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An act relating to child welfare; amending s. 20.19, F.S.; requiring the Secretary of Children and Families to appoint an Assistant Secretary for Child Welfare; providing qualifications and responsibilities; amending s. 39.001, F.S.; revising the purposes of ch. 39, F.S.; requiring the department to provide for certain services for medically complex children; amending s. 39.01, F.S.; providing, revising, and deleting definitions; amending s. 39.013, F.S.; clarifying responsibilities of the department in dependency proceedings; amending s. 39.201, F.S.; requiring alleged incidents of juvenile sexual abuse involving specified children to be reported to the department's central abuse hotline; requiring the department to provide specified information on an investigation of child sexual abuse to the court; creating s. 39.2015, F.S.; requiring the department to conduct specified investigations using critical incident rapid response teams; providing requirements for such investigations and for team membership; authorizing team access to specified information; requiring the cooperation of specified agencies and organizations; providing for reimbursement of team members; requiring the team to provide an investigation report; requiring the secretary to develop guidelines for investigations and provide team member training; requiring the secretary to appoint an advisory committee; requiring the committee to submit

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a report to the secretary; requiring the secretary to submit such report to the Governor and the Legislature by a specified date; creating s. 39.2022, F.S.; providing legislative intent; requiring the department to publish specified information on its website regarding the death of a child reported to the central abuse hotline; amending s. 39.301, F.S.; requiring the use of safety plans in child protection investigations in cases of present or impending danger; providing requirements for implementation of a safety plan; requiring a parent to be referred to a local child development screening program under certain circumstances; providing conditions for filing a petition for dependency; amending s. 39.303, F.S.; requiring physician involvement when a child protection team evaluates a report of medical neglect of a medically complex child; creating s. 39.3068, F.S.; providing requirements for investigating medical neglect; providing duties of the department; amending s. 39.307, F.S.; requiring the department to assist the family, child, and caregiver in receiving services upon a report alleging juvenile sexual abuse or inappropriate sexual behavior; requiring the department to maintain specified records; requiring child sexual abuse to be taken into account in placement consideration; requiring the department to monitor the occurrence of child sexual abuse and related services; amending s. 39.402, F.S.; requiring the department to make a reasonable effort to keep

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siblings together when they are placed in out-of-home care under certain circumstances; providing for sibling visitation under certain conditions; amending s. 39.501, F.S.; requiring compliance with a safety plan to be considered when deciding a petition for dependency; amending s. 39.504, F.S.; authorizing the court to order a person to comply with a safety plan that is implemented in an injunction; amending s. 39.5085, F.S.; revising legislative intent; authorizing placement of a child with a nonrelative caregiver and financial assistance for such nonrelative caregiver through the Relative Caregiver Program under certain circumstances; amending s. 39.604, F.S.; requiring certain children to attend a licensed early education or child care program; requiring the inclusion of attendance at a licensed early education or child care program in a child's safety plan; amending s. 39.701, F.S.; requiring the court to consider contact among siblings in judicial reviews; authorizing the court to remove specified disabilities of nonage at judicial reviews; amending s. 39.802, F.S.; removing department authorization to sign a petition for termination of parental rights; amending s. 39.806, F.S.; providing additional grounds for termination of parental rights; amending s. 63.212, F.S.; revising advertising requirements for adoption services; requiring a person who places an advertisement for adoption services to provide specified information; deleting a criminal penalty for

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knowingly publishing or assisting in the publication of an advertisement that violates specified provisions; amending s. 383.402, F.S.; requiring state and local review committees to review all child deaths that are reported to the department's central abuse hotline; revising the membership of the State Child Abuse Death Review Committee; revising the due date for a report; requiring the State Child Abuse Death Review Committee to provide training to local child abuse death review committees; amending s. 402.40, F.S.; requiring a third-party credentialing entity to establish an advisory committee; authorizing the department to approve certification of specializations; creating s. 402.402, F.S.; providing preferences for education and work experience for child protection and child welfare personnel; requiring specialized training for specified individuals; requiring a report; providing training requirements for department attorneys; creating s. 402.403, F.S.; establishing a tuition exemption program for child protection and child welfare personnel; providing eligibility requirements; creating s. 402.404, F.S.; establishing a student loan forgiveness program for child protection and child welfare personnel; providing eligibility requirements; authorizing community-based care lead agencies to provide student loan forgiveness under certain circumstances; amending s. 409.165, F.S.; enhancing provision of care to medically complex children;

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amending s. 409.175, F.S.; revising licensing requirements and procedures for family foster homes, residential child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies; amending s. 409.967, F.S.; revising standards for Medicaid managed care plan accountability with respect to services for dependent children; requiring the department and the Agency for Health Care Administration to establish an interagency agreement for data sharing; amending s. 409.972, F.S.; exempting certain Medicaid recipients from mandatory enrollment in managed care plans; providing a directive to the Division of Law Revision and Information; creating part V of ch. 409, F.S.; creating s. 409.986, F.S.; providing legislative findings and intent; providing child protection and child welfare outcome goals; defining terms; creating s. 409.987, F.S.; providing for department procurement of community-based care lead agencies; providing requirements for contracting as a lead agency; creating s. 409.988, F.S.; providing duties of a community-based care lead agency; providing licensure requirements for a lead agency; specifying services provided by a lead agency; providing conditions for an agency or provider to act as a child's guardian; creating s. 409.990, F.S.; providing general funding provisions for lead agencies; providing for a matching grant program and the maximum amount of funds that may be awarded; requiring the department to develop and implement a community-based care risk pool initiative;

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providing requirements for the risk pool; transferring, renumbering, and amending s. 409.16713, F.S.; transferring provisions relating to the allocation of funds for community-based care lead agencies; conforming a cross-reference; creating s. 409.992, F.S.; providing requirements for communitybased care lead agency expenditures; creating s. 409.993, F.S.; providing legislative findings; providing for lead agency and subcontractor liability; providing limitations on damages; transferring, renumbering, and amending s. 409.1675, F.S.; transferring provisions relating to receivership from community-based providers to lead agencies; conforming cross-references and terminology; creating s. 409.996, F.S.; providing duties of the department relating to community-based care and lead agencies; creating s. 409.997, F.S.; providing outcome goals for the department and specified entities with respect to the delivery of child welfare services; requiring the department to maintain an accountability system; requiring a report to the Governor and the Legislature; requiring the department to establish a technical advisory panel; requiring the department to make the results of the accountability system public; requiring a report to the Governor and the Legislature by a specified date; creating s. 827.10, F.S.; providing definitions; establishing the criminal offense of unlawful desertion of a child; providing criminal penalties; providing exceptions; amending s.

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175 985.04, F.S.; conforming terminology; creating s. 176 1004.615, F.S.; establishing the Florida Institute for 177 Child Welfare; providing purpose, duties, and 178 responsibilities of the institute; requiring the institute to contract and work with specified 179 180 entities; providing for the administration of the 181 institute; requiring reports to the Governor and the Legislature by specified dates; amending s. 1009.25, 182 183 F.S.; exempting specified child protective 184 investigators and child protective investigation supervisors from certain tuition and fee requirements; 185 186 conforming a provision to changes made by the act; 187 repealing s. 402.401, F.S., relating to child welfare 188 worker student loan forgiveness; repealing s. 189 409.1671, F.S., relating to outsourcing of foster care 190 and related services; repealing s. 409.16715, F.S., 191 relating to certain therapy for foster children; repealing s. 409.16745, F.S., relating to the 192 193 community partnership matching grant program; 194 repealing s. 1004.61, F.S., relating to a partnership 195 between the Department of Children and Families and state universities; amending ss. 39.201, 39.302, 196 39.524, 316.613, 409.1676, 409.1677, 409.1678, 197 198 409.906, 409.912, 409.91211, 420.628, and 960.065, 199 F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing effective 200 dates.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Present subsections (3) through (5) of section 20.19, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (4) through (6), respectively, subsection (2) of that section is amended, and a new subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:

- 20.19 Department of Children and Families.—There is created a Department of Children and Families.
 - (2) SECRETARY OF CHILDREN AND FAMILIES; DEPUTY SECRETARY.-
- (a) The head of the department is the Secretary of Children and Families. The secretary is appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the Senate. The secretary serves at the pleasure of the Governor.
- (b) The secretary shall appoint a deputy secretary who shall act in the absence of the secretary. The deputy secretary is directly responsible to the secretary, performs such duties as are assigned by the secretary, and serves at the pleasure of the secretary.
 - (3) ASSISTANT SECRETARIES.—
 - (a) Child welfare.—
- 1. The secretary shall appoint an Assistant Secretary for Child Welfare to lead the department in carrying out its duties and responsibilities for child protection and child welfare. The assistant secretary shall serve at the pleasure of the secretary.
- 2. The assistant secretary must have at least 7 years of experience working in organizations that deliver child protective or child welfare services.
 - (b) Substance abuse and mental health.-
 - (c) 1. The secretary shall appoint an Assistant Secretary

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for Substance Abuse and Mental Health. The assistant secretary shall serve at the pleasure of the secretary and must have expertise in both areas of responsibility.

2. The secretary shall appoint a Director for Substance Abuse and Mental Health who has the requisite expertise and experience to head the state's Substance Abuse and Mental Health Program Office.

Section 2. Paragraphs (b), (c), (g), and (k) of subsection (1) of section 39.001, Florida Statutes, are amended, paragraphs (o) and (p) are added to that subsection, present paragraphs (f) through (h) of subsection (3) are redesignated as paragraphs (g) through (i), respectively, a new paragraph (f) is added to that subsection, present subsections (4) through (11) are renumbered as subsections (5) through (12), respectively, a new subsection (4) is added to that section, and paragraph (c) of present subsection (8) and paragraph (b) of present subsection (10) of that section are amended, to read:

39.001 Purposes and intent; personnel standards and screening.—

- (1) PURPOSES OF CHAPTER.—The purposes of this chapter are:
- (b) To recognize that most families desire to be competent caregivers and providers for their children and that children achieve their greatest potential when families are able to support and nurture the growth and development of their children. Therefore, the Legislature finds that policies and procedures that provide for prevention and intervention through the department's child protection system should be based on the following principles:
 - 1. The health and safety of the children served shall be of

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262 paramount concern.

- 2. The prevention and intervention should engage families in constructive, supportive, and nonadversarial relationships.
- 3. The prevention and intervention should intrude as little as possible into the life of the family, be focused on clearly defined objectives, and keep the safety of the child or children as the paramount concern take the most parsimonious path to remedy a family's problems.
- 4. The prevention and intervention should be based upon outcome evaluation results that demonstrate success in protecting children and supporting families.
- (c) To provide a child protection system that reflects a partnership between the department, other agencies, the courts, law enforcement agencies, service providers, and local communities.
- (g) To ensure that the parent or legal custodian from whose custody the child has been taken assists the department to the fullest extent possible in locating relatives suitable to serve as caregivers for the child and provides all medical and educational information, or consent for access thereto, needed to help the child.
- (k) To make every possible effort, <u>if</u> when two or more children who are in the care or under the supervision of the department are siblings, to place the siblings in the same home; and in the event of permanent placement of the siblings, to place them in the same adoptive home or, if the siblings are separated while under the care or supervision of the department or in a permanent placement, to keep them in contact with each other.

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- (o) To preserve and strengthen families who are caring for medically complex children.
- (p) To provide protective investigations that are conducted by trained persons in a complete and fair manner, that are promptly concluded, and that consider the purposes of this subsection and the general protections provided by law relating to child welfare.
- (3) GENERAL PROTECTIONS FOR CHILDREN.—It is a purpose of the Legislature that the children of this state be provided with the following protections:
- (f) Access to sufficient supports and services for medically complex children to allow them to remain in the least restrictive and most nurturing environment, which includes services in an amount and scope comparable to those services the child would receive in out-of-home care placement.
- (4) SERVICES FOR MEDICALLY COMPLEX CHILDREN.—The department shall maintain a program of family-centered services and supports for medically complex children. The purpose of the program is to prevent abuse and neglect of medically complex children while enhancing the capacity of families to provide for their children's needs. Program services must include outreach, early intervention, and the provision of other supports and services to meet the child's needs. The department shall collaborate with all relevant state and local agencies to provide needed services.
 - (9) (8) OFFICE OF ADOPTION AND CHILD PROTECTION.
 - (c) The office is authorized and directed to:
- 1. Oversee the preparation and implementation of the state plan established under subsection (10) (9) and revise and update

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the state plan as necessary.

- 2. Provide for or make available continuing professional education and training in the prevention of child abuse and neglect.
- 3. Work to secure funding in the form of appropriations, gifts, and grants from the state, the Federal Government, and other public and private sources in order to ensure that sufficient funds are available for the promotion of adoption, support of adoptive families, and child abuse prevention efforts.
- 4. Make recommendations pertaining to agreements or contracts for the establishment and development of:
- a. Programs and services for the promotion of adoption, support of adoptive families, and prevention of child abuse and neglect.
- b. Training programs for the prevention of child abuse and neglect.
- c. Multidisciplinary and discipline-specific training programs for professionals with responsibilities affecting children, young adults, and families.
 - d. Efforts to promote adoption.
 - e. Postadoptive services to support adoptive families.
- 5. Monitor, evaluate, and review the development and quality of local and statewide services and programs for the promotion of adoption, support of adoptive families, and prevention of child abuse and neglect and shall publish and distribute an annual report of its findings on or before January 1 of each year to the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, the head of each

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state agency affected by the report, and the appropriate substantive committees of the Legislature. The report shall include:

- a. A summary of the activities of the office.
- b. A summary of the adoption data collected and reported to the federal Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System (AFCARS) and the federal Administration for Children and Families.
- c. A summary of the child abuse prevention data collected and reported to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System (NCANDS) and the federal Administration for Children and Families.
- d. A summary detailing the timeliness of the adoption process for children adopted from within the child welfare system.
- e. Recommendations, by state agency, for the further development and improvement of services and programs for the promotion of adoption, support of adoptive families, and prevention of child abuse and neglect.
- f. Budget requests, adoption promotion and support needs, and child abuse prevention program needs by state agency.
- 6. Work with the direct-support organization established under s. 39.0011 to receive financial assistance.
 - (11) (10) FUNDING AND SUBSEQUENT PLANS.
- (b) The office and the other agencies and organizations listed in paragraph $\underline{(10)(a)}$ $\underline{(9)(a)}$ shall readdress the state plan and make necessary revisions every 5 years, at a minimum. Such revisions shall be submitted to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate no later than

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June 30 of each year divisible by 5. At least biennially, the office shall review the state plan and make any necessary revisions based on changing needs and program evaluation results. An annual progress report shall be submitted to update the state plan in the years between the 5-year intervals. In order to avoid duplication of effort, these required plans may be made a part of or merged with other plans required by either the state or Federal Government, so long as the portions of the other state or Federal Government plan that constitute the state plan for the promotion of adoption, support of adoptive families, and prevention of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect are clearly identified as such and are provided to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate as required under this section above.

Section 3. Present subsections (59) through (65) of section 39.01, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (60) through (66), respectively, present subsections (67) through (69) are redesignated as subsections (68) through (70), respectively, present subsections (70) through (76) are redesignated as subsections (72) through (78), respectively, new subsections (31), (41), (59), (67), and (71) are added to that section, and subsections (7), (14), (18), (22), (26), and (27) and present subsections (28) through (41), (59), and (65) of that section are amended, to read:

- 39.01 Definitions.—When used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:
 - (7) "Alleged juvenile sexual offender" means:
- (a) A child 12 years of age or younger who is alleged to have committed a violation of chapter 794, chapter 796, chapter

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408	(b) A child who is alleged to have committed any violation
409	of law or delinquent act involving juvenile sexual abuse.
410	"Juvenile sexual abuse" means any sexual behavior by a child
411	which occurs without consent, without equality, or as a result

which occurs without consent, without equality, or as a result of coercion. For purposes of this <u>subsection</u> paragraph, the

413 following definitions apply:

 $\underline{\text{(a)}1.}$ "Coercion" means the exploitation of authority or the use of bribes, threats of force, or intimidation to gain cooperation or compliance.

 $\underline{\text{(b)}}_{2}$. "Equality" means two participants operating with the same level of power in a relationship, neither being controlled nor coerced by the other.

 $\underline{\text{(c)}}$ "Consent" means an agreement, including all of the following:

1.a. Understanding what is proposed based on age, maturity, developmental level, functioning, and experience.

2.b. Knowledge of societal standards for what is being proposed.

3.e. Awareness of potential consequences and alternatives.

 $\underline{\text{4.d.}}$ Assumption that agreement or disagreement will be accepted equally.

<u>5.</u>e. Voluntary decision.

6.f. Mental competence.

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Juvenile sexual offender behavior ranges from noncontact sexual behavior such as making obscene phone calls, exhibitionism, voyeurism, and the showing or taking of lewd photographs to varying degrees of direct sexual contact, such as frottage,

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fondling, digital penetration, rape, fellatio, sodomy, and various other sexually aggressive acts.

- (14) "Child who has exhibited inappropriate sexual behavior" means a child who is 12 years of age or younger and who has been found by the department or the court to have committed an inappropriate sexual act.
- (18) "Comprehensive assessment" or "assessment" means the gathering of information for the evaluation of a child's and caregiver's physical, psychiatric, psychological, or mental health; developmental delays or challenges; and, educational, vocational, and social condition and family environment as they relate to the child's and caregiver's need for rehabilitative and treatment services, including substance abuse treatment services, mental health services, developmental services, literacy services, medical services, family services, and other specialized services, as appropriate.
- (22) "Diligent efforts by a parent" means a course of conduct which results in a meaningful change in the behavior of a parent that reduces reduction in risk to the child in the child's home to the extent that would allow the child may to be safely placed permanently back in the home as set forth in the case plan.
- (26) "District" means any one of the 15 service districts of the department established pursuant to s. 20.19.
- (27) "District administrator" means the chief operating officer of each service district of the department as defined in s. 20.19(5) and, where appropriate, includes any district administrator whose service district falls within the boundaries of a judicial circuit.

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- (26) "Expedited termination of parental rights" means proceedings wherein a case plan with the goal of reunification is not being offered.
- (27) (29) "False report" means a report of abuse, neglect, or abandonment of a child to the central abuse hotline, which report is maliciously made for the purpose of:
 - (a) Harassing, embarrassing, or harming another person;
 - (b) Personal financial gain for the reporting person;
 - (c) Acquiring custody of a child; or
- (d) Personal benefit for the reporting person in any other private dispute involving a child.

The term "false report" does not include a report of abuse, neglect, or abandonment of a child made in good faith to the central abuse hotline.

- (28) "Family" means a collective body of persons, consisting of a child and a parent, legal custodian, or adult relative, in which:
 - (a) The persons reside in the same house or living unit; or
- (b) The parent, legal custodian, or adult relative has a legal responsibility by blood, marriage, or court order to support or care for the child.
- (29) (31) "Foster care" means care provided a child in a foster family or boarding home, group home, agency boarding home, child care institution, or any combination thereof.
- $\underline{(30)}$ "Harm" to a child's health or welfare can occur when any person:
- (a) Inflicts or allows to be inflicted upon the child physical, mental, or emotional injury. In determining whether

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harm has occurred, the following factors must be considered in evaluating any physical, mental, or emotional injury to a child: the age of the child; any prior history of injuries to the child; the location of the injury on the body of the child; the multiplicity of the injury; and the type of trauma inflicted. Such injury includes, but is not limited to:

- 1. Willful acts that produce the following specific injuries:
 - a. Sprains, dislocations, or cartilage damage.
 - b. Bone or skull fractures.
 - c. Brain or spinal cord damage.
- d. Intracranial hemorrhage or injury to other internal organs.
 - e. Asphyxiation, suffocation, or drowning.
 - f. Injury resulting from the use of a deadly weapon.
 - q. Burns or scalding.
 - h. Cuts, lacerations, punctures, or bites.
 - i. Permanent or temporary disfigurement.
- j. Permanent or temporary loss or impairment of a body part or function.

As used in this subparagraph, the term "willful" refers to the intent to perform an action, not to the intent to achieve a result or to cause an injury.

2. Purposely giving a child poison, alcohol, drugs, or other substances that substantially affect the child's behavior, motor coordination, or judgment or that result in sickness or internal injury. For the purposes of this subparagraph, the term "drugs" means prescription drugs not prescribed for the child or

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not administered as prescribed, and controlled substances as outlined in Schedule I or Schedule II of s. 893.03.

- 3. Leaving a child without adult supervision or arrangement appropriate for the child's age or mental or physical condition, so that the child is unable to care for the child's own needs or another's basic needs or is unable to exercise good judgment in responding to any kind of physical or emotional crisis.
- 4. Inappropriate or excessively harsh disciplinary action that is likely to result in physical injury, mental injury as defined in this section, or emotional injury. The significance of any injury must be evaluated in light of the following factors: the age of the child; any prior history of injuries to the child; the location of the injury on the body of the child; the multiplicity of the injury; and the type of trauma inflicted. Corporal discipline may be considered excessive or abusive when it results in any of the following or other similar injuries:
 - a. Sprains, dislocations, or cartilage damage.
 - b. Bone or skull fractures.
 - c. Brain or spinal cord damage.
- d. Intracranial hemorrhage or injury to other internal organs.
 - e. Asphyxiation, suffocation, or drowning.
 - f. Injury resulting from the use of a deadly weapon.
 - g. Burns or scalding.
- h. Cuts, lacerations, punctures, or bites.
 - i. Permanent or temporary disfigurement.
- j. Permanent or temporary loss or impairment of a body part or function.

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- k. Significant bruises or welts.
- (b) Commits, or allows to be committed, sexual battery, as defined in chapter 794, or lewd or lascivious acts, as defined in chapter 800, against the child.
- (c) Allows, encourages, or forces the sexual exploitation of a child, which includes allowing, encouraging, or forcing a child to:
 - 1. Solicit for or engage in prostitution; or
- 2. Engage in a sexual performance, as defined by chapter 827.
- (d) Exploits a child, or allows a child to be exploited, as provided in s. 450.151.
- (e) Abandons the child. Within the context of the definition of "harm," the term "abandoned the child" or "abandonment of the child" means a situation in which the parent or legal custodian of a child or, in the absence of a parent or legal custodian, the caregiver, while being able, has made no significant contribution to the child's care and maintenance or has failed to establish or maintain a substantial and positive relationship with the child, or both. For purposes of this paragraph, "establish or maintain a substantial and positive relationship" includes, but is not limited to, frequent and regular contact with the child through frequent and regular visitation or frequent and regular communication to or with the child, and the exercise of parental rights and responsibilities. Marginal efforts and incidental or token visits or communications are not sufficient to establish or maintain a substantial and positive relationship with a child. The term "abandoned" does not include a surrendered newborn infant as

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described in s. 383.50, a child in need of services as defined in chapter 984, or a family in need of services as defined in chapter 984. The incarceration, repeated incarceration, or extended incarceration of a parent, legal custodian, or caregiver responsible for a child's welfare may support a finding of abandonment.

- (f) Neglects the child. Within the context of the definition of "harm," the term "neglects the child" means that the parent or other person responsible for the child's welfare fails to supply the child with adequate food, clothing, shelter, or health care, although financially able to do so or although offered financial or other means to do so. However, a parent or legal custodian who, by reason of the legitimate practice of religious beliefs, does not provide specified medical treatment for a child may not be considered abusive or neglectful for that reason alone, but such an exception does not:
- 1. Eliminate the requirement that such a case be reported to the department;
- 2. Prevent the department from investigating such a case; or
- 3. Preclude a court from ordering, when the health of the child requires it, the provision of medical services by a physician, as defined in this section, or treatment by a duly accredited practitioner who relies solely on spiritual means for healing in accordance with the tenets and practices of a well-recognized church or religious organization.
- (g) Exposes a child to a controlled substance or alcohol. Exposure to a controlled substance or alcohol is established by:
 - 1. A test, administered at birth, which indicated that the

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child's blood, urine, or meconium contained any amount of alcohol or a controlled substance or metabolites of such substances, the presence of which was not the result of medical treatment administered to the mother or the newborn infant; or

2. Evidence of extensive, abusive, and chronic use of a controlled substance or alcohol by a parent when the child is demonstrably adversely affected by such usage.

As used in this paragraph, the term "controlled substance" means prescription drugs not prescribed for the parent or not administered as prescribed and controlled substances as outlined in Schedule I or Schedule II of s. 893.03.

- (h) Uses mechanical devices, unreasonable restraints, or extended periods of isolation to control a child.
- (i) Engages in violent behavior that demonstrates a wanton disregard for the presence of a child and could reasonably result in serious injury to the child.
- (j) Negligently fails to protect a child in his or her care from inflicted physical, mental, or sexual injury caused by the acts of another.
- (k) Has allowed a child's sibling to die as a result of abuse, abandonment, or neglect.
- (1) Makes the child unavailable for the purpose of impeding or avoiding a protective investigation unless the court determines that the parent, legal custodian, or caregiver was fleeing from a situation involving domestic violence.
- (31) "Impending danger" means a situation in which family behaviors, attitudes, motives, emotions, or situations pose a threat that may not be currently active but that can be

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anticipated to become active and to have severe effects on a child at any time.

(32) (33) "Institutional child abuse or neglect" means situations of known or suspected child abuse or neglect in which the person allegedly perpetrating the child abuse or neglect is an employee of a private school, public or private day care center, residential home, institution, facility, or agency or any other person at such institution responsible for the child's care as defined in subsection (47).

(33) "Judge" means the circuit judge exercising jurisdiction pursuant to this chapter.

(34) (35) "Legal custody" means a legal status created by a court which vests in a custodian of the person or guardian, whether an agency or an individual, the right to have physical custody of the child and the right and duty to protect, nurture, guide, and discipline the child and to provide him or her with food, shelter, education, and ordinary medical, dental, psychiatric, and psychological care.

(35) "Licensed child-caring agency" means a person, society, association, or agency licensed by the department to care for, receive, and board children.

(36) (37) "Licensed child-placing agency" means a person, society, association, or institution licensed by the department to care for, receive, or board children and to place children in a licensed child-caring institution or a foster or adoptive home.

(37) (38) "Licensed health care professional" means a physician licensed under chapter 458, an osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459, a nurse licensed under part I of

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chapter 464, a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, or a dentist licensed under chapter 466.

- (38) (39) "Likely to injure oneself" means that, as evidenced by violent or other actively self-destructive behavior, it is more likely than not that within a 24-hour period the child will attempt to commit suicide or inflict serious bodily harm on himself or herself.
- (39)(40) "Likely to injure others" means that it is more likely than not that within a 24-hour period the child will inflict serious and unjustified bodily harm on another person.
- (40) (41) "Mediation" means a process whereby a neutral third person called a mediator acts to encourage and facilitate the resolution of a dispute between two or more parties. It is an informal and nonadversarial process with the objective of helping the disputing parties reach a mutually acceptable and voluntary agreement. The role of the mediator includes, but is not limited to, assisting the parties in identifying issues, fostering joint problem solving, and exploring settlement alternatives.
- (41) "Medical neglect" means the failure to provide or the failure to allow needed care as recommended by a health care practitioner for a physical injury, illness, medical condition, or impairment, or the failure to seek timely and appropriate medical care for a serious health problem that a reasonable person would have recognized as requiring professional medical attention. Medical neglect does not occur if the parent or legal guardian of the child has made reasonable attempts to obtain necessary health care services or the immediate health condition giving rise to the allegation of neglect is a known and expected

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complication of the child's diagnosis or treatment and:

- (a) The recommended care offers limited net benefit to the child and the morbidity or other side effects of the treatment may be considered to be greater than the anticipated benefit; or
- (b) The parent or legal guardian received conflicting medical recommendations for treatment from multiple practitioners and did not follow all recommendations.
- observable family condition that is occurring at the current moment and is already endangering or threatening to endanger the child. Present danger threats are conspicuous and require that an immediate protective action be taken to ensure the child's safety.
- (60) (59) "Preventive services" means social services and other supportive and rehabilitative services provided to the parent or legal custodian of the child and to the child for the purpose of averting the removal of the child from the home or disruption of a family which will or could result in the placement of a child in foster care. Social services and other supportive and rehabilitative services shall promote the child's developmental needs and need for physical, mental, and emotional health and a safe, stable, living environment; shall promote family autonomy; and shall strengthen family life, whenever possible.
- (66) (65) "Reunification services" means social services and other supportive and rehabilitative services provided to the parent of the child, to the child, and, where appropriate, to the relative placement, nonrelative placement, or foster parents of the child, for the purpose of enabling a child who has been

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placed in out-of-home care to safely return to his or her parent at the earliest possible time. The health and safety of the child shall be the paramount goal of social services and other supportive and rehabilitative services. The services shall promote the child's need for physical, developmental, mental, and emotional health and a safe, stable, living environment: shall promote family autonomy: and shall strengthen family life, whenever possible.

- (67) "Safety plan" means a plan created to control present or impending danger using the least intrusive means appropriate to protect a child when a parent, caregiver, or legal custodian is unavailable, unwilling, or unable to do so.
 - (71) "Sibling" means:
- (a) A child who shares a birth parent or legal parent with one or more other children; or
- (b) A child who has lived together in a family with one or more other children whom he or she identifies as siblings.
- Section 4. Subsection (12) is added to section 39.013, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 39.013 Procedures and jurisdiction; right to counsel.-
- (12) The department shall be represented by counsel in each dependency proceeding. Through its attorneys, the department shall make recommendations to the court on issues before the court and may support its recommendations through testimony and other evidence by its own employees, employees of sheriff's offices providing child protection services, employees of its contractors, employees of its contractor's subcontractors, or from any other relevant source.
 - Section 5. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section

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- 39.201, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 39.201 Mandatory reports of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect; mandatory reports of death; central abuse hotline.—

(2)

- (c) Reports involving a known or suspected juvenile sexual abuse offender or a child who has exhibited inappropriate sexual behavior shall be made and received by the department. An alleged incident of juvenile sexual abuse involving a child who is in the custody of or protective supervision of the department shall be reported to the department's central abuse hotline.
- 1. The department shall determine the age of the alleged offender, if known.
- 2. If the alleged offender is 12 years of age or younger, The central abuse hotline shall immediately electronically transfer the report or call to the county sheriff's office. The department shall conduct an assessment and assist the family in receiving appropriate services pursuant to s. 39.307, and send a written report of the allegation to the appropriate county sheriff's office within 48 hours after the initial report is made to the central abuse hotline.
- 2. The department shall ensure that the facts and results of any investigation of child sexual abuse involving a child in the custody of or under the protective supervision of the department are made known to the court at the next hearing or included in the next report to the court concerning the child.
- 3. If the alleged offender is 13 years of age or older, the central abuse hotline shall immediately electronically transfer the report or call to the appropriate county sheriff's office and send a written report to the appropriate county sheriff's

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office within 48 hours after the initial report to the central abuse hotline.

Section 6. Effective January 1, 2015, section 39.2015, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 39.2015 Critical incident rapid response team.-
- (1) As part of the department's quality assurance program, the department shall provide an immediate multiagency investigation of certain child deaths or other serious incidents. The purpose of such investigation is to identify root causes and rapidly determine the need to change policies and practices related to child protection and child welfare.
- (2) An immediate onsite investigation conducted by a critical incident rapid response team is required for all child deaths reported to the department if the child or another child in his or her family was the subject of a verified report of suspected abuse or neglect during the previous 12 months. The secretary may direct an immediate investigation for other cases involving serious injury to a child.
- (3) Each investigation shall be conducted by a multiagency team of at least five professionals with expertise in child protection, child welfare, and organizational management. The team may consist of employees of the department, community-based care lead agencies, Children's Medical Services, and community-based care provider organizations; faculty from the institute consisting of public and private universities offering degrees in social work established pursuant to s. 1004.615; or any other person with the required expertise. The majority of the team must reside in judicial circuits outside the location of the incident. The secretary shall appoint a team leader for each

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group assigned to an investigation.

- (4) An investigation shall be initiated as soon as possible, but not later than 2 business days after the case is reported to the department. A preliminary report on each case shall be provided to the secretary no later than 30 days after the investigation begins.
- (5) Each member of the team is authorized to access all information in the case file.
- (6) All employees of the department or other state agencies and all personnel from community-based care lead agencies and community-based care lead agency subcontractors must cooperate with the investigation by participating in interviews and timely responding to any requests for information. The members of the team may only access the records and information of contracted provider organizations which are available to the department by law.
- (7) The secretary shall develop cooperative agreements with other entities and organizations as necessary to facilitate the work of the team.
- (8) The members of the team may be reimbursed by the department for per diem, mileage, and other reasonable expenses as provided in s. 112.061. The department may also reimburse the team member's employer for the associated salary and benefits during the time the team member is fulfilling the duties required under this section.
- (9) Upon completion of the investigation, the department shall make the team's final report, excluding any confidential information, available on its website.
 - (10) The secretary, in conjunction with the institute

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established pursuant to s. 1004.615, shall develop guidelines for investigations conducted by critical incident rapid response teams and provide training to team members. Such guidelines must direct the teams in the conduct of a root-cause analysis that identifies, classifies, and attributes responsibility for both direct and latent causes for the death or other incident, including organizational factors, preconditions, and specific acts or omissions resulting from either error or a violation of procedures. The department shall ensure that each team member receives training on the guidelines before conducting an investigation.

(11) The secretary shall appoint an advisory committee made up of experts in child protection and child welfare, including the Statewide Medical Director for Child Protection under the Department of Health, a representative from the institute established pursuant to s. 1004.615, an expert in organizational management, and an attorney with experience in child welfare, to conduct an independent review of investigative reports from the critical incident rapid response teams and to make recommendations to improve policies and practices related to child protection and child welfare services. By October 1 of each year, the advisory committee shall submit a report to the secretary which includes findings and recommendations. The secretary shall submit the report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Section 7. Section 39.2022, Florida Statutes, is created to

Section 7. Section 39.2022, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

39.2022 Public disclosure of reported child deaths.—

(1) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide prompt

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disclosure of the basic facts of all deaths of children from birth through 18 years of age which occur in this state and which are reported to the department's central abuse hotline. Disclosure shall be posted on the department's public website. This section does not limit the public access to records under any other provision of law.

- (2) Notwithstanding s. 39.202, if a child death is reported to the central abuse hotline, the department shall post on its website all of the following:
 - (a) The date of the child's death.
- (b) Any allegations of the cause of death or the preliminary cause of death, and the verified cause of death, if known.
 - (c) The county where the child resided.
- (d) The name of the community-based care lead agency, case management agency, or out-of-home licensing agency involved with the child, family, or licensed caregiver, if applicable.
- (e) Whether the child has been the subject of any prior verified reports to the department's central abuse hotline.
- (f) Whether the child was younger than 5 years of age at the time of his or her death.
- Section 8. Subsections (9) and (14) of section 39.301, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 39.301 Initiation of protective investigations.
- (9) (a) For each report received from the central abuse hotline and accepted for investigation, the department or the sheriff providing child protective investigative services under s. 39.3065, shall perform the following child protective investigation activities to determine child safety:

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- 1. Conduct a review of all relevant, available information specific to the child and family and alleged maltreatment; family child welfare history; local, state, and federal criminal records checks; and requests for law enforcement assistance provided by the abuse hotline. Based on a review of available information, including the allegations in the current report, a determination shall be made as to whether immediate consultation should occur with law enforcement, the child protection team, a domestic violence shelter or advocate, or a substance abuse or mental health professional. Such consultations should include discussion as to whether a joint response is necessary and feasible. A determination shall be made as to whether the person making the report should be contacted before the face-to-face interviews with the child and family members.
- 2. Conduct face-to-face interviews with the child; other siblings, if any; and the parents, legal custodians, or caregivers.
- 3. Assess the child's residence, including a determination of the composition of the family and household, including the name, address, date of birth, social security number, sex, and race of each child named in the report; any siblings or other children in the same household or in the care of the same adults; the parents, legal custodians, or caregivers; and any other adults in the same household.
- 4. Determine whether there is any indication that any child in the family or household has been abused, abandoned, or neglected; the nature and extent of present or prior injuries, abuse, or neglect, and any evidence thereof; and a determination as to the person or persons apparently responsible for the

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abuse, abandonment, or neglect, including the name, address, date of birth, social security number, sex, and race of each such person.

- 5. Complete assessment of immediate child safety for each child based on available records, interviews, and observations with all persons named in subparagraph 2. and appropriate collateral contacts, which may include other professionals. The department's child protection investigators are hereby designated a criminal justice agency for the purpose of accessing criminal justice information to be used for enforcing this state's laws concerning the crimes of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect. This information shall be used solely for purposes supporting the detection, apprehension, prosecution, pretrial release, posttrial release, or rehabilitation of criminal offenders or persons accused of the crimes of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect and may not be further disseminated or used for any other purpose.
- 6. Document the present and impending dangers to each child based on the identification of inadequate protective capacity through utilization of a standardized safety assessment instrument. If present or impending danger is identified, the child protective investigator must implement a safety plan or take the child into custody. If present danger is identified and the child is not removed, the child protective investigator shall create and implement a safety plan before leaving the home or the location where there is present danger. If impending danger is identified, the child protective investigator shall create and implement a safety plan as soon as necessary to protect the safety of the child. The child protective

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investigator may modify the safety plan if he or she identifies
additional impending danger.

a. If the child protective investigator implements a safety plan, the plan must be specific, sufficient, feasible, and sustainable in response to the realities of the present or impending danger. A safety plan may be an in-home plan or an out-of-home plan, or a combination of both. A safety plan may include tasks or responsibilities for a parent, caregiver, or legal custodian. However, a safety plan may not rely on promissory commitments by the parent, caregiver, or legal custodian who is currently not able to protect the child or on services that are not available or will not result in the safety of the child. A safety plan may not be implemented if for any reason the parents, guardian, or legal custodian lacks the capacity or ability to comply with the plan. If the department is not able to develop a plan that is specific, sufficient, feasible, and sustainable, the department shall file a shelter petition. A child protective investigator shall implement separate safety plans for the perpetrator of domestic violence and the parent who is a victim of domestic violence as defined in s. 741.28. If the perpetrator of domestic violence is not the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the child, the child protective investigator shall seek issuance of an injunction authorized by s. 39.504 to implement a safety plan for the perpetrator and impose any other conditions to protect the child. The safety plan for the parent who is a victim of domestic violence may not be shared with the perpetrator. If any party to a safety plan fails to comply with the safety plan resulting in the child being unsafe, the department shall file a

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shelter petition.

- b. The child protective investigator shall collaborate with the community-based care lead agency in the development of the safety plan as necessary to ensure that the safety plan is specific, sufficient, feasible, and sustainable. The child protective investigator shall identify services necessary for the successful implementation of the safety plan. The child protective investigator and the community-based care lead agency shall mobilize service resources to assist all parties in complying with the safety plan. The community-based care lead agency shall prioritize safety plan services to families who have multiple risk factors, including, but not limited to, two or more of the following:
 - (I) The parent or legal custodian is of young age;
- (II) The parent or legal custodian, or an adult currently living in or frequently visiting the home, has a history of substance abuse, mental illness, or domestic violence;
- (III) The parent or legal custodian, or an adult currently living in or frequently visiting the home, has been previously found to have physically or sexually abused a child;
- (IV) The parent or legal custodian or an adult currently living in or frequently visiting the home has been the subject of multiple allegations by reputable reports of abuse or neglect;
 - (V) The child is physically or developmentally disabled; or
 (VI) The child is 3 years of age or younger.
- c. The child protective investigator shall monitor the implementation of the plan to ensure the child's safety until the case is transferred to the lead agency at which time the

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lead agency shall monitor the implementation.

(b) Upon completion of the immediate safety assessment, the department shall determine the additional activities necessary to assess impending dangers, if any, and close the investigation.

(b) (c) For each report received from the central abuse hotline, the department or the sheriff providing child protective investigative services under s. 39.3065, shall determine the protective, treatment, and ameliorative services necessary to safeguard and ensure the child's safety and wellbeing and development, and cause the delivery of those services through the early intervention of the department or its agent.

Whenever a delay or disability of the child is suspected, the parent must be referred to a local child developmental screening program, such as the Child Find program of the Florida

Diagnostic and Learning Resource System, for screening of the child. As applicable, child protective investigators must inform parents and caregivers how and when to use the injunction process under s. 741.30 to remove a perpetrator of domestic violence from the home as an intervention to protect the child.

- 1. If the department or the sheriff providing child protective investigative services determines that the interests of the child and the public will be best served by providing the child care or other treatment voluntarily accepted by the child and the parents or legal custodians, the parent or legal custodian and child may be referred for such care, case management, or other community resources.
- 2. If the department or the sheriff providing child protective investigative services determines that the child is

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in need of protection and supervision, the department may file a petition for dependency.

- 3. If a petition for dependency is not being filed by the department, the person or agency originating the report shall be advised of the right to file a petition pursuant to this part.
- 4. At the close of an investigation, the department or the sheriff providing child protective services shall provide to the person who is alleged to have caused the abuse, neglect, or abandonment and the parent or legal custodian a summary of findings from the investigation and provide information about their right to access confidential reports in accordance with s. 39.202.
- (14)(a) If the department or its agent determines that a child requires immediate or long-term protection through:
 - 1. medical or other health care; or
- 2. homemaker care, day care, protective supervision, or other services to stabilize the home environment, including intensive family preservation services through the Intensive Crisis Counseling Program, such services shall first be offered for voluntary acceptance unless:
- 1. There are high-risk factors that may impact the ability of the parents or legal custodians to exercise judgment. Such factors may include the parents' or legal custodians' young age or history of substance abuse, mental illness, or domestic violence; or
- 2. There is a high likelihood of lack of compliance with voluntary services, and such noncompliance would result in the child being unsafe.
 - (b) The parents or legal custodians shall be informed of

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the right to refuse services, as well as the responsibility of the department to protect the child regardless of the acceptance or refusal of services. If the services are refused, a collateral contact shall include a relative, if the protective investigator has knowledge of and the ability to contact a relative. If the services are refused and the department deems that the child's need for protection so requires services, the department shall take the child into protective custody or petition the court as provided in this chapter. At any time after the commencement of a protective investigation, a relative may submit in writing to the protective investigator or case manager a request to receive notification of all proceedings and hearings in accordance with s. 39.502. The request shall include the relative's name, address, and phone number and the relative's relationship to the child. The protective investigator or case manager shall forward such request to the attorney for the department. The failure to provide notice to either a relative who requests it pursuant to this subsection or to a relative who is providing out-of-home care for a child may not result in any previous action of the court at any stage or proceeding in dependency or termination of parental rights under any part of this chapter being set aside, reversed, modified, or in any way changed absent a finding by the court that a change is required in the child's best interests.

- (c) The department, in consultation with the judiciary, shall adopt by rule:
- 1. Criteria that are factors requiring that the department take the child into custody, petition the court as provided in this chapter, or, if the child is not taken into custody or a

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petition is not filed with the court, conduct an administrative review. Such factors must include, but are not limited to, noncompliance with a safety plan or the case plan developed by the department, and the family under this chapter, and prior abuse reports with findings that involve the child, the child's sibling, or the child's caregiver.

2. Requirements that if after an administrative review the department determines not to take the child into custody or petition the court, the department shall document the reason for its decision in writing and include it in the investigative file. For all cases that were accepted by the local law enforcement agency for criminal investigation pursuant to subsection (2), the department must include in the file written documentation that the administrative review included input from law enforcement. In addition, for all cases that must be referred to child protection teams pursuant to s. 39.303(2) and (3), the file must include written documentation that the administrative review included the results of the team's evaluation. Factors that must be included in the development of the rule include noncompliance with the case plan developed by the department, or its agent, and the family under this chapter and prior abuse reports with findings that involve the child or caregiver.

Section 9. Section 39.303, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

39.303 Child protection teams; services; eligible cases.—
The Children's Medical Services Program in the Department of
Health shall develop, maintain, and coordinate the services of
one or more multidisciplinary child protection teams in each of

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the service districts of the Department of Children and Families Family Services. Such teams may be composed of appropriate representatives of school districts and appropriate health, mental health, social service, legal service, and law enforcement agencies. The Legislature finds that optimal coordination of child protection teams and sexual abuse treatment programs requires collaboration between The Department of Health and the Department of Children and Families Family Services. The two departments shall maintain an interagency agreement that establishes protocols for oversight and operations of child protection teams and sexual abuse treatment programs. The State Surgeon General and the Deputy Secretary for Children's Medical Services, in consultation with the Secretary of Children and Families Family Services, shall maintain the responsibility for the screening, employment, and, if necessary, the termination of child protection team medical directors, at headquarters and in the 15 districts. Child protection team medical directors shall be responsible for oversight of the teams in the districts.

(1) The Department of Health shall <u>use utilize</u> and convene the teams to supplement the assessment and protective supervision activities of the family safety and preservation program of the Department of Children and <u>Families Family</u>

Services. Nothing in This section <u>does not shall be construed to</u> remove or reduce the duty and responsibility of any person to report pursuant to this chapter all suspected or actual cases of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect or sexual abuse of a child. The role of the teams shall be to support activities of the program and to provide services deemed by the teams to be

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necessary and appropriate to abused, abandoned, and neglected children upon referral. The specialized diagnostic assessment, evaluation, coordination, consultation, and other supportive services that a child protection team shall be capable of providing include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (a) Medical diagnosis and evaluation services, including provision or interpretation of X rays and laboratory tests, and related services, as needed, and documentation of <u>related</u> findings relative thereto.
- (b) Telephone consultation services in emergencies and in other situations.
- (c) Medical evaluation related to abuse, abandonment, or neglect, as defined by policy or rule of the Department of Health.
- (d) Such psychological and psychiatric diagnosis and evaluation services for the child or the child's parent or parents, legal custodian or custodians, or other caregivers, or any other individual involved in a child abuse, abandonment, or neglect case, as the team may determine to be needed.
- (e) Expert medical, psychological, and related professional testimony in court cases.
- (f) Case staffings to develop treatment plans for children whose cases have been referred to the team. A child protection team may provide consultation with respect to a child who is alleged or is shown to be abused, abandoned, or neglected, which consultation shall be provided at the request of a representative of the family safety and preservation program or at the request of any other professional involved with a child or the child's parent or parents, legal custodian or custodians,

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or other caregivers. In every such child protection team case staffing, consultation, or staff activity involving a child, a family safety and preservation program representative shall attend and participate.

- (g) Case service coordination and assistance, including the location of services available from other public and private agencies in the community.
- (h) Such training services for program and other employees of the Department of Children and <u>Families</u> <u>Family Services</u>, employees of the Department of Health, and other medical professionals as is deemed appropriate to enable them to develop and maintain their professional skills and abilities in handling child abuse, abandonment, and neglect cases.
- (i) Educational and community awareness campaigns on child abuse, abandonment, and neglect in an effort to enable citizens more successfully to prevent, identify, and treat child abuse, abandonment, and neglect in the community.
- (j) Child protection team assessments that include, as appropriate, medical evaluations, medical consultations, family psychosocial interviews, specialized clinical interviews, or forensic interviews.

All medical personnel participating on a child protection team must successfully complete the required child protection team training curriculum as set forth in protocols determined by the Deputy Secretary for Children's Medical Services and the Statewide Medical Director for Child Protection. A child protection team that is evaluating a report of medical neglect and assessing the health care needs of a medically complex child

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shall consult with a physician who has experience in treating children with the same condition.

- (2) The child abuse, abandonment, and neglect reports that must be referred by the department to child protection teams of the Department of Health for an assessment and other appropriate available support services as set forth in subsection (1) must include cases involving:
- (a) Injuries to the head, bruises to the neck or head, burns, or fractures in a child of any age.
 - (b) Bruises anywhere on a child 5 years of age or under.
 - (c) Any report alleging sexual abuse of a child.
- (d) Any sexually transmitted disease in a prepubescent child.
- (e) Reported malnutrition of a child and failure of a child to thrive.
 - (f) Reported medical neglect of a child.
- (g) Any family in which one or more children have been pronounced dead on arrival at a hospital or other health care facility, or have been injured and later died, as a result of suspected abuse, abandonment, or neglect, when any sibling or other child remains in the home.
- (h) Symptoms of serious emotional problems in a child when emotional or other abuse, abandonment, or neglect is suspected.
- (3) All abuse and neglect cases transmitted for investigation to a district by the hotline must be simultaneously transmitted to the Department of Health child protection team for review. For the purpose of determining whether face-to-face medical evaluation by a child protection team is necessary, all cases transmitted to the child protection

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team which meet the criteria in subsection (2) must be timely reviewed by:

- (a) A physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who holds board certification in pediatrics and is a member of a child protection team;
- (b) A physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who holds board certification in a specialty other than pediatrics, who may complete the review only when working under the direction of a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who holds board certification in pediatrics and is a member of a child protection team;
- (c) An advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed under chapter 464 who has a <u>specialty</u> speciality in pediatrics or family medicine and is a member of a child protection team;
- (d) A physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, who may complete the review only when working under the supervision of a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who holds board certification in pediatrics and is a member of a child protection team; or
- (e) A registered nurse licensed under chapter 464, who may complete the review only when working under the direct supervision of a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who holds certification in pediatrics and is a member of a child protection team.
- (4) A face-to-face medical evaluation by a child protection team is not necessary when:
- (a) The child was examined for the alleged abuse or neglect by a physician who is not a member of the child protection team, and a consultation between the child protection team board-

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certified pediatrician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, physician assistant working under the supervision of a child protection team board-certified pediatrician, or registered nurse working under the direct supervision of a child protection team board-certified pediatrician, and the examining physician concludes that a further medical evaluation is unnecessary;

- (b) The child protective investigator, with supervisory approval, has determined, after conducting a child safety assessment, that there are no indications of injuries as described in paragraphs (2)(a)-(h) as reported; or
- (c) The child protection team board-certified pediatrician, as authorized in subsection (3), determines that a medical evaluation is not required.

Notwithstanding paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), a child protection team pediatrician, as authorized in subsection (3), may determine that a face-to-face medical evaluation is necessary.

- (5) In all instances in which a child protection team is providing certain services to abused, abandoned, or neglected children, other offices and units of the Department of Health, and offices and units of the Department of Children and <u>Families</u> Family Services, shall avoid duplicating the provision of those services.
- (6) The Department of Health child protection team quality assurance program and the Family Safety Program Office of the Department of Children and Families Family Services' Family Safety Program Office quality assurance program shall collaborate to ensure referrals and responses to child abuse, abandonment, and neglect reports are appropriate. Each quality

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assurance program shall include a review of records in which there are no findings of abuse, abandonment, or neglect, and the findings of these reviews shall be included in each department's quality assurance reports.

Section 10. Section 39.3068, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

39.3068 Reports of medical neglect.-

- (1) Upon receiving a report alleging medical neglect, the department or sheriff's office shall assign the case to a child protective investigator who has specialized training in addressing medical neglect or working with medically complex children if such investigator is available. If a child protective investigator with specialized training is not available, the child protective investigator shall consult with department staff with such expertise.
- with the child protective investigator who has interacted with the child and the child's family shall promptly contact and provide information to the child protection team. The child protection team shall assist the child protective investigator in identifying immediate responses to address the medical needs of the child with the priority of maintaining the child in the home if the parents will be able to meet the needs of the child with additional services. The child protective investigator and the child protection team must use a family-centered approach to assess the capacity of the family to meet those needs. A family-centered approach is intended to increase independence on the part of the family, accessibility to programs and services within the community, and collaboration between families and their service providers. The ethnic, cultural, economic, racial,

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social, and religious diversity of families must be respected and considered in the development and provision of services.

- (3) The child shall be evaluated by the child protection team as soon as practicable. After receipt of the report from the child protection team, the department shall convene a case staffing which shall be attended, at a minimum, by the child protective investigator; department legal staff; and representatives from the child protection team that evaluated the child, Children's Medical Services, the Agency for Health Care Administration, the community-based care lead agency, and any providers of services to the child. However, the Agency for Health Care Administration is not required to attend the staffing if the child is not Medicaid eligible. The staffing shall consider, at a minimum, available services, given the family's eligibility for services; services that are effective in addressing conditions leading to medical neglect allegations; and services that would enable the child to safely remain at home. Any services that are available and effective shall be provided.
- Section 11. Section 39.307, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 39.307 Reports of child-on-child sexual abuse.
- (1) Upon receiving a report alleging juvenile sexual abuse or inappropriate sexual behavior as defined in s. 39.01(7), the department shall assist the family, child, and caregiver in receiving appropriate services to address the allegations of the report.
- (a) The department shall ensure that information describing the child's history of child sexual abuse is included in the

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child's electronic record. This record must also include information describing the services the child has received as a result of his or her involvement with child sexual abuse.

- (b) Placement decisions for a child who has been involved with child sexual abuse must include consideration of the needs of the child and any other children in the placement.
- (c) The department shall monitor the occurrence of child sexual abuse and the provision of services to children involved in child sexual abuse, juvenile sexual abuse, or who have displayed inappropriate sexual behavior.
- (2) The department, contracted sheriff's office providing protective investigation services, or contracted case management personnel responsible for providing services, at a minimum, shall adhere to the following procedures:
- (a) The purpose of the response to a report alleging juvenile sexual abuse behavior or inappropriate sexual behavior shall be explained to the caregiver.
- 1. The purpose of the response shall be explained in a manner consistent with legislative purpose and intent provided in this chapter.
- 2. The name and office telephone number of the person responding shall be provided to the caregiver of the alleged <u>abuser</u> juvenile sexual offender or child who has exhibited inappropriate sexual behavior and the victim's caregiver.
- 3. The possible consequences of the department's response, including outcomes and services, shall be explained to the caregiver of the alleged <u>abuser</u> juvenile sexual offender or child who has exhibited inappropriate sexual behavior and the victim's caregiver.

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- (b) The caregiver of the alleged <u>abuser</u> <u>juvenile sexual</u> <u>offender</u> or child who has exhibited inappropriate sexual behavior and the victim's caregiver shall be involved to the fullest extent possible in determining the nature of the sexual behavior concerns and the nature of any problem or risk to other children.
- (c) The assessment of risk and the perceived treatment needs of the alleged <u>abuser</u> juvenile sexual offender or child who has exhibited inappropriate sexual behavior, the victim, and respective caregivers shall be conducted by the district staff, the child protection team of the Department of Health, and other providers under contract with the department to provide services to the caregiver of the alleged offender, the victim, and the victim's caregiver.
- (d) The assessment shall be conducted in a manner that is sensitive to the social, economic, and cultural environment of the family.
- (e) If necessary, the child protection team of the Department of Health shall conduct a physical examination of the victim, which is sufficient to meet forensic requirements.
- (f) Based on the information obtained from the alleged <u>abuser</u> juvenile sexual offender or child who has exhibited inappropriate sexual behavior, his or her caregiver, the victim, and the victim's caregiver, an assessment of service and treatment needs must be completed and, if needed, a case plan developed within 30 days.
- (g) The department shall classify the outcome of the report as follows:
 - 1. Report closed. Services were not offered because the

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department determined that there was no basis for intervention.

- 2. Services accepted by alleged <u>abuser</u> juvenile sexual offender. Services were offered to the alleged <u>abuser</u> juvenile sexual offender or child who has exhibited inappropriate sexual behavior and accepted by the caregiver.
- 3. Report closed. Services were offered to the alleged <u>abuser</u> juvenile sexual offender or child who has exhibited inappropriate sexual behavior, but were rejected by the caregiver.
- 4. Notification to law enforcement. The risk to the victim's safety and well-being cannot be reduced by the provision of services or the caregiver rejected services, and notification of the alleged delinquent act or violation of law to the appropriate law enforcement agency was initiated.
- 5. Services accepted by victim. Services were offered to the victim and accepted by the caregiver.
- 6. Report closed. Services were offered to the victim but were rejected by the caregiver.
- (3) If services have been accepted by the alleged <u>abuser</u> juvenile sexual offender or child who has exhibited inappropriate sexual behavior, the victim, and respective caregivers, the department shall designate a case manager and develop a specific case plan.
- (a) Upon receipt of the plan, the caregiver shall indicate its acceptance of the plan in writing.
- (b) The case manager shall periodically review the progress toward achieving the objectives of the plan in order to:
- 1. Make adjustments to the plan or take additional action as provided in this part; or

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- 2. Terminate the case if indicated by successful or substantial achievement of the objectives of the plan.
- (4) Services provided to the alleged <u>abuser</u> juvenile sexual offender or child who has exhibited inappropriate sexual behavior, the victim, and respective caregivers or family must be voluntary and of necessary duration.
- (5) If the family or caregiver of the alleged <u>abuser</u> juvenile sexual offender or child who has exhibited inappropriate sexual behavior fails to adequately participate or allow for the adequate participation of the child in the services or treatment delineated in the case plan, the case manager may recommend that the department:
 - (a) Close the case;
- (b) Refer the case to mediation or arbitration, if available; or
- (c) Notify the appropriate law enforcement agency of failure to comply.
- (6) At any time, as a result of additional information, findings of facts, or changing conditions, the department may pursue a child protective investigation as provided in this chapter.
- (7) The department <u>may adopt</u> is authorized to develop rules and other policy directives necessary to <u>administer</u> implement the provisions of this section.
- Section 12. Paragraph (h) of subsection (8) and subsection
- (9) of section 39.402, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 39.402 Placement in a shelter.
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 - (h) The order for placement of a child in shelter care must

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identify the parties present at the hearing and must contain written findings:

- 1. That placement in shelter care is necessary based on the criteria in subsections (1) and (2).
- 2. That placement in shelter care is in the best interest of the child.
- 3. That continuation of the child in the home is contrary to the welfare of the child because the home situation presents a substantial and immediate danger to the child's physical, mental, or emotional health or safety which cannot be mitigated by the provision of preventive services.
- 4. That based upon the allegations of the petition for placement in shelter care, there is probable cause to believe that the child is dependent or that the court needs additional time, which may not exceed 72 hours, in which to obtain and review documents pertaining to the family in order to appropriately determine the risk to the child.
- 5. That the department has made reasonable efforts to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child from the home. A finding of reasonable effort by the department to prevent or eliminate the need for removal may be made and the department is deemed to have made reasonable efforts to prevent or eliminate the need for removal if:
- a. The first contact of the department with the family occurs during an emergency;
- b. The appraisal of the home situation by the department indicates that the home situation presents a substantial and immediate danger to the child's physical, mental, or emotional health or safety which cannot be mitigated by the provision of

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preventive services;

- c. The child cannot safely remain at home, either because there are no preventive services that can ensure the health and safety of the child or because, even with appropriate and available services being provided, the health and safety of the child cannot be ensured; or
- d. The parent or legal custodian is alleged to have committed any of the acts listed as grounds for expedited termination of parental rights in s. 39.806(1)(f)-(i).
- 6. That the department has made reasonable efforts to keep siblings together if they are removed and placed in out-of-home care unless such placement is not in the best interest of each child. It is preferred that siblings be kept together in a foster home, if available. Other reasonable efforts shall include short-term placement in a group home with the ability to accommodate sibling groups if such a placement is available. The department shall report to the court its efforts to place siblings together unless the court finds that such placement is not in the best interest of a child or his or her sibling.
- 7.6. That the court notified the parents, relatives that are providing out-of-home care for the child, or legal custodians of the time, date, and location of the next dependency hearing and of the importance of the active participation of the parents, relatives that are providing out-of-home care for the child, or legal custodians in all proceedings and hearings.
- 8.7. That the court notified the parents or legal custodians of their right to counsel to represent them at the shelter hearing and at each subsequent hearing or proceeding,

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and the right of the parents to appointed counsel, pursuant to the procedures set forth in s. 39.013.

- 9.8. That the court notified relatives who are providing out-of-home care for a child as a result of the shelter petition being granted that they have the right to attend all subsequent hearings, to submit reports to the court, and to speak to the court regarding the child, if they so desire.
- (9) (a) At any shelter hearing, the department shall provide to the court a recommendation for scheduled contact between the child and parents, if appropriate. The court shall determine visitation rights absent a clear and convincing showing that visitation is not in the best interest of the child. Any order for visitation or other contact must conform to the provisions of s. 39.0139. If visitation is ordered but will not commence within 72 hours of the shelter hearing, the department shall provide justification to the court.
- (b) If siblings who are removed from the home cannot be placed together, the department shall provide to the court a recommendation for frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction between the siblings unless this interaction would be contrary to a sibling's safety or well-being. If visitation among siblings is ordered but will not commence within 72 hours after the shelter hearing, the department shall provide justification to the court for the delay.

Section 13. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section 39.501, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 39.501 Petition for dependency.-
- 1565 (3)
 - (d) The petitioner must state in the petition, if known,

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- 1. A parent or legal custodian named in the petition has previously unsuccessfully participated in voluntary services offered by the department;
- 2. A parent or legal custodian named in the petition has participated in mediation and whether a mediation agreement exists;
- 3. A parent or legal custodian has rejected the voluntary services offered by the department;
- 4. A parent or legal custodian named in the petition has not fully complied with a safety plan; or
- 5.4. The department has determined that voluntary services are not appropriate for the parent or legal custodian and the reasons for such determination.

If the department is the petitioner, it shall provide all safety plans as defined in s. 39.01 involving the parent or legal custodian to the court.

Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 39.504, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 39.504 Injunction pending disposition of petition; penalty.—
- (4) If an injunction is issued under this section, the primary purpose of the injunction must be to protect and promote the best interests of the child, taking the preservation of the child's immediate family into consideration.
- (a) The injunction applies to the alleged or actual offender in a case of child abuse or acts of domestic violence. The conditions of the injunction shall be determined by the

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1596 court, which may include ordering the alleged or actual offender to:

- 1. Refrain from further abuse or acts of domestic violence.
- 2. Participate in a specialized treatment program.
- 3. Limit contact or communication with the child victim, other children in the home, or any other child.
- 4. Refrain from contacting the child at home, school, work, or wherever the child may be found.
 - 5. Have limited or supervised visitation with the child.
 - 6. Vacate the home in which the child resides.
- 7. Comply with the terms of a safety plan implemented in the injunction pursuant to s. 39.301.

Section 15. Section 39.5085, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 39.5085 Relative Caregiver Program.-
- (1) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this section to:
- (a) Provide for the establishment of procedures and protocols that serve to advance the continued safety of children by acknowledging the valued resource uniquely available through grandparents, and relatives of children, and specified nonrelatives of children pursuant to subparagraph (2) (a) 3.
- (b) Recognize family relationships in which a grandparent or other relative is the head of a household that includes a child otherwise at risk of foster care placement.
- (c) Enhance family preservation and stability by recognizing that most children in such placements with grandparents and other relatives do not need intensive supervision of the placement by the courts or by the department.

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- (d) Recognize that permanency in the best interests of the child can be achieved through a variety of permanency options, including permanent guardianship under s. 39.6221 if the guardian is a relative, by permanent placement with a fit and willing relative under s. 39.6231, by a relative, guardianship under chapter 744, or adoption, by providing additional placement options and incentives that will achieve permanency and stability for many children who are otherwise at risk of foster care placement because of abuse, abandonment, or neglect, but who may successfully be able to be placed by the dependency court in the care of such relatives.
- (e) Reserve the limited casework and supervisory resources of the courts and the department for those cases in which children do not have the option for safe, stable care within the family.
- (f) Recognize that a child may have a close relationship with a person who is not a blood relative or a relative by marriage and that such person should be eligible for financial assistance under this section if he or she is able and willing to care for the child and provide a safe, stable home environment.
- (2) (a) The Department of Children and <u>Families</u> <u>Family</u>

 <u>Services</u> shall establish and operate the Relative Caregiver

 Program pursuant to eligibility guidelines established in this section as further implemented by rule of the department. The Relative Caregiver Program shall, within the limits of available funding, provide financial assistance to:
- 1. Relatives who are within the fifth degree by blood or marriage to the parent or stepparent of a child and who are

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caring full-time for that dependent child in the role of substitute parent as a result of a court's determination of child abuse, neglect, or abandonment and subsequent placement with the relative under this chapter.

- 2. Relatives who are within the fifth degree by blood or marriage to the parent or stepparent of a child and who are caring full-time for that dependent child, and a dependent half-brother or half-sister of that dependent child, in the role of substitute parent as a result of a court's determination of child abuse, neglect, or abandonment and subsequent placement with the relative under this chapter.
- 3. Nonrelatives who are willing to assume custody and care of a dependent child in the role of substitute parent as a result of a court's determination of child abuse, neglect, or abandonment and subsequent placement with the nonrelative caregiver under this chapter. The court must find that a proposed placement under this subparagraph is in the best interest of the child.

The placement may be court-ordered temporary legal custody to the relative <u>or nonrelative</u> under protective supervision of the department pursuant to s. 39.521(1)(b)3., or court-ordered placement in the home of a relative <u>or nonrelative</u> as a permanency option under s. 39.6221 or s. 39.6231 or under former s. 39.622 if the placement was made before July 1, 2006. The Relative Caregiver Program shall offer financial assistance to caregivers who are relatives and who would be unable to serve in that capacity without the relative caregiver payment because of financial burden, thus exposing the child to the trauma of

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placement in a shelter or in foster care.

- (b) Caregivers who are relatives and who receive assistance under this section must be capable, as determined by a home study, of providing a physically safe environment and a stable, supportive home for the children under their care, and must assure that the children's well-being is met, including, but not limited to, the provision of immunizations, education, and mental health services as needed.
- (c) Relatives <u>or nonrelatives</u> who qualify for and participate in the Relative Caregiver Program are not required to meet foster care licensing requirements under s. 409.175.
- (d) Relatives or nonrelatives who are caring for children placed with them by the court pursuant to this chapter shall receive a special monthly relative caregiver benefit established by rule of the department. The amount of the special benefit payment shall be based on the child's age within a payment schedule established by rule of the department and subject to availability of funding. The statewide average monthly rate for children judicially placed with relatives or nonrelatives who are not licensed as foster homes may not exceed 82 percent of the statewide average foster care rate, and nor may the cost of providing the assistance described in this section to any relative caregiver may not exceed the cost of providing out-of-home care in emergency shelter or foster care.
- (e) Children receiving cash benefits under this section are not eligible to simultaneously receive WAGES cash benefits under chapter 414.
- (f) Within available funding, the Relative Caregiver Program shall provide relative caregivers with family support

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and preservation services, flexible funds in accordance with s. 409.165, school readiness, and other available services in order to support the child's safety, growth, and healthy development. Children living with relative caregivers who are receiving assistance under this section shall be eligible for Medicaid coverage.

(g) The department may use appropriate available state, federal, and private funds to operate the Relative Caregiver Program. The department may develop liaison functions to be available to relatives or nonrelatives who care for children pursuant to this chapter to ensure placement stability in extended family settings.

Section 16. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 39.604, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 39.604 Rilya Wilson Act; short title; legislative intent; requirements; attendance and reporting responsibilities.—
- (3) REQUIREMENTS.—A child <u>from birth to the age of who is age 3 years to</u> school entry, under <u>court-ordered court ordered</u> protective supervision or in the custody of the Family Safety Program Office of the Department of Children and <u>Families Family Services</u> or a community-based lead agency, and enrolled in a licensed early education or child care program must <u>attend be enrolled to participate in the program 5 days a week.</u>

 Notwithstanding <u>the requirements of s. 39.202</u>, the Department of Children and <u>Families Family Services must notify operators of the licensed early education or child care program, subject to the reporting requirements of this act, of the enrollment of any child <u>from birth to the age of age 3 years to school entry</u>, under <u>court-ordered court ordered</u> protective supervision or in</u>

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the custody of the Family Safety Program Office of the Department of Children and Families Family Services or a community-based lead agency. When a child is enrolled in an early education or child care program regulated by the department, the child's attendance in the program must be a required action in the safety plan or the case plan developed for the a child pursuant to this chapter who is enrolled in a licensed early education or child care program must contain the participation in this program as a required action. An exemption to participating in the licensed early education or child care program 5 days a week may be granted by the court.

- (4) ATTENDANCE AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.-
- (a) A child enrolled in a licensed early education or child care program who meets the requirements of subsection (3) may not be withdrawn from the program without the prior written approval of the Family Safety Program Office of the Department of Children and <u>Families</u> <u>Family Services</u> or the community-based lead agency.
- (b) 1. If a child covered by this section is absent from the program on a day when he or she is supposed to be present, the person with whom the child resides must report the absence to the program by the end of the business day. If the person with whom the child resides, whether the parent or caregiver, fails to timely report the absence, the absence is considered to be unexcused. The program shall report any unexcused absence or seven consecutive excused absences of a child who is enrolled in the program and covered by this act to the local designated staff of the Family Safety Program Office of the Department of Children and Families Family Services or the community-based

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lead agency by the end of the business day following the unexcused absence or seventh consecutive excused absence.

- 2. The department or community-based lead agency shall conduct a site visit to the residence of the child upon receiving a report of two consecutive unexcused absences or seven consecutive excused absences.
- 3. If the site visit results in a determination that the child is missing, the department or community-based lead agency shall report the child as missing to a law enforcement agency and proceed with the necessary actions to locate the child pursuant to procedures for locating missing children.
- 4. If the site visit results in a determination that the child is not missing, the parent or caregiver shall be notified that failure to ensure that the child attends the licensed early education or child care program is a violation of the <u>safety</u> <u>plan or the</u> case plan. If more than two site visits are conducted pursuant to this subsection, staff shall initiate action to notify the court of the parent or caregiver's noncompliance with the case plan.
- Section 17. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 39.701, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 39.701 Judicial review.-
- (2) REVIEW HEARINGS FOR CHILDREN YOUNGER THAN 18 YEARS OF AGE.—
- (c) Review determinations.—The court and any citizen review panel shall take into consideration the information contained in the social services study and investigation and all medical, psychological, and educational records that support the terms of

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the case plan; testimony by the social services agency, the parent, the foster parent or legal custodian, the guardian ad litem or surrogate parent for educational decisionmaking if one has been appointed for the child, and any other person deemed appropriate; and any relevant and material evidence submitted to the court, including written and oral reports to the extent of their probative value. These reports and evidence may be received by the court in its effort to determine the action to be taken with regard to the child and may be relied upon to the extent of their probative value, even though not competent in an adjudicatory hearing. In its deliberations, the court and any citizen review panel shall seek to determine:

- 1. If the parent was advised of the right to receive assistance from any person or social service agency in the preparation of the case plan.
- 2. If the parent has been advised of the right to have counsel present at the judicial review or citizen review hearings. If not so advised, the court or citizen review panel shall advise the parent of such right.
- 3. If a guardian ad litem needs to be appointed for the child in a case in which a guardian ad litem has not previously been appointed or if there is a need to continue a guardian ad litem in a case in which a guardian ad litem has been appointed.
- 4. Who holds the rights to make educational decisions for the child. If appropriate, the court may refer the child to the district school superintendent for appointment of a surrogate parent or may itself appoint a surrogate parent under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act and s. 39.0016.
 - 5. The compliance or lack of compliance of all parties with

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applicable items of the case plan, including the parents' compliance with child support orders.

- 6. The compliance or lack of compliance with a visitation contract between the parent and the social service agency for contact with the child, including the frequency, duration, and results of the parent-child visitation and the reason for any noncompliance.
- 7. The frequency, kind, and duration of contacts among siblings who have been separated during placement, as well as any efforts undertaken to reunite separated siblings if doing so is in the best interest of the child.
- 8.7. The compliance or lack of compliance of the parent in meeting specified financial obligations pertaining to the care of the child, including the reason for failure to comply, if applicable such is the case.
- 9.8. Whether the child is receiving safe and proper care according to s. 39.6012, including, but not limited to, the appropriateness of the child's current placement, including whether the child is in a setting that is as family-like and as close to the parent's home as possible, consistent with the child's best interests and special needs, and including maintaining stability in the child's educational placement, as documented by assurances from the community-based care provider that:
- a. The placement of the child takes into account the appropriateness of the current educational setting and the proximity to the school in which the child is enrolled at the time of placement.
 - b. The community-based care agency has coordinated with

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appropriate local educational agencies to ensure that the child remains in the school in which the child is enrolled at the time of placement.

- $\underline{10.9}$. A projected date likely for the child's return home or other permanent placement.
- 11.10. When appropriate, the basis for the unwillingness or inability of the parent to become a party to a case plan. The court and the citizen review panel shall determine if the efforts of the social service agency to secure party participation in a case plan were sufficient.
- 12.11. For a child who has reached 13 years of age but is not yet 18 years of age, the adequacy of the child's preparation for adulthood and independent living.
- 13.12. If amendments to the case plan are required. Amendments to the case plan must be made under s. 39.6013.
 - (3) REVIEW HEARINGS FOR CHILDREN 17 YEARS OF AGE.-
- (a) In addition to the review and report required under paragraphs (1)(a) and (2)(a), respectively, the court shall hold a judicial review hearing within 90 days after a child's 17th birthday. The court shall also issue an order, separate from the order on judicial review, that the disability of nonage of the child has been removed pursuant to ss. 743.044, 743.045, and 743.046, and for any of these disabilities that the court finds is in the child's best interest to remove. The court s. 743.045 and shall continue to hold timely judicial review hearings. If necessary, the court may review the status of the child more frequently during the year before the child's 18th birthday. At each review hearing held under this subsection, in addition to any information or report provided to the court by the foster

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parent, legal custodian, or guardian ad litem, the child shall be given the opportunity to address the court with any information relevant to the child's best interest, particularly in relation to independent living transition services. The department shall include in the social study report for judicial review written verification that the child has:

- 1. A current Medicaid card and all necessary information concerning the Medicaid program sufficient to prepare the child to apply for coverage upon reaching the age of 18, if such application is appropriate.
- 2. A certified copy of the child's birth certificate and, if the child does not have a valid driver license, a Florida identification card issued under s. 322.051.
- 3. A social security card and information relating to social security insurance benefits if the child is eligible for those benefits. If the child has received such benefits and they are being held in trust for the child, a full accounting of these funds must be provided and the child must be informed as to how to access those funds.
- 4. All relevant information related to the Road-to-Independence Program, including, but not limited to, eligibility requirements, information on participation, and assistance in gaining admission to the program. If the child is eligible for the Road-to-Independence Program, he or she must be advised that he or she may continue to reside with the licensed family home or group care provider with whom the child was residing at the time the child attained his or her 18th birthday, in another licensed family home, or with a group care provider arranged by the department.

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- 5. An open bank account or the identification necessary to open a bank account and to acquire essential banking and budgeting skills.
- 6. Information on public assistance and how to apply for public assistance.
- 7. A clear understanding of where he or she will be living on his or her 18th birthday, how living expenses will be paid, and the educational program or school in which he or she will be enrolled.
- 8. Information related to the ability of the child to remain in care until he or she reaches 21 years of age under s. 39.013.
- 9. A letter providing the dates that the child is under the jurisdiction of the court.
- 10. A letter stating that the child is in compliance with financial aid documentation requirements.
 - 11. The child's educational records.
 - 12. The child's entire health and mental health records.
 - 13. The process for accessing his or her case file.
- 1934 14. A statement encouraging the child to attend all judicial review hearings occurring after the child's 17th birthday.
- 1937 Section 18. Subsection (2) of section 39.802, Florida 1938 Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1939 39.802 Petition for termination of parental rights; filing; 1940 elements.—
 - (2) The form of the petition is governed by the Florida Rules of Juvenile Procedure. The petition must be in writing and signed by the petitioner or, if the department is the

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petitioner, by an employee of the department, under oath stating the petitioner's good faith in filing the petition.

Section 19. Paragraphs (e), (f), and (h) of subsection (1) of section 39.806, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (n) is added to that subsection, to read:

- 39.806 Grounds for termination of parental rights.-
- (1) Grounds for the termination of parental rights may be established under any of the following circumstances:
- (e) When a child has been adjudicated dependent, a case plan has been filed with the court, and:
- abandoned by the parent or parents. The failure of the parent or parents to substantially comply with the case plan for a period of 12 months after an adjudication of the child as a dependent child or the child's placement into shelter care, whichever occurs first, constitutes evidence of continuing abuse, neglect, or abandonment unless the failure to substantially comply with the case plan was due to the parent's lack of financial resources or to the failure of the department to make reasonable efforts to reunify the parent and child. The 12-month period begins to run only after the child's placement into shelter care or the entry of a disposition order placing the custody of the child with the department or a person other than the parent and the court's approval of a case plan having the goal of reunification with the parent, whichever occurs first; or
- 2. The parent or parents have materially breached the case plan. Time is of the essence for permanency of children in the dependency system. In order to prove the parent or parents have materially breached the case plan, the court must find by clear

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and convincing evidence that the parent or parents are unlikely or unable to substantially comply with the case plan before time to comply with the case plan expires.

- 3. The child has been in care for any 12 of the last 22 months and the parents have not substantially complied with the case plan so as to permit reunification under s. 39.522(2) unless the failure to substantially comply with the case plan was due to the parent's lack of financial resources or to the failure of the department to make reasonable efforts to reunify the parent and child.
- (f) The parent or parents engaged in egregious conduct or had the opportunity and capability to prevent and knowingly failed to prevent egregious conduct that threatens the life, safety, or physical, mental, or emotional health of the child or the child's sibling. Proof of a nexus between egregious conduct to a child and the potential harm to the child's sibling is not required.
- 1. As used in this subsection, the term "sibling" means another child who resides with or is cared for by the parent or parents regardless of whether the child is related legally or by consanguinity.
- 2. As used in this subsection, the term "egregious conduct" means abuse, abandonment, neglect, or any other conduct that is deplorable, flagrant, or outrageous by a normal standard of conduct. Egregious conduct may include an act or omission that occurred only once but was of such intensity, magnitude, or severity as to endanger the life of the child.
- (h) The parent or parents have committed the murder, manslaughter, aiding or abetting the murder, or conspiracy or

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solicitation to murder the other parent or another child, or a felony battery that resulted in serious bodily injury to the child or to another child. Proof of a nexus between the murder, manslaughter, aiding or abetting the murder, or conspiracy or solicitation to murder the other parent or another child, or a felony battery to a child and the potential harm to a child or another child is not required.

- (n) The parent is convicted of an offense that requires the parent to register as a sexual predator under s. 775.21.
- Section 20. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) and subsection (8) of section 63.212, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 63.212 Prohibited acts; penalties for violation.-
 - (1) It is unlawful for any person:
- (g) Except an adoption entity, to <u>place an advertisement</u> advertise or offer to the public, in any way, by any medium whatever that a minor is available for adoption or that a minor is sought for adoption; and, further, it is unlawful for any person <u>purchasing advertising space or purchasing broadcast time</u> to advertise adoption services to <u>fail to include in any publication publish</u> or <u>fail to include in the</u> broadcast <u>for any such advertisement the or assist an unlicensed person or entity in publishing or broadcasting any such advertisement without including a Florida license number of the <u>adoption entity agency</u> or <u>the Florida Bar number of the</u> attorney placing the advertisement.</u>
- 1. Only a person who is an attorney licensed to practice law in this state or an adoption entity licensed under the laws of this state may place a paid advertisement or paid listing of the person's telephone number, on the person's own behalf, in a

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telephone directory that:

- a. A child is offered or wanted for adoption; or
- b. The person is able to place, locate, or receive a child for adoption.
- 2. A person who publishes a telephone directory that is distributed in this state:
- a. shall include, at the beginning of any classified heading for adoption and adoption services, a statement that informs directory users that only attorneys licensed to practice law in this state and licensed adoption entities may legally provide adoption services under state law.
- 3.b. A person who places may publish an advertisement described in subparagraph 1. in <u>a</u> the telephone directory <u>mustinclude</u> only if the advertisement contains the following <u>information</u>:
- $\underline{a.(I)}$ For an attorney licensed to practice law in this state, the person's Florida Bar number.
- $\underline{\text{b.(II)}}$ For a <u>child-placing child placing</u> agency licensed under the laws of this state, the number on the person's adoption entity license.
- (8) Unless otherwise indicated, a person who willfully and with criminal intent violates any provision of this section, excluding paragraph (1)(g), commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. A person who willfully and with criminal intent violates paragraph (1)(g) commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.083; and each day of continuing violation shall be considered a separate offense. In addition, any person who knowingly publishes or assists with the

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publication of any advertisement or other publication which violates the requirements of paragraph (1)(g) commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.083, and may be required to pay a fine of up to \$150 per day for each day of continuing violation.

Section 21. Subsection (1), paragraph (b) of subsection (2), and paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (3) of section 383.402, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

383.402 Child abuse death review; State Child Abuse Death Review Committee; local child abuse death review committees.—

- (1) It is the intent of the Legislature to establish a statewide multidisciplinary, multiagency child abuse death assessment and prevention system that consists of state and local review committees. The state and local review committees shall review the facts and circumstances of all deaths of children from birth through age 18 which occur in this state and are reported to the central abuse hotline of the Department of Children and Families as the result of verified child abuse or neglect. The purpose of the review shall be to:
- (a) Achieve a greater understanding of the causes and contributing factors of deaths resulting from child abuse.
- (b) Whenever possible, develop a communitywide approach to address such cases and contributing factors.
- (c) Identify any gaps, deficiencies, or problems in the delivery of services to children and their families by public and private agencies which may be related to deaths that are the result of child abuse.
- (d) Make and implement recommendations for changes in law, rules, and policies, as well as develop practice standards that

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support the safe and healthy development of children and reduce preventable child abuse deaths.

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- (b) In addition, the State Surgeon General shall appoint the following members to the state committee, based on recommendations from the Department of Health and the agencies listed in paragraph (a), and ensuring that the committee represents the regional, gender, and ethnic diversity of the state to the greatest extent possible:
- 1. The Statewide Medical Director for Child Protection $\underline{\mathsf{A}}$ board-certified pediatrician.
 - 2. A public health nurse.
- 3. A mental health professional who treats children or adolescents.
- 4. An employee of the Department of Children and <u>Families</u> Family Services who supervises family services counselors and who has at least 5 years of experience in child protective investigations.
 - 5. The medical director of a child protection team.
 - 6. A member of a child advocacy organization.
- 7. A social worker who has experience in working with victims and perpetrators of child abuse.
- 8. A person trained as a paraprofessional in patient resources who is employed in a child abuse prevention program.
- 9. A law enforcement officer who has at least 5 years of experience in children's issues.
- 10. A representative of the Florida Coalition Against Domestic Violence.
 - 11. A representative from a private provider of programs on

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preventing child abuse and neglect.

- (3) The State Child Abuse Death Review Committee shall:
- (c) Prepare an annual statistical report on the incidence and causes of death resulting from reported child abuse in the state during the prior calendar year. The state committee shall submit a copy of the report by October 1 December 31 of each year to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The report must include recommendations for state and local action, including specific policy, procedural, regulatory, or statutory changes, and any other recommended preventive action.
- (d) Provide training to Encourage and assist in developing the local child abuse death review committee members on the dynamics and impact of domestic violence, substance abuse, or mental health disorders when there is a co-occurrence of child abuse committees. Training shall be provided by the Florida Coalition Against Domestic Violence, the Florida Alcohol and Drug Abuse Association, and the Florida Council for Community Mental Health in each entity's respective area of expertise.

Section 22. Subsection (5) of section 402.40, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (g) is added to subsection (3) of that section, to read:

402.40 Child welfare training and certification.-

(3) THIRD-PARTY CREDENTIALING ENTITIES.—The department shall approve one or more third-party credentialing entities for the purpose of developing and administering child welfare certification programs for persons who provide child welfare services. A third-party credentialing entity shall request such approval in writing from the department. In order to obtain

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approval, the third-party credentialing entity must:

- (g) Maintain an advisory committee, including representatives from each region of the department, each sheriff's office providing child protective services, and each community-based care lead agency, who shall be appointed by the organization they represent. The third-party credentialing entity may appoint additional members to the advisory committee.
 - (5) CORE COMPETENCIES AND SPECIALIZATIONS.-
- (a) The Department of Children and <u>Families</u> <u>Family Services</u> shall approve the core competencies and related preservice curricula that ensures that each person delivering child welfare services obtains the knowledge, skills, and abilities to competently carry out his or her work responsibilities.
- (b) The identification of these core competencies and development of preservice curricula shall be a collaborative effort that includes professionals who have expertise in child welfare services, department-approved third-party credentialing entities, and providers that will be affected by the curriculum, including, but not limited to, representatives from the community-based care lead agencies, the Florida Coalition

 Against Domestic Violence, the Florida Alcohol and Drug Abuse

 Association, the Florida Council for Community Mental Health, sheriffs' offices conducting child protection investigations, and child welfare legal services providers.
- (c) Community-based care agencies, sheriffs' offices, and the department may contract for the delivery of preservice and any additional training for persons delivering child welfare services if the curriculum satisfies the department-approved core competencies.

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(d) The department may also approve certifications involving specializations in serving specific populations or in skills relevant to child protection to be awarded to persons delivering child welfare services by a third-party credentialing entity approved pursuant to subsection (3).

(e) (d) Department-approved credentialing entities shall, for a period of at least 12 months after implementation of the third-party child welfare certification programs, grant reciprocity and award a child welfare certification to individuals who hold current department-issued child welfare certification in good standing, at no cost to the department or the certificateholder.

Section 23. Section 402.402, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

402.402 Child protection and child welfare personnel; attorneys employed by the department.—

(1) CHILD PROTECTIVE INVESTIGATION PROFESSIONAL STAFF
REQUIREMENTS.—The department is responsible for recruitment of
qualified professional staff to serve as child protective
investigators and child protective investigation supervisors.
The department shall make every effort to recruit and hire
persons qualified by their education and experience to perform
social work functions. The department's efforts shall be guided
by the goal that by July 1, 2019, at least half of all child
protective investigators and supervisors will have a bachelor's
degree or a master's degree in social work from a college or
university social work program accredited by the Council on
Social Work Education. The department, in collaboration with the
lead agencies, subcontracted provider organizations, the Florida

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Institute for Child Welfare created pursuant to s. 1004.615, and other partners in the child welfare system, shall develop a protocol for screening candidates for child protective positions which reflects the preferences specified in paragraphs (a)-(f). The following persons shall be given preference in the recruitment of qualified professional staff, but the preferences serve only as guidance and do not limit the department's discretion to select the best available candidates:

- (a) Individuals with baccalaureate degrees in social work and child protective investigation supervisors with master's degrees in social work from a college or university social work program accredited by the Council on Social Work Education.
- (b) Individuals with baccalaureate or master's degrees in psychology, sociology, counseling, special education, education, human development, child development, family development, marriage and family therapy, and nursing.
- (c) Individuals with baccalaureate degrees who have a combination of directly relevant work and volunteer experience, preferably in a public service field related to children's services, demonstrating critical thinking skills, formal assessment processes, communication skills, problem solving, and empathy; a commitment to helping children and families; a capacity to work as part of a team; an interest in continuous development of skills and knowledge; and personal strength and resilience to manage competing demands and handle workplace stresses.
- (2) SPECIALIZED TRAINING.—All child protective investigators and child protective investigation supervisors employed by the department or a sheriff's office must complete

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specialized training either focused on serving a specific population, including, but not limited to, medically fragile children, sexually exploited children, children under 3 years of age, or families with a history of domestic violence, mental illness, or substance abuse, or focused on performing certain aspects of child protection practice, including, but not limited to, investigation techniques and analysis of family dynamics.

The specialized training may be used to fulfill continuing education requirements under s. 402.40(3)(e). Individuals hired before July 1, 2014, shall complete the specialized training by June 30, 2016, and individuals hired on or after July 1, 2014, shall complete the specialized training within 2 years after hire. An individual may receive specialized training in multiple areas.

- (3) REPORT.—By each October 1, the department shall submit a report on the educational qualifications, turnover, and working conditions of the child protective investigators and supervisors to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- (4) ATTORNEYS EMPLOYED BY THE DEPARTMENT TO HANDLE CHILD WELFARE CASES.—Attorneys hired on or after July 1, 2014, whose primary responsibility is representing the department in child welfare cases shall, within the first 6 months of employment, receive training in:
- (a) The dependency court process, including the attorney's role in preparing and reviewing documents prepared for dependency court for accuracy and completeness;
- (b) Preparing and presenting child welfare cases, including at least 1 week shadowing an experienced children's legal

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2263 services attorney preparing and presenting cases;

- 2264 (c) Safety assessment, safety decisionmaking tools, and 2265 safety plans;
 - (d) Developing information presented by investigators and case managers to support decisionmaking in the best interest of children; and
 - (e) The experiences and techniques of case managers and investigators, including shadowing an experienced child protective investigator and an experienced case manager for at least 8 hours.

Section 24. Section 402.403, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

402.403 Child Protection and Child Welfare Personnel Tuition Exemption Program.—

- (1) There is established within the department the Child Protection and Child Welfare Personnel Tuition Exemption Program for the purpose of recruiting and retaining high-performing individuals who are employed as child protection and child welfare personnel. For purposes of this section, "child protection and child welfare personnel" includes child protective investigators and child protective investigation supervisors employed by the department and case managers and case manager supervisors employed by a community-based care lead agency or a subcontractor of a community-based care lead agency who do not possess a master's degree in social work.
- (2) Child protection and child welfare personnel who meet the requirements specified in subsection (3) are exempt from the payment of tuition and fees at a state university.
 - (3) The department may approve child protection and child

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welfare personnel for the tuition and fee exemption if such
personnel:

- (a) Are employed as child protection and child welfare personnel and are determined by their employers to perform at a high level as established by their personnel evaluations; and
- (b) Are accepted in a graduate-level social work program or a certificate program related to child welfare which is accredited by the Council on Social Work Education.
- (4) Child protection and child welfare personnel who meet the requirements specified in subsection (3) may enroll for up to 6 credit hours of courses per term.
- (5) Child protection and child welfare personnel who are accepted into a graduate-level social work program or a certificate program related to child welfare which is accredited by the Council on Social Work Education shall take courses associated with the degree or certificate program online if such courses are offered online.
- (6) All child protection and child welfare personnel who participate in the tuition exemption program established under this section must remain employed by the department, a state agency, or a contracted provider for 5 years after completion of a graduate level social work program. If employment ends before the 5-year period, the benefit shall be repaid according to a pro rata calculation based on the number of years of service.
- Section 25. Section 402.404, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 402.404 Child Protection and Child Welfare Personnel Student Loan Forgiveness Program.—
 - (1) There is established within the department the Child

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Protection and Child Welfare Personnel Student Loan Forgiveness
Program. The purpose of the program is to increase employment
and retention of high-performing individuals who have either a
bachelor's degree or a master's degree in social work and work
in child protection or child welfare for the department, a
community-based care lead agency, or a community-based care
subcontractor by making payments toward loans received by
students from federal or state programs or commercial lending
institutions for the support of prior postsecondary study in
accredited social work programs.

- (2) To be eligible for the program, a candidate must:
- (a) Be employed by the department as a child protective investigator or a child protective investigation supervisor or be employed by a community-based care lead agency or subcontractor as a case manager or case manager supervisor;
- (b) Be determined by the department or his or her employer to have a high level of performance based on his or her personal evaluation; and
- (c) Have graduated from an accredited social work program with either a bachelor's degree or a master's degree in social work.
- (3) Only loans to pay the costs of tuition, books, fees, and living expenses shall be covered.
- (4) The department or lead agency may make loan payments of up to \$3,000 each year for up to 4 years on behalf of selected graduates of an accredited social work program from the funds appropriated for this purpose. All payments are contingent upon continued proof of employment and shall be made directly to the holder of the loan.

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- (5) A student who receives a tuition exemption pursuant to s. 402.403 is not eligible to participate in the Child Protection and Child Welfare Personnel Student Loan Forgiveness Program.
- (6) All child protection and child welfare personnel who participate in the student loan forgiveness program established under this section must remain employed by the department, a state agency, or a contracted provider for 5 years after completion of a graduate level social work program. If employment ends before the 5-year period, the benefit shall be repaid according to a pro rata calculation based on the number of years of service.
- (7) The department shall prioritize funds appropriated for this purpose to regions with high-average caseloads and low workforce-retention rates.

Section 26. Section 409.165, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.165 Alternate care for children.-

(1) Within funds appropriated, the department shall establish and supervise a program of emergency shelters, runaway shelters, foster homes, group homes, agency-operated group treatment homes, nonpsychiatric residential group care facilities, psychiatric residential treatment facilities, and other appropriate facilities to provide shelter and care for dependent children who must be placed away from their families. The department, in accordance with <u>outcome</u> established goals established in s. 409.986, shall contract for the provision of such shelter and care by counties, municipalities, nonprofit corporations, and other entities capable of providing needed

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2379 services if:

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- (a) The services so provided comply with all department standards, policies, and procedures are available;
- (b) The services <u>can be</u> so provided <u>at a reasonable cost</u> are more cost-effective than those provided by the department; and
- (c) Unless otherwise provided by law, such providers of shelter and care are licensed by the department.

It is the legislative intent that the

- (2) Funds appropriated for the alternate care of children as described in this section may be used to meet the needs of children in their own homes or those of relatives if the children can be safely served in such settings their own homes, or the homes of relatives, and the expenditure of funds in such manner is equal to or less than the cost of out-of-home placement calculated by the department to be an eventual cost savings over placement of children.
- (3)(2) The department shall may cooperate with all child service institutions or agencies within the state which meet the department's standards in order to maintain a comprehensive, coordinated, and inclusive system for promoting and protecting the well-being of children, consistent with the goals established in s. 409.986 rules for proper care and supervision prescribed by the department for the well-being of children.
- (a) The department shall work with the Department of Health in the development, use, and monitoring of medical foster homes for medically complex children.
 - (b) The department shall collaborate with all relevant

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state and local agencies to provide such supports and services as may be necessary to maintain medically complex children in the least restrictive and most nurturing environment.

- $\underline{(4)}$ (3) With the written consent of parents, custodians, or guardians, or in accordance with those provisions in chapter 39 that relate to dependent children, the department, under rules properly adopted, may place a child:
 - (a) With a relative;
- (b) With an adult nonrelative approved by the court for long-term custody;
- (c) With a person who is considering the adoption of a child in the manner provided for by law;
- (d) When limited, except as provided in paragraph (b), to temporary emergency situations, with a responsible adult approved by the court;
- (e) With a person or family approved by the department to serve as a medical foster home;
- $\underline{\text{(f)}}$ (e) With a person or agency licensed by the department in accordance with s. 409.175; or
- $\underline{\text{(g)}}$ (f) In a subsidized independent living situation, subject to the provisions of s. 409.1451(4)(c),

under such conditions as are determined to be for the best interests or the welfare of the child. Any child placed in an institution or in a family home by the department or its agency may be removed by the department or its agency, and such other disposition may be made as is for the best interest of the child, including transfer of the child to another institution, another home, or the home of the child. Expenditure of funds

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appropriated for out-of-home care can be used to meet the needs of a child in the child's own home or the home of a relative if the child can be safely served in the child's own home or that of a relative if placement can be avoided by the expenditure of such funds, and if the expenditure of such funds in this manner is equal to or less than the cost of out-of-home placement calculated by the department to be a potential cost savings.

Section 27. Paragraphs (b), (d), (h), and (i) of subsection (6) of section 409.175, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies; public records exemption.—

(6)

(b) Upon application, the department shall conduct a licensing study based on its licensing rules; shall inspect the home or the agency and the records, including financial records, of the agency; and shall interview the applicant. The department may authorize a licensed child-placing agency to conduct the licensing study of a family foster home to be used exclusively by that agency and to verify to the department that the home meets the licensing requirements established by the department. Upon certification by a licensed child-placing agency that a family foster home meets the licensing requirements and upon receipt of a letter from a community-based care lead agency in the service area where the home will be licensed which indicates that the family foster home meets the criteria established by the lead agency, the department shall issue the license. A letter from the lead agency is not required if the lead agency where the proposed home is located is directly supervising

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foster homes in the same service area.

- (d)1. The department may pursue other remedies provided in this section in addition to denial or revocation of a license for failure to comply with the screening requirements. The disciplinary actions determination to be made by the department and the procedure for hearing for applicants and licensees shall be in accordance with chapter 120.
- 2. When the department has reasonable cause to believe that grounds for denial or termination of employment exist, it shall notify, in writing, the applicant, licensee, or summer or recreation camp, and the personnel affected, stating the specific record that which indicates noncompliance with the screening requirements.
- 3. Procedures established for hearing under chapter 120 shall be available to the applicant, licensee, summer day camp, or summer 24-hour camp, and affected personnel, in order to present evidence relating either to the accuracy of the basis for exclusion or to the denial of an exemption from disqualification. Such procedures may also be used to challenge a decision by a community-based care lead agency's refusal to issue a letter supporting an application for licensure. If the challenge is to the actions of the community-based care lead agency, the respondent to the challenge shall be the lead agency and the department shall be notified of the proceedings.
- 4. Refusal on the part of an applicant to dismiss personnel who have been found not to be in compliance with the requirements for good moral character of personnel shall result in automatic denial or revocation of license in addition to any other remedies provided in this section which may be pursued by

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the department.

- (h) Upon determination that the applicant meets the state minimum licensing requirements and has obtained a letter from a community-based care lead agency which indicates that the family foster home meets the criteria established by the lead agency, the department shall issue a license without charge to a specific person or agency at a specific location. A license may be issued if all the screening materials have been timely submitted; however, a license may not be issued or renewed if any person at the home or agency has failed the required screening. The license is nontransferable. A copy of the license shall be displayed in a conspicuous place. Except as provided in paragraph (j), the license is valid for 1 year from the date of issuance, unless the license is suspended or revoked by the department or is voluntarily surrendered by the licensee. The license is the property of the department.
- (i) The issuance of a license to operate a family foster home or agency does not require a lead agency to place a child with the home or agency. A license issued for the operation of a family foster home or agency, unless sooner suspended, revoked, or voluntarily returned, will expire automatically 1 year from the date of issuance except as provided in paragraph (j). Ninety days prior to the expiration date, an application for renewal shall be submitted to the department by a licensee who wishes to have the license renewed. A license shall be renewed upon the filing of an application on forms furnished by the department if the applicant has first met the requirements established under this section and the rules promulgated hereunder.

Section 28. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section

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409.967, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 409.967 Managed care plan accountability.-
- (2) The agency shall establish such contract requirements as are necessary for the operation of the statewide managed care program. In addition to any other provisions the agency may deem necessary, the contract must require:
 - (c) Access.-
- 1. The agency shall establish specific standards for the number, type, and regional distribution of providers in managed care plan networks to ensure access to care for both adults and children. Each plan must maintain a regionwide network of providers in sufficient numbers to meet the access standards for specific medical services for all recipients enrolled in the plan. The exclusive use of mail-order pharmacies may not be sufficient to meet network access standards. Consistent with the standards established by the agency, provider networks may include providers located outside the region. A plan may contract with a new hospital facility before the date the hospital becomes operational if the hospital has commenced construction, will be licensed and operational by January 1, 2013, and a final order has issued in any civil or administrative challenge. Each plan shall establish and maintain an accurate and complete electronic database of contracted providers, including information about licensure or registration, locations and hours of operation, specialty credentials and other certifications, specific performance indicators, and such other information as the agency deems necessary. The database must be available online to both the agency and the public and have the capability to compare the

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availability of providers to network adequacy standards and to accept and display feedback from each provider's patients. Each plan shall submit quarterly reports to the agency identifying the number of enrollees assigned to each primary care provider.

- 2. Each managed care plan must publish any prescribed drug formulary or preferred drug list on the plan's website in a manner that is accessible to and searchable by enrollees and providers. The plan must update the list within 24 hours after making a change. Each plan must ensure that the prior authorization process for prescribed drugs is readily accessible to health care providers, including posting appropriate contact information on its website and providing timely responses to providers. For Medicaid recipients diagnosed with hemophilia who have been prescribed anti-hemophilic-factor replacement products, the agency shall provide for those products and hemophilia overlay services through the agency's hemophilia disease management program.
- 3. Managed care plans, and their fiscal agents or intermediaries, must accept prior authorization requests for any service electronically.
- 4. Managed care plans serving children in the care and custody of the Department of Children and Families must maintain complete medical, dental, and behavioral health encounter information and participate in making such information available to the department or the applicable contracted community-based care lead agency for use in providing comprehensive and coordinated case management. The agency and the department shall establish an interagency agreement to provide guidance for the format, confidentiality, recipient, scope, and method of

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information to be made available and the deadlines for submission of the data. The scope of information available to the department shall be the data that managed care plans are required to submit to the agency. The agency shall determine the plan's compliance with standards for access to medical, dental, and behavioral health services; the use of medications; and followup on all medically necessary services recommended as a result of early and periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment.

Section 29. Paragraph (f) is added to subsection (2) of section 409.972, Florida Statutes, to read:

409.972 Mandatory and voluntary enrollment.-

- (2) The following Medicaid-eligible persons are exempt from mandatory managed care enrollment required by s. 409.965, and may voluntarily choose to participate in the managed medical assistance program:
- (f) Medicaid recipients residing in a group home facility licensed under chapter 393.

Section 30. The Division of Law Revision and Information is directed to create part V of chapter 409, Florida Statutes, consisting of ss. 409.986-409.997, to be entitled "Community-based Child Welfare."

Section 31. Section 409.986, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

<u>409.986 Legislative findings and intent; child protection</u> and child welfare outcomes; definitions.—

- (1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT.-
- (a) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Department of Children and Families provide child protection and child

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welfare services to children through contracting with community-based care lead agencies. Counties that provide children and family services with at least 40 licensed residential group care beds by July 1, 2003, and that provide at least \$2 million annually in county general revenue funds to supplement foster and family care services shall continue to contract directly with the state. It is the further intent of the Legislature that communities have responsibility for and participate in ensuring safety, permanence, and well-being for all children in the state.

- (b) The Legislature finds that when private entities assume responsibility for the care of children in the child protection and child welfare system, comprehensive oversight of the programmatic, administrative, and fiscal operation of those entities is essential. The Legislature further finds that the appropriate care of children is ultimately the responsibility of the state and that outsourcing such care does not relieve the state of its responsibility to ensure that appropriate care is provided.
- (2) CHILD PROTECTION AND CHILD WELFARE OUTCOMES.—It is the goal of the department to protect the best interest of children by achieving the following outcomes in conjunction with the community-based care lead agency, community-based subcontractors, and the community alliance:
- (a) Children are first and foremost protected from abuse and neglect.
- (b) Children are safely maintained in their homes, if possible and appropriate.
 - (c) Services are provided to protect children and prevent

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- (d) Children have permanency and stability in their living arrangements.
- (e) Family relationships and connections are preserved for children.
- (f) Families have enhanced capacity to provide for their children's needs.
- (g) Children receive appropriate services to meet their educational needs.
- (h) Children receive services to meet their physical and mental health needs.
- (i) Children develop the capacity for independent living and competence as an adult.
- (3) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this part, except as otherwise provided, the term:
- (a) "Care" means services of any kind which are designed to facilitate a child remaining safely in his or her own home, returning safely to his or her own home if he or she is removed from the home, or obtaining an alternative permanent home if he or she cannot remain at home or be returned home. The term includes, but is not be limited to, prevention, diversion, and related services.
- (b) "Child" or "children" has the same meaning as provided in s. 39.01.
- (c) "Community alliance" or "alliance" means the group of stakeholders, community leaders, client representatives, and funders of human services established pursuant to s. 20.19(5) to provide a focal point for community participation and oversight of community-based services.

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- (d) "Community-based care lead agency" or "lead agency" means a single entity with which the department has a contract for the provision of care for children in the child protection and child welfare system in a community that is no smaller than a county and no larger than two contiguous judicial circuits. The secretary of the department may authorize more than one eligible lead agency within a single county if doing so will result in more effective delivery of services to children.
- (e) "Related services" includes, but is not limited to, family preservation, independent living, emergency shelter, residential group care, foster care, therapeutic foster care, intensive residential treatment, foster care supervision, case management, coordination of mental health services, postplacement supervision, permanent foster care, and family reunification.

Section 32. Section 409.987, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

409.987 Lead agency procurement.-

- (1) Community-based care lead agencies shall be procured by the department through a competitive process as required under chapter 287.
- (2) The department shall produce a schedule for the procurement of community-based care lead agencies and provide the schedule to the community alliances established pursuant to s. 20.19(5) and post the schedule on the department's website.
- (3) Notwithstanding s. 287.057, the department shall use 5-year contracts with lead agencies.
 - (4) In order to serve as a lead agency, an entity must:
 - (a) Be organized as a Florida corporation or a governmental

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2698 entity.

- (b) Be governed by a board of directors or a board committee composed of board members. The membership of the board of directors or board committee must be described in the bylaws or articles of incorporation of each lead agency, which must provide that at least 75 percent of the membership of the board of directors or board committee must consist of persons residing in this state, and at least 51 percent of the state residents on the board of directors must reside within the service area of the lead agency. However, for procurements of lead agency contracts initiated on or after July 1, 2014:
- 1. At least 75 percent of the membership of the board of directors must consist of persons residing in this state, and at least 51 percent of the membership of the board of directors must consist of persons residing within the service area of the lead agency. If a board committee governs the lead agency, 100 percent of its membership must consist of persons residing within the service area of the lead agency.
- 2. The powers of the board of directors or board committee include, are not limited to, approving the lead agency's budget and setting the lead agency's operational policy and procedures.

 A board of directors must additionally have the power to hire the lead agency's executive director, unless a board committee governs the lead agency, in which case the board committee must have the power to confirm the selection of the lead agency's executive director.
- (c) Demonstrate financial responsibility through an organized plan for regular fiscal audits and the posting of a performance bond.

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(5) The department's procurement team procuring any lead agencies' contracts must include individuals from the community alliance in the area to be served under the contract. All meetings at which vendors make presentations to or negotiate with the procurement team shall be held in the area to be served by the contract.

Section 33. Section 409.988, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 409.988 Lead agency duties; general provisions.-
- (1) DUTIES.—A lead agency:
- (a) Shall serve all children referred as a result of a report of abuse, neglect, or abandonment to the department's central abuse hotline, including, but not limited to, children who are the subject of verified reports and children who are not the subject of verified reports but who are at moderate to extremely high risk of abuse, neglect, or abandonment, as determined using the department's risk assessment instrument, regardless of the level of funding allocated to the lead agency by the state if all related funding is transferred. The lead agency may also serve children who have not been the subject of reports of abuse, neglect, or abandonment, but who are at risk of abuse, neglect, or abandonment, to prevent their entry into the child protection and child welfare system.
- (b) Shall provide accurate and timely information necessary for oversight by the department pursuant to the child welfare results-oriented accountability system required by s. 409.997.
- (c) Shall follow the financial guidelines developed by the department and provide for a regular independent auditing of its financial activities. Such financial information shall be

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provided to the community alliance established under s. 20.19(5).

- (d) Shall post on its website the current budget for the lead agency, including the salaries, bonuses, and other compensation paid, by position, for the agency's chief executive officer, chief financial officer, and chief operating officer, or their equivalents.
- (e) Shall prepare all judicial reviews, case plans, and other reports necessary for court hearings for dependent children, except those related to the investigation of a referral from the department's child abuse hotline, and shall submit these documents timely to the department's attorneys for review, any necessary revision, and filing with the court. The lead agency shall make the necessary staff available to department attorneys for preparation for dependency proceedings, and shall provide testimony and other evidence required for dependency court proceedings in coordination with the department's attorneys. This duty does not include the preparation of legal pleadings or other legal documents, which remain the responsibility of the department.
- (f) Shall ensure that all individuals providing care for dependent children receive appropriate training and meet the minimum employment standards established by the department.
- (g) Shall maintain eligibility to receive all available federal child welfare funds.
- (h) Shall maintain written agreements with Healthy Families Florida lead entities in its service area pursuant to s. 409.153 to promote cooperative planning for the provision of prevention and intervention services.

- (i) Shall comply with federal and state statutory requirements and agency rules in the provision of contractual services.
- (j) May subcontract for the provision of services required by the contract with the lead agency and the department; however, the subcontracts must specify how the provider will contribute to the lead agency meeting the performance standards established pursuant to the child welfare results-oriented accountability system required by s. 409.997. The lead agency shall directly provide no more than 35 percent of all child welfare services provided.
- (k) Shall post on its website by the 15th day of each month at a minimum the information contained in subparagraphs 1.-4. for the preceding calendar month regarding its case management services. The following information shall be reported by each individual subcontracted case management provider, by the lead agency, if the lead agency provides case management services, and in total for all case management services subcontracted or directly provided by the lead agency:
- 1. The average caseload of case managers, including only
 filled positions;
- 2. The turnover rate for case managers and case management supervisors for the previous 12 months;
 - 3. The percentage of required home visits completed; and
- 4. Performance on outcome measures required pursuant to s. 409.997 for the previous 12 months.
 - (2) LICENSURE.—
- (a) A lead agency must be licensed as a child-caring or child-placing agency by the department under this chapter.

- (b) Each foster home, therapeutic foster home, emergency shelter, or other placement facility operated by the lead agency must be licensed by the department under chapter 402 or this chapter.
- (c) Substitute care providers who are licensed under s. 409.175 and who have contracted with a lead agency are also authorized to provide registered or licensed family day care under s. 402.313 if such care is consistent with federal law and if the home has met the requirements of s. 402.313.
- (d) In order to eliminate or reduce the number of duplicate inspections by various program offices, the department shall coordinate inspections required for licensure of agencies under this subsection.
- (e) The department may adopt rules to administer this subsection.
- (3) SERVICES.—A lead agency must serve dependent children through services that are supported by research or are best child welfare practices. The agency may also provide innovative services, including, but not limited to, family-centered, cognitive-behavioral, trauma-informed interventions designed to mitigate out-of-home placements.
 - (4) LEAD AGENCY ACTING AS GUARDIAN. -
- (a) If a lead agency or other provider has accepted case management responsibilities for a child who is sheltered or found to be dependent and who is assigned to the care of the lead agency or other provider, the agency or provider may act as the child's guardian for the purpose of registering the child in school if a parent or guardian of the child is unavailable and his or her whereabouts cannot reasonably be ascertained.

- (b) The lead agency or other provider may also seek emergency medical attention for the child, but only if a parent or guardian of the child is unavailable, the parent or guardian's whereabouts cannot reasonably be ascertained, and a court order for such emergency medical services cannot be obtained because of the severity of the emergency or because it is after normal working hours.
- (c) A lead agency or other provider may not consent to sterilization, abortion, or termination of life support.
- (d) If a child's parents' rights have been terminated, the lead agency shall act as guardian of the child in all circumstances.
- Section 34. Section 409.990, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 409.990 Funding for lead agencies.—A contract established between the department and a lead agency must be funded by a grant of general revenue, other applicable state funds, or applicable federal funding sources.
- (1) The method of payment for a fixed-price contract with a lead agency must provide for a 2-month advance payment at the beginning of each fiscal year and equal monthly payments thereafter.
- (2) Notwithstanding s. 215.425, all documented federal funds earned for the current fiscal year by the department and lead agencies which exceed the amount appropriated by the Legislature shall be distributed to all entities that contributed to the excess earnings based on a schedule and methodology developed by the department and approved by the Executive Office of the Governor.

- (a) Distribution shall be pro rata, based on total earnings, and shall be made only to those entities that contributed to excess earnings.
- (b) Excess earnings of lead agencies shall be used only in the service district in which they were earned.
- (c) Additional state funds appropriated by the Legislature for lead agencies or made available pursuant to the budgetary amendment process described in s. 216.177 shall be transferred to the lead agencies.
- (d) The department shall amend a lead agency's contract to permit expenditure of the funds.
- (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the amount of the annual contract for a lead agency may be increased by excess federal funds earned in accordance with s. 216.181(11).
- (4) Each contract with a lead agency shall provide for the payment by the department to the lead agency of a reasonable administrative cost in addition to funding for the provision of services.
- (5) A lead agency may carry forward documented unexpended state funds from one fiscal year to the next; however, the cumulative amount carried forward may not exceed 8 percent of the total contract. Any unexpended state funds in excess of that percentage must be returned to the department.
- (a) The funds carried forward may not be used in any way that would create increased recurring future obligations, and such funds may not be used for any type of program or service that is not currently authorized by the existing contract with the department.

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- (b) Expenditures of funds carried forward must be separately reported to the department.
- (c) Any unexpended funds that remain at the end of the contract period shall be returned to the department.
- (d) Funds carried forward may be retained through any contract renewals and any new procurements as long as the same lead agency is retained by the department.
- (6) It is the intent of the Legislature to improve services and local participation in community-based care initiatives by fostering community support and providing enhanced prevention and in-home services, thereby reducing the risk otherwise faced by lead agencies. A community partnership matching grant program is established and shall be operated by the department to encourage local participation in community-based care for children in the child welfare system. A children's services council or another local entity that makes a financial commitment to a community-based care lead agency may be eligible for a matching grant. The total amount of the local contribution may be matched on a one-to-one basis up to a maximum annual amount of \$500,000 per lead agency. Awarded matching grant funds may be used for any prevention or in-home services that can be reasonably expected to reduce the number of children entering the child welfare system. Funding available for the matching grant program is subject to legislative appropriation of nonrecurring funds provided for this purpose.
- (7) (a) The department, in consultation with the Florida
 Coalition for Children, Inc., shall develop and implement a
 community-based care risk pool initiative to mitigate the
 financial risk to eligible lead agencies. This initiative must

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2930 include:

- 1. A risk pool application and protocol developed by the department which outlines submission criteria, including, but not limited to, financial and program management, descriptive data requirements, and timeframes for submission of applications. Requests for funding from risk pool applicants must be based on relevant and verifiable service trends and changes that have occurred during the current fiscal year. The application must confirm that expenditure of approved risk pool funds by the lead agency will be completed within the current fiscal year.
- 2. A risk pool peer review committee, appointed by the secretary and consisting of department staff and representatives from at least three nonapplicant lead agencies, which reviews and assesses all risk pool applications. Upon completion of each application review, the peer review committee shall report its findings and recommendations to the secretary, providing, at a minimum, the following information:
- a. Justification for the specific funding amount required by the risk pool applicant based on the current year's service trend data, including validation that the applicant's financial need was caused by circumstances beyond the control of the lead agency management;
- b. Verification that the proposed use of risk pool funds meets at least one of the purposes specified in paragraph (c); and
- c. Evidence of technical assistance provided in an effort to avoid the need to access the risk pool and recommendations for technical assistance to the lead agency to ensure that risk

- pool funds are expended effectively and that the agency's need for future risk pool funding is diminished.
 - (b) Upon approval by the secretary of a risk pool application, the department may request funds from the risk pool in accordance with s. 216.181(6)(a).
 - (c) The purposes for which the community-based care risk pool shall be used include:
 - 1. Significant changes in the number or composition of clients eligible to receive services.
 - $\underline{\text{2. Significant changes in the services that are eligible}}$ for reimbursement.
 - 3. Continuity of care in the event of failure, discontinuance of service, or financial misconduct by a lead agency.
 - 4. Significant changes in the mix of available funds.
 - (d) The department may also request in its annual legislative budget request, and the Governor may recommend, that the funding necessary to effect paragraph (c) be appropriated to the department. In addition, the department may request the allocation of funds from the community-based care risk pool in accordance with s. 216.181(6)(a). Funds from the pool may be used to match available federal dollars.
 - 1. Such funds shall constitute partial security for contract performance by lead agencies and shall be used to offset the need for a performance bond.
 - 2. The department may separately require a bond to mitigate the financial consequences of potential acts of malfeasance or misfeasance or criminal violations by the service provider.
 - Section 35. Section 409.16713, Florida Statutes, is

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transferred and renumbered as section 409.991, Florida Statutes, and paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of that section is amended, to read:

- $\underline{409.991}$ $\underline{409.16713}$ Allocation of funds for community-based care lead agencies.—
 - (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Core services funding" means all funds allocated to community-based care lead agencies operating under contract with the department pursuant to $\underline{s.\ 409.987}\ \underline{s.\ 409.1671}$, with the following exceptions:
 - 1. Funds appropriated for independent living;
 - 2. Funds appropriated for maintenance adoption subsidies;
- 3. Funds allocated by the department for protective investigations training;
 - 4. Nonrecurring funds;
 - 5. Designated mental health wrap-around services funds; and
- 6. Funds for special projects for a designated community-based care lead agency.
- Section 36. Section 409.992, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 409.992 Lead agency expenditures.-
- (1) The procurement of commodities or contractual services by lead agencies shall be governed by the financial guidelines developed by the department and must comply with applicable state and federal law and follow good business practices.

 Pursuant to s. 11.45, the Auditor General may provide technical advice in the development of the financial guidelines.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a community-based care lead agency may make expenditures for staff

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cellular telephone allowances, contracts requiring deferred payments and maintenance agreements, security deposits for office leases, related agency professional membership dues other than personal professional membership dues, promotional materials, and grant writing services. Expenditures for food and refreshments, other than those provided to clients in the care of the agency or to foster parents, adoptive parents, and caseworkers during training sessions, are not allowable.

(3) A lead community-based care agency and its subcontractors are exempt from state travel policies as provided in s. 112.061(3)(a) for their travel expenses incurred in order to comply with the requirements of this section.

Section 37. Section 409.993, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

409.993 Lead agencies and subcontractor liability.-

(1) FINDINGS.—

(a) The Legislature finds that the state has traditionally provided foster care services to children who are the responsibility of the state. As such, foster children have not had the right to recover for injuries beyond the limitations specified in s. 768.28. The Legislature has determined that foster care and related services should be outsourced pursuant to this section and that the provision of such services is of paramount importance to the state. The purpose of such outsourcing is to increase the level of safety, security, and stability of children who are or become the responsibility of the state. One of the components necessary to secure a safe and stable environment for such children is the requirement that private providers maintain liability insurance. As such,

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insurance needs to be available and remain available to nongovernmental foster care and related services providers without the resources of such providers being significantly reduced by the cost of maintaining such insurance.

- (b) The Legislature further finds that, by requiring the following minimum levels of insurance, children in outsourced foster care and related services will gain increased protection and rights of recovery in the event of injury than currently provided in s. 768.28.
 - (2) LEAD AGENCY LIABILITY.-
- (a) Other than an entity to which s. 768.28 applies, an eligible community-based care lead agency, or its employees or officers, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), shall, as a part of its contract, obtain a minimum of \$1 million per occurrence with a policy period aggregate limit of \$3 million in general liability insurance coverage. The lead agency must also require that staff who transport client children and families in their personal automobiles in order to carry out their job responsibilities obtain minimum bodily injury liability insurance in the amount of \$100,000 per person per any one automobile accident, and subject to such limits for each person, \$300,000 for all damages resulting from any one automobile accident, on their personal automobiles. In lieu of personal motor vehicle insurance, the lead agency's casualty, liability, or motor vehicle insurance carrier may provide nonowned automobile liability coverage. This insurance provides liability insurance for an automobile that the lead agency uses in connection with the lead agency's business but does not own, lease, rent, or borrow. This coverage includes an automobile

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owned by an employee of the lead agency or a member of the employee's household but only while the automobile is used in connection with the lead agency's business. The nonowned automobile coverage for the lead agency applies as excess coverage over any other collectible insurance. The personal automobile policy for the employee of the lead agency shall be primary insurance, and the nonowned automobile coverage of the lead agency acts as excess insurance to the primary insurance. The lead agency shall provide a minimum limit of \$1 million in nonowned automobile coverage. In a tort action brought against such a lead agency or employee, net economic damages shall be limited to \$2 million per liability claim and \$200,000 per automobile claim, including, but not limited to, past and future medical expenses, wage loss, and loss of earning capacity, offset by any collateral source payment paid or payable. In any tort action brought against a lead agency, noneconomic damages shall be limited to \$400,000 per claim. A claims bill may be brought on behalf of a claimant pursuant to s. 768.28 for any amount exceeding the limits specified in this paragraph. Any offset of collateral source payments made as of the date of the settlement or judgment shall be in accordance with s. 768.76. The lead agency is not liable in tort for the acts or omissions of its subcontractors or the officers, agents, or employees of its subcontractors.

(b) The liability of a lead agency described in this section shall be exclusive and in place of all other liability of such lead agency. The same immunities from liability enjoyed by such lead agencies shall extend to each employee of the lead agency if he or she is acting in furtherance of the lead

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agency's business, including the transportation of clients served, as described in this subsection, in privately owned vehicles. Such immunities are not applicable to a lead agency or an employee who acts in a culpably negligent manner or with willful and wanton disregard or unprovoked physical aggression if such acts result in injury or death or such acts proximately cause such injury or death. Such immunities are not applicable to employees of the same lead agency when each is operating in the furtherance of the agency's business, but they are assigned primarily to unrelated work within private or public employment. The same immunity provisions enjoyed by a lead agency also apply to any sole proprietor, partner, corporate officer or director, supervisor, or other person who, in the course and scope of his or her duties, acts in a managerial or policymaking capacity and the conduct that caused the alleged injury arose within the course and scope of those managerial or policymaking duties. As used in this subsection and subsection (3), the term "culpably negligent manner" means reckless indifference or grossly careless disregard of human life.

(3) SUBCONTRACTOR LIABILITY.-

(a) A subcontractor of an eligible community-based care lead agency that is a direct provider of foster care and related services to children and families, and its employees or officers, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), must, as a part of its contract, obtain a minimum of \$1 million per occurrence with a policy period aggregate limit of \$3 million in general liability insurance coverage. The subcontractor of a lead agency must also require that staff who transport client children and families in their personal automobiles in order to

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carry out their job responsibilities obtain minimum bodily injury liability insurance in the amount of \$100,000 per person in any one automobile accident, and subject to such limits for each person, \$300,000 for all damages resulting from any one automobile accident, on their personal automobiles. In lieu of personal motor vehicle insurance, the subcontractor's casualty, liability, or motor vehicle insurance carrier may provide nonowned automobile liability coverage. This insurance provides liability insurance for automobiles that the subcontractor uses in connection with the subcontractor's business but does not own, lease, rent, or borrow. This coverage includes automobiles owned by the employees of the subcontractor or a member of the employee's household but only while the automobiles are used in connection with the subcontractor's business. The nonowned automobile coverage for the subcontractor applies as excess coverage over any other collectible insurance. The personal automobile policy for the employee of the subcontractor shall be primary insurance, and the nonowned automobile coverage of the subcontractor acts as excess insurance to the primary insurance. The subcontractor shall provide a minimum limit of \$1 million in nonowned automobile coverage. In a tort action brought against such subcontractor or employee, net economic damages shall be limited to \$2 million per liability claim and \$200,000 per automobile claim, including, but not limited to, past and future medical expenses, wage loss, and loss of earning capacity, offset by any collateral source payment paid or payable. In a tort action brought against such subcontractor, noneconomic damages shall be limited to \$400,000 per claim. A claims bill may be brought on behalf of a claimant pursuant to s. 768.28 for

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any amount exceeding the limits specified in this paragraph. Any offset of collateral source payments made as of the date of the settlement or judgment shall be in accordance with s. 768.76.

- (b) The liability of a subcontractor of a lead agency that is a direct provider of foster care and related services as described in this section is exclusive and in place of all other liability of such provider. The same immunities from liability enjoyed by such subcontractor provider extend to each employee of the subcontractor when such employee is acting in furtherance of the subcontractor's business, including the transportation of clients served, as described in this subsection, in privately owned vehicles. Such immunities are not applicable to a subcontractor or an employee who acts in a culpably negligent manner or with willful and wanton disregard or unprovoked physical aggression if such acts result in injury or death or if such acts proximately cause such injury or death. Such immunities are not applicable to employees of the same subcontractor who are operating in the furtherance of the subcontractor's business but are assigned primarily to unrelated works within private or public employment. The same immunity provisions enjoyed by a subcontractor also apply to any sole proprietor, partner, corporate officer or director, supervisor, or other person who, in the course and scope of his or her duties, acts in a managerial or policymaking capacity and the conduct that caused the alleged injury arose within the course and scope of those managerial or policymaking duties.
- (4) LIMITATIONS ON DAMAGES.—The Legislature is cognizant of the increasing costs of goods and services each year and recognizes that fixing a set amount of compensation has the

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effect of a reduction in compensation each year. Accordingly, the conditional limitations on damages in this section shall be increased at the rate of 5 percent each year, prorated from July 1, 2014, to the date at which damages subject to such limitations are awarded by final judgment or settlement.

Section 38. Section 409.1675, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 409.994, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

409.994 409.1675 Lead Community-based care lead agencies providers; receivership.—

- (1) The Department of Children and <u>Families</u> <u>Family Services</u> may petition a court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a receiver for a <u>lead</u> community-based <u>care lead</u> <u>agency provider</u> established pursuant to <u>s. 409.987 if</u> s. 409.1671 when any of the following conditions exist:
- (a) The lead <u>agency</u> community-based provider is operating without a license as a child-placing agency.
- (b) The lead <u>agency</u> community-based provider has given less than 120 days' notice of its intent to cease operations, and arrangements have not been made for another lead <u>agency</u> community-based provider or for the department to continue the uninterrupted provision of services.
- (c) The department determines that conditions exist in the lead <u>agency community-based provider</u> which present an imminent danger to the health, safety, or welfare of the dependent children under that <u>agency's provider's</u> care or supervision. Whenever possible, the department shall make a reasonable effort to facilitate the continued operation of the program.
 - (d) The lead agency community-based provider cannot meet

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its current financial obligations to its employees, contractors, or foster parents. Issuance of bad checks or the existence of delinquent obligations for payment of salaries, utilities, or invoices for essential services or commodities shall constitute prima facie evidence that the lead <u>agency community-based</u> provider lacks the financial ability to meet its financial obligations.

- (2) (a) The petition for receivership shall take precedence over other court business unless the court determines that some other pending proceeding, having statutory precedence, has priority.
- (b) A hearing shall be conducted within 5 days after the filing of the petition, at which time interested parties shall have the opportunity to present evidence as to whether a receiver should be appointed. The department shall give reasonable notice of the hearing on the petition to the lead agency community-based provider.
- (c) The court shall grant the petition upon finding that one or more of the conditions in subsection (1) exists and the continued existence of the condition or conditions jeopardizes the health, safety, or welfare of dependent children. A receiver may be appointed ex parte when the court determines that one or more of the conditions in subsection (1) exists. After such finding, the court may appoint any person, including an employee of the department who is qualified by education, training, or experience to carry out the duties of the receiver pursuant to this section, except that the court may shall not appoint any member of the governing board or any officer of the lead agency community-based provider. The receiver may be selected from a

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list of persons qualified to act as receivers which is developed by the department and presented to the court with each petition of receivership.

- (d) A receiver may be appointed for up to 90 days, and the department may petition the court for additional 30-day extensions. Sixty days after appointment of a receiver and every 30 days thereafter until the receivership is terminated, the department shall submit to the court an assessment of the lead agency's community-based provider's ability to ensure the health, safety, and welfare of the dependent children under its supervision.
- (3) The receiver shall take such steps as are reasonably necessary to ensure the continued health, safety, and welfare of the dependent children under the supervision of the lead <u>agency community-based provider</u> and shall exercise those powers and perform those duties set out by the court, including, but not limited to:
- (a) Taking such action as is reasonably necessary to protect or conserve the assets or property of the lead <u>agency</u> community-based provider. The receiver may use the assets and property and any proceeds from any transfer thereof only in the performance of the powers and duties <u>provided</u> set forth in this section and by order of the court.
- (b) Using the assets of the lead <u>agency</u> community-based provider in the provision of care and services to dependent children.
- (c) Entering into contracts and hiring agents and employees to carry out the powers and duties of the receiver under this section.

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- (d) Having full power to direct, manage, hire, and discharge employees of the lead <u>agency community-based provider</u>. The receiver shall hire and pay new employees at the rate of compensation, including benefits, approved by the court.
- (e) Honoring all leases, mortgages, and contractual obligations of the lead <u>agency</u> community-based provider, but only to the extent of payments that become due during the period of the receivership.
- (4)(a) The receiver shall deposit funds received in a separate account and shall use this account for all disbursements.
- (b) A payment to the receiver of any sum owing to the lead <u>agency community-based provider</u> shall discharge any obligation to the provider to the extent of the payment.
- (5) A receiver may petition the court for temporary relief from obligations entered into by the lead <u>agency community-based</u> provider if the rent, price, or rate of interest required to be paid under the agreement was substantially in excess of a reasonable rent, price, or rate of interest at the time the contract was entered into, or if any material provision of the agreement was unreasonable when compared to contracts negotiated under similar conditions. Any relief in this form provided by the court shall be limited to the life of the receivership, unless otherwise determined by the court.
- (6) The court shall set the compensation of the receiver, which shall be considered a necessary expense of a receivership and may grant to the receiver such other authority necessary to ensure the health, safety, and welfare of the children served.
 - (7) A receiver may be held liable in a personal capacity

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only for the receiver's own gross negligence, intentional acts, or breaches of fiduciary duty. This section <u>may shall</u> not be interpreted to be a waiver of sovereign immunity should the department be appointed receiver.

- (8) If the receiver is not the department, the court may require a receiver to post a bond to ensure the faithful performance of these duties.
 - (9) The court may terminate a receivership when:
- (a) The court determines that the receivership is no longer necessary because the conditions that gave rise to the receivership no longer exist; or
- (b) The department has entered into a contract with a new lead $\underline{\text{agency }}$ community-based provider pursuant to $\underline{\text{s. 409.987}}$ s. $\underline{\text{409.1671}}$, and that contractor is ready and able to assume the duties of the previous $\underline{\text{lead agency }}$ provider.
- (10) Within 30 days after the termination, unless this time period is extended by the court, the receiver shall give the court a complete accounting of all property of which the receiver has taken possession, of all funds collected and disbursed, and of the expenses of the receivership.
- (11) Nothing in This section does not shall be construed to relieve any employee of the lead agency community-based provider placed in receivership of any civil or criminal liability incurred, or any duty imposed by law, by reason of acts or omissions of the employee before prior to the appointment of a receiver, and; nor shall anything contained in this section does not be construed to suspend during the receivership any obligation of the employee for payment of taxes or other operating or maintenance expenses of the lead agency community—

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based provider or for the payment of mortgages or liens. The lead <u>agency community-based provider</u> shall retain the right to sell or mortgage any facility under receivership, subject to the prior approval of the court that ordered the receivership.

Section 39. Section 409.996, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

409.996 Duties of the Department of Children and Families.—
The department shall contract for the delivery, administration, or management of care for children in the child protection and child welfare system. In doing so, the department retains responsibility for the quality of contracted services and programs and shall ensure that services are delivered in accordance with applicable federal and state statutes and regulations.

- (1) The department shall enter into contracts with lead agencies for the performance of the duties by the lead agencies pursuant to s. 409.988. At a minimum, the contracts must:
- (a) Provide for the services needed to accomplish the duties established in s. 409.988 and provide information to the department which is necessary to meet the requirements for a quality assurance program pursuant to subsection (18) and the child welfare results-oriented accountability system pursuant to s. 409.997.
- (b) Provide for graduated penalties for failure to comply with contract terms. Such penalties may include financial penalties, enhanced monitoring and reporting, corrective action plans, and early termination of contracts or other appropriate action to ensure contract compliance. The financial penalties shall require a lead agency to reallocate funds from

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administrative costs to direct care for children.

- (c) Ensure that the lead agency shall furnish current and accurate information on its activities in all cases in client case records in the state's statewide automated child welfare information system.
- (d) Specify the procedures to be used by the parties to resolve differences in interpreting the contract or to resolve disputes as to the adequacy of the parties' compliance with their respective obligations under the contract.
- (2) The department must adopt written policies and procedures for monitoring the contract for delivery of services by lead agencies which must be posted on the department's website. These policies and procedures must, at a minimum, address the evaluation of fiscal accountability and program operations, including provider achievement of performance standards, provider monitoring of subcontractors, and timely followup of corrective actions for significant monitoring findings related to providers and subcontractors. These policies and procedures must also include provisions for reducing the duplication of the department's program monitoring activities both internally and with other agencies, to the extent possible. The department's written procedures must ensure that the written findings, conclusions, and recommendations from monitoring the contract for services of lead agencies are communicated to the director of the provider agency and the community alliance as expeditiously as possible.
- (3) The department shall receive federal and state funds as appropriated for the operation of the child welfare system, transmit these funds to the lead agencies as agreed to in the

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contract, and provide information on its website of the distribution of the federal funds. The department retains responsibility for the appropriate spending of these funds. The department shall monitor lead agencies to assess compliance with the financial guidelines established pursuant to s. 409.992 and other applicable state and federal laws.

- (4) The department shall provide technical assistance and consultation to lead agencies in the provision of care to children in the child protection and child welfare system.
- (5) The department retains the responsibility for the review, approval or denial, and issuances of all foster home licenses.
- (6) The department shall process all applications submitted by lead agencies for the Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children and the Interstate Compact on Adoption and Medical Assistance.
- (7) The department shall assist lead agencies with access to and coordination with other service programs within the department.
- (8) The department shall determine Medicaid eligibility for all referred children and shall coordinate services with the Agency for Health Care Administration.
- (9) The department shall develop, in cooperation with the lead agencies, a third-party credentialing entity approved pursuant to s. 402.40(3), and the Florida Institute for Child Welfare established pursuant to s. 1004.615, a standardized competency-based curriculum for certification training for child protection staff.
 - (10) The department shall maintain the statewide adoptions

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website and provide information and training to the lead agencies relating to the website.

- (11) The department shall provide training and assistance to lead agencies regarding the responsibility of lead agencies relating to children receiving supplemental security income, social security, railroad retirement, or veterans' benefits.
- (12) With the assistance of a lead agency, the department shall develop and implement statewide and local interagency agreements needed to coordinate services for children and parents involved in the child welfare system who are also involved with the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Education, the Department of Health, and other governmental organizations that share responsibilities for children or parents in the child welfare system.
- (13) With the assistance of a lead agency, the department shall develop and implement a working agreement between the lead agency and the substance abuse and mental health managing entity to integrate services and supports for children and parents serviced in the child welfare system.
- (14) The department shall work with the Agency for Health Care Administration to provide each Medicaid-eligible child with early and periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment, including 72-hour screening, periodic child health checkups, and prescribed followup for ordered services, including, but not limited to, medical, dental, and vision care.
- (15) The department shall assist lead agencies in developing an array of services in compliance with the Title IV-E waiver and shall monitor the provision of such services.

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- (16) The department shall provide a mechanism to allow lead agencies to request a waiver of department policies and procedures that create inefficiencies or inhibit the performance of the lead agency's duties.
- court and shall ensure that the court is provided with adequate information for informed decisionmaking in dependency cases, including a face sheet for each case which lists the names and contact information for any child protective investigator, child protective investigation supervisor, case manager, and case manager supervisor, and the regional department official responsible for the lead agency contract. The department shall provide to the court the case information and recommendations provided by the lead agency or subcontractor. For the Sixth Judicial Circuit, the department shall contract with the state attorney for the provision of these services.
- (18) The department, in consultation with lead agencies, shall establish a quality assurance program for contracted services to dependent children. The quality assurance program shall be based on standards established by federal and state law and national accrediting organizations.
- (a) The department must evaluate each lead agency under contract at least annually. These evaluations shall cover the programmatic, operational, and fiscal operations of the lead agency and must be consistent with the child welfare results-oriented accountability system required by s. 409.997. The department must consult with dependency judges in the circuit or circuits served by the lead agency on the performance of the

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3481 lead agency.

- (b) The department and each lead agency shall monitor outof-home placements, including the extent to which sibling groups
 are placed together or provisions to provide visitation and
 other contacts if siblings are separated. The data shall
 identify reasons for sibling separation. Information related to
 sibling placement shall be incorporated into the resultsoriented accountability system required pursuant to s. 409.997
 and in the evaluation of the outcome specified in s.
 409.986(2)(e). The information related to sibling placement
 shall also be made available to the institute established
 pursuant s. 1004.615 for use in assessing the performance of
 child welfare services in relation to the outcome specified in
 s. 409.986(2)(e).
- (c) The department shall, to the extent possible, use independent financial audits provided by the lead agency to eliminate or reduce the ongoing contract and administrative reviews conducted by the department. If the department determines that such independent financial audits are inadequate, other audits, as necessary, may be conducted by the department. This paragraph does not abrogate the requirements of s. 215.97.
- (d) The department may suggest additional items to be included in such independent financial audits to meet the department's needs.
- (e) The department may outsource programmatic, administrative, or fiscal monitoring oversight of lead agencies.
- (f) A lead agency must assure that all subcontractors are subject to the same quality assurance activities as the lead

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3510 agency.

- responsibility to ensure that the court is fully informed about issues before it, to make recommendations to the court, and to present competent evidence, including testimony by the department's employees, contractors, and subcontractors, as well as other individuals, to support all recommendations made to the court. The department's attorneys shall coordinate lead agency or subcontractor staff to ensure that dependency cases are presented appropriately to the court, giving consideration to the information developed by the case manager and direction to the case manager if more information is needed.
- (20) The department, in consultation with lead agencies, shall develop a dispute resolution process so that disagreements between legal staff, investigators, and case management staff can be resolved in the best interest of the child in question before court appearances regarding that child.
- (21) The department shall periodically, and before procuring a lead agency, solicit comments and recommendations from the community alliance established in s. 20.19(5), any other community groups, or public hearings. The recommendations must include, but are not limited to:
 - (a) The current and past performance of a lead agency.
- (b) The relationship between a lead agency and its community partners.
- 3535 (c) Any local conditions or service needs in child 3536 protection and child welfare.

Section 40. Effective January 1, 2015, section 409.997, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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409.997 Child welfare results-oriented accountability system.—

- (1) The department, the community-based care lead agencies, and the lead agencies' subcontractors share the responsibility for achieving the outcome goals specified in s. 409.986(2).
- (2) In order to assess the achievement of the outcome goals specified in s. 409.986(2), the department shall maintain a comprehensive, results-oriented accountability system that monitors the use of resources, the quality and amount of services provided, and child and family outcomes through data analysis, research review, evaluation, and quality improvement. The system shall provide information about individual entities' performance as well as the performance of groups of entities working together as an integrated system of care on a local, regional, and statewide basis. The department shall issue a request for information for the accountability system to identify system development and implementation approaches, technical and operational solutions, timeframes for implementation, pricing and costs, and implementation considerations; assess respondents' experience in providing similar systems and interest in providing the accountability system; and generate any other information determined by the department to be useful in establishing the system. The department shall provide a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by February 1, 2015, summarizing the responses and providing the department's recommendations regarding procurement and implementation of the system. In maintaining the accountability system, the department shall:

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- (a) Identify valid and reliable outcome measures for each of the goals specified in this subsection. The outcome data set must consist of a limited number of understandable measures using available data to quantify outcomes as children move through the system of care. Such measures may aggregate multiple variables that affect the overall achievement of the outcome goals. Valid and reliable measures must be based on adequate sample sizes, be gathered over suitable time periods, and reflect authentic rather than spurious results, and may not be susceptible to manipulation.
- (b) Implement a monitoring system to track the identified outcome measures on a statewide, regional, and provider-specific basis. The monitoring system must identify trends and chart progress toward achievement of the goals specified s.

 409.986(2). The requirements of the monitoring system may be incorporated into the quality assurance program required under s. 409.996(18). The monitoring system shall track the placement of siblings in the child welfare system, including the extent to which siblings are placed together and, if the siblings are not placed together, the efforts to maintain the relationship between siblings through face-to-face visitation and written and electronic contact.
- (c) Develop and maintain an analytical system that builds on the outcomes monitoring system to assess the statistical validity of observed associations between child welfare interventions and the measured outcomes. The analysis must use quantitative methods to adjust for variations in demographic or other conditions. The analysis must include longitudinal studies to evaluate longer-term outcomes such as continued safety,

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family permanence, and transition to self-sufficiency. The analysis may also include qualitative research methods to provide insight into statistical patterns.

- (d) Develop and maintain a program of research review to identify interventions that are supported by evidence as causally linked to improved outcomes.
- (e) Support an ongoing process of evaluation to determine the efficacy and effectiveness of various interventions.

 Efficacy evaluation is intended to determine the validity of a causal relationship between an intervention and an outcome.

 Effectiveness evaluation is intended to determine the extent to which the results can be generalized.
- (f) Develop and maintain an inclusive, interactive, and evidence-supported program of quality improvement which promotes individual skill building as well as organizational learning.
- (g) Develop and implement a method for making the results of the accountability system transparent for all parties involved in the child welfare system as well as policymakers and the public. The presentation of the results shall provide a comprehensible, visual report card for the state and each community-based care region, indicating the current status relative to each goal and trends in that status over time. The presentation shall identify and report outcome measures that assess the performance of the department, the community-based care lead agency, and the lead agency's subcontractors working together as an integrated system of care.
- (3) The department shall establish a technical advisory panel consisting of representatives from the Florida Institute for Child Welfare established in s. 1004.615, lead agencies,

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community-based care providers, other contract providers, community alliances, and family representatives. The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall each appoint a member to serve as a legislative liaison to the panel. The technical advisory panel shall advise the department on meeting the requirements of this section.

- (4) The accountability system may not rank or compare performance among community-based care regions unless adequate and specific adjustments are adopted that account for the diversity in regions' demographics, resources, and other relevant characteristics.
- (5) The results of the accountability system must provide the basis for performance incentives if funds for such payments are made available through the General Appropriations Act.
- (6) At least quarterly, the department shall make the results of the accountability system available to the public through publication on its website. The website must allow for custom searches of the performance data.
- (7) By October 1 of each year, the department shall submit a report on the statewide and individual community-based care lead agency results for child protection and child welfare systems. The department shall use the accountability system and consult with the community alliance and the chief judge or judges in the community-based care service area to prepare the report. The report shall be submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Section 41. Section 827.10, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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3655	827.10 Unlawful desertion of a child.
3656	(1) As used in this section, the term:
3657	(a) "Care" means support and services necessary to maintain
3658	the child's physical and mental health, including, but not
3659	limited to, food, nutrition, clothing, shelter, supervision,
3660	medicine, and medical services that a prudent person would
3661	consider essential for the well-being of the child.
3662	(b) "Caregiver" has the same meaning as provided in s.
3663	<u>39.01.</u>
3664	(c) "Child" means a child for whose care the caregiver is
3665	legally responsible.
3666	(d) "Desertion" or "deserts" means to leave a child in a
3667	place or with a person other than a relative with the intent not
3668	to return to the child and with the intent not to provide for
3669	the care of the child.
3670	(e) "Relative" has the same meaning as provided in s.
3671	39.01.
3672	(2) A caregiver who deserts a child under circumstances in
3673	which the caregiver knew or should have known that the desertion
3674	exposes the child to unreasonable risk of harm commits a felony
3675	of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
3676	775.083, or s. 775.084.
3677	(3) This section does not apply to a person who surrenders
3678	a newborn infant in compliance with s. 383.50.
3679	(4) This section does not preclude prosecution for a
3680	criminal act under any other law, including, but not limited to,
3681	prosecution of child abuse or neglect of a child under s.

Section 42. Paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section

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3684 985.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
3685 985.04 Oaths; records; confidential information.—
3686 (4)

(d) The department shall disclose to the school superintendent the presence of any child in the care and custody or under the jurisdiction or supervision of the department who has a known history of criminal sexual behavior with other juveniles; is an alleged to have committed juvenile sexual abuse offender, as defined in s. 39.01; or has pled guilty or nolo contendere to, or has been found to have committed, a violation of chapter 794, chapter 796, chapter 800, s. 827.071, or s. 847.0133, regardless of adjudication. Any employee of a district school board who knowingly and willfully discloses such information to an unauthorized person commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 43. Section 1004.615, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1004.615 Florida Institute for Child Welfare.-

- (1) There is established the Florida Institute for Child Welfare within the Florida State University College of Social Work. The purpose of the institute is to advance the well-being of children and families by improving the performance of child protection and child welfare services through research, policy analysis, evaluation, and leadership development. The institute shall consist of a consortium of public and private universities offering degrees in social work and shall be housed within the Florida State University College of Social Work.
 - (2) Using such resources as authorized in the General

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Appropriations Act, the Department of Children and Families shall contract with the institute for performance of the duties described in subsection (4) using state appropriations, public and private grants, and other resources obtained by the institute.

- (3) The institute shall work with the department, sheriffs providing child protective investigative services, community-based care lead agencies, community-based care provider organizations, the court system, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Florida Coalition Against Domestic Violence, and other partners who contribute to and participate in providing child protection and child welfare services.
 - (4) The institute shall:
- (a) Maintain a program of research which contributes to scientific knowledge and informs both policy and practice related to child safety, permanency, and child and family wellbeing.
- (b) Advise the department and other organizations
 participating in the child protection and child welfare system
 regarding scientific evidence on policy and practice related to
 child safety, permanency, and child and family well-being.
- (c) Provide advice regarding management practices and administrative processes used by the department and other organizations participating in the child protection and child welfare system and recommend improvements that reduce burdensome, ineffective requirements for frontline staff and their supervisors while enhancing their ability to effectively investigate, analyze, problem solve, and supervise.
 - (d) Assess the performance of child protection and child

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welfare services based on specific outcome measures.

- (e) Evaluate the scope and effectiveness of preservice and inservice training for child protection and child welfare employees and advise and assist the department in efforts to improve such training.
- (f) Assess the readiness of social work graduates to assume job responsibilities in the child protection and child welfare system and identify gaps in education which can be addressed through the modification of curricula or the establishment of industry certifications.
- (g) Develop and maintain a program of professional support including training courses and consulting services that assist both individuals and organizations in implementing adaptive and resilient responses to workplace stress.
- (h) Participate in the department's critical incident response team, assist in the preparation of reports about such incidents, and support the committee review of reports and development of recommendations.
- (i) Identify effective policies and promising practices, including, but not limited to, innovations in coordination between entities participating in the child protection and child welfare system, data analytics, working with the local community, and management of human service organizations, and communicate these findings to the department and other organizations participating in the child protection and child welfare system.
- (j) Develop a definition of a child or family at high risk of abuse or neglect. Such a definition must consider characteristics associated with a greater probability of abuse

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- (5) The President of the Florida State University shall appoint a director of the institute. The director must be a child welfare professional with a degree in social work who holds a faculty appointment in the Florida State University College of Social Work. The institute shall be administered by the director, and the director's office shall be located at the Florida State University. The director is responsible for overall management of the institute and for developing and executing the work of the institute consistent with the responsibilities in subsection (4). The director shall engage individuals in other state universities with accredited colleges of social work to participate in the institute. Individuals from other university programs relevant to the institute's work, including, but not limited to, economics, management, law, medicine, and education, may also be invited by the director to contribute to the institute. The universities participating in the institute shall provide facilities, staff, and other resources to the institute to establish statewide access to institute programs and services.
- (6) By October 1 of each year, the institute shall provide a written report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives which outlines its activities in the preceding year, reports significant research findings, as well as results of other programs, and provides specific recommendations for improving child protection and child welfare services.
- (a) The institute shall include an evaluation of the results of the educational and training requirements for child

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protection and child welfare personnel established under this act and recommendations for application of the results to child protection personnel employed by sheriff's offices providing child protection services in its report due October 1, 2017.

- (b) The institute shall include an evaluation of the effects of the other provisions of this act and recommendations for improvements in child protection and child welfare services in its report due October 1, 2018.
- (7) The institute shall submit a report with recommendations for improving the state's child welfare system. The report shall address topics including, but not limited to, enhancing working relationships between the entities involved in the child protection and child welfare system, identification of and replication of best practices, reducing paperwork, increasing the retention of child protective investigators and case managers, and caring for medically complex children within the child welfare system, with the goal of allowing the child to remain in the least restrictive and most nurturing environment. The institute shall submit an interim report by February 1, 2015, and final report by October 1, 2015, to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Section 44. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 1009.25, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (h) is added to that subsection, to read:

1009.25 Fee exemptions.

(1) The following students are exempt from the payment of tuition and fees, including lab fees, at a school district that provides workforce education programs, Florida College System

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institution, or state university:

- (d) A student who is or was at the time he or she reached 18 years of age in the custody of a relative <u>or nonrelative</u> under s. 39.5085 or who was adopted from the Department of Children and <u>Families Family Services</u> after May 5, 1997. Such exemption includes fees associated with enrollment in applied academics for adult education instruction. The exemption remains valid until the student reaches 28 years of age.
- (h) Pursuant to s. 402.403, child protection and child welfare personnel as defined in s. 402.402 who are enrolled in an accredited bachelor's degree or master's degree in social work program, provided that the student attains at least a grade of "B" in all courses for which tuition and fees are exempted.

Section 45. <u>Section 402.401</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 46. <u>Section 409.1671</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 47. <u>Section 409.16715</u>, <u>Florida Statutes</u>, is repealed.

Section 48. <u>Section 409.16745</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 49. <u>Section 1004.61</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 50. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section 39.201, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

39.201 Mandatory reports of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect; mandatory reports of death; central abuse hotline.—

(1)

(g) Nothing in this chapter or in the contracting with community-based care providers for foster care and related services as specified in $\underline{s.\ 409.987}\ \underline{s.\ 409.1671}\ \mathrm{shall}\ \mathrm{be}$

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construed to remove or reduce the duty and responsibility of any person, including any employee of the community-based care provider, to report a suspected or actual case of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect or the sexual abuse of a child to the department's central abuse hotline.

Section 51. Subsection (1) of section 39.302, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

39.302 Protective investigations of institutional child abuse, abandonment, or neglect.—

(1) The department shall conduct a child protective investigation of each report of institutional child abuse, abandonment, or neglect. Upon receipt of a report that alleges that an employee or agent of the department, or any other entity or person covered by s. 39.01(32) s. 39.01(33) or (47), acting in an official capacity, has committed an act of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect, the department shall initiate a child protective investigation within the timeframe established under s. 39.201(5) and notify the appropriate state attorney, law enforcement agency, and licensing agency, which shall immediately conduct a joint investigation, unless independent investigations are more feasible. When conducting investigations or having face-to-face interviews with the child, investigation visits shall be unannounced unless it is determined by the department or its agent that unannounced visits threaten the safety of the child. If a facility is exempt from licensing, the department shall inform the owner or operator of the facility of the report. Each agency conducting a joint investigation is entitled to full access to the information gathered by the department in the course of the investigation. A protective

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investigation must include an interview with the child's parent or legal guardian. The department shall make a full written report to the state attorney within 3 working days after making the oral report. A criminal investigation shall be coordinated, whenever possible, with the child protective investigation of the department. Any interested person who has information regarding the offenses described in this subsection may forward a statement to the state attorney as to whether prosecution is warranted and appropriate. Within 15 days after the completion of the investigation, the state attorney shall report the findings to the department and shall include in the report a determination of whether or not prosecution is justified and appropriate in view of the circumstances of the specific case.

Section 52. Subsection (1) of section 39.524, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 39.524 Safe-harbor placement.
- (1) Except as provided in s. 39.407 or s. 985.801, a dependent child 6 years of age or older who has been found to be a victim of sexual exploitation as defined in s. 39.01(68)(g) s. 39.01(67)(g) must be assessed for placement in a safe house as provided in s. 409.1678. The assessment shall be conducted by the department or its agent and shall incorporate and address current and historical information from any law enforcement reports; psychological testing or evaluation that has occurred; current and historical information from the guardian ad litem, if one has been assigned; current and historical information from any current therapist, teacher, or other professional who has knowledge of the child and has worked with the child; and any other information concerning the availability and

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suitability of safe-house placement. If such placement is determined to be appropriate as a result of this assessment, the child may be placed in a safe house, if one is available. As used in this section, the term "available" as it relates to a placement means a placement that is located within the circuit or otherwise reasonably accessible.

Section 53. Subsection (6) of section 316.613, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.613 Child restraint requirements.-

(6) The child restraint requirements imposed by this section do not apply to a chauffeur-driven taxi, limousine, sedan, van, bus, motor coach, or other passenger vehicle if the operator and the motor vehicle are hired and used for the transportation of persons for compensation. It is the obligation and responsibility of the parent, guardian, or other person responsible for a child's welfare, as defined in s. $39.01\frac{(47)}{7}$, to comply with the requirements of this section.

Section 54. Subsections (1), (3), and (5) of section 409.1676, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409.1676 Comprehensive residential group care services to children who have extraordinary needs.—

(1) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide comprehensive residential group care services, including residential care, case management, and other services, to children in the child protection system who have extraordinary needs. These services are to be provided in a residential group care setting by a not-for-profit corporation or a local government entity under a contract with the Department of Children and Families Family Services or by a lead agency as

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described in <u>s. 409.987</u> <u>s. 409.1671</u>. These contracts should be designed to provide an identified number of children with access to a full array of services for a fixed price. Further, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Department of Children and <u>Families Family Services</u> and the Department of Juvenile Justice establish an interagency agreement by December 1, 2002, which describes respective agency responsibilities for referral, placement, service provision, and service coordination for dependent and delinquent youth who are referred to these residential group care facilities. The agreement must require interagency collaboration in the development of terms, conditions, and performance outcomes for residential group care contracts serving the youth referred who have been adjudicated both dependent and delinquent.

- (3) The department, in accordance with a specific appropriation for this program, shall contract with a not-for-profit corporation, a local government entity, or the lead agency that has been established in accordance with <u>s. 409.987 s. 409.1671</u> for the performance of residential group care services described in this section. A lead agency that is currently providing residential care may provide this service directly with the approval of the local community alliance. The department or a lead agency may contract for more than one site in a county if that is determined to be the most effective way to achieve the goals set forth in this section.
- (5) The department may transfer all casework responsibilities for children served under this program to the entity that provides this service, including case management and development and implementation of a case plan in accordance with

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current standards for child protection services. When the department establishes this program in a community that has a lead agency as described in $\underline{s.\ 409.987}\ \underline{s.\ 409.1671}$, the casework responsibilities must be transferred to the lead agency.

Section 55. Subsection (2) of section 409.1677, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.1677 Model comprehensive residential services programs.—

(2) The department shall establish a model comprehensive residential services program in Manatee and Miami-Dade Counties through a contract with the designated lead agency established in accordance with <u>s. 409.987</u> <u>s. 409.1671</u> or with a private entity capable of providing residential group care and home-based care and experienced in the delivery of a range of services to foster children, if no lead agency exists. These model programs are to serve that portion of eligible children within each county which is specified in the contract, based on funds appropriated, to include a full array of services for a fixed price. The private entity or lead agency is responsible for all programmatic functions necessary to carry out the intent of this section.

Section 56. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 409.1678, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.1678 Safe harbor for children who are victims of sexual exploitation.—

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (d) "Sexually exploited child" means a dependent child who has suffered sexual exploitation as defined in $\underline{s. 39.01(68)(g)}$ $\underline{s. 39.01(67)(g)}$ and is ineligible for relief and benefits under

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the federal Trafficking Victims Protection Act, 22 U.S.C. ss. 7101 et seq.

Section 57. Subsection (24) of section 409.906, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.906 Optional Medicaid services. - Subject to specific appropriations, the agency may make payments for services which are optional to the state under Title XIX of the Social Security Act and are furnished by Medicaid providers to recipients who are determined to be eligible on the dates on which the services were provided. Any optional service that is provided shall be provided only when medically necessary and in accordance with state and federal law. Optional services rendered by providers in mobile units to Medicaid recipients may be restricted or prohibited by the agency. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. If necessary to safeguard the state's systems of providing services to elderly and disabled persons and subject to the notice and review provisions of s. 216.177, the Governor may direct the Agency for Health Care Administration to amend the Medicaid state plan to delete the optional Medicaid service known as "Intermediate Care Facilities for the Developmentally Disabled." Optional services may include:

(24) CHILD-WELFARE-TARGETED CASE MANAGEMENT.—The Agency for Health Care Administration, in consultation with the Department of Children and Families Family Services, may establish a

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targeted case-management project in those counties identified by the Department of Children and Families Family Services and for all counties with a community-based child welfare project, as authorized under s. 409.987 s. 409.1671, which have been specifically approved by the department. The covered group of individuals who are eligible to receive targeted case management include children who are eligible for Medicaid; who are between the ages of birth through 21; and who are under protective supervision or postplacement supervision, under foster-care supervision, or in shelter care or foster care. The number of individuals who are eligible to receive targeted case management is limited to the number for whom the Department of Children and Families Family Services has matching funds to cover the costs. The general revenue funds required to match the funds for services provided by the community-based child welfare projects are limited to funds available for services described under s. 409.990 s. 409.1671. The Department of Children and Families Family Services may transfer the general revenue matching funds as billed by the Agency for Health Care Administration.

Section 58. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 409.912, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health care.—The agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery of quality medical care. To ensure that medical services are effectively utilized, the agency may, in any case, require a confirmation or second physician's opinion of the correct diagnosis for purposes of authorizing future services under the Medicaid program. This section does not restrict access to

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emergency services or poststabilization care services as defined in 42 C.F.R. part 438.114. Such confirmation or second opinion shall be rendered in a manner approved by the agency. The agency shall maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies, including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services. The agency shall contract with a vendor to monitor and evaluate the clinical practice patterns of providers in order to identify trends that are outside the normal practice patterns of a provider's professional peers or the national guidelines of a provider's professional association. The vendor must be able to provide information and counseling to a provider whose practice patterns are outside the norms, in consultation with the agency, to improve patient care and reduce inappropriate utilization. The agency may mandate prior authorization, drug therapy management, or disease management participation for certain populations of Medicaid beneficiaries, certain drug classes, or particular drugs to prevent fraud, abuse, overuse, and possible dangerous drug interactions. The Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee shall make recommendations to the agency on drugs for which prior authorization is required. The agency shall inform the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee of its decisions regarding drugs subject to prior authorization. The agency is

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authorized to limit the entities it contracts with or enrolls as Medicaid providers by developing a provider network through provider credentialing. The agency may competitively bid singlesource-provider contracts if procurement of goods or services results in demonstrated cost savings to the state without limiting access to care. The agency may limit its network based on the assessment of beneficiary access to care, provider availability, provider quality standards, time and distance standards for access to care, the cultural competence of the provider network, demographic characteristics of Medicaid beneficiaries, practice and provider-to-beneficiary standards, appointment wait times, beneficiary use of services, provider turnover, provider profiling, provider licensure history, previous program integrity investigations and findings, peer review, provider Medicaid policy and billing compliance records, clinical and medical record audits, and other factors. Providers are not entitled to enrollment in the Medicaid provider network. The agency shall determine instances in which allowing Medicaid beneficiaries to purchase durable medical equipment and other goods is less expensive to the Medicaid program than long-term rental of the equipment or goods. The agency may establish rules to facilitate purchases in lieu of long-term rentals in order to protect against fraud and abuse in the Medicaid program as defined in s. 409.913. The agency may seek federal waivers necessary to administer these policies.

- (4) The agency may contract with:
- (b) An entity that is providing comprehensive behavioral health care services to certain Medicaid recipients through a capitated, prepaid arrangement pursuant to the federal waiver

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provided for by s. 409.905(5). Such entity must be licensed under chapter 624, chapter 636, or chapter 641, or authorized under paragraph (c) or paragraph (d), and must possess the clinical systems and operational competence to manage risk and provide comprehensive behavioral health care to Medicaid recipients. As used in this paragraph, the term "comprehensive behavioral health care services" means covered mental health and substance abuse treatment services that are available to Medicaid recipients. The secretary of the Department of Children and Families Family Services shall approve provisions of procurements related to children in the department's care or custody before enrolling such children in a prepaid behavioral health plan. Any contract awarded under this paragraph must be competitively procured. In developing the behavioral health care prepaid plan procurement document, the agency shall ensure that the procurement document requires the contractor to develop and implement a plan to ensure compliance with s. 394.4574 related to services provided to residents of licensed assisted living facilities that hold a limited mental health license. Except as provided in subparagraph 5., and except in counties where the Medicaid managed care pilot program is authorized pursuant to s. 409.91211, the agency shall seek federal approval to contract with a single entity meeting these requirements to provide comprehensive behavioral health care services to all Medicaid recipients not enrolled in a Medicaid managed care plan authorized under s. 409.91211, a provider service network authorized under paragraph (d), or a Medicaid health maintenance organization in an AHCA area. In an AHCA area where the Medicaid managed care pilot program is authorized pursuant to s.

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409.91211 in one or more counties, the agency may procure a contract with a single entity to serve the remaining counties as an AHCA area or the remaining counties may be included with an adjacent AHCA area and are subject to this paragraph. Each entity must offer a sufficient choice of providers in its network to ensure recipient access to care and the opportunity to select a provider with whom they are satisfied. The network shall include all public mental health hospitals. To ensure unimpaired access to behavioral health care services by Medicaid recipients, all contracts issued pursuant to this paragraph must require 80 percent of the capitation paid to the managed care plan, including health maintenance organizations and capitated provider service networks, to be expended for the provision of behavioral health care services. If the managed care plan expends less than 80 percent of the capitation paid for the provision of behavioral health care services, the difference shall be returned to the agency. The agency shall provide the plan with a certification letter indicating the amount of capitation paid during each calendar year for behavioral health care services pursuant to this section. The agency may reimburse for substance abuse treatment services on a fee-for-service basis until the agency finds that adequate funds are available for capitated, prepaid arrangements.

- 1. The agency shall modify the contracts with the entities providing comprehensive inpatient and outpatient mental health care services to Medicaid recipients in Hillsborough, Highlands, Hardee, Manatee, and Polk Counties, to include substance abuse treatment services.
 - 2. Except as provided in subparagraph 5., the agency and

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the Department of Children and Families Family Services shall contract with managed care entities in each AHCA area except area 6 or arrange to provide comprehensive inpatient and outpatient mental health and substance abuse services through capitated prepaid arrangements to all Medicaid recipients who are eligible to participate in such plans under federal law and regulation. In AHCA areas where eligible individuals number less than 150,000, the agency shall contract with a single managed care plan to provide comprehensive behavioral health services to all recipients who are not enrolled in a Medicaid health maintenance organization, a provider service network authorized under paragraph (d), or a Medicaid capitated managed care plan authorized under s. 409.91211. The agency may contract with more than one comprehensive behavioral health provider to provide care to recipients who are not enrolled in a Medicaid capitated managed care plan authorized under s. 409.91211, a provider service network authorized under paragraph (d), or a Medicaid health maintenance organization in AHCA areas where the eligible population exceeds 150,000. In an AHCA area where the Medicaid managed care pilot program is authorized pursuant to s. 409.91211 in one or more counties, the agency may procure a contract with a single entity to serve the remaining counties as an AHCA area or the remaining counties may be included with an adjacent AHCA area and shall be subject to this paragraph. Contracts for comprehensive behavioral health providers awarded pursuant to this section shall be competitively procured. Both for-profit and not-for-profit corporations are eligible to compete. Managed care plans contracting with the agency under subsection (3) or paragraph (d) shall provide and receive

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payment for the same comprehensive behavioral health benefits as provided in AHCA rules, including handbooks incorporated by reference. In AHCA area 11, the agency shall contract with at least two comprehensive behavioral health care providers to provide behavioral health care to recipients in that area who are enrolled in, or assigned to, the MediPass program. One of the behavioral health care contracts must be with the existing provider service network pilot project, as described in paragraph (d), for the purpose of demonstrating the costeffectiveness of the provision of quality mental health services through a public hospital-operated managed care model. Payment shall be at an agreed-upon capitated rate to ensure cost savings. Of the recipients in area 11 who are assigned to MediPass under s. 409.9122(2)(k), a minimum of 50,000 of those MediPass-enrolled recipients shall be assigned to the existing provider service network in area 11 for their behavioral care.

- 3. Children residing in a statewide inpatient psychiatric program, or in a Department of Juvenile Justice or a Department of Children and <u>Families</u> <u>Family Services</u> residential program approved as a Medicaid behavioral health overlay services provider may not be included in a behavioral health care prepaid health plan or any other Medicaid managed care plan pursuant to this paragraph.
- 4. Traditional community mental health providers under contract with the Department of Children and <u>Families</u> <u>Family</u> Services pursuant to part IV of chapter 394, child welfare providers under contract with the Department of Children and <u>Families</u> <u>Family Services</u> in areas 1 and 6, and inpatient mental health providers licensed pursuant to chapter 395 must be

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offered an opportunity to accept or decline a contract to participate in any provider network for prepaid behavioral health services.

5. All Medicaid-eligible children, except children in area 1 and children in Highlands County, Hardee County, Polk County, or Manatee County of area 6, which that are open for child welfare services in the statewide automated child welfare information system, shall receive their behavioral health care services through a specialty prepaid plan operated by communitybased lead agencies through a single agency or formal agreements among several agencies. The agency shall work with the specialty plan to develop clinically effective, evidence-based alternatives as a downward substitution for the statewide inpatient psychiatric program and similar residential care and institutional services. The specialty prepaid plan must result in savings to the state comparable to savings achieved in other Medicaid managed care and prepaid programs. Such plan must provide mechanisms to maximize state and local revenues. The specialty prepaid plan shall be developed by the agency and the Department of Children and Families Family Services. The agency may seek federal waivers to implement this initiative. Medicaideligible children whose cases are open for child welfare services in the statewide automated child welfare information system and who reside in AHCA area 10 shall be enrolled in a capitated provider service network or other capitated managed care plan, which, in coordination with available community-based care providers specified in s. 409.987 s. 409.1671, shall provide sufficient medical, developmental, and behavioral health services to meet the needs of these children.

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Effective July 1, 2012, in order to ensure continuity of care, the agency is authorized to extend or modify current contracts based on current service areas or on a regional basis, as determined appropriate by the agency, with comprehensive behavioral health care providers as described in this paragraph during the period prior to its expiration. This paragraph expires October 1, 2014.

Section 59. Paragraph (dd) of subsection (3) of section 409.91211, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 409.91211 Medicaid managed care pilot program.-
- (3) The agency shall have the following powers, duties, and responsibilities with respect to the pilot program:
- (dd) To implement service delivery mechanisms within a specialty plan in area 10 to provide behavioral health care services to Medicaid-eligible children whose cases are open for child welfare services in the HomeSafeNet system. These services must be coordinated with community-based care providers as specified in s. $409.986 \cdot s. \cdot 409.1671$, where available, and be sufficient to meet the developmental, behavioral, and emotional needs of these children. Children in area 10 who have an open case in the HomeSafeNet system shall be enrolled into the specialty plan. These service delivery mechanisms must be implemented no later than July 1, 2011, in AHCA area 10 in order for the children in AHCA area 10 to remain exempt from the statewide plan under s. 409.912(4)(b)5. An administrative fee may be paid to the specialty plan for the coordination of services based on the receipt of the state share of that fee being provided through intergovernmental transfers.

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Section 60. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 420.628, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

420.628 Affordable housing for children and young adults leaving foster care; legislative findings and intent.—

(1)

(d) The Legislature intends that the Florida Housing Finance Corporation, agencies within the State Housing Initiative Partnership Program, local housing finance agencies, public housing authorities, and their agents, and other providers of affordable housing coordinate with the Department of Children and Families Family Services, their agents, and community-based care providers who provide services under s. 409.986 s. 409.1671 to develop and implement strategies and procedures designed to make affordable housing available whenever and wherever possible to young adults who leave the child welfare system.

Section 61. Subsection (5) of section 960.065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

960.065 Eligibility for awards.-

(5) A person is not ineligible for an award pursuant to paragraph (2)(a), paragraph (2)(b), or paragraph (2)(c) if that person is a victim of sexual exploitation of a child as defined in s. 39.01(68)(g) $\frac{39.01(67)(g)}{(67)(g)}$.

Section 62. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2014.