Messages <u>that</u> which specifically reference any1246 commercial enterprise.

1247

(b) Messages that which reference a commercial sponsor of

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1248	any event.
1249	(c) Personal messages.
1250	(d) Political campaign messages.
1251	
1252	If a sign located on the premises of an establishment consists
1253	principally of brand name or trade name advertising and the
1254	merchandise or service is only incidental to the principal
1255	activity, or if the owner of the establishment receives rental
1256	income from the sign, then the sign is not exempt under this
1257	subsection.
1258	(2) Signs erected, used, or maintained on a farm by the
1259	owner or lessee of such farm and relating solely to farm
1260	produce, merchandise, service, or entertainment sold, produced,
1261	manufactured, or furnished on such farm.
1262	(3) Signs posted or displayed on real property by the owner
1263	or by the authority of the owner, stating that the real property

1264 is for sale or rent. However, if the sign contains any message 1265 not pertaining to the sale or rental of <u>the</u> that real property, 1266 then it is not exempt under this section.

1267 (4) Official notices or advertisements posted or displayed 1268 on private property by or under the direction of any public or 1269 court officer in the performance of her or his official or 1270 directed duties τ or by trustees under deeds of trust or deeds of 1271 assignment or other similar instruments.

(5) Danger or precautionary signs relating to the premises on which they are located; forest fire warning signs erected under the authority of the Florida Forest Service of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; and signs, notices, or symbols erected by the United States Government

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1277	under the direction of the United States <u>Forest</u> Forestry
1278	Service.
1279	(6) Notices of any railroad, bridge, ferry, or other
1280	transportation or transmission company necessary for the
1281	direction or safety of the public.
1282	(7) Signs, notices, or symbols for the information of
1283	aviators as to location, directions, and landings and conditions
1284	affecting safety in aviation erected or authorized by the
1285	department.
1286	(8) Signs or notices <u>measuring up to 8 square feet in area</u>
1287	which are erected or maintained upon property and which state
1288	stating only the name of the owner, lessee, or occupant of the
1289	premises and not exceeding 8 square feet in area.
1290	(9) Historical markers erected by duly constituted and
1291	authorized public authorities.
1292	(10) Official traffic control signs and markers erected,
1293	caused to be erected, or approved by the department.
1294	(11) Signs erected upon property warning the public against
1295	hunting and fishing or trespassing thereon.
1296	(12) Signs not in excess of <u>up to</u> 8 square feet <u>which</u> that
1297	are owned by and relate to the facilities and activities of
1298	churches, civic organizations, fraternal organizations,
1299	charitable organizations, or units or agencies of government.
1300	(13) Except that Signs placed on benches, transit shelters,
1301	modular news racks, street light poles, public pay telephones,
1302	and waste receptacles, within the right-of-way, as provided for
1303	in s. 337.408 are exempt from all provisions of this chapter.
1304	(14) Signs relating exclusively to political campaigns.
1305	(15) Signs <u>measuring up to</u> not in excess of 16 square feet

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1306	placed at a road junction with the State Highway System denoting
1307	only the distance or direction of a residence or farm operation,
1308	or, <u>outside an incorporated</u> in a rural area where a hardship is
1309	created because a small business is not visible from the road
1310	junction with the State Highway System, one sign <u>measuring up to</u>
1311	not in excess of 16 square feet $_{m{ au}}$ denoting only the name of the
1312	business and the distance and direction to the business. The
1313	small-business-sign provision of this subsection does not apply
1314	to charter counties and may not be implemented if the Federal
1315	Government notifies the department that implementation will
1316	adversely affect the allocation of federal funds to the
1317	department.
1318	(16) Signs placed by a local tourist-oriented business
1319	located within a rural area of critical economic concern as
1320	defined in s. 288.0656(2) which are:
1321	(a) Not more than 8 square feet in size or more than 4 feet
1322	in height;
1323	(b) Located only in rural areas on a facility that does not
1324	meet the definition of a limited access facility, as defined in
1325	<u>s. 334.03;</u>
1326	(c) Located within 2 miles of the business location and at
1327	least 500 feet apart;
1328	(d) Located only in two directions leading to the business;
1329	and
1330	(e) Not located within the road right-of-way.
1331	
1332	A business placing such signs must be at least 4 miles from any
1333	other business using this exemption and may not participate in
1334	any other directional signage program by the department.

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(17) Signs measuring up to 32 square feet denoting only the distance or direction of a farm operation which are erected at a road junction with the State Highway System, but only during the harvest season of the farm operation for up to 4 months. (18) Acknowledgment signs erected upon publicly funded school premises which relate to a specific public school club, team, or event and which are placed at least 1,000 feet from any other acknowledgment sign on the same side of the roadway. The sponsor information on an acknowledgment sign may constitute no		
1336distance or direction of a farm operation which are erected at a1337road junction with the State Highway System, but only during the1338harvest season of the farm operation for up to 4 months.1339(18) Acknowledgment signs erected upon publicly funded1340school premises which relate to a specific public school club,1341team, or event and which are placed at least 1,000 feet from any1342other acknowledgment sign on the same side of the roadway. The1343sponsor information on an acknowledgment sign may constitute no	1 2 2 5	20-00829B-14 20141048
1337road junction with the State Highway System, but only during the1338harvest season of the farm operation for up to 4 months.1339(18) Acknowledgment signs erected upon publicly funded1340school premises which relate to a specific public school club,1341team, or event and which are placed at least 1,000 feet from any1342other acknowledgment sign on the same side of the roadway. The1343sponsor information on an acknowledgment sign may constitute no		
1338harvest season of the farm operation for up to 4 months.1339(18) Acknowledgment signs erected upon publicly funded1340school premises which relate to a specific public school club,1341team, or event and which are placed at least 1,000 feet from any1342other acknowledgment sign on the same side of the roadway. The1343sponsor information on an acknowledgment sign may constitute no		
1339(18) Acknowledgment signs erected upon publicly funded1340school premises which relate to a specific public school club,1341team, or event and which are placed at least 1,000 feet from any1342other acknowledgment sign on the same side of the roadway. The1343sponsor information on an acknowledgment sign may constitute no		
1340 <u>school premises which relate to a specific public school club,</u> 1341 <u>team, or event and which are placed at least 1,000 feet from any</u> 1342 <u>other acknowledgment sign on the same side of the roadway. The</u> 1343 <u>sponsor information on an acknowledgment sign may constitute no</u>		
1341team, or event and which are placed at least 1,000 feet from any1342other acknowledgment sign on the same side of the roadway. The1343sponsor information on an acknowledgment sign may constitute no		
1342other acknowledgment sign on the same side of the roadway. The1343sponsor information on an acknowledgment sign may constitute no	1340	school premises which relate to a specific public school club,
1343 sponsor information on an acknowledgment sign may constitute no	1341	team, or event and which are placed at least 1,000 feet from any
	1342	other acknowledgment sign on the same side of the roadway. The
1344 more than 100 square feet of the sign. As used in this	1343	sponsor information on an acknowledgment sign may constitute no
	1344	more than 100 square feet of the sign. As used in this
1345 subsection, the term "acknowledgment sign" means a sign that is	1345	subsection, the term "acknowledgment sign" means a sign that is
1346 intended to inform the traveling public that a public school	1346	intended to inform the traveling public that a public school
1347 <u>club, team, or event has been sponsored by a person, firm, or</u>	1347	club, team, or event has been sponsored by a person, firm, or
1348 other entity.	1348	other entity.
1349 (19) Displays erected upon a sports facility, the content	1349	(19) Displays erected upon a sports facility, the content
1350 of which is directly related to the facility's activities or to	1350	of which is directly related to the facility's activities or to
1351 the facility's products or services. Displays must be mounted	1351	the facility's products or services. Displays must be mounted
1352 <u>flush to the surface of the sports facility and must rely upon</u>	1352	flush to the surface of the sports facility and must rely upon
1353 the building facade for structural support. As used in this	1353	the building facade for structural support. As used in this
1354 subsection, the term "sports facility" means an athletic	1354	subsection, the term "sports facility" means an athletic
1355 complex, athletic arena, or athletic stadium, including	1355	complex, athletic arena, or athletic stadium, including
1356 physically connected parking facilities, which is open to the	1356	physically connected parking facilities, which is open to the
1357 public and has a seating capacity of 15,000 or more permanently	1357	public and has a seating capacity of 15,000 or more permanently
1358 installed seats.	1358	installed seats.
1359	1359	
1360 If the exemptions in subsections (15)-(19) are not implemented	1360	If the exemptions in subsections (15)-(19) are not implemented
1361 or continued due to notification from the Federal Government	1361	
1362 that the allocation of federal funds to the department will be	1362	
1363 adversely impacted, the department shall provide notice to the		

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1364	sign owner that the sign must be removed within 30 days after
1365	receipt of the notice. If the sign is not removed within 30 days
1366	after receipt of the notice by the sign owner, the department
1367	may remove the sign, and the costs incurred in connection with
1368	the sign removal shall be assessed against and collected from
1369	the sign owner.
1370	Section 19. Section 479.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to
1371	read:
1372	479.24 Compensation for removal of signs; eminent domain;
1373	exceptions
1374	(1) Just compensation shall be paid by the department upon
1375	the department's <u>acquisition</u> removal of a lawful <u>conforming or</u>
1376	nonconforming sign along any portion of the interstate or
1377	federal-aid primary highway system. This section does not apply
1378	to a sign <u>that</u> which is illegal at the time of its removal. A
1379	sign <u>loses</u> will lose its nonconforming status and <u>becomes</u> become
1380	illegal at such time as it fails to be permitted or maintained
1381	in accordance with all applicable laws, rules, ordinances, or
1382	regulations other than the provision <u>that</u> which makes it
1383	nonconforming. A legal nonconforming sign under state law or
1384	rule <u>does</u> will not lose its nonconforming status solely because
1385	it additionally becomes nonconforming under an ordinance or
1386	regulation of a local governmental entity passed at a later
1387	date. The department shall make every reasonable effort to
1388	negotiate the purchase of the signs to avoid litigation and
1389	congestion in the courts.
1390	(2) The department is not required to remove any sign under
1391	this section if the federal share of the just compensation to be
1392	paid upon removal of the sign is not available to make such

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1393	payment, unless an appropriation by the Legislature for such
1394	purpose is made to the department.
1395	(3)(a) The department <u>may</u> is authorized to use the power of
1396	eminent domain when necessary to carry out the provisions of
1397	this chapter.
1398	(b) If eminent domain procedures are instituted, just
1399	compensation shall be made pursuant to the state's eminent
1400	domain procedures, chapters 73 and 74.
1401	Section 20. Section 479.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to
1402	read:
1403	479.25 Erection of noise-attenuation barrier blocking view
1404	of sign; procedures; application
1405	(1) The owner of a lawfully erected sign that is governed
1406	by and conforms to state and federal requirements for land use,
1407	size, height, and spacing may increase the height above ground
1408	level of such sign at its permitted location if a noise-
1409	attenuation barrier is permitted by or erected by any
1410	governmental entity in such a way as to screen or block
1411	visibility of the sign. Any increase in height permitted under
1412	this section may only be the increase in height which is
1413	required to achieve the same degree of visibility from the
1414	right-of-way which the sign had <u>before</u> prior to the construction
1415	of the noise-attenuation barrier, notwithstanding the
1416	restrictions contained in s. 479.07(9)(b). A sign reconstructed
1417	under this section <u>must</u> shall comply with the building standards
1418	and wind load requirements <u>provided</u> set forth in the Florida
1419	Building Code. If construction of a proposed noise-attenuation
1420	barrier will screen a sign lawfully permitted under this
1421	chapter, the department shall provide notice to the local

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1422	government or local jurisdiction within which the sign is
1423	located <u>before construction</u> prior to erection of the noise-
1424	attenuation barrier. Upon a determination that an increase in
1425	the height of a sign as permitted under this section will
1426	violate a provision contained in an ordinance or <u>a</u> land
1427	development regulation of the local government or local
1428	jurisdiction, the local government or local jurisdiction shall,
1429	before construction so notify the department. When notice has
1430	been received from the local government or local jurisdiction
1431	prior to crection of the noise-attenuation barrier, the
1432	department shall:
1433	(a) Provide a variance or waiver to the local ordinance or
1434	land development regulations to Conduct a written survey of all
1435	property owners identified as impacted by highway noise and who
1436	may benefit from the proposed noise-attenuation barrier. The
1437	written survey shall inform the property owners of the location,
1438	date, and time of the public hearing described in paragraph (b)
1439	and shall specifically advise the impacted property owners that:
1440	1. Erection of the noise-attenuation barrier may block the
1441	visibility of an existing outdoor advertising sign;
1442	2. The local government or local jurisdiction may restrict
1443	or prohibit increasing the height of the existing outdoor
1444	advertising sign to make it visible over the barrier; and
1445	3. If a majority of the impacted property owners vote for
1446	construction of the noise-attenuation barrier, the local
1447	government or local jurisdiction will be required to:
1448	a. allow an increase in the height of the sign in violation
1449	of a local ordinance or land development regulation;
1450	(b) b. Allow the sign to be relocated or reconstructed at
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1451	another location if the sign owner agrees; or
1452	<u>(c)</u> . Pay the fair market value of the sign and its
1453	associated interest in the real property.
1454	(2) (b) The department shall hold a public hearing within
1455	the boundaries of the affected local governments or local
1456	jurisdictions to receive input on the proposed noise-attenuation
1457	barrier and its conflict with the local ordinance or land
1458	development regulation and to suggest or consider alternatives
1459	or modifications to the proposed noise-attenuation barrier to
1460	alleviate or minimize the conflict with the local ordinance or
1461	land development regulation or minimize any costs that may be
1462	associated with relocating, reconstructing, or paying for the
1463	affected sign. The public hearing may be held concurrently with
1464	other public hearings scheduled for the project. The department
1465	shall provide a written notification to the local government or
1466	local jurisdiction of the date and time of the public hearing
1467	and shall provide general notice of the public hearing in
1468	accordance with the notice provisions of s. 335.02(1). The
1469	notice <u>may</u> shall not be placed in that portion of a newspaper in
1470	which legal notices or classified advertisements appear. The
1471	notice <u>must</u> shall specifically state that:
1 1 7 2	(a)1 Exaction of the proposed poice attenuation berrier

1472 (a)1. Erection of the proposed noise-attenuation barrier 1473 may block the visibility of an existing outdoor advertising 1474 sign;

1475 (b)². The local government or local jurisdiction may 1476 restrict or prohibit increasing the height of the existing 1477 outdoor advertising sign to make it visible over the barrier; 1478 and

1479

(c) 3. Upon If a majority of the impacted property owners

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1480	vote for construction of the noise-attenuation barrier, the
1481	local government or local jurisdiction <u>shall</u> will be required
1482	to:
1483	<u>1.a.</u> Allow an increase in the height of the sign <u>through a</u>
1484	<u>waiver or variance to</u> in violation of a local ordinance or land
1485	development regulation;
1486	2.b. Allow the sign to be relocated or reconstructed at
1487	another location if the sign owner agrees; or
1488	<u>3.</u> e. Pay the fair market value of the sign and its
1489	associated interest in the real property.
1490	(3) (2) The department <u>may</u> shall not permit erection of the
1491	noise-attenuation barrier to the extent the barrier screens or
1492	blocks visibility of the sign until after the public hearing is
1493	held and until such time as the survey has been conducted and a
1494	majority of the impacted property owners have indicated approval
1495	to erect the noise-attenuation barrier. When the impacted
1496	property owners approve of the noise-attenuation barrier
1497	construction, the department shall notify the local governments
1498	or local jurisdictions. The local government or local
1499	jurisdiction shall, notwithstanding the provisions of a
1500	conflicting ordinance or land development regulation:
1501	(a) Issue a permit by variance or otherwise for the
1502	reconstruction of a sign under this section;
1503	(b) Allow the relocation of a sign, or construction of
1504	another sign, at an alternative location that is permittable
1505	under the provisions of this chapter, if the sign owner agrees
1506	to relocate the sign or construct another sign; or
1507	(c) Refuse to issue the required permits for reconstruction
1508	of a sign under this section and pay fair market value of the
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1509	sign and its associated interest in the real property to the
1510	owner of the sign.
1511	(4)-(3) This section <u>does</u> shall not apply to the provisions
1512	of any existing written agreement executed before July 1, 2006,
1513	between any local government and the owner of an outdoor
1514	advertising sign.
1515	Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 479.261, Florida
1516	Statutes, is amended to read:
1517	479.261 Logo sign program.—
1518	(1) The department shall establish a logo sign program for
1519	the rights-of-way of the <u>limited access</u> interstate highway
1520	system to provide information to motorists about available gas,
1521	food, lodging, camping, attractions, and other services, as
1522	approved by the Federal Highway Administration, at interchanges
1523	through the use of business logos and may include additional
1524	interchanges under the program.
1525	(a) As used in this chapter, the term "attraction" means an
1526	establishment, site, facility, or landmark that is open a
1527	minimum of 5 days a week for 52 weeks a year; that has as its
1528	principal focus family-oriented entertainment, cultural,
1529	educational, recreational, scientific, or historical activities;
1530	and that is publicly recognized as a bona fide tourist
1531	attraction.
1532	(b) The department shall incorporate the use of RV-friendly
1533	markers on specific information logo signs for establishments
1534	that cater to the needs of persons driving recreational
1535	vehicles. Establishments that qualify for participation in the
1536	specific information logo program and that also qualify as "RV-
1537	friendly" may request the RV-friendly marker on their specific

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20-00829B-14 20141048 1538 information logo sign. An RV-friendly marker must consist of a 1539 design approved by the Federal Highway Administration. The 1540 department shall adopt rules in accordance with chapter 120 to 1541 administer this paragraph. Such rules must establish minimum 1542 requirements for parking spaces, entrances and exits, and 1543 overhead clearance which must be met by, including rules setting 1544 forth the minimum requirements that establishments that wish 1545 must meet in order to qualify as RV-friendly. These requirements 1546 shall include large parking spaces, entrances, and exits that 1547 can easily accommodate recreational vehicles and facilities 1548 having appropriate overhead clearances, if applicable. 1549 Section 22. Subsection (1) of section 479.262, Florida 1550 Statutes, is amended to read: 1551 479.262 Tourist-oriented directional sign program.-1552 (1) A tourist-oriented directional sign program to provide 1553 directions to rural tourist-oriented businesses, services, and 1554 activities may be established at intersections on rural and 1555 conventional state, county, or municipal roads only in rural 1556 counties identified by criteria and population in s. 288.0656 1557 when approved and permitted by county or local governmental 1558 government entities within their respective jurisdictional areas 1559 at intersections on rural and conventional state, county, or 1560 municipal roads. A county or local government that which issues 1561 permits for a tourist-oriented directional sign program is shall 1562 be responsible for sign construction, maintenance, and program 1563 operation in compliance with subsection (3) for roads on the 1564 state highway system and may establish permit fees sufficient to

1565 offset associated costs. <u>A tourist-oriented directional sign may</u>

1566 not be used on roads in urban areas or at interchanges on

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1567	freeways or expressways.
1568	Section 23. Section 479.313, Florida Statutes, is amended
1569	to read:
1570	479.313 Permit revocation and cancellation; cost of
1571	removal.—All costs incurred by the department in connection with
1572	the removal of a sign located within a controlled area adjacent
1573	to the State Highway System, interstate highway system, or
1574	federal-aid primary highway system following the revocation <u>or</u>
1575	cancellation of the permit for such sign shall be assessed
1576	against and collected from the permittee.
1577	Section 24. Section 76 of chapter 2012-174, Laws of
1578	Florida, is repealed.
1579	Section 25. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

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